

Blackstone Group L.P.
Form 10-Q
May 08, 2013
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013**

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____**

Commission File Number: 001-33551

The Blackstone Group L.P.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of

20-8875684
(I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

345 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10154

(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)

(212) 583-5000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☒

Accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of the Registrant's voting common units representing limited partner interests outstanding as of April 30, 2013 was 456,391,557.

The number of the Registrant's non-voting common units representing limited partner interests outstanding as of April 30, 2013 was 99,083,468.

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Forward-Looking Statements	

This report may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which reflect our current views with respect to, among other things, our operations and financial performance. You can identify these forward-looking statements by the use of words such as outlook, believes, expects, potential, continues, may, will, should, seeks, approximately, predicts, intends, plans, estimates, anticipates or the negative version of these words or other comparable terms. Such forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause actual outcomes or results to differ materially from those indicated in these statements. We believe these factors include but are not limited to those described under the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 and in this report, as such factors may be updated from time to time in our periodic filings.

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with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), which are accessible on the SEC 's website at www.sec.gov. These factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included in this report and in our other periodic filings. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

Website and Social Media Disclosure

We use our website (www.blackstone.com), our corporate Facebook page (www.facebook.com/blackstone) and our corporate Twitter account (@Blackstone) as channels of distribution of company information. The information we post through these channels may be deemed material. Accordingly, investors should monitor these channels, in addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. In addition, you may automatically receive e-mail alerts and other information about Blackstone when you enroll your e-mail address by visiting the E-mail Alerts section of our website at <http://ir.blackstone.com/alerts.cfm?>. The contents of our website and social media channels are not, however, a part of this report.

In this report, references to Blackstone, the Partnership , we, us or our refer to The Blackstone Group L.P. and its consolidated subsidiaries. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this report to the ownership of Mr. Stephen A. Schwarzman, our founder, and other Blackstone personnel include the ownership of personal planning vehicles and family members of these individuals.

Blackstone Funds, our funds and our investment funds refer to the private equity funds, real estate funds, funds of hedge funds, credit-focused funds, collateralized loan obligation (CLO) and collateralized debt obligation (CDO) vehicles, and registered investment companies that are managed by Blackstone. Our carry funds refer to the private equity funds, real estate funds and certain of the credit-focused funds (with multi-year drawdown, commitment-based structures that only pay carry on the realization of an investment) that are managed by Blackstone. Blackstone 's Private Equity segment comprises its management of private equity funds (including our sector and regional focused funds), which we refer to collectively as our Blackstone Capital Partners (BCP) funds, and certain multi-asset class investment funds which we collectively refer to as our Blackstone Tactical Opportunities Accounts (Tactical Opportunities). We refer to our real estate opportunistic funds as our Blackstone Real Estate Partners (BREP) funds and our real estate debt investment funds as our Blackstone Real Estate Debt Strategies (BREDS) funds. We refer to our listed real estate investment trusts as REITs . Our hedge funds refer to our funds of hedge funds, certain of our real estate debt investment funds and certain other credit-focused funds, which are managed by Blackstone.

Assets under management refers to the assets we manage. Our assets under management equals the sum of:

- (a) the fair value of the investments held by our carry funds, REITs and our side-by-side and co-investment entities managed by us, plus the capital that we are entitled to call from investors in those funds and entities pursuant to the terms of their respective capital commitments, including capital commitments to funds that have yet to commence their investment periods,
- (b) the net asset value of our funds of hedge funds, hedge funds, and certain registered investment companies,
- (c) the fair value of assets we manage pursuant to separately managed accounts,
- (d) the amount of capital raised for our CLOs and the amount of debt and equity outstanding for our CDOs, and
- (e) the gross amount of assets (including leverage) for certain of our credit-focused registered investment companies.

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Our carry funds are commitment-based drawdown structured funds that do not permit investors to redeem their interests at their election. Our funds of hedge funds and hedge funds generally have structures that afford an investor the right to withdraw or redeem their interests on a periodic basis (for example, annually or quarterly), in most cases upon advance written notice, with the majority of our funds requiring from 60 days up to 95 days' notice, depending on the fund and the liquidity profile of the underlying assets. Investment advisory agreements related to separately managed accounts may generally be terminated by an investor on 30 to 90 days' notice.

Fee-earning assets under management refers to the assets we manage on which we derive management and / or performance fees. Our fee-earning assets under management equals the sum of:

- (a) for our Private Equity segment funds and carry funds including certain real estate debt investment funds in our Real Estate segment, the amount of capital commitments, remaining invested capital or par value of assets held, depending on the fee terms of the fund,
- (b) for our credit-focused carry funds, the amount of remaining invested capital (which may include leverage) or net asset value, depending on the fee terms of the fund,
- (c) the remaining invested capital of co-investments managed by us on which we receive fees,
- (d) the net asset value of our funds of hedge funds, hedge funds and certain registered investment companies,
- (e) the fair value of assets we manage pursuant to separately managed accounts,
- (f) the net proceeds received from equity offerings and accumulated core earnings of our REITs,
- (g) the aggregate par amount of collateral assets, including cash, of our CLOs and CDOs, and
- (h) the gross amount of assets (including leverage) for certain of our credit-focused registered investment companies.

Our calculations of assets under management and fee-earning assets under management may differ from the calculations of other asset managers, and as a result this measure may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other asset managers. In addition, our calculation of assets under management includes commitments to, and the fair value of, invested capital in our funds from Blackstone and our personnel, regardless of whether such commitments or invested capital are subject to fees. Our definitions of assets under management or fee-earning assets under management are not based on any definition of assets under management or fee-earning assets under management that is set forth in the agreements governing the investment funds that we manage.

For our carry funds, total assets under management includes the fair value of the investments held, whereas fee-earning assets under management includes the amount of capital commitments or the remaining amount of invested capital at cost depending on whether the investment period has or has not expired. As such, fee-earning assets under management may be greater than total assets under management when the aggregate fair value of the remaining investments is less than the cost of those investments.

This report does not constitute an offer of any Blackstone Fund.

Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition (Unaudited)****(Dollars in Thousands, Except Unit Data)**

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 815,266	\$ 709,502
Cash Held by Blackstone Funds and Other	1,241,376	1,404,411
Investments (including assets pledged of \$102,858 and \$141,931 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively)	19,954,586	20,847,270
Accounts Receivable	706,624	638,164
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	258,043	248,018
Due from Affiliates	1,058,687	1,120,067
Intangible Assets, Net	575,622	598,535
Goodwill	1,703,602	1,703,602
Other Assets	343,085	376,372
Deferred Tax Assets	1,321,108	1,285,611
Total Assets	\$ 27,977,999	\$ 28,931,552
Liabilities and Partners' Capital		
Loans Payable	\$ 11,904,958	\$ 13,051,404
Due to Affiliates	1,882,827	2,002,644
Accrued Compensation and Benefits	1,121,947	1,254,978
Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased	212,870	226,425
Repurchase Agreements	102,372	142,266
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	1,386,791	1,038,888
Total Liabilities	16,611,765	17,716,605
Commitments and Contingencies		
Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	1,639,127	1,556,185
Partners' Capital		
Partners' Capital (common units: 561,311,828 issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2013; 556,354,387 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012)	5,068,041	4,955,649
Appropriated Partners' Capital	410,170	509,028
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(1,952)	2,170
Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	1,483,112	1,443,559
Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	2,767,736	2,748,356
Total Partners' Capital	9,727,107	9,658,762
Total Liabilities and Partners' Capital	\$ 27,977,999	\$ 28,931,552

continued

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition (Unaudited)****(Dollars in Thousands)**

The following presents the portion of the consolidated balances presented above attributable to consolidated Blackstone Funds which are variable interest entities. The following assets may only be used to settle obligations of these consolidated Blackstone Funds and these liabilities are only the obligations of these consolidated Blackstone Funds and they do not have recourse to the general credit of Blackstone.

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets		
Cash Held by Blackstone Funds and Other	\$ 1,033,659	\$ 1,163,915
Investments	11,263,754	12,320,611
Accounts Receivable	212,768	187,343
Due from Affiliates	27,803	27,034
Other Assets	33,093	35,447
Total Assets	\$ 12,571,077	\$ 13,734,350
Liabilities		
Loans Payable	\$ 10,229,797	\$ 11,375,877
Due to Affiliates	154,066	253,546
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other	657,104	518,656
Total Liabilities	\$ 11,040,967	\$ 12,148,079

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)****(Dollars in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Revenues		
Management and Advisory Fees, Net	\$ 482,133	\$ 471,676
Performance Fees		
Realized		
Carried Interest	294,170	13,560
Incentive Fees	23,741	5,279
Unrealized		
Carried Interest	177,347	298,796
Incentive Fees	105,798	67,135
Total Performance Fees	601,056	384,770
Investment Income		
Realized	42,353	16,335
Unrealized	106,230	72,826
Total Investment Income	148,583	89,161
Interest and Dividend Revenue	12,557	7,636
Other	2,144	(1,207)
Total Revenues	1,246,473	952,036
Expenses		
Compensation and Benefits		
Compensation	451,430	495,255
Performance Fee Compensation		
Realized		
Carried Interest	89,437	7,938
Incentive Fees	10,508	4,252
Unrealized		
Carried Interest	95,472	84,543
Incentive Fees	44,478	12,779
Total Compensation and Benefits	691,325	604,767
General, Administrative and Other	109,306	142,766
Interest Expense	27,062	14,518
Fund Expenses	7,408	21,742
Total Expenses	835,101	783,793
Other Income		
Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities	67,210	288,142
Income Before Provision for Taxes	478,582	456,385
Provision for Taxes	50,993	38,753

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Net Income	427,589	417,632
Net Income Attributable to Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	62,316	54,259
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	(9,452)	197,643
Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	207,090	107,405
Net Income Attributable to The Blackstone Group L.P.	\$ 167,635	\$ 58,325
Distributions Declared per Common Unit	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.22
Net Income Per Common Unit Basic	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.12
Net Income Per Common Unit Diluted	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.11
Weighted-Average Common Units Outstanding		
Common Units, Basic	582,322,183	506,985,529
Common Units, Diluted	585,699,899	517,389,558
Revenues Earned from Affiliates		
Management and Advisory Fees, Net	\$ 39,371	\$ 47,984

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Net Income	\$ 427,589	\$ 417,632
Other Comprehensive Loss, Net of Tax Currency Translation Adjustment	(11,950)	(2,174)
Comprehensive Income	415,639	415,458
Less:		
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	62,316	54,259
Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	(17,280)	194,130
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	207,090	107,405
Comprehensive Income Attributable to The Blackstone Group L.P.	\$ 163,513	\$ 59,664

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Partners Capital (Unaudited)**

(Dollars in Thousands, Except Unit Data)

	The Blackstone Group L.P.							Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities
	Common Units	Partners Capital	Appropriated Partners Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	Total Partners Capital	
Balance at December 31, 2012	556,354,387	\$ 4,955,649	\$ 509,028	\$ 2,170	\$ 1,443,559	\$ 2,748,356	\$ 9,658,762	\$ 1,556,185
Net Income (Loss)		167,635			(9,452)	207,090	365,273	62,316
Allocation of Losses of Consolidated CLO Entities			(81,254)		81,254			
Currency Translation Adjustment				(4,122)	(7,828)		(11,950)	
Allocation of Currency Translation Adjustment of Consolidated CLO Entities			(7,828)		7,828			
Capital Contributions					34,648	107	34,755	151,450
Capital Distributions		(240,498)			(66,689)	(321,017)	(628,204)	(130,874)
Transfer of Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities					(208)		(208)	
Purchase of Interests from Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders		(11)					(11)	
Deferred Tax Effects Resulting from Acquisition of Ownership Interests from Non-Controlling Interest Holders		75,859					75,859	
Equity-Based Compensation Relinquished with Deconsolidation and Liquidation of Partnership		126,994				125,354	252,348	
Net Delivery of Vested Common Units	4,574,312	(9,741)	(9,776)				(9,741)	50
Change in The Blackstone Group L.P.'s Ownership Interest		(9,748)				9,748		
Conversion of Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units to Blackstone Common Units	383,129	1,902				(1,902)		
Balance at March 31, 2013	561,311,828	\$ 5,068,041	\$ 410,170	\$ (1,952)	\$ 1,483,112	\$ 2,767,736	\$ 9,727,107	\$ 1,639,127

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Partners Capital (Unaudited)**

(Dollars in Thousands, Except Unit Data)

	The Blackstone Group L.P.						Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	
	Common Units	Partners Capital	Appropriated Partners Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	Total Partners Capital	
Balance at December 31, 2011	489,430,907	\$ 4,281,841	\$ 386,864	\$ 1,958	\$ 1,029,270	\$ 2,460,520	\$ 8,160,453	\$ 1,091,833
Transition and Acquisition Adjustments Relating to Consolidation of CLO Entities			233,386		155		233,541	
Net Income		58,325			197,643	107,405	363,373	54,259
Allocation of Income of Consolidated CLO Entities			148,004		(148,004)			
Currency Translation Adjustment				1,339	(3,513)		(2,174)	
Allocation of Currency Translation Adjustment of Consolidated CLOs			(3,513)		3,513			
Capital Contributions					62,472		62,472	98,224
Capital Distributions		(111,435)			(10,268)	(167,789)	(289,492)	(17,871)
Transfer of Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities					(1,191)	3,013	1,822	
Purchase of Interests from Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders		(16)					(16)	
Deferred Tax Effects Resulting from Acquisition of Ownership Interests from Non-Controlling Interest Holders		6,907					6,907	
Equity-Based Compensation Relinquished in Deconsolidation and Liquidation of Partnership		122,537				147,844	270,381	
Net Delivery of Vested Common Units	5,407,017	(8,821)					(8,821)	
Change in The Blackstone Group L.P.'s Ownership Interest		(8,867)				8,867		
Conversion of Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units to Blackstone Common Units	9,963,351	40,273				(40,273)		
Balance at March 31, 2012	504,801,275	\$ 4,380,744	\$ 764,741	\$ 3,297	\$ 1,130,077	\$ 2,519,587	\$ 8,798,446	\$ 1,226,403

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)**

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Operating Activities		
Net Income	\$ 427,589	\$ 417,632
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Blackstone Funds Related:		
Unrealized Appreciation on Investments Allocable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	(125,897)	(259,698)
Net Realized Gains on Investments	(425,967)	(79,174)
Changes in Unrealized Gains on Investments Allocable to The Blackstone Group L.P.	(86,763)	(46,967)
Unrealized Appreciation on Hedge Activities		(794)
Non-Cash Performance Fees	(134,220)	(287,776)
Non-Cash Performance Fee Compensation	239,896	109,512
Equity-Based Compensation Expense	195,343	222,444
Amortization of Intangibles	22,913	48,142
Other Non-Cash Amounts Included in Net Income	51,607	34,134
Cash Flows Due to Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
Cash Held by Blackstone Funds and Other	153,381	241,973
Cash Relinquished with Deconsolidation and Liquidation of Partnership	(103,985)	19,155
Accounts Receivable	178,416	(131,943)
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	(10,025)	55,725
Due from Affiliates	44,438	(4,466)
Other Assets	9,333	80,161
Accrued Compensation and Benefits	(289,260)	(102,276)
Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased	(12,762)	(52,859)
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	(386,227)	(513,451)
Repurchase Agreements	(39,412)	87,298
Due to Affiliates	(53,020)	(58,313)
Treasury Cash Management Strategies:		
Investments Purchased	(931,481)	(715,090)
Cash Proceeds from Sale of Investments	1,199,355	842,199
Blackstone Funds Related:		
Investments Purchased	(1,564,358)	(1,534,651)
Cash Proceeds from Sale or Pay Down of Investments	2,745,408	1,763,311
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,104,302	134,228
Investing Activities		
Purchase of Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements	(7,344)	(13,086)
Net Cash Paid for Acquisitions, Net of Cash Acquired		(156,972)
Changes in Restricted Cash	5,852	(166)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(1,492)	(170,224)

continued

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)**

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Financing Activities		
Distributions to Non-Controlling Interest Holders in Consolidated Entities	\$ (197,563)	\$ (47,338)
Contributions from Non-Controlling Interest Holders in Consolidated Entities	186,147	157,381
Purchase of Interests from Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders	(11)	(16)
Net Settlement of Vested Common Units and Repurchase of Common and Holdings Units	(9,741)	(8,821)
Proceeds from Loans Payable	479	1,365
Repayment and Repurchase of Loans Payable	(435)	(8,952)
Distributions to Unitholders	(561,515)	(279,224)
Blackstone Funds Related:		
Proceeds from Loans Payable	1,844	3,839
Repayment of Loans Payable	(416,241)	(145,673)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(997,036)	(327,439)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	(10)	(5)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	105,764	(363,440)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	709,502	754,744
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 815,266	\$ 391,304
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flows Information		
Payments for Interest	\$ 53,785	\$ 37,409
Payments for Income Taxes	\$ 17,212	\$ 6,866
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Net Activities Related to Capital Transactions of Consolidated Blackstone Funds	\$ 109	\$ (2,633)
Net Assets Related to the Consolidation of CLO Vehicles	\$	\$ 233,541
In-kind Redemption of Capital	\$	\$ (2,017)
In-kind Contribution of Capital	\$ 2,323	\$ 2,017
Transfer of Interests to Non-Controlling Interest Holders	\$ (207)	\$ (1,191)
Change in The Blackstone Group L.P.'s Ownership Interest	\$ (9,748)	\$ (8,867)
Net Settlement of Vested Common Units	\$ 9,981	\$ 6,328
Conversion of Blackstone Holdings Units to Common Units	\$ 1,902	\$ 40,273

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Acquisition of Ownership Interests from Non-Controlling Interest Holders:		
Deferred Tax Asset	\$ (78,972)	\$ (41,029)
Due to Affiliates	\$ 1,272	\$ 34,122
Partners' Capital	\$ 77,700	\$ 6,907

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

1. ORGANIZATION

The Blackstone Group L.P., together with its subsidiaries, (Blackstone or the Partnership) is a leading global manager of private capital and provider of financial advisory services. The alternative asset management business includes the management of private equity funds, real estate funds, real estate investment trusts (REITs), funds of hedge funds, credit-focused funds, collateralized loan obligation (CLO) vehicles, separately managed accounts, and registered investment companies (collectively referred to as the Blackstone Funds). Blackstone also provides various financial advisory services, including financial and strategic advisory, restructuring and reorganization advisory and fund placement services. Blackstone's business is organized into five segments: private equity, real estate, hedge fund solutions, credit and financial advisory.

The Partnership was formed as a Delaware limited partnership on March 12, 2007. The Partnership is managed and operated by its general partner, Blackstone Group Management L.L.C., which is in turn wholly-owned and controlled by one of Blackstone's founders, Stephen A. Schwarzman (the Founder), and Blackstone's other senior managing directors. The activities of the Partnership are conducted through its holding partnerships: Blackstone Holdings I L.P., Blackstone Holdings II L.P., Blackstone Holdings III L.P. and Blackstone Holdings IV L.P. (collectively, Blackstone Holdings , Blackstone Holdings Partnerships or the Holding Partnerships). The Partnership, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, is the sole general partner in each of these Holding Partnerships.

Generally, holders of the limited partner interests in the four Holding Partnerships may, four times each year, exchange their limited partnership interests (Partnership Units) for Blackstone Common Units, on a one-to-one basis, exchanging one Partnership Unit in each of the four Holding Partnerships for one Blackstone Common Unit.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q. The condensed consolidated financial statements, including these notes, are unaudited and exclude some of the disclosures required in audited financial statements. Management believes it has made all necessary adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring items) so that the condensed consolidated financial statements are presented fairly and that estimates made in preparing its condensed consolidated financial statements are reasonable and prudent. The operating results presented for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the entire year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Partnership, its wholly-owned or majority-owned subsidiaries, the consolidated entities which are considered to be variable interest entities and for which the Partnership is considered the primary beneficiary, and certain partnerships or similar entities which are not considered variable interest entities but in which the general partner is presumed to have control.

All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Restructurings within consolidated CLOs are treated as investment purchases or sales, as applicable, in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

The Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012 reflects an increase to Net Income Attributable to Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities of \$14.7 million with a corresponding decrease to Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities to correctly classify the portion of Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities attributable to Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities. This immaterial restatement had no impact on Net Income Attributable to The Blackstone Group L. P., Net Income per Common Unit Basic or Diluted, or the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

Consolidation

The Partnership consolidates all entities that it controls through a majority voting interest or otherwise, including those Blackstone Funds in which the general partner is presumed to have control. Although the Partnership has a non-controlling interest in the Blackstone Holdings partnerships, the limited partners do not have the right to dissolve the partnerships or have substantive kick out rights or participating rights that would overcome the presumption of control by the Partnership. Accordingly, the Partnership consolidates Blackstone Holdings and records non-controlling interests to reflect the economic interests of the limited partners of Blackstone Holdings.

In addition, the Partnership consolidates all variable interest entities (VIE) in which it is the primary beneficiary. An enterprise is determined to be the primary beneficiary if it holds a controlling financial interest. A controlling financial interest is defined as (a) the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and (b) the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The consolidation guidance requires an analysis to (a) determine whether an entity in which the Partnership holds a variable interest is a VIE and (b) whether the Partnership's involvement, through holding interests directly or indirectly in the entity or contractually through other variable interests (for example, management and performance related fees), would give it a controlling financial interest. Performance of that analysis requires the exercise of judgment. VIEs qualify for the deferral of the consolidation guidance if all of the following conditions have been met:

- (a) The entity has all of the attributes of an investment company as defined under American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Accounting and Auditing Guide, *Investment Companies* (Investment Company Guide), or does not have all the attributes of an investment company but it is an entity for which it is acceptable based on industry practice to apply measurement principles that are consistent with the Investment Company Guide,
- (b) The reporting entity does not have explicit or implicit obligations to fund any losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the entity, and
- (c) The entity is not a securitization or asset-backed financing entity or an entity that was formerly considered a qualifying special purpose entity.

Where the VIEs have qualified for the deferral of the current consolidation guidance, the analysis is based on previous consolidation guidance. This guidance requires an analysis to determine (a) whether an entity in which the Partnership holds a variable interest is a variable interest entity and (b) whether the Partnership's involvement, through holding interests directly or indirectly in the entity or contractually through other variable interests (for example, management and performance related fees), would be expected to absorb a majority of the variability of the entity. Under both guidelines, the Partnership determines whether it is the primary beneficiary of a VIE at the time it becomes involved with a variable interest entity and reconsiders that conclusion continuously. In evaluating whether the Partnership is the primary beneficiary, Blackstone evaluates its economic

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interests in the entity held either directly by the Partnership and its affiliates or indirectly through employees. The consolidation analysis can generally be performed qualitatively; however, if it is not readily apparent that the Partnership is not the primary beneficiary, a quantitative analysis may also be performed. Investments and redemptions (either by the Partnership, affiliates of the Partnership or third parties) or amendments to the governing documents of the respective Blackstone Funds could affect an entity's status as a VIE or the determination of the primary beneficiary. At each reporting date, the Partnership assesses whether it is the primary beneficiary and will consolidate or deconsolidate accordingly.

Assets of consolidated variable interest entities that can only be used to settle obligations of the consolidated VIE and liabilities of a consolidated VIE for which creditors (or beneficial interest holders) do not have recourse to the general credit of Blackstone are presented in a separate section in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Blackstone's other disclosures regarding VIEs are discussed in Note 9. Variable Interest Entities .

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

GAAP establishes a hierarchal disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring financial instruments at fair value. Market price observability is affected by a number of factors, including the type of financial instrument, the characteristics specific to the financial instrument and the state of the marketplace, including the existence and transparency of transactions between market participants. Financial instruments with readily available quoted prices in active markets generally will have a higher degree of market price observability and a lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value.

Financial instruments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed based on the observability of inputs used in the determination of fair values, as follows:

Level I Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical financial instruments as of the reporting date. The type of financial instruments in Level I include listed equities, listed derivatives and mutual funds with quoted prices. The Partnership does not adjust the quoted price for these investments, even in situations where Blackstone holds a large position and a sale could reasonably impact the quoted price.

Level II Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Financial instruments which are generally included in this category include corporate bonds and loans, government and agency securities, less liquid and restricted equity securities, certain over-the-counter derivatives where the fair value is based on observable inputs, and certain fund of hedge funds and proprietary investments in which Blackstone has the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value at, or within three months of, the reporting date.

Level III Pricing inputs are unobservable for the financial instruments and includes situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the financial instrument. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation. Financial instruments that are included in this category generally include general and limited partnership interests in private equity and real estate funds, credit-focused funds, distressed debt and non-investment grade residual interests in securitizations, corporate bonds and loans held within CLO vehicles, certain over the counter derivatives where the fair value is based on unobservable inputs and certain funds of hedge funds which use net asset value per share to determine fair value in which Blackstone may not have the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value at, or within three months of, the reporting date. Blackstone may not have the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value at, or within three months of, the reporting date if an investee fund manager

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has the ability to limit the amount of redemptions, and/or the ability to side-pocket investments, irrespective of whether such ability has been exercised. Senior and subordinate notes issued by CLO vehicles generally are classified within Level III of the fair value hierarchy. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the determination of which category within the fair value hierarchy is appropriate for any given financial instrument is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Partnership's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the financial instrument.

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the beginning of the reporting period.

Level II Valuation Techniques

Financial instruments classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy comprise debt instruments, including corporate loans and bonds held by Blackstone's consolidated CLO vehicles, those held within Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies and debt securities sold, not yet purchased and interests in investment funds. Certain equity securities and derivative instruments valued using observable inputs are also classified as Level II.

The valuation techniques used to value financial instruments classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Debt Instruments and Equity Securities are valued on the basis of prices from an orderly transaction between market participants provided by reputable dealers or pricing services. In determining the value of a particular investment, pricing services may use certain information with respect to transactions in such investments, quotations from dealers, pricing matrices and market transactions in comparable investments and various relationships between investments. The valuation of certain equity securities is based on an observable price for an identical security adjusted for the effect of a restriction.

Investment Funds held by the consolidated Blackstone Funds are valued using net asset value per share as described in Level III Valuation Techniques. Funds of Hedge Funds. Certain investments in investment funds are classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy as the investment can be redeemed at, or within three months of, the reporting date.

Freestanding Derivatives and Derivative Instruments Designated as Fair Value Hedges are valued using contractual cash flows and observable inputs comprising yield curves, foreign currency rates and credit spreads.

Level III Valuation Techniques

In the absence of observable market prices, Blackstone values its investments using valuation methodologies applied on a consistent basis. For some investments little market activity may exist; management's determination of fair value is then based on the best information available in the circumstances, and may incorporate management's own assumptions and involves a significant degree of judgment, taking into consideration a combination of internal and external factors, including the appropriate risk adjustments for non-performance and liquidity risks. Investments for which market prices are not observable include private investments in the equity of operating companies, real estate properties, certain funds of hedge funds and credit-focused investments.

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Private Equity Investments The fair values of private equity investments are determined by reference to projected net earnings, earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), the discounted cash flow method, public market or private transactions, valuations for comparable companies and other measures which, in many cases, are unaudited at the time received. Valuations may be derived by reference to observable valuation measures for comparable companies or transactions (for example, multiplying a key performance metric of the investee company such as EBITDA by a relevant valuation multiple observed in the range of comparable companies or transactions), adjusted by management for differences between the investment and the referenced comparables, and in some instances by reference to option pricing models or other similar methods. Private equity investments may also be valued at cost for a period of time after an acquisition as the best indicator of fair value.

Real Estate Investments The fair values of real estate investments are determined by considering projected operating cash flows, sales of comparable assets, if any, and replacement costs among other measures. The methods used to estimate the fair value of real estate investments include the discounted cash flow method and/or capitalization rates (cap rates) analysis. Valuations may be derived by reference to observable valuation measures for comparable companies or assets (for example, multiplying a key performance metric of the investee company or asset, such as EBITDA, by a relevant valuation multiple observed in the range of comparable companies or transactions), adjusted by management for differences between the investment and the referenced comparables, and in some instances by reference to option pricing models or other similar methods. Additionally, where applicable, projected distributable cash flow through debt maturity will be considered in support of the investment s fair value.

Funds of Hedge Funds Blackstone Funds direct investments in funds of hedge funds (Investee Funds) are valued at net asset value (NAV) per share of the Investee Fund. If the Partnership determines, based on its own due diligence and investment procedures, that NAV per share does not represent fair value, the Partnership will estimate the fair value in good faith and in a manner that it reasonably chooses, in accordance with its valuation policies.

Certain investments of Blackstone and of the consolidated Blackstone funds of hedge funds and credit-focused funds measure their investments in underlying funds at fair value using NAV per share without adjustment. The terms of the investee s investment generally provide for minimum holding periods or lock-ups, the institution of gates on redemptions or the suspension of redemptions or an ability to side-pocket investments, at the discretion of the investee s fund manager, and as a result, investments may not be redeemable at, or within three months of, the reporting date. A side-pocket is used by hedge funds and funds of hedge funds to separate investments that may lack a readily ascertainable value, are illiquid or are subject to liquidity restriction. Redemptions are generally not permitted until the investments within a side pocket are liquidated or it is deemed that the conditions existing at the time that required the investment to be included in the side pocket no longer exist. As the timing of either of these events is uncertain, the timing at which the Partnership may redeem an investment held in a side-pocket cannot be estimated. Investments for which fair value is measured using NAV per share are reflected within the fair value hierarchy based on the observability of pricing inputs as described above. Further disclosure on instruments for which fair value is measured using NAV per share is presented in Note 5. Net Asset Value as Fair Value .

Credit-Focused Investments The fair values of credit-focused investments are generally determined on the basis of prices between market participants provided by reputable dealers or pricing services. In some instances, Blackstone may utilize other valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow method or a market approach.

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Credit-Focused Liabilities Credit-focused liabilities comprise senior and subordinate loans issued by Blackstone's consolidated CLO vehicles. Such liabilities are valued using a discounted cash flow method.

Level III Valuation Process

Investments classified within Level III of the fair value hierarchy are valued on a quarterly basis, taking into consideration any changes in Blackstone's weighted average cost of capital assumptions, discounted cash flow projections and exit multiple assumptions, as well as any changes in economic and other relevant conditions, and valuation models are updated accordingly. The valuation process also includes a review by an independent valuation party, at least annually for all investments, and quarterly for certain investments, to corroborate the values determined by management. The valuations of Blackstone's investments are reviewed quarterly by a valuation committee which is chaired by Blackstone's Vice Chairman and includes senior heads of each of Blackstone's businesses, as well as representatives of legal and finance. Each quarter, the valuations of Blackstone's investments are also reviewed by the Audit Committee in a meeting attended by the chairman of the valuation committee as well as the senior heads of each of Blackstone's businesses. The valuations are further tested by comparison to actual sales prices obtained on disposition of the investments.

Investments, at Fair Value

The Blackstone Funds are accounted for as investment companies under the Investment Company Guide, and reflect their investments, including majority-owned and controlled investments (the "Portfolio Companies"), at fair value. Blackstone has retained the specialized accounting for the consolidated Blackstone Funds. Thus, such consolidated funds' investments are reflected in Investments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value reflected as a component of Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

Blackstone's principal investments are presented at fair value with unrealized appreciation or depreciation and realized gains and losses recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations within Investment Income (Loss).

