

CHAMPIONS SPORTS INC  
Form 10QSB  
December 15, 2006

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-QSB**

Mark One

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 31, 2006

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-17263

CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
organization)

52-1401755  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

2200 Wilson Blvd., Suite 102-316, Arlington VA 22201  
(Address of principal executive offices)  
(Zip code)

(703) 526-0400  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x  
No \_\_\_\_\_

As of December 12, 2006 the Registrant had a total of 17,824,658 shares of common stock outstanding.

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**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, Inc.**  
**FORM 10-QSB**

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**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

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**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
OCTOBER 31, 2006 (UNAUDITED)**

		<b>2006</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	352
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>352</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		
	\$	352
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable	\$	32,951
Other accrued expenses		287,342
Officer loans payable		37,000
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>357,293</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)</b>		
Preferred stock, \$10 par value; 56,075 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding		-
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 17,824,658 issued and outstanding		17,825
Additional paid-in capital		6,596,309
Accumulated deficit		(6,971,075)
Total stockholders' (deficit)		(356,941)
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)</b>		
	\$	352

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

	<b>Six Months Ended October 31,</b>		<b>Three Months Ended October 31,</b>	
	<b><u>2006</u></b>	<b><u>2005</u></b>	<b><u>2006</u></b>	<b><u>2005</u></b>
<b>OPERATING REVENUE</b>				
Sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Total operating revenue</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>COSTS AND OPERATING EXPENSES</b>				
General and administrative	36,888	113,846	19,568	43,847
<b>Total costs and operating expenses</b>	36,888	113,846	19,568	43,847
<b>LOSS BEFORE OTHER (EXPENSE)</b>	(36,888)	(113,846)	(19,568)	(43,847)
<b>DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>				
Loss from discontinued operations (net of taxes)	-	(22,583)	-	748
Loss on disposal of assets	-	(142,520)	-	-
<b>Total discontinued operations</b>	-	(165,103)	-	748
<b>NET (LOSS) BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES</b>	(36,888)	(278,949)	(19,568)	(43,099)
Provision for income taxes	-	-	-	-
<b>NET LOSS APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS</b>	\$ (36,888)	\$ (278,949)	\$ (19,568)	\$ (43,099)
<b>BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE</b>	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
<b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING</b>	16,906,180	16,824,658	16,987,701	16,824,658

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>Continuing Operations:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (36,888)	\$ (113,846)
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) operating activities:</b>		
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net change in operating activities:</b>		
Accounts payable	(300)	17,405
Other accrued expenses	-	39,939
Total adjustments	(300)	57,344
<b>Net cash (used in) operating activities - operations</b>	<b>(37,188)</b>	<b>(56,502)</b>
<b>Discontinued Operations:</b>		
Loss from discontinued operations	-	(165,103)
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:</b>		
Loss on disposal of assets	-	142,520
<b>Changes in assets and liabilities</b>		
Inventories	-	18,459
Deposits	-	11,052
Total adjustments	-	172,031
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities - discontinued operations</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,928</b>
<b>Net cash (used in) operating activities - continuing and discontinued operations</b>	<b>(37,188)</b>	<b>(49,574)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>Continuing Operations:</b>		
Proceeds from officer loans payable	37,000	-
<b>Discontinued Operations:</b>		
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	10,000
<b>Net cash provided by investing activities</b>	<b>37,000</b>	<b>10,000</b>
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(188)</b>	<b>(39,574)</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -</b>		

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<b>BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>		540		84,513
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF PERIOD</b>	\$	352	\$	44,939
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>				
Cash paid during the period for:				
Interest paid	\$	-	\$	-
Income Tax Paid	\$	-	\$	-
<b>NON CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Common stock issued for exchange of preferred stock and dividends payable on preferred stock.				
	\$	674,790	\$	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 1- ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

Champions Sports, Inc., (the "Company") a Delaware corporation, promoted a sport theme restaurant bar concept through Company owned and licensed operations. The Company sold the rights to the Champions brand to Marriott International, Inc. (Marriott) and became a licensee of Champions Sports Bar Restaurants. Substantially all memorabilia sales are to Marriott. On June 23, 2005, the Company ceased operations for its' only sports bar located in San Antonio, Texas. Fixed assets with a net book value of \$152,520 were sold for \$10,000 and inventory consisting of primarily restaurant food and beverage was sold for \$3,200.

