

CMGI INC
Form 10-Q
March 11, 2008
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended January 31, 2008

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-23262

CMGI, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

04-2921333
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1100 Winter Street

Waltham, Massachusetts
(Address of principal executive offices)

02451
(Zip Code)

(781) 663-5001

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of March 4, 2008, there were 49,006,640 shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share.

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CMGI, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	January 31, 2008	July 31, 2007
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 264,484	\$ 169,481
Available-for-sale securities	731	959
Short-term investments		111,850
Accounts receivable, trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,204 and \$1,072, at January 31, 2008 and July 31, 2007, respectively	191,392	185,574
Inventories, net	64,691	60,945
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	11,852	11,659
Current assets of discontinued operations	43	91
Total current assets	533,193	540,559
Property and equipment, net	60,967	55,107
Investments in affiliates	35,029	30,460
Goodwill	178,124	178,276
Other intangible assets, net	10,237	11,719
Other assets	7,212	3,007
	\$ 824,762	\$ 819,128
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current installments of obligations under capital lease	\$ 517	\$ 459
Accounts payable	155,154	151,233
Current portion of accrued restructuring	5,304	5,342
Accrued income taxes	3,088	7,288
Accrued expenses	43,337	50,710
Other current liabilities	2,771	2,539
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	2,644	2,782
Total current liabilities	212,815	220,353
Revolving line of credit		24,786
Long-term portion of accrued restructuring	4,401	5,136
Obligations under capital leases, less current installments	62	329
Other long-term liabilities	21,173	11,757
Non-current liabilities of discontinued operations	1,300	1,698
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share. Authorized 5,000,000 shares; zero issued or outstanding at January 31, 2008 and July 31, 2007		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share. Authorized 1,400,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 48,595,502 at January 31, 2008 and 48,574,496 shares at July 31, 2007	491	490
Additional paid-in capital	7,468,449	7,465,712

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Treasury stock, at cost 1,075,044 shares at January 31, 2008	(13,958)	
Accumulated deficit	(6,882,489)	(6,918,904)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	12,518	7,771
Total stockholders' equity	585,011	555,069
	\$ 824,762	\$ 819,128

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**CMGI, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****(In thousands, except per share amounts)****(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	January 31,		January 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net revenue	\$ 277,972	\$ 324,752	\$ 552,712	\$ 608,388
Cost of revenue	239,063	284,219	474,739	537,812
Gross profit	38,909	40,533	77,973	70,576
Operating expenses:				
Selling	4,410	3,320	8,295	7,085
General and administrative	24,407	22,356	48,062	42,562
Amortization of intangible assets	746	1,206	1,508	2,412
Restructuring, net	745	2,382	2,368	2,195
Total operating expenses	30,308	29,264	60,233	54,254
Operating income	8,601	11,269	17,740	16,322
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	2,677	2,652	5,665	4,844
Interest expense	(472)	(637)	(1,086)	(1,241)
Other gains, net	18,528	28,030	18,163	28,952
Equity in income of affiliates, net	632	398	863	1,134
Total other income	21,365	30,443	23,605	33,689
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	29,966	41,712	41,345	50,011
Income tax expense	2,077	5,727	4,216	4,287
Income from continuing operations	27,889	35,985	37,129	45,724
Discontinued operations, net of income taxes:				
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(86)	(112)	(716)	476
Net income	\$ 27,803	\$ 35,873	\$ 36,413	\$ 46,200
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share:				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.95
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.00
Net earnings	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.95
Shares used in computing basic earnings (loss) per share:	48,005	48,462	47,556	48,448
Shares used in computing diluted earnings (loss) per share:	48,107	48,668	47,724	48,595

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See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

Table of Contents**CMGI, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(in thousands)****(Unaudited)**

	Six Months Ended January 31,	
	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities of continuing operations:		
Net income	\$ 36,413	\$ 46,200
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(716)	476
	37,129	45,724
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by continuing operations:		
Depreciation	7,897	6,345
Amortization of intangible assets	1,508	2,412
Stock-based compensation	2,866	2,502
Non-operating gains, net	(18,163)	(28,952)
Equity in income of affiliates	(863)	(1,134)
Non-cash restructuring		106
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade accounts receivable, net	3,438	(18,852)
Inventories	(1,018)	(7,040)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	706	520
Accounts payable, accrued restructuring and accrued expenses	(14,572)	32,670
Refundable and accrued income taxes, net	1,059	1,626
Other assets and liabilities	(5,550)	(2,432)
Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	14,437	33,495
Cash flows from investing activities of continuing operations:		
Additions to property and equipment	(12,163)	(11,802)
Redemption (purchase) of short-term investments	111,850	(20,550)
Proceeds from affiliate distributions	19,422	30,259
Investments in affiliates, net	(4,613)	(5,430)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations	114,496	(7,523)
Cash flows from financing activities of continuing operations:		
Repayments on revolving line of credit	(24,786)	
Repayments on capital lease obligations	(208)	(198)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	160	95
Repurchase of common stock	(14,245)	
Net cash used in provided by financing activities of continuing operations	(39,079)	(103)
Cash flows from discontinued operations:		
Operating cash flows	(1,204)	(63)
Net cash used in discontinued operations	(1,204)	(63)