For certain instruments, the Partnership has elected the fair value option. Such election is irrevocable and is applied on an investment by investment basis at initial recognition. The Partnership has applied the fair value option for certain loans and receivables and certain investments in private debt securities that otherwise would not have been carried at fair value with gains and losses recorded in net income. Accounting for these financial instruments at fair value is consistent with how the Partnership accounts for its other principal investments. Loans extended to third parties are recorded within Accounts Receivable within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Debt securities for which the fair value option has been elected are recorded within Investments. The methodology for measuring the fair value of such investments is consistent with the methodology applied to private equity, real estate, credit-focused and funds of hedge funds investments. Changes in the fair value of such instruments are recognized in Investment Income (Loss) in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Interest income on interest bearing loans and receivables and debt securities on which the fair value option has been elected is based on stated coupon rates adjusted for the accretion of purchase discounts and the amortization of purchase premiums. This interest income is recorded within Interest and Dividend Revenue.

In addition, the Partnership has elected the fair value option for the assets and liabilities of CLO vehicles that are consolidated as of January 1, 2010, as a result of the initial adoption of variable interest entity

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consolidation guidance. The Partnership has also elected the fair value option for CLO vehicles consolidated as a result of the acquisitions of CLO management contracts or the acquisition of the share capital of CLO managers. The adjustment resulting from the difference between the fair value of assets and liabilities for each of these events is presented as a transition and acquisition adjustment to Appropriated Partners Capital. The recognition of the initial difference between the fair value of assets and liabilities of CLO vehicles consolidated as a result of the acquisition of management contracts or CLO managers subsequent to the initial adoption of revised accounting guidance effective January 1, 2010, as an adjustment to Appropriated Partners Capital, is currently under review by the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF). Assets of the consolidated CLOs are presented within Investments within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and Liabilities within Loans Payable for the amounts due to unaffiliated third parties and Due to Affiliates for the amounts held by non-consolidated affiliates. The methodology for measuring the fair value of such assets and liabilities is consistent with the methodology applied to private equity, real estate, and credit-focused investments. Changes in the fair value of consolidated CLO assets and liabilities and related interest, dividend and other income subsequent to adoption and acquisition are presented within Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities. Expenses of consolidated CLO vehicles are presented in Fund Expenses. Amounts attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities have a corresponding adjustment to Appropriated Partners Capital.

The Partnership has elected the fair value option for certain proprietary investments that would otherwise have been accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The fair value of such investments is based on quoted prices in an active market or using the discounted cash flow method. Changes in fair value are recognized in Investment Income (Loss) in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Further disclosure on instruments for which the fair value option has been elected is presented in Note 7. Fair Value Option to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Security and loan transactions are recorded on a trade date basis.

Equity Method Investments

Investments where the Partnership is deemed to exert significant influence, but not control, are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, the Partnership's share of earnings (losses) from equity method investments is included in Investment Income (Loss) in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The carrying amounts of equity method investments are reflected in Investments in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. As the underlying investments of the Partnership's equity method investments in Blackstone Funds are reported at fair value, the carrying value of the Partnership's equity method investments represents fair value.

Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements

Securities purchased under agreements to resell (reverse repurchase agreements) and securities sold under agreements to repurchase (repurchase agreements), comprising primarily U.S. and non-U.S. government and agency securities, asset-backed securities and corporate debt, represent collateralized financing transactions. Such transactions are recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at their contractual amounts and include accrued interest. The carrying value of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements approximates fair value.

The Partnership manages credit exposure arising from repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements by, in appropriate circumstances, entering into master netting agreements and collateral arrangements with counterparties that provide the Partnership, in the event of a counterparty default, the right to liquidate collateral and the right to offset a counterparty's rights and obligations.

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The Partnership takes possession of securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements and is permitted to repledge, deliver or otherwise use such securities. The Partnership also pledges its financial instruments to counterparties to collateralize repurchase agreements. Financial instruments pledged that can be repledged, delivered or otherwise used by the counterparty are recorded in Investments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Blackstone does not offset assets and liabilities relating to reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements. Additional disclosures relating to offsetting are discussed in Note 11. Offsetting of Assets and Liabilities .

Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased

Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased consist of equity and debt securities that the Partnership has borrowed and sold. The Partnership is required to cover its short sale in the future by purchasing the security at prevailing market prices and delivering it to the counterparty from which it borrowed the security. The Partnership is exposed to loss in the event that the price at which a security may have to be purchased to cover a short sale exceeds the price at which the borrowed security was sold short.

Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased are recorded at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Derivative Instruments

The Partnership recognizes all derivatives as assets or liabilities on its Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at fair value. On the date the Partnership enters into a derivative contract, it designates and documents each derivative contract as one of the following: (a) a hedge of a recognized asset or liability (fair value hedge), (b) a hedge of a forecasted transaction or of the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability (cash flow hedge), (c) a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation, or (d) a derivative instrument not designated as a hedging instrument (freestanding derivative). For a fair value hedge, Blackstone records changes in the fair value of the derivative and, to the extent that it is highly effective, changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability attributable to the hedged risk, in current period earnings in General, Administrative and Other in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments caused by factors other than changes in the risk being hedged, which are excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness, are recognized in current period earnings.

The Partnership formally documents at inception its hedge relationships, including identification of the hedging instruments and the hedged items, its risk management objectives, strategy for undertaking the hedge transaction and the Partnership's evaluation of effectiveness of its hedged transaction. At least monthly, the Partnership also formally assesses whether the derivative it designated in each hedging relationship is expected to be, and has been, highly effective in offsetting changes in estimated fair values or cash flows of the hedged items using either the regression analysis or the dollar offset method. If it is determined that a derivative is not highly effective at hedging the designated exposure, hedge accounting is discontinued. The Partnership may also at any time remove a designation of a fair value hedge. The fair value of the derivative instrument is reflected within Other Assets in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

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For freestanding derivative contracts, the Partnership presents changes in fair value in current period earnings. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments held by consolidated Blackstone Funds are reflected in Net Gains from Funds Investment Activities or, where derivative instruments are held by the Partnership, within Investment Income (Loss), in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The fair value of freestanding derivative assets are recorded within Investments and freestanding derivative liabilities are recorded within Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

The Partnership has elected to not offset derivative assets and liabilities or financial assets, including cash, that may be received or paid as part of collateral arrangements, even when an enforceable master netting agreement is in place that provides the Partnership, in the event of counterparty default, the right to liquidate collateral and the right to offset a counterparty's rights and obligations.

Blackstone's other disclosures regarding derivative financial instruments are discussed in Note 6. Derivative Financial Instruments .

Blackstone's disclosures regarding offsetting are discussed in Note 11. Offsetting of Assets and Liabilities .

Affiliates

Blackstone considers its Founder, senior managing directors, employees, the Blackstone Funds and the Portfolio Companies to be affiliates.

Distributions

Distributions are reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements when paid.

Recent Accounting Developments

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance on the reporting of amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The guidance did not change the requirement for reporting net income or other comprehensive income in financial statements. However, the amendments required an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, an entity is required to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes to the financial statements, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income but only if the amount reclassified is required under GAAP to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For other amounts that are not required under GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures required under GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts.

The guidance was effective prospectively for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. As the amendments were limited to presentation and disclosure, adoption had no impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued guidance to enhance disclosures about financial instruments and derivative instruments that are either (a) offset or (b) subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement, irrespective of whether they are offset. Under the amended guidance, an entity is required to disclose quantitative information relating to recognized assets and liabilities that are offset or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement, including (a) the gross amounts of those

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recognized assets and liabilities, (b) the amounts offset to determine the net amount presented in the statement of financial position, and (c) the net amount presented in the statement of financial position. With respect to amounts subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement which are not offset, disclosure is required of (a) the amounts related to recognized financial instruments and other derivative instruments, (b) the amount related to financial collateral (including cash collateral), and (c) the overall net amount after considering amounts that have not been offset. The guidance was effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 and interim periods within those annual periods and retrospective application is required. As the amendments were limited to disclosure only, adoption did not have a material impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

In January 2013, the FASB issued guidance to clarify the scope of disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities. The amendments clarified that the scope of guidance issued in December 2011 to enhance disclosures around financial instrument and derivative instruments that are either (a) offset, or (b) subject to a master netting agreement or similar agreement, irrespective of whether they are offset, applies to derivatives, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The amendments were effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Adoption did not have a material impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

In February 2013, the FASB issued guidance on the measurement of joint and several liability arrangements in which the total amount of the obligation is fixed at the reporting date. The guidance requires entities to measure obligations from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation within the scope of the guidance is fixed at the reporting date as the sum of (a) the amount the reporting entity agreed to pay on the basis of its arrangement among its co-obligors and (b) any additional amount the reporting entity expects to pay on behalf of its co-obligors. The guidance also requires an entity to disclose the nature and amount of the obligation as well as other information about those obligations. The guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. Adoption is not expected to have a material impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

In March 2013, the FASB issued guidance on a parent entity's accounting for cumulative translation adjustment upon derecognition of certain subsidiaries or groups of assets within a foreign entity or of an investment in a foreign entity. When a parent entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or a group of assets that is a business within a foreign entity, any related portion of the total cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. For an equity method investment that is a foreign entity, partial sale guidance applies. As such, a pro rata portion of the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income upon a partial sale of such an equity method investment. For an equity method investment that is not a foreign entity, the cumulative translation adjustment is released into net income only if the partial sale represents a complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity that contains the equity method investment. Additionally, the guidance clarifies that the sale of an investment in a foreign entity includes both (a) events that result in the loss of a controlling financial interest in a foreign entity (that is, irrespective of any retained investment) and (b) events that result in an acquirer obtaining control of an acquiree in which it held an equity interest immediately before the acquisition date (sometimes also referred to as a step acquisition). Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income upon the occurrence of those events. The guidance shall be applied on a prospective basis for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The guidance should be applied to derecognition events occurring after the effective date. Prior periods should not be adjusted. Early adoption is permitted. Adoption is not expected to have a material impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

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In April 2013, the FASB issued guidance on when and how an entity should prepare its financial statements using the liquidation basis of accounting. The guidance requires an entity to prepare its financial statements using the liquidation basis of accounting when liquidation is imminent. Financial statements prepared using the liquidation basis of accounting shall measure and present assets at the amount of the expected cash proceeds from liquidation. The presentation of assets shall include any items that had not previously been recognized under GAAP but that it expects to either sell in liquidation or use in settling liabilities. Liabilities shall be recognized and measured in accordance with GAAP that otherwise applies to those liabilities. The guidance requires an entity to accrue and separately present the costs that it expects to incur and the income that it expects to earn during the expected duration of the liquidation, including any costs associated with sale or settlement of those assets and liabilities. The guidance requires disclosures about an entity's plan for liquidation, the methods and significant assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities, the type and amount of costs and income accrued, and the expected duration of the liquidation process. The guidance is effective for entities that determine liquidation is imminent during annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013 and interim periods therein. The guidance should be applied prospectively. Adoption is not expected to have a material impact on the Partnership's financial statements.

3. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible Assets, Net consists of the following:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Finite-Lived Intangible Assets / Contractual Rights	\$ 1,536,244	\$ 1,536,244
Accumulated Amortization	(960,622)	(937,709)
Intangible Assets, Net	\$ 575,622	\$ 598,535

Amortization expense associated with Blackstone's intangible assets was \$22.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and \$48.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Amortization of Intangible Assets held at March 31, 2013 is expected to be \$88.2 million, \$83.4 million, \$77.1 million, \$72.8 million, and \$46.4 million for each of the years ending December 31, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017, respectively. Blackstone's intangible assets as of March 31, 2013 are expected to amortize over a weighted-average period of 8.4 years.

4. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of the following:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds	\$ 12,981,413	\$ 14,026,745
Equity Method Investments	2,666,295	2,582,504
Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies	1,264,637	1,411,680
Performance Fees	2,992,905	2,780,217

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Other Investments	49,336	46,124
	\$ 19,954,586	\$ 20,847,270

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Blackstone's share of Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds totaled \$474.5 million and \$500.5 million at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, consideration was given as to whether any individual investment, including derivative instruments, had a fair value which exceeded 5% of Blackstone's net assets. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, no investment exceeded the 5% threshold.

Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds

The following table presents the realized and net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments held by the consolidated Blackstone Funds:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Realized Gains	\$ 67,788	\$ 44,350
Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)	(42,495)	155,685
	\$ 25,293	\$ 200,035

The following reconciles the Realized and Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) from Blackstone Funds presented above to Other Income Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Realized and Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) from Blackstone Funds	\$ 25,293	\$ 200,035
Interest and Dividend Revenue Attributable to Consolidated Blackstone Funds	41,917	88,107
Other Income Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities	\$ 67,210	\$ 288,142

Equity Method Investments

Blackstone's equity method investments include its investments in private equity funds, real estate funds, funds of hedge funds and credit-focused funds and other proprietary investments, which are not consolidated but in which the Partnership exerts significant influence.

Blackstone evaluates each of its equity method investments to determine if any were significant as defined by guidance from the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. As of and for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, no individual equity method investment held by Blackstone met the significance criteria. As such, Blackstone is not required to present summarized financial information for any of its equity method investments.

The Partnership recognized net gains related to its equity method investments of \$107.9 million and \$58.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued****(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)****Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies**

The portion of Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies included in Investments represents the Partnership's liquid investments in government, other investment and non-investment grade securities and other investments. These strategies are primarily managed by third-party institutions. The following table presents the realized and net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments held by Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Realized Gains (Losses)	\$ 3,911	\$ (2,157)
Net Change in Unrealized Losses	(971)	(4,419)
	\$ 2,940	\$ (6,576)

Performance Fees

Performance Fees allocated to the general partner in respect of performance of certain Carry Funds, funds of hedge funds and credit-focused funds were as follows:

	Private Equity	Real Estate	Hedge Fund Solutions	Credit	Total
Performance Fees, December 31, 2012	\$ 780,474	\$ 1,633,279	\$ 6,214	\$ 360,250	\$ 2,780,217
Performance Fees Allocated as a Result of Changes in Fund Fair Values	42,313	354,943	19,915	102,890	520,061
Foreign Exchange Loss		(4,297)			(4,297)
Fund Distributions	(138,671)	(79,562)	(3,526)	(81,317)	(303,076)
Performance Fees, March 31, 2013	\$ 684,116	\$ 1,904,363	\$ 22,603	\$ 381,823	\$ 2,992,905

Other Investments

Other Investments consist primarily of proprietary investment securities held by Blackstone. The following table presents Blackstone's realized and net change in unrealized gains (losses) in other investments:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Realized Gains (Losses)	\$ (648)	\$ 255
Net Change in Unrealized Gains	5,204	2,737
	\$ 4,556	\$ 2,992

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(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

5. NET ASSET VALUE AS FAIR VALUE

A summary of fair value by strategy type alongside the remaining unfunded commitments and ability to redeem such investments as of March 31, 2013 is presented below:

Strategy	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (if currently eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Diversified Instruments	\$ 142,425	\$ 6,071	(a)	(a)
Credit Driven	215,628	1,980	(b)	(b)
Event Driven	92,667		(c)	(c)
Equity	473,514		(d)	(d)
Commodities	57,425		(e)	(e)
	\$ 981,659	\$ 8,051		

- (a) Diversified Instruments include investments in funds that invest across multiple strategies. Investments representing 64% of the value of the investments in this category may not be redeemed at, or within three months of, the reporting date. The remaining 36% of investments within this category represent investments in hedge funds that are in the process of liquidating. Distributions from these funds will be received as underlying investments are liquidated. The time at which this redemption restriction may lapse cannot be estimated. As of the reporting date, the investee fund manager had elected to side-pocket 24% of Blackstone's investments in this category.
- (b) The Credit Driven category includes investments in hedge funds that invest primarily in domestic and international bonds. Investments representing 80% of the value of the investments in this category may not be redeemed at, or within three months of, the reporting date. Investments representing 8% of the total value in the credit driven category are subject to redemption restrictions at the discretion of the investee fund manager who may choose (but may not have exercised such ability) to side-pocket such investments. The remaining 12% of investments within this category are redeemable as of the reporting date. As of the reporting date, the investee fund manager had not elected to side-pocket any of Blackstone's investments in this category.
- (c) The Event Driven category includes investments in hedge funds whose primary investing strategy is to identify certain event-driven investments. Withdrawals are not permitted in this category. Distributions will be received as the underlying investments are liquidated.
- (d) The Equity category includes investments in hedge funds that invest primarily in domestic and international equity securities. Investments representing 67% of the total value of investments in this category may not be redeemed at, or within three months of, the reporting date. Investments representing 18% of the total value of investments in this category are subject to lock-up restrictions. Investments representing 14% of the total value of investments in this category are subject to redemption restrictions at the discretion of the investee fund manager who may choose (but may not have elected such ability) to side-pocket such investments or gate such investments, whereby limiting the amount of withdrawals from the fund during a redemption period. Investments representing 1% of the total value of investments in this category are in hedge funds that are in the process of liquidating. As of the reporting date, the investee fund manager had elected to side-pocket 2% of Blackstone's investments in this category.
- (e) The Commodities category includes investments in commodities-focused funds that primarily invest in futures and physical-based commodity driven strategies. Investments in this category may not be redeemed at, or within three months of, the reporting date.

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Blackstone and the Blackstone Funds enter into derivative contracts in the normal course of business to achieve certain risk management objectives and for general investment purposes. Additionally, Blackstone may enter into derivative contracts in order to hedge its interest rate risk exposure against the effects of interest rate changes. As a result of the use of derivative contracts, Blackstone and the consolidated Blackstone Funds are exposed to the risk that counterparties will fail to fulfill their contractual obligations. To mitigate such counterparty risk, Blackstone and the consolidated Blackstone Funds enter into contracts with certain major financial institutions, all of which have investment grade ratings. Counterparty credit risk is evaluated in determining the fair value of derivative instruments.

Freestanding Derivatives

Freestanding derivatives are instruments that Blackstone and certain of the consolidated Blackstone Funds have entered into as part of their overall risk management and investment strategies. These derivative contracts are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Such contracts may include interest rate swaps, foreign exchange contracts, equity swaps, options, futures and other derivative contracts.

The table below summarizes the aggregate notional amount and fair value of the derivative financial instruments. The notional amount represents the absolute value amount of all outstanding derivative contracts.

	March 31, 2013				December 31, 2012			
	Assets		Liabilities		Assets		Liabilities	
	Notional	Fair Value	Notional	Fair Value	Notional	Fair Value	Notional	Fair Value
Freestanding Derivatives								
Blackstone Other								
Interest Rate Contracts	\$ 726,044	\$ 45,141	\$ 705,554	\$ 3,684	\$ 689,300	\$ 55,270	\$ 636,555	\$ 4,116
Foreign Currency Contracts	6,602	287	20,470	48	16,771	74	7,025	81
Credit Default Swaps			15,000	2,558				
Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds								
Foreign Currency Contracts	413,695	43,926	288,199	14,149	435,229	37,898	301,551	17,101
Interest Rate Contracts	77,704	4,853	31,000	293	165,517	6,132	90,500	772
Freestanding Derivatives	1,224,045	94,207	1,060,223	20,732	1,306,817	99,374	1,035,631	22,070
Total	\$ 1,224,045	\$ 94,207	\$ 1,060,223	\$ 20,732	\$ 1,306,817	\$ 99,374	\$ 1,035,631	\$ 22,070

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The table below summarizes the impact to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations from derivative financial instruments:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Fair Value Hedges Interest Rate Swaps		
Hedge Ineffectiveness	\$	\$ (794)
Excluded from Assessment of Effectiveness	\$	\$ (5,888)
Freestanding Derivatives		
Realized Gains (Losses)		
Interest Rate Contracts	\$ (526)	\$ 136
Foreign Currency Contracts	(1,236)	1,725
Credit Default Swaps	8	
Total	\$ (1,754)	\$ 1,861
Net Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)		
Interest Rate Contracts	\$ (6,686)	\$ 6,597
Foreign Currency Contracts	7,379	13,721
Credit Default Swaps	(23)	4
Total	\$ 670	\$ 20,322

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Partnership had not designated any derivatives as cash flow hedges or hedges of net investments in foreign operations.

7. FAIR VALUE OPTION

The following table summarizes the financial instruments for which the fair value option has been elected:

	As of March 31, 2013	As of December 31, 2012
Assets		
Loans and Receivables	\$ 3,867	\$ 30,663
Equity and Preferred Securities	18,504	16,147
Assets of Consolidated CLO Vehicles		
Corporate Loans	9,964,199	11,053,513
Corporate Bonds	165,148	162,456
Other	19,143	18,285

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\$ 10,170,861 \$ 11,281,064

Liabilities

Liabilities of Consolidated CLO Vehicles

Senior Secured Notes	\$ 9,634,747	\$ 10,695,136
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Subordinated Notes	720,552	846,471
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	\$ 10,355,299	\$ 11,541,607
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The following table presents the realized and net change in unrealized gains (losses) on financial instruments on which the fair value option was elected:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		2012	
	2013	Net Change	Realized	Net Change
	Realized	in Unrealized	Gains (Losses)	in Unrealized
	Gains (Losses)	Gains (Losses)		Gains (Losses)
Assets				
Loans and Receivables	\$ 43	\$ (50)	\$	\$ 6
Equity and Preferred Securities	(793)	3,150		
Assets of Consolidated CLO Vehicles				
Corporate Loans	39,575	79,146	39,274	289,231
Corporate Bonds	2,882	(3,788)	407	12,682
Other	889	1,609	119	3,481
	\$ 42,596	\$ 80,067	\$ 39,800	\$ 305,400
Liabilities				
Liabilities of Consolidated CLO Vehicles				
Senior Secured Notes	\$	\$ (227,911)	\$ (44)	\$ (93,203)
Subordinated Notes		36,742		(34,483)
	\$	\$ (191,169)	\$ (44)	\$ (127,686)

The following table presents information for those financial instruments for which the fair value option was elected:

	As of March 31, 2013			As of December 31, 2012		
	For Financial Assets Past Due (a)			For Financial Assets Past Due (a)		
	Excess (Deficiency) of Fair Value Over Principal	Fair Value	Excess (Deficiency) of Fair Value Over Principal	Excess (Deficiency) of Fair Value Over Principal	Fair Value	Excess (Deficiency) of Fair Value Over Principal
Loans and Receivables	\$ (595)	\$	\$	\$ (292)	\$	\$
Assets of Consolidated CLO Vehicles						
Corporate Loans	(457,448)	43,683	(155,885)	(586,450)	35,322	(73,291)
Corporate Bonds	(957)			(984)	831	(44)
	\$ (459,000)	\$ 43,683	\$ (155,885)	\$ (587,726)	\$ 36,153	\$ (73,335)

(a)

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Past due Corporate Loans and Corporate Bonds within CLO assets are classified as past due if contractual payments are more than one day past due.

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, no Loans and Receivables for which the fair value option was elected were past due or in non-accrual status. As of March 31, 2013, no Corporate Bonds included within the Assets of Consolidated CLO Vehicles for which the fair value option was elected were past due or in non-accrual status.

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8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following tables summarize the valuation of the Partnership's financial assets and liabilities by the fair value hierarchy as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively:

	March 31, 2013			
	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Assets				
Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds (a)				
Investment Funds	\$	\$ 1,753	\$ 929,245	\$ 930,998
Equity Securities	22,920	99,380	214,169	336,469
Partnership and LLC Interests	205	15,660	603,891	619,756
Debt Instruments		858,776	38,145	896,921
Assets of Consolidated CLO Vehicles				
Corporate Loans		8,861,016	1,103,183	9,964,199
Corporate Bonds		134,713	30,435	165,148
Freestanding Derivatives Foreign Currency Contracts		43,926		43,926
Freestanding Derivatives Interest Rate Contracts		4,853		4,853
Other		914	18,229	19,143
Total Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds	23,125	10,020,991	2,937,297	12,981,413
Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies	383,094	845,165	36,378	1,264,637
Money Market Funds	257,122			257,122
Freestanding Derivatives				
Interest Rate Contracts	587	44,554		45,141
Foreign Currency Contracts		287		287
Loans and Receivables			3,867	3,867
Other Investments	15,715	6,950	26,671	49,336
	\$ 679,643	\$ 10,917,947	\$ 3,004,213	\$ 14,601,803
Liabilities				
Liabilities of Consolidated CLO Vehicles (a)				
Senior Secured Notes	\$	\$	\$ 9,634,747	\$ 9,634,747
Subordinated Notes			720,552	720,552
Freestanding Derivatives Foreign Currency Contracts		14,149		14,149
Freestanding Derivatives Interest Rate Contracts		293		293
Freestanding Derivatives				
Interest Rate Contracts	842	2,842		3,684
Foreign Currency Contracts		48		48
Credit Default Swaps		2,558		2,558
Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased		212,870		212,870
	\$ 842	\$ 232,760	\$ 10,355,299	\$ 10,588,901

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	December 31, 2012			
	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Assets				
Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds (a)				
Investment Funds	\$	\$ 1,799	\$ 890,465	\$ 892,264
Equity Securities	95,898	28,654	217,060	341,612
Partnership and LLC Interests	212	12,375	581,151	593,738
Debt Instruments		903,123	17,724	920,847
Assets of Consolidated CLO Vehicles				
Corporate Loans		9,775,070	1,278,443	11,053,513
Corporate Bonds		146,625	15,831	162,456
Freestanding Derivatives Foreign Currency Contracts		37,898		37,898
Freestanding Derivatives Interest Rate Contracts		6,132		6,132
Other		1,260	17,025	18,285
Total Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds	96,110	10,912,936	3,017,699	14,026,745
Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies	672,766	737,708	1,206	1,411,680
Money Market Funds	129,549			129,549
Freestanding Derivatives				
Interest Rate Contracts	486	54,784		55,270
Foreign Currency Contracts		74		74
Loans and Receivables			30,663	30,663
Other Investments	12,443	6,783	26,898	46,124
	\$ 911,354	\$ 11,712,285	\$ 3,076,466	\$ 15,700,105
Liabilities				
Liabilities of Consolidated CLO Vehicles (a)				
Senior Secured Notes	\$	\$	\$ 10,695,136	\$ 10,695,136
Subordinated Notes			846,471	846,471
Freestanding Derivatives Foreign Currency Contracts		17,101		17,101
Freestanding Derivatives Interest Rate Contracts		772		772
Freestanding Derivatives				
Interest Rate Contracts	277	3,839		4,116
Foreign Currency Contracts		81		81
Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased		226,425		226,425
	\$ 277	\$ 248,218	\$ 11,541,607	\$ 11,790,102

- (a) Pursuant to GAAP consolidation guidance, the Partnership is required to consolidate all VIEs in which it has been identified as the primary beneficiary, including certain CLO vehicles, and other funds in which a consolidated entity of the Partnership, as the general partner of the fund, is presumed to have control. While the Partnership is required to consolidate certain funds, including CLO vehicles, for GAAP purposes, the Partnership has no ability to utilize the assets of these funds and there is no recourse to the Partnership for their liabilities since these are client assets and liabilities.

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The following table summarizes the fair value transfers between Level I and Level II for positions that exist as of March 31, 2013:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013	Three Months Ended March 31, 2012
Transfers from Level I into Level II (a)	\$ 75,134	\$ 29,516
Transfers from Level II into Level I (b)	\$	\$ 271

- (a) Transfers out of Level I represent those financial instruments for which restrictions exist and adjustments were made to an otherwise observable price to reflect fair value at the reporting date.
- (b) Transfers into Level I represent those financial instruments for which an unadjusted quoted price in an active market became available for the identical asset.

The following table summarizes the quantitative inputs and assumptions used for items categorized in Level III of the fair value hierarchy as of March 31, 2013:

	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Ranges	Weighted Average (a)
Financial Assets					
Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds					
Investment Funds	\$ 929,245	NAV as Fair Value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Equity Securities	147,902	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	8.3% - 25.0%	11.3%
			Revenue CAGR	1.7% - 21.0%	5.1%
			Exit Multiple	5.8x - 17.0x	9.3x
	62,077	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1,663	Market Comparable Companies	Book Value Multiple	1.0x	N/A
	648	Third Party Pricing	EBITDA Multiple	6.8x - 7.5x	7.1x
	1,879	Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Partnership and LLC Interests	587,157	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	5.7% - 22.5%	8.9%
			Revenue CAGR	-8.2% - 49.8%	4.6%
			Exit Multiple	4.5x - 20.0x	10.0x
			Exit Capitalization Rate	5.0% - 10.5%	7.0%
	10,916	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
	5,818	Third Party Pricing	N/A	N/A	N/A
Debt Instruments	14,192	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	8.4% - 42.0%	14.5%
			Revenue CAGR	1.0% - 4.7%	3.6%
			Exit Multiple	5.8x - 11.5x	10.2x
			Exit Capitalization Rate	7.5% - 7.7%	7.7%
			Default Rate	2.0% - 3.0%	2.4%
			Recovery Rate	70.0%	N/A
			Recovery Lag	12 months	N/A
			Pre-payment Rate	20.0%	N/A
	23,603	Third Party Pricing	Reinvestment Rate	LIBOR + 375 bps	N/A
			N/A	N/A	N/A

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	350	Market Comparable Companies	EBITDA Multiple	6.2x - 7.8x	6.4x
Assets of Consolidated CLO Vehicles	762,805	Third Party Pricing	N/A	N/A	N/A
	272,216	Market Comparable Companies	EBITDA Multiple	3.0x - 11.5x	6.5x
	116,817	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	7.0% - 13.7%	9.4%
	9	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds	2,937,297				

continued...

