ESTERLINE TECHNOLOGIES CORP Form 10-Q March 04, 2010

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For th	e quarterly	neriod	ended	January	29.	2010

of incorporation or organization)

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	F
For the transition period from to	
Commission file number <u>1-6357</u>	
ESTERLINE TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION	
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware	13-2595091
(State or other Jurisdiction	(LRS Employer

(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)

500 108th Avenue N.E., Bellevue, Washington 98004

Registrant s telephone number, including area code 425/453-9400

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Identification No.)

Yes	X	No			
	•	C		posted on its corporate Rule 405 of Regulat	•
•	•	1	1 1	ired to submit and po	C
Yes		No			

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	X			Accelerat	ted filer "
Non-accelerated filer	" (Do not check if a	smaller reporting cor	mpany)	Smaller r	eporting company
Indicate by check mark	whether the reg	istrant is a shell	company (as defin	ned in Rule 12b-2 of t	the Exchange Act).
Yes	No _	X			
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As of March 2, 2010, 29,827,637 shares of the issuer s common stock were outstanding.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ESTERLINE TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of January 29, 2010 and October 30, 2009

(In thousands, except share amounts)

<u>ASSETS</u>	January 29, 2010 (Unaudited)		October 30, 2009	
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 187,050	\$	176,794	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances				
of \$5,105 and \$5,297	245,527		270,976	
Inventories				
Raw materials and purchased parts	113,082		115,215	
Work in process	98,618		98,340	
Finished goods	60,289		61,727	
	271,989		275,282	
Income tax refundable	7,581		7,638	
Deferred income tax benefits	31,059		31,434	
Prepaid expenses	19,291		17,425	
Other current assets	11,635		17,048	
Total Current Assets	774,132		796,597	
Property, Plant and Equipment	522,037		515,828	
Accumulated depreciation	251,670		252,577	
	270,367		263,251	
Other Non-Current Assets				
Goodwill	731,792		736,808	
Intangibles, net	409,204		422,082	
Debt issuance costs, net of accumulated				
amortization of \$8,319 and \$7,842	6,659		7,136	
Deferred income tax benefits	79,593		79,114	
Other assets	12,307		9,259	

\$ 2,284,054 \$ 2,314,247

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of January 29, 2010 and October 30, 2009

(In thousands, except share amounts)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	January 29, 2010 (Unaudited)		October 30, 2009
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Credit facilities Current maturities of long-term debt Deferred income tax liabilities Federal and foreign income taxes	\$ 76,980 172,636 1,439 6,816 5,932 936	\$	82,304 191,667 5,896 5,409 7,294 1,669
Total Current Liabilities	264,739		294,239
Long-Term Liabilities Long-term debt, net of current maturities Deferred income tax liabilities Pension and post-retirement obligations Other liabilities	525,737 127,571 93,665 21,984		520,158 130,456 93,615 20,027
Shareholders Equity Common stock, par value \$.20 per share, authorized 60,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding 29,820,112 and 29,773,630 shares	5,964		5,955
Additional paid-in capital	507,378		504,549
Retained earnings	745,586		732,861
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(11,355)		9,656
Total Esterline shareholders equity Noncontrolling interests	1,247,573 2,785		1,253,021 2,731
Total Shareholders Equity	1,250,358		1,255,752
	\$ 2,284,054	\$	2,314,247

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Three Month Periods Ended January 29, 2010 and January 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Mo January 29, 2010			onths Ended January 30, 2009		
Net Sales Cost of Sales	\$	339,360 234,831	\$	309,717 207,565		
Expenses		104,529		102,152		
Selling, general & administrative Research, development & engineering		62,315 17,047		59,725 17,398		
Other expense		41		5,014		
Total Expenses		79,403		82,137		
Operating Earnings From Continuing Operations Interest income Interest expense		25,126 (383) 7,961		20,015 (411) 6,736		
Income From Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes Income Tax Expense		17,548 4,769		13,690 2,168		
Income From Continuing Operations Including Noncontrolling Interests Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		12,779 (54)		11,522 (35)		
Income From Continuing Operations Attributable to Esterline		12,725		11,487		
Income From Discontinued Operations Attributable to Esterline, Net of Tax				15,456		
Net Earnings Attributable to Esterline	\$	12,725	\$	26,943		
Earnings Per Share Attributable to Esterline Basic: Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$.43	\$.39 .52		

Earnings Per Share Attributable to Esterline	Basic	\$.43	\$.91
Earnings Per Share Attributable to Esterline Continuing operations Discontinued operations	Diluted:	\$.42	\$.38 .52
Earnings Per Share Attributable to Esterline	Diluted	\$.42	\$.90

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Three Month Periods Ended January 29, 2010 and January 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Three Month January 29, 2010		ths Ended January 30, 2009	
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities				
Net earnings including noncontrolling interests	\$ 12,779	\$	26,978	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings including				
noncontrolling interests to net cash provided				
(used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	18,659		14,491	
Deferred income taxes	(1,395)		(1,121)	
Share-based compensation	1,472		1,972	
Gain on sale of discontinued operations			(26,379)	
Working capital changes, net of effect of acquisitions:				
Accounts receivable	22,568		31,646	
Inventories	(268)		(13,219)	
Prepaid expenses	(2,093)		(2,460)	
Other current assets	(239)		446	
Accounts payable	(4,237)		(14,810)	
Accrued liabilities	(20,304)		(19,349)	
Federal and foreign income taxes	(456)		7,771	
Other liabilities	2,191		4,712	
Other, net	1,676		(6,510)	
	30,353		4,168	
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Investing Activities				
Purchases of capital assets	(14,120)		(7,521)	
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations,	() -/		(-)-	
net of cash			62,944	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	61		94	
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(768)		(250,777)	
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	(14,827)		(195,260)	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Three Month Periods Ended January 29, 2010 and January 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

		Three Months Ended		
	Jai	nuary 29, 2010	Ja	nuary 30, 2009
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Financing Activities Proceeds provided by stock issuance under				
employee stock plans Excess tax benefits from stock options exercised		1,167 199		1,575
Net change in credit facilities		(4,442)		113,705
Repayment of long-term debt		(178)		(1,315)
		(3,254)		113,965
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rates on Cash		(2,016)		(2,287)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		10,256		(79,414)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Period		176,794		160,645
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Period	\$	187,050	\$	81,231
Supplemental Cash Flow Information				
Cash Paid for Interest	\$	7,118	\$	6,493
Cash Paid for Taxes		6,812		7,011

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Three Month Periods Ended January 29, 2010 and January 30, 2009

- 1. The consolidated balance sheet as of January 29, 2010, the consolidated statement of operations for the three month periods ended January 29, 2010, and January 30, 2009, and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the three month periods ended January 29, 2010, and January 30, 2009, are unaudited but, in the opinion of management, all of the necessary adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, have been made to present fairly the financial statements referred to above in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the above statements do not include all of the footnotes required for complete financial statements. The results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results that can be expected for the full year.
- 2. The notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 30, 2009, provide a summary of significant accounting policies and additional financial information that should be read in conjunction with this Form 10-Q.
- 3. The timing of the Company s revenues is impacted by the purchasing patterns of customers and, as a result, revenues are not generated evenly throughout the year. Moreover, the Company s first fiscal quarter, November through January, includes significant holiday periods in both Europe and North America.
- 4. Basic earnings per share is computed on the basis of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share includes the dilutive effect of stock options. Common shares issuable from stock options that are excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive were 646,901 and 1,250,960 in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. Shares used for calculating earnings per share are disclosed in the following table.