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Net effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	6,353	1,515
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	95,003	27,321
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	169,481	131,728
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 264,484	\$ 159,049

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

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CMGI, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

(1). NATURE OF OPERATIONS

CMGI, Inc. (together with its consolidated subsidiaries, CMGI or the Company), through its subsidiary, ModusLink Corporation (ModusLink), provides end-to-end global supply chain management solutions that help businesses market, sell and distribute their products and services. ModusLink services technology-based clients in the computing, software, consumer electronics, storage and communications markets. ModusLink had fiscal 2007 revenue of approximately \$1.1 billion and 32 facilities in 12 countries with a significant presence in Asia and Europe. In addition, CMGI s venture capital business, @Ventures, invests in a variety of technology ventures. The Company previously operated under the name CMG Information Services, Inc. and was incorporated in Delaware in 1986. CMGI s address is 1100 Winter Street, Suite 4600, Waltham, Massachusetts 02451.

CMGI s business strategy in recent years has led to the development, acquisition and operation of majority-owned subsidiaries focused on supply chain management services, as well as the investment in emerging, innovative and promising technology companies.

(2). BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of a normal recurring nature) considered necessary for fair presentation have been included. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and related notes for the year ended July 31, 2007, which are contained in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on October 15, 2007. The results for the three and six months ended January 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

The Company reports three operating segments, Americas, Asia and Europe. In addition to its three operating segments, the Company reports an Other category. The Other category represents corporate expenses consisting primarily of costs associated with certain corporate administrative functions such as legal and finance which are not fully allocated to the Company s subsidiary companies, administration costs related to the Company s venture capital business and any residual results of operations from previously divested operations.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, all significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Accordingly, segment results reported by the Company exclude the effect of transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries and between the Company s subsidiaries.

(3) CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING ESTIMATE

In accordance with its policy, the Company reviews its estimate of the useful lives of its fixed assets on an ongoing basis. This review indicated that the anticipated life of our new ERP systems is longer than the original estimated useful life used for depreciation purposes in the Company s financial statements. As a result, effective November 1, 2007, the Company changed this estimate from 5 years to 8 years to better reflect the estimated periods during which the system will remain in service. The effect of this change in estimate on the financial statements for the quarter ended January 31, 2008 is an increase in income from continuing operations and net income of \$0.4 million and an increase in earnings per share of \$0.01.

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(4) 1-FOR-10 REVERSE STOCK SPLIT

In September 2007, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the Company to proceed with a 1-for-10 reverse stock split, effective at 11:59 p.m. on October 31, 2007, which had been approved by the Company's stockholders at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders on December 6, 2006. CMGI's common stock began trading at the split-adjusted level on November 1, 2007. For 20 days following the split, CMGI's common stock traded under the trading symbol CMGID . After the 20-day period, CMGI's common stock resumed trading under the symbol CMGI .

As the reverse stock split proportionally reduced the issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company, without any change to the authorized number of shares or the par value, the Common stock balance on the condensed consolidated balance sheet at July 31, 2007, and all share and per share data contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q unless otherwise indicated has been adjusted to reflect the 1-for-10 reverse stock split assuming the reverse stock split had occurred on August 1, 2006.

(5) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations (SFAS No. 141(R)). SFAS No. 141(R) requires acquiring entities in a business combination to recognize the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the transaction; establishes the acquisition-date fair value as the measurement objective for all assets acquired and liabilities assumed; and requires the acquirer to disclose to investors the information they need to evaluate and understand the nature and financial effect of the business combination. SFAS No. 141(R) is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2010. The Company will evaluate SFAS No. 141(R) and the impact that it may have, if any, on its results of operations or financial position. The early adoption of this Standard is prohibited.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (SFAS No. 159), including an amendment of SFAS No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities (SFAS No. 115), which permits companies to choose to measure certain financial instruments and other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value and establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between companies that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 159 is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2009. The Company is currently evaluating SFAS No. 159 and the impact, if any, that it may have on its results of operations or financial position.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS No. 157) which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles, and expands the disclosure requirements related to fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2009, with the exception of the fair value measurement requirements for nonfinancial assets and liabilities which are effective beginning in fiscal 2010. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that SFAS No. 157 may have on its results of operations or financial position.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes-an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48). This Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This Interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. Accordingly, the Company adopted FIN 48, as required, as of August 1, 2007 (see Note 17).

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The Company considers all highly-liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Investments, which generally have maturities between three and twelve months at the time of acquisition, are considered short-term and classified as available-for-sale.

The Company has decided to modify its current investment strategy by reducing its investments in Auction Rate Securities (ARS) and increasing its investments in more liquid money market investments. As of January 31, 2008, the Company's investment portfolio no longer contained any ARS.