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(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

		Valuation			
	Fair Value	Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Ranges	Weighted Average (a)
Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies	\$ 13,790	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
	18,347	Third Party Pricing	N/A	N/A	N/A
	4,241	Discounted Cash Flows	Default Rate	2.0%	N/A
			Recovery Rate	30.0%-70.0%	66.0%
			Recovery Lag	12 months	N/A
			Pre-payment Rate	10.0%-20.0%	19.0%
			Reinvestment Rate	LIBOR + 375 bps	N/A
			Discount Rate	6.4%	N/A
Loans and Receivables	3,867	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	11.0% - 26.1%	14.8%
Other Investments	18,017	NAV as Fair Value	N/A	N/A	N/A
	4,854	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	12.5%	N/A
	3,800	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 3,004,213				

Financial Liabilities

CLOs	\$ 10,355,299	Discounted Cash Flows	Default Rate	2.0% - 3.0%	2.1%
			Recovery Rate	30.0% - 70.0%	66.0%
			Recovery Lag	12 months	N/A
			Pre-payment Rate	5.0% - 20.0%	18.0%
			Discount Rate	0.9% - 60.0%	3.5%
			Reinvestment Rate	LIBOR + 375 bps	N/A

The following table summarizes the quantitative inputs and assumptions used for items categorized in Level III of the fair value hierarchy as of December 31, 2012:

	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Ranges	Weighted Average (a)
Financial Assets					
Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds					
Investment Funds	\$ 890,465	NAV as Fair Value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Equity Securities	151,899	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	8.4% - 25.1%	11.2%
			Revenue CAGR	0.7% - 83.4%	5.6%
			Exit Multiple	5.8x - 17.0x	9.2x
	61,479	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1,602	Market Comparable Companies	Book Value Multiple	0.9x	N/A
			EBITDA Multiple	5.0x - 8.7x	7.8x
	200	Third Party Pricing	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1,880	Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Partnership and LLC Interests	562,678	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	5.3% - 22.6%	8.9%
			Revenue CAGR	-8.2% - 62.0%	5.3%
			Exit Multiple	4.5x - 15.4x	10.0x
			Exit Capitalization Rate	1.0% - 10.5%	7.0%

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	13,316	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
	5,157	Third Party Pricing	N/A	N/A	N/A
Debt Instruments	13,056	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	7.8% - 42.0%	15.6%
			Revenue CAGR	2.9% - 5.1%	3.8%
			Exit Multiple	9.5x	N/A
			Exit Capitalization Rate	7.0% - 7.5%	7.1%
			Default Rate	2.0%	N/A
			Recovery Rate	70.0%	N/A
			Recovery Lag	12 months	N/A
			Pre-payment Rate	20.0%	N/A
			Reinvestment Rate	LIBOR + 400 bps	N/A
	4,004	Third Party Pricing	N/A	N/A	N/A
	664	Market Comparable Companies	EBITDA Multiple	6.5x - 7.5x	6.7x
Assets of Consolidated CLO Vehicles	900,146	Third Party Pricing	N/A	N/A	N/A
	278,972	Market Comparable Companies	EBITDA Multiple	2.0x - 13.0x	6.5x
			Liquidity Discount	1.0% - 25.0%	8.4%
	132,171	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	7.0% - 15.7%	9.3%
	10	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A

Total Investments of Consolidated Blackstone Funds

3,017,699

continued...

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	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Ranges	Weighted Average (a)
Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies	\$ 1,006	Discounted Cash Flows	Default Rate	2.0%	N/A
			Recovery Rate	70.0%	N/A
			Recovery Lag	12 months	N/A
			Pre-payment Rate	20.0%	N/A
			Discount Rate	12.0%	N/A
			Reinvestment Rate	LIBOR + 400 bps	N/A
	200	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
Loans and Receivables	30,620	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	11.8% - 25.9%	13.7%
	43	Market Comparable Companies	EBITDA Multiple	8.7x	N/A
Other Investments	17,901	NAV as Fair Value	N/A	N/A	N/A
	5,647	Discounted Cash Flows	Discount Rate	12.5%	N/A
	3,350	Transaction Price	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	\$ 3,076,466				
Financial Liabilities					
CLOs	\$ 11,541,607	Discounted Cash Flows	Default Rate	2.0% - 5.0%	2.1%
			Recovery Rate	30.0% - 70.0%	66.0%
			Recovery Lag	12 months	N/A
			Pre-payment Rate	5.0% - 20.0%	18.0%
			Discount Rate	1.1% - 50.0%	3.9%
			Reinvestment Rate	LIBOR + 400 bps	N/A

N/A Not applicable.

CAGR Compound annual growth rate.

EBITDA Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

Exit Multiple Ranges include the last twelve months EBITDA, forward EBITDA and price/earnings exit multiples.

(a) Unobservable inputs were weighted based on the fair value of the investments included in the range.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the assets, Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies, debt instruments and obligations of consolidated CLO vehicles are discount rates, default rates, recovery rates, recovery lag, pre-payment rates and reinvestment rates. Increases (decreases) in any of the discount rates, default rates, recovery lag and pre-payment rates in isolation would result in a lower (higher) fair value measurement. Increases (decreases) in any of the recovery rates and reinvestment rates in isolation would result in a higher (lower) fair value measurement. Generally, a change in the assumption used for default rates may be accompanied by a directionally similar change in the assumption used for recovery lag and a directionally opposite change in the assumption used for recovery rates and pre-payment rates.

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The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of equity securities, partnership and LLC interests, debt instruments, assets of consolidated CLO vehicles and loans and receivables are discount rates, exit capitalization rates, exit multiples, book value multiples, EBITDA multiples, liquidity discount and revenue compound annual growth rates. Increases (decreases) in any of discount rates and exit capitalization rates in isolation can result in a lower (higher) fair value measurement. Increases (decreases) in any of exit multiples, book value multiples and revenue compound annual growth rates in isolation can result in a higher (lower) fair value measurement.

Since December 31, 2012, there have been no changes in valuation techniques within Level II and Level III that have had a material impact on the valuation of financial instruments.

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

The following tables summarize the changes in financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value for which the Partnership has used Level III inputs to determine fair value and does not include gains or losses that were reported in Level III in prior years or for instruments that were transferred out of Level III prior to the end of the current reporting period. Total realized and unrealized gains and losses recorded for Level III investments are reported in Investment Income (Loss) and Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

	2013				2012			
	Investments of Consolidated Funds	Loans and Receivables	Other Investments (c)	Total	Investments of Consolidated Funds	Loans and Receivables	Other Investments (c)	Total
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 3,017,699	\$ 30,663	\$ 28,104	\$ 3,076,466	\$ 2,103,769	\$ 8,555	\$ 20,164	\$ 2,132,488
Transfer In Due to Consolidation and Acquisition (a)					122,565			122,565
Transfer In (Out) Due to Deconsolidation	(98,559)		11,960	(86,599)				
Transfer In to Level III (b)	207,476			207,476	135,998			135,998
Transfer Out of Level III (b)	(322,764)			(322,764)	(94,296)			(94,296)
Purchases	172,968	2,873	62,774	238,615	88,320	103,251		191,571
Sales	(129,725)	(29,462)	(39,462)	(198,649)	(60,083)	(7,379)		(67,462)
Settlements		(332)	(1,559)	(1,891)		(46)		(46)
Realized Gains (Losses), Net	8,042	43	849	8,934	3,532		99	3,631
Changes in Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in Earnings Related to Investments Still Held at the Reporting Date	82,160	82	383	82,625	90,471	623	1,528	92,622
Balance, End of Period	\$ 2,937,297	\$ 3,867	\$ 63,049	\$ 3,004,213	\$ 2,390,276	\$ 105,004	\$ 21,791	\$ 2,517,071

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(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

	Level III Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2013			2012		
	Collateralized Loan Obligations Senior Notes	Collateralized Loan Obligations Subordinated Notes	Total	Collateralized Loan Obligations Senior Notes	Collateralized Loan Obligations Subordinated Notes	Total
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 10,695,136	\$ 846,471	\$ 11,541,607	\$ 7,449,766	\$ 630,236	\$ 8,080,002
Transfer In Due to Consolidation and Acquisition (a)				3,419,084	149,225	3,568,309
Transfer Out Due to Deconsolidation	(757,450)	(83,296)	(840,746)			
Issuances	1,063	781	1,844	4,393	838	5,231
Settlements	(404,392)	(349)	(404,741)	(131,873)	(2,746)	(134,619)
Realized (Gains) Losses, Net				44		44
Changes in Unrealized (Gains) Losses Included in Earnings Related to Liabilities Still Held at the Reporting Date	100,390	(43,055)	57,335	242,604	80,219	322,823
Balance, End of Period	\$ 9,634,747	\$ 720,552	\$ 10,355,299	\$ 10,984,018	\$ 857,772	\$ 11,841,790

- (a) Represents the transfer into Level III of financial assets and liabilities held by CLO vehicles as a result of the acquisition of management contracts and the Harbourmaster acquisition.
- (b) Transfers in and out of Level III financial assets and liabilities were due to changes in the observability of inputs used in the valuation of such assets and liabilities.
- (c) Represents Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies and Other Investments.

9. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

Pursuant to GAAP consolidation guidance, the Partnership consolidates certain VIEs in which it is determined that the Partnership is the primary beneficiary either directly or indirectly, through a consolidated entity or affiliate. VIEs include certain private equity, real estate, credit-focused or funds of hedge funds entities and CLO vehicles. The purpose of such VIEs is to provide strategy specific investment opportunities for investors in exchange for management and performance based fees. The investment strategies of the Blackstone Funds differ by product; however, the fundamental risks of the Blackstone Funds have similar characteristics, including loss of invested capital and loss of management fees and performance based fees. In Blackstone's role as general partner, collateral manager or investment adviser, it generally considers itself the sponsor of the applicable Blackstone Fund. The Partnership does not provide performance guarantees and has no other financial obligation to provide funding to consolidated VIEs other than its own capital commitments.

The assets of consolidated variable interest entities may only be used to settle obligations of these consolidated Blackstone Funds. In addition, there is no recourse to the Partnership for the consolidated VIEs' liabilities including the liabilities of the consolidated CLO vehicles.

The Partnership holds variable interests in certain VIEs which are not consolidated as it is determined that the Partnership is not the primary beneficiary. The Partnership's involvement with such entities is in the form of direct equity interests and fee arrangements. The maximum exposure to loss represents the loss of assets

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued****(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)**

recognized by Blackstone relating to non-consolidated entities, any amounts due to non-consolidated entities and any clawback obligation relating to previously distributed Carried Interest. The assets and liabilities recognized in the Partnership's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition related to the Partnership's interest in these non-consolidated VIEs and the Partnership's maximum exposure to loss relating to non-consolidated VIEs were as follows:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Investments	\$ 437,313	\$ 364,709
Accounts Receivable	1,334	1,885
Due from Affiliates	190,356	112,686
Total VIE Assets	629,003	479,280
Due to Affiliates	89	2,657
Potential Clawback Obligation	57,183	36,040
Maximum Exposure to Loss	\$ 686,275	\$ 517,977

10. REVERSE REPURCHASE AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

At March 31, 2013, the Partnership received securities, primarily U.S. and non-U.S. government and agency securities, asset-backed securities and corporate debt, with a fair value of \$257.2 million and cash as collateral for reverse repurchase agreements that could be repledged, delivered or otherwise used. Securities with a fair value of \$212.9 million were used to cover Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased. The Partnership also pledged securities with a carrying value of \$102.9 million and cash to collateralize its repurchase agreements. Such securities can be repledged, delivered or otherwise used by the counterparty.

At December 31, 2012, the Partnership received securities, primarily U.S. and non-U.S. government and agency securities, asset-backed securities and corporate debt, with a fair value of \$247.4 million and cash as collateral for reverse repurchase agreements that could be repledged, delivered or otherwise used. Securities with a fair value of \$226.4 million were used to cover Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased. The Partnership also pledged securities with a carrying value of \$141.9 million and cash to collateralize its repurchase agreements. Such securities can be repledged, delivered or otherwise used by the counterparty.

11. OFFSETTING OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following tables present the offsetting of assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2013:

Gross and Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition		
	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	Net Amount

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Assets				
Freestanding Derivatives	\$	45,428	\$ 3,505	\$ 29,314
Reverse Repurchase Agreements		258,043	258,043	
Total	\$	303,471	\$ 261,548	\$ 29,314

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THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

	Gross and Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition		
		Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	Net Amount
Liabilities				
Freestanding Derivatives	\$ 6,290	\$ 3,505	\$	\$ 2,785
Repurchase Agreements	102,372	102,372		
Total	\$ 108,662	\$ 105,877	\$	\$ 2,785

The following tables present the offsetting of financial and derivative assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2012:

	Gross and Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition		
		Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	Net Amount
Assets				
Freestanding Derivatives	\$ 55,344	\$ 3,983	\$ 36,748	\$ 14,613
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	248,018	248,018		
Total	\$ 303,362	\$ 252,001	\$ 36,748	\$ 14,613

	Gross and Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition		
		Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	Net Amount
Liabilities				
Freestanding Derivatives	\$ 4,197	\$ 3,983	\$	\$ 214
Repurchase Agreements	142,266	142,266		
Total	\$ 146,463	\$ 146,249	\$	\$ 214

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(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

Reverse Repurchase Agreements, Repurchase Agreements and Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased are presented separately on the Statements of Financial Condition for the periods presented. Freestanding Derivative assets are included in Other Assets in the Statements of Financial Condition. The following table presents the components of Other Assets:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements, Net	\$ 141,445	\$ 142,390
Prepaid Expenses	65,925	81,498
Other Assets	90,287	97,140
Freestanding Derivatives	45,428	55,344
	\$ 343,085	\$ 376,372

Freestanding Derivative liabilities are included in Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities in the Statements of Financial Condition and are not a significant component thereof.

12. BORROWINGS

The carrying value and fair value of the Blackstone issued notes, included in Loans Payable, as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were:

	March 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value (a)	Carrying Value	Fair Value (a)
Blackstone Issued 6.625%, \$600 Million Par, Notes Due 8/15/2019 (b)	\$ 638,389	\$ 695,273	\$ 640,220	\$ 682,344
Blackstone Issued 5.875%, \$400 Million Par, Notes Due 3/15/2021	\$ 398,424	\$ 463,920	\$ 398,386	\$ 456,200
Blackstone Issued 4.750%, \$400 Million Par, Notes Due 2/15/2023	\$ 392,769	\$ 436,200	\$ 392,629	\$ 426,160
Blackstone Issued 6.250%, \$250 Million Par, Notes Due 8/15/2042	\$ 239,648	\$ 280,975	\$ 239,619	\$ 275,275

- (a) Fair value is determined by broker quote and these notes would be classified as Level II within the fair value hierarchy.
(b) The carrying and fair values are determined using the original \$600 million par amount less \$15 million attributable to these notes which were acquired but not retired by Blackstone during 2012.

Included within Loans Payable and Due to Affiliates are amounts due to holders of debt securities issued by Blackstone's consolidated CLO vehicles. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Partnership's borrowings through consolidated CLO vehicles consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2013		December 31, 2012		
Borrowing Outstanding	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Weighted Average Remaining	Borrowing Outstanding	Weighted Average Interest	Weighted Average Remaining Maturity in

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			Maturity in Years		Rate	Years
Senior Secured Notes	\$ 10,178,203	1.23%	4.3	\$ 11,518,111	1.34%	4.6
Subordinated Notes	1,291,103	(a)	N/A	1,449,191	(a)	2.6
	\$ 11,469,306			\$ 12,967,302		

- (a) The Subordinated Notes do not have contractual interest rates but instead receive distributions from the excess cash flows of the CLO vehicles.

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Included within Senior Secured Notes and Subordinated Notes as of March 31, 2013 are amounts due to non-consolidated affiliates of \$22.0 million and \$212.1 million, respectively. The fair value of Senior Secured and Subordinated Notes as of March 31, 2013 was \$9.6 billion and \$720.6 million, respectively, of which \$20.5 million and \$117.6 million represents the amounts due to affiliates.

Included within Senior Secured Notes and Subordinated Notes as of December 31, 2012 are amounts due to non-consolidated affiliates of \$22.0 million and \$258.2 million, respectively. The fair value of Senior Secured and Subordinated Notes as of December 31, 2012 was \$10.7 billion and \$846.5 million, respectively, of which \$18.2 million and \$172.9 million represents the amounts due to affiliates.

The Loans Payable of the consolidated CLO vehicles are collateralized by assets held by each respective CLO vehicle and assets of one vehicle may not be used to satisfy the liabilities of another. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the fair value of the consolidated CLO assets was \$11.4 billion and \$12.5 billion, respectively. This collateral consisted of Cash, Corporate Loans, Corporate Bonds and other securities.

Scheduled principal payments for borrowings as of March 31, 2013 are as follows:

	Operating Borrowings	Blackstone Fund Facilities / CLO Vehicles	Total Borrowings
2013	\$ 891	\$ 12,503	\$ 13,394
2014	5,040		5,040
2018 and Thereafter	1,635,000	11,469,306	13,104,306
Total	\$ 1,640,931	\$ 11,481,809	\$ 13,122,740

13. INCOME TAXES

Blackstone's effective tax rate was 10.7% and 8.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Blackstone's income tax provision was an expense of \$51.0 million and an expense of \$38.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Blackstone's effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 was substantially due to the following: (a) certain corporate subsidiaries are subject to federal, state, local and foreign income taxes as applicable and other subsidiaries are subject to New York City unincorporated business taxes, and (b) a portion of compensation charges are not deductible for tax purposes.

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14. NET INCOME PER COMMON UNIT

Basic and diluted net income per common unit for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012 was calculated as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Net Income Attributable to The Blackstone Group L.P.	\$ 167,635	\$ 58,325
Basic Net Income Per Common Unit		
Weighted-Average Common Units Outstanding	582,322,183	506,985,529
Basic Net Income Per Common Unit	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.12
Diluted Net Income Per Common Unit		
Weighted-Average Common Units Outstanding	582,322,183	506,985,529
Weighted-Average Unvested Deferred Restricted Common Units	3,377,716	10,404,029
Weighted-Average Diluted Common Units Outstanding	585,699,899	517,389,558
Diluted Net Income Per Common Unit	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.11

The following table summarizes the anti-dilutive securities for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Weighted-Average Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units	557,463,170	602,817,069
Unit Repurchase Program		

In January 2008, Blackstone announced that the Board of Directors of its general partner, Blackstone Group Management L.L.C., had authorized the repurchase by Blackstone of up to \$500 million of Blackstone Common Units and Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units. Under this unit repurchase program, units may be repurchased from time to time in open market transactions, in privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. The timing and the actual number of Blackstone Common Units and Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units repurchased will depend on a variety of factors, including legal requirements, price and economic and market conditions. This unit repurchase program may be suspended or discontinued at any time and does not have a specified expiration date.

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, no units were repurchased. As of March 31, 2013, the amount remaining available for repurchases under this program was \$335.8 million.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, no units were repurchased.

15. EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

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The Partnership has granted equity-based compensation awards to Blackstone's senior managing directors, non-partner professionals, non-professionals and selected external advisers under the Partnership's 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Equity Plan"), the majority of which to date were granted in connection with the IPO. The Equity Plan allows for the granting of options, unit appreciation rights or other unit-based awards (units, restricted units, restricted common units, deferred restricted common units, phantom restricted common units or other unit-based awards based in whole or in part on the fair value of the Blackstone Common Units or

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

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Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units) which may contain certain service or performance requirements. As of January 1, 2013, the Partnership had the ability to grant 163,217,431 units under the Equity Plan.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012, the Partnership recorded compensation expense of \$195.3 million and \$222.4 million, respectively, in relation to its equity-based awards with corresponding tax benefits of \$5.5 million and \$5.5 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2013, there was \$1.7 billion of estimated unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested awards. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.3 years.

Total vested and unvested outstanding units, including Blackstone Common Units, Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units and deferred restricted common units, were 1,146,542,798 as of March 31, 2013. Total outstanding unvested phantom units were 222,605 as of March 31, 2013.

A summary of the status of the Partnership's unvested equity-based awards as of March 31, 2013 and a summary of changes during the period January 1, 2013 through March 31, 2013 are presented below:

	Blackstone Holdings		The Blackstone Group L.P.			
	Partnership Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Equity Settled Awards		Cash Settled Awards	
Unvested Units			Deferred Restricted Common Units and Options	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Phantom Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Balance, December 31, 2012	66,591,089	\$ 28.19	20,199,382	\$ 15.76	221,356	\$ 14.89
Granted	1,112,255	17.74	1,709,923	13.15	5,384	20.63
Vested	(806,188)	12.16	(847,990)	11.77	(4,135)	20.08
Forfeited	(4,372)	13.75	(437,739)	16.63		
Balance, March 31, 2013	66,892,784	\$ 28.21	20,623,576	\$ 15.69	222,605	\$ 20.53

Units Expected to Vest

The following unvested units, after expected forfeitures, as of March 31, 2013, are expected to vest:

	Units	Weighted-Average Service Period in Years
Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units	62,970,176	2.3
Deferred Restricted Blackstone Common Units and Options	16,692,411	2.8
Total Equity-Based Awards	79,662,587	2.4
Phantom Units	210,433	2.2

Equity-Based Awards with Performance Conditions

The Partnership has also granted certain equity-based awards with performance requirements. These awards are based on the performance of certain businesses over a three to five year period beginning January 2012, relative to a predetermined threshold. Blackstone has determined that it is probable that the relevant performance thresholds will be exceeded in future periods and, therefore, has recorded compensation expense since the beginning of the performance period of \$36.9 million, of which \$20.3 million is accounted for as liability awards subject to re-measurement at the end of each reporting period and \$16.6 million is accounted for as equity awards.

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As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, Due from Affiliates and Due to Affiliates comprised the following:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Due from Affiliates		
Accrual for Potential Clawback of Previously Distributed Carried Interest	\$ 145,810	\$ 165,322
Primarily Interest Bearing Advances Made on Behalf of Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders and Blackstone Employees for Investments in Blackstone Funds	123,582	155,302
Amounts Due from Portfolio Companies and Funds	356,877	259,196
Investments Redeemed in Non-Consolidated Funds of Funds	43,759	39,507
Management and Performance Fees Due from Non-Consolidated Funds	206,306	343,846
Payments Made on Behalf of Non-Consolidated Entities	179,245	150,317
Advances Made to Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders and Blackstone Employees	3,108	6,577
	\$ 1,058,687	\$ 1,120,067

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Due to Affiliates		
Due to Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders in Connection with the Tax Receivable Agreements	\$ 1,220,753	\$ 1,218,488
Accrual for Potential Repayment of Previously Received Performance Fees	249,206	267,116
Due to Note Holders of Consolidated CLO Vehicles	138,005	191,128
Due to Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders	203,876	201,286
Distributions Received on Behalf of Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders and Blackstone Employees	12,816	12,506
Payable to Affiliates for Consolidated Funds	36,032	81,589
Distributions Received on Behalf of Blackstone Entities	14,837	20,295
Payments Made by Non-Consolidated Entities	7,302	10,236
	\$ 1,882,827	\$ 2,002,644

Interests of the Founder, Senior Managing Directors and Employees

The founder, senior managing directors and employees invest on a discretionary basis in the Blackstone Funds both directly and through consolidated entities. Their investments may be subject to preferential management fee and performance fee arrangements. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the founder s, other senior managing directors and employees investments aggregated \$966.3 million and \$939.4 million, respectively, and the founder s, other senior managing directors and employees share of the Net Income Attributable to Redeemable Non-Controlling and Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities aggregated \$50.5 million and \$33.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

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Revenues Earned from Affiliates

Management and Advisory Fees, Net earned from affiliates totaled \$39.4 million and \$48.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Fees relate primarily to transaction and monitoring fees which are made in the ordinary course of business and under terms that would have been obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

Loans to Affiliates

Loans to affiliates consist of interest-bearing advances to certain Blackstone individuals to finance their investments in certain Blackstone Funds. These loans earn interest at Blackstone's cost of borrowing and such interest totaled \$1.0 million and \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. No such loans to any director or executive officer of Blackstone have been made or were outstanding since March 22, 2007, the date of Blackstone's initial filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission of a registration statement relating to its initial public offering.

Contingent Repayment Guarantee

Blackstone and its personnel who have received Carried Interest distributions have guaranteed payment on a several basis (subject to a cap) to the Carry Funds of any clawback obligation with respect to the excess Carried Interest allocated to the general partners of such funds and indirectly received thereby to the extent that either Blackstone or its personnel fails to fulfill its clawback obligation, if any. The Accrual for Possible Repayment of Previously Received Performance Fees represents amounts previously paid to Blackstone Holdings and non-controlling interest holders that would need to be repaid to the Blackstone Funds if the Carry Funds were to be liquidated based on the fair value of their underlying investments as of March 31, 2013. See Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies Contingencies Contingent Obligations (Clawback) .

Aircraft and Other Services

In the normal course of business, Blackstone personnel have made use of aircraft owned as personal assets by Stephen A. Schwarzman (Personal Aircraft). Mr. Schwarzman paid for his purchases of the Personal Aircraft himself and bears all operating, personnel and maintenance costs associated with their operation. Payment by Blackstone for the use of the Personal Aircraft by Blackstone employees is made at market rates. In addition, on occasion, Mr. Schwarzman and his family have made use of an aircraft in which Blackstone owns a fractional interest, as well as other assets of Blackstone. Mr. Schwarzman is charged for his and his family's personal use of Blackstone assets based on market rates and usage. Personal use of Blackstone resources is also reimbursed to Blackstone at market rates. The transactions described herein are not material to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Tax Receivable Agreements

Blackstone used a portion of the proceeds from the IPO and the sale of non-voting common units to Beijing Wonderful Investments to purchase interests in the predecessor businesses from the predecessor owners. In addition, holders of Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units may exchange their Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units for Blackstone Common Units on a one-for-one basis. The purchase and subsequent exchanges are expected to result in increases in the tax basis of the tangible and intangible assets of Blackstone Holdings and therefore reduce the amount of tax that Blackstone's wholly-owned subsidiaries would otherwise be required to pay in the future.

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THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

One of the subsidiaries of the Partnership which is a corporate taxpayer has entered into tax receivable agreements with each of the predecessor owners and additional tax receivable agreements have been executed, and will continue to be executed, with newly-admitted senior managing directors and others who acquire Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units. The agreements provide for the payment by the corporate taxpayer to such owners of 85% of the amount of cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax that the corporate taxpayers actually realize as a result of the aforementioned increases in tax basis and of certain other tax benefits related to entering into these tax receivable agreements. For purposes of the tax receivable agreements, cash savings in income tax will be computed by comparing the actual income tax liability of the corporate taxpayers to the amount of such taxes that the corporate taxpayers would have been required to pay had there been no increase to the tax basis of the tangible and intangible assets of Blackstone Holdings as a result of the exchanges and had the corporate taxpayers not entered into the tax receivable agreements.

Assuming no material changes in the relevant tax law and that the corporate taxpayers earn sufficient taxable income to realize the full tax benefit of the increased amortization of the assets, the expected future payments under the tax receivable agreements (which are taxable to the recipients) will aggregate \$1.2 billion over the next 15 years. The after-tax net present value of these estimated payments totals \$377.4 million assuming a 15% discount rate and using Blackstone's most recent projections relating to the estimated timing of the benefit to be received. Future payments under the tax receivable agreements in respect of subsequent exchanges would be in addition to these amounts. The payments under the tax receivable agreements are not conditioned upon continued ownership of Blackstone equity interests by the pre-IPO owners and the others mentioned above.

Other

Blackstone does business with and on behalf of some of its Portfolio Companies; all such arrangements are on a negotiated basis.

17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

Investment Commitments

Blackstone had \$1.2 billion of investment commitments as of March 31, 2013 representing general partner capital funding commitments to the Blackstone Funds, limited partner capital funding to other funds and Blackstone principal investment commitments. The consolidated Blackstone Funds had signed investment commitments of \$49.2 million as of March 31, 2013 which includes \$17.2 million of signed investment commitments for portfolio company acquisitions in the process of closing.

Contingencies

Guarantees

Certain of Blackstone's consolidated real estate funds guarantee payments to third parties in connection with the on-going business activities and/or acquisitions of their Portfolio Companies. There is no direct recourse to the Partnership to fulfill such obligations. To the extent that underlying funds are required to fulfill guarantee obligations, the Partnership's invested capital in such funds is at risk. Total investments at risk in respect of guarantees extended by consolidated real estate funds was \$5.4 million as of March 31, 2013.

On March 28, 2012, the Blackstone Holdings Partnerships entered into a guaranty agreement with a lending institution in which the Holdings Partnerships guarantee certain loans held by employees for investment in Blackstone funds. The amount guaranteed as of March 31, 2013 was \$56.9 million.

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued****(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)***Litigation*

From time to time, Blackstone is named as a defendant in legal actions relating to transactions conducted in the ordinary course of business. Although there can be no assurance of the outcome of such legal actions, in the opinion of management, Blackstone does not have a potential liability related to any current legal proceeding or claim that would individually or in the aggregate materially affect its results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

Contingent Obligations (Clawback)

Carried Interest is subject to clawback to the extent that the Carried Interest received to date exceeds the amount due to Blackstone based on cumulative results. The actual clawback liability, however, generally does not become realized until the end of a fund's life except for certain Blackstone real estate funds and multi-asset class investment funds, which may have an interim clawback liability. The lives of the carry funds with a potential clawback obligation, including available contemplated extensions, are currently anticipated to expire at various points through 2018. Further extensions of such terms may be implemented under given circumstances.

For financial reporting purposes, the general partners have recorded a liability for potential clawback obligations to the limited partners of some of the carry funds due to changes in the unrealized value of a fund's remaining investments and where the fund's general partner has previously received Carried Interest distributions with respect to such fund's realized investments.

The following table presents the clawback obligations by segment:

Segment	March 31, 2013			December 31, 2012		
	Blackstone Holdings	Current and Former Personnel	Total	Blackstone Holdings	Current and Former Personnel	Total
Private Equity	\$ 70,243	\$ 118,877	\$ 189,120	\$ 69,302	\$ 133,852	\$ 203,154
Real Estate	32,153	26,199	58,352	32,152	31,223	63,375
Credit	1,000	734	1,734	340	247	587
Total	\$ 103,396	\$ 145,810	\$ 249,206	\$ 101,794	\$ 165,322	\$ 267,116

A portion of the Carried Interest paid to current and former Blackstone personnel is held in segregated accounts in the event of a cash clawback obligation. These segregated accounts are not included in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Partnership, except to the extent a portion of the assets held in the segregated accounts may be allocated to a consolidated Blackstone fund of hedge funds. At March 31, 2013, \$431.7 million was held in segregated accounts for the purpose of meeting any clawback obligations of current and former personnel if such payments are required.

18. SEGMENT REPORTING

Blackstone transacts its primary business in the United States and substantially all of its revenues are generated domestically.

Blackstone conducts its alternative asset management and financial advisory businesses through five segments:

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Private Equity Blackstone's Private Equity segment comprises its management of private equity funds and certain multi-asset class investment funds.

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THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

Real Estate Blackstone's Real Estate segment primarily comprises its management of global opportunistic real estate funds and European focused opportunistic real estate funds. In addition, the segment has debt investment funds targeting non-controlling real estate debt-related investment opportunities in the public and private markets, primarily in the United States and Europe.

Hedge Fund Solutions Blackstone's Hedge Fund Solutions segment is comprised principally of Blackstone Alternative Asset Management (BAAM), an institutional solutions provider utilizing hedge funds across a variety of strategies.

Credit Blackstone's Credit segment, which principally includes GSO, manages credit-focused products within private debt and public market strategies. GSO's products include senior credit-focused funds, distressed debt funds, mezzanine funds, general credit-focused funds, registered investment companies, separately managed accounts and CLO vehicles.

Financial Advisory Blackstone's Financial Advisory segment comprises its financial and strategic advisory services, restructuring and reorganization advisory services and Park Hill Group, which provides fund placement services for alternative investment funds. These business segments are differentiated by their various sources of income. The Private Equity, Real Estate, Hedge Fund Solutions and Credit segments primarily earn their income from management fees and investment returns on assets under management, while the Financial Advisory segment primarily earns its income from fees related to investment banking services and advice and fund placement services.

Blackstone uses Economic Income (EI) as a key measure of value creation, a benchmark of its performance and in making resource deployment and compensation decisions across its five segments. EI represents segment net income before taxes excluding transaction-related charges. Transaction-related charges arise from Blackstone's IPO and long-term retention programs outside of annual deferred compensation and other corporate actions, including acquisitions. Transaction-related charges include equity-based compensation charges, the amortization of intangible assets and contingent consideration associated with acquisitions. EI presents revenues and expenses on a basis that deconsolidates the investment funds Blackstone manages. Economic Net Income (ENI) represents EI adjusted to include current period taxes. Taxes represent the current tax provision (benefit) calculated on Income (Loss) Before Provision for Taxes.

