

SL GREEN REALTY CORP  
Form 424B3  
October 19, 2006

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Registration No. 333-137391

**RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.  
625 RECKSON PLAZA  
UNIONDALE, NEW YORK 11556  
(516) 506-6000**

October 17, 2006

Dear Reckson Stockholder:

You are cordially invited to attend a special meeting of the stockholders of Reckson Associates Realty Corp., a Maryland corporation, to be held at 1350 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York, on November 22, 2006, at 10:30 a.m. Eastern Time.

At the special meeting, you will be asked to consider and approve the merger of Reckson Associates Realty Corp., or Reckson, with and into Wyoming Acquisition Corp., a Maryland corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of SL Green Realty Corp., or SL Green. Upon consummation of the merger, each outstanding share of common stock of Reckson will be converted into the right to receive \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock without interest and less any required tax withholding. On October 17, 2006, the last practicable trading day prior to the printing of the proxy statement/prospectus that accompanies this letter, the closing price of SL Green's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange was \$119.43 per share. Based on that share price, the per share merger consideration had a value of approximately \$44.09 on October 17, 2006. We are sending you this proxy statement/prospectus to ask you to consider and vote on the approval of the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

Our Affiliate Transaction Committee, consisting of all of the independent directors, and our Board of Directors (other than Scott Rechler and Michael Maturo, who did not participate in the review and consideration of the proposed transaction) who evaluated the merger agreement and the merger and the other transactions contemplated by it and unanimously approved the merger agreement, the merger and other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement and concluded that the terms of the merger agreement, the merger and the other transactions are advisable and in the best interests of Reckson and our stockholders. **Our Affiliate Transaction Committee and Board of Directors (other than Messrs. Rechler and Maturo) unanimously recommends that you vote "FOR" approval of the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement (including the asset sale provisions).**

Under the Maryland General Corporation Law, the affirmative vote, whether in person or by proxy, of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of Reckson common stock is required to approve the merger.

The accompanying proxy statement/prospectus explains the proposed transactions and provides specific information concerning the special meeting. Please read it carefully. **In particular, you should carefully consider the discussion in the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 27.**

Whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting, we urge you to please authorize your proxy to vote your shares as soon as possible by telephone, by internet or by signing, dating and returning the enclosed proxy card in the postage-paid envelope provided, so that your vote will be recorded. Even if you authorize your proxy, you may still attend the special meeting and vote your common stock in person. Your proxy may be revoked at any time before it is voted by submitting a written revocation or a properly executed proxy bearing a later date, or by attending and voting in person at the special meeting. For stock held in "*street name*," you may revoke or change your vote by submitting instructions to your broker or nominee.

Please do not send your common stock certificates at this time. If the merger is completed, you will be sent instructions regarding the exchange of your certificates.

/s/ Scott H. Rechler

Scott H. Rechler

*Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer*

*Reckson Associates Realty Corp.*

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities to be issued under this proxy statement/prospectus or determined if this proxy statement/prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

This proxy statement/prospectus is dated October 17, 2006 and is expected to be first mailed to Reckson stockholders on or about October 19, 2006.

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**SOURCES OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

This proxy statement/prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about SL Green and Reckson that is not included or delivered with this document. This information is available without charge to SL Green and Reckson stockholders upon written or oral request. You can obtain the documents incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus by requesting them in writing or by telephone from the appropriate company at the following addresses and telephone numbers:

SL Green Realty Corp.  
420 Lexington Avenue  
New York, New York 10170  
Attn.: Andrew S. Levine, Corporate Secretary  
Telephone: (212) 594-2700

Reckson Associates Realty Corp.  
625 Reckson Plaza  
Uniondale, New York 11556  
Attn.: Jason M. Barnett, Corporate Secretary  
Telephone: (516) 506-6000

**To obtain timely delivery of requested documents prior to the special meeting of Reckson stockholders, you must request them no later than November 15, 2006, which is five business days prior to the date of the meeting.**

Also see "Where You Can Find More Information" on page 136 of this proxy statement/prospectus.

**ELECTRONIC AND TELEPHONE PROXY AUTHORIZATION**

Reckson stockholders of record on the close of business on October 13, 2006, the record date for the Reckson special meeting, may authorize their proxies to vote their shares by telephone or Internet by following the instructions on their proxy card or voting form. If you have any questions regarding how to authorize your proxy by telephone or by Internet, please call Innisfree M&A Incorporated, the firm assisting Reckson with the solicitation of proxies, toll-free at (888) 750-5834.

**RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.  
625 RECKSON PLAZA  
UNIONDALE, NEW YORK 11556**

**NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON NOVEMBER 22, 2006**

Dear Reckson Stockholder:

Notice is hereby given that Reckson Associates Realty Corp., a Maryland corporation, is holding a special meeting of its stockholders at 1350 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York, on November 22, 2006, at 10:30 a.m. Eastern Time, for the following purposes:

- (1) to consider and vote on a proposal to approve the merger of Reckson Associates Realty Corp. with and into Wyoming Acquisition Corp., a Maryland corporation and subsidiary of SL Green Realty Corp., a Maryland corporation, and to approve and adopt the other transactions contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 3, 2006, by and among SL Green Realty Corp., Wyoming Acquisition Corp., Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP, Reckson Associates Realty Corp. and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. (including the asset sale provisions); and
- (2) to consider and vote on an adjournment of the special meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve the merger.

The merger agreement, which explains the merger, is attached as Annex A to the proxy statement/prospectus accompanying this notice and has been filed as an exhibit to Reckson's quarterly report on 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006. Only stockholders of record at the close of business on October 13, 2006 will be entitled to notice of or to vote at the special meeting or any adjournment or postponement of that special meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Jason M. Barnett

*Senior Executive Vice President Corporate Initiatives, General Counsel and Secretary*

Uniondale, New York

October 16, 2006

**PLEASE VOTE YOUR SHARES PROMPTLY. INSTRUCTIONS FOR VOTING ARE ON THE ENCLOSED PROXY CARD. IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT THE MERGER PROPOSAL OR ABOUT VOTING YOUR SHARES, PLEASE CALL INNISFREE M&A INCORPORATED, TOLL-FREE AT (888) 750-5834 (BANKS AND BROKERS MAY CALL COLLECT AT (212) 750-5833).**

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	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 3, 2006, by and among SL Green Realty Corp., Wyoming Acquisition Corp., Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP, Reckson Associates Realty Corp. and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.
B.	
	Opinion of Goldman, Sachs & Co., dated August 3, 2006
C.	
	Opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC dated August 11, 2006



**SUMMARY TERM SHEET**

*This Summary Term Sheet, together with the "Questions and Answers About the Merger," summarizes the material information in this document. To understand the merger fully and for a more complete description of the legal terms of the merger, you should read carefully this entire document and the documents to which we have referred you. See "Where You Can Find More Information." Page references have been included parenthetically to direct you to a more complete description of the topics in this summary. We refer in this document to Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett, Reckson's Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Reckson's President and Chief Financial Officer and Reckson's Senior Executive Vice President - Corporate Initiatives and General Counsel, respectively, as the Management Group. In addition, when we refer to the Board of Directors of Reckson in the context of the review, consideration, approval or recommendation of the merger agreement and the merger, we are referring to the members of the Board of Directors other than Messrs. Rechler and Maturo, who did not participate in the review, consideration or approval of the merger agreement or the merger and are not making any recommendation as to whether Reckson shareholders should vote for the approval of the merger agreement.*

**The Companies**

***SL Green Realty Corp.*** (Page 35)

420 Lexington Avenue  
New York, New York 10170  
(212) 594-2700

SL Green, a Maryland corporation, is a self-administered, self-managed real estate investment trust, or REIT, that has been traded on The New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the ticker symbol "SLG" since 1997. As of June 30, 2006, SL Green's wholly-owned properties consisted of 23 commercial office properties located primarily in midtown Manhattan, a borough of New York City, or Manhattan. SL Green's portfolio also includes ownership interests in unconsolidated joint ventures, which own seven commercial office properties in Manhattan. In addition, SL Green owns certain retail and development properties and manages three office properties owned by third parties and affiliated companies.

Wyoming Acquisition Corp., a Maryland corporation, is a newly-formed subsidiary of SL Green that was formed solely for the purpose of effecting the merger. Wyoming Acquisition Corp. has not conducted and will not conduct any business prior to the merger. Wyoming Acquisition Corp.'s executive offices are located at 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10170 and its telephone number is (212) 594-2700.

***Reckson Associates Realty Corp.*** (Page 36)

625 Reckson Plaza  
Uniondale, New York 11556  
(516) 506-6000

Reckson Associates Realty Corp., a Maryland corporation, is a self-administered and self managed REIT specializing in the acquisition, leasing, financing, management and development of Class A office properties, and also owns land for future development located in the Tri-State area markets surrounding New York City. Reckson's core growth strategy is focused on properties located in New York City and the surrounding Tri-State area markets. Reckson is one of the largest publicly traded owners, managers and developers of Class A office properties in the New York Tri-State area, and wholly owns, has substantial interests in, or has under contract, a total of 101 properties comprised of

approximately 20.2 million square feet. Reckson has been traded on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "RA" since 1995.

### **The Reckson Special Meeting**

#### ***The Meeting Time and Place*** (Page 32)

The special meeting will be held on November 22, 2006, at 1350 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York, starting at 10:30 a.m., Eastern Time.

#### ***Stockholders Entitled to Vote*** (Page 32)

Holders of record of shares of Reckson common stock at the close of business on the record date of October 13, 2006 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the special meeting. On the record date, there were 83,471,930 shares of Reckson common stock outstanding, each of which will be entitled to one vote on each matter to be acted upon at the special meeting. The approval of SL Green's stockholders is not required to consummate the merger.

#### ***Stock Ownership of Directors and Executive Officers*** (Page 32)

As of the close of business on October 13, 2006, the record date for the special meeting, the directors and executive officers of Reckson (including the members of the Management Group) held and are entitled to vote, in the aggregate, 984,841 shares of Reckson common stock, representing approximately 1.2% of the outstanding shares of Reckson common stock. The directors and executive officers of Reckson have informed Reckson that they intend to vote all of their shares of Reckson common stock "FOR" the adoption of the merger agreement.

#### ***Proposals to be Considered at the Meeting*** (Page 32)

At the special meeting, Reckson stockholders will be asked to consider and vote upon:

the proposal to approve and adopt the merger agreement (including the asset sale provisions), the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement; and

any adjournment or postponement of the meeting.

#### ***Vote Required*** (Page 32)

The merger and the merger agreement require the approval of the stockholders of Reckson by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of Reckson common stock held of record as of the close of business on October 13, 2006.

### **The Merger** (Page 83)

The merger agreement provides for, among other things, the merger of Reckson with and into Wyoming Acquisition Corp. Following completion of the merger, Wyoming Acquisition Corp. will continue as the surviving entity of the merger and will continue to be a subsidiary of SL Green. The merger agreement also provides for the merger of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. and Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP, with Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. continuing as the surviving entity of this merger.

### **The Merger Agreement** (Page 83)

The merger agreement is attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex A and has been filed as an exhibit to Reckson's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006. SL

Green and Reckson encourage you to read the merger agreement as it is the legal document that governs the merger.

**What Reckson Stockholders Will Receive in the Merger** (See Page 83)

Upon completion of the merger, each share of Reckson common stock will be converted into, and cancelled in exchange for, the right to receive \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock, without interest and less any required withholding taxes.

No fractional shares of SL Green common stock will be issued in the merger. Instead of fractional shares, Reckson stockholders will receive cash, without interest, in an amount determined by multiplying the fractional interest to which such holder would otherwise be entitled by the weighted average of the per share closing prices of SL Green common stock on the NYSE, Composite Transactions Reporting System during the 10 consecutive trading days ending two days prior to the effective time of the merger.

**Adjusted Prorated Dividend** (Page 84)

Upon completion of the merger, Reckson stockholders will receive an amount in cash per share of Reckson common stock equal to the excess, if any, of the prorated amount of the last quarterly dividend per share declared by Reckson over 0.10387 multiplied by the prorated amount of the last regular quarterly dividend declared by SL Green prior to the closing date.

**Risk Factors** (Page 27)

**In evaluating the merger, you should carefully consider the "Risk Factors" beginning on page 27.**

**Reckson's Recommendation to its Stockholders** (Page 58)

The Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's board (which included all directors other than Messrs. Rechler and Maturo, who did not participate in the review and consideration of the proposed transaction) and Reckson's board voted unanimously to approve the merger agreement, the merger and the transactions contemplated under the merger agreement. Reckson's Affiliate Transaction Committee and board of directors believe that the merger is in the best interests of Reckson and its unaffiliated stockholders and recommends that Reckson stockholders vote **FOR** the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement (including the asset sale provisions).

**Position of the Management Group as to Fairness of the Transactions Contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the Merger** (Page 59)

Under a potential interpretation of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 rules governing "going private" transactions, each of Scott H. Rechler, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Reckson, Michael Maturo, President and Chief Financial Officer of Reckson, and Jason Barnett, Senior Executive Vice President-Corporate Initiatives and General Counsel of Reckson, by reason of the proposed sale by SL Green pursuant to the Sale Agreement, of certain of Reckson's properties, real property loans and other interests of Reckson to the Asset Purchasing Venture, of which Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett are members, for approximately \$2.1 billion, and the merger contemplated by the merger agreement, may be deemed to be engaged in a "going private" transaction. The assets being sold to the Asset Purchasing Venture pursuant to the Sale Agreement comprise approximately one-third of Reckson's assets. Each of Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett believes that the terms of the proposed sale of Reckson assets and the merger are substantively and procedurally fair to the unaffiliated stockholders of Reckson (excluding from consideration Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett). None of Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett undertook a formal evaluation of the fairness of the proposed sale of Reckson assets or the merger, or engaged a financial advisor for such purposes.

**Fairness Opinion Regarding Merger Consideration** (Page 61)

Goldman, Sachs & Co., referred to as Goldman Sachs, delivered its opinion to Reckson's Affiliate Transaction Committee that, as of August 3, 2006 and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 shares of SL Green common stock, referred to collectively as the merger consideration, to be received for each outstanding share of Reckson common stock, taken in the aggregate, pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to the holders of such shares.

The full text of the written opinion of Goldman Sachs, dated August 3, 2006, which sets forth assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as **Annex B**. Goldman Sachs provided its opinion for the information and assistance of the Affiliate Transaction Committee in connection with its consideration of the merger. The Goldman Sachs opinion is not a recommendation as to how any holder of Reckson common stock should vote with respect to the merger agreement. Pursuant to an engagement letter between the Affiliate Transaction Committee and Goldman Sachs, Reckson has agreed to pay Goldman Sachs a transaction fee of \$12 million, \$10 million of which is payable upon consummation of the merger.

**Fairness Opinion Regarding August 3 Letter Agreement** (Page 66)

In connection with the deliberation by the Affiliate Transaction Committee, Greenhill & Co., LLC, referred to as Greenhill, rendered its oral opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee on August 3, 2006, that, as of such date, and based upon and subject to the various considerations and assumptions described on that date, the consideration received by Reckson in the sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture was fair, from a financial point of view, to Reckson. The full text of the written opinion, dated August 11, 2006, is attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as **Annex C**. Stockholders should read this opinion carefully in its entirety for a description of the procedures followed, assumptions made, matters considered and limitations on, the review undertaken. **Greenhill's opinion is addressed to the Affiliate Transaction Committee and does not constitute a recommendation to any stockholder as to any matters relating to the merger or any other matter.** See "Special Factors Fairness Opinion Regarding August 3 Letter Agreement" beginning on page 66.

**Ownership of SL Green Following the Merger**

Based on the capitalization of Reckson and SL Green as of October 13, 2006, the record date for the special meeting, holders of outstanding Reckson common stock, options to purchase shares of Reckson common stock, shares of Reckson restricted stock, Reckson restricted stock units, Reckson LTIP units (as defined below) and common partnership units in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. will be entitled to receive as a result of the merger a total of approximately 9.04 million shares of SL Green common stock, representing approximately 19.8% of the shares of SL Green common stock outstanding following the merger on a fully-diluted basis (assuming conversion of all of the SL Green LTIP units and exercise of all currently outstanding options to purchase shares of SL Green common stock).

**Conditions to the Merger** (Page 97)

The obligations of the parties to complete the merger are subject to the following mutual conditions:

approval of the merger by the stockholders of Reckson and approval of the partnership merger by the limited partners of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.;

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absence of any temporary restraining order, preliminary or permanent injunction or other order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or other legal restraint or prohibition preventing the completion of the merger, the partnership merger or any of the other transactions or agreements contemplated by the merger agreement;

effectiveness of this proxy statement/prospectus; and

approval for listing on the NYSE of the shares of common stock of SL Green to be issued in the mergers, subject to official notice of issuance.

The obligations of SL Green to complete the merger are further conditioned on:

the accuracy of Reckson's and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.'s representations and warranties (subject to the materiality standard in the merger agreement);

performance in all material respects of Reckson's and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.'s covenants and agreements under the merger agreement at or prior to the effective time of the mergers;

there having occurred no Reckson material adverse effect since December 31, 2005;

delivery to Wyoming Acquisition Corp of certificates signed on Reckson's behalf by an executive officer of Reckson as to the satisfaction of the above three conditions; and

delivery to Reckson of a tax opinion of Solomon and Weinberg LLP (or other counsel to Reckson satisfactory to Wyoming Acquisition Corp.), dated as of the closing date of the merger, opining that, commencing with Reckson's taxable year ended December 31, 2000, Reckson has been organized and operated in conformity with the requirements for qualification as a REIT, under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code.

The obligations of Reckson to complete the merger are further conditioned on:

the accuracy of the SL Green's, Wyoming Acquisition Corp.'s, Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC's and Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP's (referred to collectively as the purchaser parties) representations and warranties (subject to the materiality standard in the merger agreement);

performance in all material respects of the covenants and agreements of SL Green and the other purchaser parties under the merger agreement at or prior to the effective time of the merger;

there having occurred no SL Green material adverse effect since December 31, 2005;

delivery to Reckson of certificates signed on behalf of SL Green by an executive officer as to the satisfaction of the above three conditions; and

delivery to SL Green of a tax opinion of Solomon and Weinberg LLP (or other counsel to SL Green satisfactory to Reckson), dated as of the closing date of the merger, opining that, commencing with SL Green's taxable year ended December 31, 2000, SL Green has been organized and operated in conformity with the requirements for qualification as a REIT under the Code and the proposed method of operation of SL Green will enable SL Green to continue to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the Code.

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In connection with the merger, all outstanding options to purchase Reckson common stock will be canceled and converted into the right to receive, in the combination of cash and common stock of SL Green contemplated by the merger consideration, an amount equal to the product of (1) the number of shares of common stock of Reckson such holder could have purchased under such option plan had such holder exercised such option in full immediately prior to the effective time of the merger and (2) the excess, if any, of the merger consideration over the exercise price per share or unit of such

option; *provided*, that the aggregate exercise price of a holder's options and any applicable withholding tax payable in connection with the payment and cancellation of such options will first be applied to reduce the cash consideration component of the merger consideration otherwise payable to such holder and, to the extent such aggregate exercise price and withholding tax exceeds the aggregate cash consideration component of the merger consideration otherwise payable to such holder, the excess of such aggregate exercise price and withholding tax over the aggregate cash consideration payable to such holder will be applied to reduce the stock consideration component of the merger consideration otherwise payable to such holder based on the weighted average of the per share closing prices of SL Green's common stock on the NYSE Composite Transaction Reporting System during the 10 consecutive trading days ending two days prior to the effective time of the merger.

Immediately prior to the effective time of the merger, any restrictions with respect to outstanding restricted shares of common stock of Reckson awarded under Reckson's stock option plans will terminate or lapse. At the effective time of the merger, such shares of common stock of Reckson and any accrued stock dividends thereon will be automatically converted into the right to receive the merger consideration. At the effective time of the merger, each restricted stock unit or other similar equity based award (other than the options described above), and any accrued dividends thereon, issued under Reckson's stock option plans, whether vested or unvested, which is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the merger will cease to represent a right or award with respect to shares of common stock of Reckson and will be cancelled. The holder of any such restricted stock unit will be paid on the closing date an aggregate amount of cash and shares of SL Green's common stock as the holder would have been entitled to receive had such restricted stock unit (and any accrued stock dividends thereon) been vested in full and had been settled in full immediately before the effective time of the merger. Reckson will pay all cash dividends accrued on such restricted stock units to the holders thereof at the effective time of the merger.

#### **Termination (Page 98)**

The merger agreement may be terminated prior to the effective time of the merger, whether before or after the required stockholder approval for the merger is obtained:

by mutual written consent of Reckson and SL Green;

by either Reckson or Wyoming Acquisition Corp., if the merger shall not have occurred on or prior to January 30, 2007; *provided, however*, that a party that has materially failed to comply with any obligation of such party set forth in the merger agreement will not be entitled to exercise its right to terminate;

by Reckson, upon a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of the purchaser parties set forth in the merger agreement, or if any representation or warranty of the purchaser parties becomes untrue, in either case such that the related conditions to the obligations of Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. to close the mergers would be incapable of being satisfied by January 30, 2007;

by SL Green, upon a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of Reckson or Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. set forth in the merger agreement, or if any representation or warranty of Reckson shall have become untrue, in either case such that the related conditions described above in " Conditions to the Merger" would be incapable of being satisfied by January 30, 2007;

by either Reckson or SL Green, if any judgment, injunction, order, decree or action by any governmental entity of competent authority preventing the completion of the merger and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement becomes final and nonappealable;

by either Reckson or SL Green, if Reckson's stockholders fail to approve the merger as contemplated by the merger agreement;

by Reckson prior to obtaining stockholder approval of the merger, if at least three business days prior to such termination, Reckson has delivered a notice to Wyoming Acquisition Corp. that a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson constitutes a superior competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson; *provided*, that for the termination to be effective Reckson shall have paid the break-up fee discussed below; or

by SL Green, if (1) Reckson's board of directors or the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's board of directors withdraws, qualifies or modifies in a manner adverse to SL Green, or fails to make when required, its recommendation to approve the merger or recommends that Reckson's stockholders approve or accept a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson, or if Reckson notifies Wyoming Acquisition Corp. that a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson constitutes a superior competing transaction or publicly announces a decision to take any such action, or (2) Reckson knowingly and materially breaches its obligation to call or hold the stockholder meeting of Reckson or to cause the proxy statement to be mailed to its stockholders in advance of such stockholder meeting.

**Break-Up Fee and Expenses (Page 99)**

Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. agreed to pay Wyoming Acquisition Corp. a break-up fee of \$99,800,000:

if the merger agreement is terminated after Reckson's stockholders fail to approve the merger agreement and after the date of the merger agreement but prior to such termination, a person has made a bona fide written proposal relating to a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson which has been publicly announced prior to the stockholder meeting of Reckson, and within twelve months of any such termination Reckson shall consummate a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson or enter into a written agreement with respect to a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson that is ultimately consummated with any person, promptly after consummating such competing transaction;

if (1) the Reckson board of directors or the Affiliate Transaction Committee withdraws, qualifies or modifies in a manner adverse to SL Green, or fails to make when required, its recommendation of the merger agreement and the merger or recommends that the Reckson stockholders approve or accept a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson, or if Reckson notifies Wyoming Acquisition Corp. that a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson constitutes a superior competing transaction or publicly announces a decision to take any such action, or (2) Reckson knowingly and materially breaches its obligation under the merger agreement to call or hold the Reckson stockholder meeting or to cause this proxy statement/prospectus to be mailed to the Reckson stockholders in advance of the Reckson stockholder meeting, within five business days after such termination; or

if Reckson exercises its superior competing transaction termination right, such fee to be paid simultaneously with the termination of the merger agreement.

Reckson also agreed to pay to Wyoming Acquisition Corp. break-up expenses in an amount equal to SL Green's and the other purchaser parties' documented out of pocket, third-party expenses incurred from and after July 13, 2006 in connection with the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, but in no event more than \$13,000,000:

if the merger agreement is terminated after Reckson's stockholders failed to approve the merger agreement;

following a material breach by Reckson of any of its representations and warranties if the result of such breach is to cause the related closing condition to fail to be satisfied; or



following a material breach by Reckson of any of its covenants if the result of such breach is to cause the related closing condition to fail to be satisfied.

**Interests of Directors and Executive Officers of Reckson in the Merger** (Page 77)

Some of the members of Reckson's management (two of whom are also directors) and the non-employee directors of its boards of directors have interests in the merger that are in addition to, or different from the interests of Reckson stockholders generally. Scott Rechler, Michael Maturo and Jason Barnett have existing agreements with Reckson that provide for severance and other benefits in connection with a termination of employment following the expected change in control of Reckson during the terms of such agreements. The terms of the merger agreement and/or some of Reckson's compensation plans provide for the payment or accelerated vesting or distribution of equity awards and other rights or benefits thereunder upon a change in control of Reckson. Pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement, SL Green has agreed to indemnify the executive officers and directors of Reckson in connection with claims arising from matters existing or occurring prior to the completion of the merger so long as the merger is consummated.

In addition, SL Green and New Venture MRE, LLC, an entity of which Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett and Marathon Asset Management, LLC ("Marathon") are members, referred to as the Asset Purchasing Venture, entered into an agreement pursuant to which SL Green has agreed to sell certain of Reckson's properties, real property loans and other interests of Reckson to the Asset Purchasing Venture for approximately \$2.1 billion.

In the event the merger agreement and the Sale Agreement are terminated and SL Green receives (1) the break-up fee described above, SL Green has agreed to pay to the Asset Purchasing Venture up to the lesser of (x) \$8,000,000 and (y) 7.2% of the actual break-up fee received by SL Green or (2) the break-up expenses described above, SL Green has agreed to pay to the Asset Purchasing Venture up to \$1,000,000, provided that this maximum amount is reduced on a pro-rata basis if the break-up expenses SL Green receives from Reckson are less than \$13,000,000, in either case, as reimbursement for the Asset Purchasing Venture's actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the Sale Agreement. Any direct or indirect payment of any portion of the break-up fee to any members of management is subject to the approval of the Affiliate Transaction Committee.

The Reckson board of directors was aware of these interests and considered them, among other matters, in approving the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

**Accounting Treatment** (Page 74)

The merger will be accounted for under the purchase method for accounting and financial reporting purposes.

**Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger** (Page 102)

The receipt of the merger consideration for Reckson common stock pursuant to the merger will be a taxable transaction for United States federal income tax purposes. Generally, a Reckson stockholder will recognize gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes measured by the difference, if any, between (1) the fair market value of the SL Green common stock received as of the effective date of the merger and the amount of cash received and (2) the Reckson stockholder's adjusted tax basis in the Reckson common stock exchanged for the merger consideration.

You should read "Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger" beginning on page 102 for a more complete discussion of the United States federal income tax consequences of the merger. Tax matters can be complicated and the tax consequences of the merger to you will depend on your particular

circumstances. **Please consult your tax advisor to determine the tax consequences to you (including the application and effect of any state, local or non-U.S. income and other tax laws) of the merger.**

**Regulatory Matters** (Page 74)

Neither SL Green nor Reckson is aware of any material United States federal or state regulatory approvals, which must be obtained in connection with the merger.

**Appraisal or Dissenters' Rights** (Page 75)

Maryland law does not provide any appraisal rights or dissenters' rights for SL Green or Reckson stockholders in connection with the merger.

**Litigation Related to the Merger** (Page 75)

As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, Reckson and SL Green are aware of six purported class action lawsuits that have been filed in connection with the merger against Reckson and its directors and, with respect to three of the lawsuits, SL Green. Among other things, the lawsuits seek to enjoin the completion of the merger.

While these cases are in their early stages, Reckson and SL Green believe that they are without merit. The parties intend to contest the lawsuits vigorously.

**The Rights of Reckson Stockholders Will Change** (Page 118)

The rights of Reckson stockholders are determined by Maryland law and by Reckson's charter and bylaws. When the merger is completed, Reckson stockholders will become stockholders of SL Green. The rights of SL Green stockholders are determined by Maryland law and SL Green's charter and bylaws. As a result of these different organizational documents, Reckson stockholders will have different rights as SL Green stockholders than they currently have as Reckson stockholders.

**Selected Summary Historical and Selected Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Data**

SL Green and Reckson are providing the following information to aid you in your analysis of the financial aspects of the merger. SL Green and Reckson derived this information from the audited consolidated financial statements of each of SL Green and Reckson for the years 2001 through 2005 and the unaudited consolidated financial statements of each of SL Green and Reckson as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. This information is only a summary and you should read it in conjunction with the historical and unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in the annual reports, quarterly reports and other information regarding SL Green and Reckson filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference or included in this proxy statement/prospectus. See "Where You Can Find More Information."

**Selected Historical Financial Data of SL Green**

SL Green's historical consolidated financial data for the annual periods presented below has been derived from its audited consolidated financial statements previously filed with the SEC. The selected historical consolidated financial data for SL Green as of and for the periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are unaudited and were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applied to interim financial information. In the opinion of SL Green's management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of results of operations for these interim periods have been included. These adjustments consist only of normal recurring accruals. Because of seasonal and other factors, results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. This information is only a summary and you should read it together with SL Green's historical financial statements and related notes contained in the annual reports, quarterly

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reports and other information that SL Green has filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference. See "Where You Can Find More Information."

**SL GREEN REALTY CORP.**  
**SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA**  
*(In thousands, except per share data)*

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005	Year Ended December 31,				
			2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
<b>Operating Data:</b>							
Total revenue	\$ 254,111	\$ 198,455	\$ 424,189	\$ 329,005	\$ 266,160	\$ 196,967	\$ 202,920
Operating expenses	58,738	45,312	99,465	80,092	68,167	44,740	44,093
Real estate taxes	37,513	28,915	58,036	45,632	37,602	22,812	23,588
Ground rent	9,842	9,253	19,250	15,831	13,214	12,289	12,231
Interest	41,751	36,674	77,353	61,636	44,404	34,321	42,682
Amortization of deferred finance costs	1,956	1,700	4,461	3,275	3,844	3,427	3,595
Depreciation and amortization	34,204	28,016	58,649	46,206	36,135	27,512	26,519
Marketing, general and administration	26,243	18,832	44,215	30,279	17,131	13,282	15,374
Total expenses	210,247	168,702	361,429	282,951	220,497	158,383	168,082
Income from continuing operations before items	43,864	29,753	62,760	46,054	45,663	38,584	34,838
Equity in net (loss) income from affiliates					(196)	292	(1,054)
Equity in net income of unconsolidated joint ventures	20,564	25,393	49,349	44,037	14,871	18,383	8,607
Income from continuing operations before minority interest and gain on sales	64,428	55,146	112,109	90,091	60,338	57,259	42,391
Minority interest	(4,599)	(2,789)	(6,620)	(5,320)	(3,637)	(3,266)	(2,918)
Income before gains on sale and cumulative effect of accounting change	59,829	52,357	105,489	84,771	56,701	53,993	39,473
Gain on sale of properties/preferred investments			11,550	22,012	3,087		4,956
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle							(532)
Income from continuing operations	59,829	52,357	117,039	106,783	59,788	53,993	43,897
Discontinued operations (net of minority interest)	2,901	36,960	40,380	102,647	38,370	20,338	19,104
Net income	62,730	89,317	157,419	209,430	98,158	74,331	63,001
Preferred dividends and accretion	(9,938)	(9,938)	(19,875)	(16,258)	(7,712)	(9,690)	(9,658)
Income available to common stockholders	\$ 52,792	\$ 79,379	\$ 137,544	\$ 193,172	\$ 90,446	\$ 64,641	\$ 53,343
Net income per common share - Basic	\$ 1.23	\$ 1.91	\$ 3.29	\$ 4.93	\$ 2.80	\$ 2.14	\$ 1.98
Net income per common share - Diluted	\$ 1.19	\$ 1.85	\$ 3.20	\$ 4.75	\$ 2.66	\$ 2.09	\$ 1.94
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 1.20	\$ 1.08	\$ 2.22	\$ 2.04	\$ 1.895	\$ 1.7925	\$ 1.605
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	43,026	41,547	41,793	39,171	32,266	30,236	26,993

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	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005					
Diluted weighted average common shares and common share equivalents outstanding	46,775	45,313	45,504	43,078	38,970	37,786	29,808

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	As of June 30,		As of December 31,				
	2006	2005	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
<b>Balance Sheet Data:</b>							
Commercial real estate, before accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,495,978	\$ 2,049,820	\$ 2,222,922	\$ 1,756,104	\$ 1,346,431	\$ 975,776	\$ 984,375
Total assets	3,691,952	3,154,845	3,309,777	2,751,881	2,261,841	1,473,170	1,371,577
Mortgage notes payable, revolving credit facilities, term loans and trust preferred securities	1,758,644	1,493,753	1,542,252	1,150,376	1,119,449	541,503	504,831
Minority interests	104,662	76,785	99,061	75,064	54,791	44,718	46,430
Preferred Income Equity Redeemable Shares <sup>SM</sup>						111,721	111,231
Stockholders' equity	1,496,504	1,409,236	1,459,441	1,347,880	950,782	626,645	612,908
	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>				
	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2001</b>
<b>Other Data:</b>							
Funds from operations available to common stockholders(1)	\$ 107,552	\$ 90,933	\$ 189,513	\$ 162,377	\$ 128,780	\$ 116,230	\$ 94,416
Funds from operations available to all stockholders(1)	107,552	90,933	189,513	162,377	135,473	125,430	103,616
Net cash provided by operating activities	103,076	75,275	138,398	164,458	96,121	116,694	83,631
Net cash used in investment activities	(250,101)	(410,568)	(465,674)	(269,045)	(509,240)	(67,074)	(423,104)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	137,105	301,476	315,585	101,836	393,645	(4,793)	341,873

(1) Funds From Operations, or FFO, is a widely recognized measure of REIT performance. SL Green computes FFO in accordance with standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, or NAREIT, which may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not compute FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition, or that interpret the NAREIT definition differently than SL Green does. The revised White Paper on FFO approved by the Board of Governors of NAREIT in April 2002 defines FFO as net income (loss) (computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from debt restructuring and sales of properties, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. SL Green presents FFO because SL Green considers it an important supplemental measure of its operating performance and believes that it is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of REITs, particularly those that own and operate commercial office properties. SL Green also uses FFO as one of several criteria to determine performance-based bonuses for members of its senior management. FFO is intended to exclude GAAP historical cost depreciation and amortization of real estate and related assets, which assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes ratably over time. Historically, however, real estate values have risen or fallen with market conditions. Because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization unique to real estate, gains and losses from property dispositions and extraordinary items, it provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, reflects the impact to operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, operating costs, interest costs, providing perspective not immediately apparent from net income. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP), as an indication of SL Green's financial performance or to cash flow from operating activities (determined in accordance with GAAP) as a measure of SL Green's liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund SL Green's cash needs, including its ability to make cash distributions.