(7) GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The purchase price of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in a business combination are subject to an allocation period in accordance with SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations. In connection with the acquisition of Modus Media, Inc. in August 2004, the allocation period for all adjustments other than those related to tax carryforwards and contingencies expired during the quarter ended October 31, 2005, while the allocation period for certain tax adjustments and contingencies will remain open in accordance with SFAS No. 109 Accounting for Income Taxes. The total of the purchase accounting adjustments recorded during the six months ended January 31, 2008 was a reduction of \$0.2 million related to the utilization of pre-acquisition net operating losses in the Americas and Asia regions of approximately \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended January 31, 2008 are as follows:

	Americas	Europe (in thousands)	Asia	Total
Balance as of July 31, 2007	\$ 74,906	\$ 30,265	\$ 73,105	\$ 178,276
Purchase price adjustments from acquisition of Modus	(64)		(173)	(237)
Foreign exchange rate adjustment related to Japan			85	85
Balance as of January 31, 2008	\$ 74,842	\$ 30,265	\$ 73,017	\$ 178,124

(8) SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Stock options to purchase approximately 0.2 million shares were awarded to executives during the six months ended January 31, 2008 at a weighted average exercise price of \$13.20 per share. The weighted average option fair value was \$5.90 per share. The weighted average option fair value was calculated using the binominal-lattice model with the following weighted average assumptions. The expected volatility was 51.74%, the risk-free rate was 4.14% and the expected life was 4.12 years.

Additionally, approximately 0.1 million nonvested shares were awarded to executives during the six months ended January 31, 2008 at a weighted average fair value of \$14.60 per share. The fair value of nonvested shares is determined based on the market price of the Company's common stock on the grant date.

The following table summarizes the allocation of stock-based compensation expense related to employee stock options, employee stock purchases and nonvested shares under SFAS No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment (revised 2004), for the three and six months ended January 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively:

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Six Months Ended January 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	(in thousands)			
Cost of goods sold	\$ 145	\$ 120	\$ 244	\$ 246

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Selling	198	121	363	255
General and administrative	1,146	991	2,259	2,001
	\$ 1,489	\$ 1,232	\$ 2,866	\$ 2,502

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The following table reflects the components of Other gains, net :

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Six Months Ended January 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	(in thousands)			
Foreign exchange losses	\$ (66)	\$ (669)	\$ (2,213)	\$ (1,207)
Gain on sale of investments	18,398	28,717	20,115	30,252
Other, net	196	(18)	261	(93)
	\$ 18,528	\$ 28,030	\$ 18,163	\$ 28,952

During the three and six months ended January 31, 2008, the Company recorded a gain of approximately \$12.9 million on the acquisition of The Generations Network, Inc. (TGN), an @Ventures portfolio company, by a third party in December 2007. Additionally, during the three months ended January 31, 2008, gains of approximately \$2.7 million, \$0.6 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.2 million, respectively, were recorded to adjust previously recorded gains on the acquisitions by third parties of Avamar Technologies, Inc., Molecular, Inc., Realm Business Solutions, Inc., and Alibris, Inc. due to the satisfaction of conditions leading to the release of funds held in escrow. These companies were also @Ventures portfolio companies that were acquired by third parties in previous reporting periods. During the three and six months ended January 31, 2008, the Company recorded a gain of \$1.6 million from the sale of a minority interest in a former indirect subsidiary. Additionally, during the six months ended January 31, 2008, gains of approximately \$2.7 million, \$1.8 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.3 million, respectively, were recorded to adjust previously recorded gains on the acquisitions by third parties of Avamar Technologies, Inc., Molecular, Inc., Realm Business Solutions, Inc., and Alibris, Inc. due to the satisfaction of conditions leading to the release of funds held in escrow. The Company also recorded foreign exchange losses of approximately \$0.1 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, during the three and six months ended January 31, 2008. These foreign exchange losses related primarily to unhedged foreign currency exposures in Asia and Europe.

During the three and six months ended January 31, 2007, the Company recorded a gain of approximately \$28.7 million on the acquisition of Avamar Technologies, Inc., an @Ventures portfolio company, by a third party. Under the terms of the agreement, Avamar was acquired in a cash transaction valued at approximately \$165.0 million. Additionally, during the six months ended January 31, 2007, the Company recorded additional gains to previously recorded gains on the acquisitions by third parties of Molecular, Inc. and Alibris, Inc. of approximately \$1.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, due to the satisfaction of conditions leading to the release of funds held in escrow. Molecular, Inc. and Alibris, Inc. were @Ventures portfolio companies that were acquired by third parties in previous reporting periods. The Company also recorded foreign exchange losses of approximately \$0.7 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, during the three and six months ended January 31, 2007. These foreign exchange losses related primarily to unhedged foreign currency exposures in Asia and Europe.

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The following table summarizes the activity in the restructuring accrual for the three and six months ended January 31, 2008:

	Employee Related Expenses	Contractual Obligations (in thousands)	Asset Impairments	Total
Accrued restructuring balance at July 31, 2007	\$ 1,161	\$ 9,317	\$	\$ 10,478
Restructuring charges	688	625	450	1,763
Restructuring adjustments	(20)	(75)	(45)	(140)
Cash (paid) received	(475)	(757)	45	(1,187)
Non-cash adjustments			(450)	(450)
Accrued restructuring balance at October 31, 2007	\$ 1,354	\$ 9,110	\$	\$ 10,464
Restructuring charges	662	68	(65)	665
Restructuring adjustments	(20)	100		80
Cash (paid) received	(399)	(1,161)	65	(1,495)
Non-cash adjustments	(9)			(9)
Accrued restructuring balance at January 31, 2008	\$ 1,588	\$ 8,117	\$	\$ 9,705

It is expected that the payments of employee-related charges will be substantially completed by November 30, 2009. The remaining contractual obligations primarily relate to facility lease obligations for vacant space resulting from the current and previous restructuring activities of the Company. The Company anticipates that contractual obligations will be substantially fulfilled by May 2012.