(In thousands)	Three Mor	nths Ended	
	January 29, 2010	January 30, 2009	
	2010	2009	
Shares Used for Basic Earnings Per Share	29,789	29,664	
Shares Used for Diluted Earnings Per Share	30,218	29,865	

5. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a standard that significantly changes the way companies account for business combinations. The standard will generally require more assets acquired and more liabilities assumed to be measured at fair value on the date of acquisition. Under the standard, acquisition-related transaction costs

are expensed when incurred and are no longer included in goodwill as a cost of acquiring the business. The standard also requires acquirers to estimate the acquisition-date fair value of any contingent consideration and to recognize any subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration in earnings. In addition, restructuring costs the acquirer expects, but is not obligated to incur, will be recognized separately from the business acquisition. The Company adopted this standard in the first quarter of fiscal 2010. The new standard is applied prospectively to all business combinations with an acquisition date on or after October 31, 2009. No business combination transactions occurred in the three months ended January 29, 2010.

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a standard that changes the way companies account for and report noncontrolling interests (minority interests) of consolidated subsidiaries. The Company adopted this standard in the first quarter of fiscal year 2010 with no impact to the Company s financial statements other than the Company has changed the presentation of noncontrolling interests on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and Consolidated Statement of Operations. Noncontrolling interests of \$2.8 million at January 29, 2010, and \$2.7 million of noncontrolling interests at October 30, 2009, are now included within Equity.

6. The Company s comprehensive income (loss) is as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended			
	Jai	nuary 29, 2010	Jai	nuary 30, 2009
Net Earnings	\$	12,725	\$	26,943
Change in Fair Value of Derivative Financial Instruments,				
Net of Tax (Expense) Benefit of \$671 and \$(331)		(1,827)		525
Adjustment for Minimum Pension Liability, Net of Tax				
(Expense) Benefit of \$199 and \$(182)		88		424
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		(19,272)		(27,055)
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$	(8,286)	\$	837

The Company s accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of the following:

(In thousands)	January 29, 2010	O	October 30, 2009	
Currency translation adjustment Net unrealized gain on derivative contracts Employee benefit plans	\$ 33,886 9,538 (54,779)	\$	53,158 11,365 (54,867)	
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (11,355)	\$	9,656	

7. On January 26, 2009, the Company acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Racal Acoustics Global Ltd. (Racal Acoustics) for approximately £122.6 million or \$171.3 million in cash, including acquisition costs. Racal Acoustics develops and manufactures high technology ruggedized personal communication equipment for the defense and avionics segment. The acquisition expands the scale of the Company s existing avionics and controls business. Racal Acoustics is included in the Avionics & Controls segment.

The following summarizes the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition. The Company recorded goodwill of \$94.0 million. The amount allocated to goodwill is not expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

(In thousands)

As of January 26, 2009

Current assets	\$ 30,319
Property, plant and equipment	2,931
Intangible assets subject to amortization Programs (15 year weighted average useful life) Goodwill	90,045 93,986
Total assets acquired	217,281
Current liabilities assumed Deferred tax liabilities	20,747 25,213
Net assets acquired	\$ 171,321

On December 15, 2008, the Company acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of NMC Group, Inc. (NMC) for approximately \$90.1 million in cash, including acquisition costs. NMC designs and manufactures specialized light-weight fasteners principally for commercial aviation applications. The acquisition expands the scale of the Company s existing advanced materials business. NMC is included in the Advanced Materials segment.

The following summarizes the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition. The Company recorded goodwill of \$40.8 million. The amount allocated to goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

(In thousands) As of December 15, 2008	
Current assets	\$ 7,925
Property, plant and equipment	3,246
Intangible assets subject to amortization	
Programs (15 year weighted average useful life)	39,580
Goodwill	40,796
Other assets	19
Total assets acquired	91,566
Current liabilities assumed	1,427
Net assets acquired	\$ 90,139

8. On November 3, 2008, the Company sold U.K.-based Muirhead Aerospace Limited and Traxsys Input Products Limited, which were included in the Sensors & Systems segment, for approximately U.K. £40.0 million or \$63.4 million, resulting in an after-tax gain of \$15.5 million. As a result, the consolidated financial statements present Muirhead Aerospace Limited and Traxsys Input Products Limited as a discontinued operation.

The operating results of the discontinued operations for the first quarter of 2009 consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	ary 30, 2009
Sales Income from discontinued operations before income taxes Income tax expense	\$ 26,379 10,923
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 15,456

9. The effective income tax rate for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 was 25.5% (before a \$0.3 million tax expense) compared with 18.9% (before a \$0.4 million tax benefit) for the prior-year period. The \$0.3 million tax expense in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 was the result of a change in the tax law of France. The \$0.4 million tax benefit in the first fiscal quarter of 2009 was the result of two events. The first event was a \$2.0 million reduction of previously recorded withholding tax liabilities as a result of the enactment of a U.S.-Canadian tax treaty. The second event was the recording of a \$1.6 million penalty due to a development with regard to certain foreign tax laws. The effective tax rate differed from the statutory rate in the first fiscal quarters of 2010 and 2009, as both years benefited from various tax credits and certain foreign interest expense deductions.

It is reasonably possible that within the next 12 months, \$6.7 million of unrecognized foreign tax benefits associated with losses on the disposition of assets could decrease as a result of the expiration of a statute of limitations and be recognized in net income.

10. As of January 29, 2010, the Company had three share-based compensation plans, which are described below. The compensation cost that has been charged against income for those plans for the first fiscal quarters of 2010 and 2009 was \$1.5 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. During the first fiscal quarters of 2010 and 2009, the Company issued 46,482 and 52,972 shares, respectively, under its employee stock plans.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The Company converted the ESPP to a safe harbor design on December 16, 2008. Under the safe harbor design, shares are purchased by participants at 95% of the market value on the purchase date and, therefore, compensation cost is no longer recorded under the ESPP.

Equity Incentive Plan

Under the equity incentive plan, option exercise prices are equal to the fair market value of the Company s common stock on the date of grant. The Company granted 337,800 options and 378,800 options in the three-month periods ended January 29, 2010, and January 30, 2009, respectively. The weighted-average grant date fair value of options granted during the three-month periods ended January 29, 2010, and January 30, 2009, was \$21.15 per share and \$15.92 per share, respectively.

The fair value of each option granted by the Company was estimated using a Black-Scholes pricing model which uses the assumptions noted in the following table. The Company uses historical data to estimate volatility of the Company s common stock and option exercise and employee termination assumptions. The risk-free rate for the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury zero coupon issues in effect at the time of the grant.

	Three Months Ended				
	January 29, 2010	January 30, 2009			
Risk-free interest rate	2.42 4.0%	1.43 3.12%			
Volatility	43.0 43.2%	36.8 43.1%			
Expected life (years)	4.5 9.5	4.5 9.5			
Dividends					

Employee Sharesave Scheme

In April 2009, the Company offered shares under its employee sharesave scheme for U.K. employees. This plan allows participants the option to purchase shares at 95% of the market price of the stock as of the beginning of the offering period. The term of these options is three years. The sharesave scheme is not a safe-harbor design, and therefore, compensation cost is recognized on this plan.

