

PARK OHIO HOLDINGS CORP  
Form 10-Q  
May 06, 2013  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**Form 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-3134

**Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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<b>Ohio</b> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	<b>34-1867219</b> (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
<b>6065 Parkland Boulevard, Cleveland, Ohio</b> (Address of principal executive offices)	<b>44124</b> (Zip Code)
<b>(440) 947-2000</b> (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	

**Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. is a successor issuer to Park-Ohio Industries, Inc.**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Number of shares outstanding of registrant's Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, as of April 30, 2013: 12,387,324.

The Exhibit Index is located on page 27.

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**PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

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**Table of Contents****PART I. Financial Information****ITEM 1. Financial Statements****PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	(Unaudited) March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(Dollars in millions)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50.9	\$ 44.4
Accounts receivable, less allowances for doubtful accounts of \$3.9 at March 31, 2013 and \$3.6 at December 31, 2012	170.8	161.3
Inventories, net	219.6	215.6
Deferred tax assets	19.8	19.8
Unbilled contract revenue	3.5	1.4
Other current assets	24.0	21.5
Total current assets	488.6	464.0
Property, plant and equipment:		
Land and land improvements	5.7	5.7
Buildings	55.8	56.0
Machinery and equipment	250.4	247.4
	311.9	309.1
Less accumulated depreciation	211.4	208.7
	100.5	100.4
Other assets:		
Goodwill and other intangible assets	98.4	99.3
Other	63.2	62.9
	\$ 750.7	\$ 726.6
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 117.0	\$ 102.1
Accrued expenses	86.8	83.3
Current portion of long-term debt	4.4	4.4
Current portion of other postretirement benefits	1.9	1.9
Total current liabilities	210.1	191.7
Long-term liabilities, less current portion:		
Senior Notes	250.0	250.0
Credit facility	116.0	120.6
Other long-term debt	3.6	3.6
Deferred tax liabilities	31.8	31.5
Other postretirement benefits and other long-term liabilities	27.6	27.4

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	429.0	433.1
<b>Shareholders' equity:</b>		
Capital stock, par value \$1 a share:		
Serial preferred stock:		
Authorized 632,470 shares: issued and outstanding - none		
Common stock:		
Authorized 40,000,000 shares: issued 14,262,589 shares in 2013 and 14,109,255 in 2012	14.2	14.1
Additional paid-in capital	78.2	76.9
Retained earnings	52.5	42.2
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,877,265 shares in 2013 and 1,872,265 shares in 2012	(24.7)	(24.6)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(8.6)	(6.8)
	111.6	101.8
	\$ 750.7	\$ 726.6

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2012 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

See accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes

are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>(Amounts in millions, except earnings per share data)</b>	
Net sales	\$ 285.1	\$ 263.1
Cost of products sold	233.2	214.2
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>51.9</b>	<b>48.9</b>
Selling, general and administrative expenses	29.3	28.8
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>20.1</b>
Interest expense	6.5	6.7
<b>Income before income taxes</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>13.4</b>
Income tax expense	5.8	4.4
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 10.3</b>	<b>\$ 9.0</b>
Earnings per common share:		
Basic	\$ 0.87	\$ 0.76
Diluted	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.74
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding:		
Basic	11.9	11.8
Diluted	12.1	12.0

See accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes  
are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>(Amounts in millions)</b>	
Net income	\$ 10.3	\$ 9.0
Other comprehensive income:		
Foreign currency translation (loss) gain	(2.2)	1.2
Pension and postretirement benefit adjustments, net of tax	0.4	0.2
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (1.8)	\$ 1.4
Comprehensive income, net of tax	\$ 8.5	\$ 10.4

See accompanying notes to these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.



Table of Contents**PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (UNAUDITED)**

	<b>Common Stock</b>	<b>Additional Paid-In Capital</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Treasury Stock</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)</b>	<b>Total</b>
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$ 14.1	\$ 76.9	\$ 42.2	\$ (24.6)	\$ (6.8)	\$ 101.8
Other comprehensive income			10.3		(1.8)	8.5
Amortization of restricted stock		0.9				0.9
Restricted stock awards	0.1	(0.1)				
Purchase of treasury stock				(0.1)		(0.1)
Exercise of stock options		0.5				0.5
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$ 14.2	\$ 78.2	\$ 52.5	\$ (24.7)	\$ (8.6)	\$ 111.6

See accompanying notes to these condensed consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes

are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2013      2012 (Dollars in millions)</b>	
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income	\$ 10.3	\$ 9.0
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4.6	3.5
Share-based compensation expense	1.4	0.6
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, excluding acquisition of business:		
Accounts receivable	(10.1)	(20.2)
Inventories and other current assets	(9.2)	(7.5)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	18.1	30.4
Other	1.3	1.3
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>17.1</b>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment, net	(6.0)	(2.8)
Proceeds from sale and leaseback transactions	1.9	
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired		(94.7)
<b>Net cash used by investing activities</b>	<b>(4.1)</b>	<b>(97.5)</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from term loans and other debt		25.0
Payments on term loans and other debt	(0.9)	(0.4)
Bank debt issue costs		(0.9)
(Payments on) proceeds from revolving credit facility	(3.7)	23.6
Issuance of common stock under stock option plan		0.3
Purchase of treasury stock	(0.1)	(0.6)
<b>Net cash (used) provided by financing activities</b>	<b>(4.7)</b>	<b>47.0</b>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(1.1)	
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>(33.4)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period</b>	<b>44.4</b>	<b>78.0</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 50.9</b>	<b>\$ 44.6</b>
<b>Income taxes paid</b>	<b>\$ 4.7</b>	<b>\$ 1.3</b>
<b>Interest paid</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>0.7</b>