The net restructuring charges for the three and six months ended January 31, 2008 and 2007 would have been allocated as follows had the Company recorded the expense and adjustments within the functional department of the restructured activities:

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Six Months Ended January 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	(in thousands)			
Cost of revenue	\$ 512	\$ 846	\$ 2,273	\$ 903
Selling		160		389
General and administrative	233	1,376	95	903
	\$ 745	\$ 2,382	\$ 2,368	\$ 2,195

During the three and six months ended January 31, 2008, the Company recorded a net restructuring charge of approximately \$0.7 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. These charges consisted of approximately \$0.7 million for the three months and approximately \$1.3 million for the six month period for severance costs, relating to the shutdown of facilities in Newark, California and Austin, Texas and the corresponding reduction in the workforce at each location. The workforces at the Newark and Austin facilities were reduced by approximately 39 and 77 employees, respectively. In addition, the Company incurred a \$1.1 million charge relating to the unutilized leased facility in Newark, California and the impairment of certain assets held at the facility. No additional lease obligation has been incurred as a result of the shutdown of the Austin facility, as the shutdown coincides with the expiration of the current lease term.

During the three and six months ended January 31, 2007, the Company recorded net restructuring charges of approximately \$2.4 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. These charges consisted of approximately \$0.5 million

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for the three months and approximately \$0.7 million for the six month period, relating to a workforce reduction of approximately 34 and 41 employees for the three and six month periods, respectively. These charges related to the reorganization of the global sales team in the Asia region and the elimination of redundant positions related to the Company's hub and spoke initiative from the Americas region as well as a closure of a plant for the West Valley, Utah facility in the Americas. Additionally, during the three and six month periods the Company recorded approximately \$1.6 million relating to early termination charges and unutilized lease facilities for which the Company expects to realize no future economic benefit primarily due to the restructuring activities of the Netherlands facilities in the Europe region as well as restructuring activities from closure of the West Valley facility. During the six month period, the Company also recorded net adjustments of approximately \$0.2 million to decrease previously recorded restructuring estimates for facility lease obligations primarily based on changes to the underlying assumptions regarding the estimated length of time of the subleased space and the expected rent recovery rate related to the vacant space.

The following table summarizes the restructuring accrual by operating segment and the Other category for the three and six months ended January 31, 2008:

	Americas	Asia	Europe (in thousands)	Other	Consolidated Total
Accrued restructuring balance at July 31, 2007	\$ 4,669	\$ 197	\$ 5,368	\$ 244	\$ 10,478
Restructuring charges	1,754	9			1,763
Restructuring adjustments	(102)	3	(41)		(140)
Cash paid	(1,011)	(176)			(1,187)
Non-cash adjustments	(450)				(450)
Accrued restructuring balance at October 31, 2007	\$ 4,860	\$ 33	\$ 5,327	\$ 244	\$ 10,464
Restructuring charges	665				665
Restructuring adjustments	100		(20)		80
Cash paid	(1,332)	(2)	(161)		(1,495)
Non-cash adjustments			(9)		(9)
Accrued restructuring balance at January 31, 2008	\$ 4,293	\$ 31	\$ 5,137	\$ 244	\$ 9,705

(11) SEGMENT INFORMATION

Based on the information provided to the Company's chief operating decision-maker (CODM) for purposes of making decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance, the Company reports three operating segments, Americas, Asia, and Europe. In addition to its three operating segments, the Company reports an Other category. The Other category represents corporate expenses consisting primarily of costs associated with certain corporate administrative functions such as legal and finance which are not fully allocated to the Company's subsidiary companies, administration costs related to the Company's venture capital business and any residual results of operations from previously divested operations. The Other category's balance sheet information includes cash and cash equivalents, available-for-sale securities, investments and other assets, which are not identifiable to the operations of the Company's operating business segments.

Management evaluates segment performance based on segment net revenue, operating income (loss) and Non-GAAP operating income/(loss), which is defined as the operating income/ (loss) excluding net charges related to depreciation, long-lived asset impairment, restructuring, and amortization of intangible assets and stock-based compensation. The Company believes that its Non-GAAP measure of operating income/(loss) provides investors with a useful supplemental measure of the Company's operating performance by excluding the impact of non-cash charges and restructuring activities. Each of the excluded items (depreciation, long-lived asset impairment, amortization of intangible assets and stock-based compensation and restructuring) were

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excluded because they may be considered to be of a non-operational or non-cash nature. Historically, the Company has recorded significant impairment and restructuring charges and therefore management uses Non-GAAP operating income/ (loss) to assist in evaluating the performance of the Company's core operations. Non-GAAP operating income/ (loss) does not have any standardized definition and therefore is unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting companies. These Non-GAAP results should not be evaluated in isolation of, or as a substitute for the Company's financial results prepared in accordance with US GAAP.