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The following table presents SL Green's reconciliation of net income (loss) allocable to common stockholders, the GAAP measure SL Green believes to be the most directly comparable to FFO.

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,				
	2006	2005	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ 52,792	\$ 79,379	\$ 137,544	\$ 193,172	\$ 90,447	\$ 64,641	\$ 53,343
Add:							
Depreciation and amortization	34,204	28,016	58,649	46,206	36,135	27,512	26,519
Minority interest	4,599	2,789	6,620	5,320	3,637	3,266	2,918
FFO from discontinued operations	3,773	4,346	9,002	19,226	26,229	30,468	28,919
FFO adjustment for unconsolidated joint ventures	15,593	13,733	30,412	23,817	13,982	11,026	6,577
Accretion of convertible preferred shares					394	490	457
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle							532
Less:							
Income/gain on sale from discontinued operations	(2,901)	(36,960)	(40,380)	(102,647)	(38,370)	(20,338)	(19,104)
Gain on sale of joint venture property			(11,550)	(22,012)	(3,087)		(4,956)
Depreciation on non-rental real estate assets	(508)	(370)	(784)	(705)	(587)	(835)	(789)
<b>Funds From Operations available to common stockholders</b>	<b>107,552</b>	<b>90,933</b>	<b>189,513</b>	<b>162,377</b>	<b>128,780</b>	<b>116,230</b>	<b>94,416</b>
Dividends on convertible preferred shares					6,693	9,200	9,200
<b>Funds From Operations available to all stockholders</b>	<b>\$ 107,552</b>	<b>\$ 90,933</b>	<b>\$ 189,513</b>	<b>\$ 162,377</b>	<b>\$ 135,473</b>	<b>\$ 125,430</b>	<b>\$ 103,616</b>

### Selected Historical Financial Data of Reckson

Reckson's historical consolidated financial data for the annual periods presented below has been derived from its audited consolidated financial statements previously filed with the SEC. The selected historical consolidated financial data for Reckson as of and for the periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are unaudited and were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied to interim financial information. In the opinion of Reckson's management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of results of operations for these interim periods have been included. These adjustments consist only of normal recurring accruals. Because of seasonal and other factors, results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. This information is only a summary and you should read it together with Reckson's historical consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in the annual reports, quarterly reports and other information that Reckson has filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference. See "Where You Can Find More Information."

## RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

*(In thousands, except per share data and property count)*

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,				
	2006	2005	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
<b>Statements of Income Data:</b>							
<b>Operating Data:</b>							
Total revenues	\$ 308,370	\$ 272,474	\$ 572,053	\$ 512,424	\$ 434,866	\$ 420,535	\$ 429,632
Total expenses	268,248	232,714	516,732	440,506	387,501	350,628	332,152
Income before minority interests, preferred dividends and distributions, valuation reserves, equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies, gains in sale of real estate and discontinued operations	40,122	39,760	55,321	71,918	47,365	69,907	97,480
Minority interests	10,188	8,945	20,013	19,821	17,840	20,887	6,232
Preferred dividends and distributions				12,777	22,360	23,123	23,977
Redemption charges on Series A preferred stock				15,812			
Valuation reserves on investment in affiliate loans and joint ventures and other investments							166,101
Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies	2,211	234	1,371	603	30	1,113	2,087
Gains on sales of real estate	35,393		92,130			537	20,173
Discontinued operations (net of minority interests):							
Income from discontinued operations	819	3,896	7,373	6,493	19,288	22,719	18,703
Gains on sale of real estate	9,286	175	61,459	11,776	115,771	4,267	
Net income (loss) allocable to common stockholders	77,643	35,120	197,641	42,380	124,966	41,604	(44,243)
Net income (loss) allocable to Class B common stockholders					17,288	12,929	(13,624)
<b>Per Share Data Common Stockholders:</b>							
Basic:							
Common	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.41	\$ (1.50)
Gains on sales of real estate	0.41		1.08			.01	0.29
Discontinued operations	0.12	0.05	0.84	0.27	2.45	0.42	0.29
Basic net income (loss) common	\$ 0.93	\$ 0.43	\$ 2.41	\$ 0.62	\$ 2.55	\$ 0.84	\$ (0.92)
Weighted average shares outstanding							
Cash dividends declared	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.85	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.66
Diluted:							
Common	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.41	\$ (1.50)
Gains on sales of real estate	0.41		1.08			0.01	0.29
Discontinued operations	0.12	0.05	0.83	0.26	2.44	0.41	0.29
Diluted net income (loss) common	\$ 0.93	\$ 0.43	\$ 2.40	\$ 0.61	\$ 2.54	\$ 0.83	\$ (0.92)

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	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,				
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	83,647	81,908	82,515	69,235	49,262	49,968	48,121
<b>Per Share Data Class B Common Stockholders(1):</b>							
Basic:							
Common	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.64	\$ (2.18)
Gains on sales of real estate						0.01	0.42
Discontinued operations					1.64	0.63	0.44
Basic net income (loss) common	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1.94	\$ 1.28	\$ (1.32)
Weighted average shares outstanding					8,910	10,122	10,284
Cash dividends declared	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2.12	\$ 2.59	\$ 2.55



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<b>Diluted:</b>														
Common	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	0.29	\$	0.81	\$	(2.18)				
Gains on sales of real estate										0.42				
Discontinued operations						1.61		0.09		0.44				
<hr/>														
Diluted net income (loss) common	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	1.90	\$	0.90	\$	(1.32)				
<hr/>														
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding						8,910		10,122		10,284				
<b>Balance Sheet Data (period end):</b>														
Commercial real estate properties, before accumulated depreciation(1)	\$	3,579,638	\$	2,916,609	\$	3,476,415	\$	2,759,972	\$	2,258,805	\$	214,125	\$	2,112,657
Cash and cash equivalents		32,103		23,672		17,468		25,137		22,831		30,827		121,975
Total assets		3,712,556		3,813,164		3,811,206		3,167,608		2,746,995		2,907,920		2,994,218
Mortgage notes payable(1)		464,110		582,354		541,380		576,719		641,718		652,681		662,453
Unsecured credit facility		92,000		128,000		419,000		235,500		169,000		267,000		271,600
Unsecured bridge facility				470,000										
Senior unsecured notes		1,254,932		979,857		980,085		697,974		499,445		499,305		449,463
<b>Other Data:</b>														
Funds from operations (basic)(2)	\$	101,972	\$	96,176	\$	175,244	\$	144,990	\$	134,889	\$	158,420	\$	176,789
Funds from operations (diluted)(2)	\$	101,972	\$	96,176	\$	175,244	\$	145,580	\$	135,982	\$	181,543	\$	203,390
Total square feet (at end of period)(3)		20,190		17,680		20,337		15,922		14,733		20,284		20,611
Number of properties (at end of period)(3)		101		90		103		87		89		178		182

(1) Excludes book value of real estate properties, before accumulated depreciation and mortgage notes payable related to properties classified as held for sale.

(2) FFO is defined by the NAREIT as net income or loss, excluding gains or losses from sale of depreciable properties plus real estate depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnership and joint ventures. Reckson presents FFO because Reckson considers it an important supplemental measure of its operating performance and believes it is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of REITs, many of which present FFO when reporting their results. FFO is intended to exclude GAAP historical cost depreciation and amortization or real estate and related assets, which assumes that the value of real estate diminishes ratably over time. Historically, however, real estate values have risen or fallen with market conditions. As a result, FFO provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, reflects the impact to operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental assets, operating costs, development activities, interest costs and other matters without the inclusion of depreciation and amortization, providing perspective that may not necessarily be apparent from net income. Reckson computes FFO in accordance with the standards established by NAREIT. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of Reckson's operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow as measure of liquidity. Since all companies and analysts do not calculate FFO in a similar fashion, Reckson's calculation of FFO presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures as reported by other companies.

(3)

Excluding properties under development and 800 North Magnolia Avenue, a 354,000 square foot office building located in Orlando, Florida. This property was sold on March 7, 2006.

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The following table presents Reckson's reconciliation of net income (loss) allocable to common stockholders, the GAAP measure Reckson believes to be the most directly comparable to FFO.

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,				
	2006	2005	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Net income (loss) allocable to common stockholders(1)	\$ 77,643	\$ 35,120	\$ 197,641	\$ 42,380	\$ 142,254	\$ 54,533	\$ (57,867)
Adjustments for Funds From Operations:							
Add:							
Limited partners' minority interest in Reckson's Operating Partnership	1,931	1,267	5,451	2,303	14,110	6,680	
Real estate depreciation and amortization	65,656	57,488	121,649	107,945	101,435	96,909	100,967
Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships	14,616	13,503	27,763	30,427	30,477	30,727	15,975
Valuation reserves on investments in affiliate loans and joint ventures							163,000
Less:							
Gains on sales of depreciable real estate	44,669		154,216	11,322	126,789	5,433	20,173
Amounts distributable to minority partners in consolidated partnerships	13,205	11,202	23,044	26,743	26,598	24,996	19,083
Limited partners' minority interest in Reckson's Operating Partnership							6,030
Basic Funds From Operations	101,972	96,176	175,244	144,990	134,889	158,420	176,789
Add dividends and distributions on dilutive shares and units				590	1,093	23,123	26,601
Diluted Funds From Operations	\$ 101,972	\$ 96,176	\$ 175,244	\$ 145,580	\$ 135,982	\$ 181,543	\$ 203,390

(1) Net income for years ended December 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 is an aggregate of the net income available to Class A and Class B common stockholders.

### Summary Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

In the table below, SL Green presents pro forma consolidated balance sheet information for SL Green and Reckson as of June 30, 2006, as if the merger and the sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture as described herein had been completed on June 30, 2006. SL Green also presents pro forma consolidated statement of income information for SL Green and Reckson for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 and the six months ended June 30, 2006, as if the merger and the sale of assets had been completed on January 1, 2005. The merger will be, and has been for purposes of the pro forma information, accounted for under the purchase method of accounting in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations."

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The total purchase price is increased by intangible liabilities for the value attributable to the assumed mortgage debt premiums, senior note premiums and below market leases. The purchase price is determined as follows (in millions, except per share data):

Outstanding shares of Reckson common stock (including the assumed exchange of certain partnership units in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. and the exercise of certain options prior to the merger)	87.036
<hr/>	
Cash consideration (\$31.68 per share)(1)	\$ 2,729.1
Common stock consideration (\$11.63 per share)	1,012.2
Estimated merger costs (see below)	212.8
<hr/>	
Total consideration	3,954.1
Assumption of Reckson's liabilities, including unsecured notes	2,159.0
Minority interest in consolidated debt	(136.0)
<hr/>	
Total purchase price	\$ 5,977.1
<hr/>	
Total merger costs are estimated as follows:	
Legal, accounting and other fees and costs	\$ 23.0
Financial advisory fees	36.0
Debt assumption fees, insurance, financing and other costs	78.1
Payment of LTIP and payments relating to non-cash compensation	19.5
Employee and executive termination, severance and other related costs	56.2
<hr/>	
Total merger costs	\$ 212.8
<hr/>	

(1) Gives effect to the approximately \$28.2 million aggregate exercise price of outstanding options.

	SL Green Pro Forma Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	SL Green Pro Forma Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2005
	<hr/>	
	(In thousands, except per share data and ratios)	
<b>Statement of Income:</b>		
Revenue	\$ 467,662	\$ 839,067
Income from continuing operations available to common stockholders	24,558	50,317
Income from continuing operations available to common stockholders per share basic	0.45	0.72
Income from continuing operations available to common stockholders per share diluted	0.44	0.71
<b>Balance Sheet Data (At End of Period)</b>		
Real estate properties, net	\$ 6,300,559	
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	731,175	
Structured finance investments	704,789	
Tenant and other receivables, net	63,580	

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	SL Green Pro Forma Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	SL Green Pro Forma Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2005
Total assets	8,294,603	
Mortgage notes payable	1,628,620	
Revolving credit facility		
Senior unsecured notes	1,254,932	
Term loans	1,379,499	
Junior subordinate deferrable debentures held by trust	100,000	
Minority interests	545,648	
Total stockholders' equity	2,878,190	

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SL Green Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	SL Green Pro Forma Six Months Ended June 30, 2006
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(In thousands, except per share data and ratios)

**Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends**

**Data (At End of Period) Earnings**

Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 43,864	\$ 22,365
Add: JV cash distributions	58,457	58,457
Interest	40,978	133,367
Portion of rent expense representative of interest	8,966	14,061
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total earnings	\$ 152,265	\$ 228,250
	<hr/>	<hr/>

**Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends**

Interest	\$ 40,978	\$ 133,367
Preferred stock dividends	9,938	9,938
Interest capitalized	(17)	(17)
Portion of rent expense representative of interest	8,966	14,061
Amortization of loan costs expensed	1,956	4,141
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends	\$ 61,821	\$ 161,490
	<hr/>	<hr/>

**Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends**

2.46                      1.41

**It is important to remember that this information is hypothetical, and does not necessarily reflect the financial performance that would have actually resulted if the merger had been completed on those dates. Furthermore, this information does not necessarily reflect future financial performance if the merger actually occurs.**

See "SL Green Realty Corp. Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" attached to this proxy statement/prospectus for a more detailed explanation of this analysis.

**Comparative Per Share Data**

Set forth below are net income, book value and cash dividends per share data for SL Green and Reckson on a historical basis, for SL Green and Reckson on a pro forma basis and on a pro forma basis per Reckson equivalent share.

The pro forma data was derived by combining the historical consolidated financial information of SL Green and Reckson using purchase accounting.

You should read the information below together with the historical financial statements and related notes contained in the annual reports and other information that SL Green and Reckson have filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference. See "Where You Can Find More Information." The unaudited pro forma combined data below is for illustrative purposes only. The companies might have performed differently had they always been combined. You should not rely on this information as being

indicative of the historical results that would have been achieved had the companies always been combined or the future results that the combined company will experience after the merger.

	<b>SL Green Historical Data</b>	<b>Reckson Historical Data</b>	<b>SL Green Pro Forma Combined Data</b>
<b>Income per share from continuing operations available to common stockholders basic</b>			
Year ended December 31, 2005	\$ 2.04	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.72
Six months ended June 30, 2006	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.45
<b>Income per share from continuing operations available to common stockholders dilutive</b>			
Year ended December 31, 2005	\$ 2.01	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.71
Six months ended June 30, 2006	\$ 1.12	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.44
<b>Book value per share of common stock</b>			
As of December 31, 2005	\$ 28.53	\$ 15.67	N/A
As of June 30, 2006	\$ 28.88	\$ 15.77	\$ 48.02
<b>Cash dividends per share of common stock</b>			
Year ended December 31, 2005	\$ 2.22	\$ 1.70	\$ 2.22
Six months ended June 30, 2006	\$ 1.20	\$ 0.85	\$ 1.20

#### Comparative Per Share Market Price And Dividend Information

At the close of business on October 13, 2006, the record date for the special meeting, there were approximately 110 holders of record of SL Green common stock and 516 holders of record of Reckson common stock.

#### Market Prices and Dividends

SL Green common stock is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "SLG." The following table sets forth the high and low closing prices per share of SL Green common stock as reported by the NYSE, based on published financial sources for the quarterly periods indicated, which correspond to the quarterly fiscal periods for financial reporting purposes.

	<b>SL Green Common Stock</b>		
	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Declared Dividend</b>
<b>2004:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 47.78	\$ 41.12	\$ 0.50
Second Quarter	\$ 48.20	\$ 40.24	\$ 0.50
Third Quarter	\$ 51.81	\$ 47.19	\$ 0.50
Fourth Quarter	\$ 60.55	\$ 52.30	\$ 0.54
<b>2005:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 59.74	\$ 52.70	\$ 0.54
Second Quarter	\$ 66.05	\$ 55.38	\$ 0.54
Third Quarter	\$ 70.10	\$ 64.76	\$ 0.54
Fourth Quarter	\$ 77.14	\$ 63.80	\$ 0.60
<b>2006:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 103.09	\$ 77.70	\$ 0.60
Second Quarter	\$ 109.47	\$ 95.31	\$ 0.60
Third Quarter	\$ 116.98	\$ 106.50	\$ 0.60
Fourth Quarter (as of October 17, 2006)	\$ 120.68	\$ 112.37	N/A

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Reckson common stock is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "RA." The following table sets forth the quarterly high and low intra-day prices per share of Reckson common stock as reported on the NYSE and the distributions paid by Reckson for each respective quarter ended.

	<b>Reckson Common Stock</b>		
	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Distribution</b>
<b>2004:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 28.15	\$ 23.70	\$ 0.4246
Second Quarter	\$ 28.68	\$ 22.59	\$ 0.4246
Third Quarter	\$ 29.77	\$ 27.10	\$ 0.4246
Fourth Quarter	\$ 34.34	\$ 28.56	\$ 0.4246
<b>2005:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 33.17	\$ 29.65	\$ 0.4246
Second Quarter	\$ 33.56	\$ 29.80	\$ 0.4246
Third Quarter	\$ 35.25	\$ 32.25	\$ 0.4246
Fourth Quarter	\$ 37.83	\$ 31.30	\$ 0.4246
<b>2006:</b>			
First Quarter	\$ 46.37	\$ 35.90	\$ 0.4246
Second Quarter	\$ 45.39	\$ 37.25	\$ 0.4246
Third Quarter	\$ 44.95	\$ 40.68	\$ 0.4246
Fourth Quarter (as of October 17, 2006)	\$ 43.89	\$ 42.60	N/A

The following table sets forth the closing sale prices per share of Reckson common stock as reported on the NYSE on July 12, 2006, the last trading day prior to first published rumors of a potential transaction involving Reckson, on August 2, 2006, the last trading day before SL Green and Reckson announced the transaction, and on October 17, 2006, the most recent practicable trading day before the date on which this proxy statement/prospectus was mailed to Reckson stockholders.

<b>Date</b>	<b>Reckson Common Stock Price Per Share</b>
July 12, 2006	\$ 41.86
August 2, 2006	\$ 43.95
October 17, 2006	\$ 43.64

Reckson is restricted by the terms of the merger agreement from paying dividends other than regular, cash distributions at a rate not in excess of \$0.4246 per share of Reckson common stock and certain dividends required for Reckson to maintain its REIT status and to eliminate U.S. Federal income tax liability. Reckson has not repurchased any shares of Reckson common stock under its common stock repurchase program during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006.

Reckson has agreed that, if requested by SL Green, it will enter into one or more asset sales for cash or shares of SL Green common stock, subject to specified terms and conditions. The closing of the asset sales would occur immediately prior to, and conditioned upon, the effective time of the merger. Reckson will distribute any cash or shares of SL Green common stock received in connection with such asset sales to holders of Reckson common stock immediately prior to, and conditioned upon, the effective time of the merger, and the cash component of the merger consideration to be delivered to Reckson stockholders (\$31.68 per share) and the stock component of the merger consideration to be delivered to Reckson stockholders (0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock for each share of Reckson common stock) will be reduced ratably by the amount of such distribution.



**Comparative Market Data**

The following table presents trading information for SL Green common stock and Reckson common stock for August 2, 2006 and October 17, 2006. August 2, 2006 was the last full trading day prior to the public announcement of the proposed merger. October 17, 2006 was the last practicable trading day for which information was available prior to the date of the first mailing of this proxy statement/prospectus. The Reckson pro forma equivalent closing share price is equal to \$31.68, without interest (the cash portion of the consideration for each share of Reckson common stock in the merger) plus an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend plus the closing price of a share of SL Green common stock on each such date multiplied by 0.10387 (the exchange ratio for the issuance of SL Green common stock in the merger). These prices will fluctuate prior to the special meeting and the closing date of the merger, and Reckson stockholders are urged to obtain current market quotations prior to making any decision with respect to the merger.

	<b>SL Green Common Stock Close</b>	<b>Reckson Common Stock Close</b>	<b>Reckson Pro Forma Equivalent Close</b>
August 2, 2006	\$ 112.00	\$ 43.95	\$ 43.31
October 17, 2006	\$ 119.43	\$ 43.64	\$ 44.09

## QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE MERGER

*The following are some questions that you, as a stockholder of Reckson, may have regarding the merger and the other matters being considered at the special meeting and the answers to those questions. Reckson and SL Green urge you to read carefully the remainder of this proxy statement/prospectus because the information in this section does not provide all the information that might be important to you with respect to the merger and the other matters being considered at the special meeting. Additional important information is also contained in the annexes to and the documents included and incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus.*

### **Q: Why am I receiving these materials?**

A:

SL Green and Reckson have agreed to the acquisition of Reckson by SL Green under the terms of a merger agreement that is described in this proxy statement/prospectus. For the merger to occur, two-thirds of the stockholders of Reckson must approve the merger. Reckson will hold a special meeting of its stockholders to obtain the necessary stockholder approval. This proxy statement/prospectus contains important information about the merger and the meeting of the stockholders of Reckson. SL Green and Reckson are sending you these materials to help you decide whether to approve the merger.

### **Q: What will I receive in the merger?**

A:

If the merger is completed, you will receive \$31.68 in cash, without interest, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock for each share of Reckson common stock you own. SL Green common stock is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "SLG." See "How is the adjusted prorated dividend calculated?" The closing price per share of SL Green common stock on August 2, 2006, the day before the merger was publicly announced, was \$112.00, which would imply a value of \$43.31 for each share of Reckson common stock (excluding the value of the adjusted prorated dividend). Based on the closing price per share of SL Green common stock on October 17, 2006, the most recent practicable trading day before the date on which this proxy statement/prospectus was mailed to Reckson stockholders (which was \$119.43 per share), you would receive cash and SL Green common stock having an aggregate implied value of \$44.09 for each share of Reckson common stock you own plus an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend. However, because the stock exchange ratio is fixed at 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock for each share of Reckson common stock, the value of the stock portion of the merger consideration will fluctuate with the market price per share of SL Green common stock prior to the closing of the merger. Accordingly, the value of the merger consideration at the time the merger is completed may be different from the value at the time the merger agreement was signed or the Reckson special meeting is held. SL Green and Reckson urge you to obtain a current market quotation for SL Green common stock before voting at the special meeting. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the Merger Reckson stockholders cannot be certain of the market value of the shares of SL Green common stock that will be issued in the merger."

You will not receive any fractional shares of SL Green common stock in the merger. Instead, you will be paid cash (without interest) in lieu of the fractional share interest to which you would otherwise be entitled as described under "The Merger Agreement Fractional Shares." You will not be entitled to dividends, voting rights or any other rights in respect of any fractional share of SL Green common stock.

Reckson has agreed that, if requested by SL Green, it will enter into one or more asset sales for cash or shares of SL Green common stock, subject to specified terms and conditions. The closing of the asset sales would occur immediately prior to, and would be conditioned upon, the effective time of the merger. Reckson will distribute any cash or shares of SL Green common stock received

in connection with such asset sales to holders of Reckson common stock immediately prior to, and conditioned upon, the effective time of the merger, and the cash component of the merger consideration to be delivered to you (\$31.68 per share) and the stock component of the merger consideration to be delivered to you (0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock for each share of Reckson common stock), as applicable, will be reduced ratably by the amount of such distribution.

SL Green will request that Reckson sell directly to the Asset Purchasing Venture all or a portion of the assets contemplated to be sold by SL Green to the Asset Purchasing Venture pursuant to the Sale Agreement. It may also request that Reckson sell certain other of its assets to SL Green prior to the closing of the merger for SL Green tax planning purposes. SL Green does not anticipate requesting that Reckson sell any assets to any person other than SL Green and the Asset Purchasing Venture. The particular assets to be sold pursuant to the asset sale provisions of the merger agreement have not yet been finally determined. The assets that SL Green may request that Reckson sell directly to the Asset Purchasing Venture are certain real property assets and entities owning real property assets, as well as certain loans, all as described in greater detail under "Interests of Directors and Executive Officers of Reckson in the Merger Sale Agreement." The aggregate purchase price for the above assets, whether or not sold pursuant to the asset sale provisions of the merger agreement, is approximately \$2.1 billion, subject to adjustment. The asset sales to the Asset Purchasing Venture or to SL Green will be consummated immediately prior to the effective time of the merger. Any assets intended for sale to the Asset Purchasing Venture that are not sold pursuant to the asset sale provisions of the merger agreement would be sold to the Asset Purchasing Venture immediately following the effective time of the merger. See "Interests of Directors and Executive Officers of Reckson in the Merger Sale Agreement" for a discussion of the terms of the Sale Agreement. The consummation of any asset sales pursuant to the asset sale provisions of the merger agreement will not affect the amount or timing of the consideration received by Reckson shareholders with respect to the merger since the consideration paid for any such asset sale will be offset by an identical adjustment to the merger consideration.

SL Green's reason for agreeing to sell the assets described above pursuant to the Sale Agreement is to limit the number of new markets SL Green will be entering in connection with the merger in order to permit it to remain focused on its core New York City based portfolio. While SL Green's core New York City portfolio will expand as a result of the merger, purchasing the entirety of Reckson's portfolio would require SL Green to have new investments in a number of non-core markets. In considering the acquisition of the Reckson portfolio, SL Green determined that, with the exception of the downtown commercial business district markets of Stamford, Connecticut and White Plains, New York and its environs, all of the assets held in Reckson's portfolio that are not in New York City were in suburban markets that SL Green views as having less near-term opportunity. SL Green also determined that the continued operation and maintenance of the assets outside of the markets in its historical core portfolio would require significant time and attention from its management team and potentially detract from their ability to continue to achieve the high levels of performance from the assets in their core portfolio. In addition to detracting from management's focus on SL Green's core portfolio, the cost and risk associated with developing, implementing and maintaining the infrastructure necessary to operate and manage properties in these new markets would be high from SL Green's perspective.

**Q: How is the adjusted prorated dividend calculated?**

The adjusted prorated dividend is equal to the excess, if any, of the prorated amount of the last quarterly dividend per share declared by Reckson over 0.10387 multiplied by the prorated amount of the last regular quarterly dividend declared by SL Green prior to the closing date.

**Q: What will happen to Reckson as a result of the merger?**

A: Reckson will merge with and into a subsidiary of SL Green, with the SL Green subsidiary as the surviving entity.

**Q: Will the shares of SL Green common stock issued in the merger be listed for trading on the NYSE?**

A: Yes. The shares of SL Green common stock to be issued in the merger will be listed, upon official notice of issuance, on the NYSE under the symbol "SLG."

**Q: Why are SL Green and Reckson proposing to enter into the merger?**

A: In making its determination with respect to the merger, Reckson's Affiliate Transaction Committee and Board of Directors considered a number of factors. See "Special Factors Reckson's Reasons for the Merger" for a discussion of such factors. Similarly, SL Green's board of directors also considered a number of factors in reaching its determination to approve the merger agreement. See "Special Factors SL Green's Reasons for the Merger" for a discussion of such factors.

**Q: How does Reckson's Affiliate Transaction Committee and Board of Directors recommend that I vote?**

A: Reckson's Affiliate Transaction Committee of its board of directors and its board of directors unanimously recommends that Reckson stockholders vote "**FOR**" the proposal to approve the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement (including the asset sale provisions). For a more complete description of the recommendation of Reckson's board, see page 58.

**Q: Will I continue to receive dividends?**

A: Yes. Reckson is permitted to continue to declare and pay its regular quarterly dividend of \$0.4246 per share of Reckson common stock and presently intends to do so.

**Q: Where and when is the special meeting?**

A: The special meeting will take place at 1350 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York, on November 22, 2006, at 10:30 a.m., Eastern Time.

**Q: What vote is required to approve the merger agreement?**

A: Holders of two-thirds of the outstanding shares of Reckson common stock must affirmatively vote to approve the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

**Q: Who can vote and attend the special meeting?**

A: All common stockholders of Reckson of record as of the close of business on October 13, 2006, the record date for the special meeting, are entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at the special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof. Each share is entitled to one vote on each matter properly brought before the special meeting.

**Q: What happens if I sell my shares before the special meeting?**

A: The record date for the special meeting, the close of business on October 13, 2006, is earlier than the date of the special meeting. If you held your shares of common stock on the record date but transfer them prior to the effective time of the merger, you will retain your right to vote at the



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special meeting, but not the right to receive the merger consideration for shares of Reckson common stock. The right to receive such merger consideration will pass to the person who owns the shares you previously owned when the merger becomes effective.

### **Q: What do I need to do now?**

A:

After you have read this document carefully, please authorize your proxy promptly by telephone, by Internet or by signing, dating and returning the enclosed proxy card in the prepaid envelope provided. You should authorize your proxy now, even if you expect to attend the special meeting and vote in person. Authorizing your proxy now will not prevent you from later canceling or revoking your proxy and changing your vote at any time before the vote at the special meeting and will ensure that your shares are voted if you later find you cannot attend the special meeting.

### **Q: How will proxy holders vote my shares?**

A:

If you authorize your proxy by telephone or by the Internet, or properly execute and return the proxy card enclosed with this proxy statement/prospectus prior to the special meeting, your shares will be voted as you authorize. If you execute your proxy card but no direction is otherwise made, your shares will be voted **FOR** approval of the merger and in the discretion of the proxy holders on any other matter that may be properly presented at the meeting, including proposals to adjourn the meeting to obtain additional proxies.

### **Q: What should I do if I hold my shares in "street name," i.e., through a bank, broker or other custodian?**

A:

Please follow the instructions provided by your bank, broker or other custodian, in order to direct such custodian to vote your shares on your behalf.

### **Q: Can my broker vote my shares, which are held in "street name"?**

A:

Your broker is not able to vote your shares that are held in "street name" for you without your instructions. If you do not provide your broker with instructions on how to vote your shares held in "street name," your broker will not be permitted to vote your shares on the proposals being presented at the special meeting. Because the approval of the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of Reckson's outstanding shares of common stock, a failure to provide your broker instructions will have the same effect as a vote against the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. You should therefore be sure to provide your broker with instructions on how to vote your shares.

### **Q: What do I do if I want to change my vote?**

A:

You may change your vote in three ways:

by delivering a written notice to the corporate secretary of Reckson prior to the voting of the shares stating that you would like to revoke your proxy;

by signing and delivering a later-dated proxy card (or authorizing a later-dated proxy by telephone or by the Internet); or

by attending the special meeting and voting in person; however, your attendance alone will not revoke your proxy or change your vote.

If you have instructed a broker how to vote your shares, you must follow the directions provided by your broker to change those instructions.



**Q: What rights do I have if I oppose the merger?**

A:

You can either abstain from voting or vote against the merger by indicating a vote against the proposal on your proxy card and signing and mailing your proxy card in accordance with the instructions provided, or by voting against the merger in person at the special meeting. Pursuant to the Maryland General Corporation Law, however, you are not entitled to dissenters' or appraisal rights with respect to the merger.

**Q: Should I send my certificates representing my Reckson common stock?**

A:

No, do not submit your stock certificates at this time. After SL Green and Reckson complete the merger, SL Green will send former holders of Reckson common stock written instructions for exchanging their share certificates.

**Q: When do you expect to complete the merger?**

A:

SL Green and Reckson are working toward completing the merger as quickly as possible. Reckson must first obtain the approval of Reckson stockholders at the special meeting. SL Green and Reckson expect to complete the merger during the first quarter of 2007. However, SL Green and Reckson cannot assure you as to when, or if, the merger will occur.

**Q: If the merger is completed, when can I expect to receive the merger consideration for my shares of common stock?**

A:

As soon as practicable after the completion of the merger, you will receive a letter of transmittal describing how you may exchange your shares of common stock for the merger consideration. At that time, you must send your completed letter of transmittal to the exchange agent (and, for shares of Reckson common stock represented by a certificate(s) only, your share certificate(s)) in order to receive the merger consideration. You should not send your share certificate(s) to SL Green or Reckson or anyone else until you receive the letter of transmittal.

**Q: What risks should I consider before I vote on the merger proposal?**

A:

SL Green and Reckson encourage you to read carefully the detailed information about the merger contained and incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus, including the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 26.

**Q: Where can I find more information about the companies?**

A:

SL Green and Reckson each file reports and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). You may read and copy this information at the SEC's public reference facilities. Please call the SEC at 1-800-732-0330 for information about these facilities. This information is also available at the offices of the NYSE, and at the Internet site the SEC maintains at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). In addition, Reckson's SEC filings are available at the Internet site Reckson maintains at [www.reckson.com](http://www.reckson.com), and SL Green's SEC filings are available at the Internet site SL Green maintains at [www.slgreen.com](http://www.slgreen.com). Information contained on SL Green's website, Reckson's website or the website of any other person is not incorporated by reference into this proxy statement/prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on those websites as part of this proxy statement/prospectus. You can also request copies of these documents from SL Green or Reckson. See "Where You Can Find More Information" on page 136.



**Q: Who can help answer my questions?**

A:

If you have more questions about the merger or need assistance voting your shares, please contact the firm assisting Reckson in the solicitation of proxies:

**INNISFREE M&A INCORPORATED**

501 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor  
New York, NY 10022

Stockholders Call Toll-Free: (888) 750-5834  
(Banks and Brokers Call Collect: (212) 750-5833)

or

Susan McGuire  
Investor Relations  
Reckson Associates Realty Corp.  
625 Reckson Plaza  
Uniondale, NY 11556  
Telephone: (516) 506-6000  
Facsimile: (516) 506-6800  
Email: [investorrelations@reckson.com](mailto:investorrelations@reckson.com)

If you would like additional copies of this proxy statement/prospectus, you should contact Innisfree M&A Incorporated at the above telephone numbers. You may also request additional documents by email at [info@innisfreema.com](mailto:info@innisfreema.com).