Under the sharesave scheme, option exercise prices are equal to the fair market value of the Company s common stock on the date of grant. The Company granted 164,199 options in fiscal 2009, with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$7.49 per share.

The fair value of the awards under the employee sharesave scheme was estimated using a Black-Scholes pricing model which uses the assumptions noted in the following table. The risk-free rate for the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury zero coupon issues in effect at the time of the grant.

	January 29, 2010
Risk-free interest rate	0.58%
Volatility	50.08%
Expected life (years)	3
Dividends	

11. The Company s pension plans principally include a U.S. pension plan maintained by Esterline and a non-U.S. plan maintained by CMC. Components of periodic pension cost consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	Three M	Three Months Ended		
	January 29,	Jan	uary 30,	
	2010		2009	
Components of Net Periodic Pension Cost				
Service cost	\$ 1,890	\$	1,475	
Interest cost	4,495		4,575	
Expected return on plan assets	(4,373)		(3,509)	
Amortization of prior service cost	5			
Amortization of actuarial loss	1,826		998	
Net Periodic Cost	\$ 3,843	\$	3,539	

The Company s principal post-retirement plans include non-U.S. plans, which are non-contributory healthcare and life insurance plans. The components of expense of these other retirement benefits consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	Three M January 29, 2010		onths Ended January 30, 2009	
Components of Net Periodic Pension Cost				
Service cost	\$	78	\$	82
Interest cost		174		161
Amortization of actuarial gain		(19)		(19)
Net Periodic Cost	\$	233	\$	224

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value hierarchy has been established that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. An asset or liability s level within the fair value hierarchy is

based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The hierarchy of fair value measurements is described below:

Level 1 Valuations are based on quoted prices that the Company has the ability to obtain in actively traded markets for identical assets and liabilities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market or exchange traded market, a valuation of these instruments does not require a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 Valuations are based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.

Level 3 Valuations are based on model-based techniques for which some or all of the assumptions are obtained from indirect market information that is significant to the overall fair value measurement and which require a significant degree of management judgment.

The following table sets forth the Company s financial assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy at January 29, 2010 and October 30, 2009:

(In thousands)	Level 2			
	January 29, Oc 2010		October 30	
			2009	
Assets:				
Derivative contracts designated as				
hedging instruments	\$	14,213	\$	16,590
Derivative contracts not designated as				
hedging instruments	\$	537	\$	442
Embedded derivatives	\$	10	\$	
Liabilities:				
Derivative contracts designated as				
hedging instruments	\$	1,866	\$	181
Derivative contracts not designated as				
hedging instruments	\$	1,377	\$	1,405
Embedded derivatives	\$	1,009	\$	588

The Company s embedded derivatives are the result of entering into sales or purchase contracts that are denominated in a currency other than the Company s functional currency or the supplier s or customer s functional currency. The fair value is determined by calculating the difference between quoted exchange rates at the time the contract was entered into and the period end exchange rate. These contracts are categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The Company s derivative contracts consist of foreign currency exchange contracts and interest rate swap agreements. These derivative contracts are over the counter and their fair value is determined using modeling techniques that include market inputs such as interest rates, yield curves, and currency exchange rates. These contracts are categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

13. The Company uses derivative financial instruments in the form of foreign currency forward exchange contracts and interest rate swap contracts for the purpose of minimizing exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates on business transactions and interest rates, respectively. The Company s policy is to execute such instruments with banks the Company believes to be credit worthy and not to enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. These derivative financial instruments do not subject the Company to undue risk, as gains and losses on these instruments generally offset gains and losses on the underlying assets, liabilities, or anticipated transactions that are being hedged.

All derivative financial instruments are recorded at fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. For a derivative that has not been designated as an accounting hedge, the change in the fair value is recognized immediately through earnings. For a derivative that has been designated as an accounting hedge of an existing asset or liability (a fair value hedge), the change in the fair value of both the derivative and underlying asset or liability is recognized immediately through earnings. For a derivative designated as an accounting hedge of an anticipated transaction (a cash flow hedge), the change in the fair value is recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI) to the extent the derivative is effective in mitigating the exposure related to the anticipated transaction. The change in the fair value related to the ineffective portion of the hedge, if any, is immediately recognized in earnings. The amount recorded within AOCI is reclassified into earnings in the same period during which the underlying hedged transaction affects earnings.

The fair values of derivative instruments are presented on a gross basis, as the Company does not have any derivative contracts which are subject to master netting arrangements. The Company does not have any hedges with credit-risk-related contingent features or that required the posting of collateral as of January 29, 2010. The cash flows from derivative contracts are recorded in operating activities in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

Foreign Currency Forward Exchange Contracts

The Company transacts business in various foreign currencies which subjects the Company s cash flows and earnings to exposure related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. These exposures arise primarily from purchases or sales of products and services from third parties. Foreign currency forward exchange contracts provide for the purchase or sale of foreign currencies at specified future dates at specified exchange rates and are used to offset changes in the fair value of certain assets or liabilities or forecasted cash flows resulting from transactions denominated in foreign currencies. As of January 29, 2010, and October 30, 2009, the Company had outstanding foreign currency forward exchange contracts principally to sell U.S. dollars with notional amounts of \$251.1 million and \$275.3 million, respectively.

These notional values consist primarily of contracts for the European euro, British pound sterling and Canadian dollar, and are stated in U.S. dollar equivalents at spot exchange rates at the respective dates.

Interest Rate Swaps

The Company manages its exposure to interest rate risk by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and variable rate debt, which over time should moderate the costs of debt financing. When considered necessary, the Company may use financial instruments in the form of interest rate swaps to help meet this objective. In June 2009, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement on the \$175.0 million Senior Subordinated Notes due in 2013. The swap agreement exchanged the fixed interest rate of 7.75% for a variable interest rate on the \$175.0 million principal amount outstanding. The variable interest rate is based upon LIBOR plus 5.37% and was 5.60% at January 29, 2010. The fair value of the Company s interest rate swap was an \$859,000 asset at January 29, 2010, and was estimated by discounting expected cash flows using market interest rates. The Company records interest receivable and interest payable on interest rate swaps on a net basis. The Company recognized a net interest receivable of \$471,000 at January 29, 2010. A \$2.9 million deferred gain on a terminated interest rate swap is being amortized in proportion to the repayment of the underlying debt. The unamortized balance at January 29, 2010, was \$2.2 million. The gain will be amortized through 2013.

Embedded Derivative Instruments

The Company s embedded derivatives are the result of entering into sales or purchase contracts that are denominated in a currency other than the Company s functional currency or the supplier s or customer s functional currency.