The condensed consolidated unaudited interim financial statements included herein have been prepared, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The condensed consolidated financial statements and notes are presented as permitted on Form 10-QSB and do not contain information included in the Company's annual consolidated statements and notes. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The results for the six months ended October 31, 2006 may not be indicative of the results for the entire year.

These statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, which in the opinion of management, are necessary for fair presentation of the information contained herein.

The Company has reclassified its financial statements to take effect for the disposal of its only operating business.

**NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Principles of Consolidation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization is computed from the date property is placed in service using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives as follows:

	Life
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
Leasehold improvements	Remaining term of the lease

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$0 for the six months ended October 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Net (Loss) Per Share**

Historical net (loss) per common share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share (EPS) includes additional dilution from common stock equivalents, such as stock issuable pursuant to the exercise of stock options and warrants. Common stock equivalents were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share when the Company reported a loss because to do so would be antidilutive for periods presented.

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Net (Loss) Per Share (Continued)**

The following is a reconciliation of the computation for basic and diluted EPS for the six months ended October 31:

	<b>October 31, 2006</b>	<b>October 31, 2005</b>
Net loss	\$ (36,888)	\$ (278,949)
Weighted-average common shares Outstanding (Basic)	16,906,180	16,824,658
Weighted-average common stock Equivalents		
Stock options	-	-
Warrants	-	-
Weighted-average common shares Outstanding (Diluted)	16,906,180	16,824,658

Options and warrants outstanding to purchase stock were not included in the computation of diluted EPS for October 31, 2006 and 2005 because inclusion would have been antidilutive.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the condensed consolidated statements of cash flow, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of six months or less, unless restricted as to use, to be cash equivalents.

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Income Taxes**

The Company has adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 (the Statement), Accounting for Income Taxes. The Statement requires an asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting for income taxes, and the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the temporary differences between the financial reporting bases and tax bases of the Company's assets and liabilities at enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when such amounts are realized or settled.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, and accrued expenses, officer loans payable approximate fair values because of the short maturities of these instruments.

**Options for Common Stock**

The Company uses the intrinsic value method to account for options granted to executive officers, directors and other key employees for the purchase of common stock. No compensation expense is recognized on the grant date, since at that date, the option price equals or is higher than the market price of the underlying common stock. The Company discloses the pro forma effect of accounting for stock options under the fair value method. The Company uses the fair value method to account for options granted to advisors for the purchase of common stock.

**Stock-Based Compensation**

Employee stock awards under the Company's compensation plans are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 ("APB 25"), "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and related interpretations. The Company provides the disclosure requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), and related interpretations. Stock-based awards to non-employees are accounted for under the provisions of SFAS 123 and has adopted the enhanced disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 148 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation- Transition and Disclosure, an amendment of SFAS No. 123".

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)**

The Company measures compensation expense for its employee stock-based compensation using the intrinsic-value method. Under the intrinsic-value method of accounting for stock-based compensation, when the exercise price of options granted to employees is less than the estimated fair value of the underlying stock on the date of grant, deferred compensation is recognized and is amortized to compensation expense over the applicable vesting period. In each of the periods presented, the vesting period was the period in which the options were granted.

The Company measures compensation expense for its non-employee stock-based compensation under the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments that are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services". The fair value of the option issued is used to measure the transaction, as this is more reliable than the fair value of the services received. The fair value is measured at the value of the Company's common stock on the date that the commitment for performance by the counterparty has been reached or the counterparty's performance is complete. The fair value of the equity instrument is charged directly to compensation expense and additional paid-in capital.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") published Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004), Share-Based Payment ("SFAS 123R"). SFAS 123R requires that compensation cost related to share-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements. Share-based payment transactions within the scope of SFAS 123R include stock options, restricted stock plans, performance-based awards, stock appreciation rights, and employee share purchase plans. The provisions of SFAS 123R are effective for small business issuers as of the first interim period that begins after December 15, 2005. Accordingly, the Company implemented the revised standard in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2005.