See accompanying notes to these condensed consolidated financial statements. The accompanying notes

are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**March 31, 2013**

**(Dollars in millions, except share and per share amounts)**

**NOTE A Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and its subsidiaries (the Company). All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain amounts in the prior years' financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

**NOTE B New Accounting Pronouncements**

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02, *Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*, which requires entities to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, entities are required to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income but only if the amount reclassified is required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, entities are required to cross-reference to other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail on these amounts. This ASU is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The updated standard affects the Company's disclosures but has no impact on its results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-04, *Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for Which the Total Amount of the Obligation is Fixed at the Reporting Date*, which requires entities to measure obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation is fixed at the reporting date, as the sum of the amount the reporting entity agreed to pay on the basis of its arrangement among its co-obligors plus additional amounts the reporting entity expects to pay on behalf of its co-obligors. Entities are also required to disclose the nature and amount of the obligation as well as other information about those obligations. This ASU is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-05, *Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity*, which requires reporting entities that no longer have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is considered a business within a foreign entity, to release the cumulative translation adjustment into net income only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. For equity method investments that are foreign entities, the partial sale requires a pro rata portion of the cumulative translation adjustment to be released into net income upon a partial sale of such an equity investment. However, for an equity method investment that is not a foreign entity, the release of the cumulative translation adjustment into net income is required only if the partial sale represents a complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity that contains the equity method investment. Additionally,

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the amendments in this update clarify that the sale of an investment in a foreign entity requiring release into net income the cumulative translation adjustment upon the occurrence of events that includes (1) events that result in the loss of a controlling financial interest in a foreign entity and (2) events that result in an acquirer obtaining control of an acquiree in which it held an equity interest immediately before the acquisition date. This ASU is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance.

**NOTE C Segments**

During the second quarter of 2012, as a result of the Fluid Routing Solutions Holding Corp. ( FRS ) acquisition, the Company realigned its segments in order to better align its business with the underlying markets and customers that the Company serves. In so doing, we combined Aluminum Products, Rubber Products (previously included in the former Manufactured Products segment) and Delo Screw Products (previously included in the Supply Technologies segment) along with FRS to form the Assembly Components segment. The former Manufactured Products segment is now referred to as Engineered Products. The business segment results for the prior years have been reclassified to reflect these changes. Following is a description of each of our three reportable segments.

Supply Technologies provides our customers with Total Supply Management™ services for a broad range of high-volume, specialty production components. Total Supply Management™ manages the efficiencies of every aspect of supplying production parts and materials to our customers manufacturing floor, from strategic planning to program implementation and includes such services as engineering and design support, part usage and cost analysis, supplier selection, quality assurance, bar coding, product packaging and tracking, just-in-time and point-of-use delivery, electronic billing services and ongoing technical support. The principal customers of Supply Technologies are in the heavy-duty truck, automotive and vehicle parts, electrical distribution and controls, consumer electronics, power sports/fitness equipment, HVAC, agricultural and construction equipment, semiconductor equipment, plumbing, aerospace and defense, and appliance industries. Assembly Components manufactures cast aluminum components, automotive and industrial rubber and thermoplastic products, fuel filler and hydraulic assemblies for automotive, agricultural equipment, construction equipment, heavy-duty truck and marine equipment industries. Assembly Components also provides value-added services such as design and engineering, machining and assembly. Engineered Products operates a diverse group of niche manufacturing businesses that design and manufacture a broad range of high quality products engineered for specific customer applications. The principal customers of Engineered Products are original equipment manufacturers and end users in the steel, coatings, forging, foundry, heavy-duty truck, construction equipment, automotive, oil and gas, rail and locomotive manufacturing, and aerospace and defense industries.

Results by business segment were as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>March 31,</b>	
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Net sales:</b>		
Supply Technologies	\$ 113.9	\$ 132.7
Assembly Components	92.2	44.6
Engineered Products	79.0	85.8
	<b>\$ 285.1</b>	<b>\$ 263.1</b>
<b>Segment operating income:</b>		
Supply Technologies	\$ 8.8	\$ 9.9
Assembly Components	6.8	1.1
Engineered Products	12.3	14.2
	27.9	25.2
Corporate costs	(5.3)	(5.1)
Interest expense	(6.5)	(6.7)
	<b>\$ 16.1</b>	<b>\$ 13.4</b>



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	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Identifiable assets:		
Supply Technologies	\$ 213.2	\$ 207.0
Assembly Components	245.6	230.0
Engineered Products	201.1	199.4
General corporate	90.8	90.2
	\$ 750.7	\$ 726.6

**NOTE D Inventories**

The components of inventory consist of the following:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Finished goods	\$ 112.6	\$ 113.0
Work in process	29.8	27.9
Raw materials and supplies	77.2	74.7
	\$ 219.6	\$ 215.6

**NOTE E Weighted-Average Number Shares Used in Computing Earnings Per Share**

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013      2012 (In whole shares)	
Weighted average basic shares outstanding	11,862,406	11,787,253
Plus dilutive impact of employee stock options	270,462	253,564
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	12,132,868	12,040,817

Basic earnings per common share is computed as net income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average basic shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per common share is computed as net income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average diluted shares outstanding.

Outstanding stock options with exercise prices greater than the average price of the common shares are anti-dilutive and are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share. For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, the anti-dilutive shares were not material.

**NOTE F Stock-Based Compensation**

Total stock-based compensation expense recorded in the first three months of 2013 and 2012 was \$1.4 and \$0.6 million, respectively. There were no stock option awards during the first three months of 2013 and 2012. There were 0.1 million shares of restricted stock awarded during the three months ending March 31, 2013 at prices of \$20.34 per share and no shares of restricted stock awarded during the three months ending March 31, 2012. There were no performance-based stock awards during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 0.1 million shares of performance-based stock awards during the three months ended March 31, 2012. As of March 31, 2013, there was \$7.7 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock-based compensation, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.2 years.