For the three and six months ended January 31, 2008, sales to Hewlett-Packard accounted for approximately 20% and 23%, respectively, of the Company's consolidated net revenue and sales to Advanced Micro Devices accounted for approximately 14% of the Company's consolidated net revenue for each period. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2007, sales to Hewlett-Packard accounted for approximately 29% and 32%, respectively, of the Company's consolidated net revenue and sales to Advanced Micro Devices accounted for approximately 11% and 12%, respectively, of the Company's consolidated net revenue.

Summarized financial information of the Company's continuing operations by business segment and the Other category is as follows:

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Six Months Ended January 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	(in thousands)			
Net revenue:				
Americas	\$ 92,592	\$ 121,292	\$ 176,775	\$ 227,457
Asia	84,383	77,116	171,095	143,563
Europe	100,997	126,344	204,842	237,368
	\$ 277,972	\$ 324,752	\$ 552,712	\$ 608,388
Operating income (loss):				
Americas	\$ 4,992	\$ 7,370	\$ 8,208	\$ 12,816
Asia	10,161	10,779	23,177	17,752
Europe	(1,746)	(1,913)	(3,927)	(5,340)
Sub-total	13,407	16,236	27,458	25,228
Other	(4,806)	(4,967)	(9,718)	(8,906)
	\$ 8,601	\$ 11,269	\$ 17,740	\$ 16,322
Non-GAAP operating income:				
Americas	\$ 7,385	\$ 10,598	\$ 13,741	\$ 17,368
Asia	11,958	12,721	27,300	21,528
Europe	(43)	498	(608)	(1,583)
Sub-total	19,300	23,817	40,433	37,313
Other	(3,973)	(4,286)	(8,054)	(7,537)
	\$ 15,327	\$ 19,531	\$ 32,379	\$ 29,776

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The following table reconciles Non-GAAP operating income to GAAP operating income and net income:

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Six Months Ended January 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	(in thousands)			
Non-GAAP operating income	\$ 15,327	\$ 19,531	\$ 32,379	\$ 29,776
Adjustments:				
Depreciation	(3,746)	(3,442)	(7,897)	(6,345)
Amortization of intangible assets	(746)	(1,206)	(1,508)	(2,412)
Stock-based compensation	(1,489)	(1,232)	(2,866)	(2,502)
Restructuring, net	(745)	(2,382)	(2,368)	(2,195)
GAAP operating income	\$ 8,601	\$ 11,269	\$ 17,740	\$ 16,322
Other income, net	21,365	30,443	23,605	33,689
Income tax expense	2,077	5,727	4,216	4,287
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(86)	(112)	(716)	476
Net income	\$ 27,803	\$ 35,873	\$ 36,413	\$ 46,200

	January 31,	July 31,
	2008	2007
	(in thousands)	
Total assets of continuing operations:		
Americas	\$ 214,991	\$ 234,405
Asia	245,106	231,806
Europe	187,586	188,947
Total	647,683	655,158
Other	177,036	163,879
	\$ 824,719	\$ 819,037

(12) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Company calculates earnings per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, Earnings per Share. Basic earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The dilutive effect of common stock equivalents is included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share only when the effect of the inclusion would be dilutive.

For the three and six months ended January 31, 2008, approximately 0.1 million and 0.2 million weighted average common stock equivalents, respectively, were included in the denominator in the calculation of dilutive earnings per share. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2008, approximately 1.9 million and 1.5 million common stock equivalent shares, respectively, and 0.2 million and 0.1 million nonvested shares, respectively, were excluded from the denominator in the calculation of diluted earnings per share calculation as their inclusion would have been antidilutive.

For the three and six months ended January 31, 2007, approximately 0.2 million and 0.1 million weighted average common stock equivalents, respectively, were included in the denominator in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2007 approximately 1.1 million and 1.6 million common stock equivalent shares, respectively, and 0.2 million and 0.1 million, nonvested shares, respectively, were excluded from the denominator in the calculation of diluted earnings per share calculation as their inclusion would have been antidilutive.

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The components of comprehensive income, net of income taxes, were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	January 31,		January 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	(in thousands)			
Net income	\$ 27,803	\$ 35,873	\$ 36,413	\$ 46,200
Net unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities	(223)	(755)	(137)	(1,553)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	2,641	710	4,884	1,322
Comprehensive income	\$ 30,221	\$ 35,828	\$ 41,160	\$ 45,969

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income was as follows:

	January 31,	July 31,
	2008	2007
	(in thousands)	
Net unrealized holding gains on securities	\$ 596	\$ 733
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment	11,519	6,635
Defined benefit pension plans	403	403
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 12,518	\$ 7,771

(14) INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is primarily determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories at January 31, 2008 and July 31, 2007 consisted of the following:

	January 31,	July 31,
	2008	2007
	(in thousands)	
Raw materials	\$ 43,258	\$ 42,388
Work-in-process	1,594	934
Finished goods	19,839	17,623
	\$ 64,691	\$ 60,945

(15) CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Company may become involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of operations in the normal course of business, which it considers routine and incidental to its business. The Company currently is not a party to any legal proceedings, the adverse outcome of which, in management's opinion, would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operation, or financial condition.