Net Investment Hedge

In February 2006, the Company entered into a term loan for £57.0 million. The Company designated the term loan a hedge of the investment in a certain U.K. business unit. The term loan was fully repaid in June 2009. A cumulative foreign currency loss of \$4.8 million resulting from the accounting of the term loan as a net investment hedge will remain in other comprehensive income in shareholders equity until the hedged investment is disposed of or sold.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

Fair values of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Balance Sheet at January 29, 2010, and October 30, 2009, consisted of:

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(In thousands)		Fair Value	
,		January 29,	October 30,
	Classification	2010	2009
Foreign currency forward			
exchange contracts	Other current assets	\$ 12,019	\$ 17,032
Foreign currency forward			
exchange contracts	Other assets	\$ 2,731	\$
Foreign currency forward			
exchange contracts	Accrued liabilities	\$ 2,644	\$ 1,586
Foreign currency forward			
exchange contracts	Other liabilities	\$ 599	\$
Embedded derivative			
instruments	Other current assets	\$ 10	\$
Embedded derivative			
instruments	Accrued liabilities	\$ 1,009	\$ 588
Interest rate swap	Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$ 859	\$ (269)

The effect of derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the first fiscal quarter in 2010 and 2009 consisted of:

(In thousands)	Location of Gain (Loss)	uary 29, 2010	Jan	nuary 30, 2009
Fair Value Hedges:				
Interest rate swap contracts	Interest Expense	\$ 632	\$	
Embedded derivatives	Sales	\$ (425)	\$	711
Cash Flow Hedges:				
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts:				
Amount of gain (loss) recognized				
in AOCI (effective portion)	AOCI	\$ (4,497)	\$	6,279
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified				
from AOCI into income	Sales	\$ 1,998	\$	(5,422)
Net Investment Hedges:				
U.K. term loan	AOCI	\$	\$	3,450

During the first fiscal quarter of 2010, the Company recorded gains of \$0.1 million on foreign currency forward exchange contracts that have not been designated as an accounting hedge. These foreign currency exchange gains are included in selling, general and administrative expense.

There was no significant impact to the Company s earnings related to the ineffective portion of any hedging instruments during the first fiscal quarter of 2010. In addition, there was no significant impact to the Company s earnings when a hedged firm commitment no longer

qualified as a fair value hedge or when a hedged forecasted transaction no longer qualified as a cash flow hedge during the first fiscal quarter of 2010.

Amounts included in AOCI are reclassified into earnings when the hedged transaction settles. The Company expects to reclassify approximately \$10.2 million of net gain into earnings over the next 12 months. The maximum duration of the Company s foreign currency cash flow hedge contracts at January 29, 2010, is 26 months.

14. Segment information:

Business segment information for continuing operations includes the segments of Avionics & Controls, Sensors & Systems and Advanced Materials.

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended			nded
	January 29, 2010		January 30, 2009	
Sales				
Avionics & Controls	\$	170,257	\$	128,468
Sensors & Systems		74,742		84,555
Advanced Materials		94,361		96,694
Total Sales	\$	339,360	\$	309,717
Income from Continuing Operations				
Avionics & Controls	\$	19,432	\$	14,475
Sensors & Systems		5,096		10,252
Advanced Materials		8,730		9,974
Segment Earnings		33,258		34,701
Corporate expense		(8,091)		(9,672)
Other expense		(41)		(5,014)
Interest income		383		411
Interest expense		(7,961)		(6,736)
	\$	17,548	\$	13,690

^{15.} The acquisition of Racal Acoustics was funded from cash proceeds from the sale of U.K.-based Muirhead and Traxsys and the Company s line of credit. To facilitate the acquisition of Racal Acoustics, the Company executed a \$159.7 million U.S. dollar-denominated intercompany loan with a wholly owned subsidiary, of which its functional currency is the pound sterling. Due to holding of pounds sterling to fund the acquisition during a period of foreign exchange volatility, the Company incurred a \$7.9 million foreign currency transaction loss in January 2009, which was recorded in other expense.

16. The following schedules set forth condensed consolidating financial information as required by Rule 3-10 of Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X as of January 29,

2010, and October 30, 2009, and for the applicable periods ended January 29, 2010, and January 30, 2009, for (a) Esterline Technologies Corporation (the Parent); (b) on a combined basis, the subsidiary guarantors (Guarantor Subsidiaries) of the Credit Agreement, Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013 (Senior Subordinated Notes) and Senior Notes due 2017 (Senior Notes) which include Advanced Input Devices, Inc., Angus Electronics Co., Armtec Countermeasures Co., Armtec Countermeasures TNO Co., Armtec Defense Products Co., AVISTA, Incorporated, BVR Technologies Co., CMC DataComm Inc., CMC Electronics Acton Inc., CMC Electronics Aurora Inc., EA Technologies Corporation, Equipment Sales Co., Esterline Canadian Holding Corporation, Esterline International Company, Esterline Sensors Services Americas, Inc., Esterline Technologies Holdings Limited, Esterline Technologies Ltd. (England), H.A. Sales Co., Hauser Inc., Hytek Finishes Co., Janco Corporation, Kirkhill-TA Co., Korry Electronics Co., Leach Holding Corporation, Leach International Corporation, Leach International Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V. (Mexico), Leach Technology Group, Inc., Mason Electric Co., MC Tech Co., Memtron Technologies Co., NMC Group, Inc., Norwich Aero Products, Inc., Palomar Products, Inc., Pressure Systems, Inc., Pressure Systems International, Inc., Racal Acoustics Inc., UMM Electronics Inc., and (c) on a combined basis, the subsidiary non-guarantors (Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries), which include Acoustics Holdco Limited, Auxitrol S.A., BAE Systems Canada/Air TV LLC, CMC Electronics Inc., CMC Electronics ME Inc., Darchem Engineering Ltd., Darchem Holding Ltd., Esterline Acquisition Ltd., Esterline Canadian Acquisition Corporation, Esterline Canada Limited Partnership, Esterline Foreign Sales Corporation, Esterline Input Devices Asia Ltd., Esterline Input Devices (Shanghai) Ltd., Esterline Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V., Esterline Sensors Services Asia PTE Ltd., Esterline Technologies Acquisition Ltd., Esterline Technologies Denmark ApS, Esterline Technologies Europe Limited, Guizhou Leach-Tianyi Aviation Electrical Company Ltd., Leach International Asia-Pacific Ltd., Leach International Europe S.A., Leach International Germany GmbH, Leach International U.K. Ltd., Leach Italia Srl., LRE Medical GmbH, Pressure Systems International Ltd., Rag Newco Ltd., Racal Acoustics Global Ltd., Racal Acoustics Group Ltd., Racal Acoustics Holdings Limited, Racal Acoustics Limited, TA Mfg. Ltd., UKCI Limited, Wallop Defence Systems Ltd., Wallop Industries Ltd., Weston Aero 2003, and Weston Aerospace Ltd. Muirhead Aerospace Limited (Muirhead), Norcroft Dynamics Ltd. (Norcroft), and Traxsys Input Products Ltd. (Traxsys), were Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries as of October 31, 2008. As explained in Note 8, Muirhead, Norcroft, and Traxsys were sold on November 3, 2008, and, accordingly, Muirhead, Norcroft, and Traxsys were excluded from the Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet at January 30, 2009, and accounted for as a discontinued operation in the Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Cash Flows for the three-month period ended January 30, 2009. The Guarantor Subsidiaries are direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Esterline Technologies Corporation and have fully and unconditionally, jointly and severally, guaranteed the Credit Agreement, Senior Notes and Senior Subordinated Notes.