Management makes operating decisions and assesses the performance of each of Blackstone's business segments based on financial and operating metrics and data that is presented without the consolidation of any of the Blackstone Funds that are consolidated into the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Consequently, all segment data excludes the assets, liabilities and operating results related to the Blackstone Funds.

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued****(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)**

The following table presents the financial data for Blackstone's five segments as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Private Equity	March 31, 2013 and the Three Months Then Ended Real Estate	Hedge Fund Solutions	Credit	Financial Advisory	Total Segments
Segment Revenues						
Management and Advisory Fees, Net						
Base Management Fees	\$ 86,246	\$ 138,346	\$ 92,791	\$ 91,364	\$	\$ 408,747
Advisory Fees					67,020	67,020
Transaction and Other Fees, Net	24,453	9,140	4	4,374	3	37,974
Management Fee Offsets	(480)	(7,286)	(324)	(1,572)		(9,662)
Total Management and Advisory Fees, Net	110,219	140,200	92,471	94,166	67,023	504,079
Performance Fees						
Realized						
Carried Interest	139,892	68,773		85,505		294,170
Incentive Fees		3,092	13,709	7,926		24,727
Unrealized						
Carried Interest	(83,954)	280,076		(18,775)		177,347
Incentive Fees		2,400	55,501	49,854		107,755
Total Performance Fees	55,938	354,341	69,210	124,510		603,999
Investment Income (Loss)						
Realized	24,162	9,534	852	3,328	234	38,110
Unrealized	31,711	60,303	3,913	1,093	(359)	96,661
Total Investment Income (Loss)	55,873	69,837	4,765	4,421	(125)	134,771
Interest and Dividend Revenue	2,984	4,298	1,216	4,547	1,616	14,661
Other	424	(133)	85	1,828	(61)	2,143
Total Revenues	225,438	568,543	167,747	229,472	68,453	1,259,653
Expenses						
Compensation and Benefits						
Compensation	60,203	69,459	33,868	45,521	57,926	266,977
Performance Fee Compensation						
Realized						
Carried Interest	16,246	25,863		47,328		89,437
Incentive Fees		1,724	5,022	3,762		10,508
Unrealized						
Carried Interest	16,619	89,057		(10,204)		95,472
Incentive Fees		1,034	19,836	23,608		44,478

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Total Compensation and Benefits	93,068	187,137	58,726	110,015	57,926	506,872
Other Operating Expenses	29,168	28,462	15,159	20,962	20,693	114,444
Total Expenses	122,236	215,599	73,885	130,977	78,619	621,316
Economic Income (Loss)	\$ 103,202	\$ 352,944	\$ 93,862	\$ 98,495	\$ (10,166)	\$ 638,337
Segment Assets as of March 31, 2013	\$ 4,103,161	\$ 5,516,454	\$ 1,258,224	\$ 2,403,430	\$ 680,442	\$ 13,961,711

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued****(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)**

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2012					
	Private Equity	Real Estate	Hedge Fund Solutions	Credit	Financial Advisory	Total Segments
Segment Revenues						
Management and Advisory Fees, Net						
Base Management Fees	\$ 85,789	\$ 147,802	\$ 81,821	\$ 80,094	\$	\$ 395,506
Advisory Fees					75,846	75,846
Transaction and Other Fees, Net	18,097	14,412	92	5,725	145	38,471
Management Fee Offsets	(3,782)	(8,627)	(335)	(306)		(13,050)
Total Management and Advisory Fees, Net	100,104	153,587	81,578	85,513	75,991	496,773
Performance Fees						
Realized						
Carried Interest	3,933	8,617		1,010		13,560
Incentive Fees		(1)	3,298	1,982		5,279
Unrealized						
Carried Interest	34,051	221,500		43,245		298,796
Incentive Fees		7,914	23,187	37,020		68,121
Total Performance Fees	37,984	238,030	26,485	83,257		385,756
Investment Income (Loss)						
Realized	13,911	7,812	503	683	583	23,492
Unrealized	16,469	25,912	8,371	9,211	(49)	59,914
Total Investment Income	30,380	33,724	8,874	9,894	534	83,406
Interest and Dividend Revenue	2,420	2,552	386	2,425	1,562	9,345
Other	(215)	(709)	(127)	(238)	82	(1,207)
Total Revenues	170,673	427,184	117,196	180,851	78,169	974,073
Expenses						
Compensation and Benefits						
Compensation	52,547	68,889	28,233	37,143	67,960	254,772
Performance Fee Compensation						
Realized						
Carried Interest	320	4,077		3,541		7,938
Incentive Fees		2	1,378	2,872		4,252
Unrealized						
Carried Interest	(1,052)	54,275		31,320		84,543
Incentive Fees		3,768	7,294	1,717		12,779
Total Compensation and Benefits	51,815	131,011	36,905	76,593	67,960	364,284
Other Operating Expenses	28,881	28,924	13,934	17,096	20,686	109,521
Total Expenses	80,696	159,935	50,839	93,689	88,646	473,805

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Economic Income (Loss)	\$ 89,977	\$ 267,249	\$ 66,357	\$ 87,162	\$ (10,477)	\$ 500,268
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Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued****(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)**

The following table reconciles the Total Segments to Blackstone's Income (Loss) Before Provision for Taxes and Total Assets as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	March 31, 2013 and the Three Months Then Ended		
	Total Segments	Consolidation Adjustments and Reconciling Items	Blackstone Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 1,259,653	\$ (13,180)(a)	\$ 1,246,473
Expenses	\$ 621,316	\$ 213,785 (b)	\$ 835,101
Other Income	\$	\$ 67,210 (c)	\$ 67,210
Economic Income	\$ 638,337	\$ (159,755)(d)	\$ 478,582
Total Assets	\$ 13,961,711	\$ 14,016,288 (e)	\$ 27,977,999

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2012		
	Total Segments	Consolidation Adjustments and Reconciling Items	Blackstone Consolidated
Revenues	\$ 974,073	\$ (22,037)(a)	\$ 952,036
Expenses	\$ 473,805	\$ 309,988 (b)	\$ 783,793
Other Income	\$	\$ 288,142 (c)	\$ 288,142
Economic Income	\$ 500,268	\$ (43,883)(d)	\$ 456,385

- (a) The Revenues adjustment principally represents management and performance fees earned from Blackstone Funds which were eliminated in consolidation to arrive at Blackstone consolidated revenues.
- (b) The Expenses adjustment represents the addition of expenses of the consolidated Blackstone Funds to the Blackstone unconsolidated expenses, amortization of intangibles and expenses related to transaction-related equity-based compensation to arrive at Blackstone consolidated expenses.
- (c) The Other Income adjustment results from the following:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Fund Management Fees and Performance Fees Eliminated in Consolidation and Transactional Investment Loss	\$ 13,020	\$ 20,598
Fund Expenses Added in Consolidation	8,401	22,707
Non-Controlling Interests in Income of Consolidated Entities	52,864	251,902
Transaction-Related Other Income	(7,075)	(7,065)
Total Consolidation Adjustments and Reconciling Items	\$ 67,210	\$ 288,142

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THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Continued

(All Dollars Are in Thousands, Except Unit and Per Unit Data, Except Where Noted)

- (d) The reconciliation of Economic Income to Income Before Provision for Taxes as reported in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations consists of the following:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Economic Income	\$ 638,337	\$ 500,268
Adjustments		
Amortization of Intangibles	(25,657)	(50,888)
IPO and Acquisition-Related Charges	(186,962)	(244,897)
Non-Controlling Interests in Income of Consolidated Entities	52,864	251,902
Total Consolidation Adjustments and Reconciling Items	(159,755)	(43,883)
Income Before Provision for Taxes	\$ 478,582	\$ 456,385

- (e) The Total Assets adjustment represents the addition of assets of the consolidated Blackstone Funds to the Blackstone unconsolidated assets to arrive at Blackstone consolidated assets.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There have been no events since March 31, 2013 that require recognition or disclosure in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**ITEM 1A. UNAUDITED SUPPLEMENTAL PRESENTATION OF STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Unaudited Consolidating Statements of Financial Condition**

(Dollars in Thousands)

	March 31, 2013			
	Consolidated Operating Partnerships	Consolidated Blackstone Funds (a)	Reclasses and Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 815,266	\$	\$	\$ 815,266
Cash Held by Blackstone Funds and Other	101,383	1,139,993		1,241,376
Investments	7,462,724	12,957,267	(465,405)	19,954,586
Accounts Receivable	405,303	301,321		706,624
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	258,043			258,043
Due from Affiliates	1,016,308	73,569	(31,190)	1,058,687
Intangible Assets, Net	575,622			575,622
Goodwill	1,703,602			1,703,602
Other Assets	302,352	40,733		343,085
Deferred Tax Assets	1,321,108			1,321,108
Total Assets	\$ 13,961,711	\$ 14,512,883	\$ (496,595)	\$ 27,977,999
Liabilities and Partners' Capital				
Loans Payable	\$ 1,675,161	\$ 10,229,797	\$	\$ 11,904,958
Due to Affiliates	1,695,075	235,504	(47,752)	1,882,827
Accrued Compensation and Benefits	1,121,947			1,121,947
Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased	212,870			212,870
Repurchase Agreements	102,372			102,372
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	522,190	864,601		1,386,791
Total Liabilities	5,329,615	11,329,902	(47,752)	16,611,765
Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities				
		1,639,127		1,639,127
Partners' Capital				
Partners' Capital	5,068,041	450,964	(450,964)	5,068,041
Appropriated Partners' Capital		410,170		410,170
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	(3,168)	1,216		(1,952)
Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	799,487	681,504	2,121	1,483,112
Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	2,767,736			2,767,736
Total Partners' Capital	8,632,096	1,543,854	(448,843)	9,727,107
Total Liabilities and Partners' Capital	\$ 13,961,711	\$ 14,512,883	\$ (496,595)	\$ 27,977,999

continued...

Table of Contents**THE BLACKSTONE GROUP L.P.****Unaudited Consolidating Statements of Financial Condition**

(Dollars in Thousands)

	December 31, 2012			
	Consolidated Operating Partnerships	Consolidated Blackstone Funds (a)	Reclasses and Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 709,502	\$	\$	\$ 709,502
Cash Held by Blackstone Funds and Other	154,555	1,249,856		1,404,411
Investments	7,324,538	14,004,268	(481,536)	20,847,270
Accounts Receivable	402,395	235,769		638,164
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	248,018			248,018
Due from Affiliates	1,114,835	42,683	(37,451)	1,120,067
Intangible Assets, Net	598,535			598,535
Goodwill	1,703,602			1,703,602
Other Assets	313,888	63,618	(1,134)	376,372
Deferred Tax Assets	1,285,611			1,285,611
Total Assets	\$ 13,855,479	\$ 15,596,194	\$ (520,121)	\$ 28,931,552
Liabilities and Partners Capital				
Loans Payable	\$ 1,677,081	\$ 11,374,323	\$	\$ 13,051,404
Due to Affiliates	1,711,003	358,448	(66,807)	2,002,644
Accrued Compensation and Benefits	1,254,978			1,254,978
Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased	226,425			226,425
Repurchase Agreements	142,266			142,266
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	365,005	674,454	(571)	1,038,888
Total Liabilities	5,376,758	12,407,225	(67,378)	17,716,605
Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities		1,556,185		1,556,185
Partners Capital				
Partners Capital	4,955,649	455,309	(455,309)	4,955,649
Appropriated Partners Capital		509,028		509,028
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	1,047	1,123		2,170
Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	773,669	667,324	2,566	1,443,559
Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	2,748,356			2,748,356
Total Partners Capital	8,478,721	1,632,784	(452,743)	9,658,762
Total Liabilities and Partners Capital	\$ 13,855,479	\$ 15,596,194	\$ (520,121)	\$ 28,931,552

(a) The Consolidated Blackstone Funds consisted of the following:
Blackstone Distressed Securities Fund L.P.

Blackstone Hedged Equity Fund L.P.

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Blackstone Market Opportunities Fund L.P.

Blackstone Strategic Alliance Fund L.P.

Blackstone Strategic Alliance Fund II L.P.

Blackstone Strategic Equity Fund L.P.

Blackstone Value Recovery Fund L.P.

Blackstone/GSO Secured Trust Ltd.

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BTD CP Holdings, LP

GSO Legacy Associates II LLC

GSO Legacy Associates LLC

Shanghai Blackstone Equity Investment Partnership L.P.

Private equity side-by-side investment vehicles

Real estate side-by-side investment vehicles

Mezzanine side-by-side investment vehicles

Collateralized loan obligation vehicles

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with The Blackstone Group L.P.'s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Our Business

Blackstone is one of the largest independent managers of private capital in the world. We also provide a wide range of financial advisory services, including financial advisory, restructuring and reorganization advisory and fund placement services.

Our business is organized into five business segments:

Private Equity. We are a world leader in private equity investing, having managed six general private equity funds, as well as two sector focused funds and a regionally focused fund, since we established this business in 1987. We refer to these funds collectively as our Blackstone Capital Partners (BCP) funds. We also manage certain multi-asset class investment funds which we collectively refer to as our Blackstone Tactical Opportunities Accounts (Tactical Opportunities). Through our private equity funds we pursue transactions throughout the world, including leveraged buyout acquisitions of seasoned companies, transactions involving growth equity or start-up businesses in established industries, minority investments, corporate partnerships, distressed debt, structured securities and industry consolidations, in all cases in strictly friendly transactions.

Real Estate. We have become a world leader in real estate investing since launching our first real estate fund in 1994. We have managed or continue to manage seven global opportunistic real estate funds, three European focused opportunistic real estate funds, a number of real estate debt investment funds, CDOs, REITs and an acquired Asian real estate platform. Our real estate opportunity funds are diversified geographically and have made significant investments in lodging, major urban office buildings, shopping centers, residential and a variety of real estate operating companies. Our debt investment funds target high yield real estate debt related investment opportunities in the public and private markets, primarily in the United States and Europe. We refer to our real estate opportunistic funds as our Blackstone Real Estate Partners (BREP) funds and our real estate debt investment funds as our Blackstone Real Estate Debt Strategies (BREDS) funds. In December 2012, we completed the acquisition of Capital Trust's investment management business with an expertise in debt origination and special servicing.

Hedge Fund Solutions. Blackstone's Hedge Fund Solutions segment is comprised principally of Blackstone Alternative Asset Management (BAAM). BAAM was organized in 1990 and has developed into a leading institutional solutions provider utilizing hedge funds across a wide variety of strategies. BAAM is the world's largest discretionary allocator to hedge funds.

Credit. Our Credit segment is comprised principally of GSO Capital Partners LP (GSO), a global leader in managing credit-focused products within private debt and public market strategies. GSO's products include senior credit-focused funds, distressed debt funds, mezzanine funds, general credit-focused funds, registered investment companies, separately managed accounts and collateralized loan obligation (CLO) vehicles.

Financial Advisory. Our Financial Advisory segment serves a diverse and global group of clients with financial and strategic advisory services, restructuring and reorganization advisory services and fund placement services for alternative investment funds. We generate revenue from fees earned pursuant to contractual arrangements with funds, fund investors and fund portfolio companies (including management, transaction and monitoring fees), and from financial and strategic advisory services, restructuring and reorganization advisory services and fund placement services for

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alternative investment funds. We invest in the funds we manage and, in most cases, receive a preferred allocation of income (i.e., a carried interest) or an incentive fee from an investment fund in the event that specified cumulative investment returns are achieved. The composition of our revenues will vary based on market conditions and the cyclicity of the different businesses in which we operate. Net investment gains and investment income generated by the Blackstone Funds, principally private equity and real estate funds, are driven by value created by our operating and strategic initiatives as well as overall market conditions. Our funds initially record fund investments at cost and then such investments are subsequently recorded at fair value. Fair values are affected by changes in the fundamentals of the portfolio company, the portfolio company's industry, the overall economy and other market conditions.

Business Environment

World equity and debt markets increased in the first quarter of 2013, fueled by ongoing global central bank liquidity and improving economic sentiment. In equities, strong market gains in the United States, the United Kingdom and Japan helped drive an increase in the global MSCI index of 7.2% for the quarter. Equity indices in certain emerging markets lagged, however, and the Emerging Market index declined 1.9% during the quarter.

In the U.S., the S&P 500 index rose 10.0% and volatility declined sharply as market sentiment seemed unaffected by concerns over the fiscal cliff debate and the onset of the sequester. The Fed's quantitative easing program continued during the quarter in an effort to spur growth. The rate of unemployment edged downward but remains at elevated levels, and as a result, the Federal Reserve has remained committed to accommodative policy.

Credit indices rose in the first quarter of 2013, with the high yield index up 2.9% and the leveraged loan index rising 2.4%. Benchmark rates remain near historic lows, and high yield spreads tightened moderately. Both debt and equity capital markets were very strong in the quarter, with higher levels of issuance, including higher volumes of initial public offerings.

During the quarter, real estate capital markets have rallied in both equities and credit with the Dow Jones Equity All REIT Index up 7.1% and commercial mortgage backed securities issuance of approximately \$22 billion. Real estate fundamentals remain positive with generally improving demand and limited new supply. In the U.S. office and retail sector, overall vacancy levels have declined 10 basis points for the quarter to 15.3% and 10.6%, respectively. In the U.S. hospitality sector, new construction remains below historical levels, which has supported RevPAR (Revenue per Available Room) growth of 6.4% for the quarter. On a national level, home prices have increased 9.3% year over year through February 2013.

Blackstone's businesses are materially affected by conditions in the financial markets and economic conditions in the U.S., Western Europe, Asia and, to a lesser extent, elsewhere in the world.

Significant Transaction

On April 22, 2013, Blackstone announced an agreement with Credit Suisse to acquire Strategic Partners, Credit Suisse's dedicated secondary private equity business with \$9 billion in total assets under management as of December 31, 2012. The transaction is subject to customary closing conditions and is expected to close by the end of the third quarter 2013.

Key Financial Measures and Indicators

Our key financial measures and indicators are discussed below.

Revenues

Revenues primarily consist of management and advisory fees, performance fees, investment income, interest and dividend revenue and other. Please refer to Part I. Item 1. Business—Incentive Arrangements / Fee

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Structure and Part I. Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies Revenue Recognition in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information regarding the manner in which Base Management Fees and Performance Fees are generated.

Management and Advisory Fees Management and Advisory Fees are comprised of management fees, including base management fees, transaction and other fees, management fee reductions and offsets and advisory fees.

The Partnership earns base management fees from limited partners of funds in each of its managed funds, at a fixed percentage of assets under management, net asset value, total assets, committed capital or invested capital, or in some cases, a fixed fee. Base management fees are based on contractual terms specified in the underlying investment advisory agreements.

Transaction and other fees (including monitoring fees) are fees charged directly to managed funds and portfolio companies. The investment advisory agreements generally require that the investment adviser reduce the amount of management fees payable by the limited partners to the Partnership (management fee reductions) by an amount equal to a portion of the transaction and other fees directly paid to the Partnership by the portfolio companies. The amount of the reduction varies by fund, the type of fee paid by the portfolio company and the previously incurred expenses of the fund.

Management fee offsets are reductions to management fees payable by our limited partners, which are granted based on the amount they reimburse Blackstone for placement fees.

Advisory fees consist of advisory retainer and transaction-based fee arrangements related to merger, acquisition, restructuring and divestiture activities and fund placement services for alternative investment funds. Advisory retainer fees are recognized when services for the transactions are complete, in accordance with terms set forth in individual agreements. Transaction-based fees are recognized when (a) there is evidence of an arrangement with a client, (b) agreed upon services have been provided, (c) fees are fixed or determinable and (d) collection is reasonably assured. Fund placement fees are recognized as earned upon the acceptance by a fund of capital or capital commitments.

Accrued but unpaid Management and Advisory Fees, net of management fee reductions and management fee offsets, as of the reporting date, are included in Accounts Receivable or Due from Affiliates in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Performance Fees Performance Fees earned on the performance of Blackstone's hedge fund structures (Incentive Fees) are recognized based on fund performance during the period, subject to the achievement of minimum return levels, or high water marks, in accordance with the respective terms set out in each hedge fund's governing agreements. Accrued but unpaid Incentive Fees charged directly to investors in Blackstone's offshore hedge funds as of the reporting date are recorded within Due from Affiliates in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Accrued but unpaid Incentive Fees on onshore funds as of the reporting date are reflected in Investments in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Incentive Fees are realized at the end of a measurement period, typically annually. Once realized, such fees are not subject to clawback.

In certain fund structures, specifically in private equity, real estate and certain credit-focused funds (Carry Funds), performance fees (Carried Interest) are allocated to the general partner based on cumulative fund performance to date, subject to a preferred return to limited partners. At the end of each reporting period, the Partnership calculates the Carried Interest that would be due to the Partnership for each fund, pursuant to the fund agreements, as if the fair value of the underlying investments were realized as of such date, irrespective of whether such amounts have been realized. As the fair value of underlying investments varies between reporting

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periods, it is necessary to make adjustments to amounts recorded as Carried Interest to reflect either (a) positive performance resulting in an increase in the Carried Interest allocated to the general partner or (b) negative performance that would cause the amount due to the Partnership to be less than the amount previously recognized as revenue, resulting in a negative adjustment to Carried Interest allocated to the general partner. In each scenario, it is necessary to calculate the Carried Interest on cumulative results compared to the Carried Interest recorded to date and make the required positive or negative adjustments. The Partnership ceases to record negative Carried Interest allocations once previously recognized Carried Interest allocations for such fund have been fully reversed. The Partnership is not obligated to pay guaranteed returns or hurdles, and therefore, cannot have negative Carried Interest over the life of a fund. Accrued but unpaid Carried Interest as of the reporting date is reflected in Investments in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Carried Interest is realized when an underlying investment is profitably disposed of and the fund's cumulative returns are in excess of the preferred return. Carried Interest is subject to clawback to the extent that the Carried Interest actually distributed to date exceeds the amount due to Blackstone based on cumulative results. As such, the accrual for potential repayment of previously received performance fees, which is a component of Due to Affiliates, represents all amounts previously distributed to Blackstone Holdings and non-controlling interest holders that would need to be repaid to the Blackstone Funds if the Blackstone Carry Funds were to be liquidated based on the current fair value of the underlying funds' investments as of the reporting date. Generally, the actual clawback liability does not become realized until the end of a fund's life or one year after a realized loss is incurred, depending on the terms of the fund.

Investment Income (Loss) Investment Income (Loss) represents the unrealized and realized gains and losses on the Partnership's principal investments, including its investments in Blackstone Funds that are not consolidated, its equity method investments, and other principal investments. Investment Income (Loss) is realized when the Partnership redeems all or a portion of its investment or when the Partnership receives cash income, such as dividends or distributions, from its non-consolidated funds. Unrealized Investment Income (Loss) results from changes in the fair value of the underlying investment as well as the reversal of unrealized gain (loss) at the time an investment is realized.

Interest and Dividend Revenue Interest and Dividend Revenue comprises primarily interest and dividend income earned on principal investments held by Blackstone.

Other Revenue Other Revenue consists of miscellaneous income and foreign exchange gains and losses arising on transactions denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars.

Expenses

Compensation and Benefits Compensation Compensation and Benefits consists of (a) employee compensation, comprising salary and bonus, and benefits paid and payable to employees and senior managing directors and (b) equity-based compensation associated with the grants of equity-based awards to employees and senior managing directors. Compensation cost relating to the issuance of equity-based awards to senior managing directors and employees is measured at fair value at the grant date, taking into consideration expected forfeitures, and expensed over the vesting period on a straight line basis. Equity-based awards that do not require future service are expensed immediately. Cash settled equity-based awards are classified as liabilities and are re-measured at the end of each reporting period.

Compensation and Benefits Performance Fee Performance Fee Compensation consists of Carried Interest and Incentive Fee allocations, and may in future periods also include allocations of investment income from Blackstone's firm investments, to employees and senior managing directors participating in certain profit sharing initiatives. Such compensation expense is subject to both positive and negative adjustments. Unlike Carried Interest and Incentive Fees, compensation expense is based on the performance of individual investments held by a fund rather than on a fund by fund basis.

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Other Operating Expenses Other operating expenses represent general and administrative expenses including interest expense, occupancy and equipment expenses and other expenses, which consist principally of professional fees, public company costs, travel and related expenses, communications and information services and depreciation and amortization.

Fund Expenses The expenses of our consolidated Blackstone Funds consist primarily of interest expense, professional fees and other third-party expenses.

Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities

Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities represent the component of Partners' Capital in consolidated Blackstone Funds and side-by-side entities held by third party investors and employees. The percentage interests held by third parties and employees is adjusted for general partner allocations and by subscriptions and redemptions in funds of hedge funds and certain credit-focused funds which occur during the reporting period. In addition, all non-controlling interests in consolidated Blackstone Funds are attributed a share of income (loss) arising from the respective funds and a share of other comprehensive income, if applicable. Income (Loss) is allocated to non-controlling interests in consolidated entities based on the relative ownership interests of third party investors and employees after considering any contractual arrangements that govern the allocation of income (loss) such as fees allocable to The Blackstone Group L.P. Non-controlling interests related to funds of hedge funds and certain other credit-focused funds are subject to annual, semi-annual or quarterly redemption by investors in these funds following the expiration of a specified period of time (typically between one and three years), or may be withdrawn subject to a redemption fee in the funds of hedge funds and certain credit-focused funds during the period when capital may not be withdrawn. As limited partners in these types of funds have been granted redemption rights, amounts relating to third party interests in such consolidated funds are presented as Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. When redeemable amounts become legally payable to investors, they are classified as a liability and included in Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. For all consolidated funds in which redemption rights have not been granted, non-controlling interests are presented within Partners' Capital in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities.

Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings

Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings represent the component of Partners' Capital in the consolidated Blackstone Holdings Partnerships held by Blackstone personnel and others who are limited partners of the Blackstone Holdings partnerships.

Certain costs and expenses are borne directly by the Holdings Partnerships. Income (Loss), excluding those costs directly borne by and attributable to the Holdings Partnerships, is attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings. This residual attribution is based on the year to date average percentage of Holdings Partnership units held by Blackstone personnel and others who are limited partners of the Blackstone Holdings partnerships.

Income Taxes

The Blackstone Holdings partnerships and certain of their subsidiaries operate in the U.S. as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes and generally as corporate entities in non-U.S. jurisdictions. Accordingly, these entities in some cases are subject to New York City unincorporated business taxes or non-U.S. income taxes. In addition, certain of the wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Partnership and the Blackstone Holdings partnerships will be subject to federal, state and local corporate income taxes at the entity level and the related tax provision attributable to the Partnership's share of this income tax is reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Income taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method of accounting. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences of differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis, using tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect on deferred assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period when the change is enacted. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Current and deferred tax liabilities are recorded within Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Blackstone analyzes its tax filing positions in all of the U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax jurisdictions where it is required to file income tax returns, as well as for all open tax years in these jurisdictions. Blackstone records uncertain tax positions on the basis of a two-step process: (a) determination is made whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained based on the technical merits of the position and (b) those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recognized as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority. Blackstone recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in General, Administrative and Other expenses within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

There remains some uncertainty regarding Blackstone's future taxation levels. Over the past several years, a number of legislative and administrative proposals to change the taxation of Carried Interest have been introduced and, in certain cases, have been passed by the U.S. House of Representatives. On May 28, 2010, the U.S. House of Representatives passed legislation, or May 2010 House bill, that would have, in general, treated income and gains, including gain on sale, attributable to an investment services partnership interest, or ISPI, as income subject to a new blended tax rate that is higher than the capital gains rate applicable to such income under current law, except to the extent such ISPI would have been considered under the legislation to be a qualified capital interest. Our common units and the interests that we hold in entities that are entitled to receive Carried Interest would likely have been classified as ISPIs for purposes of this legislation. In June 2010, the U.S. Senate considered but did not pass legislation that was generally similar to the legislation passed by the U.S. House of Representatives. More recently, Representative Levin and Senator Harkin (and other representatives) separately introduced similar legislation, or 2012 bills, that would tax Carried Interest at ordinary income tax rates (which would be higher than the proposed blended rate under the May 2010 House bill). It is unclear whether or when the U.S. Congress will pass such legislation or what provisions will be included in any final legislation if enacted.

Each of the May 2010 House bill and the 2012 bills also provided that, for taxable years beginning ten years after the date of enactment, income derived with respect to an ISPI that is not a qualified capital interest and that is subject to the foregoing rules would not meet the qualifying income requirements under the publicly traded partnership rules. Therefore, if similar legislation were to be enacted, following such ten-year period, we would be precluded from qualifying as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes or be required to hold all such ISPIs through corporations.

On September 12, 2011, the Obama administration submitted similar legislation to Congress in the American Jobs Act that would tax income and gain, including gain on sale, attributable to an ISPI at ordinary rates, with an exception for certain qualified capital interests. The proposed legislation would also characterize certain income and gain in respect of ISPIs as non-qualifying income under the tax rules applicable to publicly traded partnerships after a ten-year transition period from the effective date, with an exception for certain qualified capital interests. This proposed legislation follows several prior statements by the Obama administration in support of changing the taxation of Carried Interest. In its published revenue proposal for 2014, the Obama administration proposed that the current law regarding the treatment of Carried Interest be changed to subject such income to ordinary income tax. The Obama administration proposed similar changes in its published revenue proposals for 2011, 2012 and 2013.

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States and other jurisdictions have also considered legislation to increase taxes with respect to Carried Interest. For example, in 2010, the New York State Assembly passed a bill, which could have caused a non-resident of New York who holds our common units to be subject to New York state income tax on carried interest earned by entities in which we hold an indirect interest, thereby requiring the non-resident to file a New York state income tax return reporting such carried interest income. This legislation would have been retroactive to January 1, 2010. It is unclear whether or when similar legislation will be enacted. Finally, several state and local jurisdictions are evaluating ways to subject partnerships to entity level taxation through the imposition of state or local income, franchise or other forms of taxation or to increase the amount of such taxation.

If we were taxed as a corporation or were forced to hold interests in entities earning income from Carried Interest through taxable subsidiary corporations, our effective tax rate could increase significantly. The federal statutory rate for corporations is currently 35%, and the state and local tax rates, net of the federal benefit, aggregate approximately 5%. If a variation of the above described legislation or any other change in the tax laws, rules, regulations or interpretations preclude us from qualifying for treatment as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes under the publicly traded partnership rules or force us to hold interests in entities earning income from Carried Interest through taxable subsidiary corporations, this could materially increase our tax liability, and could well result in a reduction in the market price of our common units.