## RISK FACTORS

*In addition to general investment risks and the other information contained in or incorporated by reference into this proxy statement/prospectus, you should carefully consider the following factors in evaluating the proposals to be voted on at the special meeting.*

### **Risk Factors Relating to the Merger**

#### **Reckson stockholders cannot be certain of the market value of the shares of SL Green common stock that will be issued in the merger.**

Upon the completion of the merger, each share of Reckson common stock outstanding immediately prior to the merger will be converted into the right to receive \$31.68 in cash, without interest, plus an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend plus 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock. Because the exchange ratio is fixed at 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock for each share of Reckson common stock, the market value of the SL Green common stock issued in the merger will depend upon the market price of a share of SL Green common stock upon completion of the merger. The market value of SL Green common stock will fluctuate prior to the completion of the merger and therefore may be different at the time the merger is consummated than it was at the time the merger agreement was signed and at the time of the special meeting. Stock price changes may result from a variety of factors that are beyond SL Green's control, including general market and economic conditions and changes in business prospects. Accordingly, Reckson stockholders cannot be certain of the market value of the SL Green common stock that will be issued in the merger or the market value of SL Green common stock at any time after the merger. In addition, the merger agreement does not require that the fairness opinion of Goldman Sachs or Greenhill be updated as a condition to closing the merger. As such, the fairness opinions do not reflect any changes in the relative values of Reckson or SL Green subsequent to the date of the merger agreement.

If the merger is consummated, such consummation will not occur until after the date of the special meeting and the satisfaction or waiver of all of the conditions to the merger. Therefore, at the time of the special meeting you will not know the precise dollar value of the merger consideration you will become entitled to receive at the effective time of the merger. You are urged to obtain a current market quotation for SL Green common stock.

#### **The market price of SL Green common stock and SL Green's earnings per share may decline as a result of the merger.**

The market price of SL Green common stock may decline as a result of, among other things, the merger if SL Green does not achieve the perceived benefits of the merger as rapidly or to the extent anticipated by financial or industry analysts or if the effect of the merger on SL Green's financial results is not consistent with the expectations of financial or industry analysts. In addition, the failure to achieve expected benefits and unanticipated costs relating to the merger could reduce SL Green's future earnings per share.

#### **There may be unexpected delays in the consummation of the merger, which would delay Reckson stockholders' receipt of the merger consideration and could impact SL Green's ability to timely achieve cost savings associated with the merger.**

The merger is expected to close during the first quarter of 2007. However, certain events may delay the consummation of the merger. If these events were to occur, the receipt of cash and shares of SL Green common stock by Reckson stockholders would be delayed. Some of the events that could delay the consummation of the merger include difficulties in obtaining the approval of Reckson stockholders or satisfying the closing conditions to which the merger is subject.

**The pending class action lawsuits may adversely affect SL Green's and Reckson's ability to consummate the merger.**

Since August 4, 2006, six purported class action lawsuits have been filed by alleged Reckson stockholders in New York state and Maryland state courts, seeking to enjoin the proposed merger and the acquisition by the Asset Purchasing Venture of certain assets of Reckson. The plaintiffs assert claims of breach of fiduciary duty against Reckson and its directors, and, in the case of three lawsuits, claims of aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty by SL Green. While these cases are in their early stages, Reckson and SL Green believe that the cases are without merit and intend to contest them vigorously. However, any judgments in respect of these lawsuits adverse to Reckson and SL Green may adversely affect Reckson's and SL Green's ability to consummate the merger.

**If the merger does not occur, Reckson may incur payment obligations to SL Green and Reckson's stock price may decline.**

If the merger agreement is terminated under certain circumstances, Reckson may be required to pay Wyoming Acquisition Corp. a \$99.8 million break-up fee. If the merger agreement is terminated in certain other circumstances, Reckson may be obligated to pay Wyoming Acquisition Corp. up to \$13.0 million as an expense reimbursement. See "The Merger Agreement Break-up Fees and Expenses."

The merger is subject to customary conditions to closing, including the receipt of the required approval of the stockholders of Reckson. If any condition to the merger is not satisfied or, if permissible, waived, the merger will not be completed. In addition, Reckson and SL Green may terminate the merger agreement in certain circumstances. If Reckson and SL Green do not complete the merger, the market price of Reckson common stock may fluctuate to the extent that the current market prices of those shares reflect a market assumption that the merger will be completed. Reckson has diverted significant management resources in an effort to complete the merger and is subject to restrictions contained in the merger agreement on the conduct of its business. If the merger is not completed, Reckson will have incurred significant costs, including the diversion of management resources, for which it will have received little or no benefit.

**The termination fee may discourage other companies from trying to acquire Reckson.**

In the merger agreement, Reckson agreed to pay a termination fee of up to \$99.8 million in specified circumstances, including some circumstances where a third party acquires or seeks to acquire Reckson. This provision could discourage other parties from trying to acquire Reckson, even if those companies might be willing to offer a greater amount of consideration to Reckson stockholders than SL Green has offered in the merger agreement. For a detailed discussion of the specified circumstances when a termination fee could be payable by Reckson, see "The Merger Agreement Break-Up Fees and Expenses."

**Certain of Reckson's directors and executive officers may have interests in the merger that are different from, or in addition to, the interests of Reckson stockholders generally.**

In considering the recommendation of Reckson's board of directors with respect to the merger, Reckson stockholders should be aware that certain of Reckson's directors and executive officers may have material financial interests in the merger that are different from, or in addition to, the interests of Reckson stockholders generally. These directors and executive officers are Scott H. Rechler, Michael Maturo, Jason M. Barnett, Salvatore Campofranco, Philip Waterman III and F.D. Rich III. See "Interests of Directors and Executive Officers of Reckson in the Merger."

**If SL Green is unable to successfully integrate the operations of Reckson, its business and earnings may be negatively affected.**

The merger with Reckson will involve the integration of companies that have previously operated independently. Successful integration of the operations of Reckson will depend primarily on SL Green's ability to consolidate operations, systems procedures, properties and personnel and to eliminate redundancies and costs. The merger will also pose other risks commonly associated with similar transactions, including unanticipated liabilities, unexpected costs and the diversion of management's attention to the integration of the operations of SL Green and Reckson. SL Green cannot assure you that it will be able to integrate Reckson's operations without encountering difficulties, including, but not limited to, the loss of key employees, the disruption of its respective ongoing businesses or possible inconsistencies in standards, controls, procedures and policies. Estimated cost savings are projected to come from various areas that SL Green's management has identified through the due diligence and integration planning process. If SL Green has difficulties with any of these integrations, it might not achieve the economic benefits it expects to result from the merger, and this may hurt its business and earnings. In addition, SL Green may experience greater than expected costs or difficulties relating to the integration of the business of Reckson and/or may not realize expected cost savings from the merger within the expected time frame, if at all.

**After the merger is completed, Reckson stockholders who receive SL Green common stock in the merger will have different rights that may be less advantageous than their current rights.**

After the closing of the merger, Reckson stockholders who receive SL Green common stock in the merger for their Reckson common stock will have different rights than they currently have. You may conclude that your rights as a stockholder of SL Green may be less advantageous than the rights you have as a stockholder of Reckson. For a detailed discussion of your rights as a stockholder of SL Green and the significant differences between your rights as a stockholder of Reckson and your rights as a stockholder of SL Green, see "Comparison of Rights of Stockholders of SL Green and Stockholders of Reckson."

**Risk Factors Relating to SL Green Following the Merger**

*SL Green's business, operations and financial condition are subject to various risks. Some of these risks are described below; however, this section does not describe all risks applicable to SL Green, its industry or its business, and it is intended only as a summary of certain material factors. Additional risks are described in SL Green's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2005 and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ending March 31, 2006 and June 30, 2006 and are incorporated herein by reference. If any of the following risks actually occur, SL Green could be materially and adversely affected.*

**Real property investments are subject to varying degrees of risk that may adversely affect the business and the operating results of SL Green after the merger.**

The combined company's revenue and the value of its properties may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including:

the national economic climate;

the local economic climate;

local real estate conditions;

changes in retail expenditures by consumers;

the perceptions of prospective tenants of the attractiveness of the properties;

the combined company's ability to manage and maintain its properties and secure adequate insurance; and

increases in operating costs (including real estate taxes and utilities).

In addition, real estate values and income from properties are also affected by factors such as applicable laws, including tax laws, interest rate levels and the availability of financing. If the combined company's properties do not generate revenue sufficient to meet operating expenses, including debt service, tenant improvements, leasing commissions and other capital expenditures, it may have to borrow additional amounts to cover its expenses. This would harm the combined company's cash flow and ability to make distributions to its stockholders.

**The market price of SL Green common stock after the merger may be affected by factors different from those affecting the shares of Reckson currently.**

The businesses of SL Green and Reckson are different and, accordingly, the results of operations of SL Green and the market price of SL Green's common stock may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting the results of operations and market prices of Reckson's common stock. For a discussion of the businesses of SL Green and Reckson and of certain factors to consider in connection with those businesses, see the documents incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus and referred to under "Where You Can Find More Information."

**SL Green would incur adverse tax consequences if it or Reckson failed to qualify as a REIT for United States federal income tax purposes.**

SL Green has assumed that Reckson has qualified and will continue to qualify as a REIT for United States federal income tax purposes and that SL Green will be able to continue to qualify as a REIT following the merger. However, if Reckson has failed or fails to qualify as a REIT and the merger is completed, SL Green and Wyoming Acquisition Corp. generally would succeed to or incur significant tax liabilities (including the significant tax liability that would result from the deemed sale of assets by Reckson pursuant to the merger), and SL Green could possibly lose its REIT status should disqualifying activities continue after the acquisition.

REITs are subject to a range of complex organizational and operational requirements. As REITs, SL Green and Reckson must each distribute with respect to each year at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its stockholders. Other restrictions apply to a REIT's income and assets. For any taxable year that SL Green or Reckson fails to qualify as a REIT, it will not be allowed a deduction for dividends paid to its stockholders in computing taxable income and thus would become subject to United States federal income tax as if it were a regular taxable corporation. In such an event, it could be subject to potentially significant tax liabilities. Unless entitled to relief under certain statutory provisions, SL Green or Reckson, as the case may be, would also be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year in which it lost its qualification. If SL Green or Reckson failed to qualify as a REIT, the market price of SL Green's common stock may decline and SL Green may need to reduce substantially the amount of distributions to its stockholders because of its increased tax liability.

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This proxy statement/prospectus, including information included or incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus, may contain forward-looking statements. We acknowledge that the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 does not apply to statements made in connection with a going private transaction. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about the benefits of the merger, including future financial and operating results and performance; statements about SL Green's and Reckson's plans, objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations, products and services; and other statements identified by words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "should," "may" or words of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of SL Green's and Reckson's management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of SL Green and Reckson. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change. Actual results may differ materially from the anticipated results discussed in these forward-looking statements.

The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements:

those discussed and identified in public filings with the SEC made by SL Green and Reckson;

the vote of Reckson stockholders on the merger at the Reckson special meeting;

the timing of the completion of the merger;

SL Green's ability to integrate the Reckson business and to achieve expected synergies, operating efficiencies and other benefits within expected time-frames or at all, or within expected cost projections, and to preserve the goodwill of the acquired business;

the amount of expenses and other liabilities incurred or accrued between the date of the signing of the merger agreement and date of the closing of the merger; and

Reckson and SL Green each being able to maintain its qualification as a REIT.

You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus or the date of any document incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements concerning the merger or other matters addressed in this proxy statement/prospectus and attributable to SL Green or Reckson or any person acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. Except to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, SL Green and Reckson undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this proxy statement/prospectus or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

## THE RECKSON SPECIAL MEETING

### Date, Time and Place

There will be a special meeting of the stockholders of Reckson on November 22, 2006, at 10:30 a.m., Eastern Time, at 1350 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York.

### Purpose

At the special meeting, the holders of shares of Reckson common stock will be asked to consider and vote upon a proposal to approve the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement described in this proxy statement/prospectus and to consider and vote upon any adjournment or postponement of the meeting.

### Recommendation of the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's Board of Directors and of Reckson's Board of Directors

The Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's board and Reckson's board voted unanimously to approve the merger agreement, the merger and the transactions contemplated under the merger agreement. The Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's board and Reckson's board has declared the merger and merger agreement advisable, fair to and in the best interests of Reckson and its unaffiliated stockholders. Accordingly, the Affiliate Transaction Committee and Reckson's board recommend that Reckson's stockholders vote "FOR" the adoption of the merger agreement. See "Special Factors Background of the Merger," "Special Factors Recommendation of the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's Board of Directors and of Reckson's Board of Directors" and "Interests of Directors and Executive Officers of Reckson in the Merger."

### Voting by Directors, Executive Officers and Other Filing Persons

As of the close of business on October 13, 2006, the record date of the special meeting, the directors and executive officers of Reckson (including the members of the Management Group) held and are entitled to vote, in the aggregate, 984,841 shares of Reckson common stock, representing approximately 1.2% of the outstanding shares of Reckson common stock. The directors and executive officers of Reckson have informed Reckson that they intend to vote all of their shares of Reckson common stock "FOR" the adoption of the merger agreement.

### Record Date, Outstanding Shares and Voting Rights

Reckson's board has fixed the close of business on October 13, 2006, as the record date for the special meeting. Accordingly, only holders of record of issued and outstanding shares of Reckson common stock at the close of business on the record date are entitled to vote at the special meeting. At the close of business on the record date, there were 83,471,930 shares of Reckson common stock outstanding, held by approximately 516 holders of record. Each holder is entitled to one vote for each share of Reckson common stock held on the record date.

### Vote Required; Quorum

Approval of the Reckson merger proposal requires the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of Reckson's common stock outstanding as of the record date.

The presence, in person or by properly executed proxy, of the holders of a majority of the shares of Reckson common stock entitled to vote at the Reckson special meeting is necessary to constitute a quorum at the Reckson special meeting. Shares of Reckson common stock represented in person or by proxy will be counted for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the Reckson special meeting. Abstentions will be counted for quorum purposes and will have the same effect as

votes "**AGAINST**" approval of the Reckson merger proposal since the merger proposal requires the affirmative vote of two-thirds of outstanding shares of Reckson common stock. Under NYSE rules, brokers and nominees holding shares of record for customers are not entitled to vote on the Reckson merger proposal unless they receive specific voting instructions from the beneficial owner of the shares. If a broker or nominee holding shares of record for a customer submits a properly executed proxy, but indicates that it does not have discretionary authority to vote as to a particular matter, those shares, which are referred to as broker non-votes, will be treated as present and entitled to vote at the Reckson special meeting for purposes of determining whether a quorum exists. Broker non-votes will have the same effect as shares voted "**AGAINST**" approval of the merger.

If a quorum is not present, the stockholders entitled to vote at the special meeting, present in person or by proxy, may adjourn the meeting from time to time to a date not more than 120 days after the original record date without notice other than an announcement at the meeting. Any business may be transacted at an adjourned meeting, which might have been transacted at the special meeting as originally called.

### **Voting of Proxies**

All shares of Reckson common stock that are entitled to vote and are represented at the Reckson special meeting by properly executed proxies received prior to or at such meeting, and not revoked, will be voted at such meeting in accordance with the instructions indicated on such proxies. Reckson stockholders may choose to vote for or against or abstain from voting on the approval of the merger. If a Reckson stockholder returns a signed proxy card, but does not indicate how the shares are to be voted (with the exception of broker non-votes), the shares of Reckson common stock represented by the proxy card will be voted "**FOR**" the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. If a Reckson stockholder does not return a signed proxy card or otherwise authorize a proxy by telephone or by Internet, that stockholder's shares will not be voted and will have the same effect as a vote against the approval of the merger.

If a motion is made to adjourn the special meeting to another time or place for the purposes of soliciting additional proxies, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy and acting thereunder generally will have discretion to vote on such matters in accordance with their discretion, except that any shares which were voted against the Reckson merger proposal will not be voted in favor of the adjournment or postponement of the Reckson special meeting in order to solicit additional proxies.

*Proxy Authorization Electronically or by Telephone.* Stockholders of record and many stockholders who hold their shares through a broker or bank will have the option to authorize their proxies to vote their shares electronically through the Internet or by telephone. Please note that there are separate arrangements for using the Internet and telephone depending on whether your shares are registered in Reckson's stock records in your name or in the name of a broker, bank or other nominee who holds your shares. If you hold your shares through a broker, bank or other nominee, you should check your proxy card or voting instruction card forwarded by your broker, bank or other nominee who holds your shares to see which options are available.

In addition to submitting the enclosed proxy by mail, Reckson stockholders of record may authorize their proxies by telephone or Internet by following the instructions on their proxy card or voting form. If you have any questions regarding how to authorize your proxy by telephone or by Internet, please call Innisfree M&A Incorporated, toll-free at (888) 750-5834.

### **Appraisal Rights**

Under Section 3-202 of the Maryland General Corporation Law, Reckson stockholders do not have the right to receive the appraised value of their shares in connection with the merger because Reckson common stock is listed on the NYSE. Reckson stockholders can vote against the merger by



indicating a vote against the proposal on their proxy card and signing and mailing their proxy card in accordance with the instructions provided, or by voting against the merger in person at the special meeting. If the requisite number of Reckson stockholders vote in favor of the merger agreement, all Reckson stockholders will be bound by the terms of the merger under the merger agreement, and each of their shares of Reckson common stock, including the shares of those Reckson stockholders that did not vote in favor of the merger, will be converted into the right to receive \$31.68 in cash, without interest, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend plus 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock.

#### **Revocation of Proxies**

A proxy card is enclosed. Any stockholder who executes and delivers the proxy card may revoke the authority granted under the proxy at any time before the shares are voted by:

delivering to the Secretary of Reckson, at or before the vote is taken at the Reckson special meeting, a later-dated written notice stating that the stockholder would like to revoke its proxy and change its vote;

properly executing and delivering a new proxy card bearing a later date relating to the same shares (or authorize a later-dated proxy by telephone or Internet); or

attending the Reckson special meeting and voting in person, although attendance at the Reckson special meeting will not in and of itself constitute a revocation of a proxy or a change of the stockholder's vote.

If the stockholder has instructed its broker to vote its shares and the stockholder wishes to revoke those instructions, the stockholder must follow its broker's revocation procedures.

Any written notice of revocation or subsequent proxy should be sent to Reckson Associates Realty Corp., 625 Reckson Plaza, Uniondale, New York 11556, Attention: Secretary, so as to be received prior to the Reckson special meeting, or hand delivered to the Corporate Secretary of Reckson at or before the taking of the vote at the Reckson special meeting. Stockholders that have instructed a broker to vote their shares must follow directions received from such broker in order to change their vote or to vote at the Reckson special meeting.

#### **Solicitation of Proxies; Expenses**

All expenses of Reckson's solicitation of proxies, including the cost of mailing this proxy statement/prospectus to Reckson stockholders, will be paid by Reckson. In addition to solicitation by use of the mail, Reckson's stockholders, directors, officers and employees may solicit proxies by telephone, e-mail, fax or other means of communication. Such stockholders, directors, officers and employees will not be additionally compensated, but may be reimbursed for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses in connection with such solicitation. Arrangements will also be made with brokerage houses, custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for forwarding of proxy solicitation materials to beneficial owners of shares held of record by such brokerage houses, custodians, nominees and fiduciaries, and Reckson will reimburse such brokerage houses, custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for their reasonable expenses incurred in forwarding such materials. Reckson has retained Innisfree M&A Incorporated, a proxy soliciting firm, to assist Reckson in the solicitation of proxies. Innisfree's solicitation fee is not to exceed \$75,000, plus out-of-pocket expenses.

**RECKSON STOCKHOLDERS SHOULD NOT SEND IN THEIR STOCK CERTIFICATES WITH THE PROXY CARDS. YOU WILL RECEIVE SEPARATE WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO EXCHANGE YOUR RECKSON STOCK CERTIFICATES FOR THE MERGER CONSIDERATION IF THE MERGER IS COMPLETED.**

## THE COMPANIES

### SL Green

SL Green and its operating partnership, SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, were formed in June 1997 for the purpose of combining the commercial real estate business of S.L. Green Properties, Inc. and its affiliated partnerships and entities. SL Green has qualified, and expects to continue to qualify, as a REIT under the Code, and operates as a self-administered, self-managed REIT.

As of June 30, 2006, SL Green's wholly-owned properties consisted of 23 commercial office properties encompassing approximately 10.0 million rentable square feet located primarily in midtown Manhattan, a borough of New York City, or Manhattan. As of June 30, 2006, the weighted average occupancy (total leased square feet divided by total available square feet) of the wholly-owned properties was 96.7%. SL Green's portfolio also includes ownership interests in unconsolidated joint ventures, which own seven commercial office properties in Manhattan, encompassing approximately 8.8 million rentable square feet, and which had a weighted average occupancy of 94.9% as of June 30, 2006. SL Green also owns 439,300 square feet of retail and development properties and manages three office properties owned by third parties and affiliated companies encompassing approximately 1.0 million rentable square feet. SL Green's executive offices are located at 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10170 and its telephone number is (212) 594-2700. For additional information on SL Green, see "Where You Can Find More Information."

Following the merger, SL Green is expected to continue to be managed by its existing board of directors and by its existing senior management team.

Wyoming Acquisition Corp., a Maryland corporation, is a newly formed, wholly-owned subsidiary of SL Green that was formed solely for the purpose of effecting the merger. Wyoming Acquisition Corp. has not conducted and will not conduct any business prior to the merger.

### *Financing*

In connection with the merger, SL Green entered into a mandate letter with Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC and Keybank Capital Markets to increase the existing unsecured revolving credit facility of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. from \$500 million to \$800 million. Under this arrangement, a swingline of \$50 million and letters of credit up to \$50 million will also be available to SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. The interest on the unsecured revolving credit facility will vary based on SL Green's credit rating, if investment grade, or its senior leverage ratio. The unsecured revolving credit facility matures September 28, 2008. SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. expects to repay the credit facility from time to time from its working capital. The mandate letter for the unsecured revolving credit facility and the closing of the unsecured revolving credit facility are subject to customary conditions for this type of financing, including (1) completion of due diligence, (2) negotiation and execution of definitive loan documentation, (3) absence of a material adverse effect of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, or Reckson and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (4) absence of a material disruption of the loan syndication, financial or capital markets, (5) closing of the unsecured revolving credit facility on or prior to December 31, 2006, (6) absence of a material adverse change in the financial conditions of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. or SL Green, (7) absence of materially adverse litigation affecting SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P., SL Green or the closing of the unsecured revolving credit facility and (8) absence of a material disruption of the capital markets.

SL Green has also entered into a mandate letter with Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC for the arrangement of a senior unsecured term loan of up to \$1.5 billion for SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. The interest rate on the loan varies with SL Green's credit rating, if investment grade, or its senior

leverage ratio. There is no prepayment penalty on the term loan and SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. pays interest only on the loan until maturity, which is three years from the effective time of the merger. SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. expects to repay the term loan from using the proceeds from future asset sales, additional borrowings and its working capital. The mandate letter for the \$1.5 billion senior unsecured term loan is subject to customary conditions for this type of financing, including (1) satisfaction of the material adverse change conditions set forth in the merger agreement, (2) the closing of the term loan prior to January 30, 2007 and (3) negotiation and execution of definitive loan documentation consistent with the mandate letter and any term sheet. In addition, the closing of the senior unsecured term loan is also subject to customary conditions, including (1) the closing of the merger and (2) satisfaction of the conditions specified in the mandate letter.

In addition, SL Green has entered into a commitment letter with Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc. to provide secured financing of up to \$298 million in the aggregate to one or more single purpose, bankruptcy remote entities in connection with the acquisition of certain Reckson properties by SL Green or one of its wholly-owned subsidiaries pursuant to the merger agreement. The financing will be secured by such property(ies) and is comprised of a \$170 million fixed rate loan with a term of 10 years and a \$128 million floating rate loan with a term of two years, with three one-year extensions. The \$170 million fixed rate loan bears an interest rate equal to 72 basis points plus the sum of the ten year mid-market swap spread and the bid side yield of the ten year U.S. treasury bond. The \$128 million floating rate loan bears an interest rate equal to one month LIBOR plus 185 basis points and resets monthly. Both the fixed rate loan and the floating rate loan are interest only, with the principal amounts thereof due at maturity. The borrowing entity will be required to purchase an interest rate cap on the floating rate loan. The fixed rate loan is not prepayable before the date that is 60 days before maturity. The floating rate loan is not prepayable during the first six months of its term, but is prepayable thereafter, subject to prepayment penalties. The borrowing entity expects to repay the loans with funds received pursuant to the sale of the properties or the refinancing of the loans. The commitment letter and the closing of the financing are subject to customary closing conditions for this type of financing and include, among others things, (1) completed and executed loan documentation, (2) satisfaction of the closing conditions in the merger agreement and (3) consummation of the merger at or prior to the closing of the financing. The commitment letter terminates on February 2, 2007.

#### **Reckson**

Reckson is a self-administered and self managed real estate investment trust specializing in the acquisition, leasing, financing, management and development of Class A office properties engaged in the ownership, management, operation, acquisition, leasing, financing and development of commercial real estate properties, principally office and to a lesser extent flex properties, and also owns land for future development located in the tri-state area markets surrounding New York City. Reckson's core growth strategy is focused on properties located in New York City and the surrounding Tri-State area markets. Reckson is one of the largest publicly traded owners, managers and developers of Class A office properties in the New York Tri-State area, and wholly owns, has substantial interests in, or has under contract, a total of 101 properties comprised of approximately 20.2 million square feet. Reckson has been traded on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "RA" since 1995.

## SL GREEN'S POLICIES WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN ACTIVITIES

The following is a discussion of certain investment, financing and other policies of SL Green. These policies have been determined by the board of directors of SL Green and may be amended or revised from time to time by the board of directors of SL Green without a vote of the stockholders, except that (i) SL Green cannot change its policy of holding its assets and conducting its business only through SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. and its affiliates without the consent of the holders of limited partnership units of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. as provided in the partnership agreement of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P., referred to as the SL Green Partnership Agreement, (ii) changes in certain policies with respect to conflicts of interest must be consistent with legal requirements and (iii) SL Green cannot take any action intended to terminate its qualification as a REIT without the approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of its common stock.

### Investment Policies

*Investment in Real Estate or Interests in Real Estate.* SL Green will conduct all of its investment activities through SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. and its affiliates. SL Green's primary business objective is to maximize total return to stockholders through growth in distributable cash flow and appreciation in the value of its assets. In general, it is SL Green's policy to acquire assets primarily for income and future appreciation.

SL Green expects to pursue its investment objectives primarily through the direct or indirect ownership by SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. of SL Green's properties, referred to as the SL Green Properties, and other acquired commercial properties, including those for development. SL Green currently intends to invest primarily in existing improved properties but may, if market conditions warrant, invest in development projects as well. Furthermore, SL Green currently intends to invest in or develop commercial office and retail properties, primarily in midtown Manhattan, and structured finance investments. However, future investment or development activities will not be limited to any geographic area or product type or to a specified percentage of SL Green's assets. SL Green does not have any limit on the amount or percentage of its assets that may be invested in any one property, any one geographic area or any one asset class. SL Green intends to engage in such future investment or development activities in a manner which is consistent with the maintenance of its status as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In addition, SL Green may purchase or lease income-producing commercial properties and other types of properties for long-term investment, expand and improve the real estate presently owned or other properties purchased, or sell such real estate or other properties, in whole or in part, if and when circumstances warrant.

SL Green also may participate with third parties in property ownership, through joint ventures or other types of co-ownership. Such investments may permit SL Green to own interests in larger assets without unduly restricting diversification and, therefore, may add flexibility in structuring its portfolio. SL Green will not, however, enter into a joint venture or partnership to make an investment that would not otherwise meet its investment policies.

Equity investments may be subject to existing mortgage financing and other indebtedness or such financing or indebtedness as may be incurred in connection with acquiring or refinancing these investments. Debt service on such financing or indebtedness will have a priority over any distributions with respect to shares of SL Green common stock. Investments also are subject to SL Green's policy not to be treated as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

*Investments in Real Estate Mortgages.* While SL Green's business objectives emphasize equity investments in commercial real estate, SL Green may, in the discretion of its board of directors, invest in mortgages and other types of equity or debt real estate interests consistent with SL Green's

qualification as a REIT, subject to the limitations contained in any agreement entered into by SL Green from time to time restricting such activities, including, without limitation, those limitations contained in the origination agreement entered into by SL Green with Gramercy Capital Corp. Although SL Green does not presently intend to emphasize investments in various structured finance investments (other than through its affiliate, Gramercy Capital Corp.), it may invest in non-performing mortgages on an opportunistic basis in order to acquire an equity interest in the underlying property or in participating or convertible mortgages, mezzanine notes or preferred equity securities if SL Green concludes that it would be in SL Green's interest to do so. Investments in real estate mortgages and other structured finance investments are subject to the risk that one or more borrowers may default under such mortgages or investments and that the collateral securing such mortgages or investments may not be sufficient to enable an investor to recoup its full investment.

*Securities or Interests in Persons Primarily Engaged in Real Estate Activities and Other Issuers.* Subject to the percentage of ownership limitations and gross income tests necessary for REIT qualification, SL Green also may invest in securities of other REITs, securities of other entities engaged in real estate activities or securities of other issuers, including for the purpose of exercising control over such entities. SL Green intends to make such investments in a way that the proposed investment would not cause SL Green or SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. to be an "investment company" within the meaning of the 1940 Act. SL Green may acquire all or substantially all of the securities or assets of other REITs or similar entities if such investments would be consistent with SL Green's investment policies.

### **Disposition Policies**

SL Green reserves the right to dispose of any of the SL Green Properties, subject to the provisions in the SL Green Partnership Agreement that restrict the sale of certain properties, referred to as the Lock-out Provisions, and to the provisions of any agreements to which SL Green is a party, if, based upon management's periodic review of SL Green's portfolio, the board of directors of SL Green determines that such action would be in the best interests of SL Green. The tax consequences of the disposition of certain of the SL Green Properties may, however, influence the decision of certain directors and executive officers of SL Green who hold limited partnership units of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. as to the desirability of a proposed disposition. Any decision to dispose of an SL Green Property must be approved by the board of directors of SL Green (and in accordance with the applicable partnership agreement). In addition, under the Lock-out Provisions, SL Green may not sell (except in certain events, including certain transactions that would not result in the recognition of any gain for tax purposes) 673 First Avenue and 470 Park Avenue South through August 20, 2009, referred to as the Lock-out Period, without, in the case of either of these two SL Green Properties, the consent of holders of 75% of the limited partnership units of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. originally issued to limited partners in SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. who immediately, prior to completion of certain transactions consummated in connection with SL Green's initial public offering, referred to as the Formation Transactions, owned direct or indirect interests in such SL Green Property that remain outstanding at the time of such vote (other than limited partnership units held by SL Green and excluding any such limited partnership units the adjusted tax basis of which has been increased, in the hands of the holder or any predecessor holder thereof, to reflect fair market value through a taxable disposition or otherwise). The Lock-out Provisions apply even if it would otherwise be in the best interest of the stockholders for SL Green to sell one or more of these two SL Green Properties.

Under a tax protection agreement entered into in connection with SL Green's acquisition of the property located at 1515 Broadway, New York, New York, SL Green has agreed not to take certain actions that would adversely affect the tax positions of limited partners of the partnership that transferred 1515 Broadway to SL Green through December 31, 2011. SL Green also agreed, in

connection with its acquisition of the property located at 220 East 42nd Street, New York, New York not to take certain actions that would adversely affect the tax positions of certain of the partners who held interests in this property prior to the acquisition for a period of seven years after the acquisition. In connection with SL Green's acquisition of the property located at 625 Madison Avenue, New York, New York, SL Green has agreed not to take certain actions that would adversely affect the tax positions of certain of the partners who held interests in this property prior to the acquisition for a period of seven years after the acquisition. SL Green also agreed, in connection with its acquisition of interests in the property located at 609 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, not to take certain actions that would adversely affect the tax positions of the partners who held interests in this property prior to the acquisition through January 31, 2014.

### **Financing Policies**

As a general policy, SL Green intends to limit its total consolidated indebtedness, and its pro rata share of unconsolidated indebtedness, so that at the time any debt is incurred, SL Green's debt to market capitalization ratio, or the Debt Ratio, does not exceed 60%. The SL Green charter and bylaws do not, however, limit the amount or percentage of indebtedness that SL Green may incur. In addition, SL Green may from time to time modify its debt policy in light of current economic conditions, relative costs of debt and equity capital, market values of its SL Green Properties, general conditions in the market for debt and equity securities, fluctuations in the market price of its common stock, growth and acquisition opportunities and other factors. Accordingly, SL Green may increase its Debt Ratio beyond the limits described above. If this policy were changed, SL Green could become more highly leveraged, resulting in an increased risk of default on its obligations and a related increase in debt service requirements that could adversely affect the financial condition and results of operations of SL Green and SL Green's ability to make distributions to stockholders.

SL Green has established its debt policy relative to the total market capitalization of SL Green computed at the time the debt is incurred, rather than relative to the book value of its assets, a ratio that is frequently employed, because it believes the book value of its assets (which to a large extent is the depreciated value of real property, SL Green's primary tangible asset) does not accurately reflect its ability to borrow and to meet debt service requirements. Total market capitalization, however, is subject to greater fluctuation than book value, and does not necessarily reflect the fair market value of the underlying assets of SL Green at all times. Moreover, due to fluctuations in the value of SL Green's portfolio of properties over time, and since any measurement of SL Green's total consolidated indebtedness, and its pro rata share of unconsolidated indebtedness incurred, to total market capitalization is made only at the time debt is incurred, the Debt Ratio could exceed the 60% level.