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of January 29, 2010

Total Assets

(In thousands) Assets		Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries		Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations	Total	
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	69,654	\$	4,204	\$	113,192	\$	\$ 187,050	
Accounts receivable, net		,		105,334		140,193		245,527	
Inventories				120,162		151,827		271,989	
Income tax refundable						7,581		7,581	
Deferred income tax benefits		19,507		(1,624)		13,176		31,059	
Prepaid expenses				6,102		13,189		19,291	
Other current assets						11,635		11,635	
Total Current Assets		89,161		234,178		450,793		774,132	
Property, Plant &									
Equipment, Net		1,424		165,702		103,241		270,367	
Goodwill				249,495		482,297		731,792	
Intangibles, Net				98,074		311,130		409,204	
Debt Issuance Costs, Net		6,659						6,659	
Deferred Income Tax Benefits		43,994		3,443		32,156		79,593	
Other Assets		787		1,603		9,917		12,307	
Amounts Due (To) From Subsidiaries				189,384			(189,384)		
Investment in Subsidiaries	1	,771,192		248,365		248,417	(2,267,974)		

\$1,913,217 \$ 1,190,244

\$ 1,637,951 \$ (2,457,358)

\$ 2,284,054

(In thousands)	Parent			Guarantor ubsidiaries	Non- Guarantor ubsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Liabilities and Shareholders	Equity	ıity					
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	481	\$	23,264	\$ 53,235	\$	\$ 76,980
Accrued liabilities		8,640		62,983	101,013		172,636
Credit facilities					1,439		1,439
Current maturities of							
long-term debt		6,250		226	340		6,816
Deferred income tax liabilities		424		279	5,229		5,932
Federal and foreign							
income taxes		(13,748)		(2,326)	17,010		936
Total Current Liabilities		2,047		84,426	178,266		264,739
Long-Term Debt, Net		471,788		42,218	11,731		525,737
Deferred Income Tax Liabilities	s	34,370		32	93,169		127,571
Pension and Post-Retirement							
Obligations		12,636		52,732	28,297		93,665
Other Liabilities		8,467		293	13,224		21,984
Amounts Due To (From)							
Subsidiaries		136,336			141,027	(277,363)	
Shareholders Equity		1,247,573		1,010,543	1,172,237	(2,179,995)	1,250,358
Total Liabilities and							
Shareholders Equity	\$	1,913,217	\$	1,190,244	\$ 1,637,951	\$ (2,457,358)	\$ 2,284,054

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations for the three month period ended January 29, 2010.

(In thousands)								
]	Parent	Guarantor Guarantor Subsidiaries Subsidiaries			Eli	minations	Total
Net Sales Cost of Sales	\$		\$ 171,826 116,863	\$	167,534 117,968	\$		\$ 339,360 234,831
			54,963		49,566			104,529
Expenses Selling, general and administrative Research, development			30,256		32,059			62,315
and engineering Other expense			6,131		10,916 41			17,047 41
Total Expenses			36,387		43,016			79,403
Operating Earnings From Continuing Operations Interest income Interest expense		(3,880) 6,639	18,576 (630) 4,988		6,550 (10,113) 10,574		14,240 (14,240)	25,126 (383) 7,961
•								
Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations Before Taxes Income Tax Expense (Benefit)		(2,759) (702)	14,218 3,499		6,089 1,972			17,548 4,769
Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations Including Noncontrolling								
Interests Income Attributable to		(2,057)	10,719		4,117			12,779
Noncontrolling Interests					(54)			(54)
Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations Attributable to Esterline		(2,057)	10,719		4,063			12,725
Equity in Net Income of Consolidated Subsidiaries		14,782	3,305		(258)		(17,829)	
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Esterline	\$	12,725	\$ 14,024	\$	3,805	\$	(17,829)	\$ 12,725

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the three month period ended January 29, 2010.

(In thousands)			Non-					
	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total			
Cash Flows Provided (Used)								
by Operating Activities								
Net earnings (loss) including								
noncontrolling interests	\$ 12,725	\$ 14,024	\$ 3,859	\$ (17,829)	\$ 12,779			
Depreciation & amortization		8,128	10,531		18,659			
Deferred income taxes	506	28	(1,929)		(1,395)			
Share-based compensation		685	787		1,472			
Working capital changes, net of effect								
of acquisitions:								
Accounts receivable		14,366	8,202		22,568			
Inventories		1,684	(1,952)		(268)			
Prepaid expenses		(1,153)	(940)		(2,093)			
Other current assets			(239)		(239)			
Accounts payable	(97)	320	(4,460)		(4,237)			
Accrued liabilities	(4,538)	1,235	(17,001)		(20,304)			
Federal & foreign								
income taxes	(1,250)	(940)	1,734		(456)			
Other liabilities	191	1,200	800		2,191			
Other, net		48	1,628		1,676			
	7,537	39,625	1,020	(17,829)	30,353			
Cash Flows Provided (Used)								
by Investing Activities								
Purchases of capital assets	(13)	(5,136)	(8,971)		(14,120)			
Proceeds from sale of								
capital assets		59	2		61			
Acquisitions of businesses,								
net of cash acquired		(360)	(408)		(768)			
	(13)	(5,437)	(9,377)		(14,827)			

(In thousands)	P	arent	uarantor osidiaries	Non- Guarantor ubsidiaries	Elimination		Total
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Financing Activities Proceeds provided by stock							
issuance under employee stock plans		1,167					1,167
Excess tax benefits from stock options exercised Net change in credit facilities		199		(4,442)			199 (4,442)
Repayment of long-term debt		(162)	(118)	102			(178)
Net change in intercompany financing		13,019	(34,619)	3,771		17,829	
		14,223	(34,737)	(569)		17,829	(3,254)
Effect of foreign exchange rates on cash			132	(2,148)			(2,016)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents		21,747	(417)	(11,074)			10,256
beginning of year		47,907	4,621	124,266			176,794
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$	69,654	\$ 4,204	\$ 113,192	\$		\$ 187,050

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of October 30, 2009

(In	thousands)	

(in thousands)	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries			Non- Guarantor ubsidiaries	Eliminations	Total	
Assets								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,907	\$	4,621	\$	124,266	\$	\$ 176,794	
Accounts receivable, net			119,700		151,276		270,976	
Inventories			121,846		153,436		275,282	
Income tax refundable					7,638		7,638	
Deferred income tax benefits	21,417		(2,172)		12,189		31,434	
Prepaid expenses			4,949		12,476		17,425	
Other current assets					17,048		17,048	
Total Current Assets	69,324		248,944		478,329		796,597	
Property, Plant & Equipment, Net	1,527		160,099		101,625		263,251	
Goodwill			249,134		487,674		736,808	
Intangibles, Net			100,185		321,897		422,082	
Debt Issuance Costs, Net	7,136						7,136	
Deferred Income Tax Benefits	43,514		3,623		31,977		79,114	
Other Assets	(72)		1,650		7,681		9,259	
Amounts Due To (From)								
Subsidiaries			159,482			(159,482)		
Investment in Subsidiaries	1,751,705		245,060		248,675	(2,245,440)		
Total Assets	\$ 1,873,134	\$	1,168,177	\$	1,677,858	\$ (2,404,922)	\$ 2,314,247	

(In thousands)		Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries			Non- Guarantor ubsidiaries	Eliminations		Total	
Liabilities and Shareholders	Equity									
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	578	\$	22,944	\$	58,782	\$	\$	82,304	
Accrued liabilities		13,446		61,748		116,473			191,667	
Credit facilities						5,896			5,896	
Current maturities of										
long-term debt		4,688		351		370			5,409	
Deferred income tax liabilities		1,455		227		5,612			7,294	
Federal and foreign										
income taxes		(12,498)		(1,386)		15,553			1,669	
Total Current Liabilities		7,669		83,884		202,686			294,239	
Long-Term Debt, Net		472,385		36,259		11,514			520,158	
Deferred Income Tax Liabilities		34,263		(312)		96,505			130,456	
Pension and Post-Retirement										
Obligations		11,892		51,825		29,898			93,615	
Other Liabilities		9,020		•		11,007			20,027	
Amounts Due To (From)										
Subsidiaries		84,884				136,864	(221,748)			
Shareholders Equity		1,253,021		996,521		1,189,384	(2,183,174)		1,255,752	
Total Liabilities and Shareholder	rs									
Equity	\$	1,873,134	\$	1,168,177	\$	1,677,858	\$ (2,404,922)	\$	2,314,247	

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations for the three month period ended January 30, 2009.