It is not possible at this time to meaningfully quantify the potential impact on Blackstone of this potential future legislation or any similar legislation. Multiple versions of legislation in this area have been proposed over the last few years that have included significantly different provisions regarding effective dates and the treatment of invested capital, tiered entities and cross-border operations, among other matters. Depending upon what version of the legislation, if any, were enacted, the potential impact on a public company such as Blackstone in a given year could differ dramatically and could be material. In addition, these legislative proposals would not themselves impose a tax on a publicly traded partnership such as Blackstone. Rather, they could force Blackstone and other publicly traded partnerships to restructure their operations so as to prevent disqualifying income from reaching the publicly traded partnership in amounts that would disqualify the partnership from treatment as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Such a restructuring could result in more income being earned in corporate subsidiaries, thereby increasing corporate income tax liability indirectly borne by the publicly traded partnership. In addition, we, and our common unitholders, could be taxed on any such restructuring. The nature of any such restructuring would depend on the precise provisions of the legislation that was ultimately enacted, as well as the particular facts and circumstances of Blackstone's operations at the time any such legislation were to take effect, making the task of predicting the amount of additional tax highly speculative.

On February 22, 2012, the Obama administration announced its framework of key elements to change the U.S. federal income tax rules for businesses. Few specifics were included, and it is unclear what any actual legislation would provide, when it would be proposed or what its prospects for enactment would be. Several parts of the framework, if enacted, could adversely affect us. First, the framework would reduce the deductibility of interest for corporations in some manner not specified. A reduction in interest deductions could increase our tax rate and thereby reduce cash available for distribution to investors or for other uses by us. Such a reduction could also increase the effective cost of financing by companies in which we invest, which could reduce the value of our Carried Interest in respect of such companies. The framework would also reduce the top marginal tax rate on corporations from 35% to 28%. Such a change could increase the effective cost of financing such investments, which could again reduce the value of our Carried Interest. The framework suggests some entities currently treated as partnerships for tax purposes should be subject to an entity-level income tax similar to the corporate income tax. If such a proposal caused us to be subject to additional entity-level taxes, it could reduce cash available for distribution to investors or for other uses by us. Finally, the framework reiterates the President's support for treatment of Carried Interest as ordinary income, as provided in the President's revenue proposal for 2014 described above. Because the framework did not include specifics, its effect on us is unclear.

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Economic Income

Blackstone uses Economic Income (EI) as a key measure of value creation, a benchmark of its performance and in making resource deployment and compensation decisions across its five segments. EI represents segment net income before taxes excluding transaction-related charges. Transaction-related charges arise from Blackstone's initial public offering (IPO) and long-term retention programs outside of annual deferred compensation and other corporate actions, including acquisitions. Transaction-related charges include equity-based compensation charges, the amortization of intangible assets and contingent consideration associated with acquisitions. EI presents revenues and expenses on a basis that deconsolidates the investment funds we manage. Economic Net Income (ENI) represents EI adjusted to include current period taxes. Taxes represent the current tax provision (benefit) calculated on Income (Loss) Before Provision for Taxes. (See Note 18. Segment Reporting in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements.)

Distributable Earnings

Distributable Earnings, which is derived from our segment reported results, is a supplemental measure to assess performance and amounts available for distributions to Blackstone unitholders, including Blackstone personnel and others who are limited partners of the Blackstone Holdings partnerships. Distributable Earnings, which is a non-GAAP measure, is intended to show the amount of net realized earnings without the effects of the consolidation of the Blackstone Funds. Distributable Earnings is derived from and reconciled to, but not equivalent to, its most directly comparable GAAP measure of Income (Loss) Before Provision for Taxes. See Liquidity and Capital Resources Sources of Liquidity below for our discussion of Distributable Earnings.

Distributable Earnings, which is a component of Economic Net Income, is the sum across all segments of: (a) Total Management and Advisory Fees, (b) Interest and Dividend Revenue, (c) Other Revenue, (d) Realized Performance Fees, and (e) Realized Investment Income (Loss); less (a) Compensation, (b) Realized Performance Fee Compensation, (c) Other Operating Expenses and (d) Taxes and Payables Under the Tax Receivable Agreement.

Fee Related Earnings

Blackstone uses Fee Related Earnings (FRE), which is derived from our segment reported results, as a measure to highlight earnings from operations excluding: (a) the income related to performance fees and related performance fee compensation costs, (b) income earned from Blackstone's investments in the Blackstone Funds, and (c) realized and unrealized gains (losses) from other investments except for such gains (losses) from Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies. Management uses FRE as a measure to assess whether recurring revenue from our businesses is sufficient to adequately cover all of our operating expenses and generate profits. FRE equals contractual fee revenues, investment income from Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies and interest income, less (a) compensation expenses (which includes amortization of non-IPO and non-acquisition-related equity-based awards, but excludes amortization of IPO and acquisition-related equity-based awards, Carried Interest and incentive fee compensation) and (b) other operating expenses. See Liquidity and Capital Resources Sources of Liquidity below for our discussion of Fee Related Earnings.

Operating Metrics

The alternative asset management business is a complex business that is primarily based on managing third party capital and does not require substantial capital investment to support rapid growth. However, there also can be volatility associated with its earnings and cash flows. Since our inception, we have developed and used various key operating metrics to assess and monitor the operating performance of our various alternative asset management businesses in order to monitor the effectiveness of our value creating strategies.

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Assets Under Management. Assets Under Management refers to the assets we manage. Our Assets Under Management equals the sum of:

- (a) the fair value of the investments held by our carry funds, REITs and our side-by-side and co-investment entities managed by us, plus the capital that we are entitled to call from investors in those funds and entities pursuant to the terms of their respective capital commitments, including capital commitments to funds that have yet to commence their investment periods,
- (b) the net asset value of our funds of hedge funds, hedge funds and certain registered investment companies,
- (c) the fair value of assets we manage pursuant to separately managed accounts,
- (d) the amount of capital raised for our CLOs and the amount of debt and equity outstanding for our CDOs, and
- (e) the gross amount of assets (including leverage) for certain of our credit-focused registered investment companies.

Our carry funds are commitment-based drawdown structured funds that do not permit investors to redeem their interests at their election. Our funds of hedge funds and hedge funds generally have structures that afford an investor the right to withdraw or redeem their interests on a periodic basis (for example, annually or quarterly), in most cases upon advance written notice, with the majority of our funds requiring from 60 days up to 95 days' notice, depending on the fund and the liquidity profile of the underlying assets. Investment advisory agreements related to separately managed accounts may generally be terminated by an investor on 30 to 90 days' notice.

Fee-Earning Assets Under Management. Fee-Earning Assets Under Management refers to the assets we manage on which we derive management and / or performance fees. Our Fee-Earning Assets Under Management equals the sum of:

- (a) for our Private Equity segment funds and carry funds including certain real estate debt investment funds in our Real Estate segment, the amount of capital commitments, remaining invested capital or par value of assets held, depending on the fee terms of the fund,
- (b) for our credit-focused carry funds, the amount of remaining invested capital (which may include leverage) or net asset value, depending on the fee terms of the fund,
- (c) the remaining invested capital of co-investments managed by us on which we receive fees,
- (d) the net asset value of our funds of hedge funds, hedge funds and certain registered investment companies,
- (e) the fair value of assets we manage pursuant to separately managed accounts,
- (f) the net proceeds received from equity offerings and accumulated core earnings of our REITs,
- (g) the aggregate par amount of collateral assets, including cash, of our CLOs and CDOs, and

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(h) the gross amount of assets (including leverage) for certain of our credit-focused registered investment companies. Our calculations of assets under management and fee-earning assets under management may differ from the calculations of other asset managers, and as a result this measure may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other asset managers. In addition, our calculation of assets under management includes commitments to, and the fair value of, invested capital in our funds from Blackstone and our personnel, regardless of whether such commitments or invested capital are subject to fees. Our definitions of assets under management or fee-earning assets under management are not based on any definition of assets under management or fee-earning assets under management that is set forth in the agreements governing the investment funds that we manage.

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For our carry funds, total assets under management includes the fair value of the investments held, whereas fee-earning assets under management includes the amount of capital commitments or the remaining amount of invested capital at cost depending on whether the investment period has or has not expired. As such, fee-earning assets under management may be greater than total assets under management when the aggregate fair value of the remaining investments is less than the cost of those investments.

Limited Partner Capital Invested. Limited Partner Capital Invested represents the amount of Limited Partner capital commitments which were invested by our carry funds during each period presented, plus the capital invested through co-investments arranged by us that were made by limited partners in investments of our carry funds on which we receive fees or a Carried Interest allocation.

We manage our business using traditional financial measures and our key operating metrics since we believe that these metrics measure the productivity of our investment activities.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Following is a discussion of our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012. For a more detailed discussion of the factors that affected the results of our five business segments (which are presented on a basis that deconsolidates the investment funds we manage) in these periods, see Segment Analysis below.

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The following tables set forth information regarding our consolidated results of operations and certain key operating metrics for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		2013 vs. 2012	
	2013	2012	\$	%
Revenues				
Management and Advisory Fees, Net	\$ 482,133	\$ 471,676	\$ 10,457	2%
Performance Fees				
Realized				
Carried Interest	294,170	13,560	280,610	N/M
Incentive Fees	23,741	5,279	18,462	N/M
Unrealized				
Carried Interest	177,347	298,796	(121,449)	-41%
Incentive Fees	105,798	67,135	38,663	58%
Total Performance Fees	601,056	384,770	216,286	56%
Investment Income				
Realized	42,353	16,335	26,018	159%
Unrealized	106,230	72,826	33,404	46%
Total Investment Income	148,583	89,161	59,422	67%
Interest and Dividend Revenue	12,557	7,636	4,921	64%
Other	2,144	(1,207)	3,351	N/M
Total Revenues	1,246,473	952,036	294,437	31%
Expenses				
Compensation and Benefits				
Compensation	451,430	495,255	(43,825)	-9%
Performance Fee Compensation				
Realized				
Carried Interest	89,437	7,938	81,499	N/M
Incentive Fees	10,508	4,252	6,256	147%
Unrealized				
Carried Interest	95,472	84,543	10,929	13%
Incentive Fees	44,478	12,779	31,699	N/M
Total Compensation and Benefits	691,325	604,767	86,558	14%
General, Administrative and Other	109,306	142,766	(33,460)	-23%
Interest Expense	27,062	14,518	12,544	86%
Fund Expenses	7,408	21,742	(14,334)	-66%
Total Expenses	835,101	783,793	51,308	7%
Other Income				
Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities	67,210	288,142	(220,932)	-77%
Income Before Provision for Taxes	478,582	456,385	22,197	5%
Provision for Taxes	50,993	38,753	12,240	32%

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Net Income	427,589	417,632	9,957	2%
Net Income Attributable to Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	62,316	54,259	8,057	15%
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	(9,452)	197,643	(207,095)	N/M
Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	207,090	107,405	99,685	93%
Net Income Attributable to The Blackstone Group L.P.	\$ 167,635	\$ 58,325	\$ 109,310	187%

N/M Not meaningful.

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Revenues

Total Revenues were \$1.2 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$294.4 million compared to Total Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2012 of \$952.0 million. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to an increase of \$216.3 million in Performance Fees and an increase of \$59.4 million, or 67%, in Investment Income.

The increase in Performance Fees in our Private Equity segment was principally due to realizations of several publicly traded portfolio companies including TRW, Team Health, TDC and Kosmos. The increase in Performance Fees in our Real Estate segment was due to the strong performance of our BREP carry funds, driven primarily by BREP V, VI, VII and BREP Europe III as a result of increasingly favorable real estate operating fundamentals. The increase in Performance Fees in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment was due to the increase in Fee-Earning Assets Under Management above their respective high-water marks and/or hurdle. The increase in Performance Fees in our Credit segment was principally due to realizations in our carry funds and favorable credit markets.

The increase in Investment Income was primarily across the Private Equity and Real Estate segments, driven by returns in our BCP V, BCP VI and BEP funds in our Private Equity segment and the year over year net increase in the appreciation of investments across our Real Estate funds.

Expenses

Expenses were \$835.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$51.3 million, or 7%, compared to \$783.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase in expenses was primarily attributable to an increase of \$130.4 million in Performance Fee Compensation due to an increase in Performance Fees Revenue which was partially offset by a decrease of \$43.8 million in Compensation. This decrease in Compensation was primarily attributable to a decrease in the equity-based amortization charges on our transaction-related awards. General, Administrative and Other expenses were \$109.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$33.5 million, driven primarily by a decrease in depreciation and amortization expenses.

Other Income

Other Income Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities is attributable to the consolidated Blackstone Funds which are largely held by third party investors. As such, most of this Other Income is eliminated from the results attributable to The Blackstone Group L.P. through the redeemable non-controlling interests and non-controlling interests items in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Other Income Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities was \$67.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$220.9 million compared to \$288.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The change was principally driven by an increase in the prices of debt relating to the consolidated CLO vehicles that resulted in an increase in notes payable and a decrease in unrealized gains.

Provision for Taxes

Blackstone's Provision for Taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$51.0 million and \$38.8 million, respectively. This resulted in an effective tax rate of 10.7% and 8.5%, respectively, based on our Income Before Provision for Taxes of \$478.6 million and \$456.4 million, respectively.

Two principal factors contributed to the 2.2% increase in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012. First, pre-tax income of \$343.9 million and \$370.8 million for the three month periods ended March 31, 2013 and the three months ended March 31, 2012, respectively, that is passed through to common unit holders is not taxable to the Partnership and its subsidiaries. The change in these amounts resulted in a 3.3% increase in the effective tax rate between the respective three month periods.

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Second, in both the three month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, book equity-based compensation expense exceeded the tax deductible equity-based compensation expense due to the issuance of units that are not deductible since they represent a value for value exchange for tax purposes. The impact to the effective tax rate for these amounts was 2.8% and 4.0% for the three month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, resulting in a net effective rate decrease of 1.2% between the periods.

Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities

The Net Income Attributable to Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities and Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities is attributable to the consolidated Blackstone Funds. The amounts of these items vary directly with the performance of the consolidated Blackstone Funds and largely eliminate the amount of Other Income Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities from the Net Income Attributable to The Blackstone Group L.P.

Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings is derived from the Income Before Provision for Taxes, excluding the Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities, and the percentage allocation of the income between Blackstone Holdings and The Blackstone Group L.P. after considering any contractual arrangements that govern the allocation of income (loss) such as fees allocable to The Blackstone Group L.P.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, the net income before taxes allocated to Blackstone Holdings was 49.7% and 54.7%, respectively. The decrease of 5.0% was primarily due to conversions of Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units to Blackstone common units and the vesting of common unit grants.

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Operating Metrics

The following tables present certain operating metrics for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012. For a description of how Assets Under Management and Fee-Earning Assets Under Management are determined, please see Key Financial Measures and Indicators Operating Metrics Assets Under Management and Fee-Earning Assets Under Management :

	Three Months Ended					Three Months Ended				
	Private Equity	Real Estate	March 31, 2013 Hedge Fund Solutions	Credit	Total (Dollars in Thousands)	Private Equity	Real Estate	March 31, 2012 Hedge Fund Solutions	Credit	Total
Fee-Earning Assets Under Management Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 37,050,167	\$ 41,931,339	\$ 43,478,791	\$ 45,420,143	\$ 167,880,440	\$ 37,237,791	\$ 31,236,540	\$ 37,819,636	\$ 30,462,786	\$ 136,756,753
Flows, Including Commitments	470,135	752,334	1,208,915	3,902,831	6,334,215	499,547	5,892,884	1,445,958	11,717,548	19,555,937
Outflows, Including Distributions		(8,058)	(324,341)	(486,465)	(818,864)		(6,144)	(351,218)	(250,247)	(607,609)
Realizations	(719,955)	(408,232)		(2,515,456)	(3,643,643)	(420,613)	(610,587)		(852,782)	(1,883,982)
Net Inflows (Outflows)	(249,820)	336,044	884,574	900,910	1,871,708	78,934	5,276,153	1,094,740	10,614,519	17,064,346
Market Appreciation (Depreciation)	(14,577)	(126,876)	1,222,089	116,563	1,197,199	6,910	134,769	1,629,396	669,272	2,440,347
Balance, End Period (e)	\$ 36,785,770	\$ 42,140,507	\$ 45,585,454	\$ 46,437,616	\$ 170,949,347	\$ 37,323,635	\$ 36,647,462	\$ 40,543,772	\$ 41,746,577	\$ 156,261,446
Increase (Decrease)	\$ (264,397)	\$ 209,168	\$ 2,106,663	\$ 1,017,473	\$ 3,068,907	\$ 85,844	\$ 5,410,922	\$ 2,724,136	\$ 11,283,791	\$ 19,504,693
Increase (Decrease)	-1%	0%	5%	2%	2%	0%	17%	7%	37%	14%

	Three Months Ended					Three Months Ended				
	Private Equity	Real Estate	March 31, 2013 Hedge Fund Solutions	Credit	Total (Dollars in Thousands)	Private Equity	Real Estate	March 31, 2012 Hedge Fund Solutions	Credit	Total
Assets Under Management Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 51,002,973	\$ 56,695,645	\$ 46,092,505	\$ 56,428,837	\$ 210,219,960	\$ 45,863,673	\$ 42,852,669	\$ 40,534,768	\$ 36,977,394	\$ 166,228,504
Flows, Including Commitments	982,634	1,517,226	1,215,331	4,757,044	8,472,235	1,078,133	4,744,971	1,465,945	14,195,260	21,484,309
Outflows, Including	(385,338)	(55,728)	(421,639)	(610,823)	(1,473,528)	(1,076)	(16,401)	(377,086)	(445,770)	(840,333)

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distributions)										
realizations	(1,961,239)	(1,022,105)		(3,049,060)	(6,032,404)	(814,209)	(600,545)		(974,375)	(2,389,129)
et Inflows outflows)	(1,363,943)	439,393	793,692	1,097,161	966,303	262,848	4,128,025	1,088,859	12,775,115	18,254,847
arket preciation	2,852,781	2,340,177	1,301,668	529,783	7,024,409	1,497,492	1,342,066	1,727,648	1,023,610	5,590,816
alance, End Period (e)	\$ 52,491,811	\$ 59,475,215	\$ 48,187,865	\$ 58,055,781	\$ 218,210,672	\$ 47,624,013	\$ 48,322,760	\$ 43,351,275	\$ 50,776,119	\$ 190,074,167
crease crease	\$ 1,488,838 3%	\$ 2,779,570 5%	\$ 2,095,360 5%	\$ 1,626,944 3%	\$ 7,990,712 4%	\$ 1,760,340 4%	\$ 5,470,091 13%	\$ 2,816,507 7%	\$ 13,798,725 37%	\$ 23,845,663 14%

- (a) Inflows represent contributions in our hedge funds and closed-end mutual funds, increases in available capital for our carry funds (capital raises, recallable capital and increased side-by-side commitments) and CLOs and increases in the capital we manage pursuant to separately managed account programs.

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- (b) Outflows represent redemptions in our hedge funds and closed-end mutual funds, client withdrawals from our separately managed account programs and decreases in available capital for our carry funds (expired capital, expense drawdowns and decreased side-by-side commitments). Also included is the distribution of funds associated with the discontinuation of our proprietary single manager hedge funds.
- (c) Realizations represent realizations from the disposition of assets and capital returned to investors from CLOs.
- (d) Market appreciation (depreciation) includes realized and unrealized gains (losses) on portfolio investments and the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations.
- (e) Fee-Earning Assets Under Management and Assets Under Management as of March 31, 2013 included \$363.5 million and \$412.8 million, respectively, from a joint venture in which we are the minority interest holder.

Fee-Earning Assets Under Management

Fee-Earning Assets Under Management were \$170.9 billion at March 31, 2013, an increase of \$3.1 billion, compared to \$167.9 billion at December 31, 2012. The net increase was due to:

Inflows of \$6.3 billion related to (a) \$3.9 billion in our Credit segment principally from inflows across our long only platform and the pricing of two new CLOs, (b) \$1.2 billion in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment mainly related to growth in its customized products and co-investment platform, (c) \$752.3 million in our Real Estate segment primarily related to co-investment capital raised, and (d) \$470.1 million in our Private Equity segment primarily due to additional capital raised for our Tactical Opportunities accounts.

Market appreciation of \$1.2 billion principally due to solid returns from core funds in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment.

Realizations of \$3.6 billion driven by (a) \$2.5 billion in our Credit segment primarily due to capital returned to CLO investors from CLOs that are post their re-investment periods and realizations in our carry funds, (b) \$720.0 million in our Private Equity segment that were primarily attributable to dispositions of investments in funds which earn fees based on remaining invested capital, and (c) \$408.2 million in our Real Estate segment primarily due to realizations from various investments across the segment.

Outflows of \$818.9 million primarily attributable to (a) \$486.5 million in our Credit segment primarily from our long only platform and (b) \$324.3 million in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment as a result of, in general, the liquidity needs of limited partners. BAAM had net inflows of \$1.7 billion from April 1 through May 1, 2013.

Fee-Earning Assets Under Management were \$156.3 billion at March 31, 2012, an increase of \$19.5 billion, or 14%, compared to \$136.8 billion at December 31, 2011. The net increase was due to:

Inflows of \$19.6 billion primarily related to (a) \$11.7 billion in our Credit segment primarily due to the acquisition of Harbourmaster during the first quarter of 2012, (b) \$5.9 billion in our Real Estate segment primarily due to additional closings of commitments in BREP VII, and (c) \$1.4 billion in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment primarily due to growth in its customized and commingled investment products.

Market appreciation of \$2.4 billion principally due to the favorable impact of foreign exchange rates during the first quarter of 2012.

Outflows of \$607.6 million primarily attributable to (a) \$351.2 million in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment due to the liquidity needs of limited partners and (b) \$250.2 million in our Credit segment principally from our hedge funds.

Realizations of \$1.9 billion driven by (a) \$852.8 million in our Credit segment primarily in the rescue lending funds, (b) \$610.6 million in our Real Estate segment related to dispositions of investments, and (c) \$420.6 million in our Private Equity segment primarily as a result of the dispositions of investments in funds which earn fees based on remaining invested capital.

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Assets Under Management

Assets Under Management were \$218.2 billion at March 31, 2013, an increase of \$8.0 billion, or 4%, compared to \$210.2 billion at December 31, 2012. The net increase was due to:

Inflows of \$8.5 billion primarily related to (a) \$4.8 billion in our Credit segment primarily from inflows across our long only platform, the pricing of two new CLOs and the first close of our second rescue lending fund, (b) \$1.5 billion in our Real Estate segment attributable to co-investment capital raised, (c) \$1.2 billion in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment, which was primarily from BAAM's customized products and co-investment platform, and (d) \$982.6 million in our Private Equity segment primarily related to fundraising for Tactical Opportunities.

Market appreciation of \$7.0 billion primarily due to (a) \$2.9 billion in our Private Equity segment primarily due to appreciation of our publicly traded holdings, (b) \$2.3 billion in our Real Estate segment due to the appreciation of the underlying investments resulting from increasingly favorable real estate operating fundamentals, (c) \$1.3 billion in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment due to solid returns from core funds, and (d) \$529.8 million in our Credit segment due to appreciation of the underlying assets in our carry funds and hedge funds.

Outflows of \$1.5 billion and realizations of \$6.0 billion across the segments due to the same reasons noted in Fee-Earning Assets Under Management above.

Assets Under Management were \$190.1 billion at March 31, 2012, an increase of \$23.8 billion, or 14%, compared to \$166.2 billion at December 31, 2011. The net increase was due to:

Inflows of \$21.5 billion primarily related to (a) \$14.2 billion in our Credit segment driven by the acquisition of Harbourmaster in January 2012, (b) \$4.7 billion in our Real Estate segment driven by additional closings of commitments in BREP VII, and (c) \$1.5 billion in our Hedge Fund Solutions segment due to growth in its commingled and customized investment products.

Outflows of \$840.3 million and realizations of \$2.4 billion were more than offset by market appreciation of \$5.6 billion.

Limited Partner Capital Invested

The following table presents the limited partner capital invested during the respective periods:

	Three Months Ended		2013 vs. 2012	
	2013	2012	\$	%
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Limited Partner Capital Invested				
Private Equity	\$ 276,987	\$ 643,044	\$ (366,057)	-57%
Real Estate	1,175,775	1,143,555	32,220	3%
Hedge Fund Solutions	55,849	4,661	51,188	N/M
Credit	275,852	928,173	(652,321)	-70%
Total	\$ 1,784,463	\$ 2,719,433	\$ (934,970)	-34%

N/M Not meaningful.

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Limited Partner Capital Invested was \$1.8 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$935.0 million, or 34%, from \$2.7 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease of \$652.3 million in our Credit segment and a decrease of \$366.1 million in our Private Equity segment due to the timing of investment closings. These decreases were partially offset by increases in our Hedge Fund Solutions and Real Estate segments of \$51.2 million and \$32.2 million, respectively.

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The following table presents the accrued performance fees, net of performance fee compensation, of the Blackstone Funds as of March 31, 2013 and 2012. Net accrued performance fees presented do not include clawback amounts, if any, which are disclosed in Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies Contingencies Contingent Obligations (Clawback) in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements of this filing.

	March 31,	
	2013	2012
	(Dollars in Millions)	
Private Equity		
BCP IV Carried Interest	\$ 448	\$ 586
BCP VI Carried Interest	40	
BEP Carried Interest	55	
Tactical Opportunities Carried Interest	2	
Total Private Equity (a)	545	586
Real Estate		
BREP V Carried Interest	490	314
BREP VI Carried Interest	681	496
BREP VII Carried Interest	133	15
BREP Int I I Carried Interest	2	9
BREP EU III Carried Interest	93	39
BREDS Carried Interest	20	17
BREDS Incentive Fees	7	4
Asia Platform Incentive Fees	20	24
Total Real Estate (a)	1,446	918
Hedge Fund Solutions		
Incentive Fees	60	21
Total Hedge Fund Solutions	60	21
Credit		
Carried Interest	143	95
Incentive Fees	67	74
Total Credit	210	169
Total Blackstone		
Carried Interest	2,107	1,571
Incentive Fees	154	123
Net Accrued Performance Fees	\$ 2,261	\$ 1,694

(a) Private Equity and Real Estate include Co-Investments.
Investment Record

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Fund returns information for our significant funds is included throughout this discussion and analysis to facilitate an understanding of our results of operations for the periods presented. The fund returns information reflected in this discussion and analysis is not indicative of the financial performance of The Blackstone Group L.P. and is also not necessarily indicative of the future performance of any particular fund. An investment in The Blackstone Group L.P. is not an investment in any of our funds. There can be no assurance that any of our funds or our other existing and future funds will achieve similar returns.

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The following table presents the investment record of our significant drawdown funds from inception through March 31, 2013:

Fund (Investment Period)	Committed Capital	Available Capital (a)	Unrealized Investments			Realized Investments		Total Investments		Net IRR (c)	
			Value	MOIC (b)	% Public	Value	MOIC (b)	Value	MOIC (b)	Realized	Total
			(Dollars in Thousands, Except Where Noted)								
Private Equity											
BCP I (Oct 1987 / Oct 1993)	\$ 859,081	\$	\$	N/A		\$ 1,741,738	2.6x	\$ 1,741,738	2.6x	19%	19%
BCP II (Oct 1993 / Aug 1997)	1,361,100			N/A		3,256,819	2.5x	3,256,819	2.5x	32%	32%
BCP III (Aug 1997 / Nov 2002)	3,967,422			N/A		9,184,688	2.3x	9,184,688	2.3x	14%	14%
BCOM (Jun 2000 / Jun 2006)	2,137,330	199,297	214,522	0.7x	8%	2,593,463	1.4x	2,807,985	1.3x	8%	6%
BCP IV (Nov 2002 / Dec 2005)	6,773,138	248,640	4,751,752	1.9x	48%	15,325,141	3.0x	20,076,893	2.7x	53%	37%
BCP V (Dec 2005 / Jan 2011)	21,020,878	1,362,492	20,816,848	1.3x	28%	4,453,770	1.2x	25,270,618	1.3x	2%	4%
BCP VI (Jan 2011 / Jan 2016)	15,173,929	11,183,807	3,815,948	1.2x	29%	35,972	1.3x	3,851,920	1.2x	22%	9%
BEP (Aug 2011 / Aug 2017)	2,426,375	1,428,861	1,108,026	2.0x	44%	32,546	1.2x	1,140,572	1.9x	34%	88%
Total Core Private Equity	53,719,253	14,423,097	30,707,096	1.4x	31%	36,624,137	2.2x	67,331,233	1.7x	21%	15%
Tactical Opportunities											
(d)	2,559,523	2,231,449	363,224	1.1x		9,161	1.3x	372,385	1.1x	N/M	14%
Other Funds and Co-Invest (d)	1,062,606	324,694	328,701	N/A	73%		N/A	328,701	0.5x	N/A	N/M
Total Private Equity	\$ 57,341,382	\$ 16,979,240	\$ 31,399,021	1.3x	31%	\$ 36,633,298	2.2x	\$ 68,032,319	1.7x	21%	15%

continued

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Fund (Investment Period)	Committed Capital	Available Capital (a)	Unrealized Investments			Realized Investments		Total Investments		Net IRR (c)	
			Value	MOIC (%)	Public	Value	MOIC (b)	Value	MOIC (b)	Realized	Total
			(Dollars in Thousands, Except Where Noted)								
Real Estate											
Dollar											
Pre-BREP	\$ 140,714	\$		N/A		\$ 345,190	2.5x	\$ 345,190	2.5x	33%	33%
BREP I (Sep 1994 / Oct 1996)	380,708			N/A		1,327,708	2.8x	1,327,708	2.8x	40%	40%
BREP II (Oct 1996 / Mar 1999)	1,198,339			N/A		2,531,613	2.1x	2,531,613	2.1x	19%	19%
BREP III (Apr 1999 / Apr 2003)	1,522,708		2,161	0.1x		3,325,133	2.4x	3,327,294	2.4x	22%	21%
BREP IV (Apr 2003 / Dec 2005)	2,198,694		1,174,534	0.8x		3,021,424	2.4x	4,195,958	1.5x	72%	13%
BREP V (Dec 2005 / Feb 2007)	5,538,579	243,946	7,275,478	1.7x		2,352,733	1.6x	9,628,211	1.7x	41%	9%
BREP VI (Feb 2007 / Aug 2011)	11,057,598	757,813	15,282,402	1.6x	3%	2,112,651	2.0x	17,395,053	1.6x	32%	10%
BREP VII (Aug 2011 / Feb 2017)	13,380,433	8,133,203	6,770,581	1.3x		530,631	1.5x	7,301,212	1.3x	47%	32%
Total Global Real Estate Funds	35,417,773	9,134,962	30,505,156	1.5x	1%	15,547,083	2.1x	46,052,239	1.6x	28%	16%
BREP Co-Investment (e)	4,188,092	505,000	5,632,582	1.5x		520,052	1.5x	6,152,634	1.5x	11%	12%
Euro											
BREP Int 1 (Jan 2001 / Sep 2005)	824,172		109,596	1.2x		1,230,290	2.2x	1,339,886	2.0x	26%	23%
BREP Int 1 II (Sep 2005 / Jun 2008)	1,627,954	81,767	1,242,339	1.0x		191,828	1.2x	1,434,167	1.0x	3%	-1%
BREP Europe III (Jun 2008 / Dec 2013)	3,199,792	1,180,404	2,896,822	1.4x		23,412	2.0x	2,920,234	1.4x	39%	18%
Total Euro Funds	5,651,918	1,262,171	4,248,757	1.3x		1,445,530	2.0x	5,694,287	1.4x	24%	9%
Total Real Estate	\$ 46,728,739	\$ 11,268,990	\$ 41,868,445	1.4x	1%	\$ 17,873,006	2.1x	\$ 59,741,451	1.6x	27%	15%
Debt Strategies											
Drawdown (f)	\$ 2,832,685	\$ 690,939	\$ 2,465,298	1.2x		\$ 1,371,755	1.3x	\$ 3,837,053	1.3x	16%	13%
Credit (g)											
Mezzanine	\$ 6,120,000	\$ 3,100,006	\$ 3,608,948	1.3x		\$ 2,632,565	1.7x	\$ 6,241,513	1.5x	N/A	20%
Rescue Lending	3,253,143	619,428	3,329,841	1.3x		1,456,563	1.1x	4,786,404	1.2x	N/A	15%
Total Credit	\$ 9,373,143	\$ 3,719,434	\$ 6,938,789	1.3x		\$ 4,089,128	1.4x	\$ 11,027,917	1.4x		

The returns presented herein represent those of the applicable Blackstone Funds and not those of The Blackstone Group L.P.