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The components of net periodic benefit cost recognized during interim periods was as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Benefits	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Service costs	\$ 0.6	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.2
Interest costs	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.2
Expected return on plan assets	(2.2)	(2.1)		
Recognized net actuarial loss	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2
<b>Benefit (income) costs</b>	<b>\$ (0.9)</b>	<b>\$ (0.7)</b>	<b>\$ 0.3</b>	<b>\$ 0.4</b>

**NOTE H Comprehensive Income**

The changes in accumulated comprehensive income (loss) are as follows for the periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	2013			2012		
	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	Pension and Postretirement benefits	Total	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	Pension and Postretirement benefits	Total
Balance at January 1,	\$ 5.4	\$ (12.2)	\$ (6.8)	4.8	\$ (13.2)	\$ (8.4)
Translation (loss) gain	(2.2)		(2.2)	1.3		1.3
Recognition of actuarial loss, net of tax of \$(0.0) and \$(0.3) in 2013 and 2012, respectively		0.4	0.4		0.1	0.1
Balance at March 31,	\$ 3.2	\$ (11.8)	\$ (8.6)	\$ 6.1	\$ (13.1)	\$ (7.0)

No income taxes are provided on foreign currency translation adjustments as foreign earnings are considered permanently invested. For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, actuarial losses, net of tax, reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income were \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, and included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost.



**Table of Contents****NOTE I Accrued Warranty Costs**

The Company estimates the amount of warranty claims on sold products that may be incurred based on current and historical data. The actual warranty expense could differ from the estimates made by the Company based on product performance. The following table presents the changes in the Company's product warranty liability:

	2013	2012
Balance at January 1,	\$ 6.9	\$ 4.2
Claims paid during the quarter	(1.1)	(0.6)
Additional warranties issued during the quarter	1.4	0.8
Acquired warranty liabilities		3.3
Balance at March 31,	\$ 7.2	\$ 7.7

**NOTE J Income Taxes**

The Company's tax provision for interim periods is determined using an estimate of its annual effective income tax rate, adjusted for discrete items, if any, that are taken into account in the relevant period. Each quarter, the Company updates the estimated annual effective income tax rate, and if the estimated income tax rate changes, a cumulative adjustment is made.

The effective income tax rate in the first three months of 2013 and 2012 was 35.8% and 33.2%, respectively. Our rate for the first three months of 2013 is different than the 35.0% United States federal statutory rate primarily due to state and local income taxes, certain discrete items in the United States, and anticipated income in jurisdictions outside of the United States where the effective income tax is lower than in the United States. There have been no material changes to the balance of unrecognized tax benefits reported at December 31, 2012.

**NOTE K Fair Value Measurements**

The Company measures financial assets and liabilities at fair value in three levels of inputs. The three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in the valuation methodologies, is:

*Level 1* Valuations based on quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets.

*Level 2* Valuations based on observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

*Level 3* Valuations based on unobservable inputs reflecting our own assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

The following table represents fair value information of the Company's 8.125% Senior Notes due 2021, classified as Level 1, at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. The fair value was estimated using quoted market prices.

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Carrying amount	\$ 250.0	\$ 250.0
Fair value	273.1	266.3

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and borrowings under the Credit Agreement (as defined below) approximate fair value at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

**NOTE L Financing Arrangements**

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The Company is a party to a credit and security agreement dated November 5, 2003, as amended ( Credit Agreement ), with a group of banks, under which it may borrow or issue standby letters of credit or commercial letters of credit. On March 23, 2012, the Credit Agreement was amended and restated to, among other things, increase the revolving loan commitment from \$200.0 million to \$220.0 million and provide a term loan for \$25.0 million. The Company may increase the commitment by an additional \$30.0 million during the term of the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement is secured by accounts receivable, inventory, certain real estate and machinery

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and equipment. Amounts borrowed under the revolving credit facility may be borrowed either (i) LIBOR plus 1.75% to 2.75% or (ii) the bank's prime lending rate minus 0.25% to 1.00% at the Company's election. The interest rate is dependent on the Company's debt service coverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement. Under the Credit Agreement, a detailed borrowing base formula provides borrowing availability to the Company based on percentages of eligible accounts receivable and inventory. The interest rate on the revolving credit facility was 2.0% at March 31, 2013. Interest on the term loan is at either (i) LIBOR plus 2.75% or (ii) the bank's prime lending rate plus 0.25%, at the Company's election. The term loan is amortized based on a seven-year schedule with the balance due at maturity (April 7, 2016). The interest rate on the term loan was 3.06% at March 31, 2013.

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
8.125% senior notes due 2021	\$ 250.0	\$ 250.0
Revolving credit	98.2	101.9
Term loan	21.4	22.3
Other	4.4	4.4
	374.0	378.6
Less current maturities	4.4	4.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 369.6</b>	<b>\$ 374.2</b>

**NOTE M Accounts Receivable**

During the first three months of 2013 and 2012, the Company sold approximately \$14.4 million and \$20.4 million, respectively, of accounts receivable, net, to mitigate accounts receivable concentration risk and to provide additional financing capacity and recorded a loss in the amount of \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. These losses represented implicit interest on the transactions.