(In thousands)									
	Parent		rantor diaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eli	minations	То	tal
Net Sales Cost of Sales	\$		37,180 25,145	\$	122,814 82,697	\$	(277) (277)	\$ 309 207	9,717 7,565
		(62,035		40,117			102	2,152
Expenses Selling, general and administrative Research, development		3	32,380		27,345			59	9,725
and engineering			7,667		9,731			17	7,398
Other expense (income)	1,250	-	10,687		(6,923)			5	5,014
Total Expenses	1,250	4	50,734		30,153			82	2,137
Operating Earnings From Continuing									
Operations Interest income	(1,250) (5,224)		11,301 (1,107)		9,964 (7,372)		13,292),015 (411)
Interest expense	6,324		5,123		8,581		(13,292)		5,736
Income (Loss) From									
Continuing Operations Before Taxes	(2,350)		7,285		8,755			13	3,690
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(443)		(667)		3,278				2,168
Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations									
Including Noncontrolling Interests Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	(1,907)		7,952		5,477			11	,522
Interests					(35)				(35)
Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations									
Attributable to Esterline Income From Discontinued	(1,907)		7,952		5,442			11	,487
Operations Attributable to Esterline, Net of Tax Equity in Net Income of Consolidated			15,456					15	5,456
Subsidiaries	28,850		1,279		6,346		(36,475)		
	\$ 26,943	\$ 2	24,687	\$	11,788	\$	(36,475)	\$ 26	5,943

Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Esterline Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the three month period ended January 30, 2009.

(In thousands)

discontinued operations,

Acquisitions of businesses,

Proceeds from sale of

net of cash acquired

net of cash

capital assets

	Parent		uarantor osidiaries	Gı	Non- narantor osidiaries	Eli	minations	Total
Cash Flows Provided (Used)								
by Operating Activities								
Net earnings (loss) including								
noncontrolling interests	\$ 26,9	43	\$ 24,687	\$	11,823	\$	(36,475)	\$ 26,978
Depreciation & amortization			7,267		7,224			14,491
Deferred income taxes	(6	12)	(285)		(224)			(1,121)
Share-based compensation			1,130		842			1,972
Gain on sale of								
discontinued operations			(26,379)					(26,379)
Working capital changes, net of effect								
of acquisitions:								
Accounts receivable	(1	23)	12,295		19,474			31,646
Inventories			(3,217)		(10,002)			(13,219)
Prepaid expenses			(425)		(2,035)			(2,460)
Other current assets					446			446
Accounts payable	(3	02)	(5,604)		(8,904)			(14,810)
Accrued liabilities	(4,1	58)	(7,482)		(7,709)			(19,349)
Federal & foreign								
income taxes		41	7,108		622			7,771
Other liabilities	3,0	86	(108)		1,734			4,712
Other, net	2,9	15	186		(9,611)			(6,510)
	27,7	90	9,173		3,680		(36,475)	4,168
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Investing Activities			(4.400)		(2.022)			(7.521)
Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sale of			(4,498)		(3,023)			(7,521)

62,944

(89,519)

(31,043)

30

64

(161,258)

(164,217)

62,944

(250,777)

(195,260)

94

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(In thousands)						Non-			
				uarantor		Guarantor			
]	Parent	Su	bsidiaries	Su	ıbsidiaries	Elim	inations	Total
Cash Flows Provided (Used)									
by Financing Activities									
Proceeds provided by stock									
issuance under employee stock		1 575							1 575
plans Net change in credit facilities		1,575 115,000				(1,295)			1,575 113,705
Repayment of long-term debt		(4,047)		(254)		2,986			(1,315)
Net change in intercompany		(1,017)		(234)		2,700			(1,313)
financing		(198,381)		2,697		159,209		36,475	
		(85,853)		2,443		160,900		36,475	113,965
Effect of foreign exchange rates on									
cash				(134)		(2,153)			(2,287)
Net decrease in cash									
and cash equivalents		(58,063)		(19,561)		(1,790)			(79,414)
Cash and cash equivalents		00.004		21.012		** 0.40			160 617
beginning of year		80,884		21,913		57,848			160,645
Cash and cash equivalents									
end of year	\$	22,821	\$	2,352	\$	56,058	\$		\$ 81,231

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Overview

We operate our businesses in three segments: Avionics & Controls, Sensors & Systems and Advanced Materials. Our segments are structured around our technical capabilities.

The Avionics & Controls segment includes avionics systems, control systems, interface technologies and communication systems capabilities. Avionics systems designs and develops cockpit systems integration and avionics solutions for commercial and military applications. Control systems designs and manufactures technology interface systems for military and commercial aircraft and land- and sea-based military vehicles. Interface technologies manufactures and develops custom control panels, input systems for medical, industrial, military and gaming industries. Communication systems designs and manufactures military audio and data products for severe battlefield environments. In addition, communication systems designs and manufactures communication control systems to enhance security and aural clarity in military applications.

The Sensors & Systems segment includes power systems and advanced sensors capabilities. Power systems develops and manufactures electrical power switching and other related systems, principally for aerospace and defense customers. Advanced sensors develops and manufactures high precision temperature and pressure sensors for aerospace and defense customers.

The Advanced Materials segment includes engineered materials and defense technologies capabilities. Engineered materials develops and manufactures thermally engineered components and high-performance elastomer products used in a wide range of commercial aerospace and military applications. Defense technologies develops and manufactures combustible ordnance components and warfare countermeasure devices for military customers. Sales in all segments include domestic, international, defense and commercial customers.

Our current business and strategic plan focuses on the continued development of our products principally for aerospace and defense markets. We are concentrating our efforts to expand our capabilities in these markets and anticipate the global needs of our customers and respond to such needs with comprehensive solutions. These efforts focus on continuous research and new product development, acquisitions and strategic realignments of operations to expand our capabilities as a more comprehensive supplier to our customers across our entire product offering.

On November 3, 2008, we sold Muirhead Aerospace Limited (Muirhead) and Traxsys Input Products Limited (Traxsys), which were included in the Sensors & Systems segment. The results of Muirhead and Traxsys were accounted for as a discontinued operation in the consolidated financial statements.

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On December 15, 2008, we acquired NMC Group, Inc. (NMC), which designs and manufactures specialized light-weight fasteners principally for commercial aviation applications. NMC is included in our Advanced Materials segment.

On January 26, 2009, we acquired Racal Acoustics Global Ltd. (Racal Acoustics), which develops and manufactures high technology ruggedized personal communication equipment for the defense and avionics segment. Racal Acoustics is included in our Avionics & Controls segment.