N/M Not meaningful.

N/A Not applicable.

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- (a) Available Capital represents total investable capital commitments, including side-by-side, adjusted for certain expenses and expired or callable capital, less invested capital. This amount is not reduced by outstanding commitments to investments.
- (b) Multiple of Invested Capital (MOIC) represents carrying value, before management fees, expenses and Carried Interest, divided by invested capital.
- (c) Net Internal Rate of Return (IRR) represents the annualized inception to March 31, 2013 IRR on total invested capital based on realized proceeds and unrealized value, as applicable, after management fees, expenses and Carried Interest.
- (d) Returns for Tactical Opportunities and Other Funds and Co-Invest are not applicable or not meaningful as these funds have no or little realizations.
- (e) BREP Co-Investment represents co-investment capital raised for various BREP investments. The Net IRR reflected is calculated by aggregating each co-investment's realized proceeds and unrealized value, as applicable, after management fees, expenses and Carried Interest.
- (f) Excludes Capital Trust drawdown funds.
- (g) The Total Investments MOIC for Mezzanine and Rescue Lending Funds, excluding recycled capital during the investment period, was 1.8x and 1.3x, respectively.

Segment Analysis

Discussed below is our EI for each of our segments. This information is reflected in the manner utilized by our senior management to make operating decisions, assess performance and allocate resources. References to our sectors or investments may also refer to portfolio companies and investments of the underlying funds that we manage.

For segment reporting purposes, revenues and expenses are presented on a basis that deconsolidates the investment funds we manage. As a result, segment revenues are greater than those presented on a consolidated GAAP basis because fund management fees recognized in certain segments are received from the Blackstone Funds and eliminated in consolidation when presented on a consolidated GAAP basis. Furthermore, segment expenses are lower than related amounts presented on a consolidated GAAP basis due to the exclusion of fund expenses that are paid by Limited Partners and the elimination of non-controlling interests.

Table of Contents**Private Equity**

The following table presents our results of operations for our Private Equity segment:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		2013 vs. 2012	
	2013	2012	\$	%
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Segment Revenues				
Management Fees, Net				
Base Management Fees	\$ 86,246	\$ 85,789	\$ 457	1%
Transaction and Other Fees, Net	24,453	18,097	6,356	35%
Management Fee Offsets	(480)	(3,782)	3,302	87%
Total Management Fees, Net	110,219	100,104	10,115	10%
Performance Fees				
Realized				
Carried Interest	139,892	3,933	135,959	N/M
Unrealized				
Carried Interest	(83,954)	34,051	(118,005)	N/M
Total Performance Fees	55,938	37,984	17,954	47%
Investment Income				
Realized	24,162	13,911	10,251	74%
Unrealized	31,711	16,469	15,242	93%
Total Investment Income	55,873	30,380	25,493	84%
Interest and Dividend Revenue	2,984	2,420	564	23%
Other	424	(215)	639	N/M
Total Revenues	225,438	170,673	54,765	32%
Expenses				
Compensation and Benefits				
Compensation	60,203	52,547	7,656	15%
Performance Fee Compensation				
Realized				
Carried Interest	16,246	320	15,926	N/M
Unrealized				
Carried Interest	16,619	(1,052)	17,671	N/M
Total Compensation and Benefits	93,068	51,815	41,253	80%
Other Operating Expenses	29,168	28,881	287	1%
Total Expenses	122,236	80,696	41,540	51%
Economic Income	\$ 103,202	\$ 89,977	\$ 13,225	15%

N/M Not meaningful.

Revenues

Revenues were \$225.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$54.8 million compared to \$170.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase in revenues was attributable to increases in Investment Income, Performance Fees and Total Management Fees of \$25.5 million, \$18.0 million and \$10.1 million, respectively.

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Investment Income was \$55.9 million, an increase of \$25.5 million, compared to \$30.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, driven by returns in our BCP V, BCP VI and BEP funds. The portfolio benefited from strong performance of our public holdings, including the successful initial public offering of Pinnacle Foods, as well as from our private investments in the retail/consumer and hospitality/leisure sectors.

Performance Fees, which are determined on a fund by fund basis, were \$55.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$18.0 million, compared to \$38.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, principally due to realizations of several publicly traded portfolio companies including TRW, Team Health, TDC and Kosmos.

Total Management Fees were \$110.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$10.1 million compared to \$100.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, driven primarily by increased Transaction and Other Fees and a reduction of Management Fee Offsets. Transaction and Other Fees were \$24.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$6.4 million compared to \$18.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, principally as a result of one time fees earned from the termination of management advisory service agreements related to the completion of Pinnacle Foods' initial public offering and fees earned from new investment activity. Management Fee Offsets relate to a reduction of management fees payable by our limited partners in BCP VI based on the amount they reimbursed Blackstone for placement fees.

Expenses

Expenses were \$122.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$41.5 million, compared to \$80.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase was attributable to a \$33.6 million increase in Performance Fee Compensation and a \$7.7 million increase in Compensation. The increase in Performance Fee Compensation was driven by the increase in Performance Fees Revenue. Compensation increased primarily due to an increase in headcount to support the growth of the business.

Fund Returns

Fund returns information for our significant funds is included throughout this discussion and analysis to facilitate an understanding of our results of operations for the periods presented. The fund returns information reflected in this discussion and analysis is not indicative of the financial performance of The Blackstone Group L.P. and is also not necessarily indicative of the future performance of any particular fund. An investment in The Blackstone Group L.P. is not an investment in any of our funds. There can be no assurance that any of our funds or our other existing and future funds will achieve similar returns.

The following table presents the internal rates of return of our significant private equity funds:

Fund (a)	Three Months Ended March 31,				March 31, 2013 Inception to Date			
	2013		2012		Total		Realized	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
BCP IV	-2%	-2%	4%	4%	50%	37%	69%	53%
BCP V	11%	11%	5%	5%	5%	4%	4%	2%
BCP VI (b)	4%	1%	N/M	N/M	23%	9%	43%	22%
BEP (b)	20%	18%	N/M	N/M	95%	88%	36%	34%

The returns presented herein represent those of the applicable Blackstone Funds and not those of The Blackstone Group L.P.

N/M Not meaningful.

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- (a) Net returns are based on the change in carrying value (realized and unrealized) after management fees, expenses and Carried Interest allocations.
- (b) 2012 returns for BCP VI and BEP are not meaningful as a material portion of the funds' capital had not been invested. The Private Equity segment has three contributed funds with closed investment periods: BCP IV, BCP V and BCOM. As of March 31, 2013, BCP IV was above its Carried Interest threshold (i.e., the preferred return payable to its limited partners before the general partner is eligible to receive Carried Interest) and would still be above its Carried Interest threshold even if all remaining investments were valued at zero. BCP V is currently below its Carried Interest threshold. BCOM is currently below its Carried Interest threshold but has generated inception-to-date positive returns. We are entitled to retain previously realized Carried Interest up to 20% of BCOM's net gains. As a result, Performance Fees are recognized from BCOM on current period gains and losses.

The following table presents the Carried Interest status of our private equity funds out of their investment period which are currently not generating performance fees as of March 31, 2013:

Funds Out of the Investment Period	Amount (Dollars in Millions)	Gain to Cross Carried Interest Threshold (a)
		% Change in Total Enterprise Value (b)
BCP V (Dec 2005 / Jan 2011)	\$ 4,155	9%

- (a) The general partner of each fund is allocated Carried Interest when the annualized returns, net of management fees and expenses, exceed the preferred return as dictated by the fund agreements. The preferred return is calculated for each limited partner individually. The Gain to Cross Carried Interest Threshold represents the increase in equity at the fund level (excluding our side-by-side investments) that is required for the general partner to begin accruing Carried Interest, assuming the gain is earned pro rata across the fund's investments and is achieved at the reporting date.
- (b) Total Enterprise Value is the respective fund's pro rata ownership of the portfolio companies' Enterprise Value at the reporting date.

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Real Estate

The following table presents our results of operations for our Real Estate segment:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		2013 vs. 2012	
	2013	2012	\$	%
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Segment Revenues				
Management Fees, Net				
Base Management Fees	\$ 138,346	\$ 147,802	\$ (9,456)	-6%
Transaction and Other Fees, Net	9,140	14,412	(5,272)	-37%
Management Fee Offsets	(7,286)	(8,627)	1,341	16%
Total Management Fees, Net	140,200	153,587	(13,387)	-9%
Performance Fees				
Realized				
Carried Interest	68,773	8,617	60,156	N/M
Incentive Fees	3,092	(1)	3,093	N/M
Unrealized				
Carried Interest	280,076	221,500	58,576	26%
Incentive Fees	2,400	7,914	(5,514)	-70%
Total Performance Fees	354,341	238,030	116,311	49%
Investment Income				
Realized	9,534	7,812	1,722	22%
Unrealized	60,303	25,912	34,391	133%
Total Investment Income	69,837	33,724	36,113	107%
Interest and Dividend Revenue	4,298	2,552	1,746	68%
Other	(133)	(709)	576	81%
Total Revenues	568,543	427,184	141,359	33%
Expenses				
Compensation and Benefits				
Compensation	69,459	68,889	570	1%
Performance Fee Compensation				
Realized				
Carried Interest	25,863	4,077	21,786	N/M
Incentive Fees	1,724	2	1,722	N/M
Unrealized				
Carried Interest	89,057	54,275	34,782	64%
Incentive Fees	1,034	3,768	(2,734)	-73%
Total Compensation and Benefits	187,137	131,011	56,126	43%
Other Operating Expenses	28,462	28,924	(462)	-2%
Total Expenses	215,599	159,935	55,664	35%
Economic Income	\$ 352,944	\$ 267,249	\$ 85,695	32%

N/M Not meaningful.

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Revenues

Revenues were \$568.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$141.4 million compared to \$427.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to increases of \$116.3 million in Performance Fees and \$36.1 million in Investment Income, partially offset by a decrease of \$13.4 million in Total Management Fees.

Performance Fees, which are determined on a fund by fund basis, were \$354.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$116.3 million compared to \$238.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Performance Fees continued to benefit from the strong performance of our BREP carry funds and were primarily driven by BREP V, VI, VII and BREP Europe III. For the three months ended March 31, 2013, the carrying value of assets for Blackstone's contributed Real Estate funds, including fee-paying co-investments, increased 6.3% driven by increasingly favorable real estate operating fundamentals, particularly in our hospitality, office and residential holdings. Our BREDS drawdown and real estate hedge funds appreciated 2.7% and 4.9%, respectively.

Investment Income was \$69.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$36.1 million compared to \$33.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase was primarily driven by the year over year net increase in the appreciation of investments across our global Real Estate funds.

Total Management Fees were \$140.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$13.4 million compared to \$153.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Base Management Fees were \$138.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$9.5 million compared to \$147.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The decrease was primarily related to a one-time BREP VII management fee catch-up in the first quarter of 2012. Transaction and Other Fees were \$9.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$5.3 million compared to \$14.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, which was primarily related to a decrease in the acquisition fee rate charged on completed transactions.

Expenses

Expenses were \$215.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$55.7 million, compared to \$159.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase was primarily attributable to a \$55.6 million increase in Performance Fee Compensation due to an increase in Performance Fees Revenue.

Fund Returns

Fund return information for our significant funds is included throughout this discussion and analysis to facilitate an understanding of our results of operations for the periods presented. The fund returns information reflected in this discussion and analysis is not indicative of the financial performance of The Blackstone Group L.P. and is also not necessarily indicative of the future performance of any particular fund. An investment in The Blackstone Group L.P. is not an investment in any of our funds. There can be no assurance that any of our funds or our other existing and future funds will achieve similar returns.

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The following table presents the internal rates of return of our significant real estate funds:

Fund (a)	Three Months Ended March 31,				March 31, 2013 Inception to Date			
	2013		2012		Total		Realized	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
BREP International (b)					33%	23%	35%	26%
BREP IV	2%	2%	1%	1%	24%	13%	106%	72%
BREP V	4%	3%	4%	3%	13%	9%	64%	41%
BREP International II (b)	10%	10%	-5%	-5%	1%	-1%	9%	3%
BREP VI	6%	5%	4%	3%	14%	10%	42%	32%
BREP Europe III (b)	6%	4%	2%	1%	38%	18%	55%	39%
BREP VII	11%	7%	25%	14%	51%	32%	79%	47%
BREDS I	3%	2%	5%	4%	17%	13%	20%	16%
BSSF I	5%	4%	8%	7%	16%	12%	N/A	N/A
CMBS	4%	3%	8%	7%	18%	13%	N/A	N/A
BREP Co-Investment (c)	8%	7%	3%	3%	15%	13%	22%	19%

The returns presented herein represent those of the applicable Blackstone Funds and not those of The Blackstone Group L.P.

N/A Not applicable.

(a) Net returns are based on the change in carrying value (realized and unrealized) after management fees, expenses and performance fee allocations.

(b) Euro-based net internal rates of return.

(c) Excludes fully realized co-investments prior to Blackstone's initial public offering.

The following table presents the Carried Interest status of our real estate carry funds with expired investment periods which are currently not generating performance fees as of March 31, 2013:

Fully Invested Funds	Amount (Amounts in Millions)	Gain to Cross Carried Interest Threshold (a) % Change in Total Enterprise Value (b)
BREP Int I II (Sep 2005 / Jun 2008)	932	21%

(a) The general partner of each fund is allocated Carried Interest when the annualized returns, net of management fees and expenses, exceed the preferred return as dictated by the fund agreements. The preferred return is calculated for each limited partner individually. The Gain to Cross Carried Interest Threshold represents the increase in equity at the fund level (excluding our side-by-side investments) that is required for the general partner to begin accruing Carried Interest, assuming the gain is earned pro rata across the fund's investments and is achieved at the reporting date.

(b) Total Enterprise Value is the respective fund's pro rata ownership of the privately held portfolio companies' Enterprise Value. The Real Estate segment has three funds in their investment period, which were above their respective Carried Interest thresholds as of March 31, 2013: BREP Europe III, BREP VII and BREDS I.

Table of Contents***Hedge Fund Solutions***

The following table presents our results of operations for our Hedge Fund Solutions segment:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		2013 vs. 2012	
	2013	2012	\$	%
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Segment Revenues				
Management Fees, Net				
Base Management Fees	\$ 92,791	\$ 81,821	\$ 10,970	13%
Transaction and Other Fees, Net	4	92	(88)	-96%
Management Fee Offsets	(324)	(335)	11	3%
Total Management Fees, Net	92,471	81,578	10,893	13%
Performance Fees				
Realized				
Incentive Fees	13,709	3,298	10,411	N/M
Unrealized				
Incentive Fees	55,501	23,187	32,314	139%
Total Performance Fees	69,210	26,485	42,725	161%
Investment Income				
Realized	852	503	349	69%
Unrealized	3,913	8,371	(4,458)	-53%
Total Investment Income	4,765	8,874	(4,109)	-46%
Interest and Dividend Revenue	1,216	386	830	N/M
Other	85	(127)	212	N/M
Total Revenues	167,747	117,196	50,551	43%
Expenses				
Compensation and Benefits				
Compensation	33,868	28,233	5,635	20%
Performance Fee Compensation				
Realized				
Incentive Fees	5,022	1,378	3,644	N/M
Unrealized				
Incentive Fees	19,836	7,294	12,542	172%
Total Compensation and Benefits	58,726	36,905	21,821	59%
Other Operating Expenses	15,159	13,934	1,225	9%
Total Expenses	73,885	50,839	23,046	45%
Economic Income	\$ 93,862	\$ 66,357	\$ 27,505	41%

N/M Not meaningful.

Revenues

Revenues were \$167.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$50.6 million compared to \$117.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to an increase of \$42.7 million in Performance Fees to \$69.2 million and an increase of \$10.9 million in Total Management Fees to \$92.5 million, partially offset by a decrease of \$4.1 million in Investment Income to \$4.8 million.

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Performance Fees were \$69.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$42.7 million compared to \$26.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012, primarily due to an increase in Fee-Earning Assets Under Management above their respective high-water marks and/or hurdle, and therefore eligible for performance fees. The net returns of the underlying assets for Blackstone's Hedge Fund Solutions funds were 4.0% during the three months ended March 31, 2013.

Total Management Fees were \$92.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$10.9 million compared to \$81.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Base Management Fees were \$92.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$11.0 million compared to the prior year period, driven by an increase in Fee-Earning Assets Under Management of 12% from the prior year period, which resulted from net inflows and market appreciation.

Investment Income was \$4.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$4.1 million compared to \$8.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The decrease is primarily due to a lower rate of net appreciation in investments that Blackstone owns a share.

Expenses

Expenses were \$73.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$23.0 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase was primarily attributable to a \$16.2 million increase in Performance Fee Compensation due to the increase in Performance Fees revenue and a \$5.6 million increase in Compensation, primarily due to an increase in headcount to support the growth of the business. Other Operating Expenses were \$15.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$1.2 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012, primarily due to an increase in interest expense allocated to the segment and partially offset by a decrease in limited partner placement fees.

Operating Metrics

The following table presents information regarding our Fee-Earning Assets Under Management:

	Fee-Earning Assets Under Management Eligible for Incentive Fees As of March 31,		Estimated % Above High Water Mark and/or Hurdle (a) As of March 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
BAAM Managed Funds (b)	\$ 25,028,428	\$ 21,647,124	94%	52%

- (a) Estimated % Above High Water Mark and/or Hurdle represents the percentage of Fee-Earning Assets Under Management Eligible for Incentive Fees that as of the dates presented would earn incentive fees when the applicable BAAM managed fund has positive investment performance (relative to a hurdle, where applicable). Incremental positive performance in the applicable Blackstone Funds may cause additional assets to reach their respective High Water Mark and/or Hurdle, thereby resulting in an increase in Estimated % Above High Water Mark and/or Hurdle.
- (b) For the BAAM managed funds, at March 31, 2013 the incremental appreciation needed for the 6% of Fee-Earning Assets Under Management below their respective High Water Marks and/or Hurdle to reach their respective High Water Marks and/or Hurdle was \$76.0 million, a decrease of \$316.3 million, or 80.6%, compared to \$392.3 million at March 31, 2012. Of the Fee-Earning Assets Under Management below their respective High Water Marks and/or Hurdle as of March 31, 2013, 52% were within 5% of reaching their respective High Water Mark and/or Hurdle.

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Composite Returns

Composite returns information is included throughout this discussion and analysis to facilitate an understanding of our results of operations for the periods presented. The composite returns information reflected in this discussion and analysis is not indicative of the financial performance of The Blackstone Group L.P. and is also not necessarily indicative of the future results of any particular fund. An investment in The Blackstone Group L.P. is not an investment in any of our funds or composites. There can be no assurance that any of our funds or composites or our other existing and future funds or composites will achieve similar returns.

The following table presents the return information of the BAAM Managed Funds, Core Funds Composite:

Composite	Three Months Ended March 31,						Average Annual Returns (a)					
							Periods Ended March 31, 2013					
	2013		2012		One Year		Three Year		Five Year		Historical	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
BAAM Managed Funds, Core Funds Composite												
(b)	4%	4%	4%	4%	10%	9%	7%	5%	4%	3%	8%	7%

The returns presented represent those of the applicable Blackstone Funds and not those of The Blackstone Group L.P.

- (a) Composite returns present a summarized asset weighted return measure to evaluate the overall performance of the applicable class of Blackstone Funds.
- (b) BAAM's Core Funds Composite covers the period from January 2000 to present, although BAAM's inception date is September 1990. BAAM's Core Funds Composite does not include BAAM's long-only equity, long-biased commodities, seed, strategic opportunities (external investments) and advisory platforms.

Table of Contents**Credit**

The following table presents our results of operations for our Credit segment:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		2013 vs. 2012	
	2013	2012	\$	%
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Segment Revenues				
Management Fees, Net				
Base Management Fees	\$ 91,364	\$ 80,094	\$ 11,270	14%
Transaction and Other Fees, Net	4,374	5,725	(1,351)	-24%
Management Fee Offsets	(1,572)	(306)	(1,266)	N/M
Total Management Fees, Net	94,166	85,513	8,653	10%
Performance Fees				
Realized				
Carried Interest	85,505	1,010	84,495	N/M
Incentive Fees	7,926	1,982	5,944	N/M
Unrealized				
Carried Interest	(18,775)	43,245	(62,020)	N/M
Incentive Fees	49,854	37,020	12,834	35%
Total Performance Fees	124,510	83,257	41,253	50%
Investment Income				
Realized	3,328	683	2,645	N/M
Unrealized	1,093	9,211	(8,118)	-88%
Total Investment Income	4,421	9,894	(5,473)	-55%
Interest and Dividend Revenue	4,547	2,425	2,122	88%
Other	1,828	(238)	2,066	N/M
Total Revenues	229,472	180,851	48,621	27%
Expenses				
Compensation and Benefits				
Compensation	45,521	37,143	8,378	23%
Performance Fee Compensation				
Realized				
Carried Interest	47,328	3,541	43,787	N/M
Incentive Fees	3,762	2,872	890	31%
Unrealized				
Carried Interest	(10,204)	31,320	(41,524)	N/M
Incentive Fees	23,608	1,717	21,891	N/M
Total Compensation and Benefits	110,015	76,593	33,422	44%
Other Operating Expenses	20,962	17,096	3,866	23%
Total Expenses	130,977	93,689	37,288	40%
Economic Income	\$ 98,495	\$ 87,162	\$ 11,333	13%

N/M Not meaningful.

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Revenues

Revenues were \$229.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$48.6 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to an increase of \$41.3 million in Performance Fees and an increase of \$8.7 million in Total Management Fees, partially offset by a decrease of \$5.5 million in Investment Income.

Performance Fees were \$124.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$41.3 million from the prior year period. This change was attributable to a higher rate of appreciation in our funds driven by favorable credit markets and strong underlying company performance in the portfolios of our carry funds. The net returns of Blackstone's Credit segment funds were 4.6% for the hedge funds, 6.8% for the mezzanine funds and 4.8% for the rescue lending funds for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

Total Management Fees were \$94.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$8.7 million from the prior year period. Base Management Fees were \$91.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$11.3 million compared to the prior year period, primarily due to an increase in Fee-Earning Assets Under Management.

Total Investment Income was \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$5.5 million from the prior year period. The decrease is primarily due to a lower rate of net appreciation in investments that Blackstone owns a share.

Expenses

Expenses were \$131.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, an increase of \$37.3 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase in expenses was primarily attributable to increases of \$25.0 million and \$8.4 million in Performance Fee Compensation and Compensation, respectively. The \$25.0 million increase in Performance Fee Compensation was primarily due to the increase in Performance Fees in the current quarter compared to the prior year period. Other Operating Expenses increased \$3.9 million to \$21.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared to \$17.1 million for the prior year period. The increase was primarily due to an increase in interest expense allocated to the segment and partially offset by a decrease in depreciation and other expenses.

Fund Returns

Fund return information for our significant businesses is included throughout this discussion and analysis to facilitate an understanding of our results of operations for the periods presented. The fund returns information reflected in this discussion and analysis is not indicative of the financial performance of The Blackstone Group L.P. and is also not necessarily indicative of the future results of any particular fund. An investment in The Blackstone Group L.P. is not an investment in any of our funds. There can be no assurance that any of our funds or our other existing and future funds will achieve similar returns.

The following table presents the return information of the segment's Flagship Hedge Funds:

Fund	Three Months Ended						Average Annual Returns (a)					
	March 31,						Periods Ended March 31, 2013					
	2013		2012		One Year		Three Year		Five Year		Historical	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Flagship Hedge Funds (b)	6%	5%	5%	4%	19%	14%	16%	12%	12%	9%	12%	9%

The returns presented represent those of the applicable Blackstone Funds and not those of The Blackstone Group L.P.

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- (a) Average annual returns present a summarized asset weighted return measure to evaluate the overall performance of the applicable class of Blackstone Funds.
- (b) The Flagship Hedge Funds returns represent the weighted-average return for U.S. domestic and offshore funds included in this return. The historical return is from August 1, 2005, which is before Blackstone's acquisition of GSO in March 2008.
- The following table presents the internal rates of return of our significant Credit drawdown funds:

Fund (a)	Three Months Ended March 31,				March 31, 2013 Inception to Date	
	2013		2012		Gross	Net
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net		
Mezzanine Funds (b)	8%	7%	7%	5%	27%	20%
Rescue Lending Funds (c)	6%	5%	8%	4%	21%	15%

The returns presented herein represent those of the applicable Blackstone Funds and not those of The Blackstone Group L.P.

- (a) Net returns are based on the change in carrying value (realized and unrealized) after management fees, expenses and performance fee allocations, net of tax advances.
- (b) The Mezzanine Funds returns represent the weighted-average return for the U.S. domestic and offshore funds including, as applicable, for the new significant mezzanine fund. The inception to date return is from July 16, 2007, which is before Blackstone's acquisition of GSO in March 2008.
- (c) The Rescue Lending Funds returns represent the weighted-average return for the U.S. domestic and offshore funds included in this return. The inception to date returns are from September 29, 2009, which is when the funds commenced investing.
- As of March 31, 2013, the significant Credit drawdown funds were above their respective Carried Interest thresholds.

Table of Contents**Financial Advisory**

The following table presents our results of operations for our Financial Advisory segment:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		2013 vs. 2012	
	2013	2012	\$	%
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Segment Revenues				
Advisory Fees	\$ 67,020	\$ 75,846	\$ (8,826)	-12%
Transaction and Other Fees, Net	3	145	(142)	-98%
Total Advisory and Transaction Fees	67,023	75,991	(8,968)	-12%
Investment Income (Loss)				
Realized	234	583	(349)	-60%
Unrealized	(359)	(49)	(310)	N/M
Total Investment Income	(125)	534	(659)	N/M
Interest and Dividend Revenue	1,616	1,562	54	3%
Other	(61)	82	(143)	N/M
Total Revenues	68,453	78,169	(9,716)	-12%
Expenses				
Compensation and Benefits				
Compensation	57,926	67,960	(10,034)	-15%
Other Operating Expenses	20,693	20,686	7	0%
Total Expenses	78,619	88,646	(10,027)	-11%
Economic Income (Loss)	\$ (10,166)	\$ (10,477)	\$ 311	3%

N/M Not meaningful.

Revenues

Revenues were \$68.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$9.7 million, or 12%, compared to \$78.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The decrease in revenues was driven primarily by decreases in Blackstone Advisory Partners' business and in Blackstone's fund placement business, partially offset by an increase in Blackstone's restructuring and reorganization business. The decrease in Blackstone Advisory Partners' business was due to a decrease in the number of transactions compared to the prior year period. The pipeline for the Blackstone Advisory Partners' business remains steady across a diverse group of industries. The decrease in fees earned by Blackstone's fund placement business was primarily due to a decrease in the number of transactions that closed in the Real Estate business during the period; however, market conditions are still moderately improving over the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase in Blackstone's restructuring and reorganization business was driven primarily by a higher amount of transaction fees recorded relative to the prior year period. The pipeline for the restructuring and reorganization business remains steady across a diverse group of industries.

Expenses

Expenses were \$78.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$10.0 million, or 11%, compared to \$88.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Compensation decreased \$10.0 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012, principally due to decreases in compensation expense in Blackstone Advisory Partners' business and in our fund placement business, partially offset by an

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increase in compensation in our restructuring and reorganization business. Compensation expense for these businesses is related to their financial performance. Other Operating Expenses were relatively flat compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Blackstone's business model derives revenue primarily from third party assets under management and from advisory businesses. Blackstone is not a capital or balance sheet intensive business and targets operating expense levels such that total management and advisory fees exceed total operating expenses each period. As a result, we require limited capital resources to support the working capital or operating needs of our businesses. We draw primarily on the long term committed capital of our limited partner investors to fund the investment requirements of the Blackstone Funds and use our own realizations and cash flows to invest in growth initiatives, make commitments to our own funds, where our minimum general partner commitments are generally less than 5% of the limited partner commitments of a fund, or pay distributions to unitholders.

Fluctuations in our balance sheet result primarily from activities of the Blackstone Funds which are consolidated as well as business transactions, such as the issuance of senior notes described below. The majority economic ownership interests of the Blackstone Funds are reflected as Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities, Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities and Appropriated Partners' Capital in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The consolidation of these Blackstone Funds has no net effect on the Partnership's Net Income or Partners' Capital. Additionally, fluctuations in our balance sheet also include appreciation or depreciation in Blackstone investments in the Blackstone Funds, additional investments and redemptions of such interests in the Blackstone Funds and the collection of receivables related to management and advisory fees.

Total assets were \$28.0 billion as of March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$953.6 million from December 31, 2012. The decrease in total assets was primarily attributable to a \$892.7 million decrease in Investments mainly due to the deconsolidation of certain CLO vehicles during the first quarter of 2013. Total liabilities were \$16.6 billion as of March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$1.1 billion from December 31, 2012. The decrease in total liabilities was primarily due to a decrease in Loans Payable of \$1.1 billion resulting from the deconsolidation of certain CLO vehicles and repayments of loans payable during the first quarter of 2013.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, we had Total Fee Related Revenues of \$519.2 million and related expenses of \$381.4 million, generating Fee Related Earnings of \$137.7 million and Distributable Earnings of \$378.8 million.

Sources of Liquidity

We have multiple sources of liquidity to meet our capital needs, including annual cash flows, accumulated earnings in the businesses, investments in our own Treasury and liquid funds and access to our debt capacity, including our \$1.1 billion committed revolving credit facility and the proceeds from our 2009, 2010 and 2012 issuances of senior notes. As of March 31, 2013, we had \$815.3 million in cash, \$1.3 billion invested in Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies, \$142.5 million invested in liquid Blackstone Funds, \$2.1 billion invested in illiquid Blackstone Funds and \$142.2 million invested in other investments, against \$1.6 billion in borrowings from our bond issuances, and no borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility.

