

Edgar Filing: Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.
Form 10-Q
August 02, 2013
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

Or
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission File No. 001-16427

Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Georgia
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

37-1490331
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

601 Riverside Avenue
Jacksonville, Florida
(Address of principal executive offices)
(904) 438-6000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

32204
(Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) YES NO

As of July 31, 2013, 292,107,324 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock were outstanding.

FORM 10-Q
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Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$653.1	\$517.6
Settlement deposits	28.0	32.6
Trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$21.3 and \$19.9 as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	948.5	925.7
Settlement receivables	85.6	128.3
Other receivables	58.2	30.2
Due from Brazilian venture partner	38.1	42.0
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	181.2	111.9
Deferred income taxes	58.6	55.9
Total current assets	2,051.3	1,844.2
Property and equipment, net	415.8	419.5
Goodwill	8,487.4	8,381.5
Intangible assets, net	1,466.2	1,576.2
Computer software, net	848.4	847.0
Deferred contract costs, net	213.2	211.2
Other noncurrent assets	267.8	270.1
Total assets	\$13,750.1	\$13,549.7
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$657.1	\$624.6
Due to Brazilian venture partner	14.3	18.8
Settlement payables	121.1	172.2
Current portion of long-term debt	83.7	153.9
Deferred revenues	266.7	287.3
Total current liabilities	1,142.9	1,256.8
Deferred revenues	35.6	42.2
Deferred income taxes	801.2	821.8
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	4,672.7	4,231.6
Due to Brazilian venture partner	34.5	40.5
Other long-term liabilities	313.0	363.2
Total liabilities	6,999.9	6,756.1
Equity:		
FIS stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 200 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 600 shares authorized, 386.1 and 385.9 shares issued as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	3.8	3.8

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Additional paid in capital	7,207.1	7,197.0
Retained earnings	2,226.1	2,105.8
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings	(10.3) 30.0
Treasury stock, \$0.01 par value, 94.0 and 91.8 shares as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, at cost	(2,828.1	) (2,695.7
Total FIS stockholders' equity	6,598.6	6,640.9
Noncontrolling interest	151.6	152.7
Total equity	6,750.2	6,793.6
Total liabilities and equity	\$13,750.1	\$13,549.7

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings

(In millions, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Processing and services revenues (for related party activity, see note 2)	\$1,512.5	\$1,457.2	\$2,990.5	\$2,870.6
Cost of revenues	1,028.2	981.1	2,036.2	1,970.6
Gross profit	484.3	476.1	954.3	900.0
Selling, general, and administrative expenses (for related party activity, see note 2)	236.7	193.4	431.6	394.8
Operating income	247.6	282.7	522.7	505.2
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense, net	(49.4)	(56.6)	(101.1)	(116.0)
Other income (expense), net	(61.9)	(1.8)	(56.8)	(22.7)
Total other income (expense), net	(111.3)	(58.4)	(157.9)	(138.7)
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	136.3	224.3	364.8	366.5
Provision for income taxes	40.9	65.3	116.1	113.0
Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax	95.4	159.0	248.7	253.5
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	13.6	(5.2)	9.7	(9.6)
Net earnings	109.0	153.8	258.4	243.9
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(4.2)	(3.2)	(9.5)	(6.2)
Net earnings attributable to FIS	\$104.8	\$150.6	\$248.9	\$237.7
Net earnings per share — basic from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.31	\$0.53	\$0.82	\$0.85
Net earnings (loss) per share — basic from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	0.05	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)
Net earnings per share — basic attributable to FIS common stockholders *	\$0.36	\$0.51	\$0.86	\$0.82
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic	289.9	292.7	290.5	291.2
Net earnings per share — diluted from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.31	\$0.52	\$0.81	\$0.83
Net earnings (loss) per share — diluted from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	0.05	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)
Net earnings per share — diluted attributable to FIS common stockholders *	\$0.36	\$0.50	\$0.84	\$0.80
Weighted average shares outstanding — diluted	294.3	298.3	294.8	296.8
Cash dividends paid per share	\$0.22	\$0.20	\$0.44	\$0.40
Amounts attributable to FIS common stockholders:				
Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax	\$91.2	\$155.8	\$239.2	\$247.3
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	13.6	(5.2)	9.7	(9.6)
Net earnings attributable to FIS	\$104.8	\$150.6	\$248.9	\$237.7

* Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.
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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net earnings	\$109.0	\$153.8	\$258.4	\$243.9
Other comprehensive earnings, before tax:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments and derivatives	\$2.3	\$(7.6)	\$1.1	\$(1.9)
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net earnings	1.3	1.5	3.0	4.1
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments and derivatives, net	3.6	(6.1)	4.1	2.2
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(46.5)	(52.0)	(53.7)	(27.6)
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), before tax	(42.9)	(58.1)	(49.6)	(25.4)
Provision for income tax expense (benefit) related to items of other comprehensive earnings	(1.0)	(4.2)	(0.2)	(0.4)
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax	\$(41.9) (41.9)	\$(53.9) (53.9)	\$(49.4) (49.4)	\$(25.0) (25.0)
Comprehensive earnings	67.1	99.9	209.0	218.9
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(4.2)	(3.2)	(9.5)	(6.2)
Other comprehensive (earnings) losses attributable to noncontrolling interest	10.6	11.0	9.1	8.8
Comprehensive earnings attributable to FIS	\$73.5	\$107.7	\$208.6	\$221.5

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Equity

Six months ended June 30, 2013

(In millions, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Amount FIS Stockholders				Accumulated				
	Number of shares Common	Treasury shares	Common stock	paid in capital	Retained earnings	comprehensive earnings	Treasury stock	Noncontrolling interest	Total equity
Balances, December 31, 2012	385.9	(91.8)	\$3.8	\$7,197.0	\$2,105.8	\$ 30.0	\$(2,695.7)	\$ 152.7	\$6,793.6
Issuance of restricted stock	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exercise of stock options and stock purchase right	—	3.4	—	(33.9)	—	—	98.4	—	64.5
Treasury shares held for taxes due upon exercise of stock options	—	(0.1)	—	—	—	—	(5.5)	—	(5.5)
Excess income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	—	—	—	14.5	—	—	—	—	14.5
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	29.5	—	—	—	—	29.5
Cash dividends paid (\$0.22 per share per quarter) and other distributions	—	—	—	—	(128.6)	—	—	(1.5)	(130.1)
Purchases of treasury stock	—	(5.5)	—	—	—	—	(225.3)	—	(225.3)
Net earnings	—	—	—	—	248.9	—	—	9.5	258.4
Other comprehensive earnings	—	—	—	—	—	(40.3)	—	(9.1)	(49.4)
Balances, June 30, 2013	386.1	(94.0)	\$3.8	\$7,207.1	\$2,226.1	\$ (10.3)	\$(2,828.1)	\$ 151.6	\$6,750.2

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

	Six months ended	
	June 30,	
	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$258.4	\$243.9
Adjustment to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	305.5	317.2
Amortization of debt issue costs	14.6	24.6
ClearPar contingent consideration included in discontinued operations	(26.8)) —
Gain on mFoundry acquisition	(9.2)) —
Stock-based compensation	26.4	42.9
Deferred income taxes	(24.7)	) 5.8
Excess income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	(14.5)	) (10.3)
Other operating activities	1.7	—
Net changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and foreign currency:		
Trade receivables	(26.1)	) (55.6)
Settlement activity	(3.6)	) (7.5)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(60.7)	) (16.7)
Deferred contract costs	(37.3)	) (34.9)
Deferred revenue	(26.0)	) (21.0)
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and other liabilities	(12.9)	) (25.7)
Net cash provided by operating activities	364.8	462.7
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Additions to property and equipment	(59.5)	) (66.6)
Additions to computer software	(97.5)	) (89.1)
Receipt of contingent consideration from ClearPar sale	26.8	—
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired, and equity investments	(130.1)	) (41.7)
Other investing activities, net	(22.8)) —
Net cash used in investing activities	(283.1)	) (197.4)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings	7,151.6	7,483.3
Repayment of borrowings	(6,776.0)	) (7,430.8)
Debt issuance costs	(17.0)	) (47.5)
Excess income tax benefit from exercise of stock options	14.5	10.3
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	72.9	152.9
Treasury stock activity	(230.8)	) (186.0)
Dividends paid	(127.9)	) (117.7)
Other financing activities, net	(11.8)	) (4.7)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	75.5	(140.2)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash	(21.7)) (6.8)

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Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	135.5	118.3
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	517.6	415.5
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$653.1	\$533.8

Supplemental cash flow information:

Cash paid for interest	\$112.9	\$97.8
Cash paid for income taxes	\$186.7	\$87.3

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.
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 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, all references to “FIS,” “we,” the “Company” or the “registrant” are to Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., a Georgia corporation.

(1) Basis of Presentation

The unaudited financial information included in this report includes the accounts of FIS and its subsidiaries prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. All adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. This report should be read in conjunction with the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. The preparation of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain reclassifications have been made in the 2012 Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) to conform to the classifications used in 2013. We report the results of our operations in four reporting segments: 1) Financial Solutions Group (“FSG”), 2) Payment Solutions Group (“PSG”), 3) International Solutions Group (“ISG”) and 4) Corporate and Other (Note 12).

(2) Related Party Transactions

We are a party to certain agreements with related parties described below.

Revenues and Expenses

Related party transactions included in revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, are as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30, 2013	2012	June 30, 2013	2012
Banco Bradesco Brazilian Venture revenue	\$78.5	\$67.2	\$153.8	\$142.6
FNF data processing services revenue	—	8.5	—	20.5
Ceridian data processing and services revenue	—	28.1	—	46.7
Total related party revenues	\$78.5	\$103.8	\$153.8	\$209.8

The three and six months ended June 30, 2012 also included \$1.1 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, in expenses for administrative corporate support and other services with FNF (net of expense reimbursements) and \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, of expenses related to employee benefits services provided by Ceridian. These costs were included in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Brazilian Venture

The Company operates a joint venture ("Brazilian Venture") with Banco Bradesco S.A. ("Banco Bradesco") in which we own a 51% controlling interest, to provide comprehensive, fully outsourced transaction processing, call center, cardholder support and collection services to multiple card issuing clients in Brazil, including Banco Bradesco.

FNF

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FIS had shared a number of directors and executives with Fidelity National Financial, Inc. ("FNF"), our former parent, subsequent to becoming an independent company. As a result, FNF qualified as a related party from an accounting perspective. As previously reported, William P. Foley II, who serves as Chairman of the Board of Directors of FNF, transitioned from

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FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Executive Chairman to Chairman of the Board of FIS in February 2011, and then to Vice Chairman in March 2012. Certain other key executives shared between the two companies ended their employment with FIS during 2012. As a result, FNF's level of influence over the management or operating policies of FIS was diminished below the level required to meet the definition of a related party as of September 30, 2012. All transactions with FNF are, therefore, included in the related party disclosures through that date.

Ceridian

We provide data processing services to Ceridian Corporation (“Ceridian”), and Ceridian provides us with outsourced employee benefits services. FNF holds an approximate 32% equity interest in Ceridian; therefore, transactions with Ceridian are included as related party activity through September 30, 2012, consistent with the inclusion of FNF as addressed above.