**NOTE N Acquisitions**

On March 23, 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of FRS, a leading manufacturer of automotive and industrial hose products and fuel filler and hydraulic fluid assemblies, in an all cash transaction valued at \$96.0 million, net of cash acquired. FRS products include fuel filler, hydraulic, and thermoplastic assemblies and several forms of manufactured rubber and thermoplastic hose, including bulk and formed fuel, power steering, transmission oil cooling, hydraulic and thermoplastic hose. FRS sells to automotive and industrial customers throughout North America, Europe and Asia. FRS has five production facilities located in Florida, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee and the Czech Republic. FRS is included in the Company's Assembly Components segment and had revenues of \$5.5 million and net income of \$0.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2012. The Company funded the acquisition with cash of \$40.0 million, a \$25.0 million seven-year amortizing term loan provided by the Credit Agreement and secured by accounts receivable, inventory, certain real estate and machinery and equipment of the Company and \$33.8 million of borrowings under the revolving credit facility provided by the Credit Agreement. Under the acquisition method of accounting, the total purchase price is allocated to FRS' net tangible assets and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values as of March 23, 2012, the effective date of the acquisition. Based on management's valuation of the fair value of tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which are based on estimates and assumptions, the final purchase price is allocated as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2.8
Accounts receivable	30.9
Inventories	12.4
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2.7
Property, plant and equipment	30.2
Customer relationships	29.4

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Trademarks and trade name	11.5
Other assets	0.2
Accounts payable	(17.8)
Accrued expenses	(15.6)
Deferred tax liability	(26.4)
Other long-term liabilities	(0.8)
Goodwill	39.3
Total purchase price	\$ 98.8

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There were \$0.3 million of direct transaction costs included in selling, general and administrative expenses during the first three months of 2012.

The following unaudited pro forma information is provided to present a summary of the combined results of the Company's operations with FRS. The unaudited pro forma financial information is for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what the results would have been had the acquisition been completed at the date indicated above.

	<b>Three months ended</b>	
	<b>March 31, 2012</b>	
Pro forma revenues	\$	313.9
Pro forma net income	\$	5.3

Pro forma net income for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was impacted by transaction and other non-recurring costs incurred by FRS.

**Note O Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company is subject to various pending and threatened legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Although the Company cannot precisely predict the amount of any liability that may ultimately arise with respect to any of these matters, the Company records provisions when it considers the liability probable and reasonably estimable. Our provisions are based on historical experience and legal advice, reviewed quarterly and adjusted according to developments. Estimating probable losses requires the analysis of multiple forecasted factors that often depend on judgments about potential actions by third parties, such as regulators, courts, and state and federal legislatures. Changes in the amounts of our loss provisions, which can be material, affect our financial condition. Due to the inherent uncertainties in the process undertaken to estimate potential losses, we are unable to estimate an additional range of loss in excess of our accruals. While it is reasonably possible that such excess liabilities, if they were to occur, could be material to operating results in any given quarter or year of their recognition, we do not believe that it is reasonably possible that such excess liabilities would have a material adverse effect on our long-term results of operations, liquidity or consolidated financial position.

Our subsidiaries are involved in a number of contractual and warranty related disputes. At this time, we cannot reasonably determine the probability of a loss, and the timing and amount of loss, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated. We believe that appropriate liabilities for these contingencies have been recorded; however, actual results may differ materially from our estimates.

Ajax Tocco Magnethermic ( ATM ) is the defendant in a lawsuit pending in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas. The plaintiff is IPSCO Tubulars Inc. d/b/a TMK IPSCO. The complaint alleges claims for breach of contract, gross negligence and constructive fraud. TMK IPSCO is seeking approximately \$6.0 million in direct and \$4.0 million in consequential damages as well as an unspecified amount of punitive damages. ATM denies the allegations against it, believes it has a number of meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending the lawsuit. A motion for partial summary judgment filed by ATM that, among other things, denied the plaintiff's fraud claims was granted by the district court. A bench trial is set to begin in May of 2013.

**Table of Contents****NOTE P Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment for the periods ended March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	Supply Technologies	Assembly Components	Engineered Products	Total
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$	\$ 4.6	\$ 4.9	\$ 9.5
Acquisitions		40.2		40.2
Balance at December 31, 2012		44.8	4.9	49.7
Foreign currency translation			(0.1)	(0.1)
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$	\$ 44.8	\$ 4.8	\$ 49.6

Information regarding other intangible assets as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 follows:

	March 31, 2013			December 31, 2012		
	Acquisition Costs	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Acquisition Costs	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Non-contractual customer relationships	\$ 41.7	\$ 6.4	\$ 35.3	\$ 41.7	\$ 5.7	\$ 36.0
Other	3.4	1.4	2.0	3.4	1.3	2.1
	\$ 45.1	\$ 7.8	\$ 37.3	\$ 45.1	\$ 7.0	\$ 38.1
Indefinite-lived tradenames			11.5			11.5
Goodwill			49.6			49.7
Total			\$ 98.4			\$ 99.3

Amortization expense for the first three months of 2013 and 2012 was \$0.8 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

**NOTE Q Shares Outstanding**

The changes in capital stock shares and treasury stock shares for the period ended March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Common Shares	Treasury Shares
	(In whole shares)	
Balance at December 31, 2012	14,109,255	1,872,265
Common stock award	14,000	
Exercise of stock options	18,334	
Restricted stock awards	125,000	
Restricted stock cancelled	(4,000)	
Purchase of treasury shares		5,000
Balance at March 31, 2013	14,262,589	1,877,265



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**NOTE R Subsequent Event**

Effective April 26, 2013, the Company acquired certain assets and assumed specific liabilities relating to Bates Acquisition, LLC and Bates Real Estate Acquisition, LLC ( Bates ) for a total purchase consideration of \$20.4 million in cash. The acquisition was funded from borrowings under the revolving credit facility provided by the Credit Agreement. Bates is a leading manufacturer of extruded, formed and molded products and assemblies for the transportation and industrial markets. Bates production facilities are located in Tennessee. The financial results of Bates will be included in the Company s Assembly Components segment from the date acquired and be accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting.