The Adoption of SFAS 123R has not had any effect on the financial Statement of the company.

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)**

On December 16, 2004, FASB issued Financial Accounting Standards No. 153, Exchanges of Non-monetary Assets, an amendment of APB Opinion No. 29, Accounting for Non-monetary Transactions ("SFAS 153"). This statement amends APB Opinion 29 to eliminate the exception for non-monetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of non-monetary assets that do not have commercial substance. Under SFAS 153, if a non-monetary exchange of similar productive assets meets a commercial-substance criterion and fair value is determinable, the transaction must be accounted for at fair value resulting in recognition of any gain or loss. SFAS 153 is effective for non-monetary transactions in fiscal periods that begin after June 15, 2005. The implementation of this standard did not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections." SFAS No. 154 replaces Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes" and SFAS No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements." SFAS No. 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements of a voluntary change in accounting principle unless it is impracticable. APB No. 20 previously required that most voluntary changes in accounting principle be recognized by including the cumulative effect of changing to the new accounting principle in net income in the period of the change. SFAS No. 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. The adoption of SFAS No. 154 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140." SFAS No. 155 resolves issues addressed in SFAS No. 133 Implementation Issue No. D1, "Application of Statement 133 to Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets," and permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation, clarifies which interest-only strips and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of SFAS No. 133, establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation, clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives and amends SFAS No. 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument. SFAS No. 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of the first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The adoption of FAS 155 is not anticipated to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)**

In March 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 156, "Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140." SFAS No. 156 requires an entity to recognize a servicing asset or liability each time it undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a servicing contract under a transfer of the servicer's financial assets that meets the requirements for sale accounting, a transfer of the servicer's financial assets to a qualified special-purpose entity in a guaranteed mortgage securitization in which the transferor retains all of the resulting securities and classifies them as either available-for-sale or trading securities in accordance with SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" and an acquisition or assumption of an obligation to service a financial asset that does not relate to financial assets of the servicer or its consolidated affiliates. Additionally, SFAS No. 156 requires all separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities to be initially measured at fair value, permits an entity to choose either the use of an amortization or fair value method for subsequent measurements, permits at initial adoption a one-time reclassification of available-for-sale securities to trading securities by entities with recognized servicing rights and requires separate presentation of servicing assets and liabilities subsequently measured at fair value and additional disclosures for all separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 156 is effective for transactions entered into after the beginning of the first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS 156 is not anticipated to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 157, "Fair Value Measurement" ("SFAS No. 157"). This standard provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 157 applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value but does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. Prior to SFAS No. 157, the methods for measuring fair value were diverse and inconsistent, especially for items that are not actively traded. The standard clarifies that for items that are not actively traded, such as certain kinds of derivatives, fair value should reflect the price in a transaction with a market participant, including an adjustment for risk, not just the company's mark-to-model value. SFAS No. 157 also requires expanded disclosure of the effect on earnings for items measured using unobservable data. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this statement on its financial statements and expects to adopt SFAS No.157 on December 31, 2007.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, "Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans -- An Amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132R." This standard requires an employer to: (a) recognize in its statement of financial position an asset for a plan's overfunded status or a liability for a plan's underfunded status; (b) measure a plan's assets and its obligations that determine its funded status as of the end of the employer's fiscal year (with limited exceptions); and (c) recognize changes in the funded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan in the year in which the changes occur. Those changes will be reported in comprehensive income. The requirement to recognize the funded status of a benefit plan and the disclosure requirements are effective as of the end of the fiscal year ending after December 15, 2006. The requirement to measure plan assets and benefit obligations as of the date of the employer's fiscal year-end statement of financial position is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008. The Company is evaluating the impact of this statement on its financial statements and does not believe that it will have a material impact on the company's financial position or results of operations.





**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Reclassifications**

The loss from discontinued operations for the six months ended October 31, 2005 was reclassified to reflect the sale of the Company's only operating business activity in the condensed consolidated statements of operations in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 144. The reclassification had no effect on net loss for the six-month period ended October 31, 2005. The reclassifications had no effect on net loss for the six months ended October 31, 2006.