(16) SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM

In September 2007, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50.0 million of the Company's common stock from time to time on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions over the following 18 months. The timing and amount of any shares repurchased will be determined by the Company's management based on its evaluation of market conditions and other factors. The repurchase program may be suspended or discontinued at any time. Any repurchased shares will be available for use in connection with the Company's stock plans and for other corporate purposes. The repurchase program is funded using the Company's working capital. As of January 31, 2008, the Company repurchased an aggregate of 1.1 million shares of common stock at a cost of approximately \$14.0 million under the repurchase program.

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(17) INCOME TAXES

The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on August 1, 2007. The Company did not recognize any change in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits as a result of the implementation.

The liability for unrecognized tax benefits related to various federal, state, and foreign income tax matters was \$6.6 million at August 1, 2007. At January 31, 2008, the liability for income taxes associated with uncertain tax positions was \$6.3 million. Included in this amount is approximately \$3.1 million of unrecognized tax benefits, which if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate. The difference between the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits and the amount that would impact the effective rate consists of items that would be offset through goodwill.

Upon adoption of FIN 48, the Company's policy to include interest and penalties related to gross unrecognized tax benefits as part of the provision for income taxes did not change. As of August 1, 2007, the Company had accrued \$6,000 of interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions. As of January 31, 2008, the total amount of accrued interest and penalties is \$24,000.

The Company expects that approximately \$1.2 million of the total amount of unrecognized tax benefit will be recognized over the next 12 months due to the expected settlement surrounding the French tax audit.

The Company is subject to U.S. federal income tax and various state, local and international income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. The federal and state tax returns are generally subject to tax examinations for the tax years ended July 31, 2004 through July 31, 2007. In addition, a number of tax years remain subject to examination by the appropriate government agencies for certain countries in the European and Asian regions. In Europe, the Company's 2002 through 2007 tax years remain subject to examination in most locations, while the Company's 1997 through 2007 tax years remain subject to examination in most Asian locations.

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Item 2. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*

The matters discussed in this report contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that involve risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical information provided herein may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, the words "believes," "anticipates," "plans," "expects" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those discussed in Part II Item 1A below and elsewhere in this report and the risks discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal year 2007 filed with the SEC. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis, judgment, belief or expectation only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof.

Overview

CMGI, through its subsidiary, ModusLink, provides industry-leading end-to-end global supply chain management solutions that help businesses market, sell and distribute their products and services. Our core capabilities are categorized as sourcing and supply base management, manufacturing and product configuration, fulfillment and distribution, e-Business, and aftermarket services such as reverse logistics and asset disposition. ModusLink services technology-based clients in such markets as computing, software, consumer electronics, storage and communications.

We also invest in emerging, innovative and promising technologies and industries through our venture capital business, @Ventures. During the six months ended January 31, 2008, approximately \$4.6 million was invested by @Ventures and \$19.4 million of proceeds were received from the acquisition by third parties of certain @Ventures portfolio companies.

Management evaluates operating performance based on net revenue, operating income (loss), and net income (loss), and, across its segments, on the basis of Non-GAAP operating income (loss), which is defined as the operating income (loss) excluding net charges related to depreciation, long-lived asset impairment, restructuring, and amortization of intangible assets and stock-based compensation. See Note 11 of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements for segment information, including a reconciliation of Non-GAAP operating income (loss) to net income (loss).

Our focus during fiscal 2008 remains consistent with fiscal 2007 with regard to continued execution against our strategic plan, and implementation of the following initiatives designed to achieve our goals:

Drive sales growth through a combination of existing client penetration, and targeting new vertical markets. A significant portion of our revenues is currently generated from clients in the computing and software verticals. These verticals are mature and, as a result, gross margins in these verticals tend to be low. To address this, we have expanded our sales focus to include three new markets, in addition to the computing and software verticals, that we believe can benefit from our supply chain expertise. We believe these verticals, communications, storage devices and consumer electronics, are experiencing faster growth than our historical markets, and represent opportunities to realize higher gross margins on our services. Companies in these markets often are early in their product life cycles and have significant need for a supply chain partner who will be an extension to their business models.

Increase the value delivered to clients through service expansion. We will continue to focus on and invest in expanding our e-commerce and logistics management services offerings, which we believe will increase the overall value of the supply chain solutions we deliver to our existing clients and to new clients. We expect these

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solutions will continue to enhance our gross margins and drive greater profitability. Further, we believe that the addition of new services to existing clients will strengthen our relationship with these clients, and further integrate us with their business.