We believe the amounts earned from or charged by us under each of the foregoing arrangements are fair and reasonable. We believe our service arrangements are priced within the range of prices we offer to third parties. However, the amounts we earned or that we were charged under these arrangements were not negotiated at arm's-length, and may not represent the terms that we might have obtained from an unrelated third party.

(3) Unaudited Net Earnings per Share

The basic weighted average shares and common stock equivalents for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are computed using the treasury stock method.

The following table summarizes the earnings per share attributable to FIS common stockholders for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to FIS, net of tax	\$91.2	\$155.8	\$239.2	\$247.3
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to FIS, net of tax	13.6	(5.2)	9.7	(9.6)
Net earnings attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$104.8	\$150.6	\$248.9	\$237.7
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic	289.9	292.7	290.5	291.2
Plus: Common stock equivalent shares	4.4	5.6	4.3	5.6
Weighted average shares outstanding — diluted	294.3	298.3	294.8	296.8
Net earnings per share — basic from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.31	\$0.53	\$0.82	\$0.85
Net earnings (loss) per share — basic from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	0.05	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)
Net earnings per share — basic attributable to FIS common stockholders *	\$0.36	\$0.51	\$0.86	\$0.82
Net earnings per share — diluted from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.31	\$0.52	\$0.81	\$0.83
Net earnings (loss) per share — diluted from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	0.05	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)
Net earnings per share — diluted attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.36	\$0.50	\$0.84	\$0.80

* Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

Options to purchase approximately 0.1 million and 0.4 million shares of our common stock for the three months and 1.6 million and 3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(4) Discontinued Operations

Certain operations are reported as discontinued in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Unaudited) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

Healthcare Benefit Solutions Business

On June 25, 2012, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our Healthcare Benefit Solutions Business ("Healthcare Business") because its operations did not align with our strategic plans. The all-cash transaction closed on August 15, 2012 and we received cash proceeds of \$332.2 million. We recorded a pre-tax gain of \$22.0 million and tax expense on the sale of \$78.3 million, which resulted from the allocation of goodwill with minimal tax basis.

The results of operations of the Healthcare Business, which were previously included in the PSG segment, have been classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. The Healthcare Business had no revenue or pretax earnings for the six months ended June 30, 2013. The Healthcare Business had revenues of \$31.7 million and \$65.2 million and pretax earnings of \$6.7 million and \$13.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively.

Brazil Item Processing and Remittance Services Operations

During the third quarter of 2010, the Company decided to pursue strategic alternatives for Fidelity National Participacoes Ltda. ("Participacoes"). There were no revenues for the 2013 and 2012 periods. Participacoes had losses before taxes of \$4.7 million and \$14.3 million for the three months and \$10.7 million and \$27.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Participacoes' processing volume was transitioned to other vendors or back to its customers during the second quarter of 2011. As a result of the dismissal of employees related to the shut-down activities completed in 2011, the three months and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 included charges of \$4.5 million and \$12.7 million and \$9.2 million and \$24.4 million, respectively, to settle claims or increase our provision for potential labor claims. The shut-down activities involved the transfer and termination of approximately 2,600 employees. As of June 30, 2013, there were approximately 1,400 active labor claims. Former employees generally had up to two years from the date of termination to file labor claims, which extended through April 2013. Consequently, we have continued exposure on these active claims, which were not transferred with other assets and liabilities in the disposal. Our accrued liability for active and unasserted labor claims considered probable of assertion, net of \$16.9 million in court ordered deposits, is \$32.2 million as of June 30, 2013. Any changes in the estimated liability related to these labor claims will be recorded as discontinued operations.

ClearPar

On January 1, 2010, FIS sold certain assets and liabilities constituting our ClearPar automated syndicated loan trade settlement business. Terms of the sale included an initial cash payment of \$71.5 million at closing, with the potential for an additional earn-out payment calculated as a function of the business' 2012 operating results. In May 2013, we recorded in discontinued operations a gain of \$26.8 million (\$16.7 million, net of tax) upon final determination and receipt of the earn-out payment.

(5) Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Earnings Attributable to FIS by Component, Net of Tax

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The following table shows accumulated other comprehensive earnings ("AOCE") attributable to FIS by component, net of tax, for the six months ended June 30, 2013 (in millions):

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

	Interest Rate Swap Contracts	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Other	Total
Balances, December 31, 2012	\$(6.1)	\$36.3	\$(0.2)	\$30.0
Other comprehensive gain/(loss) before reclassifications	2.9	(42.5)	(2.5)	(42.1)
Amounts reclassified from AOCE	1.8	—	—	1.8
Net current period AOCE attributable to FIS	4.7	(42.5)	(2.5)	(40.3)
Balances, June 30, 2013	\$(1.4)	\$(6.2)	\$(2.7)	\$(10.3)

The amount reclassified from AOCE for interest rate swap contracts includes \$3.0 million recorded as interest expense, reduced by a related \$1.2 million provision for income taxes.

(6) Condensed Consolidated Financial Statement Details

The following tables show the Company's condensed consolidated financial statement details as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in millions):

	June 30, 2013			December 31, 2012		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	Net	Cost	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	Net
Property and equipment	\$1,016.0	\$600.2	\$415.8	\$975.5	\$556.0	\$419.5
Intangible assets	\$2,803.9	\$1,337.7	\$1,466.2	\$2,962.6	\$1,386.4	\$1,576.2
Computer software	\$1,511.0	\$662.6	\$848.4	\$1,451.6	\$604.6	\$847.0

The Company entered into capital lease obligations of \$2.0 million and \$1.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, primarily consisting of computer hardware and software. The assets are included in property and equipment and computer software and the remaining capital lease obligation is classified as long-term debt on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited) as of June 30, 2013. Periodic payments are included in repayment of borrowings on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited).

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(7) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consisted of the following (in millions):

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Term Loans A-2 (1)	\$—	\$250.0
Term Loans A-3, quarterly principal amortization (2)	—	2,021.3
Term Loans A-4, quarterly principal amortization (3)	1,987.5	—
Senior Notes due 2017, interest payable semi-annually at 7.625%	—	750.0
Senior Notes due 2018, interest payable semi-annually at 2.000%	250.0	—
Senior Notes due 2020, interest payable semi-annually at 7.875%	500.0	500.0
Senior Notes due 2022, interest payable semi-annually at 5.000%	700.0	700.0
Senior Notes due 2023, interest payable semi-annually at 3.500%	1,000.0	—
Revolving Loan (4)	300.0	126.3
Other	18.9	37.9
	4,756.4	4,385.5
Current portion	(83.7	) (153.9
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	\$4,672.7	\$4,231.6

(1) The Term Loans A-2 were repaid in full on January 11, 2013 through additional borrowings on our Revolving Loan.

(2) The Term Loans A-3 were repaid in full on April 23, 2013 and replaced with Term Loans A-4 as discussed below.

Interest on the Term Loans A-4 is generally payable at LIBOR plus an applicable margin of up to 2.00% based upon the Company's corporate credit ratings and the ratings on the FIS Credit Agreement. As of June 30, 2013, the weighted average interest rate on the Term Loans A-4 was 1.69%.

(4) Interest on the Revolving Loan is generally payable at LIBOR plus an applicable margin of up to 2.00% plus an unused commitment fee of up to 0.35%, each based upon the Company's corporate credit ratings and the ratings on the FIS Credit Agreement. As of June 30, 2013, the applicable margin on the Revolving Loan, excluding facility fees and unused commitment fees, was 1.50%.

On April 23, 2013, FIS amended and restated its syndicated credit agreement (the "FIS Credit Agreement"). The transaction resulted in the increase of FIS' revolving loan capacity by \$850.0 million to \$2,000.0 million and the amendment of certain terms and conditions, including the removal of provisions regarding the granting of collateral by FIS and its subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2013, the FIS Credit Agreement provided total committed capital of \$3,987.5 million comprised of: (1) a revolving credit facility in an aggregate maximum principal amount of \$2,000.0 million maturing on March 30, 2017 (the "Revolving Loan"); and (2) term loans of \$1,987.5 million maturing on March 30, 2017 (the "Term Loans A-4"). As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding principal balance of the Revolving Loan was \$300.0 million, with \$1,699.2 million of borrowing capacity remaining thereunder (net of \$0.8 million in outstanding letters of credit issued under the Revolving Loan).

On April 15, 2013, FIS completed the issuance and sale of \$250.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 2.0% unsecured senior notes due April 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes") and \$1,000.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 3.5% unsecured senior notes due April 15, 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). Net proceeds from the offering, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions, were \$1,233.1 million. The 2018 Notes and 2023 Notes were offered and sold pursuant to the Form S-3 Automatic Shelf Registration filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 5, 2013, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement dated April 10, 2013. On April 15, 2013, FIS used a

portion of the proceeds from the offering to pay down the outstanding balance of its Revolving Loan. On May 15, 2013, the Company completed a call for redemption of the 2017 Notes for \$801.6 million, comprised of \$750.0 million in principal and a call premium of \$51.6 million.

The obligations of FIS under the FIS Credit Agreement and under all its outstanding senior notes rank equal in priority, are unsecured and are guaranteed by substantially all of the domestic subsidiaries of FIS. The FIS Credit Agreement and the senior notes remain subject to customary covenants, including, among others, limitations on the payment of dividends by FIS, and events of default.

The following table summarizes the mandatory annual principal payments pursuant to the FIS Credit Agreement and the senior notes' indentures as of June 30, 2013 (in millions). There are no mandatory principal payments on the Revolving Loan and any balance outstanding on the Revolving Loan will be due and payable at its scheduled maturity date:

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	Term Loan A-4	2018 Notes	2020 Notes	2022 Notes	2023 Notes	Total
2013	\$25.0	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$25.0
2014	100.0	—	—	—	—	100.0
2015	100.0	—	—	—	—	100.0
2016	100.0	—	—	—	—	100.0
2017	1,662.5	—	—	—	—	1,662.5
Thereafter	—	250.0	500.0	700.0	1,000.0	2,450.0
Total	\$1,987.5	\$250.0	\$500.0	\$700.0	\$1,000.0	\$4,437.5

Voluntary prepayment of the Term Loans is generally permitted at any time without fee upon proper notice and subject to a minimum dollar requirement. In addition to scheduled principal payments, the Term Loans are (with certain exceptions) subject to mandatory prepayment upon the occurrence of certain events.

FIS may redeem some or all of the 2020 Notes and the 2022 Notes on or before July 14, 2017 and May 14, 2020, respectively, at specified premiums to par, and thereafter at par. FIS may also redeem the 2018 Notes and the 2023 Notes at its option in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed and a make-whole amount calculated as described in the related indenture in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of redemption; provided no make-whole amount will be paid for redemptions on the 2023 Notes during the three months prior to their maturity.