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**Table of Contents****Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

Our condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

**Executive Overview**

We are an industrial Total Supply Management™ and diversified manufacturing business, operating in three segments: Supply Technologies, Assembly Components and Engineered Products. Our Supply Technologies business provides our customers with Total Supply Management™, a proactive solutions approach that manages the efficiencies of every aspect of supplying production parts and materials to our customers manufacturing floor, from strategic planning to program implementation. Total Supply Management™ includes such services as engineering and design support, part usage and cost analysis, supplier selection, quality assurance, bar coding, product packaging and tracking, just-in-time and point-of-use delivery, electronic billing services and ongoing technical support. The principal customers of Supply Technologies are in the heavy-duty truck, automotive and vehicle parts, electrical distribution and controls, consumer electronics, power sports/fitness equipment, HVAC, agricultural and construction equipment, semiconductor equipment, plumbing, aerospace and defense, and appliance industries. Assembly Components casts and machines aluminum engine, transmission, brake, suspension and other components such as pump housings, clutch retainers/pistons, control arms, knuckles, master cylinders, pinion housings, brake calipers, oil pans and flywheel spacers for automotive, agricultural equipment, construction equipment, heavy-duty truck and marine original equipment manufacturers ( OEMs ), primarily on a sole-source basis. Assembly Components also provides value-added services such as design and engineering and assembly. Engineered Products operates a diverse group of niche manufacturing businesses that design and manufacture a broad range of highly-engineered products including induction heating and melting systems, pipe threading systems, industrial oven systems, injection molded rubber components, and forged and machined products. Engineered Products also produces and provides services and spare parts for the equipment it manufactures. The principal customers of Engineered Products are OEMs, sub-assemblers and end users in the steel, coatings, forging, foundry, heavy-duty truck, construction equipment, bottling, automotive, oil and gas, rail and locomotive manufacturing, and aerospace and defense industries. Sales, earnings and other relevant financial data for these three segments are provided in Note B to the consolidated financial statements, included elsewhere herein.

On March 23, 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of Fluid Routing Solutions Holding Corp. ( FRS ), a leading manufacturer of automotive and industrial hose products and fuel filler and hydraulic fluid assemblies, in an all cash transaction valued at \$96.0 million, net of cash acquired. FRS products include fuel filler, hydraulic, and thermoplastic assemblies and several forms of manufactured rubber and thermoplastic hose, including bulk and formed fuel, power steering, transmission oil cooling, hydraulic and thermoplastic hose. FRS sells to automotive and industrial customers throughout North America, Europe and Asia. FRS has five production facilities located in Florida, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee and the Czech Republic. The Company funded the acquisition with cash of \$40.0 million, a \$25.0 million seven-year amortizing term loan provided by the Credit Agreement (as defined below) and secured by accounts receivable, inventory, certain real estate and machinery and equipment of the Company and \$33.8 million of borrowings under the revolving credit facility provided by the Credit Agreement.

Effective April 26, 2013, the Company acquired certain assets and assumed specific liabilities relating to Bates for a total purchase consideration of \$20.4 million in cash. The acquisition was funded from borrowings under the revolving credit facility provided by the Credit Agreement. Bates is a leading manufacturer of extruded, formed and molded products and assemblies for the transportation and industrial markets. Bates production facilities are located in Tennessee. The financial results of Bates will be included in the Company's Assembly Components segment from the date acquired and be accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting.

**Table of Contents****Critical Accounting Policies**

Our critical accounting policies are described in Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and in the notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2012 contained in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There were no new accounting policies or updates to existing accounting policies as a result of new accounting pronouncements discussed in the notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The application of our critical accounting policies may require management to make judgments and estimates about the amounts reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Management uses historical experience and all available information to make these estimates and judgments, and different amounts could be reported using different assumptions and estimates.

**Results of Operations***Three Months 2013 versus Three Months 2012**Net Sales by Segment:*

	Three Months Ended March 31,			Percent Change
	2013	2012	Change	
	(Dollars in millions)			
Supply Technologies	\$ 113.9	\$ 132.7	\$ (18.8)	(14)%
Assembly Components	92.2	44.6	47.6	107%
Engineered Products	79.0	85.8	(6.8)	(8)%
Consolidated Net Sales	\$ 285.1	\$ 263.1	\$ 22.0	8%

Net sales increased \$22.0 million to \$285.1 million in the first three months of 2013 compared to \$263.1 million in the same period in 2012 as the Company experienced volume increases in its Assembly Components segment partially offset by declines in the Supply Technologies and Engineered Products segments. Assembly Components sales increased 107% primarily from incremental sales of \$43.2 million associated with the FRS acquisition. Supply Technologies sales decreased 14% primarily due to volume decreases in the heavy-duty truck, electrical, appliance, automotive, HVAC and aerospace and defense industries offset primarily by increases in the power sports industry. Engineered Products sales decreased 8% primarily due to a reduction in volume in the capital equipment business unit partially offset by the volume increases in the forged and machine products business unit.

*Cost of Products Sold & Gross Profit:*

	Three Months Ended March 31,			Percent Change
	2013	2012	Change	
	(Dollars in millions)			
Consolidated cost of products sold	\$ 233.2	\$ 214.2	\$ 19.0	9%
Consolidated gross profit	\$ 51.9	\$ 48.9	\$ 3.0	6%
Gross margin	18.2%	18.6%		

Cost of products sold increased \$19.0 million to \$233.2 million in the first three months of 2013 compared to \$214.2 million in the same period in 2012, while gross margin decreased to 18.2% in the first three months of 2013 compared to 18.6% in the same period in 2012. The increase in cost of products sold was due primarily to incremental sales levels from the FRS acquisition. Gross margin increased in the Supply Technologies and Assembly Components business units resulting primarily from product mix while gross margin decreased in the Engineered Products business unit resulting primarily from volume declines in the capital equipment business unit.