Drive operational efficiencies throughout our organization. As a result of the acquisition of Modus Media, Inc. in August 2004, the Company has been running multiple information technology systems at a significant cost. Our strategy is to offer an integrated supply chain system infrastructure that extends from front-end order management through distribution and returns management. This end-to-end solution will enable clients to link supply and demand in real time, improve visibility and performance throughout the supply chain, and provide real-time access to information for greater collaboration and making informed business decisions. We believe our clients will benefit greatly from a global integrated business solution while we too reduce our operating costs. We currently expect to invest a total of approximately \$32.6 million in this initiative. Our cost estimate has increased from our earlier estimates, primarily as a result of changes to our implementation schedule and infrastructure requirements. Another program that we expect will drive further operational efficiencies in the future is the implementation of a global shared services model utilizing centralized hub locations to service multiple spoke locations across the Americas, Asia and Europe regions. We believe this initiative will yield improved process standardization and operating efficiency gains, as well as lower our operating costs.

We believe that successful execution of these initiatives will enable us to improve our financial performance. We have developed financial operating metric goals which are dependent on the successful implementation of these initiatives and annual revenue growth on a percentage basis of high single to low double digits. These goals are to (i) increase our gross margin percentage to approximately 12% to 14%, compared to approximately 11.5% in fiscal 2007 and approximately 10.3% in fiscal 2006, (ii) reduce our overall selling, general and administrative, restructuring and amortization costs to approximately 7% of revenue compared to approximately 10.2% in both fiscal 2007 and 2006, and (iii) therefore, result in an operating margin between 5% and 7%. From time to time we publicly state our progress against these goals and current expectation of when we believe we will attain these goals and begin operating at these levels. Among the key factors that will influence our performance against these goals are successful execution and implementation of our strategic initiatives, global economic conditions, especially in the technology sector, demand for our clients' products, and demand for outsourcing services.

For the three months ended January 31, 2008, the Company reported net revenue of \$278.0 million, operating income of \$8.6 million or 3.1% of revenue, income from continuing operations before income taxes of \$30.0 million, net income of \$27.8 million and a gross margin percentage of 14.0%. For the six months ended January 31, 2008, the Company reported net revenue of \$552.7 million, operating income of \$17.7 million or 3.2% of revenue, income from continuing operations before income taxes of \$41.3 million, net income of \$36.4 million and a gross margin percentage of 14.1%. We currently conduct business in The Netherlands, Hungary, France, Ireland, the Czech Republic, Singapore, Taiwan, China, Malaysia, Mexico, Japan and other foreign locations, in addition to the Company's United States operations. At January 31, 2008, we had cash and cash equivalents and available for sale securities of \$265.2 million, and working capital of \$320.4 million.

As a large portion of our revenue comes from outsourcing services provided to clients such as hardware manufacturers, software publishers, telecommunications carriers, broadband and wireless service providers and consumer electronics companies, our operating performance could be adversely affected by declines in the overall performance of the technology sector. The market for our supply chain management products and services is very competitive. We also face pressure from our clients to continually realize efficiency gains in order to help our clients maintain their gross margins and profitability. Increased competition and client demands for efficiency improvements may result in price reductions, reduced gross margins and in some cases loss of market share. As a result of these competitive and client pressures, the gross margins in our business are low. During the three and six months ended January 31, 2008, our gross margin percentages were 14.0% and 14.1%, respectively. However, increased competition arising from industry consolidation and/or low demand for our clients' products and services may hinder our ability to maintain or improve our gross margins, profitability and

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cash flows. Therefore, we must continue to focus on margin improvement, through implementation of our strategic initiatives, cost reductions and asset and employee productivity gains in order to improve the profitability of our business and maintain our competitive position. We are reacting to margin and pricing pressures in several ways, including efforts to target new vertical markets, expand our service offerings and to lower our infrastructure costs. Our ERP and hub and spoke initiatives are key enablers to drive efficiencies and lower our operating costs. We also seek to lower our cost to service clients by moving work to lower-cost venues, establishing facilities closer to our clients to gain efficiencies, and other actions designed to improve the productivity of our operations.

Historically, a limited number of key clients have accounted for a significant percentage of our revenue. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2008, sales to Hewlett-Packard accounted for approximately 20% and 23%, respectively, of our consolidated net revenue and sales to Advanced Micro Devices accounted for approximately 14% of our consolidated net revenue for both periods. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2007, sales to Hewlett-Packard accounted for approximately 29% and 32%, respectively, of our consolidated net revenue and sales to Advanced Micro Devices accounted for approximately 11% and 12%, respectively, of our consolidated net revenue. As previously announced, in February 2007, we were informed that a business unit of Hewlett-Packard intended to migrate a program away from ModusLink which had historically accounted for approximately \$100.0 million of annual revenue. The migration of this program away from ModusLink was completed during the last quarter of fiscal 2007. We expect to continue to derive the vast majority of our operating revenue from sales to a small number of key clients. We currently do not have any agreements which obligate any client to buy a minimum amount of products or services from us or designate us as an exclusive service provider. Consequently, our sales are subject to demand variability by our clients. The level and timing of orders placed by our clients vary for a variety of reasons, including seasonal buying by end-users, the introduction of new technologies and general economic conditions.

Basis of Presentation

The Company reports three operating segments, Americas, Asia and Europe. In addition to its three operating segments, the Company reports an Other category. The Other category represents corporate expenses consisting primarily of costs associated with certain corporate administrative functions such as legal and finance which are not fully allocated to the Company's subsidiary companies, administration costs related to the Company's venture capital business and any residual results of operations from previously divested operations.