SL Green has not established any limit on the type of indebtedness that may be incurred in respect of or secured by any single property or on its portfolio as a whole.

Although SL Green will consider factors other than total market capitalization in making decisions regarding the incurrence of debt (such as the purchase price of properties to be acquired with debt financing, the estimated market value of properties upon refinancing, and the ability of particular properties and SL Green as a whole to generate sufficient cash flow to cover expected debt service), there can be no assurance that the Debt Ratio, or any other measure of asset value, at the time the debt is incurred or at any other time will be consistent with any particular level of distributions to stockholders.

### **SL Green's Policies with Respect to Other Activities**

SL Green and SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. have authority to offer shares of SL Green common stock and preferred stock, limited partnership units and preferred limited partnership units of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. or options to purchase capital stock or limited partnership units

of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. in exchange for property and to repurchase or otherwise acquire shares of its common stock or limited partnership units or other securities in the open market or otherwise and may engage in such activities in the future. SL Green may issue common stock from time to time, in one or more series, as authorized by its board of directors without further action by SL Green's stockholders, unless such action is required by applicable law or the rules of any stock exchange or automated quotation system on which SL Green's securities may be listed or traded. SL Green may issue preferred stock from time to time, in one or more series, as authorized by its board of directors without the need for stockholder approval. SL Green has not engaged in trading, underwriter or agency distribution or sale of securities of other issuers other than SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. or any of its affiliates, nor has SL Green invested in the securities of other issuers other than SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. for the purposes of exercising control, and does not intend to do so. At all times, SL Green intends to make investments in such a manner as to qualify as a REIT, unless because of circumstances or changes in the Code (or the Treasury Regulations), the board of directors determines that it is no longer in the best interest of SL Green to qualify as a REIT and such determination is approved by a majority vote of SL Green's stockholders, as required by SL Green's charter. SL Green from time to time has made loans to third parties and it may in the future continue to make loans to third parties, including, without limitation, to joint ventures in which it participates. In addition, SL Green's affiliate, Gramercy Capital Corp., is in the business of making loans to third parties. SL Green intends to make investments in such a way that it will not be treated as an investment company under the 1940 Act. SL Green's policies with respect to such activities may be reviewed and modified or amended from time to time by SL Green's board of directors without a vote of the stockholders.

*Borrowing by SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P.* SL Green is authorized to cause SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. to borrow money and to issue and guarantee debt as it deems necessary for the conduct of the activities of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. Such debt may be secured by mortgages, deeds of trust, liens or encumbrances on properties of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. or pledges of partnership or membership interests in the entities owning SL Green Properties. SL Green also may cause SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. to borrow money to enable SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. to make distributions, including distributions in an amount sufficient to permit SL Green, as long as it qualifies as a REIT, to avoid the payment of any United States federal income tax. See "Financing Policies." Pursuant to the Lock-out Provisions, SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. has agreed to certain limitations with respect to refinancing and repayment of the mortgage indebtedness on 673 First Avenue through August 20, 2009.

*Reimbursement of SL Green; Transactions with SL Green and its Affiliates.* SL Green does not receive any compensation for its services as general partner of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. SL Green, however, as a general partner and limited partner in SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P., has the same right to allocations and distributions as other partners in SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. In addition, SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. will reimburse SL Green for substantially all expenses it incurs relating to the ongoing operation of SL Green and offerings of limited partnership units or shares of SL Green common stock (or rights, options, warrants or convertible or exchangeable securities).

Except as expressly permitted by the SL Green Partnership Agreement, affiliates of SL Green will not engage in any transactions with SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. except on terms that are fair and reasonable and no less favorable to SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. than would be obtained from an unaffiliated third party.

*Sale of Assets.* Under the SL Green Partnership Agreement, SL Green generally has the exclusive authority to determine whether, when and on what terms the assets of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. (including the SL Green Properties) will be sold, subject to the Lock-out Provisions

and to the provisions of any agreements to which SL Green is a party. A sale of all or substantially all of the assets of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. (or a merger of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. with another entity) generally requires an affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding limited partnership units of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. (including limited partnership units held by SL Green), but also is subject to the Lock-out Provisions and to other agreements made by SL Green in connection with its acquisition of certain SL Green Properties or interests therein. Under the Lock-out Provisions, SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. may not, in general, sell or otherwise dispose of 673 First Avenue or 470 Park Avenue South (or any direct or indirect interest therein) during the Lock-out Period. Under certain other agreements, SL Green would, in general, be liable in the event of a sale of 1515 Broadway, 220 East 42nd Street, 625 Madison Avenue or 609 Fifth Avenue, or interests therein, prior to the expiration of certain tax-protection periods specified in each such agreement.

**Power to Issue Additional Shares of Common Stock and Preferred Stock**

SL Green believes that the power of its board of directors to issue additional authorized but unissued shares of its common stock or preferred stock and to classify or reclassify unissued shares of its common stock or preferred stock and thereafter to cause SL Green to issue such classified or reclassified shares of stock will provide SL Green with increased flexibility in structuring possible future financings and acquisitions and in meeting other needs which might arise. The additional classes or series, as well as shares of common stock, will be available for issuance without further action by SL Green's stockholders, unless such action is required by applicable law or the rules of any stock exchange or automated quotation system on which SL Green's securities may be listed or traded.

SL Green intends to furnish its stockholders with annual reports containing audited consolidated financial statements and an opinion thereon expressed by an independent public accounting firm and quarterly reports for the first three quarters of each fiscal year containing unaudited financial information.



## RECKSON'S POLICIES WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN ACTIVITIES

The following is a discussion of certain investment, financing and other policies of Reckson. These policies have been determined by Reckson's board of directors and may be amended or revised from time to time by Reckson's board of directors without a vote of its stockholders, except that (i) Reckson cannot change its policy of holding its assets and conducting its business only through Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. and its affiliates without the consent of the holders of units of limited partnership interest in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., as provided in the partnership agreement of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., and (ii) changes in certain policies with respect to conflicts of interest must be consistent with legal requirements. Reckson's investment, financing and other policies are all subject to the restrictions contained in the merger agreement and this section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the merger agreement, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety and attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex A. We urge all Reckson stockholders to carefully read the merger agreement in its entirety.

### Investment Policies

*Investment in Real Estate or Interests in Real Estate.* Reckson conducts all of its investment activities through Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. and its affiliates. Reckson's primary business objectives are to maximize current return to its stockholders through increases in distributable cash flow per share and to increase its stockholders' long-term total return through the appreciation in value of Reckson's common stock.

Reckson pursues its investment objectives through the ownership by Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. of its properties and other acquired properties and assets. Reckson currently invests primarily in Class A office properties and existing improved properties in New York City and the surrounding tri-state area central business district and core suburban markets located in the tri-state area. Reckson also selectively develops new Class A office properties primarily on land Reckson currently owns and may redevelop existing properties as opportunities arise. While Reckson may diversify in terms of property locations, size and market, Reckson does not have any limit on the amount or percentage of its assets that may be invested in any one property or any one geographic area. In addition, Reckson may purchase or lease income-producing commercial and other types of properties for long-term investment, expand and improve the real estate presently owned or other properties purchased, or sell such real estate properties, in whole or in part, when circumstances warrant.

Reckson may also participate with third parties in property ownership, through joint ventures or other types of co-ownership. Such investments may permit Reckson to own interests in larger assets without unduly restricting diversification and, therefore, add flexibility in structuring its portfolio. Reckson will not enter into a joint venture or partnership to make an investment that would not otherwise meet its investment policies. Equity investments may be subject to existing mortgage financing and other indebtedness or such financing or indebtedness as may be incurred in connection with acquiring or refinancing these investments. Debt service on such financing or indebtedness has a priority over any distributions with respect to shares of Reckson common stock.

Reckson's policy is to engage in investment activities in a manner that is consistent with the maintenance of its status as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In general, Reckson acquires assets for income, but may also acquire assets for possible capital gain. Subject to REIT qualification rules and certain other requirements, Reckson will consider disposing of assets if its management determines that a sale of such assets would be in Reckson's best interests based on the price being offered for the assets, the operating performance of the assets, the tax consequences of the sale and other factors and circumstances surrounding the proposed sale.

*Investment in Real Estate Mortgages.* Reckson also invests in mortgages (including participating or convertible mortgages), mezzanine loans and other types of real estate interests consistent with Reckson's qualification as a REIT. In general, these investments are secured by a pledge of either a direct or indirect ownership interest in the underlying real estate or leasehold, a first mortgage, other guaranties, pledges or assurances. Investments in real estate mortgages run the risk that one or more borrowers may default under certain mortgages and that the collateral securing certain mortgages may not be sufficient to enable Reckson to recoup its full investment.

*Securities of or Interests in Persons Primarily Engaged in Real Estate Activities and Other Issuers.* Subject to the percentage of ownership limitations and gross income tests necessary for REIT qualification, Reckson also may invest in securities of other REITs, other entities engaged in real estate activities or securities of other issuers, including for the purpose of exercising control over such entities. Investments are also subject to Reckson's policy not to be treated as an investment company under the 1940 Act.

### **Financing Policies**

Reckson currently has a policy of incurring debt only if upon such incurrence the debt ratio (defined as Reckson's total debt as a percentage of the sum of Reckson's total debt and the market value of Reckson's equity) would be 50% or less. Reckson's unsecured credit facility and the indenture under which unsecured notes of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. are issued contain financial covenants which limit Reckson's ability to incur indebtedness. However, Reckson's charter and bylaws do not limit the amount or percentage of indebtedness that Reckson may incur. In addition, Reckson may from time to time modify its debt policy in light of current economic conditions, relative costs of debt and equity capital, market values of its properties, general conditions in the market for debt and equity securities, fluctuations in the market price of Reckson common stock, growth opportunities, REIT qualification requirements and other factors. Accordingly, Reckson may increase or decrease its debt to total market capitalization ratio beyond the limits described above. If this policy were changed, Reckson could become more highly leveraged, resulting in higher interest payments that could adversely affect its ability to pay dividends and increase the risk of default of existing indebtedness.

To the extent that Reckson's board of directors decides to obtain additional capital, Reckson may raise such capital through additional equity offerings (including offerings of senior securities), debt financings or a combination of these methods. Reckson presently anticipates that any additional borrowings would be made through Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., although Reckson may guarantee indebtedness of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or incur indebtedness directly and loan the proceeds to Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. Borrowings may be unsecured or may be secured by any or all of the assets of Reckson, Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or any existing or new property owning affiliate and may have full or limited recourse to all or any portion of the assets of Reckson, Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or any existing or new property owning affiliate. Indebtedness incurred by Reckson or its affiliates may be in the form of bank borrowings, purchase money obligations to sellers of properties, publicly or privately placed debt instruments or financing from institutional investors or other lenders. The proceeds from any borrowings by Reckson or its affiliates may be used for working capital, to refinance existing indebtedness or to finance acquisitions, expansions or the development of new properties, and for the payment of distributions. Other than restrictions that may be imposed by lenders from time to time in connection with outstanding indebtedness, Reckson has not established limits on the number or amount of mortgages that may be placed on any single property or on its portfolio as a whole.

### **Conflict of Interest Policies**

Reckson has established an Affiliate Transaction Committee, consisting of all of Reckson's disinterested directors, to review and approve or disapprove any proposed transaction between Reckson

(or a subsidiary) and any person or entity who is an affiliate of Reckson at any time in the three-year period preceding the date of the proposed transaction, but only if (a) the value of the consideration to be paid by or to Reckson (or a subsidiary) pursuant to the transaction equals or exceeds \$10 million or (b) pursuant to the transaction, at least five percent of Reckson's assets are proposed to be sold, disposed of or transferred. In addition, Reckson has adopted certain policies and procedures, including an insider trading policy and a code of business conduct and ethics, applicable to all employees, officers and directors of Reckson, that are designed, among other things, to reduce the risk that outside interests of employees, officers and directors may conflict with the interests of Reckson and its stockholders. Reckson also has implemented a code of conduct for Reckson's chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer and other senior financial officers that requires such officers to set an exemplary standard of conduct for Reckson. Moreover, Reckson's board of directors is subject to certain provisions of Maryland law, which are designed to eliminate or minimize certain potential conflicts of interest. However, there can be no assurance that these policies and laws always will be successful in eliminating the influence of such conflicts, and if they are not successful, decisions could be made that might fail to reflect fully the interests of all Reckson stockholders.

Pursuant to Maryland law, each Reckson director will be subject to restrictions on misappropriation of corporate opportunities to himself or herself or his or her affiliates. In addition, under Maryland law, a contract or other transaction between Reckson and a director or between Reckson and any other corporation or other entity in which a Reckson director is a director or has a material financial interest is not void or voidable solely on the grounds of such interest, the presence of the director at the meeting at which the contract or transaction is approved or the director's vote in favor thereof if (a) the transaction or contract is approved or ratified, after disclosure of the common directorship or interest, by the affirmative vote of a majority of disinterested directors, even if the disinterested directors constitute less than a quorum, or by a majority of the votes cast by disinterested stockholders, or (b) the transaction or contract is fair and reasonable to Reckson at the time it is approved or ratified.

#### **Policies with Respect to Other Activities**

Reckson has authority to offer shares of Reckson common stock or preferred stock, units of limited partnership interest and preferred units of limited partnership interest in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or options to purchase shares of Reckson stock or units of limited partnership interest in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. in exchange for property and to repurchase or otherwise acquire its shares of common stock or units of limited partnership interest or other securities in the open market or otherwise and may continue to engage in such activities in the future. Subject to certain holding periods, units of limited partnership interest in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. may either be redeemed for cash or, at the election of Reckson, exchanged for shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis. Reckson generally intends (but is not obligated) to issue shares of Reckson common stock to holders of units of limited partnership interest in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. upon exercise of such redemption rights. Reckson may issue common stock from time to time, in one or more series, as authorized by its board of directors without further action by Reckson's stockholders, unless such action is required by applicable law or the rules of any stock exchange or automated quotation system on which Reckson's securities may be listed or traded. Reckson may issue preferred stock from time to time, in one or more series, as authorized by its board of directors without the need for stockholder approval.

Reckson has not engaged in trading, underwriting or agency distribution or sale of securities of other issuers other than Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., nor has Reckson invested in the securities of other issuers other than Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. for the purposes of exercising control, and does not intend to do so. At all times, Reckson intends to make investments in such a manner as to qualify as a REIT unless because of circumstances or changes in the Code (or the Treasury

Regulations), Reckson's board of directors determines that it is no longer in the best interest of Reckson to qualify as a REIT. Reckson may make loans to third parties, including, without limitation, to joint ventures in which it participates. Reckson intends to make investments in such a way that it will not be treated as an investment company under the 1940 Act. Reckson's policies with respect to such activities may be reviewed and modified or amended from time to time by Reckson's board of directors without a vote of its stockholders.

Reckson is subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. Pursuant to these requirements, Reckson files periodic reports, proxy statements and other information, including certified financial statements, with the SEC.

## SPECIAL FACTORS

### General

This proxy statement/prospectus is being furnished to you in connection with the proposed merger of Reckson with and into Wyoming Acquisition Corp., with Wyoming Acquisition Corp., a subsidiary of SL Green, surviving the merger. The merger will be carried out as provided in the merger agreement. A copy of the merger agreement is attached as **Appendix A** to this proxy statement/prospectus and is incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus.

This proxy statement/prospectus has been sent to you because you were a holder of shares of Reckson common stock on the record date set by Reckson's board of directors for a special meeting of Reckson stockholders to consider and vote upon a proposal to approve the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. This proxy statement/prospectus also constitutes a prospectus of SL Green, which is a part of the Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed by SL Green with the SEC under the Securities Act in order to register the shares of SL Green common stock to be issued to Reckson stockholders in the merger.

### Background of the Merger

Reckson's board of directors has from time to time engaged with senior management and outside advisors in strategic reviews, and has considered ways to enhance Reckson's performance and prospects in light of competitive and other relevant developments. These reviews have also included periodic discussions with respect to potential transactions that would further Reckson's strategic objectives, and the potential benefits and risks of those transactions. Among the potential transactions discussed by the Board were pursuing the acquisition of other public companies, seeking a merger-of-equals with other public companies, purchasing portfolios of assets, expanding Reckson's asset base beyond the office market, and expanding Reckson's geographic focus to other east coast cities.

On May 25, 2006, at an annual board meeting, Reckson management reviewed management's then current estimates of Reckson's net asset value with the board. Reckson's management discussed with the board the current state of the market for office properties and noted that pricing for office properties had become increasingly competitive with large amounts of capital being committed to the sector and that this had further resulted in decreasing expectations for yields on potential acquisitions. Reckson noted on its first quarter conference call that these factors could have a negative impact on its future growth prospects. In addition, the Reckson board discussed continuing Reckson's strategy of disposing of certain assets and noted that it could be difficult to identify opportunities to redeploy any proceeds from such dispositions and, accordingly, reinstated authorization of its share repurchase program.

During the course of the months of June and early July, Reckson management noted the continuation of the trends it had been observing and also noted that the escalation of prices for office properties in its markets was prompting consolidation among office REITs. Reckson management consulted with each of the members of the board of directors and Reckson's financial advisors, Goldman Sachs and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., or Citigroup, and invited the financial advisors to attend the next board meeting.

On July 10, 2006, the Reckson board of directors held a meeting at which it discussed Reckson's general strategic objectives and current trends in the commercial office market and REIT industry in general with Reckson's management and financial advisors. Particularly, the board of directors noted the abundance of capital in the private market targeted for large real estate deals, the unprecedented pricing achieved in office real estate transactions, particularly in New York City, and the historically high valuations of REIT stocks. Following this discussion, the Reckson board of directors also authorized management and the financial advisors to explore whether there were potential strategic

alternatives which could result in delivering more value to Reckson stockholders than Reckson's current business plan, including by contacting potentially interested parties.

On July 12, 2006, in accordance with the directives of the Reckson board of directors, Reckson's financial advisors contacted two potential strategic buyers and six potential financial buyers to solicit their interest in pursuing an acquisition of Reckson. These potential bidders were selected, following a review of a larger group of industry participants, based on, among other things, their ability to pay, their ability to consummate a transaction of the size contemplated and their participation in recent processes for other office properties and portfolios.

On July 13, 2006, a financial commentator discussed Reckson as a possible takeover candidate on a nightly television broadcast. Subsequent to this broadcast, two other potential strategic bidders contacted Reckson and expressed interest in participating in any process that might be underway or contemplated. Neither of these two potential bidders ultimately entered into confidentiality agreements. During the period from and after July 13, 2006 when Reckson was first widely mentioned as a potential takeover target, Reckson's stock price increased from its closing price of \$41.03 on July 13, 2006 with a high trading volume.

Of the ten potential bidders that either had been contacted or had independently contacted Reckson, three potential strategic buyers and three potential financial buyers entered into confidentiality agreements to permit them to receive nonpublic information concerning Reckson.

On July 15, 2006, Reckson made an online data room available to those potential bidders that had signed confidentiality agreements. Beginning on July 19, 2006, Reckson held in-person sessions with each of the potential bidders during which potential bidders received an overview of Reckson from executive management, with the assistance of Reckson's financial advisors, and were provided the opportunity to ask questions.

On July 19, 2006, at Reckson's direction, its financial advisors distributed a bid instruction letter to each of the six potential bidders setting forth a proposed time frame for bid submission. In accordance with Reckson's instructions, Goldman Sachs and Citigroup separately contacted each of the potential bidders to confirm that they would be able to review the diligence information in the online data room and, if interested, meet the proposed time frame. All of the potential bidders indicated that they would be able to do so.

Also on July 19, 2006, an internationally recognized investment bank mentioned Reckson in a widely disseminated research report as a potential takeover target, which was followed on July 26, 2006 by a similar widely disseminated report by a different investment bank. Notwithstanding these widely disseminated reports and wide ranging speculation that Reckson was potentially for sale, no other potential bidders contacted Reckson or its financial advisors.

On July 20, 2006, the Reckson board of directors met to receive an update on the process from Reckson's financial advisors. The financial advisors reviewed with the Reckson board of directors the feedback they had received to that point from potential bidders and informed the board that potential bidders had expressed concern with the high costs of New York City and New York State transfer taxes as well as New York State mortgage recording tax that would likely be due in connection with a transaction. In addition, the financial advisors noted that certain potential bidders had requested the ability to include common stock as part of the consideration. The financial advisors also informed the board of directors that while potential bidders had expressed interest in Reckson's New York City assets, many of the potential bidders had stated that they were less interested in certain of Reckson's suburban operating properties, land assets and other non-income producing assets which they believed represented a higher execution risk, and some had indicated that they might be willing to pay a higher price per share if an alternative solution could be found for assets that potential bidders did not wish to acquire. Based on this feedback, the Reckson board of directors instructed Goldman Sachs to

explore whether alternative solutions could be found for these assets. Additionally, the board authorized the Management Group to advance discussions with potential institutional partners relating to a proposal for the assets that potential bidders did not wish to acquire. Following this authorization, on July 21, 2006, Marathon entered into a confidentiality agreement with Reckson to permit it to receive confidential information concerning Reckson. An officer of Marathon was formerly an executive officer and director of Reckson and Marathon was generally familiar with Reckson. However, none of the Management Group, any of its members, or Reckson is an affiliate of Marathon, and all discussions between Marathon and the Management Group were at arms-length. The Management Group also approached several other parties to determine whether they would be interested in participating with the Management Group in acquiring these assets. Each of these additional parties, following discussions, indicated that they were not interested in partnering with the Management Group at the values being demanded by SL Green. The Management Group also considered financing the transaction with debt but determined that the logistics and cost of obtaining debt financing commitments prior to signing made it impracticable to do so.

Marathon and the Management Group discussed the possibility of forming a real estate fund that would be offered in a private placement to several investors to purchase the assets which SL Green did not wish to acquire and additional assets in the future. Among the items discussed were the sponsors of the fund, fee structure of such a fund, the nature of the equity commitments sought for the fund, the size of the fund, and the timetable for formation of the Fund.

On July 21, 2006, each potential bidder was sent a form of merger agreement, which it was instructed to markup and include with its bid.

On July 26, 2006, the executive committee of the Reckson board of directors met to receive an update on the process from Goldman Sachs and the Management Group. During this meeting, Goldman Sachs informed the executive committee that all of the potentially interested bidders had now indicated that they would be willing to pay more if there were a solution for assets they did not wish to acquire. The Management Group also at this meeting informed the executive committee that based on conversations they had had with potential partners, that the Management Group believed that they would be able to develop a proposal to present to each of the bidders with respect to these assets.

On July 27, 2006, two bidders (one of which was SL Green) submitted bids to acquire Reckson; however, each reiterated that it would be willing to pay more per share if there were a solution for assets it did not wish to acquire. Both bidders' proposals consisted of a combination of stock and cash and each had an indicative value of \$42.50. SL Green's bid consisted of approximately 73% cash and was accompanied by a merger agreement that it would be willing to enter into, while the other bidder's bid consisted of only 27% cash and was not accompanied by a form of merger agreement. No other bidders submitted bids for all or part of Reckson.

Over the course of July 27, 2006 and July 28, 2006, Goldman Sachs had a number of conversations with each of the two bidders and requested that they increase their prices. SL Green indicated that it could potentially increase its bid to include cash and stock which had a value of approximately \$43.50 (based on SL Green's closing stock price on July 28, 2006 of \$113.80) in light of, and conditioned on, the expected proceeds from the proposed sale of assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture. The other bidder indicated that while it might have some flexibility on the nature and mix of consideration, it did not indicate that it would be willing to increase the overall value of the consideration it was offering.

Marathon and the Management Group concluded that the complexities involved in the formation of a real estate fund, in light of the timing of the contemplated transaction, made it very unlikely that their discussions would be completed on the timetable being requested by the Affiliate Transaction Committee and SL Green. Accordingly, Marathon and the Management Group shifted their discussions towards creating a joint venture to acquire certain of the assets that SL Green did not wish to acquire, reserving the possibility of subsequently forming a real estate fund. This joint venture discussion

culminated in the creation of the Asset Purchasing Venture. In addition, Marathon and the Management Group discussed the terms of a commitment letter, whereby Marathon would commit to provide equity financing to the Asset Purchasing Venture and subject to conditions, the Management Group would have the ability to replace up to one half of this financing commitment with alternative sources of equity capital. Marathon requested to retain its right to invest one half of this financing commitment as compensation for issuing this financing commitment.

On July 28, 2006, the Reckson board of directors met to consider the two bids and discuss next steps. Given the possibility that a solution for the assets the bidders did not wish to acquire might include the participation of the Management Group, the Reckson board resolved that the Affiliate Transaction Committee of the board should conduct the process going forward. The Affiliate Transaction Committee consisted of the board's eight independent directors and excluded members of the Management Group.

Goldman Sachs explained to the Affiliate Transaction Committee that Goldman Sachs had requested, on behalf of Reckson, that each bidder raise its bid and increase the certainty of the value, either by increasing the amount of cash included in the bid or putting a "collar" on the stock price so that the shareholders would receive a bidder's shares with a minimum value regardless of any drop in the price of such shares between the signing of the agreement and the closing of the transaction. SL Green stated that it was not willing to increase the amount of cash or put a collar on the stock price. The other bidder indicated that it was not willing to raise its bid although it would consider increasing the amount of cash to 50% of the total consideration and would consider including a convertible security in its offer; however, it did not indicate that it would be willing to increase the overall value of the consideration it was offering. The Management Group informed the Affiliate Transaction Committee that the Management Group would be willing to propose to purchase the assets that SL Green was not interested in purchasing and would similarly be willing to work with any other bidders to purchase any assets that they would not be interested in purchasing if it would result in an increase in the overall consideration being paid to stockholders.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee instructed Goldman Sachs to determine whether other auction participants would be willing to pay more than SL Green if the Management Group purchased the assets SL Green did not wish to acquire at the prices that the Management Group indicated they would be willing to pay to SL Green. In addition, the Affiliate Transaction Committee instructed Goldman Sachs to determine whether any of the other auction participants would be interested in purchasing the assets that SL Green did not want to purchase. The Affiliate Transaction Committee also discussed hiring a financial advisor to determine the fairness to Reckson of the consideration to be received in any proposed sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture. Following the Affiliate Transaction Committee meeting on July 28, 2006, the Asset Purchasing Venture and SL Green continued to negotiate the price and terms pursuant to which the Asset Purchasing Venture might purchase the assets which SL Green did not wish to acquire. During the course of these negotiations, SL Green repeatedly indicated that it would be willing to increase its price to include cash and stock which had a value of approximately \$43.50 based on the then current market price per share of SL Green common stock only in light of, and conditioned on, the expected proceeds from the proposed sale of assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee met on July 30, 2006 to receive an update on the process. At this meeting, Goldman Sachs informed the Affiliate Transaction Committee that it had contacted other auction participants and had not identified any bidder or combination of bidders that was willing to pay more than the consideration proposed to be paid in the SL Green transaction. In addition, Goldman Sachs informed the Affiliate Transaction Committee that it had not identified any bidder or combination of bidders that was willing to pay more than the consideration proposed to be paid by the Asset Purchasing Venture for the Reckson assets SL Green did not want to purchase. On July 31, 2006, the Affiliate Transaction Committee retained Greenhill to provide an opinion as to the fairness, from a



financial point of view, to Reckson of the consideration to be received by Reckson in a proposed sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture. The Affiliate Transaction Committee also discussed with Goldman Sachs the impact on shareholder value of restructuring Reckson by selling only the New York City assets of Reckson and maintaining Reckson as a suburban focused company.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee met on July 31, 2006 and discussed the status of SL Green's proposed transaction for Reckson with Goldman Sachs and the transaction between SL Green and the Asset Purchasing Venture with Greenhill. The Affiliate Transaction Committee reviewed again the alternative of selling a portion of Reckson's assets to capitalize on the high valuations for office properties in the New York City market while retaining the assets that bidders did not wish to acquire for the benefit of Reckson's shareholders. At this meeting, the Management Group also informed the Affiliate Transaction Committee that they were continuing to negotiate the price and terms pursuant to which the Asset Purchasing Venture might purchase the assets which SL Green did not wish to acquire and that SL Green continued to request that the Asset Purchasing Venture increase the price at which it would purchase these assets in order for SL Green to agree to continue to maintain the economic terms of its bid based on the then current market price per share of SL Green common stock for the Reckson common stock. The Affiliate Transaction Committee directly and through Goldman Sachs explored with the Management Group means of increasing the Asset Purchasing Venture's bid for the purchase of assets as a means of increasing the total consideration available to Reckson's stockholders.

Between July 30, 2006 and August 2, 2006, Goldman Sachs contacted three of the four potential bidders who had signed confidentiality agreements (i.e. the bidders other than the two potential bidders who had submitted bids) to inquire as to whether they would be interested in acquiring the assets of Reckson that SL Green did not wish to acquire or whether they would be interested in acquiring the assets that SL Green was acquiring. In approaching each of these bidders, the same offer that the Asset Purchasing Group had made to SL Green was made to all of the other bidders, as well as the other potential bidder who has submitted a bid. In addition, Goldman Sachs contacted two other potential financial bidders who had not previously been contacted to inquire as to whether they would be interested in acquiring the assets that SL Green was acquiring. None of these potential bidders were interested in acquiring the assets of Reckson that SL Green did not wish to acquire at a price equal to or greater than the Asset Purchasing Venture was proposing to pay SL Green nor were any of these potential bidders interested in acquiring the assets that SL Green was acquiring at a price equal to or greater than SL Green was offering. The Affiliate Transaction Committee met on August 2, 2006 with Goldman Sachs and Greenhill to receive an update on the status of SL Green's proposed transaction for Reckson. The Management Group updated the Affiliate Transaction Committee on the continuing negotiations between SL Green and the Asset Purchasing Venture.

Early in the morning on August 3, 2006, the Affiliate Transaction Committee met with Goldman Sachs and Greenhill. Goldman Sachs reviewed for the Affiliate Transaction Committee the background of discussions with SL Green since their last meeting and the progress of negotiations, and reported on Reckson's due diligence review of SL Green. In connection with the deliberation by the Affiliate Transaction Committee, Greenhill rendered to the Affiliate Transaction Committee its oral opinion as described under " Fairness Opinion Regarding August 3 Letter Agreement," that, as of August 3, 2006, and subject to and based on the qualifications and assumptions described to the Affiliate Transaction Committee, the consideration received in the sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture was fair, from a financial point of view, to Reckson. Goldman Sachs delivered its opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee that, as of August 3, 2006 and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 shares of SL Green common stock to be received for each outstanding share of Reckson common stock, taken in the aggregate, pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to holders of such shares. The Management Group reported to the Affiliate Transaction Committee at the August 3, 2006 meeting that the documentation with respect

to the Asset Purchasing Venture's potential transaction with SL Green was not yet completed and requested that the Affiliate Transaction Committee be available later that morning when it was completed.

Marathon was not present or involved at any time in any discussions or negotiations relating to the Merger Agreement. Marathon and the Management Group continued to discuss the terms of the joint venture, including the selection and pricing of the assets for the joint venture, the business plan for the venture, the funding of the venture, and the equity participation of Marathon and the Management Group. These discussions were concluded and the Asset Purchasing Venture was formed on August 3<sup>rd</sup> immediately before the signing of the transaction with SL Green. In connection with the formation of the Asset Purchasing Venture, Marathon provided a commitment letter to the Asset Purchasing Venture which subject to conditions provide the Management Group with the option to secure alternative sources of equity capital for up to one half of this commitment.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee reconvened later in the morning on August 3, 2006. Goldman Sachs and Greenhill were present for this meeting. The Management Group reviewed for the Affiliate Transaction Committee the changes the Asset Purchasing Venture had made to their transaction with SL Green in order for SL Green to agree to maintain the economic terms of its bid. Greenhill and Goldman Sachs reconfirmed their respective oral opinions given at the meeting earlier in the day on August 3, 2006. Subsequent to August 3, 2006, Greenhill reviewed the financial terms of the letter agreement, dated August 3, 2006, pursuant to which the Asset Purchasing Venture agreed to purchase certain Reckson assets and delivered a written opinion confirming its oral opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee that, as of August 3, 2006, the consideration to be received by Reckson in such sale was fair, from a financial point of view, to Reckson. Following these discussions, and review and discussion among the members of the Affiliate Transaction Committee, including consideration of the factors described under "Reckson's Reasons for the Merger," including that Reckson could terminate the merger agreement on payment of a break-up fee under certain circumstances if a superior competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson were proposed, each of the Affiliate Transaction Committee and Reckson's board unanimously determined that the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement and the related transactions and agreements are advisable and in the best interests of Reckson and its unaffiliated stockholders, and each of the Affiliate Transaction Committee and Reckson's board voted unanimously to approve the merger agreement with SL Green and the transactions contemplated thereby. On August 3, 2006, the Asset Purchasing Venture and SL Green entered into a letter agreement providing for the sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture.

The proposed merger was announced on the morning of August 3, 2006 in a press release issued jointly by Reckson and SL Green.

On September 15, 2006, SL Green, the Asset Purchasing Venture and the Management Group amended and restated the letter agreement, dated August 3, 2006, to make clarifying changes.

Subsequent to the signing of the merger agreement, Reckson received a request by certain former members of management of Reckson for access to due diligence materials. The Affiliate Transaction Committee determined that this request did not meet the requisite standard for providing such access under the applicable provisions of the merger agreement.

On October 13, 2006, SL Green, the Asset Purchasing Venture and the Management Group amended and restated the letter agreement, dated September 15, 2006, to make clarifying changes by entering into 5 asset purchase agreements and a letter agreement (collectively, the "Sale Agreement").