In addition to the cash we received in connection with our IPO, debt offerings and our borrowing facilities, we expect to receive (a) cash generated from operating activities, (b) Carried Interest and incentive income realizations, and (c) realizations on the carry and hedge fund investments that we make. The amounts received from these three sources in particular may vary substantially from year to year and quarter to quarter depending on the frequency and size of realization events or net returns experienced by our investment funds. Our available capital could be adversely affected if there are prolonged periods of few substantial realizations from our investment funds accompanied by substantial capital calls for new investments from those investment funds. Therefore, Blackstone's commitments to our funds are taken into consideration when managing our overall liquidity and cash position.

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We use Distributable Earnings, which is derived from our segment reported results, as a supplemental non-GAAP measure to assess performance and amounts available for distributions to Blackstone unitholders, including Blackstone personnel and others who are limited partners of the Blackstone Holdings partnerships. Distributable Earnings is intended to show the amount of net realized earnings without the effects of the consolidation of the Blackstone Funds. Distributable Earnings is derived from and reconciled to, but not equivalent to, its most directly comparable GAAP measure of Income (Loss) Before Provision for Taxes. Distributable Earnings, which is a component of Economic Net Income, is the sum across all segments of: (a) Total Management and Advisory Fees, (b) Interest and Dividend Revenue, (c) Other Revenue, (d) Realized Performance Fees, and (e) Realized Investment Income (Loss); less (a) Compensation, (b) Realized Performance Fee Compensation, (c) Other Operating Expenses and (d) Taxes and Related Payables including the Payable Under Tax Receivable Agreement.

The following table calculates Blackstone's Fee Related Earnings, Distributable Earnings and Economic Net Income:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
	(Dollars in Thousands)	
Base Management Fees (a)	\$ 408,747	\$ 395,506
Advisory Fees (a)	67,020	75,846
Transaction and Other Fees, Net (a)	37,974	38,471
Management Fee Offsets (a)	(9,662)	(13,050)
Interest Income and Other Revenue (b)	15,075	14,448
Compensation (a)	(266,977)	(254,772)
Other Operating Expenses (a)	(114,444)	(109,521)
Fee Related Earnings	137,733	146,928
Net Realized Incentive Fees (b)	14,219	1,027
Net Realized Carried Interest (b)	204,733	5,622
Net Realized Investment Income (b)	34,290	17,595
Taxes and Related Payables (c)	(12,148)	(9,051)
Distributable Earnings	378,827	162,121
Net Unrealized Incentive Fees (b)	63,277	55,342
Net Unrealized Carried Interest (b)	81,875	214,253
Net Unrealized Investment Income (b)	102,210	59,501
Add Back: Related Payables (d)	2,117	
Economic Net Income	\$ 628,306	\$ 491,217

- (a) Represents the total segment amounts of the respective captions.
- (b) Detail on this amount is included in the table below.
- (c) Represents the current tax provision (benefit) calculated on Income (Loss) Before Provision for Taxes and the Payable Under Tax Receivable Agreement.
- (d) Represents tax related payables including the Payable Under Tax Receivable Agreement.

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The following calculates the components of Fee Related Earnings, Distributable Earnings and Economic Net Income in the above table identified by note (b):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 2012 (Dollars in Thousands)	
Interest Income and Dividend Revenue (a)	\$ 14,661	\$ 9,345
Other Revenue (a)	2,143	(1,207)
Investment Income (Loss) Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies (b)	(1,729)	6,310
Interest Income and Other Revenue	\$ 15,075	\$ 14,448
Realized Incentive Fees (a)	\$ 24,727	\$ 5,279
Less: Realized Incentive Fee Compensation (a)	(10,508)	(4,252)
Net Realized Incentive Fees	\$ 14,219	\$ 1,027
Realized Carried Interest (a)	\$ 294,170	\$ 13,560
Less: Realized Carried Interest Compensation (a)	(89,437)	(7,938)
Net Realized Carried Interest	\$ 204,733	\$ 5,622
Realized Investment Income (a)	\$ 38,110	\$ 23,492
Adjustment Related to Realized Investment Income Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies (c)	(3,820)	(5,897)
Net Realized Investment Income	\$ 34,290	\$ 17,595
Unrealized Incentive Fees (a)	\$ 107,755	\$ 68,121
Less: Unrealized Incentive Fee Compensation (a)	(44,478)	(12,779)
Net Unrealized Incentive Fees	\$ 63,277	\$ 55,342
Unrealized Carried Interest (a)	\$ 177,347	\$ 298,796
Less: Unrealized Carried Interest Compensation (a)	(95,472)	(84,543)
Net Unrealized Carried Interest	\$ 81,875	\$ 214,253
Unrealized Investment Income (a)	\$ 96,661	\$ 59,914
Less: Investment Income (Loss) Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies (b)	1,729	(6,310)
Less: Adjustment Related to Realized Investment Income Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies (c)	3,820	5,897
Net Unrealized Investment Income	\$ 102,210	\$ 59,501

(a) Represents the total segment amounts of the respective captions.

(b) Represents the inclusion of Investment Income from Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies.

(c) Represents the elimination of Realized Investment Income attributable to Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies which is a component of both Fee Related Earnings and Realized Investment Income (Loss).

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The following table is a reconciliation of Net Income Attributable to The Blackstone Group L.P. to Economic Income, of Economic Income to Economic Net Income, of Economic Net Income to Fee Related Earnings, of Fee Related Earnings to Distributable Earnings and of Distributable Earnings to Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes and Depreciation and Amortization:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
	(Dollars in Thousands)	
Net Income Attributable to The Blackstone Group L.P.	\$ 167,635	\$ 58,325
Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Blackstone Holdings	207,090	107,405
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	(9,452)	197,643
Net Income Attributable to Redeemable Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities	62,316	54,259
Net Income	427,589	417,632
Provision for Taxes	50,993	38,753
Income Before Provision for Taxes	478,582	456,385
IPO and Acquisition-Related Charges (a)	186,962	244,897
Amortization of Intangibles (b)	25,657	50,888
Income Associated with Non-Controlling Interests in Income of Consolidated Entities (c)	(52,864)	(251,902)
Economic Income	638,337	500,268
Taxes (d)	(10,031)	(9,051)
Economic Net Income	628,306	491,217
Taxes (d)	10,031	9,051
Performance Fee Adjustment (e)	(603,999)	(385,756)
Investment Income Adjustment (f)	(134,771)	(83,406)
Investment Income (Loss) Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies (g)	(1,729)	6,310
Performance Fee Compensation and Benefits Adjustment (h)	239,895	109,512
Fee Related Earnings	137,733	146,928
Realized Performance Fees (i)	218,952	6,649
Realized Investment Income (j)	38,110	23,492
Adjustment Related to Realized Investment Income Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies (k)	(3,820)	(5,897)
Taxes and Related Payables Including Payable Under Tax Receivable Agreement (l)	(12,148)	(9,051)
Distributable Earnings	378,827	162,121
Interest	26,069	13,554
Taxes and Related Payables Including Payable Under Tax Receivable Agreement (l)	12,148	9,051
Depreciation and Amortization	8,643	10,268
Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes and Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 425,687	\$ 194,994

- (a) The adjustment adds back to Income (Loss) Before Provision (Benefit) for Taxes amounts for Transaction-Related Charges which include principally equity-based compensation charges associated with Blackstone's initial public offering and long-term retention programs outside of annual deferred compensation and other corporate actions.

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- (b) This adjustment adds back to Income (Loss) Before Provision (Benefit) for Taxes amounts for the Amortization of Intangibles which are associated with Blackstone's initial public offering and other corporate actions.
- (c) This adjustment adds back to Income (Loss) Before Provision (Benefit) for Taxes the amount of (Income) Loss Associated with Non-Controlling Interests in (Income) Loss of Consolidated Entities and includes the amount of Management Fee Revenues associated with Consolidated CLO Entities.
- (d) Taxes represent the current tax provision (benefit) calculated on Income (Loss) Before Provision (Benefit) for Taxes.
- (e) This adjustment removes from EI the total segment amount of Performance Fees.
- (f) This adjustment removes from EI the total segment amount of Investment Income (Loss).
- (g) This adjustment represents the realized and unrealized gain on Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies which are a component of Investment Income (Loss) but included in Fee Related Earnings.
- (h) This adjustment removes from expenses the compensation and benefit amounts related to Blackstone's profit sharing plans related to Performance Fees.
- (i) Represents the adjustment for realized Performance Fees net of corresponding actual amounts due under Blackstone's profit sharing plans related thereto.
- (j) Represents the adjustment for Blackstone's Investment Income (Loss) Realized.
- (k) Represents the elimination of Realized Investment Income attributable to Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies which is a component of both Fee Related Earnings and Realized Investment Income (Loss).
- (l) Taxes and Related Payables Including Payable Under Tax Receivable Agreement represent the current tax provision (benefit) calculated on Income (Loss) Before Provision (Benefit) for Taxes and the Payable Under Tax Receivable Agreement.

Amortization of non-cash deferred compensation included in Economic Income was \$12.1 million and \$7.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Liquidity Needs

We expect that our primary liquidity needs will be cash to (a) provide capital to facilitate the growth of our existing businesses which principally includes funding our general partner and co-investment commitments to our funds, (b) provide capital to facilitate our expansion into new businesses that are complementary, (c) pay operating expenses, including cash compensation to our employees and other obligations as they arise, (d) fund modest capital expenditures, (e) repay borrowings and related interest costs, (f) pay income taxes and (g) make distributions to our unitholders and the holders of Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units. Our own capital commitments to our funds, the funds we invest in and our investment strategies as of March 31, 2013 consisted of the following:

Fund	Original Commitment	Remaining Commitment
(Dollars in Thousands)		
Private Equity		
BCP VI	\$ 719,718	\$ 574,908
BCP V	629,356	67,668
BCP IV	150,000	5,278
Blackstone Energy Partners (BEP)	50,000	39,296
Tactical Opportunities	50,682	44,069
Other (a)	63,585	12,979
Real Estate		
BREP VII	300,000	169,795
BREP VI	750,000	50,738
BREP Europe III	100,000	36,079
Capital Trust Opportunity Partners I	25,000	15,311
Blackstone Real Estate Special Situations Fund II	43,016	13,998
Other (a)	105,194	11,343

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Fund	Original Commitment (Dollars in Thousands)	Remaining Commitment
Hedge Fund Solutions		
Strategic Alliance II	\$ 50,000	\$ 25,109
Strategic Alliance	50,000	2,033
Credit		
Capital Opportunities Fund II L.P. (COF II)	120,000	101,488
Blackstone / GSO Capital Solutions	50,000	9,607
Blackstone Credit Liquidity Partners	32,244	3,192
BMezz II	17,692	3,085
Other (a)	66,228	17,707
Total	\$ 3,372,715	\$ 1,203,683

(a) Represents capital commitments to a number of other funds in each respective segment.

For some of the general partner commitments shown in the table above we require our senior managing directors and certain other professionals to fund a portion of the commitment even though the ultimate obligation to fund the aggregate commitment is ours pursuant to the governing agreements of the respective funds. For BCP VI, BREP VI, BREP Europe III, BREP VII, Tactical Opportunities and COF II, it is intended that our senior managing directors and certain other professionals will fund \$250 million, \$150 million, \$35 million, \$100 million, \$11 million and \$110 million, respectively, of the aggregate applicable general partner original commitment shown above. In addition, certain senior managing directors and other professionals are required to fund a de minimis amount of the commitment in the other private equity, real estate and credit-focused carry funds. We expect our commitments to be drawn down over time and to be funded by available cash and cash generated from operations and realizations. Taking into account prevailing market conditions and both the liquidity and cash or liquid investment balances, we believe that the sources of liquidity described below will be more than sufficient to fund our working capital requirements.

Blackstone, through indirect subsidiaries, has a \$1.1 billion unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with Citibank, N.A., as Administrative Agent with a maturity date of July 13, 2017. Borrowings may also be made in U.K. sterling or euros, in each case subject to certain sub-limits. The Credit Facility contains customary representations, covenants and events of default. Financial covenants consist of a maximum net leverage ratio and a requirement to keep a minimum amount of fee generating assets under management, each tested quarterly.

In August 2009, Blackstone Holdings Finance Co. L.L.C. issued \$600 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.625% Senior Notes which will mature on August 15, 2019, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased. In September 2010, Blackstone Holdings Finance Co. L.L.C. issued \$400 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Senior Notes which will mature on March 15, 2021, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased. In August 2012, Blackstone Holdings Finance Co. L.L.C. issued \$400 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.75% Senior Notes which will mature on February 15, 2023 and \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Senior Notes which will mature on August 15, 2042. (These issuances of Senior Notes are collectively referred to as the "Notes".) The Notes are unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of Blackstone Holdings Finance Co. L.L.C. and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, by The Blackstone Group L.P. and each of the Blackstone Holdings partnerships. The Notes contain customary covenants and financial restrictions that, among other things, limit Blackstone Holdings Finance Co. L.L.C. and the guarantors' ability, subject to certain exceptions, to incur indebtedness secured by liens on voting stock or profit participating equity interests of their subsidiaries or merge, consolidate or sell, transfer or lease assets. The Notes also contain customary events of default. All or a portion of the Notes may be redeemed at our option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time, prior to their stated maturity, at the make-whole redemption price set forth in the Notes. If a change of control repurchase event occurs, the Notes are subject to repurchase at the repurchase price as set forth in the Notes.

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In January 2008, the Board of Directors of our general partner, Blackstone Group Management L.L.C., authorized the repurchase of up to \$500 million of our common units and Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units. Under this unit repurchase program, units may be repurchased from time to time in open market transactions, in privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. The timing and the actual number of Blackstone common units and Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units repurchased will depend on a variety of factors, including legal requirements, price and economic and market conditions. This unit repurchase program may be suspended or discontinued at any time and does not have a specified expiration date. During the three months ended March 31, 2013, no units were repurchased. As of March 31, 2013, the amount remaining under this program available for repurchases was \$335.8 million.

Distributions

Distributable Earnings, which is derived from Blackstone's segment reported results, is a supplemental measure to assess performance and amounts available for distributions to Blackstone unitholders, including Blackstone personnel and others who are limited partners of the Blackstone Holdings partnerships. Distributable Earnings is intended to show the amount of net realized earnings without the effects of the consolidation of the Blackstone Funds. Distributable Earnings, which is a component of Economic Net Income, is the sum across all segments of: (a) Total Management and Advisory Fees, (b) Interest and Dividend Revenue, (c) Other Revenue, (d) Realized Performance Fees, and (e) Realized Investment Income (Loss); less (a) Compensation, (b) Realized Performance Fee Compensation, (c) Other Operating Expenses, and (d) Taxes and Related Payables Including the Payable Under Tax Receivable Agreement.

Our current intention is to distribute to common unitholders each quarter substantially all of our Net Cash Available for Distribution to Common Unitholders, subject to a base quarterly distribution of \$0.12 per unit. Net Cash Available for Distribution to Common Unitholders is The Blackstone Group L.P.'s share of Distributable Earnings, less realized investment gains and returns of capital from investments and acquisitions, in excess of amounts determined by Blackstone's general partner to be necessary or appropriate to provide for the conduct of its business, to make appropriate investments in its business and funds, to comply with applicable law, any of its debt instruments or other agreements, or to provide for future cash requirements such as tax-related payments, clawback obligations and distributions to unitholders for any ensuing quarter.

In circumstances in which the Net Cash Available for Distribution to Common Unitholders for a quarter falls short of the amount necessary to support the base distribution of \$0.12 per unit, Blackstone intends to correspondingly reduce subsequent quarterly distributions below the amounts supported by the Net Cash Available for Distribution to Common Unitholders by the amount of the shortfall, but not below \$0.12 per unit.

All of the foregoing is subject to the qualification that the declaration and payment of any distributions are at the sole discretion of our general partner and our general partner may change our distribution policy at any time, including, without limitation, to reduce the quarterly distribution payable to our common unitholders to less than \$0.12 per unit or even to eliminate such distributions entirely.

Because the subsidiaries of The Blackstone Group L.P. must pay taxes and make payments under the tax receivable agreements, the amounts ultimately distributed by The Blackstone Group L.P. to its common unitholders in respect of each fiscal year are expected to be less, on a per unit basis, than the amounts distributed by the Blackstone Holdings partnerships to the Blackstone personnel and others who are limited partners of the Blackstone Holdings partnerships in respect of their Blackstone Holdings partnership units.

Leverage

We may under certain circumstances use leverage opportunistically and over time to create the most efficient capital structure for Blackstone and our public common unitholders. In addition to the borrowings from our bond issuances and our revolving credit facility, our Treasury cash management strategies may use reverse

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repurchase agreements, repurchase agreements and securities sold, not yet purchased. All of these positions are held in a separately managed portfolio. Reverse repurchase agreements are entered into primarily to take advantage of opportunistic yields otherwise absent in the overnight markets and also to use the collateral received to cover securities sold, not yet purchased. Repurchase agreements are entered into primarily to opportunistically yield higher spreads on purchased securities. The balances held in these financial instruments fluctuate based on Blackstone's liquidity needs, market conditions and investment risk profiles. The following table presents information regarding these financial instruments:

	Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Repurchase Agreements (Dollars in Millions)	Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased
Balance, March 31, 2013	\$ 258.0	\$ 102.3	\$ 212.9
Balance, December 31, 2012	248.0	142.3	226.4
Three Months Ended March 31, 2013			
Average Daily Balance	253.8	164.8	249.3
Maximum Daily Balance	290.9	271.9	276.6

Our private equity funds, real estate funds and funds of hedge funds have not historically utilized substantial leverage at the fund level other than (a) for short-term borrowings between the date of an investment and the receipt of capital from the investing fund's investors, and (b) long-term borrowings for certain investments in aggregate amounts which are generally 2% to 20% of the capital commitments of the respective fund. Our carry funds make direct or indirect investments in companies that utilize leverage in their capital structure. The degree of leverage employed varies among portfolio companies.

Certain of our Hedge Fund Solutions and Credit funds use leverage in order to obtain additional market exposure, enhance returns on invested capital and/or to bridge short-term cash needs. The forms of leverage primarily employed by these funds include purchasing securities on margin, utilizing collateralized financing and using derivative instruments.

Contractual Obligations, Commitments and Contingencies

The following table sets forth information relating to our contractual obligations as of March 31, 2013 on a consolidated basis and on a basis deconsolidating the Blackstone funds:

Contractual Obligations	April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Thereafter	Total
	(Dollars in Thousands)						
Operating Lease Obligations (a)	\$ 50,986	\$ 123,012		\$ 106,693		\$ 175,502	\$ 456,193
Purchase Obligations	13,431	12,337		874			26,642
Blackstone Issued Notes and Revolving Credit Facility (b)						1,635,000	1,635,000
Interest on Blackstone Issued Notes and Revolving Credit Facility (c)	72,667	193,762		193,762		620,515	1,080,706
Blackstone Operating Entities Loan and Credit Facilities Payable (d)	891	5,040					5,931
Interest on Blackstone Operating Entities Loan and Credit Facilities Payable (e)	57	26					83
Blackstone Funds and CLO Vehicles Debt Obligations Payable (f)	12,503					11,469,306	11,481,809
Interest on Blackstone Funds and CLO Vehicles Debt Obligations Payable (g)	106,446	283,240		283,240		461,694	1,134,620

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Contractual Obligations	April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Thereafter	Total
(Dollars in Thousands)							
Blackstone Funds Capital Commitments to Investee Funds (h)	\$ 49,182	\$		\$		\$	\$ 49,182
Due to Certain Non-Controlling Interest Holders in Connection with Tax Receivable Agreements (i)			171,650		142,539	944,234	1,258,423
Unrecognized Tax Benefits, Including Interest and Penalties (j)	5,965						5,965
Blackstone Operating Entities Capital Commitments to Blackstone Funds and Other (k)	1,203,683						1,203,683
Consolidated Contractual Obligations	1,515,811	789,067		727,108		15,306,251	18,338,237
Blackstone Funds and CLO Vehicles Debt Obligations Payable (f)	(12,503)					(11,469,306)	(11,481,809)
Interest on Blackstone Funds and CLO Vehicles Debt Obligations Payable (g)	(106,446)	(283,240)		(283,240)		(461,694)	(1,134,620)
Blackstone Funds Capital Commitments to Investee Funds (h)	(49,182)						(49,182)
Blackstone Operating Entities Contractual Obligations	\$ 1,347,680	\$ 505,827		\$ 443,868		\$ 3,375,251	\$ 5,672,626

- (a) We lease our primary office space under agreements that expire through 2032. In connection with certain lease agreements, we are responsible for escalation payments. The contractual obligation table above includes only guaranteed minimum lease payments for such leases and does not project potential escalation or other lease-related payments. These leases are classified as operating leases for financial statement purposes and as such are not recorded as liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. The amounts are presented net of contractual sublease commitments.
- (b) Represents the principal amount due on the senior notes we issued. As of March 31, 2013, we had no outstanding borrowings under our revolver.
- (c) Represents interest to be paid over the maturity of our senior notes and borrowings under our revolving credit facility which has been calculated assuming no prepayments are made and debt is held until its final maturity date. These amounts exclude commitment fees for unutilized borrowings under our revolver.
- (d) Represents borrowings for a capital asset facility.
- (e) Represents interest to be paid over the maturity of the related debt obligation which has been calculated assuming no prepayments are made and debt is held until its final maturity date. The future interest payments are calculated using variable rates in effect as of March 31, 2013, at spreads to market rates pursuant to the financing agreements, at 1.03%.
- (f) These obligations are those of the Blackstone Funds including the consolidated CLO vehicles.
- (g) Represents interest to be paid over the maturity of the related consolidated Blackstone Funds and CLO vehicles debt obligations which has been calculated assuming no prepayments will be made and debt will be held until its final maturity date. The future interest payments are calculated using variable rates in effect as of March 31, 2013, at spreads to market rates pursuant to the financing agreements, and range from 0.40% to 10.91%. The majority of the borrowings are due on demand and for purposes of this schedule are assumed to mature within one year. Interest on the majority of these borrowings rolls over into the principal balance at each reset date.

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- (h) These obligations represent commitments of the consolidated Blackstone Funds to make capital contributions to investee funds and portfolio companies. These amounts are generally due on demand and are therefore presented in the less than one year category.
- (i) Represents obligations by the Partnership's corporate subsidiary to make payments under the Tax Receivable Agreements to certain non-controlling interest holders for the tax savings realized from the taxable purchases of their interests in connection with the reorganization at the time of Blackstone's initial public offering in 2007 and subsequent purchases. The obligation represents the amount of the payments currently expected to be made, which are dependent on the tax savings actually realized as determined annually without discounting for the timing of the payments. As required by GAAP, the amount of the obligation included in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and shown in Note 16. Related Party Transactions (see Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements) differs to reflect the net present value of the payments due to certain non-controlling interest holders.
- (j) The total represents gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$4.0 million and interest and penalties of \$2.0 million. In addition, Blackstone is not able to make a reasonably reliable estimate of the timing of payments in individual years in connection with gross unrecognized benefits of \$28.2 million and interest of \$4.2 million; therefore, such amounts are not included in the above contractual obligations table.
- (k) These obligations represent commitments by us to provide general partner capital funding to the Blackstone Funds, limited partner capital funding to other funds and Blackstone principal investment commitments. These amounts are generally due on demand and are therefore presented in the less than one year category; however, a substantial amount of the capital commitments are expected to be called over the next three years. We expect to continue to make these general partner capital commitments as we raise additional amounts for our investment funds over time.

Guarantees

Blackstone and certain of its consolidated funds provide financial guarantees. The amounts and nature of these guarantees are described in Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies Guarantees in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements of this filing.

Indemnifications

In many of its service contracts, Blackstone agrees to indemnify the third party service provider under certain circumstances. The terms of the indemnities vary from contract to contract and the amount of indemnification liability, if any, cannot be determined and has not been included in the table above or recorded in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of March 31, 2013.

Clawback Obligations

For financial reporting purposes, the general partners have recorded a liability for potential clawback obligations to the limited partners of some of the carry funds due to changes in the unrealized value of a fund's remaining investments and where the fund's general partner has previously received Carried Interest distributions with respect to such fund's realized investments.

The actual clawback liability, however, generally does not become realized until the end of a fund's life except for certain Blackstone real estate and multi-asset class investment funds, which may have an interim clawback liability. The lives of the carry funds with a potential clawback obligation, including available contemplated extensions, are currently anticipated to expire at various points through 2018. Further extensions of such terms may be implemented under given circumstances.

As of March 31, 2013, the clawback obligations were \$249.2 million, of which \$103.4 million related to Blackstone Holdings and \$145.8 million related to current and former Blackstone personnel. (See Note 16. Related Party Transactions and Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements of this filing.)

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Critical Accounting Policies

We prepare our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). In applying many of these accounting principles, we need to make assumptions, estimates and/or judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in our consolidated financial statements. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. These assumptions, estimates and/or judgments, however, are often subjective. Actual results may be affected negatively based on changing circumstances. If actual amounts are ultimately different from our estimates, the revisions are included in our results of operations for the period in which the actual amounts become known. We believe the following critical accounting policies could potentially produce materially different results if we were to change underlying assumptions, estimates and/or judgments. (See Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements of this filing.)

Principles of Consolidation

The Partnership consolidates all entities that it controls through a majority voting interest or otherwise, including those Blackstone Funds in which the general partner is presumed to have control. Although the Partnership has a non-controlling interest in the Blackstone Holdings partnerships, the limited partners do not have the right to dissolve the partnerships or have substantive kick out rights or participating rights that would overcome the presumption of control by the Partnership. Accordingly, the Partnership consolidates Blackstone Holdings and records non-controlling interests to reflect the economic interests of the limited partners of Blackstone Holdings.

In addition, the Partnership consolidates all variable interest entities (VIE) in which it is the primary beneficiary. An enterprise is determined to be the primary beneficiary if it holds a controlling financial interest. A controlling financial interest is defined as (a) the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance, and (b) the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The consolidation guidance requires an analysis to (a) determine whether an entity in which the Partnership holds a variable interest is a VIE, and (b) whether the Partnership's involvement, through holding interests directly or indirectly in the entity or contractually through other variable interests (for example, management and performance related fees), would give it a controlling financial interest. Performance of that analysis requires the exercise of judgment. VIEs qualify for the deferral of the consolidation guidance if all of the following conditions have been met:

The entity has all of the attributes of an investment company as defined under AICPA Accounting and Auditing Guide, *Investment Companies* (Investment Company Guide), or does not have all the attributes of an investment company but it is an entity for which it is acceptable based on industry practice to apply measurement principles that are consistent with the Investment Company Guide,

The reporting entity does not have explicit or implicit obligations to fund any losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the entity, and

The entity is not a securitization or asset-backed financing entity or an entity that was formerly considered a qualifying special purpose entity.

Where the VIEs have qualified for the deferral of the current consolidation guidance as discussed in Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements, the analysis is based on previous consolidation guidance. This guidance requires an analysis to determine (a) whether an entity in which the Partnership holds a variable interest is a variable interest entity and (b) whether the Partnership's involvement, through holding interests directly or indirectly in the entity or contractually through other variable interests (for example, management and performance related fees), would be expected to absorb a majority of the variability of the entity. Under both

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guidelines, the Partnership determines whether it is the primary beneficiary of a VIE at the time it becomes involved with a variable interest entity and reconsiders that conclusion continuously. In evaluating whether the Partnership is the primary beneficiary, Blackstone evaluates its economic interests in the entity held either directly by the Partnership and its affiliates or indirectly through employees. The consolidation analysis can generally be performed qualitatively; however, if it is not readily apparent that the Partnership is not the primary beneficiary, a quantitative analysis may also be performed. Investments and redemptions (either by the Partnership, affiliates of the Partnership or third parties) or amendments to the governing documents of the respective Blackstone Funds could affect an entity's status as a VIE or the determination of the primary beneficiary. At each reporting date, the Partnership assesses whether it is the primary beneficiary and will consolidate or deconsolidate accordingly.

Assets of consolidated VIEs that can only be used to settle obligations of the consolidated VIE and liabilities of a consolidated VIE for which creditors (or beneficial interest holders) do not have recourse to the general credit of Blackstone are presented in a separate section in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues primarily consist of management and advisory fees, performance fees, investment income, interest and dividend revenue and other. Please refer to Part I. Item 1. Business Incentive Arrangements / Fee Structure in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information regarding the manner in which Base Management Fees and Performance Fees are generated.

Management and Advisory Fees Management and Advisory Fees are comprised of management fees, including base management fees, transaction and other fees, management fee reductions and offsets and advisory fees.

The Partnership earns base management fees from limited partners of funds in each of its managed funds, at a fixed percentage of assets under management, net asset value, total assets, committed capital or invested capital, or in some cases, a fixed fee. Base management fees are based on contractual terms specified in the underlying investment advisory agreements. The range of management fee rates and the calculation base from which they are earned, generally, are as follows:

On private equity, real estate, and certain credit-focused funds:

0.30% to 1.75% of committed capital or invested capital during the investment period,

0.65% to 1.75% of invested capital subsequent to the investment period for private equity and real estate funds, and

1.00% to 1.50% of invested capital or net asset value for certain credit-focused funds.

On credit-focused funds structured like hedge funds:

1.50% to 2.00% of net asset value.

On credit-focused separately managed accounts:

0.35% to 1.00% of net asset value.

On funds of hedge funds and separately managed accounts invested in hedge funds:

0.50% to 1.25% of net asset value.

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On CLO vehicles:

0.40% to 1.25% of total assets.

On credit-focused registered and non-registered investment companies:

0.50% to 1.50% of fund assets or net asset value.

Transaction and other fees (including monitoring fees) are fees charged directly to managed funds and portfolio companies. The investment advisory agreements generally require that the investment adviser reduce the amount of management fees payable by the limited partners to the Partnership (management fee reductions) by an amount equal to a portion of the transaction and other fees directly paid to the Partnership by the portfolio companies. The amount of the reduction varies by fund, the type of fee paid by the portfolio company and the previously incurred expenses of the fund.

Management fee offsets are reductions to management fees payable by our limited partners, which are granted based on the amount they reimburse Blackstone for placement fees.

Advisory fees consist of advisory retainer and transaction-based fee arrangements related to merger, acquisition, restructuring and divestiture activities and fund placement services for alternative investment funds. Advisory retainer fees are recognized when services for the transactions are complete, in accordance with terms set forth in individual agreements. Transaction-based fees are recognized when (a) there is evidence of an arrangement with a client, (b) agreed upon services have been provided, (c) fees are fixed or determinable and (d) collection is reasonably assured. Fund placement fees are recognized as earned upon the acceptance by a fund of capital or capital commitments.

Accrued but unpaid Management and Advisory Fees, net of management fee reductions and management fee offsets, as of the reporting date, are included in Accounts Receivable or Due from Affiliates in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Performance Fees Performance Fees earned on the performance of Blackstone's hedge fund structures (Incentive Fees) are recognized based on fund performance during the period, subject to the achievement of minimum return levels, or high water marks, in accordance with the respective terms set out in each hedge fund's governing agreements. Accrued but unpaid Incentive Fees charged directly to investors in Blackstone's offshore hedge funds as of the reporting date are recorded within Due from Affiliates in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Accrued but unpaid Incentive Fees on onshore funds as of the reporting date are reflected in Investments in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Incentive Fees are realized at the end of a measurement period, typically annually. Once realized, such fees are not subject to clawback.