We monitor the financial stability of our counterparties on an ongoing basis. The lender commitments under the undrawn portions of the Revolving Loan are comprised of a diversified set of financial institutions, both domestic and international. The combined commitments of our top 10 revolving lenders comprise about 58% of our Revolving Loan. The failure of any single lender to perform its obligations under the Revolving Loan would not adversely impact our ability to fund operations. If the single largest lender were to default under the terms of the FIS Credit Agreement (impacting the capacity of the Revolving Loan), the maximum loss of available capacity on the undrawn portion of the Revolving Loan, as of June 30, 2013, would be approximately \$116.9 million.

In connection with a March 2012 refinancing and bond offering, we wrote off certain previously capitalized debt issuance costs and transaction expenses totaling \$18.4 million and capitalized \$29.3 million of other costs. The Company capitalized approximately \$18.0 million in additional debt issuance costs with respect to the FIS Credit Agreement refinancing and the issuance of the 2018 Notes and the 2023 Notes, and wrote off approximately \$14.1 million of previously capitalized costs as well as certain transaction fees and expenses of under \$2.0 million. Upon the early redemption of the 2017 Notes, the Company also expensed approximately \$45.3 million, representing the \$51.6 million early-redemption premium offset by the premium reflected in the carrying value of this debt. Debt issuance costs of \$50.1 million, net of accumulated amortization, remain capitalized as of June 30, 2013, related to all of the above outstanding debt.

The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated to be approximately \$24.4 million lower than the carrying value as of June 30, 2013. This estimate is based on quoted prices of our senior notes and trades of our other debt in close proximity to June 30, 2013, which are considered Level 2-type measurements. This estimate is subjective in nature and involves uncertainties and significant judgment in the interpretation of current market data. Therefore, the values presented are not necessarily indicative of amounts the Company could realize or settle currently.

As of June 30, 2013, we have entered into the following interest rate swap transactions converting a portion of the interest rate exposure on our Term and Revolving Loans from variable to fixed (in millions):

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Effective date	Termination date	Notional amount	Bank pays variable rate of	FIS pays fixed rate of
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	\$150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.74 % (2)
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.74 % (2)
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	300.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.72 % (2)
July 1, 2012	July 1, 2015	300.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.58 % (2)
February 1, 2013	February 3, 2014	200.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.28 % (2)
February 1, 2013	February 3, 2014	200.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.28 % (2)
February 3, 2014	February 1, 2017	400.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.89 % (2)
		\$1,700.0		

(1)0.19% in effect as of June 30, 2013.

(2) Does not include the applicable margin and facility fees paid to lenders on the Term Loans and Revolving Loan as described above.

We have designated these interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges and, as such, they are carried on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) at fair value with changes in fair value included in other comprehensive earnings, net of tax.

A summary of the fair value of the Company's derivative instruments as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, is as follows (in millions):

	June 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Balance sheet location	Fair value	Balance sheet location	Fair value
Interest rate swap contracts	Other noncurrent assets	\$2.1	Other noncurrent assets	\$—
Interest rate swap contracts	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	0.2	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1.0
Interest rate swap contracts	Other long-term liabilities	4.5	Other long-term liabilities	9.4

In accordance with the authoritative guidance for fair value measurements, the inputs used to determine the estimated fair value of our interest rate swaps are Level 2-type measurements. We considered our own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparties when determining the fair value of our interest rate swaps. Adjustments are made to these amounts and to AOCE within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity (Unaudited) and the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings (Unaudited) as the factors that impact fair value change, including current and projected interest rates, time to maturity and required cash transfers/settlements with our counterparties. Periodic actual and estimated settlements with counterparties are recorded to interest expense as a yield adjustment to effectively fix the otherwise variable rate interest expense associated with the Term and Revolving Loans.

A summary of the effect of derivative instruments on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings (Unaudited) and recognized in AOCE for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows (in millions):

	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in AOCE on derivatives	Location of loss	Amount of loss reclassified from AOCE into income
Derivatives in cash	Three months ended		Three months ended

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flow hedging relationships	June 30, 2013	2012	reclassified from AOCE into income	June 30, 2013	2012
Interest rate swap contracts	\$4.8	\$(2.8) Interest expense	\$(1.3) \$(1.5)

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	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in AOCE on derivatives		Location of loss reclassified from AOCE into income	Amount of loss reclassified from AOCE into income	
	Six months ended June 30, 2013	2012		Six months ended June 30, 2013	2012
Derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships	\$4.8	\$(4.6	Interest expense	\$(3.0	\$(4.1

Approximately \$1.4 million of the balance in AOCE as of June 30, 2013, is expected to be reclassified into income over the next twelve months.

Our existing cash flow hedges are highly effective and there was no impact on earnings due to hedge ineffectiveness. It is our practice to execute such instruments with credit-worthy banks at the time of execution and not to enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. As of June 30, 2013, we believe that our interest rate swap counterparties will be able to fulfill their obligations under our agreements and we believe we will have debt outstanding through the various expiration dates of the swaps such that the forecasted transactions remain probable of occurring.

(8) Supplemental Guarantor Financial Information

The following supplemental financial information sets forth for FIS and its guarantor and non-guarantor subsidiaries: (a) the Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012; (b) the Condensed Consolidating Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Earnings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012; and (c) the Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. Each guarantor subsidiary is 100% owned by FIS and all guarantees are full and unconditional as well as joint and several.

	Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets June 30, 2013				
	FIS (in millions)	Guarantor subsidiaries	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12.9	\$ 206.9	\$ 433.3	\$—	\$ 653.1
Settlement deposits	—	28.0	—	—	28.0
Trade receivables, net	—	692.8	255.7	—	948.5
Investment in subsidiaries, intercompany and receivables from related parties	9,548.7	10,052.0	1,028.0	(20,590.6	) 38.1
Other current assets	64.5	244.3	74.8	—	383.6
Total current assets	9,626.1	11,224.0	1,791.8	(20,590.6	) 2,051.3
Property and equipment, net	7.6	320.8	87.4	—	415.8
Goodwill	—	7,205.5	1,281.9	—	8,487.4
Intangible assets, net	—	1,091.5	374.7	—	1,466.2
Computer software, net	38.4	646.7	163.3	—	848.4
Other noncurrent assets	73.3	329.7	78.0	—	481.0

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Total assets	\$9,745.4	\$20,818.2	\$ 3,777.1	\$(20,590.6)	\$13,750.1
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$146.0	\$225.9	\$ 285.2	\$—	\$657.1
Settlement payables	—	112.3	8.8	—	121.1
Current portion of long-term debt	75.0	6.8	1.9	—	83.7
Deferred revenues	—	188.4	78.3	—	266.7
Other current liabilities	—	—	14.3	—	14.3
Total current liabilities	221.0	533.4	388.5	—	1,142.9
Deferred income taxes	—	784.9	16.3	—	801.2
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	4,667.9	4.2	0.6	—	4,672.7
Other long-term liabilities	6.3	89.7	287.1	—	383.1
Total liabilities	4,895.2	1,412.2	692.5	—	6,999.9
Total equity	4,850.2	19,406.0	3,084.6	(20,590.6)	6,750.2
Total liabilities and equity	\$9,745.4	\$20,818.2	\$ 3,777.1	\$(20,590.6)	\$13,750.1

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	Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets				
	December 31, 2012				
	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18.4	\$ 226.8	\$ 272.4	\$—	\$ 517.6
Settlement deposits	—	32.6	—	—	32.6
Trade receivables, net	—	693.9	231.8	—	925.7
Investment in subsidiaries, intercompany and receivables from related parties	9,207.5	9,482.0	1,087.8	(19,735.3)	42.0
Other current assets	21.2	259.6	45.5	—	326.3
Total current assets	9,247.1	10,694.9	1,637.5	(19,735.3)	1,844.2
Property and equipment, net	12.0	328.8	78.7	—	419.5
Goodwill	—	7,205.7	1,175.8	—	8,381.5
Intangible assets, net	—	1,191.4	384.8	—	1,576.2
Computer software, net	39.7	641.9	165.4	—	847.0
Other noncurrent assets	103.2	288.3	89.8	—	481.3
Total assets	\$ 9,402.0	\$ 20,351.0	\$ 3,532.0	\$ (19,735.3)	\$ 13,549.7
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 110.7	\$ 257.1	\$ 256.8	\$—	\$ 624.6
Settlement payables	—	165.6	6.6	—	172.2
Current portion of long-term debt	144.4	7.4	2.1	—	153.9
Deferred revenues	—	224.0	63.3	—	287.3
Other current liabilities	—	—	18.8	—	18.8
Total current liabilities	255.1	654.1	347.6	—	1,256.8
Deferred income taxes	—	820.4	1.4	—	821.8
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	4,224.1	7.2	0.3	—	4,231.6
Other long-term liabilities	29.0	99.7	317.2	—	445.9
Total liabilities	4,508.2	1,581.4	666.5	—	6,756.1
Total equity	4,893.8	18,769.6	2,865.5	(19,735.3)	6,793.6
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 9,402.0	\$ 20,351.0	\$ 3,532.0	\$ (19,735.3)	\$ 13,549.7

	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Earnings				
	Three months ended June 30, 2013				
	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Processing and services revenues	\$—	\$ 1,180.8	\$ 331.7	\$—	\$ 1,512.5
Operating expenses	56.6	876.0	332.3	—	1,264.9
Operating income	(56.6)	304.8	(0.6)	—	247.6
Other income (expense):					

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Interest expense, net	(48.1) (0.4) (0.9) —	(49.4)
Other income (expense)	(63.8) 3.1	(1.2) —	(61.9)
Net earnings (loss) of equity affiliates	212.9	—	—	(212.9) —	
Total other income (expense)	101.0	2.7	(2.1	) (212.9	) (111.3)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	44.4	307.5	(2.7	) (212.9	) 136.3	
Provision for income taxes	(51.0	) 92.9	(1.0	) —	40.9	
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	95.4	214.6	(1.7	) (212.9	) 95.4	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	13.6	—	(3.1	) 3.1	13.6	
Net earnings (loss)	109.0	214.6	(4.8	) (209.8	) 109.0	
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(4.2	) 0.1	(4.3	) 4.2	(4.2)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$104.8	\$214.7	\$ (9.1) \$(205.6) \$104.8	
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to FIS	\$73.5	\$216.1	\$ (44.6) \$(171.5) \$73.5	

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	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Earnings				
	Three months ended June 30, 2012				
	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Processing and services revenues	\$—	\$1,145.5	\$ 311.7	\$—	\$1,457.2
Operating expenses	39.1	858.4	277.0	—	1,174.5
Operating income	(39.1)	287.1	34.7	—	282.7
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense, net	(55.2)	(0.5)	(0.9)	—	(56.6)
Other income (expense)	(1.3)	2.9	(3.4)	—	(1.8)
Net earnings (loss) of equity affiliates	227.7	—	—	(227.7)	—
Total other income (expense)	171.2	2.4	(4.3)	(227.7)	(58.4)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	132.1	289.5	30.4	(227.7)	224.3
Provision for income taxes	(26.9)	81.5	10.7	—	65.3
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	159.0	208.0	19.7	(227.7)	159.0
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(5.2)	4.2	(9.4)	5.2	(5.2)
Net earnings (loss)	153.8	212.2	10.3	(222.5)	153.8
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(3.2)	—	(3.2)	3.2	(3.2)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$150.6	\$212.2	\$ 7.1	\$(219.3)	\$150.6
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to FIS	\$107.7	\$212.1	\$(27.4)	\$(184.7)	\$107.7