Income from continuing operations was \$12.7 million, or \$0.42 per diluted share, compared with \$11.5 million, or \$0.38 per diluted share, in the prior-year period, reflecting expected performance in a down commercial aviation market and a 25.5% effective income tax rate compared to an 18.9% effective income tax rate in the prior-year period. During the first fiscal quarter of 2010, our operating results benefited from solid earnings from our Avionics & Controls segment, which were substantially offset by lower earnings of our Sensors & Systems and Advanced Materials segments. Avionics & Controls earnings reflected increased sales and earnings from defense programs and incremental earnings from the Racal Acoustics acquisition. Sensors & Systems earnings were impacted by lower sales and gross margins due to competitive pressures and the commercial aviation downturn in particular. Advanced Materials earnings were principally impacted by lower gross margins at our combustible ordnance operations. Income from continuing operations in the first fiscal quarter of 2009 was impacted by a foreign currency loss of \$7.9 million relating to the pound sterling-denominated funding of Racal Acoustics. The increase in the effective income tax rate from the prior-year period reflected a change in tax law in France, the expiration of U.S. research and development credits and changes in U.S. and Canada Tax Treaty. In addition, the prior-year period s effective income tax rate reflected tax benefits associated with the \$7.9 million foreign currency loss.

Income from discontinued operations for the first fiscal quarter of 2009 was \$0.52 per diluted share reflecting the gain on sale of our U.K.-based Muirhead and Traxsys subsidiaries in November 2008. Net income was \$12.7 million, or \$0.42 per diluted share, compared with net income of \$26.9 million, or \$0.90 per diluted share, in the prior-year period.

Results of Operations

Three Month Period Ended January 29, 2010 Compared with Three Month Period Ended January 30, 2009

Sales for the first fiscal quarter increased 9.6% when compared with the prior-year period. Sales by segment were as follows:

(In thousands)

	Incr./(Decr.)	Three Months Ended			
	from prior year period	January 29, 2010	January 30, 2009		
Avionics & Controls	32.5%	\$ 170,257	\$ 128,468		
Sensors & Systems	(11.6)%	74,742	84,555		
Advanced Materials	(2.4)%	94,361	96,694		
Total Net Sales		\$339,360	\$ 309,717		

The 32.5% increase in sales of Avionics & Controls was principally due to strong sales at our avionics systems and interface technologies operations and \$16.9 million in incremental sales from the Racal Acoustics acquisition. Avionics systems sales increases were mainly due to production shipments of the T-6B military trainer and a military transport cockpit retrofit, which aggregated approximately \$19.0 million. Sales at our interface technologies operations increased due to higher sales of our custom input systems for casino gaming machines. These increases were partially offset by lower control systems sales for aerospace applications.

The 11.6% decrease in sales of Sensors & Systems mainly reflected lower OEM sales of temperature sensors and certain power systems devices for regional and business jets. These decreases were partially offset by the effect of exchange rates at our non-U.S. operations. Sales in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 reflected a stronger pound sterling and euro relative to the U.S. dollar. The average exchange rate from the pound sterling to the U.S. dollar increased from 1.51 in the first fiscal quarter of 2009 to 1.62 in the first fiscal quarter of 2010. The average exchange rate from the euro to the U.S. dollar increased from 1.32 in the first fiscal quarter of 2009 to 1.46 in the first fiscal quarter of 2010.

The 2.4% decrease in sales of Advanced Materials principally reflected lower sales of combustible ordnance, thermally engineered components, and elastomer components. These decreases were partially offset by higher sales of flare countermeasure devices at our U.K. operation.

Avionics & Controls segment gross margin was 33.2% and 35.7% for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease in Avionics & Controls segment gross margin mainly reflected sales mix and a lower recovery of fixed costs at our control systems operations. These decreases were partially offset by incremental gross profit from the Racal Acoustics acquisition.

Sensors & Systems segment gross margin was 32.6% and 35.2% for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease in gross margin was due to our advanced sensors

operations, which were impacted by a lower recovery of fixed costs and competitive pricing pressures. Additionally, gross margin in the prior-year period benefited from retroactive price agreements. In the first fiscal quarter of 2010 these decreases to gross margin were partially offset by sales of power systems for military applications with a higher gross margin.

Advanced Materials segment gross margin was 25.1% compared to 27.4% for the same period one year ago. The decrease in Advanced Materials gross margin principally reflected lower gross margins at our combustible ordnance operations due to enhanced quality control requirements on certain mortar increments. Additionally, gross margin was impacted by lower pricing options under a certain combustible ordnance contract with the U.S. government. These decreases were partially offset by improved gross margins at our U.K. flare operations. Gross margins at our engineered material operations increased slightly compared to the prior-year period.

Selling, general and administrative expenses (which include corporate expenses) totaled \$62.3 million, or 18.4% of sales, and \$59.7 million, or 19.3% of sales, for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. The increase in selling, general and administrative expense principally reflected incremental selling, general and administrative expense from the acquisition of Racal Acoustics and NMC.

Research, development and engineering spending was \$17.0 million, or 5.0% of sales, for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 compared with \$17.4 million, or 5.6% of sales, for the first fiscal quarter of 2009. The decrease in research, development and engineering reflected the completion of the development of the integrated cockpit for the T-6B military trainer and other programs, partially offset by development spending on advanced sensors for the A-350. Fiscal 2010 research, development and engineering spending is expected to be approximately 5.0% of sales.

Segment earnings (operating earnings excluding corporate expenses and other income or expense) for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 totaled \$33.3 million, or 9.8% of sales, compared with \$34.7 million, or 11.2% of sales, for the first fiscal quarter in 2009.

Avionics & Controls segment earnings were \$19.4 million, or 11.4% of sales, in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and \$14.5 million, or 11.3% of sales, in the first fiscal quarter of 2009, principally reflecting higher earnings of our avionics systems unit on increased sales volume and gross profit on our integrated cockpit for the T-6B military trainer and a military transport cockpit retrofit, and lower research, engineering and development. Additionally, earnings of our technology interface systems operations were strong compared with the prior-year period due to higher sales and improved profitability of our custom input systems for casino gaming machines. These increases were partially offset by lower earnings from our control systems operations. We incurred \$1.2 million in lease termination costs resulting from a facilities move. In addition, gross profit decreased from the prior-year period due to a lower recovery of fixed overhead costs.

Sensors & Systems segment earnings were \$5.1 million, or 6.8% of sales, for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 compared with \$10.3 million, or 12.1% of sales, for the first fiscal quarter of 2009. The decrease in segment earnings principally reflects lower sales and gross margins at our temperature and pressure sensor operations and start-up costs incurred to set up a manufacturing

operation in Mexico. Our temperature and pressure sensors operations have been impacted by a very competitive market and the downturn in commercial aviation. Earnings at our power systems operations were solid and slightly better than the prior-year period.

Advanced Materials segment earnings were \$8.7 million, or 9.3% of sales, for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 compared with \$10.0 million, or 10.3% of sales, for the first fiscal quarter of 2009, principally reflecting lower earnings from our combustible ordnance operations and partially offset by improved earnings at our U.K. flare countermeasure operations. Earnings at our U.K. flare countermeasure operations benefited from international shipments, which had been delayed at October 30, 2009. Our engineered materials operations improved their profitability as a percentage of sales compared with the prior-year period with lower sales volumes due to strong cost control.

On January 26, 2009, we acquired Racal Acoustics for £122.6 million or \$171.3 million. Racal Acoustics develops and manufactures high technology ruggedized personal communication equipment for the defense and avionics market segment. The acquisition was funded with cash proceeds from the sale of U.K.-based Muirhead and Traxsys and our line of credit. To facilitate the acquisition of Racal Acoustics, we executed a \$159.7 million U.S. dollar-denominated intercompany loan with a wholly owned subsidiary, for which its functional currency is the pound sterling. Due to our holding of pounds sterling to fund the acquisition during a period of foreign exchange volatility, we incurred a \$7.9 million foreign currency transaction loss in January 2009, which was recorded in other expense.