**Table of Contents****Selling, General & Administrative ( SG&A ) Expenses:**

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	Percent Change
	2013	2012		
	(Dollars in millions)			
Consolidated SG&A expenses	\$ 29.3	\$ 28.8	\$ 0.5	2%
SG&A percent	10.3%	10.9%		

Consolidated SG&A expenses increased 2% in the first three months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. However, SG&A expenses as a percent of sales decreased 60 basis points. SG&A expenses increased in the first three months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 primarily due to incremental expenses resulting from the FRS acquisition, an increase in share-based compensation of \$0.8 million partially offset by an increase in pension income of \$0.2 million, a reduction in postretirement benefits of \$0.1 million, and lower payroll and payroll related expenses and FRS transaction expenses.

**Interest Expense:**

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	Percent Change
	2013	2012		
	(Dollars in millions)			
Interest expense	\$ 6.5	\$ 6.7	\$ (0.2)	(3)%
Amortization of deferred financing costs and bank service charges	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.6	\$ (0.3)	
Average outstanding borrowings	\$ 372.1	\$ 358.6	\$ 13.5	4%
Average borrowing rate	7.02%	7.51%	(49) basis points	

Interest expense decreased \$0.2 million in the first three months of 2013 compared to the same period of 2012, primarily due to the absence of the debt extinguishment costs of \$0.3 million that were incurred in 2012, lower average borrowing rates partially offset by higher average borrowings during the first three months of 2013. The lower average borrowing rate in the first three months of 2013 was due primarily to the interest rate mix of our revolving credit facility provided by the Credit Agreement and Senior Notes when compared to the same period in 2012. Average borrowings in the first three months of 2013 were higher when compared to the same period in 2012 due primarily to additional borrowings to fund the acquisition of FRS.

**Income Tax:**

The provision for income taxes was \$5.8 million in the first three months of 2013, a 35.8% effective income tax rate, compared to income taxes of \$4.4 million provided in the corresponding period of 2012, a 33.2% effective income tax rate.

**Liquidity and Sources of Capital**

As of March 31, 2013, the Company had \$98.2 million outstanding under its revolving credit facility, and approximately \$94.8 million of unused borrowing availability.

Our liquidity needs are primarily for working capital and capital expenditures. Our primary sources of liquidity have been funds provided by operations and funds available from existing bank credit arrangements and the sale of our Senior Notes. On April 7, 2011, the Company completed the sale of \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Senior Notes. The Senior Notes bear an interest rate of 8.125% per annum and will be payable semi-annually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year which began on April 1, 2011. The Senior Notes mature on April 1, 2021.

The Company is a party to a credit and security agreement dated November 5, 2003, as amended ( Credit Agreement ), with a group of banks, under which it may borrow or issue standby letters of credit or commercial letters of credit. On March 23, 2012,



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the Credit Agreement was amended and restated to, among other things, increase the revolving loan commitment from \$200.0 million to \$220.0 million and provide a term loan for \$25.0 million. The Company may increase the commitment by an additional \$30.0 million during the term of the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement is secured by accounts receivable, inventory, certain real estate and machinery and equipment. Amounts borrowed under the revolving credit facility may be borrowed either (i) LIBOR plus 1.75% to 2.75% or (ii) the bank's prime lending rate minus 0.25% to 1.00% at the Company's election. The interest rate is dependent on the Company's debt service coverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement. Under the Credit Agreement, a detailed borrowing base formula provides borrowing availability to the Company based on percentages of eligible accounts receivable and inventory. Interest on the term loan is at either (i) LIBOR plus 2.75% or (ii) the bank's prime lending rate plus 0.25%, at the Company's election. The term loan is amortized based on a seven-year schedule with the balance due at maturity (April 7, 2016). On April 3, 2013, the Credit Agreement was amended to increase the advance rate on eligible accounts receivable and inventory.

Current financial resources (working capital and available bank borrowing arrangements) and anticipated funds from operations are expected to be adequate to meet current cash requirements for at least the next twelve months. The future availability of bank borrowings under the revolving credit facility is based on the Company's ability to meet a debt service ratio covenant, which could be materially impacted by negative economic trends. Failure to meet the debt service ratio could materially impact the availability and interest rate of future borrowings.

The Company had cash and cash equivalents held by foreign subsidiaries of \$46.0 million at March 31, 2013 and \$42.2 million at December 31, 2012. For each of its foreign subsidiaries, the Company makes a determination regarding the amount of earnings intended for permanent reinvestment, with the balance, if any, available to be repatriated to the United States. The cash held by foreign subsidiaries for permanent reinvestment is generally used to finance the foreign subsidiaries' operational activities and/or future foreign investments. At March 31, 2013, management believed that sufficient liquidity was available in the United States, and it is our current intention to permanently reinvest undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries outside of the United States. Although we have no intention to repatriate the approximately \$77.2 million of undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012, if we were to repatriate these earnings, there would potentially be an adverse tax impact.

At March 31, 2013, the Company's debt service coverage ratio was 2.3, and, therefore, it was in compliance with the debt service coverage ratio covenant contained in the revolving credit facility. The Company was also in compliance with the other covenants contained in the revolving credit facility as of March 31, 2013. The debt service coverage ratio is calculated at the end of each fiscal quarter and is based on the most recently ended four fiscal quarters of consolidated EBITDA minus cash taxes paid, minus unfunded capital expenditures, plus cash tax refunds to consolidated debt charges which are consolidated cash interest expense plus scheduled principal payments on indebtedness plus scheduled reductions in our term debt as defined in the revolving credit facility. The debt service coverage ratio must be greater than 1.0 and not less than 1.1 for any two consecutive fiscal quarters. While we expect to remain in compliance throughout 2013, declines in sales volumes in 2013 could adversely impact our ability to remain in compliance with certain of these financial covenants. Additionally, to the extent our customers are adversely affected by declines in the economy in general, they may not be able to pay their accounts payable to us on a timely basis or at all, which would make the accounts receivable ineligible for purposes of the revolving credit facility and could reduce our borrowing base and our ability to borrow under such facility.