**NOTE 3- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**Operating leases**

The Company lease, as tenant, restaurant space under an operating lease, which expired June 30, 2005 and was not renewed. The lease escalated for increases in the landlord's expenses for increases in the Consumer Price Index, and required additional rentals based on a percentage of restaurant sales over a defined amount. The lease granted the Company certain concessions, which were amortized to lease expense over the term of the lease.

Rental expense during the six months ended October 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$210 and \$43,132, respectively.

**NOTE 4- MARRIOTT LICENSE**

The Company was an exclusive supplier of sports memorabilia and a consultant to all new Champions Sports Bars located in Marriott and Renaissance Hotels worldwide. This agreement was terminated by Marriott effective May 28, 2005.

**NOTE 5- OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES**

This account represents accrued officer's payroll and related payroll taxes.

**NOTE 6- OFFICER LOANS PAYABLE**

For the six months ended October 2006, the Company received working capital advances from an officer of the Company which are due on demand without interest.

**NOTE 7- STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT**

**Common Stock**

The Company has 50,000,000 shares authorized and 17,824,658 shares issued and outstanding at October 31, 2006.

In October 2006, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of common stock, a five-year warrant to purchase up to 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.15 per share, and a five-year warrant to purchase up to 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.25 per share to the holder of 32,450 shares of the Registrant's preferred stock, representing all of the outstanding shares of preferred stock, in exchange for the

cancellation of such shares and the waiver of all accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares, which totaled \$350,460. These securities were issued in reliance upon the exemption from registration provided by Sections 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 7- STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)**

**Preferred Stock**

The Company has 56,075 shares of preferred stock authorized and 0 shares issued and outstanding at October 31, 2006.

There were no issuances of preferred stock during the six months ended October 31, 2006. The 32,450 shares as of July 31, 2006 were cancelled in October 2006.

**NOTE 8- GOING CONCERN**

As shown in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company has sustained net operating losses for the years ended April 30, 2006 and 2005 and for the six months ended October 31, 2006 and has sustained large accumulated deficits that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. In addition, the Company is in search of acquiring a business, or finding a suitable merger candidate.

Management has restructured the Company and is continuing to search for a more profitable company to acquire.

The Company's future success is dependent upon its ability to achieve profitable operations and generate cash from operating activities, and upon additional financing. There is no guarantee that the Company will be able to raise enough capital or generate revenues to sustain its operations. The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

**NOTE 9- PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES**

Deferred income taxes will be determined using the liability method for the temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and income tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities. Deferred income taxes will be measured based on the tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences are included in the Company's consolidated tax return. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on anticipated future tax consequences attributable to differences between financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases.

At October 31, 2006 and 2005, deferred tax assets consist of the following:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Deferred tax asset	\$ 2,439,876	\$ 2,418,296
Less: valuation allowance	(2,439,876)	(2,418,296)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ -0-	\$ -0-

**CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**  
**OCTOBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 9- PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)**

At October 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company had federal net operating loss carryforwards in the approximate amounts of \$6,971,075 and \$6,909,418 available to offset future taxable income. The Company established valuation allowances equal to the full amount of the deferred tax assets due to the uncertainty of the utilization of the operating losses in future periods.

**NOTE 10- DISPOSAL OF BUSINESS**

On June 23, 2005, the Company ceased operations for its' only sports bar located in San Antonio, Texas. Fixed assets with a net book value of \$152,520 were sold for \$10,000 and inventory consisting of primarily restaurant food and beverage was sold for \$3,200. The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to reflect this sale as discontinued operations, for all periods presented. Summarized operating results of discontinued operations are as follows:

	October 31, <u>2006</u>	October 31, <u>2005</u>
Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0
Net loss before income taxes	\$ 0	\$ (165,103)
Provision for taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Net loss	\$ 0	\$ (165,103)
Net loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)
Diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)

Item 2. Managements Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

There is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's independent auditor, for the year ending April 30, 2006, has expressed substantial doubt that the Company can continue as a going concern due to recurring losses and working capital shortage and that there is no guarantee that the Company will be able to raise enough capital or generate revenues to sustain its operations. The Company is continuing to face severe liquidity and cash problems as of date of the filing of this 10-QSB and has been meeting its working capital needs by receiving advances from its executive officer, James Martell, from June 2006 through October 2006. The Company can give no assurance that these advances can continue. It is the intention of the Company to continue operations until such time as Champions finds a new business opportunity, merges with another company or raises additional financing, although there is no assurance that this can be done on terms satisfactory to the Company. The Company is pursuing various business opportunities in order to continue operations. If the Company's liquidity situation does not improve, the Company might have to discontinue its business as a going concern.