	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Earnings				
	Six months ended June 30, 2013				
	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Processing and services revenues	\$—	\$2,340.2	\$ 650.3	\$—	\$2,990.5
Operating expenses	118.1	1,742.4	607.3	—	2,467.8
Operating income	(118.1)	597.8	43.0	—	522.7
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense, net	(98.3)	(0.8)	(2.0)	—	(101.1)
Other income (expense)	(54.2)	3.2	(5.8)	—	(56.8)
Net earnings (loss) of equity affiliates	435.2	—	—	(435.2)	—
Total other income (expense)	282.7	2.4	(7.8)	(435.2)	(157.9)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	164.6	600.2	35.2	(435.2)	364.8
Provision for income taxes	(84.1)	187.8	12.4	—	116.1

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Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	248.7	412.4	22.8	(435.2)	248.7		
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	9.7	0.1	(7.1)	7.0	9.7		
Net earnings (loss)	258.4	412.5	15.7	(428.2	)	258.4	
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(9.5)	0.3	(9.8)	9.5	(9.5)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$248.9	\$412.8	\$ 5.9	\$(418.7	)	\$248.9	
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to FIS	\$208.6	\$414.5	\$ (38.2)	\$(376.3)	\$208.6	

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	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Earnings				
	Six months ended June 30, 2012				
	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Processing and services revenues	\$—	\$2,266.0	\$ 604.6	\$—	\$2,870.6
Operating expenses	103.6	1,725.3	536.5	—	2,365.4
Operating income	(103.6	) 540.7	68.1	—	505.2
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense, net	(113.3	) (0.5	) (2.2	) —	(116.0
Other income (expense)	(17.7	) (1.0	) (4.0	) —	(22.7
Net earnings (loss) of equity affiliates	414.8	—	—	(414.8) —
Total other income (expense)	283.8	(1.5	) (6.2	) (414.8	) (138.7
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	180.2	539.2	61.9	(414.8	) 366.5
Provision for income taxes	(73.3	) 164.5	21.8	—	113.0
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	253.5	374.7	40.1	(414.8	) 253.5
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(9.6	) 8.5	(18.1	) 9.6	(9.6
Net earnings (loss)	243.9	383.2	22.0	(405.2	) 243.9
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(6.2	) 0.4	(6.6	) 6.2	(6.2
Net earnings (loss) attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$237.7	\$383.6	\$ 15.4	\$(399.0	) \$237.7
Comprehensive earnings (loss) attributable to FIS	\$221.5	\$384.6	\$ 7.9	\$(392.5	) \$221.5

	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows				
	Six months ended June 30, 2013				
	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				
Cash flows from operating activities	\$(83.3	) \$451.5	\$ (6.9	) \$3.5	\$364.8
Cash flows from investing activities	(33.7	) (121.6	) (127.8	) —	(283.1
Cash flows from financing activities	111.5	(349.8	) 317.3	(3.5	) 75.5
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates on cash	—	—	(21.7	) —	(21.7
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$(5.5	) \$(19.9	) \$ 160.9	\$—	\$135.5

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows

Six months ended June 30, 2012

	FIS	Guarantor	Non-guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
	(in millions)				

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Cash flows from operating activities	\$(46.6) \$487.2	\$ 22.2	\$(0.1) \$462.7
Cash flows from investing activities	(10.6) (132.4) (54.4) —	(197.4)
Cash flows from financing activities	54.8	(326.1	) 131.0	0.1	(140.2)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates on cash	—	—	(6.8) —	(6.8)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$(2.4) \$28.7	\$ 92.0	\$—	\$118.3

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(9) Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in various pending and threatened litigation matters related to operations, some of which include claims for punitive or exemplary damages. The Company believes that no actions, other than the matters listed below, depart from customary litigation incidental to its business. As background to the disclosures below, please note the following:

These matters raise difficult and complicated factual and legal issues and are subject to many uncertainties and complexities.

The Company reviews all of its litigation matters on an on-going basis and follows the authoritative provisions for accounting for contingencies when making accrual and disclosure decisions. A liability must be accrued if (a) it is probable that a liability has been incurred and (b) the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. If one of these criteria has not been met, disclosure is required when there is at least a reasonable possibility that a material loss may be incurred. When assessing reasonably possible and probable outcomes, the Company bases decisions on the assessment of the ultimate outcome following all appeals. Legal fees associated with defending these matters are expensed as incurred.

CheckFree Corporation and CashEdge, Inc. v. Metavante Corporation and Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.

This is a patent infringement action that was filed by CheckFree Corporation and CashEdge, Inc., wholly-owned subsidiaries of Fiserv, Inc., against Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. and our subsidiary, Metavante Corporation (collectively the “Defendants”) in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Jacksonville Division on January 5, 2012. The complaint seeks damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees for the alleged infringement of three patents. Plaintiffs allege that the Defendants infringe the patents at issue by providing customers financial and payment solutions that process payment instructions, provide electronic biller notifications, and/or process account-to-account funds transfer transactions and have requested financial damages and injunctive relief. Defendants filed their Answer and Counterclaims to Plaintiffs' complaint for patent infringement denying the claims of patent infringement and asserting defenses, including non-infringement and invalidity. Additionally, Defendants filed counterclaims asserting patent infringement of three patents and adding Fiserv, Inc. as a Counter Defendant. Defendants seek damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees. Plaintiffs and Counter Defendant Fiserv, Inc., filed their Answer to Defendants' counterclaims denying the claims of patent infringement and asserting defenses, including non-infringement and invalidity. In the fourth quarter of 2012, the Court granted Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend its First Amended Complaint to add a fourth patent and Defendants' Motion to Amend its First Amended Answer and Counterclaims. Defendants filed a Motion for Summary Judgment seeking an order invalidating all of the Plaintiffs' asserted patents. Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Summary Judgment seeking to invalidate select patent claims from one of Defendants' asserted patents. On June 24, 2013, Defendants filed for covered business method (“CBM”) post-grant reviews of the validity of the Plaintiff's asserted patents at the US Patent and Trademark Office. On June 25, 2013, Defendants filed a Motion to Stay the case pending the outcome of the CBM post-grant reviews. The Court has not yet ruled on either of the summary judgment motions or the motion to stay. Discovery is ongoing. If the case is not stayed, the trial date will be re-scheduled. An estimate of a possible loss or range of possible loss, if any, for this litigation cannot be made at this time.

DataTreasury Corporation v. Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. et. al.

This patent infringement lawsuit was filed on May 28, 2013 by DataTreasury Corporation (“DTC”) against Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. (the “Company”) and multiple customer banks in the US District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, Marshall Division. The Complaint seeks damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees for the alleged infringement of two patents. The Company has not yet been served. Based on what it is aware of at this early stage, the Company believes that it has strong defenses to this action. An estimate of a possible loss or range of possible loss, if any, for this action cannot be made at this time.

Indemnifications and Warranties

The Company generally indemnifies its customers, subject to certain exceptions, against damages and costs resulting from claims of patent, copyright, or trademark infringement associated with its customers' use of the Company's products or

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services. Historically, the Company has not made any material payments under such indemnifications, but continues to monitor the conditions that are subject to the indemnifications to identify whether it is probable that a loss has occurred, and would recognize any such losses when they are estimable. In addition, the Company warrants to customers that its software operates substantially in accordance with the software specifications. Historically, no material costs have been incurred related to software warranties and no accruals for warranty costs have been made.

(10) Stock Purchase Right

As of the date of acquisition of our subsidiary, Metavante Technologies, Inc. ("Metavante"), WPM, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership affiliated with Warburg Pincus Private Equity IX, L.P. (collectively "Warburg Pincus") owned 25% of the outstanding shares of Metavante common stock, and was a party to a purchase right agreement with Metavante that granted Warburg Pincus the right to purchase additional shares of Metavante common stock under certain conditions in order to maintain its relative ownership interest. The Company and Warburg Pincus entered into a replacement stock purchase right agreement effective upon consummation of the Metavante merger, granting Warburg Pincus the right to purchase comparable FIS shares in lieu of Metavante shares. The purchase right agreement related to Metavante employee stock options that were outstanding as of the date of Warburg Pincus' initial investment in Metavante. As of May 23, 2013, in exchange for a cash payment of \$4.9 million by FIS to Warburg Pincus, the parties terminated the stock purchase right agreement and the Warburg shareholders agreement, thereby eliminating any further rights and obligations with respect thereto. The cash payment was calculated as the value, on a net settlement exercise basis, of the purchase rights remaining under the agreement on the termination date. This payment was recorded as a reduction to additional paid in capital.

(11) Share Repurchase Program

On February 7, 2012, our Board of Directors approved a plan authorizing repurchases of up to \$1.0 billion of our outstanding common stock in the open market at prevailing market prices or in privately negotiated transactions through December 31, 2015. This share repurchase authorization replaced any existing share repurchase authorization. During the 2013 second quarter, we repurchased 2.8 million shares of our common stock for \$125.0 million at an average price of \$44.25. During the 2013 first quarter, we repurchased 2.7 million shares of our common stock for \$100.4 million at an average price of \$37.17. We repurchased 10.3 million shares of our common stock for \$350.3 million at an average price of \$33.84 during the year ended December 31, 2012 under this plan, including the repurchase of 5.7 million shares from WPM, L.P. for \$200.0 million, or \$35.03 per share, in December 2012. Approximately \$424.3 million of plan capacity remained available for repurchases as of June 30, 2013.

On October 18, 2011, our Board of Directors approved a plan authorizing repurchases of up to \$500.0 million of our outstanding common stock through December 31, 2013. In January 2012, we repurchased 3.7 million shares of our common stock for \$101.1 million at an average price of \$27.32. This plan was replaced by the February 7, 2012 authorization plan approved by our Board of Directors.

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(12) Segment Information

Summarized financial information for the Company's segments is shown in the following tables.

As of and for the three months ended June 30, 2013 (in millions):

	FSG	PSG	ISG	Corporate and Other	Total
Processing and services revenues	\$587.0	\$623.1	\$303.5	\$(1.1)	\$1,512.5
Operating expenses	396.2	380.3	257.2	231.2	1,264.9
Operating income	\$190.8	\$242.8	\$46.3	\$(232.3)	247.6
Other income (expense) unallocated					(111.3)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes					\$136.3
Depreciation and amortization	\$40.4	\$20.1	\$18.7	\$73.1	\$152.3
Capital expenditures (1)	\$48.2	\$16.0	\$17.7	\$1.6	\$83.5
Total assets	\$5,441.8	\$4,709.4	\$1,950.6	\$1,645.5	\$13,747.3
Goodwill	\$4,057.1	\$3,833.1	\$597.2	\$—	\$8,487.4

(1)Includes capital leases of \$0.3 million primarily consisting of computer hardware and software.