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, all significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Accordingly, segment results reported by the Company exclude the effect of transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries and between the Company's subsidiaries.

Results of Operations**Three months ended January 31, 2008 compared to the three months ended January 31, 2007****Net Revenue:**

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2008	As a % of Total Net Revenue	Three Months Ended January 31, 2007	As a % of Total Net Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
(in thousands)						
Americas	\$ 92,592	33.3%	\$ 121,292	37.4%	\$ (28,700)	(23.7)%
Asia	84,383	30.4%	77,116	23.7%	7,267	9.4%
Europe	100,997	36.3%	126,344	38.9%	(25,347)	(20.1)%
Total	\$ 277,972	100.0%	\$ 324,752	100.0%	\$ (46,780)	(14.4)%

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Net revenue decreased by approximately \$46.8 million during the three months ended January 31, 2008, as compared to the same period in the prior year. This \$46.8 million decrease was primarily a result of lower revenue of approximately \$45.7 million related to two previously announced discontinued programs and lower volume associated with other client programs of approximately \$1.1 million.

During the three months ended January 31, 2008, the net revenue in the Americas and Europe regions decreased by approximately \$28.7 million and \$25.3 million, respectively. These decreases resulted primarily from approximately \$45.7 million of lower revenue associated with the two previously announced discontinued client programs noted above and a decrease in order volumes and new business. Within the Asia region, the net revenue growth of \$7.3 million resulted primarily from the contribution of revenue of approximately \$7.9 million from our subsidiary in Japan which was previously operated as a joint venture in which we had a 40% interest. ModusLink acquired full ownership of the entity in April 2007.

A significant portion of our client base operates in the technology sector, which is intensely competitive and volatile. Our clients' order volumes vary from quarter to quarter for a variety of reasons, including market acceptance of their new product introductions and overall demand for their products. This business environment, and our mode of transacting business with our clients, does not lend itself to precise measurement of the amount and timing of future order volumes, and as a result, future sales volumes and revenues could vary significantly from period to period. We sell primarily on a purchase order basis, rather than pursuant to contracts with minimum purchase requirements. These purchase orders are generally for quantities necessary to support near-term demand for our clients' products.

Cost of Revenue:

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2008	As a % of Segment Net Revenue	Three Months Ended January 31, 2007	As a % of Segment Net Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
	(in thousands)					
Americas	\$ 80,586	87.0%	\$ 106,241	87.6%	\$ (25,655)	(24.1)%
Asia	64,854	76.9%	58,506	75.9%	6,348	10.9%
Europe	93,623	92.7%	119,472	94.6%	(25,849)	(21.6)%
Total	\$ 239,063	86.0%	\$ 284,219	87.5%	\$ (45,156)	(15.9)%

Cost of revenue consists primarily of expenses related to the cost of products purchased for sale or distribution as well as salaries and benefit expenses, consulting and contract labor costs, fulfillment and shipping costs, and applicable facilities costs. Cost of revenue decreased by approximately \$45.2 million for the three months ended January 31, 2008, as compared to the three months ended January 31, 2007. Gross margins for the second quarter of fiscal 2008 were 14.0% as compared to 12.5% in the prior year quarter. This increase is primarily attributable to improved client and work mix and incremental efficiencies realized as a result of the implementation of the initiatives described in the

Overview section. However, we expect that there will continue to be pressure on gross margin levels resulting from a number of factors, including competition, order volumes, pricing, client and work mix and configuration, and overall demand for our clients' products. A significant portion of the costs required to deliver our products and services is fixed in nature.

For the three months ended January 31, 2008, the Company's gross margin percentages within the Americas, Asia and Europe regions were 13.0%, 23.1% and 7.3%, as compared to 12.4%, 24.1% and 5.4%, respectively, for the same period of the prior year. Within the Americas region, the decline in the cost of revenue of approximately \$25.7 million was in proportion to the decrease in revenues. Despite this decline, the gross margin percentage increased by approximately 60 basis points. This increase is primarily attributable to improvements in the client and work mix and cost efficiencies as compared to the same quarter of the prior year. Within the Asia region, the gross margin percentage decreased by approximately 100 basis points, which can be

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primarily attributed to higher cost of revenue in Japan, resulting in lower margins as compared to the quarter ended January 31, 2007. Within the Europe region the decline in the cost of revenue of approximately \$25.8 million was in proportion to the decrease in revenues. Despite this decline, the gross margin percentage increased by approximately 190 basis points as compared to the same quarter in the prior fiscal year due to improvements in the client and work mix and achieved efficiencies realized as a result of continuous improvement initiatives.

As a result of the lower overall cost of delivering the Company's products and services in the Asia region, particularly China, and the increasing demand for supply chain management services from existing customers in that region, we expect gross margin levels in Asia to continue to exceed those earned in the Americas and Europe regions. However, we expect that there will continue to be pressure on gross margin levels in Asia as the market, particularly China, matures.

Selling Expenses:

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2008	As a % of Segment Net Revenue	Three Months Ended January 31, 2007	As a % of Segment Net Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
	(in thousands)					
Americas	\$ 1,386					