## Reckson's Reasons for the Merger

After careful consideration, the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's board of directors and Reckson's board of directors determined that the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement are advisable, fair to and in the best interests of Reckson as a whole and its unaffiliated stockholders, and, by unanimous vote, approved and adopted the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby. The members of the board of directors who considered the transaction consisted of the same individuals as the members of the Affiliate Transaction Committee and the board of directors' reasons for approving and adopting the merger agreement were identical to those of the Affiliate Transaction Committee. The purpose of the merger for Reckson is to enable its stockholders to immediately realize the value of their investment in Reckson through their receipt of the per share merger consideration of \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock, without interest and less any required withholding taxes, while still maintaining the opportunity for Reckson stockholders to participate in future earning or growth and benefit from any appreciation in value of SL Green. In evaluating the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, the Affiliate Transaction Committee and the board of directors as a whole consulted with its legal and financial advisors and considered a number of factors that the members believed supported their decision, including the following:

the directors' familiarity with, and presentations by Reckson's management regarding, the business, operations, properties and assets, financial condition, business strategy, the estimated net asset value of Reckson's assets and prospects of Reckson, as well as the risks involved in achieving those prospects, the nature of the industry in which Reckson competes, industry trends and economic and market conditions, both on an historical and on a prospective basis;

the increasingly competitive market for office properties in Reckson's markets which had led to a decrease in expected yields on new acquisitions of office properties and limited Reckson's potential for future growth;

the fact that the office REIT subsector was one of the best performing subsectors of the REIT industry and that many office REITs were trading at or near their 52-week highs and at a premium to Wall Street estimates of net asset value;

the fact that the REIT privatization market had been very active and that there was an abundance of capital in the private market for large real estate transactions;

the auction process conducted by Reckson, with the assistance of Reckson's financial advisors, which included contacting eight potential bidders and responding to two other possible participants to solicit interest in a potential transaction with Reckson, and executing confidentiality agreements with and providing non-public information to six of those parties;

the absence of a bid from another party or group of parties that is more desirable than that from SL Green, notwithstanding the auction process undertaken by Reckson and that the fact that Reckson was undergoing an auction process was widely reported in the trade press and mainstream media;

the potential stockholder value that could be expected to be generated from the various strategic alternatives available to Reckson, including (1) the alternative of remaining independent, (2) restructuring alternatives involving the sale of certain assets and subsidiaries and (3) other measures to create value and the risks associated with executing such strategic alternatives and achieving such potential values;

its belief that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby were more favorable to stockholders than the other strategic alternatives discussed above reasonably

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available to Reckson and its stockholders due to the fact that as a result of the merger, Reckson stockholders will immediately realize the value of their investment in Reckson through their receipt of the per share merger consideration of \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock, without interest and less any required withholding taxes, while still maintaining the opportunity for Reckson stockholders to participate in future earning or growth and benefit from any appreciation in value of SL Green;

the financial presentation of Goldman Sachs and its opinion, dated August 3, 2006, to the Affiliate Transaction Committee, to the effect that, as of August 3, 2006 and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 shares of SL Green common stock to be received for each outstanding share of Reckson common stock, taken in the aggregate, pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to holders of such shares. The full text of the opinion, which sets forth the assumptions made, matters considered and limitations on the scope of review undertaken by Goldman Sachs in rendering its opinion, is attached to this proxy statement as **Annex B**. A discussion of the opinion and presentation appears in the section below entitled " Fairness Opinion Regarding Merger Consideration;"

the oral opinion on August 3, 2006 (subsequently confirmed in writing) of Greenhill, as investment bankers, to the Affiliate Transaction Committee, to the effect that, as of that date and based upon and subject to the various considerations and assumptions described on that date, the consideration to be received by Reckson in the sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture was fair, from a financial point of view, to Reckson. The full text of the written opinion, dated August 11, 2006, which sets forth the assumptions made, matters considered and limitations on the scope of review undertaken by Greenhill in rendering its opinion, is attached to this proxy statement as **Annex C**. Stockholders should read the opinion carefully and in its entirety, as well as the section below entitled " Fairness Opinion Regarding August 3 Letter Agreement;"

the financial and other terms and conditions of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby as reviewed by the Affiliate Transaction Committee and the fact that they were the product of extensive negotiations between the parties;

the fact that the \$43.31 price (based on the SL Green stock price of \$112 per share on the date before the merger agreement was announced) being paid for each Reckson share in the merger represented a premium of 13.6% based on the last twelve months average market price of \$38.11 per share, a premium of 7.0% based on the 180-trading day average market price of \$40.47 per share, a premium of 5.7% based on the 90-trading day average market price of \$40.98 per share and a premium of 4.7% based on the 30-trading day average market price of \$41.37 per share;

the fact that \$31.68 of the merger consideration plus an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend is payable in cash;

the fact that the Reckson share price increased following the historically high trading volume that resulted from the public speculation that Reckson might be a possible takeover target;

the fact that the per share price of \$43.31 price (based on the SL Green stock price of \$112 per share on the date before the merger agreement was announced) exceeded Reckson's book value per unit of \$15.77 at June 30, 2006;

its belief that selling only a portion of Reckson's assets to capitalize on the high valuations for office properties in the New York City market while retaining the assets that bidders did not wish to acquire would not likely produce a greater value for Reckson's shareholders than selling

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all of Reckson due to transaction costs, costs associated with corporate morale and employee efficiency from a reduction in Reckson's size and scale, costs associated with market perception of a shift to a suburban-focused strategy along with the risk of a lower market valuation due to such shift in strategy, the fact that there are fixed costs associated with being a public company which puts a smaller-scale company at a disadvantage relative to its competitors and the fact that the opportunities to reinvest any sale proceeds are limited due to decreasing expectations for yields on potential acquisitions;

the fact that, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the merger agreement, Reckson is permitted to furnish information to and conduct negotiations with third parties that make an unsolicited proposal relating to a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson (as defined in the section entitled "The Merger Agreement No Solicitation");

the fact that, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the merger agreement, Reckson is permitted to terminate the merger agreement in order to approve a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson proposed by a third party that is a superior competing transaction (as defined in the section entitled "The Merger Agreement No Solicitation"), upon the payment to SL Green of a \$99.8 million termination fee (see "The Merger Agreement Termination" and "The Merger Agreement Break-Up Fees and Expenses");

the fact that the transaction creates an opportunity for Reckson stockholders to capitalize on historically high valuations for office properties, particularly in New York City;

the fact that there is currently a favorable market for and unprecedented pricing achieved in sales of office REITs; and

the fact that a portion of the merger consideration is payable in shares of SL Green providing stockholders the opportunity to participate in the future earnings and growth of SL Green and to benefit from any future appreciation in value of SL Green.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee believes that sufficient procedural safeguards were and are present to ensure the fairness of the merger to Reckson's unaffiliated stockholders and to permit the Affiliate Transaction Committee to represent effectively the interests of Reckson's unaffiliated stockholders. These procedural safeguards include the following:

the fact that that the Affiliate Transaction Committee is comprised entirely of independent directors;

the fact that, other than the indemnification of and provision of directors and officers liability insurance for each director for six years from and after the effective time of the merger, the members of the Affiliate Transaction Committee will not receive any consideration in connection with the merger that is different from that received by any other stockholder of Reckson;

the fact that the Affiliate Transaction Committee made its evaluation of the merger agreement and the merger based upon the factors discussed in this proxy statement/prospectus, independent of management, and with knowledge of the interests of management in the merger;

the auction process conducted by Reckson, with the assistance of Reckson's financial advisors, which included contacting eight potential bidders and responding to two other possible participants to solicit interest in a potential transaction with Reckson, and executing confidentiality agreements with and providing non-public information to six of these parties;

the absence of a bid from another party or groups of parties that provided more value to Reckson stockholders than that from SL Green, notwithstanding the auction process undertaken by Reckson and the fact that Reckson was undergoing an auction process that was publicly reported in the trade press and mainstream media;



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the fact that Reckson is permitted under certain circumstances to furnish information and engage in discussions or negotiations in response to unsolicited inquiries regarding proposals for a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson, and to terminate the merger agreement in order to enter into an agreement for a superior competing transaction;

the fact that Goldman Sachs, acting on instructions from the Affiliate Transaction Committee, inquired of auction participants whether they would be willing to pay more than SL Green if the Asset Purchasing Venture purchased certain of the Reckson assets at the prices that the Asset Purchasing Venture had offered to SL Green;

the fact that no other potential purchasers indicated a willingness to pay more for the assets that SL Green did not wish to purchase; and

the fact that the Affiliate Transaction Committee retained Greenhill to provide an opinion as to the fairness, from a financial point of view, to Reckson of the consideration to be received by Reckson in the sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture.

In light of the procedural safeguards discussed above and the fact that as of October 13, 2006, the record date, members of management held and are entitled to vote, in the aggregate, less than 1.2% of Reckson's outstanding shares of common stock, the Affiliate Transaction Committee did not consider it necessary to require approval of the merger agreement by at least a majority of Reckson's unaffiliated stockholders entitled to vote and be present at the special meeting.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee also considered a variety of risks and other potentially negative factors concerning the merger agreement and the merger, including the following:

the risk that the merger might not be completed in a timely manner or at all;

the fact that the per share price of \$43.31 price (based on the SL Green stock price of \$112 per share on the date before the merger agreement was announced) was approximately 1.5% below the price of Reckson's shares of \$43.95 on August 2, 2006;

the risks and costs to Reckson if the merger does not close, including the diversion of management and employee attention, potential employee attrition and the potential effect on business and customer relationships;

the fact that the receipt of the merger consideration for Reckson common stock pursuant to the merger will be a taxable transaction for United States federal income tax purposes;

the terms of the Management Group's participation in the merger and the fact that the management stockholders have interests, and that certain other managers may have material financial interests, in the transaction that are different from, or in addition to, those of Reckson's other stockholders;

the restrictions on the conduct of Reckson's business prior to the completion of the merger, requiring Reckson to conduct its business in all material respects only in the ordinary course, subject to specific limitations, which may delay or prevent Reckson from undertaking business opportunities that may arise pending completion of the merger; and

the possibility that the \$99.8 million termination fee payable by Reckson and the requirement to reimburse SL Green for certain reasonable out-of-pocket expenses up to a limit of \$13 million under specified circumstances may discourage others from making proposals for a competing transaction to acquire Reckson.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee did not consider the liquidation value of Reckson's assets separately from the going concern value of those assets because it does not believe that there is a distinction between going concern value and liquidation value for income-producing properties such as





Reckson's properties, where the likely sale price in the event of liquidation is expected to be equal to the going concern value of the property. Therefore, no separate appraisal of liquidation values was sought for purposes of evaluating the merger.

The foregoing discussion summarizes the material factors considered by the Affiliate Transaction Committee in its consideration of the merger. After considering these factors, the Affiliate Transaction Committee concluded that the positive factors relating to the merger agreement and the merger outweighed the negative factors. In view of the wide variety of factors considered by the Affiliate Transaction Committee, the Affiliate Transaction Committee did not find it practicable to quantify or otherwise assign relative weights to the foregoing factors. In addition, individual members of the Affiliate Transaction Committee may have assigned different weights to various factors. Reckson's Affiliate Transaction Committee approved and recommends the merger agreement and the merger based upon the totality of the information presented to and considered by it.

#### **Certain Effects of the Merger**

If the merger agreement is adopted by Reckson stockholders and certain other conditions to the closing of the merger are either satisfied or waived, Reckson will be merged with and into Wyoming Acquisition Corp., with Wyoming Acquisition Corp. being the surviving corporation. Following the merger, the entire equity in the surviving corporation will be owned by SL Green. See "The Merger Agreement" for a complete description of the merger agreement.

At the effective time of the merger, Reckson's stockholders will cease to have direct ownership interests in Reckson and will instead become holders of SL Green common stock. Therefore, current Reckson stockholders will participate in future earnings or growth of Reckson and benefit from any appreciation in the value of Reckson only indirectly through their investment in SL Green.

Shares of Reckson common stock are currently registered under the Exchange Act and are listed on the NYSE under the symbol "RA." As a result of the merger, Reckson will be a privately held corporation, and there will be no public market for shares of its common stock. After the merger, shares of Reckson common stock will cease to be listed on the NYSE. In addition, registration of the Reckson common stock under the Exchange Act will be terminated. After the effective time of the merger, Reckson will also no longer be required to file periodic reports with the SEC in respect of its common stock.

At the effective time of the merger, the directors and officers of Wyoming Acquisition Corp. will be the directors and officers of the surviving company. At the effective time of the merger, the charter and bylaws of Wyoming Acquisition Corp. in effect immediately prior to the effective time will be the charter and bylaws of the surviving corporation.

As described under "Interests of Directors and Officers of Reckson in the Merger Sale Agreement," simultaneously with the completion of the merger, one or more entities affiliated with the Management Group will purchase certain of Reckson's assets. Through their investment in the purchasers of the Reckson assets, the members of the Management Group will have the opportunity to participate in any future earnings or future appreciation in the value of the purchased assets. In addition, it is anticipated that one or more entities affiliated with the Management Group will provide management, leasing, development and other services for the purchased assets and will receive fees for these services. At the same time, the Management Group will incur significant transaction costs in connection with the purchase of these assets, have put a substantial cash deposit at risk and will bear the risks of any future losses or depreciation in value of their interests in the purchased assets. Moreover, it is anticipated that the purchased assets will be subject to substantial indebtedness, as described under "Interests of Directors and Executive Officers of Reckson in the Merger Sale Agreement Financing." In addition, there will be no public market for the equity interests held by the Management Group and there can be no assurance as to the liquidity of their interests in the

purchasers nor with respect to the values realizable in the future upon a sale of any of the purchased assets.

#### **Effects on Reckson if the Merger is Not Completed**

In the event that the merger agreement is not adopted by Reckson stockholders or if the merger is not completed for any other reason, Reckson stockholders will not receive any payment for their shares in connection with the merger. Instead, Reckson will remain an independent public company and its shares of common stock will continue to be listed and traded on the NYSE.

In addition, if the merger is not completed, Reckson expects that management will operate the business in a manner similar to that in which it is being operated today and that Reckson stockholders will continue to be subject to the same risks and opportunities as they currently are, including, among other things, the nature of the industry on which Reckson's business depends, and general industry, economic and market conditions.

Accordingly, if the merger is not consummated, there can be no assurance as to the effect of these risks and opportunities on the future value of Reckson common stock. From time to time, Reckson's board will evaluate and review the business operations, properties, dividend policy and capitalization of Reckson, among other things, make such changes as are deemed appropriate and continue to seek to identify strategic alternatives to maximize stockholder value. If the merger agreement is not adopted by Reckson stockholders or if the merger is not consummated for any other reason, there can be no assurance that any other transaction acceptable to Reckson will be offered, or that the business, prospects or results of operations of Reckson will not be adversely impacted.

Additionally, if the merger is not consummated, the costs involved in connection with pursuing the merger, the substantial management time and effort required to effectuate the merger and the related disruption of Reckson's operations (including the potential loss of key employees) would be borne by Reckson.

If the merger agreement is terminated under certain circumstances, Reckson will be obligated to pay SL Green a termination fee of up to \$99.8 million. Additionally if the merger agreement is terminated under certain other circumstances, Reckson will be obligated to reimburse SL Green's and the other purchaser parties' reasonable out-of-pocket expenses up to \$13 million. For a description of the circumstances triggering payment of part or all of the termination fee or reimbursement of SL Green's and the purchaser parties' reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, see "The Merger Agreement Break-up Fees and Expenses."

**Recommendation of the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's Board of Directors and of Reckson's Board of Directors**

The Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's board of directors and Reckson's board of directors as a whole at a special meeting held on August 3, 2006, after due consideration, unanimously:

determined that it was advisable, fair to and in the best interests of Reckson and Reckson's unaffiliated stockholders for Reckson to enter into the merger agreement and consummate the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement; and

approved the merger agreement, the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement and directed that they be submitted to Reckson's stockholders for approval at a special meeting of stockholders.

**Each of the Affiliate Transaction Committee and Reckson's board unanimously recommends that Reckson's common stockholders vote "FOR" the approval of the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement (including the asset sale provisions).**

**SL Green's Reasons for the Merger**

The factors that the SL Green board of directors considered in reaching its determination to approve the merger agreement were as follows:

the merger presents an opportunity to solidify SL Green's position as the dominant New York City landlord;

the acquisition is expected to provide substantial FFO accretion and synergies;

the Reckson New York City assets being acquired by SL Green are of a high quality and compare favorably with SL Green's current portfolio;

the acquisition of Reckson provides SL Green with select suburban properties in Stamford, Connecticut and Westchester County, New York to offer to tenants as an alternative to Manhattan which are easily accessible from Manhattan and are logical extensions of SL Green's core portfolio; and

the belief of SL Green's board of directors that the overall terms of the merger agreement are in the best interests of SL Green and its stockholders.

The SL Green board of directors also considered certain potentially negative factors that could arise from the proposed merger. The material potentially negative factors considered were as follows:

the potential difficulties that SL Green might experience integrating the Reckson businesses into SL Green's existing businesses;

the risk and costs to SL Green if the merger does not close;

the risk that Reckson stockholders might not approve the merger; and

the risk that the anticipated benefits of the merger might not be fully realized.

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The foregoing discussion addresses the material information and factors considered by SL Green's board of directors in its consideration of the merger. In view of the variety of factors and the amount of information considered, SL Green's board did not find it practicable to, and did not, make specific assessments of, quantify or otherwise assign relative weights to, the specific factors considered in reaching its determination. The recommendation of SL Green's board of directors was made after consideration of all the factors as a whole. In addition, individual members of SL Green's board may have given different weights to different factors.

**SL Green's Purposes and Reasons for the Transactions Contemplated by the Sale Agreement**

The purpose of effecting the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement is to limit the number of new markets SL Green will be entering in connection with the merger in order to permit it to remain focused on its core New York City based portfolio. While SL Green's core New York City portfolio will expand as a result of the merger, purchasing the entirety of Reckson's portfolio would require SL Green to have new investments in a number of non-core markets. In considering the acquisition of the Reckson portfolio, SL Green determined that, with the exception of the downtown commercial business district markets of Stamford, Connecticut and White Plains, New York and its environs, all of the assets held in Reckson's portfolio that are not in New York City were in suburban markets that SL Green views as having less near-term opportunity. SL Green also determined that the continued operation and maintenance of the assets outside of the markets in its historical core portfolio would require significant time and attention from its management team and potentially detract from their ability to continue to achieve the high levels of performance from the assets in their core portfolio. In addition to detracting from management's focus on SL Green's core portfolio, the cost and risk associated with developing, implementing and maintaining the infrastructure necessary to operate and manage properties in these new markets would be high from SL Green's perspective. The assets located in Stamford and White Plains and its environs were identified by SL Green as representing a logical extension of SL Green's core portfolio to include downtown commercial business strategy with properties directly accessible from New York City along the Metro North commuter rail lines from Grand Central Station where SL Green has its largest concentration of properties. Accordingly, SL Green determined to hold these assets following the merger.

SL Green expressed its desire to acquire only a portion of the Reckson portfolio and informed Reckson that it would be able to pay a higher price in the merger if the properties it did not wish to acquire could be sold to another party as part of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. During the course of negotiations, SL Green was informed that the Management Group would be interested in acquiring a portion of these assets if SL Green would raise the price it was willing to pay in the merger and SL Green determined to pursue negotiations with the Management Group. After reviewing the proposal made by Reckson management, SL Green determined that the overall terms of the proposal were in the best interests of SL Green and its stockholders. Following negotiation with the Management Group regarding the prices to be paid for the assets, the significant cost and management time savings, and the fact that all of the properties being sold were outside of its core New York City market, SL Green determined to pursue the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement.

The foregoing discussion addresses the material information and factors considered by SL Green's board of directors in its consideration of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement. In view of the variety of factors and the amount of information considered, SL Green's board did not find it practicable to, and did not, make specific assessments of, quantify or otherwise assign relative weights to, the specific factors considered in reaching its determination. The recommendation of SL Green's board of directors was made after consideration of all the factors as a whole. In addition, individual members of SL Green's board may have given different weights to different factors.

**Position of the Management Group as to Fairness of the Transactions Contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the Merger**

Under a potential interpretation of the rules and regulations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, governing "going private" transactions, each of the members of the Management Group, by reason of the proposed sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture or one or more designees affiliated with the Management Group and the merger contemplated by the merger agreement, may be deemed to be engaged in a "going private" transaction. See "Special Factors Certain Effects of the Merger."

As described under "Special Factors Background of the Merger," during the course of the process being conducted by the Reckson board of directors with respect to the possible sale or merger of the company, the Management Group, along with affiliates of Marathon Asset Management, LLC, expressed interest in a possible purchase of certain Reckson assets after potential bidders indicated to Reckson that they had limited interest in these assets. The Management Group believed that its willingness to purchase these assets might facilitate the process being undertaken by the board of directors and might enable potential bidders to increase the overall value being paid to Reckson stockholders. After two bidders submitted proposals to acquire Reckson which indicated that the bidder would be willing to pay more if a solution were found for assets each bidder did not wish to acquire, the members of the Management Group, with the consent of the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's board of directors, initiated discussions with SL Green regarding the purchase of these assets. They also expressed a willingness to work with any other bidder to purchase any asset that the bidder would not be interested in purchasing, if it would result in an increase in the overall value being paid to Reckson stockholders. However, no other bidder offered to pay a higher price than that being offered by SL Green.

The amount of the merger consideration payable to Reckson stockholders is not contingent upon consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the Management Group and Reckson believe that the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement is not a condition to the merger agreement. Moreover, the members of the Management Group will not retain any ownership interest in Reckson following consummation of the merger and are not affiliated with SL Green. Nonetheless, as described above, under a potential interpretation of the SEC rules and regulations governing "going private" transactions, the Management Group may be deemed to be engaged in a "going private" transaction and therefore may be required under applicable SEC rules to express a view as to the fairness of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the merger. The views of the Management Group as to the fairness of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the merger should not be construed as a recommendation to any stockholder as to how that stockholder should vote on the proposal to approve the merger.

None of the members of the Management Group undertook a formal evaluation of the fairness of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement or the merger or engaged a financial advisor for such purposes. However, each of the members of the Management Group believes that the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the merger are substantively and procedurally fair to the unaffiliated stockholders of Reckson (excluding from consideration the members of the Management Group) and each has adopted the analyses and conclusions of both the Affiliate Transaction Committee and Reckson's board of directors based upon the reasonableness of those analyses and conclusions and his respective knowledge of Reckson as well as the findings of Reckson's Affiliate Transaction Committee and its board of directors with respect to the fairness of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the merger (see " Reckson's Reasons for the Merger" and " Recommendation of the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's Board of Directors and of Reckson's Board of Directors" above). In addition, with respect to the fairness of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement, the Management Group considered the fact that the Affiliated Transaction Committee received an oral opinion from Greenhill on August 3, 2006 that, as of such date, and based upon and subject to the various factors, assumptions and limitations described on that date, the consideration to be received by Reckson in the transactions contemplated by the August 3 Letter Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to Reckson (see "Special Factors Reckson's Reasons for the Merger", " Recommendation of the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's Board of Directors and of Reckson's Board of Directors" and " Fairness Opinion Regarding August 3 Letter Agreement"). Moreover, the Management Group considered that no potential bidder expressed interest in purchasing the assets covered by the Sale Agreement at prices acceptable to Reckson's board of directors or the Affiliated Transaction Committee, notwithstanding that the potential bidders for Reckson had the opportunity to buy the assets covered by the Sale Agreement at the price offered

by the Management Group to SL Green. In addition, with respect to the fairness of the merger, the Management Group considered the fact that the Affiliate Transaction Committee received an oral opinion from Goldman Sachs on August 3, 2006 that, as of such date and based upon and subject to the various factors, assumptions and limitations set forth therein, the \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 shares of SL Green common stock to be received for each outstanding share of Reckson common stock, taken in the aggregate, pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to holders of such shares (see "Special Factors-Reckson's Reasons for the Merger", "Recommendation of the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's Board of Directors and of Reckson's Board of Directors" and "Fairness Opinion Regarding Merger Consideration"). While Messrs. Rechler and Maturro are directors of Reckson, because of their interest in the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement, they did not participate in the evaluation or approval of the Sale Agreement or the merger agreement and the merger. For these reasons, each of the members of the Management Group believes that his respective interest in the Sale Agreement did not influence the decision of the Affiliate Transaction Committee with respect to the Sale Agreement, or the merger agreement and the merger.

The foregoing discussion of the information and factors considered and given weight by each of the members of the Management Group in connection with the fairness of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the merger is not intended to be exhaustive. Moreover, none of the members of the Management Group found it practicable to, or did, quantify or otherwise attach relative weights to the foregoing factors in reaching his respective position as to the fairness of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the merger. Each of the members of the Management Group believes that these factors provide a reasonable basis for his belief that the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement and the merger are fair to the unaffiliated stockholders of Reckson (other than the members of the Management Group). This belief should not, however, be construed in any way as a recommendation to any unaffiliated stockholder of Reckson as to whether such stockholder should vote in favor of the adoption of the merger agreement.

#### **Fairness Opinion Regarding Merger Consideration**

Goldman Sachs rendered its opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee that, as of August 3, 2006 and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the merger consideration to be received for each outstanding share of Reckson common stock, taken in the aggregate, pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to holders of such shares.

**The full text of the written opinion of Goldman Sachs, dated August 3, 2006, which sets forth assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Annex B. Goldman Sachs provided its opinion for the information and assistance of the Affiliate Transaction Committee in connection with its consideration of the merger. The Goldman Sachs opinion is not a recommendation as to how any holder of Reckson common stock should vote with respect to the merger agreement.**

In connection with rendering the opinion described above and performing its related financial analyses, Goldman Sachs reviewed, among other things:

the merger agreement;

annual reports to stockholders and Annual Reports on Form 10-K of Reckson and SL Green for the five fiscal years ended December 31, 2005;

certain interim reports to stockholders and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q of Reckson and SL Green;

certain other communications from Reckson and SL Green to their respective stockholders;

certain research analyst estimates of the future financial performance of SL Green;

certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for SL Green prepared by the management of SL Green; and

certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for Reckson prepared by its management.

Goldman Sachs also held discussions with members of the senior managements of Reckson and SL Green regarding their assessment of the strategic rationale for, and the potential benefits of, the merger and the past and current business operations, financial condition and future prospects of their respective companies. Goldman Sachs also discussed with the senior managements of Reckson and SL Green their intention to implement a separate transaction whereby specified assets of Reckson would be sold by Reckson to an acquirer affiliated with management of Reckson for cash and the effects of that asset sale on Reckson, SL Green and the expected benefits of the merger. In addition, Goldman Sachs reviewed the reported price and trading activity for Reckson common stock and SL Green common stock, compared certain financial and stock market information for Reckson and SL Green with similar information for certain other companies the securities of which are publicly traded, reviewed the financial terms of certain recent business combinations in the office real estate industry specifically and in other industries generally and performed such other studies and analyses, and considered such other factors, as it considered appropriate.

Goldman Sachs relied upon the accuracy and completeness of all of the financial, legal, accounting, tax and other information discussed with or reviewed by it and assumed such accuracy and completeness for purposes of rendering the opinion described above. In that regard, Goldman Sachs assumed, with the Affiliate Transaction Committee's consent, that the internal financial analyses and forecasts for Reckson prepared by the management of Reckson have been reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of Reckson. In addition, Goldman Sachs did not make an independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets and liabilities (including any contingent, derivative or off-balance-sheet assets and liabilities) of Reckson or SL Green or any of their respective subsidiaries, nor was any evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities of Reckson or SL Green or any of their respective subsidiaries furnished to Goldman Sachs. Goldman Sachs also assumed that all governmental, regulatory or other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the merger would be obtained without any adverse effect on Reckson or SL Green or on the expected benefits of the merger in any way meaningful to its analysis. Goldman Sachs also assumed, with the Affiliate Transaction Committee's consent, that there will not be any transfers of assets of Reckson, other than the asset sale as described to Goldman Sachs by the senior managements of Reckson and SL Green, and that the effects of that asset sale on Reckson, SL Green and the expected benefits of the merger discussed with Goldman Sachs by the senior managements of Reckson and SL Green represent the best currently available estimates and judgments of Reckson and SL Green. Goldman Sachs' opinion did not address the underlying business decision of Reckson to engage in the merger. In addition, Goldman Sachs did not express any opinion as to the prices at which the shares of SL Green will trade at any time. Goldman Sachs' opinion was necessarily based on economic, monetary, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to Goldman Sachs as of, the date thereof.

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses delivered by Goldman Sachs to the Affiliate Transaction Committee in connection with rendering the opinion described above. The following summary, however, does not purport to be a complete description of the financial analyses performed by Goldman Sachs, nor does the order of analyses described represent relative importance or weight given to those analyses by Goldman Sachs. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses include information presented in tabular format. The tables must be read together with the full text of each summary and are alone not a complete description of Goldman Sachs' financial analyses. Except



as otherwise noted, the following quantitative information, to the extent that it is based on market data, is based on market data as it existed on or before July 28, 2006 and is not necessarily indicative of current market conditions.

*Net Asset Value Analysis.* Reckson management performed a net asset value analysis on a property-by-property basis using stabilized net operating income and management-determined capitalization rates. Goldman Sachs presented management's net asset value analysis by allocating the properties by market and using 2007 estimated net operating income with an implied capitalization rate derived from the 2007 net operating income. Management calculated an illustrative per share net asset value of Reckson common stock equal to \$37.20 (not taking into account estimated transaction expenses, but after giving effect to tranche III of the property sale transaction with the Australian LPT entity). Goldman Sachs then compared this illustrative per share net asset value to a consensus analyst estimate of net asset value equal to \$40.71 per share of Reckson common stock. Goldman Sachs also noted that excluding the estimate of Banc of America Securities due to a significant increase in its net asset value calculation to \$47.48 on July 28, 2006, which accompanied a research piece regarding rumors of a sale of Reckson, the consensus analyst estimate of net asset value was \$39.35. Additionally, Goldman Sachs noted that the implied merger consideration of \$43.50 per share of Reckson common stock exceeded both management's per share net asset value of Reckson common stock of \$37.20 and the consensus analyst estimate of net asset value of \$40.71.

*Illustrative FFO Multiple Analysis.* Goldman Sachs calculated illustrative implied prices of the common stock of Reckson by multiplying management's undiscounted forward estimated funds from operations per share of common stock of Reckson for each of the six years from 2006 through 2011, by a range of multiples from 12.0x to 17.0x. This range of multiples was chosen based on the multiples of historical funds from operations per share that the historical stock prices for Reckson and selected comparable companies represented. Goldman Sachs calculated such price ranges for both a management "base case" and a management "upside case." Per management, in the base case Goldman Sachs assumed 5% funds from operations growth for 2010 and 2011 and in the upside case Goldman Sachs assumed 10% funds from operations growth for 2010 and 2011. The illustrative implied prices per share of Reckson common stock ranged from \$28.44 to \$55.67 for the base case and \$28.44 to \$61.09 for the upside case.

*Illustrative Discounted Cash Flows.* Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative discounted cash flow analysis on Reckson using management's (a) 3-year forecasts, (b) 5-year base case forecasts and (c) 5-year upside case forecasts. Goldman Sachs calculated illustrative implied per share present values of Reckson common stock by using projected dividend payments for the years 2007 through 2009 and 2007 through 2011 (assuming a 4% dividend growth rate per year starting 2008, per management) and illustrative residual value indications in 2009 and 2011, respectively, based on management's estimated funds from operations and multiples ranging from 12.0x to 17.0x. This range of multiples was chosen based on the multiples of historical funds from operations per share that the historical stock prices for Reckson and selected comparable companies represented. The projected dividend payments and the illustrative residual value indications derived from this analysis were then discounted to an illustrative implied present value using discount rates ranging from 7.0% to 11.0%. Goldman Sachs determined the discount rates based upon its judgment of the estimated cost of capital of Reckson, which included consideration of historical rates of return for publicly-traded common stocks, risks inherent in the industry, and specific risks associated with the continuing operations of Reckson on a stand-alone basis. The illustrative implied per share present values of Reckson common stock ranged from \$30.37 to \$45.85 for the 3-year base case, \$30.07 to \$47.20 for the 5-year base case and \$31.69 to \$49.96 for the 5-year upside case.

*Historical Trading Analysis.* Goldman Sachs analyzed the merger consideration to be received by holders of Reckson common stock pursuant to the merger agreement, assuming a \$43.50 aggregate

value for such consideration (based on the closing price of \$44.68 per share of Reckson common stock on July 28, 2006). First, Goldman Sachs compared such \$43.50 value to the historical trading price of Reckson common stock during periods ending July 28, 2006. This analysis indicated that the implied merger consideration in the amount of \$43.50 per share of Reckson common stock represented:

- a discount of 2.6% based on the July 28, 2006 market price of \$44.68 per share;
- a premium of 5.2% based on the 30-trading day average market price of \$41.37 per share;
- a premium of 6.2% based on the 90-trading day average market price of \$40.98 per share;
- a premium of 8.6% based on the 180-trading day average market price of \$40.07 per share; and
- a premium of 14.2% based on the latest twelve months average market price of \$38.11 per share.

Next, Goldman Sachs compared such \$43.50 value to the historical trading price of Reckson common stock during periods ending July 12, 2006, the last full trading day before market rumors of the sale of Reckson were publicly reported. This analysis indicated that the implied merger consideration in the amount of \$43.50 per share of Reckson common stock represented:

- a premium of 3.9% based on the July 12, 2006 market price of \$41.86 per share;
- a premium of 8.9% based on the 30-trading day average market price of \$39.95 per share;
- a premium of 5.7% based on the 90-trading day average market price of \$41.15 per share;
- a premium of 10.0% based on the 180-trading day average market price of \$39.55 per share; and
- a premium of 15.4% based on the latest twelve months average market price of \$37.68 per share.

Goldman Sachs also reviewed premia derived from comparing the implied merger consideration in the amount of \$43.50 with net asset value calculations from Wall Street analysts' average (both with and without Banc of America Securities' estimate) and Reckson management. The implied merger consideration was compared with net asset values calculated on both July 28, 2006 and July 12, 2006. The following table presents the results of these analyses:

	<b>Premium Over 7/28/06 Net Asset Value</b>	<b>Premium Over 7/12/06 Net Asset Value</b>
<b>Wall Street Average Net Asset Value</b>	6.9%	11.5%
<b>Wall Street Average Net Asset Value without Banc of America estimates</b>	10.5%	11.7%
<b>Reckson Management Net Asset Value</b>	16.9%	16.9%

*Selected Transactions Analysis.* Goldman Sachs analyzed certain information relating to the following selected transactions in the office real estate industry since December 22, 2005, which is the date that the Arden Realty transaction was announced, the first of a series of recent, similar transactions:

Brookfield Properties Corp. The Blackstone Group/Trizec Properties Inc.