As of and for the three months ended June 30, 2012 (in millions):

	FSG	PSG	ISG	Corporate and Other	Total
Processing and services revenues	\$563.4	\$606.1	\$287.3	\$0.4	\$1,457.2
Operating expenses	390.7	378.5	242.6	162.7	1,174.5
Operating income	\$172.7	\$227.6	\$44.7	\$(162.3)	282.7
Other income (expense) unallocated					(58.4)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes					\$224.3
Depreciation and amortization	\$42.3	\$22.0	\$18.6	\$72.2	\$155.1
Capital expenditures (1)	\$57.1	\$13.8	\$16.2	\$3.1	\$90.2
Total assets	\$5,303.9	\$4,687.5	\$1,858.8	\$1,779.4	\$13,629.6
Goodwill	\$3,941.1	\$3,831.6	\$596.1	\$—	\$8,368.8

(1)Includes capital leases of \$0.3 million primarily consisting of computer hardware and software.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 (in millions):

	FSG	PSG	ISG	Corporate and Other	Total
Processing and services revenues	\$1,162.3	\$1,234.9	\$595.1	\$(1.8)	\$2,990.5
Operating expenses	783.1	753.6	508.5	422.6	2,467.8
Operating income	\$379.2	\$481.3	\$86.6	\$(424.4)	522.7
Other income (expense) unallocated					(157.9)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes					\$364.8
Depreciation and amortization	\$79.6	\$39.9	\$37.5	\$148.5	\$305.5

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Capital expenditures (1)	\$88.8	\$30.4	\$35.1	\$4.7	\$159.0
(1)Includes capital leases of \$2.0 million primarily consisting of computer hardware and software.					

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For the six months ended June 30, 2012 (in millions):

	FSG	PSG	ISG	Corporate and Other	Total
Processing and services revenues	\$1,102.3	\$1,203.2	\$564.1	\$1.0	\$2,870.6
Operating expenses	762.8	759.4	486.4	356.8	2,365.4
Operating income	\$339.5	\$443.8	\$77.7	\$(355.8)	505.2
Other income (expense) unallocated					(138.7)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes					\$366.5
Depreciation and amortization	\$83.4	\$43.7	\$37.0	\$144.9	\$309.0
Capital expenditures (1)	\$98.4	\$24.1	\$26.9	\$6.3	\$155.7

(1)Includes capital leases of \$1.8 million primarily consisting of computer hardware and software.

Total assets as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 exclude \$2.8 million and \$313.4 million related to discontinued operations.

Financial Solutions Group

FSG focuses on serving the processing needs of financial institutions, commercial lenders, finance companies and other businesses in North America. FSG's primary software applications function as the underlying infrastructure of a financial institution's processing environment. These applications include core bank processing software, which banks use to maintain the primary records of their customer accounts, and complementary applications and services that interact directly with the core processing applications. FSG offers applications and services through a range of delivery and service models, including on-site outsourcing and remote processing arrangements, as well as on a licensed software basis for installation on customer-owned and operated systems. Additionally, the North American operations of Capco provide strategic consulting, technology integration and complex, large-scale transformation services.

Payment Solutions Group

PSG provides a comprehensive set of software and services for EFT, network, card processing, image, bill payment and government solutions for North America. PSG is focused on servicing the payment and EFT needs of North American headquartered banks, credit unions and independent community and savings institutions as well as other commercial enterprises.

International Solutions Group

ISG offers both financial solutions and payment solutions to a wide array of international financial institutions. Also, this segment includes the Company's consolidated Brazilian Venture (Note 2) and the international operations of Capco. Customers in Brazil, Germany and the United Kingdom accounted for the majority of the revenues from non-U.S. based customers for all periods presented. Included in this segment are long-term assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets, located outside of the United States totaling \$354.1 million and \$375.5 million as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. These assets are predominantly located in Germany, Brazil, the United Kingdom and India.

Corporate and Other

The Corporate and Other segment consists of the corporate overhead costs that are not allocated to operating segments. Corporate overhead costs relate to human resources, legal, risk, information security, finance and accounting, domestic sales and marketing, amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and other costs that are not considered when management evaluates segment performance.

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(13) Acquisitions

mFoundry

In March 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of mFoundry, Inc. ("mFoundry"), paying \$115.0 million, net of cash acquired, for the remaining interest that it did not already own. mFoundry is a leading provider of mobile banking and payment solutions for financial institutions and retailers. Owning underlying technology that enables mobile commerce is expected to enhance the Company's strategic positioning as the mobile channel continues to expand, and to enable the Company to leverage its capabilities over a broader customer base. The acquisition of the remaining interest resulted in a \$9.2 million pretax gain on the Company's pre-acquisition investment in mFoundry, which is included in Other Income (Expense).

Capco Earnout

The purchase agreement for the December 2010 acquisition of Capco provided for contingent payments to be determined based upon operating results for 2013-2015. This liability is adjusted periodically based on management's estimates and was increased \$50.2 million during the second quarter of 2013 as a result of Capco's improved performance and future growth expectations, with a corresponding increase to operating expenses.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, all references to "FIS," "we," the "Company" or the "registrant" are to Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., a Georgia corporation.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with Item 1: Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) and the Notes thereto included elsewhere in this report. The discussion below contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements regarding our expectations, hopes, intentions, or strategies regarding the future, are forward-looking statements. These statements relate to, among other things, future events and our future results, and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are based on management's beliefs, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. Any statements that refer to beliefs, expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances and other statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements. In many cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential," or "continue," or these terms and other comparable terminology.

Actual results, performance or achievement could differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements. The risks and uncertainties that forward-looking statements are subject to include without limitation:

- changes in general economic, business and political conditions, including the possibility of intensified international hostilities, acts of terrorism, and changes in either or both the United States and international lending, capital and financial markets;
- the effect of legislative initiatives or proposals, statutory changes, governmental or other applicable regulations and/or changes in industry requirements, including privacy regulations;
- the risks of reduction in revenue from the elimination of existing and potential customers due to consolidation in or new laws or regulations affecting the banking, retail and financial services industries or due to financial failures or other setbacks suffered by firms in those industries;
- changes in the growth rates of the markets for our solutions;
- failures to adapt our solutions to changes in technology or in the marketplace;
- internal or external security breaches of our systems, including those relating to the theft of personal information and computer viruses affecting our software or platforms, and the reactions of customers, card associations, government regulators and others to any such events;
- the reaction of our current and potential customers to future communications from us or our regulators regarding information security, risk management, internal audit or other matters;
- competitive pressures on pricing related to our solutions including the ability to attract new, or retain existing, customers;
- an operational or natural disaster at one of our major operations centers;
- and other risks detailed elsewhere in the "Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information," "Risk Factors" section and other sections of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, the Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2013, this Form 10-Q and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Other unknown or unpredictable factors also could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are inherently subject to uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Except as required by applicable law or regulation, we do not undertake (and expressly disclaim) any obligation and do not intend to publicly update or review any of these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You should carefully consider the possibility that actual results may differ materially from our forward-looking statements.

Overview

FIS is a leading global provider dedicated to banking and payments technologies. With a long history deeply rooted in the financial services sector, FIS serves more than 14,000 institutions in over 100 countries. Headquartered in Jacksonville, Florida, FIS employs more than 35,000 people worldwide and holds leadership positions in payment processing and banking solutions, providing software, services and outsourcing of the technology that drives financial institutions. FIS topped the 2012 and 2011 annual FinTech 100 list, is a member of the Fortune 500 U.S. and of Standard and Poor's (S&P) 500® Index. We have four reporting segments: FSG, PSG, ISG and Corporate and Other. A description of these segments is included in Note 12 of the

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited). Revenues by segment and the results of operations of our segments are discussed below in Segment Results of Operations.
Business Trends and Conditions

Our revenue is derived from a combination of recurring services, professional services and software license fees. Recurring services, which have historically represented approximately 80% of our revenue, are provided under multi-year contracts that contribute relative stability to our revenue stream. However, a significant portion of these recurring revenues are derived from transaction processing fees that fluctuate with the level of deposit and card transactions associated with consumer and commercial activity. Sales of software licenses and professional services are less predictable and a portion can be regarded as discretionary spending by our customers. We continually seek opportunities to enhance revenues and to manage our costs and capital expenditures prudently in light of any shifting revenue trends and in response to broader economic conditions.

We acquired Capco in December 2010 to broaden our capabilities to provide strategic and business transformation consulting. While Capco has generated increased revenues, the lower profit margin realized for professional services as compared to our other solutions has resulted in profit margin compression. The addition of Capco has also reduced the relative proportion of our recurring revenue stream.

As the payment market continues to evolve from paper-based to electronic, we continue to add new services responsive to this trend. Card transactions continue to increase as a percentage of total point-of-sale payments, which fuels continuing demand for card-related services. In recent years, we have added a variety of stored-value card types, internet banking, mobile banking solutions, and electronic bill presentment/payment services, as well as a number of card enhancement and loyalty/reward programs. The common goal of these offerings continues to be convenience and security for the consumer, coupled with value to the financial institution and merchant. The evolution to electronic transactions also intensifies the vulnerability to fraud, increasing the demand for our risk management solutions. At the same time, the use of checks continues to decline as a percentage of total payments, which negatively impacts our check warranty and item-processing businesses.

We compete for both licensing and outsourcing business, and thus are affected by the decisions of financial institutions to use our services under an outsourced arrangement or to process in-house under a software license and maintenance agreement. As a provider of outsourcing solutions, we benefit from multi-year recurring revenue streams, which help moderate the effects of year-to-year economic changes on our results of operations. One of the current trends in the financial services industry from which we are benefiting is the migration by our clients to an outsourced model to improve their profitability.

While we are cautious regarding broader economic improvement, we expect banks to continue investing in new technology and believe we are well positioned to capitalize as the overall market continues to recover. We anticipate consolidation within the banking industry will continue, primarily in the form of merger and acquisition activity. As a whole, consolidation activity is detrimental to our business. However, consolidation resulting from specific merger and acquisition transactions may be beneficial or detrimental to our business. When consolidations occur, merger partners often operate disparate systems licensed from competing service providers. The newly formed entity generally makes a determination to migrate its core and payments systems to a single platform. When a financial institution processing client is involved in a consolidation, we may benefit by expanding the use of our services if such services are chosen to survive the consolidation and support the newly combined entity. Conversely, we may lose market share if we are providing services to both entities, or we are not the merging parties' provider of core or payment processing, or if a customer of ours is involved in a consolidation and our services are not chosen to survive the consolidation and support the newly combined entity. It is also possible that larger financial institutions resulting from consolidation would have greater leverage in negotiating terms or could decide to perform in-house some or all of the services that we currently provide or could provide. We seek to mitigate the risks of consolidations by offering

other competitive services to take advantage of specific opportunities at the surviving company.