The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 2.32 at March 31, 2013 versus 2.42 at December 31, 2012. Working capital, which we define as current assets less current liabilities, increased by \$6.2 million to \$278.5 million at March 31, 2013 from \$272.3 million at December 31, 2012. Accounts receivable increased \$9.5 million to \$170.8 million at March 31, 2013 from \$161.3 million in 2012 primarily resulting from sales volume increases. Inventory increased by \$4.0 million at March 31, 2013 to \$219.6 million from \$215.6 million at December 31, 2012 primarily resulting from planned increases due to sales volume increases. Accrued expenses increased by \$3.5 million to \$86.8 million at March 31, 2013 from \$83.3 million at December 31, 2012 primarily resulting from the interest payment terms due on the Company's Senior Notes. Accounts payable increased \$14.9 million to \$117.0 million at March 31, 2013 from \$102.1 million at December 31, 2012 primarily from timing of payments at March 31, 2013.

During the first three months of 2013, the Company provided \$16.4 million of cash from operating activities compared to \$17.1 million in the same period of 2012. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities of \$0.7 million in 2013 compared to

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2012 was primarily the result of a decrease in operating assets and liabilities partially offset by an increase in net income. In the first three months of 2013, the Company used cash of \$6.0 million for capital expenditures. However, \$1.9 million of the capital expenditures were sold and leased back to the Company in a lease financing transaction with a financial institution. These activities, and a decrease in borrowings of \$4.6 million, the purchase of treasury stock of \$0.1 million, and an unfavorable exchange rate effect on cash of \$1.1 million resulted in an increase in cash of \$6.5 million in the first three months of 2013. The Company used cash of \$94.7 million for the acquisition of FRS in the first three months of 2012.

We do not have off-balance sheet arrangements, financing or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons. There are occasions whereupon we enter into forward contracts on foreign currencies, purely for the purpose of hedging exposure to changes in the value of accounts receivable in those currencies against the U.S. dollar. At March 31, 2013, none were outstanding. We currently have no other derivative instruments.

**Seasonality; Variability of Operating Results**

The timing of orders placed by our customers has varied with, among other factors, orders for customers' finished goods, customer production schedules, competitive conditions and general economic conditions. The variability of the level and timing of orders has, from time to time, resulted in significant periodic and quarterly fluctuations in the operations of our business units. Such variability is particularly evident at the capital equipment businesses included in the Engineered Products segment.

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### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain statements that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. The words believes, anticipates, plans, expects, intends, estimates and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance and achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to the following: our substantial indebtedness; the uncertainty of the global economic environment; general business conditions and competitive factors, including pricing pressures and product innovation; demand for our products and services; raw material availability and pricing; component part availability and pricing; changes in our relationships with customers and suppliers; the financial condition of our customers, including the impact of any bankruptcies; our ability to successfully integrate recent and future acquisitions into existing operations; the amounts and timing, if any, of purchases of our common stock; changes in general domestic economic conditions such as inflation rates, interest rates, tax rates, unemployment rates, higher labor and healthcare costs, recessions and changing government policies, laws and regulations, including the uncertainties related to the current global financial crises; adverse impacts to us, our suppliers and customers from acts of terrorism or hostilities; our ability to meet various covenants, including financial covenants, contained in the agreements governing our indebtedness; disruptions, uncertainties or volatility in the credit markets that may limit our access to capital; potential disruption due to a partial or complete reconfiguration of the European Union; increasingly stringent domestic and foreign governmental regulations, including those affecting the environment; inherent uncertainties involved in assessing our potential liability for environmental remediation-related activities; the outcome of pending and future litigation and other claims and disputes with customers; our dependence on the automotive and heavy-duty truck industries, which are highly cyclical; the dependence of the automotive industry on consumer spending, which could be lower due to the effects of the recent financial crises; our ability to negotiate contracts with labor unions; our dependence on key management; our dependence on information systems; and the other factors we describe under the Item 1A. Risk Factors included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a forward-looking statement herein should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved.

### **Item 3. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk***

We are exposed to market risk including changes in interest rates. We are subject to interest rate risk on borrowings under the floating rate revolving credit facility provided by the Credit Agreement, which consisted of borrowings of \$119.6 million at March 31, 2013. A 100 basis point increase in the interest rate would have resulted in an increase in interest expense of approximately \$0.3 million during the three-month period ended March 31, 2013.

Our foreign subsidiaries generally conduct business in local currencies. During the first quarter of 2013, we recorded an unfavorable foreign currency translation adjustment of \$2.2 million related to net assets located outside the United States. This foreign currency translation adjustment resulted primarily from the strengthening of the U.S. dollar. Our foreign operations are also subject to other customary risks of operating in a global environment, such as unstable political situations, the effect of local laws and taxes, tariff increases and regulations and requirements for export licenses, the potential imposition of trade or foreign exchange restrictions and transportation delays.

The Company periodically enters into forward contracts on foreign currencies, primarily the euro and the British pound sterling, purely for the purpose of hedging exposure to changes in the value of accounts receivable in those currencies against the U.S. dollar. The Company currently uses no other derivative instruments. At March 31, 2013, there were no such currency hedge contracts outstanding.



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**Item 4.     *Controls and Procedures***

Under the supervision of and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report.

Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the first quarter of 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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**PART II**

**OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are subject to various pending and threatened lawsuits in which claims for monetary damages are asserted in the ordinary course of business. While any litigation involves an element of uncertainty, in the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, arising from currently pending or threatened litigation are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

In addition to the routine lawsuits and asserted claims noted above, we were a party to the lawsuits and legal proceedings described below at March 31, 2013.

We were a co-defendant in approximately 260 cases asserting claims on behalf of approximately 600 plaintiffs alleging personal injury as a result of exposure to asbestos. These asbestos cases generally relate to production and sale of asbestos-containing products and allege various theories of liability, including negligence, gross negligence and strict liability, and seek compensatory and, in some cases, punitive damages.

In every asbestos case in which we are named as a party, the complaints are filed against multiple named defendants. In substantially all of the asbestos cases, the plaintiffs either claim damages in excess of a specified amount, typically a minimum amount sufficient to establish jurisdiction of the court in which the case was filed (jurisdictional minimums generally range from \$25,000 to \$75,000), or do not specify the monetary damages sought. To the extent that any specific amount of damages is sought, the amount applies to claims against all named defendants.

There are only six asbestos cases, involving 23 plaintiffs, that plead specified damages. In each of the six cases, the plaintiff is seeking compensatory and punitive damages based on a variety of potentially alternative causes of action. In three cases, the plaintiff has alleged compensatory damages in the amount of \$3.0 million for four separate causes of action and \$1.0 million for another cause of action and punitive damages in the amount of \$10.0 million. In the fourth case, the plaintiff has alleged compensatory damages in the amount of \$20.0 million for three separate causes of action and \$5.0 million for another cause of action and punitive damages in the amount of \$20.0 million. In the remaining two cases, the plaintiffs have each alleged against each named defendant, compensatory and punitive damages, each in the amount of \$50.0 million, for four separate causes of action.

Historically, we have been dismissed from asbestos cases on the basis that the plaintiff incorrectly sued one of our subsidiaries or because the plaintiff failed to identify any asbestos-containing product manufactured or sold by us or our subsidiaries. We intend to vigorously defend these asbestos cases, and believe we will continue to be successful in being dismissed from such cases. However, it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of asbestos-related lawsuits, claims and proceedings due to the unpredictable nature of personal injury litigation. Despite this uncertainty, and although our results of operations and cash flows for a particular period could be adversely affected by asbestos-related lawsuits, claims and proceedings, management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. Among the factors management considered in reaching this conclusion were: (a) our historical success in being dismissed from these types of lawsuits on the bases mentioned above; (b) many cases have been improperly filed against one of our subsidiaries; (c) in many cases the plaintiffs have been unable to establish any causal relationship to us or our products or premises; (d) in many cases, the plaintiffs have been unable to demonstrate that they have suffered any identifiable injury or compensable loss at all or that any injuries that they have incurred did in fact result from alleged exposure to asbestos; and (e) the complaints assert claims against multiple defendants and, in most cases, the damages alleged are not attributed to individual defendants. Additionally, we do not believe that the amounts claimed in any of the asbestos cases are meaningful indicators of our potential exposure because the amounts claimed typically bear no relation to the extent of the plaintiff's injury, if any.

Our cost of defending these lawsuits has not been material to date and, based upon available information, our management does not expect its future costs for asbestos-related lawsuits to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, liquidity or financial position.

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ATM is the defendant in a lawsuit pending in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas. The plaintiff is IPSCO Tubulars Inc. d/b/a TMK IPSCO. The complaint alleges claims for breach of contract, gross negligence and constructive fraud. TMK IPSCO is seeking approximately \$6.0 million in direct and \$4.0 million in consequential damages as well as an unspecified amount of punitive damages. ATM denies the allegations against it, believes it has a number of meritorious defenses and is vigorously defending the lawsuit. A motion for partial summary judgment filed by ATM that, among other things, denied the plaintiff's fraud claims was granted by the district court. A bench trial is set to begin in May of 2013.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

There have been no material changes in the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

Set forth below is information regarding the Company's repurchases of its common stock during the first quarter ended March 31, 2013.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans(1)	Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Program(1)
January 1 - January 31, 2013				205,398
February 1 - February 28, 2013				205,398
March 1 - March 31, 2013	5,000	\$ 27.25	5,000	995,000
	5,000	\$ 27.25	5,000	995,000

(1) On March 4, 2013, we announced a share repurchase program whereby we may repurchase up to 1.0 million shares of our outstanding common stock, which program replaces the prior share repurchase program. During the first quarter of 2013, 5,000 shares were purchased as part of this program. There were no share repurchases under the prior share program.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

The following exhibits are included herein:

- 4.1 Amendment No. 1, dated as of April 3, 2013, to the Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated March 23, 2012, among Park-Ohio Industries, Inc., the other Loan Parties (as defined therein), JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, JP Morgan, Chase Bank, N.A., Toronto Branch, as Canadian Agent, RBS Business Capital, as Syndication Agent, Key Bank National Association and First National Bank of Pennsylvania, as Co-Documentation Agent, U.S. Bank National Association, as Co-Documentation Agent, and Joint Bookrunner, PNC Bank, National Association, as Joint Bookrunner, and J.P. Morgan Securities, Inc. as Sole Lead Arranger and Bookrunning Manager (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Form 8-K of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp., filed on March 27, 2012, SEC File No. 000-03134 and incorporated by reference and made a part hereof)

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31.1	Principal Executive Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Principal Financial Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification requirement under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

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**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP.  
(Registrant)

By: /s/ W. Scott Emerick  
W. Scott Emerick, Vice President and Chief  
Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: May 6, 2013

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**EXHIBIT INDEX**

**QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q**

**PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2013**

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