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The Blackstone Group/CarrAmerica Realty Corporation

General Electric Capital Corporation/Arden Realty, Inc.

Among the transactions that took place in the selected timeframe these three transactions, in the judgment of Goldman Sachs, were the most similar to the Reckson transaction. For each of the selected transactions, Goldman Sachs calculated and compared the implied capitalization rate and the

price per square foot of real estate. These metrics were chosen for comparison because they are industry standard metrics used to evaluate real estate assets. The price per square foot for the selected transactions is based on information from publicly available documents. Reckson's implied price per square foot and implied capitalization rate are derived from net operating income provided by Reckson management and does not allocate estimated transaction expenses. The following table presents the results of this analysis:

	Target Company Reckson		Trizec	CarrAmerica	Arden
<b>Implied Cap Rate</b>	5.0%	5.2%	5.6%	6.2%	6.0%
<b>Price per square foot</b>	\$ 345	\$ 251	\$ 235	\$ 255	
<b>Premium on Announcement</b>	-2.6%	17.9%	8.9%	-3.7%	
<b>Premium to 30-day Average</b>	5.2%	21.1%	17.3%	-1.3%	
<b>Premium to 90-day Average</b>	6.2%	19.3%	25.3%	7.9%	

The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process and is not necessarily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. Selecting portions of the analyses or of the summary set forth above, without considering the analyses as a whole, could create an incomplete view of the processes underlying Goldman Sachs' opinion. In arriving at its fairness determination, Goldman Sachs considered the results of all of its analyses and did not attribute any particular weight to any factor or analysis considered by it. Rather, Goldman Sachs made its determination as to fairness on the basis of its experience and professional judgment after considering the results of all of its analyses. No company or transaction used in the above analyses as a comparison is directly comparable to Reckson or SL Green or the contemplated transaction.

Goldman Sachs prepared these analyses for purposes of Goldman Sachs providing its opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee as to the fairness from a financial point of view of the merger consideration to be received by holders of Reckson common stock, taken in the aggregate, pursuant to the merger agreement. These analyses do not purport to be appraisals nor do they necessarily reflect the prices at which businesses or securities actually may be sold. Analyses based upon forecasts of future results are not necessarily indicative of actual future results, which may be significantly more or less favorable than suggested by these analyses. Because these analyses are inherently subject to uncertainty, being based upon numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their respective advisors, none of Reckson, SL Green, Goldman Sachs or any other person assumes responsibility if future results are materially different from those forecast.

The merger consideration was determined through arms'-length negotiations between the Affiliate Transaction Committee and SL Green and was approved by the Affiliate Transaction Committee. Goldman Sachs provided advice to the Affiliate Transaction Committee during these negotiations. Goldman Sachs did not, however, recommend any specific amount of consideration to Reckson or the Affiliate Transaction Committee or that any specific amount of consideration constituted the only appropriate consideration for the merger.

As described above, Goldman Sachs' opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee was one of many factors taken into consideration by the Affiliate Transaction Committee in making its determination to approve the merger agreement. The foregoing summary does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Goldman Sachs in connection with the fairness opinion and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the written opinion of Goldman Sachs attached as **Annex B**.

Goldman Sachs and its affiliates, as part of their investment banking business, are continually engaged in performing financial analyses with respect to businesses and their securities in connection with mergers and acquisitions, negotiated underwritings, competitive biddings, secondary distributions of listed and unlisted securities, private placements and other transactions as well as for estate, corporate and other purposes. Goldman Sachs acted as financial advisor to the Affiliate Transaction Committee (including certain actions on behalf of the Board of Directors of Reckson) in connection

with, and participated in certain of the negotiations leading to, the transaction contemplated by the merger agreement. In addition, Goldman Sachs has provided certain investment banking services to Reckson and its affiliates from time to time, including having extended an unfunded loan commitment (aggregate principal amount \$20,000,000) to Reckson in July 2005; acted as lead arranger for a mortgage financing in the form of an unsecured bridge loan (aggregate principal amount \$250,000,000) in February 2006; and acted as joint managing underwriter for the offering of 6.00% Senior Notes due 2016 (aggregate principal amount \$275,000,000) of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. in March 2006. Goldman Sachs has provided certain investment banking services to SL Green from time to time, including having provided mezzanine financing (aggregate principal amount \$30,000,000) for a mortgage financing of the 1515 Broadway property of SL Green in September 2003; acted as lead manager for a mortgage financing (aggregate principal amount \$211,120,000) of the 220 East 42nd Street property of SL Green in December 2003; and acted as sole lender for a mortgage financing (aggregate principal amount \$190,000,000) for the 55 Corporate Drive, New Jersey property of SL Green in June 2006. Goldman Sachs also may provide investment banking services to Reckson, SL Green and their respective affiliates in the future. In connection with the above-described investment banking services Goldman Sachs received, and may receive, compensation.

Goldman Sachs is a full service securities firm engaged, either directly or through its affiliates, in securities trading, investment management, financial planning and benefits counseling, risk management, hedging, financing and brokerage activities for both companies and individuals. In the ordinary course of these activities, Goldman Sachs and its affiliates may provide such service to Reckson, SL Green and their respective affiliates, may actively trade the debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) of Reckson and SL Green for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and may at any time hold long and short positions of such securities.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee selected Goldman Sachs as its financial advisor because it is an internationally recognized investment banking firm that has substantial experience in transactions similar to the merger. Pursuant to a letter agreement, dated August 2, 2006, the Affiliate Transaction Committee engaged Goldman Sachs to act as its financial advisor in connection with the merger. Pursuant to the terms of this engagement letter, Reckson has agreed to pay Goldman Sachs a transaction fee of \$12 million, \$10 million of which is payable upon consummation of the transaction. In addition, Reckson has agreed to reimburse Goldman Sachs for its reasonable expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements, and to indemnify Goldman Sachs and related persons against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the federal securities laws.

#### **Fairness Opinion Regarding August 3 Letter Agreement**

Pursuant to an engagement letter dated August 2, 2006, Reckson retained Greenhill to render an opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee as to the fairness, from a financial point of view, to Reckson of the aggregate consideration to be received from the Asset Purchasing Venture pursuant to the letter agreement, dated August 3, 2006, providing for the sale of certain Reckson assets (the "Assets") to the Asset Purchasing Venture (the "Asset Sales").

At the meeting of the Affiliate Transaction Committee on August 3, 2006, Greenhill rendered its oral opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee that, as of such date, and based upon and subject to the various considerations and assumptions described in the opinion, the aggregate consideration to be paid by the Asset Purchasing Venture in the proposed Asset Sales was fair, from a financial point of view, to Reckson.

In arriving at its opinion, Greenhill, among other things, did the following prior to August 3, 2006:

reviewed certain publicly available business and financial information relating to Reckson and the Assets that Greenhill deemed relevant;

reviewed certain information, including net operating income forecasts and other financial and operating data concerning the Assets, prepared by management of Reckson (the "Projections");

compared the consideration payable for the Assets with the consideration and capitalization rates paid in certain publicly disclosed transactions that Greenhill deemed relevant;

compared the consideration payable for the Assets with the trading valuations of certain publicly traded companies that Greenhill deemed relevant when evaluating the Assets in a standalone company;

compared certain financial terms, to the extent publicly available, of certain acquisitions Greenhill deemed relevant; and

performed such other analyses and considered such other factors as Greenhill deemed appropriate.

Subsequent to August 3, 2006, Greenhill reviewed the financial terms of the letter agreement, dated August 3, 2006, and delivered a written opinion confirming to the Affiliate Transaction Committee that, as of August 3, 2006, the consideration to be paid by the Asset Purchasing Venture in the proposed Asset Sales was fair, from a financial point of view, to Reckson.

**The full text of the written opinion of Greenhill, dated August 11, 2006, which sets forth, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limits on the opinion and the review undertaken in connection with rendering the opinion, is attached as Annex C to this proxy statement/prospectus and is incorporated herein by reference. You are urged to read the opinion in its entirety.**

Greenhill's written opinion is addressed to the Affiliate Transaction Committee and is not a recommendation as to how Reckson's stockholders should vote with respect to the merger or any other matter. Greenhill's opinion does not address any terms or other aspects of the merger or the Asset Sales (other than the consideration to be received by Reckson to the extent expressly specified therein), including the form or structure of the merger or Asset Sales or the consideration payable to any holders of securities, creditors or other constituencies of Reckson or Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. Greenhill did not solicit expressions of interest from third parties regarding the merger or the Asset Sales. Greenhill was not asked to opine to, and Greenhill's opinion did not address, the relative merits of the merger or the Asset Sales in comparison to any other business strategies or transactions that may have been available to Reckson or in which Reckson might have engaged, as to whether any transaction might be more favorable to Reckson as an alternative to the merger or Asset Sales or the underlying business decision to proceed with or effect the merger or Asset Sales. The summary of Greenhill's opinion set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of such opinion attached to this proxy statement/prospectus.

In giving its opinion, Greenhill assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of all information that was either publicly available or supplied or otherwise made available to it by representatives, senior executives and other members of management of Reckson for the purposes of its opinion. Greenhill further relied upon the assurances of the representatives, senior executives and other members of management of Reckson that they were not aware of any facts or circumstances that would make such information inaccurate or misleading. With respect to the Projections, Greenhill assumed that they were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best then currently available estimates and good faith judgments of Reckson management as to the future financial performance of the Assets. Greenhill expressed no opinion with respect to such Projections or the assumptions upon which they were based. Greenhill also assumed the accuracy of the transfer tax estimates provided by Reckson management and that any adjustments to the Consideration pursuant to the letter agreement, dated August 3, 2006, would not be material to its analysis. Greenhill also assumed that all material governmental, regulatory or other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the merger and Asset Sales would be obtained without any adverse effect on the Assets, Reckson or Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or on the contemplated benefits of the Assets Sales.

Greenhill did not make any independent appraisal of the assets or liabilities of the Assets, nor was it furnished with any such valuations or appraisals. Greenhill has assumed that the Asset Sales will be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the letter agreement, dated August 3, 2006, and the form of Asset Purchase Agreement included as Exhibit B to the letter agreement, dated August 3, 2006 (after satisfaction and not waiver of the conditions to closing of the Asset Sales). Greenhill's opinion was necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to it, as of August 3, 2006. It should be understood that subsequent developments may affect its opinion, and Greenhill does not have any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm its opinion.

The following is a summary of the material financial and comparative analyses delivered by Greenhill to the Affiliate Transaction Committee in connection with rendering its opinion described above. The summary set forth below does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Greenhill, nor does the order of analyses described represent relative importance or weight given to those analyses by Greenhill. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses include information presented in tabular format. The tables must be read together with the full text of each summary and are not alone a complete description of Greenhill's financial analyses.

*Precedent Transactions Analysis.* Using publicly available information, Greenhill reviewed selected precedent transactions announced between August 2004 and July 2006 from Reckson's industry sector and the overall REIT industry with a transaction value greater than \$500 million. Specifically, Greenhill reviewed the following transactions:

<b>Date Announced</b>	<b>Sector</b>	<b>Acquiror</b>	<b>Target</b>
6/5/2006	Office	Brookfield Properties & The Blackstone Group	Trizec Properties
3/6/2006	Office	The Blackstone Group	CarrAmerica Realty
2/10/2006	Office	LBA Realty LLC	Bedford Property Investors
12/21/2005	Office	GE Real Estate / Trizec Properties	Arden Realty Trust
10/3/2005	Office	Brandywine Realty Trust	Prentiss Properties Trust
6/17/2005	Office	DRA Advisors	CRT Properties
12/19/2005	Apartments	Morgan Stanley Real Estate	Town & Country Trust
10/23/2005	Apartments	Morgan Stanley Real Estate	AMLI Residential Properties
6/7/2005	Apartments	ING Clarion	Gables Residential Trust
7/10/2006	Retail	Kimco Realty	Pan Pacific Retail
7/9/2006	Retail	Centro Properties	Heritage Property Investment Trust
8/19/2004	Retail	General Growth Properties	The Rouse Company
12/6/2005	Industrial	CalEast Industrial Investors	CenterPoint Properties Trust
6/6/2005	Industrial	ProLogis	Catellus Development Corp.
3/6/2006	Storage	Public Storage	Shurgard Storage Centers

In performing its analysis, Greenhill focused on four of the foregoing precedent transactions, specifically the Brandywine Realty Trust/Prentiss Properties Trust transaction, the GE Real Estate-Trizec Properties/Arden Realty Trust transaction, The Blackstone Group/CarrAmerica Realty transaction and the Brookfield Properties and The Blackstone Group/Trizec Properties transaction. Greenhill selected these four precedent transactions because they were recent transactions in which the targets' portfolios of properties were in the same industry sector as the Assets and had similar asset quality and property characteristics, including value per square foot and strength of the real estate markets where the properties are located. In Greenhill's judgment, the other precedent transactions involved portfolios of properties with asset quality and property characteristics that were not similar to the Assets.

Using publicly available information for each of the four selected precedent transactions, Greenhill analyzed the transaction value per square foot for the properties acquired (a regularly calculated metric that is used by industry participants to compare transactions). The transaction value per square foot was \$195, \$255, \$235 and \$251 for the Brandywine Realty Trust/Prentiss Properties Trust transaction,

the GE Real Estate/Arden Realty Trust transaction, The Blackstone Group/CarrAmerica transaction and the Brookfield Properties and The Blackstone Group/Trizec Properties transaction, respectively, while the consideration per square foot to be received by Reckson in the Assets Sales is \$229.

For each of the four selected precedent transactions, Greenhill also analyzed the average implied initial year capitalization rates (initial year net operating income divided by transaction value) another industry standard measure of comparison as specified in various available equity research reports on the transaction. The average initial year capitalization rates were 7.1%, 5.9%, 6.2% and 6.0% for the Brandywine Realty Trust/Prentiss Properties Trust transaction, the GE Real Estate/Arden Realty Trust transaction, The Blackstone Group/CarrAmerica transaction and the Brookfield Properties and The Blackstone Group/Trizec Properties transaction, respectively, while the proposed initial year capitalization rate for the Assets (management's projections of the aggregate 2007 net operating income for the operating properties divided by the consideration attributable to the operating properties that are included in the Assets) is 6.1%. Greenhill applied the 5.9% to 7.1% range of average initial year capitalization rates that it calculated for the four selected precedent transactions to the aggregate projected 2007 net operating income for the operating properties that are included in the Assets of \$114.3 million, which was furnished to Greenhill by Reckson's management. To this result, Greenhill added the values of the land and other assets that are included in the Assets, which were provided to Greenhill by Reckson management, yielding an implied value for the Assets in the range of \$1,845 million to \$2,172 million. Greenhill noted that the proposed consideration to be paid by the Asset Purchasing Venture to Reckson in the Asset Sales is in this range of implied values for the Assets.

*Comparable Public Companies Analysis.* Greenhill also compared selected financial data with respect to the Assets with similar data for selected public companies that Greenhill judged to have characteristics similar to the Assets. Specifically, Greenhill selected the following public REITs specializing in the office sector:

Company	Office Sector
Vornado	Central Business District
Boston Properties	Central Business District
Brookfield Properties	Central Business District
SL Green Realty	Central Business District
Maguire Property	Central Business District
Liberty Property	Suburban
Mack-Cali Realty	Suburban
Brandywine Realty	Suburban
Kilroy	Suburban
HRPT Properties	Suburban
Crescent R.E.	Suburban
Corporate Office Properties	Suburban
Highwoods Properties	Suburban
Parkway Properties	Suburban
Alexandria Real Estate Equities	Specialty
BioMed Realty Trust	Specialty
Equity Office	National

Greenhill selected these companies, among other reasons, because of their specialization in the office REIT sector, geographic location, asset quality, market capitalization and capital structure. None of the companies utilized in the analysis, however, have portfolios of properties that were identical to the Assets. Accordingly, a complete analysis of the results of the following calculations cannot be limited to a quantitative review of such results and involves complex considerations and judgments concerning the differences in financial and operating characteristics of the comparable companies and other factors that could affect the public trading value of the comparable companies, as well as the potential value of the Assets.



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In performing its analysis, Greenhill focused primarily on three of the foregoing comparable companies, specifically Mack-Cali Realty, Liberty Property and Brandywine Realty because these companies have assets with similar locations and quality to the Assets and would have similar trading characteristics to the Assets if the Assets were to be placed in a standalone company.

Using publicly available information, Greenhill reviewed the equity value of these selected public REITs (based on the closing price per share on August 1, 2006) with estimates for 2007 funds from operations ("FFO") for these REITs as reported by Thomson Financial Company First Call. The 2007 FFO multiples (closing price per share divided by FFO per share) for Mack-Cali Realty, Liberty Property and Brandywine Realty were 13.6x, 14.3x and 12.2x, respectively. Using publicly available information, Greenhill also analyzed the total debt of each of these companies as of the end of the most recently reported fiscal quarter to their enterprise value (based on the closing price per share on August 1, 2006 and the total debt amount) and determined these ratios to be 36%, 36% and 51%, respectively. Greenhill then used the FFO multiples and total debt/enterprise value ratios for the three comparable companies to analyze the implied value of the Assets assuming the Assets were held by a standalone publicly traded REIT or held as a standalone publicly traded REIT that is offered for sale in the current merger environment. These analyses are described below.

*Standalone Company Analysis.* Greenhill estimated the implied enterprise value of Reckson after a sale of all of its assets other than the Assets as a hypothetical standalone publicly traded REIT (the "Standalone Valuation"). Using Reckson management estimates, Greenhill assumed that the assets of Reckson that were not part of the Assets were sold for proceeds (net of associated debt) of \$3,018 million. Greenhill determined the Standalone Valuation based on the distribution of the net proceeds under two scenarios described below.

In the first scenario, a "lower leverage scenario," based on analyses provided to Greenhill by Reckson management, Greenhill assumed that \$1,516 million of the net proceeds from the sale of the other assets would be distributed to Reckson stockholders, \$112 million would be used to pay taxes and \$1,390 million would be used to reduce Reckson's debt to \$272 million, resulting in a pro forma ratio of total debt to enterprise value of 21.3%. Under this first scenario, Reckson management estimated pro forma 2008 FFO for the standalone company containing the Assets would be \$92.5 million. Based on its comparable public company analysis (described in the previous section) and experience in other transactions of this type, Greenhill applied a multiple range of 13.0x to 15.0x to management's pro forma 2008 FFO of \$92.5 million, yielding an implied equity valuation for the hypothetical standalone company owning the Assets of \$1,203 to \$1,388 million. Greenhill selected this multiple range based on the 2007 FFO multiples for each of the three comparable companies (described in the previous section). To this result, Greenhill added pro forma debt of \$272 million, yielding an implied enterprise value range of \$1,475 to \$1,660 million. Greenhill noted that proposed consideration to be paid by the Asset Purchasing Venture to Reckson in the Asset Sales exceeds this implied enterprise valuation.

In the second scenario, a "higher leverage scenario," based on analyses provided to Greenhill by Reckson management, Greenhill assumed that \$1,961 million of the net proceeds from the sale of the other assets would be distributed to Reckson stockholders, a tax benefit of \$75 million would be available and \$1,131 million of the net proceeds would be used to reduce Reckson's debt to \$522 million, resulting in a pro forma ratio of total debt to enterprise value of 39.1%. Under the second scenario, Reckson management estimated that pro forma 2008 FFO for the standalone company containing the Assets would be \$76.3 million. Based on comparable public company analysis (described in the previous section), Greenhill applied a multiple range of 12.0x to 14.0x to management's pro forma 2008 FFO of \$76.3 million, yielding an implied equity valuation for the hypothetical standalone company owning the Assets of \$916 to \$1,068 million. Greenhill selected this multiple range based on the 2007 FFO multiples for each of the three comparable companies (described in the previous section). To this result, Greenhill added pro forma debt of \$522 million, yielding an enterprise value

range of \$1,438 to \$1,590 million. Greenhill noted that proposed consideration to be paid by the Asset Purchasing Venture to Reckson in the Asset Sales exceeds this implied enterprise valuation.

*Standalone Company Analysis with Merger Premium.* For each of the two scenarios for the standalone company analysis (described in the two previous paragraphs), Greenhill also applied a merger premium to the equity valuations to determine the Standalone Valuation assuming the standalone company was acquired in the current merger environment. Greenhill reviewed the merger premiums paid, based on the closing price of the target's stock one day prior to announcement, 30 days prior to announcement and 90 days prior to announcement for each of the 15 precedent transactions described in the section above entitled " Precedent Transaction Analysis." The highest merger premiums were 90 days prior to announcement where the mean and medium premiums were 21.7% and 20.1% respectively. Accordingly, Greenhill applied a 20% premium to the equity valuation range in the first scenario of \$1,203 million to \$1,388 million, yielding an equity valuation of \$1,444 to \$1,666 and a 20% premium to the equity valuation range in the second scenario of \$916 million to \$1,068 million, yielding an equity valuation of \$1,099 to \$1,282. In each case, Greenhill noted that the proposed consideration to be paid by the Asset Purchasing Venture to Reckson in the Asset Sales exceeds this implied equity valuation.

The summary set forth above does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses or data presented by Greenhill, but simply describes, in summary form, the material analyses that Greenhill conducted in connection with its opinion. The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process and is not necessarily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. In arriving at its opinion, Greenhill did not attribute any particular weight to any analyses or factors considered by it and did not form an opinion as to whether any individual analysis or factor, considered in isolation, supported or failed to support its opinion. Rather, Greenhill considered the totality of the factors and analyses performed in determining its opinion. Accordingly, Greenhill believes that the summary set forth above and its analyses must be considered as a whole and that selecting portions thereof, without considering all of its analyses, could create an incomplete view of the processes underlying its analyses and opinion. Greenhill based its analyses on assumptions that it deemed reasonable, including assumptions concerning general business and economic conditions and industry-specific factors. Analyses based on forecasts of future results are inherently uncertain, as they are subject to numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their advisors. Accordingly, Greenhill's analyses are not necessarily indicative of actual values or actual future results that might be achieved, which values may be higher or lower than those indicated. Moreover, Greenhill's analyses are not and do not purport to be appraisals or otherwise reflective of the prices at which businesses actually could be bought or sold.

The Affiliate Transaction Committee retained Greenhill based on its qualifications and expertise in providing financial advice to acquirors, target companies and their respective boards of directors in merger and acquisition transactions. Greenhill had no prior material relationship with Reckson or SL Green. Greenhill is entitled to a fee in the amount of \$1,000,000 for delivering its opinion to the Affiliate Transaction Committee and \$250,000 for financial advisory services. In addition, Reckson has agreed to reimburse Greenhill for its expenses, including the reasonable expenses of its counsel, and to indemnify Greenhill and its affiliates for certain liabilities arising out of its engagement.

Greenhill's opinion was one of many factors considered by the Affiliate Transaction Committee in evaluating the Asset Sales and should not be viewed as determinative of the views of the Affiliate Transaction Committee with respect to the Asset Sales.

#### **Certain Reckson Projections**

Although Reckson periodically issues guidance concerning its financial performance, Reckson as a matter of course does not publicly disclose detailed forecasts or internal projections as to its future

revenues, earnings or financial condition. However, during the course of Reckson's exploration of strategic alternatives, Reckson prepared and made available to potential bidders (including SL Green), Reckson's financial advisors and Greenhill certain business and financial data concerning projected future performance that Reckson believes was not publicly available. Such information included the projections with respect to Reckson which are summarized below. See "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" beginning on page 31.

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2006		2007	
	Base Case(1)	Modified Case(2)	Base Case	Modified Case(2)
	(\$ in thousands)			
Funds From Operations (FFO)	\$ 203,103	\$ 208,431	\$ 224,122	\$ 232,214
Diluted Shares Outstanding	85,737	86,396	85,864	86,747
Diluted FFO per share	\$ 2.37	\$ 2.41	\$ 2.61	\$ 2.68

- (1) Base case reflects actuals through the second quarter 2006.
- (2) Modified case reflects potential additional growth in rental and renewal rates and was prepared prior to the availability of second quarter 2006 results.

FFO is defined by the NAREIT as net income or loss, excluding gains or losses from sale of depreciable properties plus real estate depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnership and joint ventures. Reckson presents FFO because Reckson considers it an important supplemental measure of its operating performance and believes it is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of REITs, many of which present FFO when reporting their results. FFO is intended to exclude GAAP historical cost depreciation and amortization of real estate and related assets, which assumes that the value of real estate diminishes ratably over time. Historically, however, real estate values have risen or fallen with market conditions. As a result, FFO provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, reflects the impact to operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental assets, operating costs, development activities, interest costs and other matters without the inclusion of depreciation and amortization, providing perspective that may not necessarily be apparent from net income. Reckson computes FFO in accordance with the standards established by NAREIT. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of Reckson's operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow as measure of liquidity. Since all companies and analysts do not calculate FFO in a similar fashion, Reckson's calculation of FFO presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures as reported by other companies.

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The following table presents Reckson's reconciliation of net income (loss), the GAAP measure Reckson believes to be the most directly comparable to FFO, and was not provided to potential bidders (including SL Green) or Reckson's financial advisors or Greenhill.

Year Ended December 31,				
2006		2007		
Base Case	Modified Case	Base Case	Modified Case	Modified Case
(\$ in thousands)				
Net Income	143,714	149,042	74,237	82,329
Add: Real Estate Depreciation	140,459 (1)	140,459 (1)	149,885(1)	149,885(1)
Less: Gains of Sale of Real Estate	(81,070)(1)	(81,070)(1)		
Funds From Operations (FFO)	\$ 203,103 (1)	\$ 208,431 (2)	\$ 224,122	\$ 232,214(2)

(1) Base case reflects actuals through the second quarter 2006.

(2) Modified case reflects potential additional growth in rental and renewal rates and was prepared prior to the availability of second quarter 2006 results.

While the projections set forth above were prepared in good faith by Reckson's management, no assurance can be made regarding future events. The information in this section was not prepared with a view toward public disclosure or with a view toward complying with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants with respect to prospective financial information, published guidelines of the SEC regarding forward-looking statements, or U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This information is not historical fact and should not be relied upon as being necessarily indicative of future results, and readers of this document are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this information.

The prospective financial information (projections or forecasts) of Reckson included in this document has been prepared by, and is the responsibility of, Reckson management. Ernst & Young LLP has neither examined nor compiled the accompanying prospective financial information of Reckson and, accordingly, Ernst & Young LLP does not express an opinion or any other form of assurance with respect thereto. The Ernst & Young LLP report relating to this document relates to Reckson's historical financial information. It does not extend to the prospective financial information and should not be read to do so.

The estimates and assumptions underlying the projections involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive, regulatory and financial market conditions and future business decisions which may not be realized and are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive and regulatory uncertainties, all of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond the control of Reckson. Specifically, items or events which could have affected or may affect these projections include, without limitation, costs incurred by Reckson in conjunction with its pursuit of its strategic alternative process and this merger, unanticipated property abandonment and impairment costs, costs resulting from unforeseen natural disasters, delays in property developments due to weather, unforeseen conditions, labor shortages, scheduling problems with contractors, subcontractors or suppliers, derivatives losses related to fluctuations in interest rates. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the projected results would be realized or that actual results would not differ materially from those presented in the prospective financial information. In the view of Reckson's management, the information was prepared on a reasonable basis. However, this information is not fact and should not be relied upon by readers of this joint proxy statement/prospectus as being necessarily indicative of future results. See "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" beginning on page 31.

These projections assume that Reckson continues as a separate public company and would make independent decisions. The assumptions underlying these projections were based on such factors as historical trends and performance, industry expectations, and significant input from Reckson's operations management.

**RECKSON DOES NOT INTEND TO UPDATE OR OTHERWISE REVISE THESE PROJECTIONS TO REFLECT CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING SINCE THEIR PREPARATION OR TO REFLECT THE OCCURRENCE OF UNANTICIPATED EVENTS EVEN IN THE EVENT THAT ANY OR ALL OF THE UNDERLYING ASSUMPTIONS ARE SHOWN TO BE IN ERROR. FURTHERMORE, RECKSON DOES NOT INTEND TO UPDATE OR REVISE THESE PROJECTIONS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN GENERAL ECONOMIC OR INDUSTRY CONDITIONS.**

These projections are not included in this proxy statement/prospectus in order to induce any stockholder to vote in favor of the proposals at the special meeting.

#### **Accounting Treatment for the Merger**

The merger will be accounted for using the purchase method of accounting, with SL Green treated as the acquiror. Under this method of accounting, Reckson's assets and liabilities will be recorded by SL Green at their respective fair values as of the closing date of the merger and added to those of SL Green. Financial statements of SL Green issued after the merger will reflect these values, but will not be restated retroactively to reflect the historical financial position or results of operations of Reckson prior to the merger. The results of operations of Reckson will be included in the results of operations of SL Green beginning on the effective date of the merger.

#### **Regulatory Matters**

Neither SL Green nor Reckson is aware of any material United States federal or state regulatory approvals, which must be obtained in connection with the merger.

#### **Delisting and Deregistration of Reckson Common Stock; Listing of SL Green Common Stock Issued in Connection with the Merger**

Reckson common stock currently is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "RA." Upon completion of the merger, Reckson common stock will be delisted from the NYSE and deregistered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. It is a condition to the consummation of the merger that the shares of SL Green common stock to be issued in connection with the merger be approved for listing on the NYSE, subject to official notice of issuance. Following the merger, SL Green expects that the shares of SL Green common stock will continue to trade on the NYSE under the symbol "SLG."

#### **Purposes, Reasons and Plans for Reckson after the Merger**

The purpose of the merger for Reckson is to enable its stockholders to immediately realize the value of their investment in Reckson through their receipt of the per share merger consideration of \$31.68 in cash, an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 of a share of SL Green common stock, without interest and less any required withholding taxes, while still maintaining the opportunity for Reckson stockholders to participate in future earning or growth and benefit from any appreciation in value of SL Green. The Affiliate Transaction Committee and Reckson's board has determined, based upon the reasons discussed under " Reckson's Reasons for the Merger" above that the merger agreement and the merger upon the terms and conditions set forth in the merger agreement, are advisable for, fair to and in the best interests of Reckson and its unaffiliated stockholders (excluding from consideration the members of the Management Group).

As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, SL Green has not approved any specific plans or proposals for any extraordinary corporate transaction involving the surviving corporation after the completion of the merger or any sale or transfer of a material amount of assets currently held by SL Green after the completion of the merger, other than the sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture as described in this proxy statement/prospectus. In addition, there are no current plans or proposals which relate to or would result in any other material change in Reckson's corporate structure or business, except for those changes that would result from such sale of certain Reckson assets to the Asset Purchasing Venture as described in this proxy statement/prospectus. SL Green's management has begun and intends to continue a study of Reckson and its assets, corporate structure, capitalization, operations, properties, policies, management and personnel to determine what changes will be desirable following completion of the merger in order to organize and integrate Reckson's activities with those of SL Green and its other subsidiaries.

The Asset Purchasing Venture currently anticipates that the assets being acquired pursuant to the Sale Agreement will be divided in separate pools according to the character of the assets and the relative business plan for each pool. The assets will be classified as either Prime Assets which represent the highest grade assets which will be capitalized with long term capital; Core Plus Assets which will be capitalized through the Australian listed property trust; Value Add Assets which represent land, development and repositioning projects that will be capitalized in a manner to realize the potential development, build out and lease up value in those assets; and Transition Assets which are those assets that do not fit into a long term hold strategy or a value add strategy and will generally have a shorter term hold period. Transition Assets will generally be capitalized with shorter term financing or may be sold shortly following (or concurrent with) the closing of the Sale Agreement. The Prime Assets will consist of certain operating office properties in Long Island and New Jersey. The Core Plus Assets will consist of the interest in the Australian listed property trust and related assets. The Value Add Assets will consist of certain parcels of land for development in Long Island and New Jersey, the EastRidge Portfolio, the Princeton office park including the building under construction and the interest in RSVP, the Transition Assets include certain operating properties on Long Island and in New Jersey. In addition, the joint venture will be purchasing Reckson's suburban office mortgage note portfolio which it intends to hold to maturity or sell some or all of such loans (or parts thereof) to third parties.

#### **Appraisal or Dissenters' Rights**

Neither SL Green nor Reckson stockholders are entitled to any appraisal or dissenters' rights under Maryland law as a result of the merger.

#### **Litigation Related to the Merger**

Since August 4, 2006, six purported class action lawsuits have been filed by alleged Reckson stockholders in Maryland state and New York state courts, seeking to enjoin the proposed merger and acquisition by the Asset Purchasing Venture of certain assets of Reckson: *Sheldon Pittleman v. Reckson Associates Realty Corp. et al.*, No. 24-C-06-006323 (Circuit Court of Maryland, Baltimore City); *John Borsch v. Scott H. Rechler et al.*, No. 24-C-06-006451 (Circuit Court of Maryland, Baltimore City); *Mary Teitelbaum v. Reckson Associates Realty Corp. et al.*, No. 24-C-06-006937 (Circuit Court of Maryland, Baltimore City); *Robert Lowinger v. Reckson Association Realty Corp. et al.*, No. 06-012524 (Supreme Court of the State of New York, Nassau County); *Lawrence Lighter v. Scott H. Rechler et al.*, No. 06-CV-012738 (Supreme Court of the State of New York, Nassau County); and *Pauline Phillips v. Scott H. Rechler et al.*, No. 06-12871 (Supreme Court of the State of New York, Nassau County). (As noted below, the *Lighter* action has since been re-filed in the Circuit Court of Maryland, Baltimore City.) The lawsuits also seek damages, attorneys' fees and costs. The plaintiffs in these lawsuits allege that the Asset Purchasing Venture obtained SL Green's agreement to sell Reckson assets on allegedly favorable terms to the Asset Purchasing Venture in exchange for the Reckson board's approval of

allegedly inadequate merger consideration. The plaintiffs assert claims of breach of fiduciary duty against Reckson and its directors, and, in the case of the *Lowinger*, *Pittleman* and *Teitelbaum* lawsuits, claims of aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty against SL Green.