The Dodd-Frank Act and associated Durbin Amendment were passed and signed into law in 2010. The Dodd-Frank Act represents a comprehensive overhaul of the regulations governing the financial services industry within the United States, established the new Federal Consumer Financial Protection Bureau and will require this and other federal agencies to implement many new regulations. Regulations under the Durbin Amendment, released by the Federal Reserve in June 2011, mandate a cap on debit transaction interchange fees on cards issued by financial institutions with assets greater than \$10.0 billion. This legislated interchange fee cap has the potential to alter the type and/or volume of card-based transactions that we process on behalf of our customers, but has had an insignificant impact thus far. As we continue to monitor the market participants' actions, we believe we are competitively positioned to offset or take advantage of any potential shifts in payment transaction volume as we offer multiple payment solutions and options to our clients. The network exclusivity provisions of

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the Durbin Amendment, which require all debit card issuers to have at least two unaffiliated networks for purposes of processing signature debit and PIN debit transactions, favorably impacted transaction volumes in our NYCE PIN debit network in 2012; however, market participants' actions may positively or negatively impact transaction volumes in the future. In order for our products and services to comply with these regulations and enable our customers to effectively compete in the marketplace, we may need to make additional capital investments to modify our solutions. Further, the requirements and impacts of the regulations could result in changes in our customers' business practices that may alter their delivery of services to consumers and the timing of their investment decisions, which could change the demand for our software and services as well as alter the type or volume of transactions that we process on behalf of our customers. The Durbin Amendment regulations released by the Federal Reserve have been challenged in court and we are monitoring how any final judicial decision will impact our customers and our business.

Notwithstanding challenging global economic conditions, our international business continued to experience growth across all major regions during the three months ended June 30, 2013, including Europe, Brazil and Asia. The majority of our European revenue is generated by clients in Germany, France and the United Kingdom. Those countries encountering the most significant economic challenges, including Spain, Italy, Greece, Ireland and Portugal, account for less than 1% of our international revenue base and less than 0.5% of our consolidated revenue.

Information Security

Globally, attacks on information technology systems continue to grow in frequency, complexity and sophistication. Such attacks have become a point of focus for individuals, businesses and governmental entities. The objectives of these attacks include, among other things, gaining unauthorized access to systems to facilitate financial fraud, disrupt operations, cause denial of service events, corrupt data, and steal non-public information. FIS is not immune to such attacks. As part of our business, we electronically receive, process, store and transmit a wide range of confidential information, including sensitive customer information and personal consumer data. We also operate payment, cash access and prepaid card systems. FIS, like any large financial technology service provider, is subject to attempted cyber-attacks on a regular basis. A successful cyber-attack on an FIS system that resulted in sensitive information being compromised, fraud losses or other adverse consequences could have a material adverse effect on the company.

As a Multi-Regional Data Processing Servicer (MDPS), FIS continues to be examined by and have regular interaction with the federal agencies that regulate financial institutions. These regulators have the authority to take actions that could have a material adverse effect on FIS, if they believed that it was necessary to do so in order to protect the safety and soundness of the financial institutions they regulate. FIS regularly reports to its regulators and to its clients regarding the company's continual efforts to enhance its information security and risk management technology, programs and procedures. In mid-May 2013, the federal agencies that provide regulatory oversight for FIS issued a confidential report related to their examination of our information security, risk management and internal audit functions between October 2011 and October 2012. We responded to the report and described the actions that we have taken, as well as ongoing efforts underway to address specific findings. The regulatory agencies distributed the report, and a cover letter, to a subset of our clients beginning in late May 2013. This prompted inquiries from clients, which, to the extent permitted by federal regulation, FIS is addressing on an individual basis. We do not believe that we have lost any significant new or existing business as a result of the distribution of this report; however, we continue to monitor sales activity and any potential impact on future periods. We are unable to predict with certainty what, if any, further communications our regulators will have with our regulated financial institution clients on Risk Management and Information Security. We are also unable to predict the effect that any such communications may have on our business.

Due to the increasing frequency and sophistication of cyber-attacks, we have invested over \$100 million in Risk and Information Security over the past 18 months. This includes both capital expenditures and operating expense on hardware, software, personnel and consulting services. We will continue to make substantial investments in order to

protect our information technology systems and data, as well as the information technology data of the clients that we process.

Critical Accounting Policies

There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Transactions with Related Parties

See Note 2 to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) for a detailed description of transactions with related parties.

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Comparisons of three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Consolidated Results of Operations (Unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Processing and services revenues	\$1,512.5	\$1,457.2	\$2,990.5	\$2,870.6
Cost of revenues	1,028.2	981.1	2,036.2	1,970.6
Gross profit	484.3	476.1	954.3	900.0
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	236.7	193.4	431.6	394.8
Operating income	247.6	282.7	522.7	505.2
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense, net	(49.4)	(56.6)	(101.1)	(116.0)
Other income (expense), net	(61.9)	(1.8)	(56.8)	(22.7)
Total other income (expense), net	(111.3)	(58.4)	(157.9)	(138.7)
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	136.3	224.3	364.8	366.5
Provision for income taxes	40.9	65.3	116.1	113.0
Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax	95.4	159.0	248.7	253.5
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	13.6	(5.2)	9.7	(9.6)
Net earnings	109.0	153.8	258.4	243.9
Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(4.2)	(3.2)	(9.5)	(6.2)
Net earnings attributable to FIS	\$104.8	\$150.6	\$248.9	\$237.7
Net earnings per share — basic from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.31	\$0.53	\$0.82	\$0.85
Net earnings (loss) per share — basic from discontinued operations attributable FIS common stockholders	0.05	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)
Net earnings per share — basic attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.36	\$0.51	\$0.86	\$0.82
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic	289.9	292.7	290.5	291.2
Net earnings per share — diluted from continuing operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.31	\$0.52	\$0.81	\$0.83
Net earnings (loss) per share — diluted from discontinued operations attributable to FIS common stockholders	0.05	(0.02)	0.03	(0.03)
Net earnings per share — diluted attributable to FIS common stockholders	\$0.36	\$0.50	\$0.84	\$0.80
Weighted average shares outstanding — diluted	294.3	298.3	294.8	296.8
Amounts attributable to FIS common stockholders:				
Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax	\$91.2	\$155.8	\$239.2	\$247.3
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	13.6	(5.2)	9.7	(9.6)
Net earnings attributable to FIS	\$104.8	\$150.6	\$248.9	\$237.7
Processing and Services Revenues				

Processing and services revenues totaled \$1,512.5 million and \$1,457.2 million during the three-month periods and \$2,990.5 million and \$2,870.6 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increase in revenue of \$55.3 million, or 3.8%, during the three-month period and \$119.9 million, or 4.2%, during the six-month period ended June 30, 2013 as compared to the 2012 periods is attributable to higher termination fees,

incremental revenues from 2013 and 2012 acquisitions, increased processing volumes, and demand for professional and consulting services. The three-month

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and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 included \$7.1 million and \$22.5 million, respectively of unfavorable foreign currency impact resulting from a stronger U.S. Dollar during 2013 as compared to 2012.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

Cost of revenues totaled \$1,028.2 million and \$981.1 million during the three-month periods and \$2,036.2 million and \$1,970.6 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, resulting in gross profit of \$484.3 million and \$476.1 million during the three-month periods and \$954.3 million and \$900.0 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Gross profit as a percentage of revenues ("gross margin") was 32.0% and 32.7% during the three-month periods and 31.9% and 31.4% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. The increases in cost of revenues during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 as compared to 2012 are largely attributable to the revenue increases noted above. The change in gross margins during the 2013 periods as compared to 2012 reflects a change in the revenue mix.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses totaled \$236.7 million and \$193.4 million during the three-month periods and \$431.6 million and \$394.8 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increases of \$43.3 million during the three-month period and \$36.8 million during the six-month period ended June 30, 2013 as compared to 2012 were primarily due to a charge to increase the liability established at the acquisition of Capco for contingent payments based on expected operating performance in 2013 through 2015, of which \$43.9 million was recorded as selling, general and administrative expenses. This liability is adjusted periodically based on management's estimates and was increased as a result of Capco's improved performance and expectations. In addition, the 2013 periods include increased costs associated with information security initiatives as compared to 2012. The 2012 six-month period included compensation charges of \$18.5 million related to payments and accelerated vesting of certain stock option and restricted stock grants triggered by exits or changes in responsibilities of certain executives.

Operating Income

Operating income totaled \$247.6 million and \$282.7 million during the three-month periods and \$522.7 million and \$505.2 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Operating income as a percentage of revenue ("operating margin") was 16.4% and 19.4% during the three-month periods and 17.5% and 17.6% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The changes in operating income and margin for the three and six months of 2013 as compared to 2012 were driven primarily by the selling, general and administrative expense variances addressed above.

Total Other Income (Expense), Net

Total other income (expense), net was \$(111.3) million and \$(58.4) million during the three-month periods and \$(157.9) million and \$(138.7) million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The 2013 periods include charges of \$16.1 million for the write-off of certain previously capitalized debt issuance costs and transaction expenses related to refinancing activities and a net charge of \$45.3 million representing the \$51.6 million premium incurred as a result of the early redemption of certain debt offset by the premium reflected in the carrying value of that debt. The 2013 six-month period also includes a \$9.2 million gain resulting from the purchase of the remaining shares of mFoundry, representing the difference between the fair value and carrying value of the minority-interest investment previously held. The 2012 six month period includes \$12.7 million of debt refinance transaction costs and a \$5.7 million write-off of certain previously capitalized debt issuance costs.

Interest expense is another large component of total other income (expense), net. Interest expense decreased \$7.2 million and \$14.9 million during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013, respectively, as compared to 2012 primarily due to lower borrowing costs combined with a reduction in total debt outstanding.

Provision for Income Taxes

Income tax expense from continuing operations totaled \$40.9 million and \$65.3 million during the three-month periods and \$116.1 million and \$113.0 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. This resulted in effective tax rates from continuing operations of 30% and 29% during the three-month periods and 32% and 31% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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Earnings (Loss) from Discontinued Operations

During the 2013 and 2012 periods, certain operations are classified as discontinued. Reporting for discontinued operations classifies revenues and expenses as one line item, net of tax, in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Unaudited).

The table below outlines the components of discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, net of tax (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
ClearPar	\$16.7	\$—	\$16.7	\$—
Healthcare Business	—	4.1	—	8.4
Participacoes	(3.1	) (9.3	) (7.0	) (18.0
Total discontinued operations	\$13.6	\$(5.2	) \$9.7	\$(9.6

On January 1, 2010, FIS sold certain assets and liabilities constituting our ClearPar automated syndicated loan trade settlement business. Terms of the sale included an initial cash payment of \$71.5 million at closing, with the potential for an additional contingent earn-out payment calculated as a function of the business' 2012 operating results. In May 2013, we recorded in discontinued operations a gain of \$16.7 million net of tax upon final determination and receipt of the earn-out payment.

On June 25, 2012, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our Healthcare Benefit Solutions Business ("Healthcare Business") because its operations did not align with our strategic plans. The all-cash transaction closed on August 15, 2012 and we received cash proceeds of \$332.2 million. We recorded a pre-tax gain of \$22.0 million and tax expense on the sale of \$78.3 million, which resulted from the allocation of goodwill with minimal tax basis. The Healthcare Business had no pretax earnings for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013. The Healthcare Business had revenues of \$31.7 million and \$65.2 million and pre-tax earnings of \$6.7 million and \$13.7 million for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2012.