In certain fund structures, specifically in private equity, real estate and certain credit-focused funds (Carry Funds), performance fees (Carried Interest) are allocated to the general partner based on cumulative fund performance to date, subject to a preferred return to limited partners. At the end of each reporting period, the Partnership calculates the Carried Interest that would be due to the Partnership for each fund, pursuant to the fund agreements, as if the fair value of the underlying investments were realized as of such date, irrespective of whether such amounts have been realized. As the fair value of underlying investments varies between reporting periods, it is necessary to make adjustments to amounts recorded as Carried Interest to reflect either (a) positive performance resulting in an increase in the Carried Interest allocated to the general partner or (b) negative performance that would cause the amount due to the Partnership to be less than the amount previously recognized as revenue, resulting in a negative adjustment to Carried Interest allocated to the general partner. In each scenario, it is necessary to calculate the Carried Interest on cumulative results compared to the Carried Interest recorded to date and make the required positive or negative adjustments. The Partnership ceases to record negative Carried Interest allocations once previously recognized Carried Interest allocations for such fund have

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been fully reversed. The Partnership is not obligated to pay guaranteed returns or hurdles, and therefore, cannot have negative Carried Interest over the life of a fund. Accrued but unpaid Carried Interest as of the reporting date is reflected in Investments in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Carried Interest is realized when an underlying investment is profitably disposed of and the fund's cumulative returns are in excess of the preferred return. Carried Interest is subject to clawback to the extent that the Carried Interest actually distributed to date exceeds the amount due to Blackstone based on cumulative results. As such, the accrual for potential repayment of previously received Carried Interest, which is a component of Due to Affiliates, represents all amounts previously distributed to Blackstone Holdings and non-controlling interest holders that would need to be repaid to the Blackstone Funds if the Blackstone Carry Funds were to be liquidated based on the current fair value of the underlying funds' investments as of the reporting date. Generally, the actual clawback liability does not become realized until the end of a fund's life or one year after a realized loss is incurred, depending on the terms of the fund.

Investment Income (Loss) Investment Income (Loss) represents the unrealized and realized gains and losses on the Partnership's principal investments, including its investments in Blackstone Funds that are not consolidated, its equity method investments, and other principal investments. Investment Income (Loss) is realized when the Partnership redeems all or a portion of its investment or when the Partnership receives cash income, such as dividends or distributions, from its non-consolidated funds. Unrealized Investment Income (Loss) results from changes in the fair value of the underlying investment as well as the reversal of unrealized gain (loss) at the time an investment is realized.

Interest and Dividend Revenue Interest and Dividend Revenue comprises primarily interest and dividend income earned on principal investments held by Blackstone.

Other Revenue Other Revenue consists of miscellaneous income and foreign exchange gains and losses arising on transactions denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars.

Expenses

Our expenses include compensation and benefits expense and general and administrative expenses. Our accounting policies related thereto are as follows:

Compensation and Benefits Compensation Compensation and Benefits consists of (a) employee compensation, comprising salary and bonus, and benefits paid and payable to employees and senior managing directors and (b) equity-based compensation associated with the grants of equity-based awards to employees and senior managing directors. Compensation cost relating to the issuance of equity-based awards to senior managing directors and employees is measured at fair value at the grant date, taking into consideration expected forfeitures, and expensed over the vesting period on a straight line basis. Equity-based awards that do not require future service are expensed immediately. Cash settled equity-based awards are classified as liabilities and are re-measured at the end of each reporting period.

Compensation and Benefits Performance Fee Performance Fee Compensation consists of Carried Interest and Incentive Fee allocations, and may in future periods also include allocations of investment income from Blackstone's firm investments, to employees and senior managing directors participating in certain profit sharing initiatives. Such compensation expense is subject to both positive and negative adjustments. Unlike Carried Interest and Incentive Fees, compensation expense is based on the performance of individual investments held by a fund rather than on a fund by fund basis.

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Fair Value of Financial Instruments

GAAP establishes a hierarchical disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring financial instruments at fair value. Market price observability is affected by a number of factors, including the type of financial instrument, the characteristics specific to the financial instrument and the state of the marketplace, including the existence and transparency of transactions between market participants. Financial instruments with readily available quoted prices in active markets generally will have a higher degree of market price observability and a lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value.

Financial instruments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed based on the observability of inputs used in the determination of fair values, as follows:

Level I Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical financial instruments as of the reporting date. The type of financial instruments in Level I include listed equities, listed derivatives and mutual funds with quoted prices. The Partnership does not adjust the quoted price for these investments, even in situations where Blackstone holds a large position and a sale could reasonably impact the quoted price.

Level II Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Financial instruments which are generally included in this category include corporate bonds and loans, government and agency securities, less liquid and restricted equity securities, certain over-the-counter derivatives where the fair value is based on observable inputs, and certain fund of hedge funds and proprietary investments in which Blackstone has the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value at, or within three months of, the reporting date.

Level III Pricing inputs are unobservable for the financial instruments and includes situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the financial instrument. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation. Financial instruments that are included in this category generally include general and limited partnership interests in private equity and real estate funds, credit-focused funds, distressed debt and non-investment grade residual interests in securitizations, corporate bonds and loans held within CLO vehicles, certain over the counter derivatives where the fair value is based on unobservable inputs and certain funds of hedge funds which use net asset value per share to determine fair value in which Blackstone may not have the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value at, or within three months of, the reporting date. Blackstone may not have the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value at, or within three months of, the reporting date if an investee fund manager has the ability to limit the amount of redemptions, and/or the ability to side-pocket investments, irrespective of whether such ability has been exercised. Senior and subordinate notes issued by CLO vehicles generally are classified within Level III of the fair value hierarchy.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the determination of which category within the fair value hierarchy is appropriate for any given financial instrument is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Partnership's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the financial instrument.

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the beginning of the reporting period.

Level II Valuation Techniques

Financial instruments classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy comprise debt instruments, including corporate loans and bonds held by Blackstone's consolidated CLO vehicles, those held within Blackstone's Treasury Cash Management Strategies and debt securities sold, not yet purchased and interests in investment funds. Certain equity securities and derivative instruments valued using observable inputs are also classified as Level II.

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The valuation techniques used to value financial instruments classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Debt Instruments and Equity Securities are valued on the basis of prices from an orderly transaction between market participants provided by reputable dealers or pricing services. In determining the value of a particular investment, pricing services may use certain information with respect to transactions in such investments, quotations from dealers, pricing matrices and market transactions in comparable investments and various relationships between investments. The valuation of certain equity securities is based on an observable price for an identical security adjusted for the effect of a restriction.

Investment Funds held by the consolidated Blackstone Funds are valued using net asset value per share as described in Level III Valuation Techniques Funds of Hedge Funds. Certain investments in investment funds are classified within Level II of the fair value hierarchy as the investment can be redeemed at, or within three months of, the reporting date.

Freestanding Derivatives and Derivative Instruments Used in Fair Value Hedging Strategies are valued using contractual cash flows and observable inputs comprising yield curves, foreign currency rates and credit spreads.

Level III Valuation Techniques

In the absence of observable market prices, Blackstone values its investments using valuation methodologies applied on a consistent basis. For some investments little market activity may exist; management's determination of fair value is then based on the best information available in the circumstances, and may incorporate management's own assumptions and involves a significant degree of judgment, taking into consideration a combination of internal and external factors, including the appropriate risk adjustments for non-performance and liquidity risks. Investments for which market prices are not observable include private investments in the equity of operating companies, real estate properties, certain funds of hedge funds and credit-focused investments.

Private Equity Investments The fair values of private equity investments are determined by reference to projected net earnings, earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), the discounted cash flow method, public market or private transactions, valuations for comparable companies and other measures which, in many cases, are unaudited at the time received. Valuations may be derived by reference to observable valuation measures for comparable companies or transactions (for example, multiplying a key performance metric of the investee company such as EBITDA by a relevant valuation multiple observed in the range of comparable companies or transactions), adjusted by management for differences between the investment and the referenced comparables, and in some instances by reference to option pricing models or other similar methods. Private equity investments may also be valued at cost for a period of time after an acquisition as the best indicator of fair value.

Real Estate Investments The fair values of real estate investments are determined by considering projected operating cash flows, sales of comparable assets, if any, and replacement costs among other measures. The methods used to estimate the fair value of real estate investments include the discounted cash flow method and/or capitalization rates (cap rates) analysis. Valuations may be derived by reference to observable valuation measures for comparable companies or assets (for example, multiplying a key performance metric of the investee company or asset, such as EBITDA, by a relevant valuation multiple observed in the range of comparable companies or transactions), adjusted by management for differences between the investment and the referenced comparables, and in some instances by reference to option pricing models or other similar methods. Additionally, where applicable, projected distributable cash flow through debt maturity will be considered in support of the investment's fair value.

Funds of Hedge Funds Blackstone Funds' direct investments in funds of hedge funds (Investee Funds) are valued at net asset value (NAV) per share of the Investee Fund. If the Partnership determines, based on its

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own due diligence and investment procedures, that NAV per share does not represent fair value, the Partnership will estimate the fair value in good faith and in a manner that it reasonably chooses, in accordance with its valuation policies.

Certain investments of Blackstone and of the consolidated Blackstone funds of hedge funds and credit-focused funds measure their investments in underlying funds at fair value using NAV per share without adjustment. The terms of the investee's investment generally provide for minimum holding periods or lock-ups, the institution of gates on redemptions or the suspension of redemptions or an ability to side-pocket investments, at the discretion of the investee's fund manager, and as a result, investments may not be redeemable at, or within three months of, the reporting date. A side-pocket is used by hedge funds and funds of hedge funds to separate investments that may lack a readily ascertainable value, are illiquid or are subject to liquidity restriction. Redemptions are generally not permitted until the investments within a side pocket are liquidated or it is deemed that the conditions existing at the time that required the investment to be included in the side pocket no longer exist. As the timing of either of these events is uncertain, the timing at which the Partnership may redeem an investment held in a side-pocket cannot be estimated. Investments for which fair value is measured using NAV per share are reflected within the fair value hierarchy based on the observability of pricing inputs as described above. Further disclosure on instruments for which fair value is measured using NAV per share is presented in Note 5. Net Asset Value as Fair Value in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements of this filing.

Credit-Focused Investments The fair values of credit-focused investments are generally determined on the basis of prices between market participants provided by reputable dealers or pricing services. In some instances, Blackstone may utilize other valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow method or a market approach.

Credit-Focused Liabilities Credit-focused liabilities comprise senior and subordinate loans issued by Blackstone's consolidated CLO vehicles. Such liabilities are valued using a discounted cash flow method.

Level III Valuation Process

Investments classified within Level III of the fair value hierarchy are valued on a quarterly basis, taking into consideration any changes in Blackstone's weighted average cost of capital assumptions, discounted cash flow projections and exit multiple assumptions, as well as any changes in economic and other relevant conditions, and valuation models are updated accordingly. The valuation process also includes a review by an independent valuation party, at least annually for all investments, and quarterly for certain investments, to corroborate the values determined by management. The valuations of Blackstone's investments are reviewed quarterly by a valuation committee which is chaired by Blackstone's Vice Chairman and includes senior heads of each of Blackstone's businesses, as well as representatives of legal and finance. Each quarter, the valuations of Blackstone's investments are also reviewed by the Audit Committee in a meeting attended by the chairman of the valuation committee as well as the senior heads of each of Blackstone's businesses. The valuations are further tested by comparison to actual sales prices obtained on disposition of the investments.

Investments, at Fair Value

The Blackstone Funds are accounted for as investment companies under the Investment Company Guide, and reflect their investments, including majority-owned and controlled investments (the Portfolio Companies), at fair value. Blackstone has retained the specialized accounting for the consolidated Blackstone Funds. Thus, such consolidated funds' investments are reflected in Investments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value reflected as a component of Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price).

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Blackstone's principal investments are presented at fair value with unrealized appreciation or depreciation and realized gains and losses recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations within Investment Income (Loss).

For certain instruments, the Partnership has elected the fair value option. Such election is irrevocable and is applied on an investment by investment basis at initial recognition. The Partnership has applied the fair value option for certain loans and receivables and certain investments in private debt securities that otherwise would not have been carried at fair value with gains and losses recorded in net income. Accounting for these financial instruments at fair value is consistent with how the Partnership accounts for its other principal investments. Loans extended to third parties are recorded within Accounts Receivable within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Debt securities for which the fair value option has been elected are recorded within Investments. The methodology for measuring the fair value of such investments is consistent with the methodology applied to private equity, real estate, credit-focused and funds of hedge funds investments. Changes in the fair value of such instruments are recognized in Investment Income (Loss) in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Interest income on interest bearing loans and receivables and debt securities on which the fair value option has been elected is based on stated coupon rates adjusted for the accretion of purchase discounts and the amortization of purchase premiums. This interest income is recorded within Interest and Dividend Revenue.

In addition, the Partnership has elected the fair value option for the assets and liabilities of CLO vehicles that are consolidated as of January 1, 2010, as a result of the initial adoption of variable interest entity consolidation guidance. The Partnership has also elected the fair value option for CLO vehicles consolidated as a result of the acquisitions of CLO management contracts or the acquisition of the share capital of CLO managers. The adjustment resulting from the difference between the fair value of assets and liabilities for each of these events is presented as a transition and acquisition adjustment to Appropriated Partners' Capital. The recognition of the initial difference between the fair value of assets and liabilities of CLO vehicles consolidated as a result of the acquisition of management contracts or CLO managers subsequent to the initial adoption of revised accounting guidance effective January 1, 2010, as an adjustment to Appropriated Partners' Capital, is currently under review by the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF). Assets of the consolidated CLOs are presented within Investments within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and Liabilities within Loans Payable for the amounts due to unaffiliated third parties and Due to Affiliates for the amounts held by non-consolidated affiliates. The methodology for measuring the fair value of such assets and liabilities is consistent with the methodology applied to private equity, real estate, and credit-focused investments. Changes in the fair value of consolidated CLO assets and liabilities and related interest, dividend and other income subsequent to adoption and acquisition are presented within Net Gains from Fund Investment Activities. Expenses of consolidated CLO vehicles are presented in Fund Expenses. Amounts attributable to Non-Controlling Interests in Consolidated Entities have a corresponding adjustment to Appropriated Partners' Capital.

The Partnership has elected the fair value option for certain proprietary investments that would otherwise have been accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The fair value of such investments is based on quoted prices in an active market or using the discounted cash flow method. Changes in fair value are recognized in Investment Income (Loss) in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Further disclosure on instruments for which the fair value option has been elected is presented in Note 7, Fair Value Option, in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1, Financial Statements of this filing.

Intangibles and Goodwill

Blackstone's intangible assets consist of contractual rights to earn future fee income, including management and advisory fees, Incentive Fees and Carried Interest. Identifiable finite-lived intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 4 to 20 years, reflecting the contractual lives

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of such assets. Amortization expense is included within General, Administrative and Other in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Partnership does not hold any indefinite-lived intangible assets. Intangible assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Goodwill comprises goodwill arising from the contribution and reorganization of the Partnership's predecessor entities in 2007 immediately prior to its IPO and the acquisition of GSO in 2008.

The carrying value of goodwill was \$1.7 billion as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at least annually, and more frequently if circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we evaluated that it was not more likely than not that the fair value of the Partnership's operating segments was less than their respective carrying values.

We test goodwill for impairment at the operating segment level (the same as our segments). Management has organized the firm into five operating segments. All of the components in each segment have similar economic characteristics and management makes key operating decisions based on the performance of each segment. Therefore, we believe that operating segment is the appropriate reporting level for testing the impairment of goodwill. Blackstone performed a qualitative assessment as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 to determine if it was more likely than not that the fair value of its operating segments was less than their respective carrying values.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

In the normal course of business, we enter into various off-balance sheet arrangements including sponsoring and owning limited or general partner interests in consolidated and non-consolidated funds, entering into derivative transactions, entering into operating leases, and entering into guarantee arrangements. We also have ongoing capital commitment arrangements with certain of our consolidated and non-consolidated drawdown funds. We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that would require us to fund losses or guarantee target returns to investors in our funds.

Further disclosure on our off-balance sheet arrangements is presented in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements of this filing as follows:

Note 6. Derivative Financial Instruments ,

Note 9. Variable Interest Entities , and

Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies Commitments Investment Commitments and Contingencies Guarantees .

Recent Accounting Developments

Information regarding recent accounting developments and their impact on Blackstone can be found in Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our predominant exposure to market risk is related to our role as general partner or investment adviser to the Blackstone Funds and the sensitivities to movements in the fair value of their investments, including the effect on management fees, performance fees and investment income.

Although the Blackstone Funds share many common themes, each of our alternative asset management operations runs its own investment and risk management processes, subject to our overall risk tolerance and philosophy:

The investment process of our carry funds involves a detailed analysis of potential investments, and asset management teams are assigned to oversee the operations, strategic development, financing and capital deployment decisions of each portfolio investment. Key investment decisions are subject to approval by the applicable investment committee, which is comprised of Blackstone senior managing directors and senior management.

In our capacity as adviser to certain funds in our Hedge Fund Solutions and Credit segments, we continuously monitor a variety of markets for attractive trading opportunities, applying a number of traditional and customized risk management metrics to analyze risk related to specific assets or portfolios. In addition, we perform extensive credit and cash-flow analyses of borrowers, credit-based assets and underlying hedge fund managers, and have extensive asset management teams that monitor covenant compliance by, and relevant financial data of, borrowers and other obligors, asset pool performance statistics, tracking of cash payments relating to investments and ongoing analysis of the credit status of investments.

Effect on Fund Management Fees

Our management fees are based on (a) third parties' capital commitments to a Blackstone Fund, (b) third parties' capital invested in a Blackstone Fund or (c) the net asset value, or NAV, of a Blackstone Fund, as described in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Management fees will only be directly affected by short-term changes in market conditions to the extent they are based on NAV or represent permanent impairments of value. These management fees will be increased (or reduced) in direct proportion to the effect of changes in the market value of our investments in the related funds. The proportion of our management fees that are based on NAV is dependent on the number and types of Blackstone Funds in existence and the current stage of each fund's life cycle. For the three months ended March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012, the approximate percentage of our fund management fees based on the NAV of the applicable funds or separately managed accounts, were as follows:

	As of March 31,	
	2013	2012
Fund Management Fees Based on the NAV of the Applicable Funds or Separately Managed Accounts	29%	26%

Market Risk

The Blackstone Funds hold investments which are reported at fair value. Based on the fair value as of March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012, we estimate that a 10% decline in fair value of the investments would result in declines in the following items:

	March 31,		March 31,		March 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	Management Fees	Performance Fees, Net of the Related Compensation Expense	Investment Income	Management Fees	Performance Fees, Net of the Related Compensation Expense	Investment Income
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
10% Decline in Fair Value of the Investments	\$ 54,093	\$ 1,099,752	\$ 263,460	\$ 47,926	\$ 1,065,477	\$ 235,080

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Total assets under management, excluding undrawn capital commitments and the amount of capital raised for our CLOs, by segment, and the percentage amount classified as Level III investments as defined within the fair value standards of GAAP, are as follows:

	Total Assets Under Management, Excluding Undrawn Capital Commitments and the Amount of Capital Raised for CLOs (Dollars in Thousands)	Percentage Amount Classified as Level III Investments
Private Equity	\$ 33,576,481	65%
Real Estate	47,421,887	95%
Hedge Fund Solutions	46,966,435	74%
Credit	26,352,634	45%

The fair value of our investments and securities can vary significantly based on a number of factors that take into consideration the diversity of the Blackstone Funds' investment portfolio and on a number of factors and inputs such as similar transactions, financial metrics, and industry comparatives, among others. (See Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Also see Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies Investments, at Fair Value.) We believe these fair value amounts should be utilized with caution as our intent and strategy is to hold investments and securities until prevailing market conditions are beneficial for investment sales.

Investors in all of our carry funds (and certain of our credit-focused funds and funds of hedge funds) make capital commitments to those funds that we are entitled to call from those investors at any time during prescribed periods. We depend on investors fulfilling their commitments when we call capital from them in order for those funds to consummate investments and otherwise pay their related obligations when due, including management fees. We have not had investors fail to honor capital calls to any meaningful extent and any investor that did not fund a capital call would be subject to having a significant amount of its existing investment forfeited in that fund. But if investors were to fail to satisfy a significant amount of capital calls for any particular fund or funds, those funds could be materially and adversely affected.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Blackstone Funds hold investments that are denominated in non-U.S. dollar currencies that may be affected by movements in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and non-U.S. dollar currencies. Additionally, a portion of our management fees are denominated in non-U.S. dollar currencies. We estimate that as of March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012, a 10% decline in the rate of exchange of all foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar would result in declines in the following items:

	2013		March 31,		2012	
	Management Fees	Performance Fees, Net of the Related Compensation Expense	Investment Income (Dollars in Thousands)	Management Fees	Performance Fees, Net of the Related Compensation Expense	Investment Income
10% Decline in the Rate of Exchange of All Foreign Currencies Against the U.S. Dollar	\$ 11,827	\$ 126,759	\$ 29,914	\$ 14,032	\$ 83,612	\$ 32,676

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Blackstone has debt obligations payable that accrue interest at variable rates. Interest rate changes may therefore affect the amount of interest payments, future earnings and cash flows. Based on our debt obligations payable as of March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012, we estimate that interest expense relating to variable rates would increase on an annual basis, in the event interest rates were to increase by one percentage point, as follows:

	March 31,	
	2013	2012
	(Dollars in Thousands)	
Increase in Interest Expense Due to a One Percentage Point Increase in Interest Rates	\$ 184	\$ 4,707

Blackstone's Treasury cash management strategies consists of a diversified portfolio of liquid assets to meet the liquidity needs of various businesses (the Treasury Liquidity Portfolio). This portfolio includes cash, open-ended money market mutual funds, open-ended bond mutual funds, marketable investment securities, freestanding derivative contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements and other investments. We estimate that our annualized investment income would decrease by \$20.3 million, or 1.0% of the Treasury Liquidity Portfolio, if interest rates were to increase by one percentage point. This would be offset by an estimated increase in interest income of \$6.9 million on an annual basis from interest on floating rate assets.

Credit Risk

Certain Blackstone Funds and the Investee Funds are subject to certain inherent risks through their investments.

The Treasury Liquidity Portfolio contains certain credit risks including, but not limited to, exposure to uninsured deposits with financial institutions, unsecured corporate bonds and mortgage-backed securities. These exposures are actively monitored on a continuous basis and positions are reallocated based on changes in risk profile, market or economic conditions.

We estimate that our investment income would decrease by \$25.5 million, or 1.2% of the Treasury Liquidity Portfolio, if credit spreads were to increase by one percentage point.

Certain of our entities hold derivative instruments that contain an element of risk in the event that the counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of such agreements. We minimize our risk exposure by limiting the counterparties with which we enter into contracts to banks and investment banks who meet established credit and capital guidelines. We do not expect any counterparty to default on its obligations and therefore do not expect to incur any loss due to counterparty default.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired objectives.

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Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are effective at the reasonable assurance level to accomplish their objectives of ensuring that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during our most recent quarter, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We may from time to time be involved in litigation and claims incidental to the conduct of our business. Our businesses are also subject to extensive regulation, which may result in regulatory proceedings against us. See Part I. Item 1A. Risk Factors in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K. We are not currently subject to any pending judicial, administrative or arbitration proceedings that we expect to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2007, a purported class of shareholders in public companies acquired by one or more private equity firms filed a lawsuit against a number of private equity firms and investment banks, including The Blackstone Group L.P., in the United States District Court in Massachusetts (*Kirk Dahl, et al. v. Bain Capital Partners, LLC, et al.*). The suit alleges that, from mid-2003 through 2007, eleven defendants violated the antitrust laws by allegedly conspiring to rig bids, restrict the supply of private equity financing, fix the prices for target companies at artificially low levels, and divide up an alleged market for private equity services for leveraged buyouts. After the conclusion of discovery, the plaintiffs filed an amended complaint in June 2012, in which the plaintiffs sought damages on behalf of public shareholders that tendered their shares in connection with 17 leveraged buyouts. In March 2013, the court denied defendants' joint motion for summary judgment and all but one individual motion for summary judgment on plaintiffs' overarching conspiracy claim but narrowed the scope of plaintiffs' allegations. Consequently, the number of transactions for which plaintiffs are seeking damages has been reduced from 17 to eight transactions. The court has previously dismissed claims against Blackstone with respect to three of these eight transactions because Blackstone was released from any and all claims by the same shareholders in prior litigation. The court also denied the motion by Blackstone and three other defendants for summary judgment on plaintiffs' claim of a conspiracy with respect to the Hospital Corporation of America (HCA). Finally, the court ordered the defendants to file renewed individual motions for summary judgment with respect to the overarching conspiracy claim, and on April 16, 2013, Blackstone filed a renewed motion. The court has not yet established a schedule for determining whether to certify the shareholder class proposed by plaintiffs.

In the spring of 2008, six substantially identical complaints were brought against Blackstone and some of its executive officers purporting to be class actions on behalf of purchasers of common units in Blackstone's June 2007 initial public offering. These suits were subsequently consolidated into one complaint (*Landmen Partners Inc. v. The Blackstone Group L.P., et al.*) filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York in October 2008 against Blackstone, Stephen A. Schwarzman (Blackstone's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), Peter G. Peterson (Blackstone's former Senior Chairman), Hamilton E. James (Blackstone's President and Chief Operating Officer) and Michael A. Puglisi (Blackstone's Chief Financial Officer at the time of the IPO). The amended complaint alleged that (1) the IPO prospectus was false and misleading for failing to disclose that (a) one private equity investment would be adversely affected by trends in mortgage default rates, particularly for sub-prime mortgage loans, (b) another private equity investment was adversely affected by the loss of an exclusive manufacturing agreement, and (c) prior to the IPO the U.S. real estate market had started to deteriorate, adversely affecting the value of Blackstone's real estate investments; and (2) the financial statements in the IPO prospectus were materially inaccurate principally because they overstated the value of the investments referred to in clause (1).

In September 2009 the District Court judge dismissed the complaint with prejudice, ruling that even if the allegations in the complaint were assumed to be true, the alleged omissions were immaterial. Analyzing both quantitative and qualitative factors, the District Court reasoned that the alleged omissions were immaterial as a matter of law given the size of the investments at issue relative to Blackstone as a whole, and taking into account Blackstone's structure as an asset manager and financial advisory firm.

In February 2011, a three-judge panel of the Second Circuit reversed the District Court's decision, ruling that the District Court incorrectly found that plaintiffs' allegations were, if true, immaterial as a matter of law. The Second Circuit disagreed with the District Court, concluding that the complaint plausibly alleged that the

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initial public offering documents omitted material information concerning two of Blackstone funds' individual investments and inadequately disclosed information relating to market risks to their real estate investments. Because this was a motion to dismiss, in reaching this decision the Second Circuit accepted all of the complaint's factual allegations as true and drew every reasonable inference in plaintiffs' favor. The Second Circuit did not consider facts other than those in the plaintiffs' complaint. On June 28, 2011, defendants filed a petition for writ of certiorari with the United States Supreme Court, which was subsequently denied. On August 8, 2011, defendants filed their answer to the complaint and discovery commenced. On March 29, 2013, the parties completed factual discovery. Expert discovery has commenced and is proceeding in this action.

In June 2011, three related suits (*Walker, Truesdell, Roth & Assocs. v. The Blackstone Group L.P., et al.*) were filed against Blackstone, various Blackstone entities including some of its private equity and real estate funds, and specified Blackstone personnel relating to the sale of Extended Stay Hotels in June 2007 by certain entities in which such Blackstone funds owned significant equity interests (the "2007 Sale"). Other defendants in such suits include the buyer of Extended Stay, financial advisers to both the sellers and the buyer and specified lenders for the purchase of Extended Stay. Extended Stay subsequently filed for bankruptcy in 2009, at which time it was still owned by the buyer pursuant to the 2007 Sale. The suits, which are in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, were brought by a litigation trust for the benefit of creditors of Extended Stay and allege that Extended Stay was rendered insolvent by the 2007 Sale. One suit includes asserted claims of fraudulent conveyance and seeks to recover \$2.1 billion allegedly transferred to the sellers in the 2007 Sale. The other two suits contain the same allegations as the first suit, assert claims for breach of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment, illegal distributions and other claims, and seek \$2.1 billion in compensatory damages and \$6.3 billion in punitive damages.

Blackstone believes that all of the foregoing suits are totally without merit and intends to defend them vigorously.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

For a discussion of our potential risks and uncertainties, see the information under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 and in our subsequently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, all of which are accessible on the Securities and Exchange Commission's website at www.sec.gov.

See Part I, Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Business Environment" in this report for a discussion of the conditions in the financial markets and economic conditions affecting our businesses. This discussion updates, and should be read together with, the risk factor entitled "Difficult market conditions can adversely affect our business in many ways, including by reducing the value or performance of the investments made by our investment funds, reducing the ability of our investment funds to raise or deploy capital and reducing the volume of the transactions involving our financial advisory business, each of which could materially reduce our revenue and cash flow and adversely affect our financial condition" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The risks described in our Form 10-K and in our subsequently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q are not the only risks facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

In January 2008, the Board of Directors of our general partner, Blackstone Group Management L.L.C., authorized the repurchase of up to \$500 million of Blackstone common units and Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units. Under this unit repurchase program, units may be repurchased from time to time in open market transactions, in privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. The timing and the actual number of Blackstone common units and Blackstone Holdings Partnership Units repurchased will depend on a variety of

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factors, including legal requirements, price and economic and market conditions. The unit repurchase program may be suspended or discontinued at any time and does not have a specified expiration date. During the three months ended March 31, 2013, no units were repurchased. As of March 31, 2013, the amount remaining available for repurchases was \$335.8 million under this program. See Part I. Item 1. Financial Statements Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Note 14. Net Income Per Common Unit and Part I. Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Liquidity and Capital Resources Liquidity Needs for further information regarding this unit repurchase program.

As permitted by our policies and procedures governing transactions in our securities by our directors, executive officers and other employees, from time to time some of these persons may establish plans or arrangements complying with Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, and similar plans and arrangements relating to our common units and Holdings units.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Pursuant to Section 219 of the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012 (ITRSHRA), which added Section 13(r) of the Exchange Act, Blackstone hereby incorporates by reference herein Exhibit 99.1 of this report, which includes disclosures publicly filed and/or provided to us by Hilton Worldwide, Inc., SunGard Capital Corp., SunGard Capital Corp. II and SunGard Data Systems Inc. (collectively referred to herein as SunGard), and Travelport Limited, which may be considered our affiliates.

Table of Contents**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith).
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith).
99.1	Section 13(r) Disclosure.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

The agreements and other documents filed as exhibits to this report are not intended to provide factual information or other disclosure other than with respect to the terms of the agreements or other documents themselves, and you should not rely on them for that purpose. In particular, any representations and warranties made by us in these agreements or other documents were made solely within the specific context of the relevant agreement or document and may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 8, 2013

The Blackstone Group L.P.

By: Blackstone Group Management L.L.C.,
its General Partner

/s/ Laurence A. Tosi

Name: Laurence A. Tosi

Title: Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Authorized Signatory)