On August 23, 2006, the plaintiff in the *Lowinger* action in New York state court applied for expedited discovery. Defendants opposed that application and moved to dismiss or stay the *Lowinger* action pending the determination of the actions filed in Maryland. On September 22, 2006, the New York state court issued an order scheduling discovery in the *Lowinger* action, while reserving decision on defendants' motion to dismiss or stay. Discovery is now underway.

On September 6, 2006, the Maryland court consolidated the three actions pending before it under the caption *In re Reckson Realty Corp. Shareholders' Litigation*, Consol. Case No. 24-C-06-006323 (Circuit Court of Maryland, Baltimore City). On September 8, 2006, the Maryland court ordered the parties to begin expedited discovery, which is now underway. On September 22, 2006, the plaintiffs in the Maryland consolidated action filed an amended complaint. In addition to the claims asserted in the three original Maryland complaints, the amended consolidated complaint asserts that Reckson and its directors breached a fiduciary duty of candor in connection with the preliminary proxy statement/prospectus filed on September 18, 2006. The amended consolidated complaint alleges that the preliminary proxy statement/prospectus failed to disclose adequate information concerning, among other things, the auction process that led to the proposed merger, the reasons why the Reckson directors believe the proposed merger is more favorable than other strategic alternatives for Reckson, the termination fee, the acquisition by the Asset Purchasing Venture of certain assets of Reckson, the assumptions employed by Goldman Sachs and Greenhill in rendering their respective fairness opinions, the terms of the retention agreement with Goldman Sachs, and Goldman Sachs' prior relationships with Reckson or SL Green.

On October 3, 2006, the plaintiff in the *Lighter* action withdrew his lawsuit in the New York state court, and re-filed it in the Maryland Circuit Court for Baltimore City under Case No. 24-C-06-007940.

On October 6, 2006 an amended complaint was filed in the *Lowinger* action in New York state court. In addition to the defendants named and claims asserted in the original *Lowinger* complaint, the amended complaint names Jason Barnett, Marathon Asset Management LLC, and New Venture MRE LLC as additional defendants. The amended complaint also asserts claims for breach of fiduciary duty against Mr. Barnett, and claims for aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary against Marathon Asset Management and New Venture MRE. The amended complaint also asserts that Reckson, its directors, and Mr. Barnett breached a fiduciary duty of candor in connection with the preliminary proxy statement/prospectus filed on September 18, 2006. The amended complaint alleges that the preliminary proxy statement/prospectus failed to disclose adequate information concerning, among other things, the bidding process that led to the proposed merger and acquisition by the Asset Purchasing Venture of certain assets of Reckson, the value of Reckson's Long Island assets, the expected future value of SL Green or the combined, post-merger entity, and alleged material conflicts of interest allegedly suffered by certain parties and certain of their advisors.

While these cases are in their early stages, Reckson and SL Green believe that the cases are without merit and intend to contest them vigorously.

## INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF RECKSON IN THE MERGER

Some of the members of Reckson's management and the non-employee directors of its board of directors have interests in the merger that are in addition to, or different from, the interests of Reckson stockholders generally. The Reckson board of directors was aware of these interests and considered them, among other matters, in approving the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

### *Existing Reckson Employment and Noncompetition Agreements and Severance Agreements*

Each of Scott Rechler, Michael Maturo and Jason Barnett have previously entered into severance agreements with Reckson that were amended in connection with the merger agreement, which amendments are described below. The severance agreements, as in existence prior to amendment, provide that upon a change in control of Reckson, the term of the agreement is automatically renewed for a five-year period. If during the term of the severance agreements, as in existence prior to amendment, the employment of a covered executive is terminated by Reckson other than for "good reason" (as defined in the noncompetition and employment agreements to which the executives are a party) or by the covered executive upon certain changes in the terms and conditions of his employment or compensation or during the 30 day period after either a change in control or the first anniversary of a change in control, the covered executive will be entitled to receive the following payments and benefits: (1) a pro-rata annual bonus through the date of termination (based on the executive's annual base salary and a bonus percentage generally equal to the quotient of the executive's cash compensation and non-cash incentive awards for the prior taxable year, divided by his base salary (the "deemed bonus percentage")), (2) a payment equal to the annual compensation, including base salary, incentive compensation (based on the product of the base salary and the deemed bonus percentage) and other taxable compensation for the remainder of the five-year term of the severance agreements, (3) benefits continuation, including medical coverage, employer matching contributions and other currently receivable benefits, for the remaining five-year term, (4) the full vesting of all unvested equity awards and (5) the forgiveness of outstanding restricted stock loans. Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett have outstanding ten year vesting restricted stock loans in an aggregate amount of approximately \$2.9 million which will be forgiven in connection with the merger (which will accelerate the forgiveness of these loans by approximately 3.2 years on average), and upon such forgiveness, the 139,000 shares of Reckson common stock that is collateral for these stock loans will be released to the borrowers. Absent the merger, these loans would be forgiven as they become due over approximately the next three years subject to meeting performance and time-based vesting criteria. In addition, the severance agreements provide for an income tax gross-up on certain non-cash compensation or income received in connection with a change in control. Stockholder approval of the merger will be a change in control for purposes of these agreements. If any amounts or benefits received under the severance agreements or otherwise are subject to the excise tax imposed under section 4999 of the Internal Revenue Code, an additional payment will be made to restore the executive to the after-tax position that he would have been in if the excise tax had not been imposed.

Each of Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett is party to a noncompetition and employment agreement with Reckson that provides, among other things, for the payment of severance benefits if the employment of a covered executive is terminated by Reckson other than for "good reason" (as defined in the noncompetition and employment agreements) or by the covered executive upon certain changes in the terms and conditions of his employment or compensation prior to a change in control. In the event of a change in control of Reckson, the executive is entitled to the severance payments and benefits under the severance agreements described above in lieu of those under the noncompetition and employment agreements. The noncompetition and employment agreements also contain a non-competition restriction that applies while the executive is employed and thereafter upon certain terminations of employment, although the non-competition restriction is not applicable in the event of



a termination of employment in which the executive is entitled to severance under these agreements. In connection with the merger, the noncompetition and employment agreements and severance agreements with each of Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett were amended as described below.

In the event the employment of Messrs. Campofranco, Rich or Waterman is terminated other than for cause, the terminated executive would be eligible to receive severance benefits pursuant to the terms of Reckson's severance policy.

*Amendments to Reckson Employment and Noncompetition Agreements and Severance Agreements in Connection with the Merger*

In connection with the merger agreement and following negotiation among the parties, Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett each entered into an agreement to amend their existing employment and noncompetition agreement and severance agreement. Pursuant to the amendments, each executive agreed to the following amendments to their existing arrangements:

the reduction of the period of time the executive will be entitled to receive severance for purposes of calculating the amount of severance payment due following a termination of employment in connection with a change in control from five years to three years;

in connection with the severance payments and other payments, the waiver of all rights to vesting and payment of certain previously granted long-term incentive plan awards in respect of limited partnership interests of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., which results in the forfeiture of such interests in which otherwise would have vested in connection with a change of control, the number of common stock equivalents representing such forfeited awards and their approximate value is set forth in the table below;

the imposition of a cap on the cash severance payment each executive is entitled to receive under his existing severance agreement, such that the amount of cash severance payment to each of Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett is limited to the amounts set forth in the table below;

<b>Executive Officer</b>	<b># of Forfeited Common Stock Equivalent</b>	<b>\$ Value Forfeited at \$43.31 per share</b>	<b>Cap on Cash Severance Payment (\$)</b>
Scott H. Rechler	284,722	(12,331,310)	24,962,267
Michael Maturo	103,472	(4,481,372)	17,600,637
Jason M. Barnett	54,596	(2,364,553)	8,456,620
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>442,790</b>	<b>(19,177,235)</b>	<b>51,019,524</b>

the further reduction of the payments and benefits each executive is otherwise entitled to receive in connection with a change in control if the total amount of payments and benefits exceed his "safe harbor amount" under the Internal Revenue Code's so-called "golden parachute rules" by 5% or less so that the total change in control-related payments and benefits paid or provided to him will not exceed his safe harbor amount;

the imposition of a restriction prohibiting them from competing with Reckson in the acquisition, operation or management of any office real estate property in any of the submarkets in the borough of Manhattan, New York for the period commencing on August 3, 2006 through the earlier of August 3, 2007 or the six-month anniversary of the closing of the merger; and

the extension of the terms of their existing employment and noncompetition agreements and severance agreements from December 31, 2006 through April 30, 2007.

In addition, Reckson agreed to assign certain existing split-dollar life insurance policies to the executives at their request in connection with a change in control of Reckson. Prior to the closing of the merger (including prior to January 1, 2007), certain of the severance payments and benefits that are

otherwise payable upon the merger or a qualifying termination thereafter may be paid to Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett and outstanding equity awards may be accelerated for these individuals and Reckson's three other executive officers. The previously granted special outperformance awards will be paid at the end of the 2006 performance year, with peer performance to be measured on a basis not less favorable than Reckson's performance vis a vis its peers through the date of the announcement of the merger and taking into account the value of the merger consideration. Payment of the special outperformance awards based on achieving the performance criteria for the six executive officers as a group will result in a capped award of approximately \$30 million. In addition, as in prior years, the executive officers will be eligible to receive annual performance based compensation in respect of the 2006 performance year.

#### *Reckson Equity Compensation Awards*

In connection with the merger, all outstanding options to purchase shares of Reckson common stock will be canceled and converted into the right to receive, in the combination of cash and shares of common stock of SL Green contemplated by the merger consideration, an amount equal to the product of (1) the number of shares of common stock of Reckson such holder could have purchased under such option plan had such holder exercised such option in full immediately prior to the effective time of the merger and (2) the excess, if any, of the merger consideration over the exercise price per share or unit of such option, in accordance with the terms of the merger agreement. In connection with the merger, any restrictions with respect to outstanding restricted shares of common stock of Reckson awarded under Reckson's stock option plans will terminate or lapse and, at the effective time of the merger, such shares of common stock of Reckson and any accrued stock dividends thereon will be automatically converted into the right to receive the merger consideration. At the effective time of the merger, each restricted stock unit or other similar equity based award (other than the awards described above), and any accrued dividends thereon, issued under Reckson's stock option plans, whether vested or unvested, that is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the merger will cease to represent a right or award with respect to shares of common stock of Reckson and will be cancelled for a payment equal to the aggregate amount of cash and shares of SL Green's common stock that the holder would have been entitled to receive had such restricted stock unit (and any accrued stock dividends thereon) been fully vested and settled immediately before the effective time of the merger.

The stock options to acquire shares of Reckson common stock held by the four executive officers of Reckson and the three non-employee directors of Reckson who have outstanding stock options are fully vested as of the date hereof and, as such, the merger will not result in any accelerated vesting. The aggregate number of restricted stock units in respect of Reckson common stock held by the six executive officers of Reckson that will vest and become free of restrictions in connection with the merger is 78,126. The aggregate number of shares of Reckson restricted stock held by the seven non-employee directors of Reckson who hold restricted stock that will vest in connection with the merger is 7,381, and the aggregate number of restricted stock units in respect of Reckson common stock held by the eight non-employee directors of Reckson that will vest and become free of restrictions as a result of the merger is 26,204.

#### *Reckson Operating Partnership LTIP Units*

In connection with the merger, the long-term incentive plan awards in respect of limited partnership interests ("LTIP units") of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. whether or not vested, held by Reckson's executive officers (other than certain LTIP units held by Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett, the vesting and payment rights to which they are waiving pursuant to the amendments described above) will be converted into the right to receive the merger consideration (on a one-for-one basis). The aggregate number of LTIP units held by the three executive officers (other than Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett) that will vest in connection with the merger is 40,750.

## Sale Agreement

On August 3, 2006, SL Green and the Asset Purchasing Venture entered into a binding agreement, which they amended and restated to make clarifying changes on September 15, 2006 and which they further amended and restated to make clarifying changes on October 13, 2006 by entering into 5 asset purchase agreements and a letter agreement (collectively, the "Sale Agreement"), pursuant to which SL Green has agreed to direct Reckson or a subsidiary thereof to sell to the Asset Purchasing Venture or its designee, and one or more affiliates of the Asset Purchasing Venture have agreed to purchase each of the following assets: (1) certain real property assets and/or entities owning such real property assets, in either case, of Reckson and 100% of certain loans secured by real property, all of which are located in Long Island, New York, for a purchase price of approximately \$923,486,625, subject to adjustment; (2) certain real property assets and/or entities owning such real property assets, in either case, of Reckson located in White Plains and Harrison, New York; for a purchase price of \$283,000,000, subject to adjustment, (3) all of the real property assets and/or entities owning 100% of the interests in such real property assets, in either case, of Reckson located in New Jersey, for a purchase price of approximately \$661,300,000, subject to adjustment; (4) the entity owning a 25% interest in Reckson Australia Operating Company LLC, Reckson's Australian management company (including its Australian licensed responsible entity), and other related entities, and Reckson's and Reckson's subsidiaries' rights to and interests in, all related contracts and assets, including, without limitation, property management and leasing, construction services and asset management contracts and services contracts, for a purchase price of \$163,000,000, subject to adjustment; (5) the direct or indirect interest of Reckson in Reckson Asset Partners, LLC, an affiliate of Reckson Strategic Venture Partners, LLC, or RSVP, and all of Reckson's rights in and to certain loans made by Reckson to Frontline Capital Group, the bankrupt parent of RSVP, and other related entities, which will be purchased by a <sup>50/50</sup> joint venture with an affiliate of SL Green for a purchase price to such joint venture of \$65,000,000; (6) a 50% participation interest in certain loans made by a subsidiary of Reckson that are secured by four real property assets located in Long Island, New York for a purchase price of approximately \$7,094,051.50; and (7) 100% of certain loans secured by real property located in White Plains and New Rochelle, New York, for a purchase price of approximately \$30 million, subject to adjustment. The aggregate purchase price (including SL Green's portion of the RSVP purchase price) for the above assets is approximately \$2.1 billion, subject to adjustment. In addition to the purchase price, the Asset Purchasing Venture is responsible for the related real estate transfer taxes and debt assumption costs for the assets being purchased. SL Green has received from the purchaser a deposit in the amount of \$84,000,000. SL Green will be entitled to retain all or a portion of such deposit as liquidated damages in the event of certain defaults under the Agreement.

In the event the merger agreement and the Sale Agreement are terminated and SL Green receives the break-up fee described above, SL Green has agreed to pay to the purchaser an amount equal to its actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement, but in no event more than the lesser of (i) \$8,000,000 and (ii) 7.2% of the actual break-up fee received by SL Green under the merger agreement. In the event the merger agreement and the Sale Agreement are terminated and SL Green receives the break-up expenses described above, SL Green has agreed to pay to the purchaser an amount equal to its actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement, but in no event more than \$1,000,000; provided, that if SL Green receives break-up expenses from Reckson in an amount less than \$13,000,000, the maximum amount payable to purchaser will be reduced in proportion to the amount by which the actual amount received by SL Green is less than \$13,000,000.

*Financing*

An affiliate of SL Green agreed to make the following loans in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement:

*RSVP Loan.* An affiliate of SL Green will make a loan in the amount of \$15,000,000 to a single purpose entity 100% owned and controlled by the Asset Purchasing Venture. The loan will bear interest at a rate of 9.00%. The loan will have a term of 36 months and be payable in full at maturity. The loan may not be prepaid in whole or in part during the first 12 months of the term and may be prepaid thereafter with no prepayment premium. The loan will be secured by 100% of the borrower's equity interest in RSVP-related assets, inclusive of any loans owned by Reckson and its affiliates. The loan will be on customary non-recourse terms, except that certain indirect equity owners of the Asset Purchasing Venture will jointly and severally guarantee the loan for certain "bad acts" and other standard non-recourse carve-outs.

*RNYPT Loan.* An affiliate of SL Green will make a bridge loan in the amount of up to approximately \$47,250,000. The loan will have a term of 18 months and will be payable in full at maturity, provided that the borrower may extend the loan for an additional 6 months, subject to an increase in the interest rate to 10%. The loan may be prepaid in whole or in part at any time. If the asset value of the RNYPT assets declines, the borrower must pay down the loan in an amount based upon an agreed-upon formula. The loan will be secured by the borrower's 25% equity interest in the RNYPT assets and 100% of the equity interests in Reckson Australia Management Limited and any other entities of the sponsors that provide property and asset management services to the Australia portfolio. The loan will be on customary non-recourse terms, except that Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett will jointly and severally guarantee the loan for certain "bad acts" and other standard non-recourse carve-outs.

*Eastridge Portfolio Loan.* An affiliate of SL Green will make a first mortgage loan in the amount of between \$175,000,000 and \$200,000,000, to one or more special purpose entities controlled by the Asset Purchasing Venture. In addition, the lender will provide future funding of 100% of all future capital requirements, including tenant leasing costs, not to exceed \$30,000,000. The loan will bear interest at a rate equal to 30-day LIBOR plus 125 basis points. The loan will have a term of 5 years and be payable in full at maturity. The loan may be prepaid in whole or in part at any time with no prepayment premium. In addition, the borrowers are obligated to repay a portion of the loan upon the sale of individual properties, subject to payment of the release price for the relevant property and satisfaction of certain debt service coverage requirements. The loan will be secured by a first mortgage encumbering 13 of the properties comprising the Eastridge portfolio and certain other collateral. The loan will be on customary non-recourse terms, except that Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett and any institutional partners or affiliates having an interest in the properties that are acceptable to the lender will jointly and severally guarantee the loan for certain "bad acts" and other standard non-recourse carve outs.

The balance of the purchase price for the assets to be acquired pursuant to the Sale Agreement is currently expected to be obtained through mortgage financing and equity contributions to the purchasers by Marathon Asset Management, LLC of up to \$225 million and by Messrs. Rechler, Maturo and Barnett of the remainder of the equity. In addition, some of the purchase price for the assets to be acquired pursuant to the Sale Agreement may be obtained from additional equity contributions or proceeds from the sale of assets. The purchaser does not currently have financing commitments with respect to such mortgage financing or additional equity financing. Subsequent to the signing of the Merger Agreement, certain former members of management of Reckson informed Mr. Rechler that they believe they have rights with respect to certain of Mr. Rechler's interests in the Asset Purchasing Venture.

## Indemnification

The merger agreement provides that, in the event of any threatened or actual claim, action, suit, demand, proceeding, or investigation whether civil, criminal or administrative, in which any person who is, has been or becomes prior to the effective time of the merger a trustee, director or officer, partner or member of Reckson or any of its subsidiaries (collectively, the "indemnified parties") is, or is threatened to be, made a party because (1) the person is or was a trustee, director, officer, partner or member of Reckson or one of its subsidiaries at or prior to the effective time of the merger, (2) the person is or was serving at Reckson's request as a trustee, director, officer, partner or member of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise at or prior to the effective time of the merger or (3) of the negotiation, execution or performance of the merger agreement, any agreement or document contemplated by the merger agreement, SL Green and the surviving corporation will indemnify and hold harmless each indemnified party to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law against any liability or expense incurred in connection with any of these claims or proceedings.

The merger agreement also provides that all rights to indemnification and contribution existing in favor of, and all exculpations and limitations of personal liability of, the indemnified parties provided for in Reckson's organizational documents, as well as the existing indemnification agreements, with respect to matters occurring at or prior to the effective time of the merger, including the merger, will continue in full force and effect in accordance with their terms.

Under the merger agreement, Reckson is required to obtain and fully pay for a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy providing coverage for the directors, officers, trustees, partners or members of Reckson or certain of its subsidiaries with a claims period of at least six years from the time the merger becomes effective from an insurance carrier with the same or better credit rating as Reckson's current insurance carrier with respect to directors' and officers' liability insurance in an amount and scope no less favorable than Reckson's existing coverage; *provided*, that the cost of such policy shall not exceed \$6.5 million. If Reckson is not able to obtain such insurance on such terms and from such a carrier on or prior to December 1, 2006 for \$3.5 million or less, Reckson shall work with SL Green and SL Green's insurance broker to obtain such coverage prior to the effective time of the merger. However, if Reckson is not able to obtain such insurance on such terms and from such a carrier on or prior to December 28, 2006, for less than \$6.5 million, SL Green may obtain such insurance on such terms and from such a carrier *provided*, that the cost thereof does not exceed \$6.5 million. If such "tail" policy has been obtained by Reckson prior to the effective time of the merger, SL Green will be required to maintain such policy in full force and effect, for its full term, and continue to honor its obligations thereunder.

## THE MERGER AGREEMENT

*The following is a brief summary of the material provisions of the merger agreement, a copy of which is attached as **Annex A** and is incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the merger agreement. SL Green and Reckson urge all stockholders of Reckson to read the merger agreement in its entirety.*

*The merger agreement contains representations and warranties that the parties have made to each other as of specific dates. The assertions embodied in those representations and warranties were made solely for purposes of the contract between the parties, and may be subject to important qualifications and limitations agreed to by the parties in connection with negotiating its terms. Moreover, the representations and warranties are subject to a contractual standard of materiality that may be different from what may be viewed as material to stockholders, and the representations and warranties may have been used for the purpose of allocating risk between the parties rather than establishing matters as facts. For the foregoing reasons, you should not rely on the representations and warranties as statements of factual information.*

### **The Mergers**

The merger agreement provides that Reckson will be merged with and into Wyoming Acquisition Corp., a subsidiary of SL Green. Wyoming Acquisition Corp. will continue as the surviving entity in accordance with the Maryland General Corporation Law and will change its name to "Reckson Associates Realty Corp."

Under the merger agreement, Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP, will be merged with and into Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. with Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. as the surviving entity. Wyoming Acquisition Corp. (under its new name Reckson Associates Realty Corp.) will remain the general partner of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. following the partnership merger.

The closing of the mergers will take place as soon as practicable, but in no event earlier than the later of January 2, 2007 or the third business day after the closing conditions set forth in the merger agreement are satisfied or waived, unless another date is agreed in writing by the parties.

The merger of Reckson with and into Wyoming Acquisition Corp. will become effective on the date of the filing with, and acceptance for record of, articles of merger with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland, or at such time as the parties shall agree as specified in such filing in accordance with applicable law.

The partnership merger of Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP with and into Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. will become effective at the time of the filing of a certificate of merger with, and acceptance for record of such certificate of merger by, the Delaware Secretary of State in accordance with the Delaware Revised Uniform Partnership Act. The partnership merger will occur on the closing date prior to the effective time of the merger.

### **The Merger Consideration and Effects of the Mergers**

At the effective time of the merger, each issued and outstanding share (other than shares of common stock held by a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reckson, SL Green or a subsidiary of SL Green) of the common stock of Reckson will automatically be converted into the right to receive a cash payment equal to the sum of \$31.68 per share and an amount in cash equal to an adjusted prorated dividend and 0.10387 (the "exchange ratio") of a share of the common stock of SL Green, subject to adjustment. As of the effective time of the merger, all shares of common stock of Reckson, when so converted, will no longer be outstanding and automatically be cancelled and retired and will cease to exist.

Reckson stockholders will receive an amount in cash per share of Reckson common stock equal to the excess, if any, of the prorated amount of the last quarterly dividend per share declared by Reckson over 0.10387 multiplied by the prorated amount of the last quarterly dividend declared by SL Green prior to the closing date.

If prior to the effective time of the merger, either Reckson or SL Green should reclassify its common stock, or make a distribution in shares of Reckson's or SL Green's common stock, or otherwise change the shares of Reckson's or SL Green's common stock, then, the merger consideration or the exchange ratio, as applicable, will be ratably adjusted.

In the event that either Reckson or SL Green declare or pay any dividend or distribution (other than the regular quarterly cash dividends permitted to be paid under the merger agreement), including dividends or distributions paid for the purpose of maintaining its qualification as a REIT or of eliminating any United States federal income or excise tax liability, the cash consideration will be adjusted. In the event of such a dividend or distribution paid by Reckson, the cash consideration per share will be reduced by the per share amount of such dividend or distribution. In the event of such a dividend or distribution paid by SL Green, the cash consideration per share will be increased by the product of the exchange ratio and the amount of such dividend or distribution.

### **The Partnership Merger Consideration and Effects of the Partnership Merger**

Immediately prior to the effective time of the partnership merger, each outstanding LTIP unit representing the right to receive common units of limited partnership interest in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. will vest in full.

Except as described in "Interests of Directors and Executive Officers of Reckson in the Merger Amendments to Reckson Employment and Noncompetition Agreements and Severance Agreements in Connection with the Merger," at the effective time of the partnership merger, each common unit of limited partnership of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the partnership merger and each LTIP unit automatically will be converted into the right to receive the applicable amount of merger consideration, in respect of the number of shares of Reckson's common stock issuable upon exchange of each such common unit or LTIP unit in accordance with the agreement of limited partnership of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. as if such common units or LTIP unit were converted or exchanged for an equal number of shares of Reckson's common stock immediately prior to the effective time of the partnership merger.

At the effective time of the partnership merger, each preferred unit of limited partnership of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the partnership merger will remain outstanding in accordance with its terms. In the event there are no preferred units outstanding, the parties will cooperate to issue a new class of preferred limited partnership interests in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. to SL Green or its designee immediately prior to the effective time of the merger in order to maintain the status of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. as a partnership under applicable Delaware law.

At the effective time of the partnership merger, the general partnership interest of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. will remain outstanding and constitute the only outstanding general partnership interest in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. as the surviving partnership.

### **Treatment of Share Options, Restricted Stock Awards and Restricted Stock Unit Awards**

At least 30 days prior to the effective time of the merger, Reckson will permit the holders of the then outstanding options granted under Reckson's stock option plans, whether or not such options are then vested or exercisable, to exercise such options to the extent determined by the holders. At the effective time of the merger, all options under these option plans, whether or not then vested or



exercisable, will be cancelled and of no further force and effect and the holder thereof will be paid or receive promptly following the closing date, in the combination of cash and common stock of SL Green contemplated by the merger consideration, an amount equal to the product of (1) the number of shares of common stock of Reckson such holder could have purchased under such option plan had such holder exercised such option in full immediately prior to the effective time of the merger and (2) the excess, if any, of the merger consideration over the exercise price per share or unit of such option; *provided*, that the aggregate exercise price of a holder's options and any applicable withholding tax payable in connection with the payment and cancellation of such options will first be applied to reduce the cash consideration component of the merger consideration otherwise payable to such holder and, to the extent such aggregate exercise price and withholding tax exceeds the aggregate cash consideration component of the merger consideration otherwise payable to such holder, the excess of such aggregate exercise price and withholding tax over the aggregate cash consideration payable to such holder will be applied to reduce the stock consideration component of the merger consideration otherwise payable to such holder based on the weighted average of the per share closing prices of SL Green's common stock on the NYSE Composite Transaction Reporting System during the 10 consecutive trading days ending two days prior to the effective time of the merger.

Immediately prior to the effective time of the merger, any restrictions with respect to outstanding restricted shares of common stock of Reckson awarded under Reckson's stock option plans will terminate or lapse. At the effective time of the merger, such shares of common stock of Reckson and any accrued stock dividends thereon will be automatically converted into the right to receive the merger consideration. Reckson will pay all cash dividends accrued on Reckson common stock to the holders thereof at the effective time of the merger.

At the effective time of the merger, each restricted stock unit or other similar equity based award (other than the options described above), and any accrued dividends thereon, issued under Reckson's stock option plans, whether vested or unvested, which is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the merger will cease to represent a right or award with respect to shares of common stock of Reckson and will be cancelled. The holder of any such restricted stock unit will be paid on the closing date an aggregate amount of cash and shares of SL Green's common stock as the holder would have been entitled to receive had such restricted stock unit (and any accrued stock dividends thereon) been vested in full and had been settled in full immediately before the effective time of the merger. Reckson will pay all cash dividends accrued on such restricted stock units to the holders thereof at the effective time of the merger.

Reckson agreed to terminate its Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan, effective prior to the effective time of the merger, and to ensure that no purchase or other rights under such the Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan enable the holder of such rights to acquire any interest in Wyoming Acquisition Corp. as the surviving entity, SL Green or any subsidiary of SL Green, including Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP.

#### **Direct Purchase of Assets and Transfer of Reckson Property**

SL Green, Wyoming Acquisition Corp., Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP (referred to collectively as the purchaser parties) may elect to purchase, subject to specified terms and conditions, immediately prior to and conditioned upon the effective time of the merger and the satisfaction of all closing conditions pursuant to the merger agreement one or more properties owned by Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or one of its subsidiaries for cash or shares of common stock of SL Green. Any cash proceeds or shares of SL Green common stock received in connection with the sale of such properties will be distributed by Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. to its partners and by Reckson to its stockholders immediately prior to, and conditioned upon, the effective time of the merger. If any such properties are acquired by SL Green or its subsidiaries for cash or shares of SL Green's common stock, then the cash components of the merger consideration

and the partnership merger consideration or the stock components of the merger consideration and the partnership merger consideration, as applicable, will be reduced ratably by the aggregate amount distributed by Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. to its partners per unit and by Reckson to its stockholders per share in respect of the transferred properties.

In addition, under the terms of the merger agreement, Reckson agreed to transfer, or cause the applicable Reckson subsidiary to transfer one or more properties owned by Reckson or one of its subsidiaries immediately prior to, and conditioned upon, the effective time of the merger and the satisfaction of all closing conditions under the merger agreement, by deed or by transfer of ownership interests in an entity that owns a property, as directed by SL Green. Any cash proceeds received in connection with the sale of such properties will be distributed by Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. to its partners and by Reckson to its stockholders immediately prior to, and conditioned upon, the effective time of the merger. If any such property is purchased for cash, the cash components of the merger consideration and the partnership merger consideration will be reduced ratably by the aggregate amount distributed by Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. to its partners per unit and by Reckson to its stockholders per share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, SL Green may instead elect to cause the transferee of any such properties to deliver a portion of the cash consideration, and to that extent there will be no reduction in the merger consideration or partnership merger consideration.

### **Payment Procedures**

On or before the effective time of the merger, SL Green will deposit with the exchange agent certificates representing the shares of SL Green's common stock sufficient to pay the stock component of the aggregate merger consideration and cash in immediately available funds in an amount sufficient to pay the cash component of the aggregate merger consideration, payable to holders of Reckson's common stock, LTIP units, common units of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., options granted under Reckson's stock option plans described above and restricted shares of common stock of Reckson and restricted stock units awarded under the stock option plans. SL Green will also deposit with the exchange agent any amounts payable in connection with any direct asset purchase or transfer of Reckson's properties.

As promptly as practicable, but in no event later than two business days after the effective time of the merger or the partnership merger, as applicable, the exchange agent will send a letter of transmittal to each such holder that will include detailed instructions on how such holder may exchange such holder's shares of Reckson common stock or common units of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., as applicable, for the applicable merger consideration. The exchange agent will pay Reckson's stockholders who submit their duly completed letters of transmittal and their share certificates and any other documents reasonably requested by the exchange agent or the surviving entity the merger consideration they are entitled to receive, in particular, a certificate representing that number of whole shares of common stock of SL Green that such holder is entitled to receive pursuant to the merger agreement and a check in the amount equal to the amount of the cash consideration that such holder is entitled to receive (net of any applicable withholding tax) plus any cash such holder is entitled to receive in lieu of fractional shares of SL Green. The exchange agent will pay the holders of common units of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. who submit their completed unitholder letter of transmittal and any other documents reasonably requested by the exchange agent or the surviving entity the partnership merger consideration they are entitled to receive, in particular, a certificate representing that number of whole shares of common stock of SL Green that such holder is entitled to receive pursuant to the merger agreement and a check in the amount equal to the amount of the cash consideration that such holder is entitled to receive (net of any applicable withholding tax) plus any cash such holder is entitled to receive in lieu of fractional shares of common stock of SL Green that such holder has the right to receive. No interest will be paid on any cash paid pursuant to the mergers. The exchange agent will pay

to each holder of LTIP units the applicable merger consideration (without reduction for amounts paid to stockholders or partners of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. in connection with the direct purchase or transfer of Reckson's assets) in respect of the number of shares of Reckson's common stock issuable upon exchange or conversion of each such LTIP unit.

None of the purchaser parties, the surviving entity or the surviving partnership will be liable to any holder of shares of Reckson's common stock or common units of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. for any unclaimed merger consideration on such shares or units after the time that applicable laws deem that such property has been abandoned or will escheat to a governmental entity. Immediately prior to the time any merger consideration that is unclaimed would be deemed abandoned or would escheat, such amounts will become the property of the surviving entity or the surviving partnership to the extent permitted by applicable law. Under Maryland law, because shares of Reckson's common stock were listed on the NYSE on the record date for determining those stockholders entitled to notice of, and vote at, the special meeting, appraisal rights are not available to holders of shares of Reckson's common stock in connection with the merger.

#### **Fractional Shares**

No fractional shares of SL Green's common stock will be issued upon the surrender for exchange of shares of Reckson's common stock or common units of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. For each fractional share that would otherwise be issued, SL Green will pay cash, without interest, in an amount equal to such fractional part of a share of SL Green's common stock multiplied by the weighted average of the per share closing prices of SL Green's common stock on the NYSE Composite Transaction Reporting System during the ten consecutive trading days ending two days prior to the effective time of the merger.

#### **Charter and Bylaws**

At the effective time of the merger, the charter and bylaws of Wyoming Acquisition Corp. in effect immediately prior to the effective time shall be the charter and bylaws of the surviving corporation, except that at the effective time of the merger, the name of Wyoming Acquisition Corp. will be changed to Reckson Associates Realty Corp.

#### **Directors and Officers**

The directors of Wyoming Acquisition Corp. will be the directors and officers of the surviving corporation, until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified or their earlier death, resignation or removal.