During the third quarter of 2010, we determined that we would pursue strategic alternatives for Fidelity National Participacoes Ltda. ("Participacoes"). Participacoes had no revenues for the 2013 and 2012 periods. Participacoes had operating expenses of \$4.7 million and \$14.3 million during the three-month periods and \$10.7 million and \$27.3 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Participacoes' processing volume was transitioned to other vendors or back to its customers during the second quarter of 2011. As a result of the dismissal of employees related to the shut-down activities completed in 2011, the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 included charges of \$4.5 million and \$12.7 million and \$9.2 million and \$24.4 million, respectively, to settle claims or increase our provision for potential labor claims and related administrative costs. The shut-down activities involved the transfer and termination of approximately 2,600 employees. As of June 30, 2013, there are approximately 1,400 active labor claims. Former employees generally had up to two years from the date of termination to file labor claims, which extended through April 2013. Consequently, we have continued exposure on these active claims, which were not transferred with other assets and liabilities in the disposal. Any changes in the estimated liability related to these labor claims will also be recorded as discontinued operations.

Earnings from Continuing Operations, Net of Tax, Attributable to FIS Common Stockholders

Earnings from continuing operations, net of tax, attributable to FIS common stockholders totaled \$91.2 million and \$155.8 million for the three-month periods and \$239.2 million and \$247.3 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. This resulted in earnings per diluted share of \$0.31 and \$0.52 for the

three-month periods and \$0.81 and \$0.83 for the six-month periods, respectively, due to the factors described above.

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Segment Results of Operations (Unaudited)

Financial Solutions Group

(in millions)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Processing and services revenues	\$587.0	\$563.4	\$1,162.3	\$1,102.3
Operating income	\$190.8	\$172.7	\$379.2	\$339.5

Revenues for FSG totaled \$587.0 million and \$563.4 million during the three-month periods and \$1,162.3 million and \$1,102.3 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The overall segment increases of \$23.6 million and \$60.0 million during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013, respectively, as compared to the 2012 periods was attributable to higher termination fees, growth in eBanking and mobile banking solutions, outsourced services and consulting services.

Operating income for FSG totaled \$190.8 million and \$172.7 million during the three-month periods and \$379.2 million and \$339.5 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Operating margin was approximately 32.5% and 30.7% for the three-month periods and 32.6% and 30.8% for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increases in operating income during the 2013 three-month and six-month periods as compared to 2012 primarily resulted from the revenue variances discussed above. The increases in operating margin during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 were driven primarily by higher termination fees and license revenue compared to the prior year as well as by operating leverage experienced with revenue growth.

Payment Solutions Group

(in millions)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Processing and services revenues	\$623.1	\$606.1	\$1,234.9	\$1,203.2
Operating income	\$242.8	\$227.6	\$481.3	\$443.8

Revenues for PSG totaled \$623.1 million and \$606.1 million during the three-month periods and \$1,234.9 million and \$1,203.2 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The three and six months ended June 30, 2013 included higher termination fees, growth in output solutions, bill payment services and card loyalty programs, partially offset by lower retail check activity and customer losses.

Operating income for PSG totaled \$242.8 million and \$227.6 million during the three-month periods and \$481.3 million and \$443.8 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Operating margin was approximately 39.0% and 37.6% during the three-month periods and 39.0% and 36.9% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increases in operating income and operating margin during the 2013 three-month and six-month periods as compared to the 2012 periods primarily reflect operating leverage related to the revenue growth noted above and the impact of termination fees.

International Solutions Group

(in millions)

	Three months ended	Six months ended
	June 30,	June 30,

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	2013	2012	2013	2012
Processing and services revenues	\$303.5	\$287.3	\$595.1	\$564.1
Operating income	\$46.3	\$44.7	\$86.6	\$77.7

Revenues for ISG totaled \$303.5 million and \$287.3 million during the three-month periods and \$595.1 million and \$564.1 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The three-month and six-month periods

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ended June 30, 2013, included \$6.6 million and \$21.7 million, respectively, of unfavorable foreign currency impact resulting from a stronger U.S. Dollar during the 2013 periods. Excluding the unfavorable foreign currency impact, revenues for the 2013 periods increased primarily from higher transaction and call center volumes in Brazil, growth within our European consulting businesses and our expanded presence across Asia and in Latin America.

Operating income for ISG totaled \$46.3 million and \$44.7 million during the three-month periods and \$86.6 million and \$77.7 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Operating margins were approximately 15.3% and 15.6% during three-month periods and 14.6% and 13.8% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increase in operating income in 2013 as compared to 2012 primarily resulted from the revenue growth noted above. The reduction in operating margin for the three-months ended June 30, 2013 as compared to the comparable 2012 period resulted from non-recurring license and termination fees in the 2012 period as well as the impact of lower margins in India and Latin America in 2013 as these businesses incurred increased business development expenses. The increase in operating margin during the 2013 six-month period as compared to 2012 resulted from increased scale and improving operating efficiencies across a number of geographies, but primarily in Brazil.

Corporate and Other

The Corporate and Other segment results consist of selling, general and administrative expenses and depreciation and intangible asset amortization not otherwise allocated to the reportable segments. Corporate and Other expenses were \$232.3 million and \$162.3 million during the three-month periods and \$424.4 million and \$355.8 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The 2013 three-month and six-month periods include a \$50.2 million charge to increase the liability established at the acquisition of Capco for contingent payments based on expected operating performance in 2013 through 2015. The 2013 periods also include higher sales expenditures, infrastructure costs and costs associated with information security initiatives as compared with 2012. The 2012 six-month period includes compensation charges of \$18.5 million for payments and accelerated vesting of certain stock option and restricted stock grants triggered by exits or changes in responsibilities of certain executives.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Requirements

Our ongoing cash requirements include operating expenses, income taxes, mandatory debt service payments, capital expenditures, stockholder dividends, working capital and timing differences in settlement-related assets and liabilities, and may include discretionary debt service, share repurchases, and business acquisitions. Also, our cash requirements include payments for labor claims related to FIS' former item processing and remittance operations in Brazil (see Note 4 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)). Our principal sources of funds are cash generated by operations and borrowings.

As of June 30, 2013, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$653.1 million and debt of \$4,756.4 million, including the current portion. Of the \$653.1 million cash and cash equivalents, approximately \$445.6 million is held by our foreign entities. The majority of our domestic cash and cash equivalents represents net deposits-in-transit at the balance sheet dates and relates to daily settlement activity. We expect that cash and cash equivalents plus cash flows from operations over the next twelve months will be sufficient to fund our operating cash requirements and pay principal and interest on our outstanding debt.

As discussed more fully in Note 7 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), we amended and restated our syndicated credit agreement and issued additional unsecured senior notes in April 2013. The credit agreement transaction resulted in the increase of FIS' revolving loan capacity by \$850.0 million to \$2,000.0 million.

We expect to continue to pay quarterly dividends. On February 12, 2013, the Board of Directors approved an increase to \$0.22 per share per quarter beginning with the first quarter of 2013. However, the amount, declaration and payment

of future dividends is at the discretion of the Board of Directors and depends on, among other things, our investment opportunities, results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements, future prospects, and other factors that may be considered relevant by our Board of Directors, including legal and contractual restrictions. Additionally, the payment of cash dividends may be limited by covenants in certain debt agreements. A regular quarterly dividend of \$0.22 per common share is payable on September 30, 2013, to shareholders of record as of the close of business on September 16, 2013.

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Cash Flows from Operations

Cash flows from operations were \$364.8 million and \$462.7 million during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Cash flows from operations decreased \$97.9 million in 2013 primarily due to higher tax payments, a \$51.6 million bond premium payment resulting from the early pay down of our 2017 Senior Notes in the second quarter of 2013 and other changes in working capital. Additionally, the 2012 period included a final payment of \$42.4 million made in February 2012 for an interest rate swap and a \$28.0 million payment to our Brazilian venture partner.

Capital Expenditures

Our principal capital expenditures are for computer software (purchased and internally developed) and additions to property and equipment. We invested approximately \$157.0 million and \$155.7 million in capital expenditures (excluding capital leases) during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. We expect to invest approximately 5-6% of 2013 revenue in capital expenditures.

Financing

For information regarding the Company's long-term debt and financing activity, see Note 7 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Contractual Obligations

There were no material changes in our contractual obligations in the second quarter of 2013 in comparison to the table included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed on February 26, 2013; however, see Note 7 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) for a discussion of changes in our long-term debt.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

FIS does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risks

Market Risk

We are exposed to market risks primarily from changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. We use certain derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward exchange contracts, to manage interest rate and foreign currency risk. We do not use derivatives for trading purposes, to generate income or to engage in speculative activity.

Interest Rate Risk

In addition to existing cash balances and cash provided by operating activities, we use fixed rate and variable rate debt to finance our operations. We are exposed to interest rate risk on these debt obligations and related interest rate swaps. The senior notes described in Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) represent substantially all of our fixed-rate long-term debt obligations. The carrying value of the Notes was \$2,450.0 million as of June 30, 2013. The fair value of the senior notes was approximately \$2,419.9 million as of June 30, 2013. The potential reduction in fair value of the senior notes from a hypothetical 10 percent increase in market interest rates would not be material to the overall fair value of the debt.

Our floating rate long-term debt obligations principally relate to borrowings under the FIS Credit Agreement (as defined in Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)). An increase of 100 basis points in the LIBOR rate would increase our annual debt service under the FIS Credit Agreement, after we include the impact of our interest rate swaps, by \$10.2 million (based on principal amounts outstanding as of June 30, 2013). We performed the foregoing sensitivity analysis based on the principal amount of our floating rate debt as of June 30, 2013, less the principal amount of such debt that was then subject to an interest rate swap converting such debt into fixed rate debt. This sensitivity analysis is based solely on the principal amount of such debt as of June 30, 2013, and does not take into account any changes that occurred in the prior 12 months or that may take place in the next 12 months in the amount of our outstanding debt or in the notional amount of outstanding interest rate swaps in

respect of our debt. Further, in this sensitivity analysis, the change in interest rates is assumed to be applicable for an entire year. For comparison purposes, based on principal amounts of floating rate debt outstanding as of June 30, 2012, and calculated in the same manner as set forth above, an increase of 100 basis points in the LIBOR rate would have increased our annual interest expense, after we calculate the impact of our interest rate swaps, by \$15.6 million.

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We use interest rate swaps for the purpose of managing our interest expense through the mix of fixed rate and floating rate debt. As of June 30, 2013, we have entered into the following interest rate swap transactions converting a portion of the interest rate exposure on our Term and Revolving Loans from variable to fixed (in millions):

Effective date	Termination date	Notional amount	Bank pays variable rate of	FIS pays fixed rate of
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	\$ 150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.74 % (2)
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	150.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.74 % (2)
September 1, 2011	September 1, 2014	300.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.72 % (2)
July 1, 2012	July 1, 2015	300.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.58 % (2)
February 1, 2013	February 3, 2014	200.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.28 % (2)
February 1, 2013	February 3, 2014	200.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.28 % (2)
February 3, 2014	February 1, 2017	400.0	1 Month LIBOR (1)	0.89 % (2)
		\$1,700.0		

(1)0.19% in effect as of June 30, 2013.