Interest expense for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 was \$8.0 million compared with \$6.7 million for the first fiscal quarter of 2009, reflecting higher borrowings during most of the first fiscal quarter of 2010.

The effective income tax rate for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 was 25.5% (before a \$0.3 million tax expense) compared with 18.9% (before a \$0.4 million tax benefit) for the prior-year period. The \$0.3 million tax expense in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 was the result of a change in the tax law of France. The \$0.4 million tax benefit in the first fiscal quarter of 2009 was the result of two events. The first event was a \$2.0 million reduction of previously recorded withholding tax liabilities as a result of the enactment of a U.S.-Canadian tax treaty. The second event was the recording of a \$1.6 million penalty due to a development with regard to certain foreign tax laws. The effective tax rate differed from the statutory rate in the first fiscal quarters of 2010 and 2009, as both years benefited from various tax credits and certain foreign interest expense deductions.

It is reasonably possible that within the next 12 months, \$6.7 million of unrecognized foreign tax benefits associated with losses on the disposition of assets could decrease as a result of the expiration of a statute of limitations and be recognized in net income.

To the extent that sales are transacted in a currency other than the functional currency of the operating unit, we are subject to foreign currency fluctuation risk.

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We use forward contracts to hedge our foreign currency exchange risk. To the extent that these hedges qualify under U.S. GAAP, the amount of gain or loss is deferred in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI) until the related sale occurs. Also, we are subject to foreign currency gains or losses from embedded derivatives on backlog denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of our operating companies or its customers. Gains and losses on forward contracts, embedded derivatives, and revaluation of assets and liabilities denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the Company for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended					
	January 29, 2010		January 30, 2009			
Forward foreign currency contracts gain (loss) Forward foreign currency contracts reclassified	\$	114	\$	(3,844)		
from AOCI Embedded derivatives gain (loss) Revaluation of monetary assets/liabilities loss		1,998 (425) (800)		(5,422) 711 (9,130)		
Total	\$	887	\$	(17,685)		

New orders for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 were \$342.8 million compared with \$370.2 million for the same period in 2009. The decrease in orders principally reflected approximately \$65.2 million in backlog acquired from the Racal Acoustics and NMC acquisitions in the first fiscal quarter of 2009. Backlog was \$1.1 billion compared with \$1.2 billion at the end of the prior-year period and \$1.1 billion at the end of fiscal 2009.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents at January 29, 2010, totaled \$187.1 million, an increase of \$10.3 million from October 30, 2009. Net working capital increased to \$509.4 million at January 29, 2010, from \$502.4 million at October 30, 2009. Sources and uses of cash flows from operating activities principally consist of cash received from the sale of products and cash payments for material, labor and operating expenses. Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$30.4 million and \$4.2 million in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. The increase principally reflected higher cash receipts and lower payments for inventory.

Cash flows used by investing activities were \$14.8 million and \$195.3 million in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. Cash flows used by investing activities in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 primarily reflected cash paid for capital expenditures. Cash flows used by investing activities in the prior-year period reflected approximately \$250.8 million for the acquisitions of NMC and Racal Acoustics, and \$7.5 million in purchases of capital assets, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of Muirhead and Traxsys of \$62.9 million.

Cash flows used by financing activities were \$3.3 million in the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and principally reflected cash payments on our credit facilities and long-term debt. Cash flows provided by financing activities were \$114.0 million in the first fiscal quarter of 2009 and principally reflected a \$113.7 million increase in our credit facility to finance the Racal Acoustics acquisition.

On December 15, 2008, the Company acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of NMC Group, Inc. (NMC) for approximately \$90.1 million in cash, including acquisition costs. The acquisition was funded from existing cash. NMC designs and manufactures specialized light-weight fasteners principally for commercial aviation applications.

On January 26, 2009, the Company acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Racal Acoustics Global Ltd. (Racal Acoustics) for approximately \$171.3 million in cash, including acquisition costs. Racal Acoustics develops and manufactures high technology ruggedized personal communication equipment for the defense and avionics segment. The acquisition was funded from proceeds from the sale of Muirhead and Traxsys and our credit facility.

Capital expenditures, consisting of machinery, equipment and computers, are anticipated to be approximately \$50.0 million during fiscal 2010, compared with \$87.4 million expended in fiscal 2009. Capital expenditures for fiscal 2009 included \$28.2 million under a capitalized lease obligation related to our newly constructed facility for an avionics controls operation and a facility expansion for an interface technologies facility. Capital expenditures for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 totaled \$20.1 million, primarily for machinery and equipment, building, construction in process, and enhancements to information systems. Capital expenditures for the first quarter of 2010 included \$6.0 million under capitalized lease obligations for our newly constructed avionics and controls facility and facility expansion noted above.

Total debt at January 29, 2010, was \$534.0 million and consisted of \$175.0 million of Senior Notes due in 2017, \$175.9 million of Senior Subordinated Notes due in 2013, \$125.0 million of the U.S. Term Loan, \$2.2 million of deferred gain on a terminated interest rate swap, \$42.0 million under capital lease obligations, and \$13.9 million under our credit facility and various foreign currency debt agreements and other debt agreements.

We believe cash on hand and funds generated from operations are adequate to service operating cash requirements and capital expenditures through fiscal 2010.

Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as believe. expect, anticipate, continue. could. estimate, intend. might. negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the risk factors set forth in Forward-Looking Statements and Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 30, 2009, that may cause our or the industry s actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, performance or achievements. Given these risks and uncertainties, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements included or incorporated by reference into this report are made only as of the date hereof. We do not undertake and specifically decline any obligation to update any such statements or to publicly announce the results of any revisions to any such statements to reflect future events or developments.

<u>Item 3.</u> <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>

There have been no significant changes in our exposure to market risk during the first three months of fiscal 2010. A discussion of our exposure to market risk is provided in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 30, 2009.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our principal executive and financial officers evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of January 29, 2010. Based upon that evaluation, they concluded as of January 29, 2010, that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information we are required to disclose in the reports that we file under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms. In addition, our principal executive and financial officers concluded as of January 29, 2010, that our

pre

disclosure controls and procedures are also effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including to our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

During the time period covered by this report, there were no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Exhibits

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Item 6.

From time to time we are involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. We believe that adequate reserves for these liabilities have been made and that there is no litigation pending that could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

10.1 Esterline Technologies Corporation Fiscal Year 2010 Annual Incentive Plan. 10.2 Esterline Technologies Corporation Long-Term Incentive Plan. 10.3 Summary of Non-Employee Director Compensation for Services on the Board of Directors of Esterline Technologies Corporation. 10.4 Lease Extension Agreement between Weir Redevelopment Company and Kirkhill TA Corporation dated October 30, 2009. 11 Schedule setting forth computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three month periods ended January 29, 2010, and January 30, 2009. 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer. Certification of Chief Financial Officer. 31.2 32.1 Certification (of R. Bradley Lawrence) pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted

Certification (of Robert D. George) pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted

pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ESTERLINE TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION (Registrant)

Dated: March 4, 2010 By: /s/ Robert D. George

Robert D. George Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

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