#### **Representations and Warranties of Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.**

Reckson and Reckson Operating, L.P. have made certain customary representations and warranties to the purchaser parties subject in certain cases to exceptions disclosed in certain portions of any Form 10-K, Form 10-Q, Form 8-K or proxy statement filed by Reckson or Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. on or after January 1, 2006 and prior to the date of the agreement, or pursuant to the merger agreement and the disclosure letter provided to the purchaser parties and to qualifications for materiality set forth in the merger agreement. None of these representations and warranties will survive the effective time of the mergers. These representations and warranties include, but are not limited to, the following:

the due organization, good standing (where applicable) and authority of Reckson, Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. and certain of Reckson's other subsidiaries;

the ownership of Reckson's subsidiaries and joint ventures;

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Reckson's capital structure;

Reckson's and Reckson's Operating Partnership, L.P.'s authority to enter into the merger agreement and to complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

the absence of conflicts, or rights of termination as a result of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement under any organizational document, loan, credit agreement or notes, joint venture arrangement, or any law or order;

the absence or receipt of required consents, approvals or authorizations of governmental authorities to complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

Reckson's compliance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and its reporting requirements;

the absence of certain changes or events since December 31, 2005;

the absence of undisclosed material liabilities;

the absence of defaults under any organizational documents, certain material agreements and laws;

Reckson's compliance with applicable laws and permits;

the absence of certain litigation;

tax matters, including REIT qualification matters;

Reckson's appropriate funding of pension and employee benefit plans and compliance with applicable regulations and other pension and benefits matters;

labor and employment matters;

the absence of violations or liabilities under environmental laws, and other environmental matters;

property interests, title and encumbrances, zoning, options on properties, management of properties, Reckson's construction projects, personal property and physical condition of the properties;

insurance matters;

receipt by the Affiliate Transaction Committee of the opinion of Goldman Sachs described under the section captioned "Special Factors Fairness Opinion Regarding Merger Consideration" on page 61;

the vote of Reckson's stockholders and of the limited partners of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. required to approve the merger, the merger agreement and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

matters with respect to broker's and finder's fees;

matters with respect to Reckson's material contracts;

inapplicability of state anti-takeover statutes;

the accuracy of information provided by Reckson or any of its subsidiaries for use in this proxy statement/prospectus; and

the inapplicability of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

**Representations and Warranties of SL Green and the other Purchaser Parties**

The purchaser parties have made certain customary representations and warranties to Reckson, subject to exceptions disclosed to Reckson and to customary qualifications for materiality set forth in the merger agreement. None of the representations and warranties will survive the effective time of the merger. These representations and warranties include, but are not limited to, the following:

their due organization and good standing;

the capital structure of SL Green;

their authorization to enter into the merger agreement and to complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

the absence of conflicts, or rights of termination as a result of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement under their organizational documents, loan or credit agreement, joint venture document, law or order;

the absence or receipt of required consents, approvals or authorizations of governmental authorities to complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

SL Green's compliance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and its reporting requirements;

the accuracy of information provided by the purchaser parties for use in this proxy statement/prospectus;

the absence of certain changes or events since December 31, 2005;

the absence of undisclosed material liabilities;

the absence of defaults under any organizational documents, certain material agreements and laws;

availability of financing;

SL Green's and its subsidiaries' compliance with applicable laws and permits;

the absence of certain litigation;

tax matters, including REIT qualification matters;

the absence of violations or liabilities under environmental laws, and other environmental matters;

that Wyoming Acquisition Corp., Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC and Wyoming Acquisition Partnership LP were formed solely for the purpose of engaging in the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

matters with respect to broker's and finder's fees;

matters with respect to SL Green's material contracts;

matters with respect to the solvency of the entity surviving the merger; and

the inapplicability of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

**Covenants Regarding Conduct of Business by Reckson Pending the Mergers**

During the period from August 3, 2006 to the earlier of the termination of the merger agreement or the effective time of the partnership merger, Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership have agreed, and have agreed to cause their subsidiaries, to (1) carry on their respective businesses in the

usual, regular and ordinary course consistent with past practice and (2) to the extent consistent with the foregoing clause (1), use commercially reasonable efforts to preserve intact in all material respects their respective business organizations, goodwill, ongoing businesses and relationships with third parties; to keep available the services of their present officers and employees; and to maintain the status of Reckson and each applicable subsidiary of Reckson as a REIT. Without limiting the foregoing, subject to certain exceptions, Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. have also agreed not to, and have agreed to cause their subsidiaries not to, without the written consent of SL Green, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned, among other things:

declare, set aside for payment or pay any dividends on, or make any other actual, constructive or deemed distributions (whether in cash, shares, property or otherwise) in respect of, any of Reckson's shares or the partnership interests, shares, stock or other equity interests in any of their subsidiaries that is not directly or indirectly wholly owned by them, other than (1) regular, cash distributions at a rate not in excess of \$0.4246 per share of shares of Reckson's common stock, declared and paid quarterly, in each case, in accordance with past practice, (2) applicable distributions payable to each holder of units in Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. and Reckson restricted stock units or other similar equity based award, and (3) pro-rata dividends or distributions, declared, set aside or paid by any of Reckson's non-wholly owned subsidiaries to Reckson or any of Reckson's direct or indirect subsidiary of Reckson, *provided*, that Reckson may declare and pay dividends required by the Code to maintain its REIT qualification and to eliminate United States federal income and excise tax liability;

split, combine or reclassify any shares, stock, partnership interests or other equity interest or issue or authorize the issuance of any securities in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for shares of such shares, stock, partnership interests or other equity interests;

purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire (subject to certain exceptions set forth in the merger agreement) any shares of Reckson's common stock, stock, other equity interests or securities; the partnership interests, stock, other equity interests or securities of any of Reckson's subsidiaries; or any options, warrants or rights to acquire, or security convertible into, shares of Reckson's common stock, other equity interest or securities or the partnership interests, stock or other equity interests in any of Reckson's subsidiaries;

classify or re-classify any unissued Reckson common stock, shares of stock, units, interests, or any other voting or redeemable securities or stock-based performance units of Reckson or any of its subsidiaries;

authorize for issuance, issue, deliver, sell, or grant any shares of Reckson common stock, shares of stock, units, interests, any other voting or redeemable securities or stock based performance units of Reckson or any of Reckson's subsidiaries;

authorize for issuance, issue, deliver, sell, or grant any option or other right in respect of, any of shares of Reckson common stock or shares of stock, units, interests, any other voting or redeemable securities, or stock based performance units of Reckson or any of Reckson's subsidiaries or any securities convertible into, or any rights, warrants or options to acquire, any such shares, units, interests, voting securities or convertible or redeemable securities;

amend or waive any option to acquire shares of Reckson's common stock;

amend Reckson's charter or Reckson's Amended and Restated Bylaws, or any other comparable organizational documents of any of Reckson's subsidiaries;

merge, consolidate or enter into any other business combination transaction; acquire (by merger, consolidation or acquisition) any corporation, partnership or other entity; or purchase any equity



interest in or all or substantially all of the assets of any person or any division or business thereof;

make, undertake or enter into any new commitments obligating Reckson or any of Reckson's subsidiaries to make, capital expenditures; *provided*, that Reckson or any of its subsidiaries may make capital expenditures pursuant to the terms of contracts which have been executed prior to August 3, 2006 and in connection with amounts payable in respect of existing or future (1) tenant improvements, (2) lease commissions, (3) obligations under leases, (4) maintenance, repairs and amounts required as a result of extraordinary events or emergencies and up to 110% of the total amounts set forth as capital expenditures or development costs in Reckson's capital expenditure and development plan;

incur indebtedness except for draws under Reckson's existing lines of credit for purposes of funding expenditures pursuant to Reckson's capital expenditure and development plan, the permitted expenditures described above, the other transactions described in this section, for working capital purposes in the ordinary course and for payment to holders of any indebtedness and of transaction expenses;

subject to certain exceptions, sell, mortgage, subject to lien, lease or otherwise dispose of any of Reckson's properties, including by the disposition or issuance of equity securities in any entity that owns Reckson's properties; provided that the Management Group may solicit, encourage and facilitate inquiries or proposals with respect to the assets being purchased by the Asset Purchasing Venture so long as such assets do not represent 20% or more of the fair market value of the assets being purchased by the Asset Purchasing Venture;

(1) assume or guarantee the indebtedness of another person (other than a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reckson), enter into any "keep well" or other agreement to maintain any financial statement condition of another person (other than a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reckson) or enter into any arrangement having the economic effect of any of the foregoing, (2) prepay, refinance or amend any existing indebtedness other than the refinancing of existing indebtedness at maturity with floating rate debt on customary commercial terms which is prepayable without premium or penalty, (3) make any loans, advances, capital contributions or investments in any other person (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries of Reckson) or (4) other than in connection with the incurrence of indebtedness permitted under the merger agreement, pledge or otherwise encumber shares of capital stock or securities in Reckson or any subsidiary of Reckson;

modify, amend or change any existing tax protection agreement in a manner that would adversely affect Reckson, any subsidiary of Reckson or any of the purchaser parties, or enter into any new tax protection agreement;

except as required by law or in the ordinary course of business, make or change any material tax election, change any annual tax accounting period, adopt or change any method of tax accounting, or file any amended tax return (in each case, except to the extent necessary or appropriate to preserve Reckson's qualification as a REIT or to preserve the status of any subsidiary of Reckson as a partnership, "qualified REIT subsidiary" or "taxable REIT subsidiary" for U.S. federal income tax purposes), if such action would have an adverse affect on any of the purchaser parties that is material;

except as may be required by the SEC, applicable law or generally accepted accounting principles, (1) fail to maintain books and records in all material respects in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied, (2) change any methods, principles or practices of accounting in effect, (3) settle or compromise any material claim, action, suit, litigation, proceeding, arbitration, investigation, audit or controversy relating to taxes other than settlements or compromises relating to real property taxes or sales taxes in an amount not to

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exceed \$5,000,000, individually or in the aggregate, or that do not result in a tax liability of Reckson or any its subsidiaries that materially exceeds the amount reserved, in accordance with general accepted accounting principles, with respect to such claim, action, or other proceeding, or (4) revalue in any material respect any of its assets, including writing-off accounts receivable;

settle or compromise any material litigation, including any stockholder derivative or class action claims other than settlements or compromises for litigation providing solely for the payment of money damages where the amount paid (after reduction by any insurance proceeds actually received or appropriate credits are applied from self-insurance reserves) in settlement or compromise does not exceed \$10,000,000, which provide for a complete release of Reckson and each applicable subsidiary of Reckson of all claims and which do not provide for any admission of liability by Reckson or any of its subsidiaries;

other than as set forth in the merger agreement, (1) adopt, amend or terminate any of Reckson employee benefit plans (as described in the merger agreement) or adopt any new employee benefit plan, (2) grant any new stock appreciation rights, options, restricted shares or any other equity-based awards, (3) materially increase the compensation, bonus or fringe or other benefits of, or pay any discretionary bonus of any kind or amount whatsoever to, any current or former director, officer, employee or consultant, (4) subject to certain exceptions, grant or pay any severance or termination pay to, or increase in any material manner the severance or termination pay of, any current or former director, officer, employee or consultant of the Reckson or any of its subsidiaries, (5) increase the number of Reckson's full-time permanent employees by more than 10 net additions or (6) establish, pay, agree to grant or increase any stay bonus, retention bonus or any similar benefit under any plan, agreement, award or arrangement;

amend, terminate, waive compliance with or any breach, or assign any material rights or claims under, any material term of any material contract or enter into a new contract, agreement or arrangement that constitutes a service contract with a term of over 12 months that, if entered into prior to August 3, 2006, would have been a material contract pursuant to the merger agreement;

fail to use commercially reasonable efforts to comply or remain in compliance with all material terms and provisions of any agreement relating to any outstanding indebtedness of Reckson or any of its subsidiaries;

fail to duly and timely file all material reports and other material documents required to be filed with all governmental entities and other authorities (including the NYSE), subject to extensions permitted by law;

subject to certain exceptions, authorize, recommend, propose, adopt or announce an intention to adopt a plan of complete or partial liquidation, dissolution, merger, consolidation, restructuring, recapitalization or other reorganization of Reckson or any of its subsidiaries;

except in connection with a right being exercised by a tenant under an existing lease (and in accordance with the terms and conditions thereof), enter into any new lease for in excess of 25,000 square feet of net rentable area at a Reckson property;

take any action or fail to take any action, which could reasonably be expected to cause Reckson to fail to qualify as a REIT;

agree in writing or otherwise to take any action inconsistent with any of the foregoing.

**Conduct of Business by SL Green**

During the period from August 3, 2006 to the earlier of the termination of the merger agreement or the effective time of the partnership merger, SL Green has agreed, and has agreed to cause its subsidiaries, to (1) carry on their respective businesses in the usual, regular and ordinary course consistent with its good business judgment and (2) to the extent consistent with the foregoing clause (1), use commercially reasonable efforts to preserve intact in all material respects its respective business organization, goodwill, ongoing businesses and relationships with third parties and to maintain SL Green's qualification as a REIT. Without limiting the foregoing, subject to certain exceptions, SL Green has also agreed not to, and has agreed to cause their subsidiaries not to, without the written consent of Reckson, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned, among other things:

declare, set aside for payment or pay any dividends on, or make any other actual, constructive or deemed distributions (whether in cash, shares, property or otherwise) in respect of, any of SL Green's shares, stock or the partnership interests, shares, stock or other equity interests in any of SL Green's subsidiaries that is not directly or indirectly wholly owned by SL Green, other than (1) subject to certain exceptions, regular, cash distributions at a rate not in excess of \$0.60 per share of SL Green's common stock, declared and paid quarterly, and (2) pro rata dividends or distributions, declared, set aside or paid by any non-wholly owned subsidiary of SL Green to SL Green or any of its subsidiaries; *provided* that SL Green may declare and pay dividends to the extent required by the Code to maintain its REIT qualification and to eliminate United States federal income or excise tax liability;

split, combine or reclassify any shares, stock, partnership interests or other equity interest or issue or authorize the issuance of any securities in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for shares of such shares, stock, partnership interests or other equity interests;

purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire (subject to certain exceptions set forth in the merger agreement) any shares of SL Green's common stock, stock or other equity interests or securities; the partnership interests, stock, other equity interests or securities of any of SL Green's subsidiaries; or any options, warrants or rights to acquire, or security convertible into, shares of SL Green's common stock, stock, other equity interest or securities or the partnership interests, stock or other equity interests in any of SL Green's subsidiaries;

classify or re-classify any unissued shares of common stock of SL Green, share of stock, units, interests, any other voting or redeemable securities or stock-based performance units of SL Green or SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P.;

authorize for issuance, issue, deliver, sell, or grant any shares of common stock of SL Green, shares of stock, units, interests, any other voting or redeemable securities or stock based performance units of SL Green or SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P.;

authorize for issuance, issue, deliver, sell, or grant any option or other right in respect of, any shares of common stock of SL Green, shares of stock, units, interests, any other voting or redeemable securities, or stock based performance units of SL Green or SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. or any securities convertible into, or any rights, warrants or options to acquire, any such shares, units, interests, voting securities or convertible or redeemable securities;

amend or waive any option to acquire shares of SL Green's common stock;

amend SL Green's charter and SL Green's Amended and Restated Bylaws, or any other comparable organizational documents of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P.;

subject to certain exceptions, merge, consolidate or enter into any other business combination transaction; acquire (by merger, consolidation or acquisition) any corporation, partnership or other entity; or purchase any equity interest in or all or substantially all of the assets of any person or any division or business thereof;

authorize, recommend, propose, adopt or announce an intention to adopt a plan of complete or partial liquidation, dissolution, merger, consolidation, restructuring, recapitalization or other reorganization of SL Green or any of its subsidiaries;

take any action, or fail to take any action, which could reasonably be expected to cause SL Green to fail to qualify as a REIT; or

agree in writing or otherwise to take any action inconsistent with any of the foregoing.

#### **Other Covenants**

The parties to the merger agreement have agreed to various other covenants in the merger agreement. Some of these covenants are mutual, while others have been made either only by Reckson or SL Green and its subsidiaries that are party to the merger agreement.

The covenants include, but are not limited to:

the parties to the merger agreement agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to take or cause to be taken all actions to fulfill all conditions applicable to such party pursuant to the merger agreement and to consummate and make effective, as promptly as reasonably practicable, the merger, the partnership merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

Wyoming Acquisition Corp. as the surviving entity will from the effective time of the merger until the first anniversary thereof provide Reckson's employees who remain employed by any of the purchaser parties with certain employee benefits and compensation plans, programs and other arrangements that are substantially similar, in the aggregate, to those provided by Reckson and its subsidiaries immediately prior to the effective time of the merger. If the employment of such employees is terminated in this period, such employee shall be entitled to receive certain severance payments and other benefits. Wyoming Acquisition Corp. as the surviving entity will (1) provide such employees, among other things, with service credit for purposes of eligibility, participation and vesting and levels of benefit accruals (but not for benefit accruals under any defined benefit pension plan of SL Green or any of its subsidiaries), under any employee benefit or compensation plan, program or arrangement adopted, maintained or contributed to by SL Green, Wyoming Acquisition Corp. or any of their respective subsidiaries in which (and to the extent) such employees are eligible to participate, for all periods of employment with Reckson or any subsidiary of Reckson (or their predecessor entities) prior to the effective time of the merger, (2) cause any pre-existing conditions or limitations, eligibility waiting periods or required physical examinations under any welfare benefit plans of SL Green, Wyoming Acquisition Corp. or any of their respective subsidiaries to be waived with respect to such employees and their eligible dependents, and (3) give such employees and their eligible dependents credit for the plan year in which the effective time of the merger (or commencement of participation in a plan of SL Green, Wyoming Acquisition Corp. or any of their respective subsidiaries) occurs towards applicable deductibles and annual out-of-pocket limits for expenses incurred prior to the Effective Time (or the date of commencement of participation in a plan of Purchaser, Surviving Company or any of their respective Subsidiaries).

## No Solicitation

Pursuant to the merger agreement, none of Reckson, Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or any other subsidiary of Reckson may, directly or indirectly, authorize or permit any director, officer, employer, investment banker, financial advisor, attorney, broker, finder or other agent, affiliate or representative to initiate, solicit, encourage or facilitate (including by way of furnishing nonpublic information or assistance) any inquiries or the making of any proposal or other action that constitutes, or may reasonably be expected to lead to, any competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson or enter into discussions or negotiate with any person in furtherance of such inquiries or to obtain a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson.

The merger agreement further provides that Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. will, and will cause their other subsidiaries to, take all actions reasonably necessary to cause their respective officers, directors, employees, investment bankers, financial advisors, attorneys, brokers, finders or other agents, affiliates or representatives to immediately cease any discussions, negotiations or communications with any party or parties with respect to any competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson. However, the merger agreement provides that SL Green acknowledges that Reckson waived, as of August 3, 2006, all standstill or similar provisions of any agreement or understanding that would in any way prohibit any person or entity from making a proposal with respect to a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson.

"Competing transaction" means any of the following (other than the transactions expressly provided for in the merger agreement): (1) any merger, consolidation, share exchange, business combination or similar transaction involving Reckson or Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.; (2) any sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge, transfer or other disposition of 40% or more of the fair market value of the assets (including by means of an issuance, sale or other disposition of voting securities) of Reckson and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, or of 40% or more of any class of voting securities of Reckson, in a single transaction or series of related transactions, excluding any bona fide financing transactions which do not, individually or in the aggregate, have as a purpose or effect the sale or transfer of control of such assets; or (3) any tender offer or exchange offer for 40% or more of any class of voting securities of the Reckson.

Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. are required to notify the purchaser parties of, promptly following receipt, all relevant details relating to any proposal (including the identity of the parties and all material terms thereof) which any of Reckson, Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or any of their subsidiaries, or their respective officers, directors, employees, investment bankers, financial advisors, attorneys, brokers, finders or other agents, affiliates or representatives receive after August 3, 2006 relating to a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson and to keep SL Green reasonably informed on a prompt basis as to the status of and any material developments regarding any such proposal.

Notwithstanding these restrictions, following the receipt by Reckson or by any of its subsidiaries of a proposal from a third party for a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson (which was not solicited, encouraged or facilitated in violation of Reckson's obligations set forth above), if the board of directors of Reckson determines in good faith following consultation with its legal and financial advisors that such proposal for a competing transaction is or is reasonably likely to lead to a superior competing transaction, then the board of directors of Reckson (directly or through officers or advisors) may:

furnish non-public information with respect to Reckson and its subsidiaries to the person who made such proposal, *provided* that such person signs a confidentiality agreement;

disclose to Reckson's stockholders any information required to be disclosed under applicable law;

participate in discussions and negotiations regarding such proposal; and

following receipt of a proposal for a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson that constitutes a superior competing transaction, but prior to obtaining stockholder approval of the merger, the merger agreement and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, (1) withdraw or modify in a manner adverse to SL Green, or fail to make, its recommendation to Reckson's stockholders that they approve the merger, the merger agreement and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement or recommend that Reckson's stockholders approve such superior competing transaction, (2) terminate the merger agreement pursuant to the relevant termination provision of the merger agreement (which includes payment of the break-up fee) and (3) take any action that any court of competent jurisdiction orders Reckson to take. Reckson's board of directors may not take any of the actions referred to in this bullet point, until at least three business days' after giving notice to Wyoming Acquisition Corp. that the competing transaction constitutes a superior competing transaction and unless the board of directors of Reckson has concluded following the end of such three business day period that, taking into account any amendment to the merger agreement entered into or that Wyoming Acquisition Corp. irrevocably covenants to enter into and for which all internal approvals of Wyoming Acquisition Corp. have been obtained since receipt of such notice, in each case, prior to the end of such three business day period, such competing transaction remains a superior competing transaction. In addition, neither Reckson nor its board of directors may recommend to Reckson's stockholders any competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson that is not a superior competing transaction.

"Superior competing transaction" means a bona fide unsolicited written proposal for a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson made by a third party that Reckson's board of directors determines (after taking into account any amendments to the merger agreement entered into or which Wyoming Acquisition Corp. irrevocably covenants to enter into and for which all internal approvals of Wyoming Acquisition Corp. have been obtained prior to such determination) in good faith and after consultation with its financial and legal advisors, is on terms which are more favorable, taking into account financial terms, the conditions to the consummation thereof and the likelihood of the competing transaction proposal being completed to the holders of shares of common stock of Reckson than the mergers and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

#### **Financing**

SL Green and the other purchaser parties agreed to use their commercially reasonable efforts to take all actions to

maintain in effect the debt financing commitment in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, referred to as the financing commitment, and to satisfy the conditions to obtaining the financing set forth therein,

enter into definitive financing agreements with respect to the financings contemplated by the financing commitment, so that such financing agreements are in effect as promptly as practicable after the date of the merger agreement, and

consummate the financings contemplated by such financing agreements at or prior to the closing.

If the financing commitment or any financing agreements expires, is terminated or otherwise becomes unavailable prior to the closing, for any reason, SL Green and the other purchaser parties shall (1) immediately notify Reckson of such expiration, termination or other unavailability and the reasons therefor and (2) use their commercially reasonable efforts promptly to arrange for alternative financing to replace the financing contemplated by such expired, terminated or otherwise unavailable

commitments or agreements in an amount sufficient to consummate the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

### **Convertible Senior Notes**

Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. will, and will cause Reckson's subsidiaries to, reasonably promptly after receipt of written instruction to do so by Wyoming Acquisition Corp., deliver a notice to the holders of Reckson's 4.00% exchangeable senior debentures due June 15, 2025 providing that Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. elects to change the exchange obligation under such notes, subject to, conditioned upon, and after, the consummation of the mergers, into an obligation to deliver upon a subsequent exchange of such notes, cash, shares of Acquirer Common Stock (as defined in the Officers Certificate setting forth the terms and conditions of the such notes), or a combination thereof.

### **Conditions to the Mergers**

The parties' obligations to complete the mergers are subject to the conditions specified in the merger agreement. Some of the conditions are mutual, meaning that if the condition is not satisfied, none of the parties would be obligated to close the mergers. In addition, the merger agreement includes additional conditions in favor of either Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. or SL Green, meaning that if the condition is not satisfied that party could waive it to the extent legally permissible and the other party would remain obligated to close the mergers.

The mutual conditions are:

approval of the merger by the stockholders of Reckson and approval of the partnership merger by the limited partners of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.;

absence of any temporary restraining order, preliminary or permanent injunction or other order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or other legal restraint or prohibition preventing the completion of the merger, the partnership merger or any of the other transactions or agreements contemplated by the merger agreement;

effectiveness of this proxy statement/prospectus; and

approval for listing on the NYSE of the shares of common stock of SL Green to be issued in the mergers, subject to office notice of issuance.

The additional conditions in favor of the purchaser parties, which can be waived to the extent legally permissible by such parties if they are not satisfied, are:

Reckson's representations and warranties and those of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. contained in the merger agreement relating to capitalization, authority to enter into the mergers, the Affiliate Transaction Committee's receipt of the opinion of Goldman Sachs, the vote of Reckson's stockholders required to approve the merger and of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.'s limited partners required to approve the partnership merger, the inapplicability of certain takeover statutes, and the fact that Reckson is not required to be registered as an investment company, being true and correct in all material respects, and in the case of all other representations and warranties, being true and correct (without regard to any materiality or material adverse effect qualifier) except as would not reasonably be expected to constitute, individually or the aggregate, a Reckson material adverse effect, as of August 3, 2006 and as of the closing of the merger as if made on and as of such date (except to the extent that any such representation or warranty, by its terms, is expressly limited to a specific date, in which case, as of such specific date);

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performance in all material respects of Reckson's and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.'s covenants and agreements under the merger agreement at or prior to the effective time of the mergers;

there having occurred no Reckson material adverse effect since December 31, 2005;

delivery to Wyoming Acquisition Corp of certificates signed on Reckson's behalf by an executive officer of Reckson as to the satisfaction of the above three conditions; and

delivery to Reckson of a tax opinion of Solomon and Weinberg LLP (or other counsel to Reckson satisfactory to Wyoming Acquisition Corp.), dated as of the closing date of the merger, opining that, commencing with Reckson's taxable year ended December 31, 2000, Reckson has been organized and operated in conformity with the requirements for qualification as a REIT.

The additional conditions in Reckson's and Reckson Operating Partnership's favor, which can be waived by Reckson to the extent legally permissible if they are not satisfied, are:

the representations and warranties of the purchaser parties contained in the merger agreement regarding capitalization, authority to enter into the merger agreement, and the fact that neither SL Green nor any of its subsidiaries is required to be registered as an investment company, being true and correct in all material respects, and in the case of all other representations and warranties, being true and correct (without regard to any materiality or material adverse effect qualifier) except as would not be reasonably expected to constitute, individually or the aggregate, an SL Green material adverse effect, as of August 3, 2006 and as of the closing of the merger as if made on and as of such date (except to the extent that any such representation or warranty, by its terms, is expressly limited to a specific date, in which case, as of such specific date);

performance in all material respects of the covenants and agreements of SL Green and the other purchaser parties under the merger agreement at or prior to the effective time of the merger;

there having occurred no SL Green material adverse effect since December 31, 2005;

delivery to Reckson of certificates signed on behalf of SL Green by an executive officer as to the satisfaction of the above three conditions; and

delivery to SL Green of a tax opinion of Solomon and Weinberg LLP (or other counsel to SL Green satisfactory to Reckson), dated as of the closing date of the merger, opining that, commencing with SL Green's taxable year ended December 31, 2000, SL Green has been organized and operated in conformity with the requirements for qualification as a REIT and the proposed method of operation of SL Green will enable SL Green to continue to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT.

### **Termination**

The merger agreement may be terminated prior to the effective time of the merger, whether before or after the required stockholder approval for the merger is obtained:

by mutual written consent of Reckson and SL Green;

by either Reckson or Wyoming Acquisition Corp., if the merger shall not have occurred on or prior to January 30, 2007; *provided, however*, that a party that has materially failed to comply with any obligation of such party set forth in the merger agreement will not be entitled to exercise its right to terminate;



by Reckson, upon a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of the purchaser parties set forth in the merger agreement, or if any representation or warranty

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of the purchaser parties becomes untrue, in either case such that the related conditions to the obligations of Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. to close the mergers would be incapable of being satisfied by January 30, 2007;

by SL Green, upon a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of Reckson or Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. set forth in the merger agreement, or if any representation or warranty of Reckson shall have become untrue, in either case such that the related conditions set forth above would be incapable of being satisfied by January 30, 2007;

by either Reckson or SL Green, if any judgment, injunction, order, decree or action by any governmental entity of competent authority preventing the completion of the merger becomes final and nonappealable;

by either Reckson or SL Green, if Reckson's stockholders fail to approve the merger as contemplated by the merger agreement;

by Reckson prior to obtaining stockholder approval of the merger, if at least three business days prior to such termination, Reckson has delivered a notice to Wyoming Acquisition Corp. that a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson constitutes a superior competing transaction; *provided* that for the termination to be effective Reckson shall have paid the break-up fee; or

by SL Green, if (1) Reckson's board of directors or the Affiliate Transaction Committee of Reckson's board of directors withdraws, qualifies or modifies in a manner adverse to SL Green, or fails to make when required, its recommendation to approve the merger or recommends that Reckson's stockholders approve or accept a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson, or if Reckson notifies Wyoming Acquisition Corp. that a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson constitutes a superior competing transaction or publicly announces a decision to take any such action, or (2) Reckson knowingly and materially breaches its obligation to call or hold the stockholder meeting of Reckson or to cause the proxy statement to be mailed to its stockholders in advance of such stockholder meeting.

A terminating party is required to provide written notice of termination to the other parties to the merger agreement, specifying with particularity the basis for such termination. If more than one reason to terminate the merger agreement is available, a terminating party may rely on any or all available reasons for any such termination.

### **Break-Up Fees and Expenses**

In addition, Reckson and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. have agreed to pay Wyoming Acquisition Corp. a break-up fee of \$99,800,000:

if the merger agreement is terminated after Reckson's stockholders fail to approve the merger agreement and after the date of the merger agreement but prior to such termination, a person has made a bona fide written proposal relating to a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson which has been publicly announced prior to the stockholder meeting of Reckson, and within twelve months of any such termination Reckson shall consummate a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson or enter into a written agreement with respect to a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson that is ultimately consummated with any person, promptly after consummating such competing transaction;

if (i) the Reckson board of directors or the Affiliate Transaction Committee withdraws, qualifies or modifies in a manner adverse to SL Green, or fails to make when required, its recommendation of the merger agreement and the merger or recommends that the Reckson stockholders approve or accept a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson, or if

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Reckson notifies Wyoming Acquisition Corp. that a competing transaction for the acquisition of Reckson constitutes a superior competing transaction or publicly announces a decision to take any such action, or (ii) Reckson knowingly and materially breaches its obligation under the merger agreement to call or hold the Reckson stockholder meeting or to cause this proxy statement/prospectus to be mailed to the Reckson stockholders in advance of the Reckson stockholder meeting, within five business days after such termination; or

if Reckson exercises its superior competing transaction termination right, such fee to be paid simultaneously with the termination of the merger agreement.

Reckson also agreed to pay to Wyoming Acquisition Corp. break-up expenses in an amount equal to SL Green's and the other purchaser parties' documented out of pocket, third-party expenses incurred from and after July 13, 2006 in connection with the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, but in no event more than \$13,000,000:

if the merger agreement is terminated after Reckson's stockholders failed to approve the merger agreement;

following a material breach by Reckson of any of its representations and warranties if the result of such breach is to cause the related closing condition to fail to be satisfied; or

following a material breach by Reckson of any of its covenants if the result of such breach is to cause the related closing condition to fail to be satisfied.

### **Amendment of the Merger Agreement**

The parties may amend the merger agreement in writing by action of their respective board of directors, or other comparable bodies, at any time before or after Reckson's stockholders or Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.'s partners approve the merger or the partnership merger and prior to the filing of the articles of merger with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland, *provided* that after Reckson's stockholders approve the merger, no amendment to, modification of or supplement to the merger agreement can be made that would require the approval of Reckson's stockholders without first obtaining such stockholder approval.

### **Definition of Reckson Material Adverse Effect**

"Reckson material adverse effect" means, with respect to Reckson, any change, event, effect or set of circumstances that, when taken together with all other adverse changes, events, effects or sets of circumstances that have occurred, is or is reasonably likely to:

be materially adverse to the business, operations, properties, financial condition or assets of Reckson and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole; or

have a material adverse effect on the ability of Reckson to timely consummate the mergers and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

However, any change, event, effect or set of circumstances resulting from the following will not be considered a Reckson material adverse effect:

changes in political, economic or business conditions (including the commencement, continuation or escalation of a war, material armed hostilities or other material international or national calamity or acts of terrorism or earthquakes, hurricanes, other natural disasters or acts of God) affecting the business or industry in which Reckson operates, except to the extent that such changes have a materially disproportionate adverse effect on Reckson relative to other similarly situated participants;

changes in financial and capital market conditions generally;



changes in laws of general applicability or interpretations thereof by courts or governmental entities;

changes in generally accepted accounting principles applicable to Reckson's business or industry; and

the announcement or performance of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement or the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

**Definition of SL Green Material Adverse Effect**

"SL Green material adverse effect" means, with respect to SL Green, any change, event, effect or set of circumstances that, when taken together with all other adverse changes, events, effects or sets of circumstances that have occurred, is or is reasonably likely to:

be materially adverse to the business, operations, properties, financial condition or assets of SL Green and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole; or

have a material adverse effect on the ability of SL Green to timely consummate the mergers and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement or SL Green's ability to obtain the financing for such transactions.

However, any change, event, effect or set of circumstances resulting from the following will not be considered a SL Green material adverse effect:

changes in political, economic or business conditions (including the commencement, continuation or escalation of a war, material armed hostilities or other material international or national calamity or acts of terrorism or earthquakes, hurricanes, other natural disasters or acts of God) affecting the business or industry in which SL Green operates, except to the extent that such changes have a materially disproportionate adverse effect on SL Green relative to other similarly situated participants;

changes in financial and capital market conditions g