(2) Does not include the applicable margin and facility fees paid to lenders on Term Loans and the Revolving Loan as described in note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

We have designated these interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges for accounting purposes. A portion of the amount included in accumulated other comprehensive earnings is reclassified into interest expense as a yield adjustment as interest payments are made on the Term and Revolving Loans. In accordance with the authoritative guidance for fair value measurements, the inputs used to determine the estimated fair value of our interest rate swaps are Level 2-type measurements. We considered our own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparties when determining the fair value of our interest rate swaps.

Foreign Currency Risk

We are exposed to foreign currency risks that arise from normal business operations. These risks include the translation of local currency balances of foreign subsidiaries, transaction gains and losses associated with intercompany loans with foreign subsidiaries and transactions denominated in currencies other than a location's functional currency. Our objective is to minimize our exposure to these risks through a combination of normal operating activities and the use of foreign currency forward exchange contracts. Contracts are denominated in currencies of major industrial countries.

Our exposure to foreign currency exchange risks generally arises from our non-U.S. operations, to the extent they are conducted in local currency. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates affect translations of revenues denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. Our international operations generated approximately \$303.5 million and \$595.1 million in revenues during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively of which approximately \$257.9 million and \$507.4 million, respectively was denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. The major currencies to which our revenues are exposed are the Brazilian Real, the Euro, the British Pound Sterling and the Indian Rupee. A 10% move in average exchange rates for these currencies (assuming a simultaneous and immediate 10% change in all of such rates for the relevant period) would have resulted in the following increase or (decrease) in our reported revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

Currency	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30, 2013	2012	June 30, 2013	2012
Real	\$10.5	\$9.6	\$21.0	\$20.1
Euro	6.6	6.8	12.8	13.4
Pound Sterling	4.9	4.6	9.4	8.6
Indian Rupee	1.3	1.0	2.5	1.9

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Total increase (decrease)	\$23.3	\$22.0	\$45.7	\$44.0
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The impact on earnings of the foregoing assumed 10% change in each of the periods presented would not have been significant.

Revenue included \$7.1 million and \$22.5 million and operating income included \$0.6 million and \$3.0 million of unfavorable foreign currency impact during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 respectively, resulting from a stronger U.S. Dollar during the 2013 periods compared to 2012.

Our foreign exchange risk management policy permits the use of derivative instruments, such as forward contracts and options, to reduce volatility in our results of operations and/or cash flows resulting from foreign exchange rate fluctuations. Our international operations' revenues and expenses are generally denominated in local currency, which limits the economic exposure to foreign exchange risk in those jurisdictions. We do not enter into foreign currency derivative instruments for trading purposes. We have entered into foreign currency forward exchange contracts to hedge foreign currency exposure to intercompany loans. As of June 30, 2013, the notional amount of these derivatives was approximately \$82.6 million and the fair value was nominal. These derivatives are intended to hedge the foreign exchange risks related to intercompany loans but have not been designated as hedges for accounting purposes.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is: (a) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms; and (b) accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in various pending and threatened litigation matters related to operations, some of which include claims for punitive or exemplary damages. The Company believes that no actions, other than the matters listed below, depart from customary litigation incidental to its business. As background to the disclosure below, please note the following:

These matters raise difficult and complicated factual and legal issues and are subject to many uncertainties and complexities.

The Company reviews all of its litigation on an on-going basis and follows the authoritative provisions for accounting for contingencies when making accrual and disclosure decisions. A liability must be accrued if (a) it is probable that a liability has been incurred and (b) the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. If one of these criteria has not been met, disclosure is required when there is at least a reasonable possibility that a material loss may be incurred. When assessing reasonably possible and probable outcomes, the Company bases decisions on the assessment of the ultimate outcome following all appeals. Legal fees associated with defending litigation matters are expensed as incurred.

CheckFree Corporation and CashEdge, Inc. v. Metavante Corporation and Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.

This is a patent infringement action that was filed by CheckFree Corporation and CashEdge, Inc., wholly-owned subsidiaries of Fiserv, Inc., against Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. and our subsidiary, Metavante Corporation (collectively the “Defendants”) in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Jacksonville Division on January 5, 2012. The complaint seeks damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees for the alleged infringement of three patents. Plaintiffs allege that the Defendants infringe the patents at issue by providing customers financial and payment solutions that process payment instructions, provide electronic biller notifications, and/or process account-to-account funds transfer transactions and have requested financial damages and injunctive relief. Defendants filed their Answer and Counterclaims to Plaintiffs' complaint for patent infringement denying the claims of patent infringement and asserting defenses, including non-infringement and invalidity. Additionally, Defendants filed counterclaims asserting patent infringement of three patents and adding Fiserv, Inc. as a Counter Defendant. Defendants seek damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees. Plaintiffs and

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Counter Defendant Fiserv, Inc., filed their Answer to Defendants' counterclaims denying the claims of patent infringement and asserting defenses, including non-infringement and invalidity. In the fourth quarter of 2012, the Court granted Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend its First Amended Complaint to add a fourth patent and Defendants' Motion to Amend its First Amended Answer and Counterclaims. Defendants filed a Motion for Summary Judgment seeking an order invalidating all of the Plaintiffs' asserted patents. Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Summary Judgment seeking to invalidate select patent claims from one of Defendants' asserted patents. On June 24, 2013, Defendants filed for covered business method ("CBM") post-grant reviews of the validity of the Plaintiff's asserted patents at the US Patent and Trademark Office. On June 25, 2013, Defendants filed a Motion to Stay the case pending the outcome of the CBM post-grant reviews. The Court has not yet ruled on either of the summary judgment motions or the motion to stay. Discovery is ongoing. If the case is not stayed, the trial date will be re-scheduled. An estimate of a possible loss or range of possible loss, if any, for this litigation cannot be made at this time.

DataTreasury Corporation v. Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. et. al.

This patent infringement lawsuit was filed on May 28, 2013 by DataTreasury Corporation ("DTC") against Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. (the "Company") and multiple customer banks in the US District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, Marshall Division. The Complaint seeks damages, injunctive relief and attorneys' fees for the alleged infringement of two patents. The Company has not yet been served. Based on what it is aware of at this early stage, the Company believes that it has strong defenses to this action. An estimate of a possible loss or range of possible loss, if any, for this action cannot be made at this time.

Indemnifications and Warranties

The Company generally indemnifies its customers, subject to certain exceptions, against damages and costs resulting from claims of patent, copyright, or trademark infringement associated with its customers' use of the Company's products or services. Historically, the Company has not made any material payments under such indemnifications, but continues to monitor the conditions that are subject to the indemnifications to identify whether it is probable that a loss has occurred, and would recognize any such losses when they are estimable. In addition, the Company warrants to customers that its software operates substantially in accordance with the software specifications. Historically, no material costs have been incurred related to software warranties and no accruals for warranty costs have been made.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Security breaches or our failure to comply with laws, regulations or industry security requirements imposed on providers of services to financial institutions and card processing services could harm our business by disrupting our delivery of services and damaging our reputation and could result in a breach of one or more client contracts. We electronically receive, process, store and transmit sensitive business information of our customers. In addition, we collect personal consumer data, such as names and addresses, social security numbers, driver's license numbers, cardholder data and payment history records. Such information is necessary to support our customers' transaction processing and to conduct our check authorization and collection businesses. The uninterrupted operation of our information systems, as well as the confidentiality of the customer/consumer information that resides on such systems, is critical to our successful operation. If we fail to maintain an adequate security infrastructure, adapt to emerging security threats, or implement sufficient security standards and technology to protect against security breaches, the confidentiality of the information we secure could be compromised. Unauthorized access to our computer systems or databases could result in the theft or publication of confidential information, the deletion or modification of records, or could otherwise cause interruptions in our operations. These risks are increased when we transmit information over the Internet and by the increasing level of sophistication posed by cyber criminals.

Our Risk Management and Information Security programs are the subject of ongoing review by the federal regulatory agencies with responsibility for oversight of our business. In mid-May 2013, the federal agencies that provide regulatory oversight for FIS issued a confidential report related to their examination of our information security, risk

management and internal audit functions between October 2011 and October 2012. We responded to the report and described the actions that we have taken, as well as ongoing efforts underway to address specific findings. The regulatory agencies distributed the report, and a cover letter, to a subset of our clients beginning in late May 2013. This prompted inquiries from clients, which, to the extent permitted by federal regulation, FIS is addressing on an individual basis. We are unable to predict with certainty what, if any, further communications our regulators will have with our regulated financial institution clients or what, if any, further communications they will require us to have with our clients on Risk Management and Information Security. We are also unable to predict the effect that any such communications may have on our business. It remains possible that future actions by our regulators or clients related to this matter could have a material adverse impact on our business.

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As a provider of services to financial institutions and card processing services, we are bound by the same limitations on disclosure of the information we receive from our customers as apply to the customers themselves. If we fail to comply with these regulations and industry security requirements, we could be exposed to suits for breach of contract, governmental proceedings, the imposition of fines, or prohibitions on card processing services. In addition, if more restrictive privacy laws, rules or industry security requirements are adopted in the future on the federal or state level, or by a specific industry body, they could have an adverse impact on us through increased costs or restrictions on business processes. Any inability to prevent security or privacy breaches, or the perception that such breaches may occur, could cause our existing customers to lose confidence in our systems and terminate their agreements with us, inhibit our ability to attract new customers, result in increasing regulation, or bring about other adverse consequences from the government agencies that regulate our business.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes purchases of equity securities by the issuer during the three-month period ended June 30, 2013:

Period	Total number of shares purchased (in millions)	Average price paid per share	Total cost of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (in millions)	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (1) (in millions)
May 2013	2.8	\$44.25	\$ 125.0	\$424.3

On February 7, 2012, our Board of Directors approved a plan authorizing additional repurchases of up to \$1.0 billion of our outstanding common stock in the open market, at prevailing market prices or in privately negotiated transactions, through December 31, 2015. The previous authorization was replaced by the February 7, 2012 plan. (1) During the 2013 second quarter, we repurchased 2.8 million shares of our common stock for \$125.0 million at an average price of \$44.25. Approximately \$424.3 million of plan capacity remained available for repurchases as of June 30, 2013.

In connection with the purchase right agreement with WPM, L.P. (“WPM”), a Delaware limited partnership affiliated with Warburg Pincus Private Equity IX, L.P, referenced in Note 10 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) included in Item 1 of Part I of this Report, as of May 23, 2013, in exchange for a cash payment of \$4.9 million by FIS to Warburg Pincus, the parties terminated the stock purchase right agreement and the Warburg shareholders agreement, thereby eliminating any further rights and obligations with respect thereto. The cash payment was calculated as the value, on a net settlement exercise basis, of the purchase rights remaining under the agreement on the termination date.

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Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits:

Exhibit

No.	Description
31.1	Certification of Frank R. Martire, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., pursuant to rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of James W. Woodall, Corporate Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., pursuant to rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Frank R. Martire, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of James W. Woodall, Corporate Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.

Date: August 2, 2013

By: /s/ JAMES W. WOODALL
James W. Woodall
Corporate Executive Vice President and Chief Financial
Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.

Date: August 2, 2013

By: /s/ PETER J.S. SMITH
Peter J.S. Smith
Corporate Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting
Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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FIDELITY NATIONAL INFORMATION SERVICES, INC.
FORM 10-Q
INDEX TO EXHIBITS

The following documents are being filed with this Report:

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