The Company ceased its restaurant operations at San Antonio Champions location on June 23, 2005. The lease on that location expired on June 30, 2005 and the Company vacated the premise on that date. The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to reflect this cessation of business as discontinued operations for the comparative six months period ending October 31, 2005.

Through October 31, 2006 and currently, the business plan for the Company is to actively pursue opportunities to initiate new ventures on its own and also to pursue opportunities whereby the Company will primarily serve as a vehicle for the acquisition of a target business that the Company believes will have significant growth potential. The Company intends to use its capital stock, to effect a new business or a business combination with a private company that desires to establish a public trading market for its securities while avoiding what it may deem to be adverse consequences of undertaking a public offering itself, such as time delays, significant expense, loss of voting control and other burdens including significant professional fees. The business combination may be with a financially stable, mature company or a company that is financially unstable or in its early stages of development or growth.

In seeking to attain this business objective, the Company will not restrict its search to any particular industry. Rather, the Company may investigate businesses of essentially any kind or nature and participate in any type of business that may, in management's opinion, meet the business objectives as described in this document. The Company emphasizes that the description in this document of its business objectives is extremely general and is not meant to restrict the discretion of management to search for and enter into potential business opportunities.

The Company has not chosen the particular business in which the Company will engage in and has not conducted any market studies with respect to any business or industry to evaluate the possible merits or risks of the target business or the particular industry in which the Company may ultimately operate. To the extent that the Company may enter into a business combination with a financially unstable company or an entity in its early stage of development or growth, including entities without established records of sales or earnings, The Company will become subject to numerous risks inherent in the business and operations of financially unstable and early stage or potential emerging growth companies.

In addition, to the extent that the Company may enter a business combination with an entity in an industry characterized by a high level of risk, the Company will become subject to the currently unascertainable risks of that industry. An extremely high level of risk frequently characterizes certain industries that experience rapid growth. In addition, although the Company will endeavor to evaluate the risks inherent in a particular industry or target business, the Company cannot give assurance that the Company will properly ascertain or assess all significant risk factors.

The Company anticipates that target business candidates will be brought to its attention from various unaffiliated sources, including but not restricted to, investment bankers, venture capitalists, securities broker-dealers, bankers and other members of the financial community, who may present solicited or unsolicited proposals. Company's officers and directors and their affiliates may also bring to the Company's attention target business candidates. While the Company does not presently anticipate engaging the services of professional firms that specialize in business acquisitions on any formal or basis, the Company may engage such firms in the future, in which event, the Company may pay a finder's fee or other compensation for such introductions if they result in consummated transactions. These fees are customarily between 1% and 5% of the size of the overall transaction, based upon a sliding scale of the amount involved.

The Company's management will have significant flexibility in identifying and selecting a prospective target business. In evaluating a prospective target business, the management will consider, among other factors, the following:

- financial condition and results of operation of the target;
- growth potential of the target and that of the industry in which the target operates;
- experience and skill of the target's management and availability of additional personnel; o the capital requirements of the target;
- competitive position of the target;
- stage of development that the target's products, processes or services are at;
- degree of current or potential market acceptance of the target's products, processes or services;
- proprietary features and the degree of intellectual property or other protection of the target's products, processes or services;
- regulatory environment of the industry in which the target operates;
- prospective equity interest in, and opportunity for control of, the target; and
- costs associated with effecting the business combination.

These criteria are not intended to be exhaustive. Any evaluation relating to the merits of a particular business combination will be based, to the extent relevant, on the above factors as well as other considerations deemed relevant by management in connection with effecting a business combination consistent with Company's business objective.

In connection with Company's evaluation of a prospective target business, the Company anticipates that it will conduct due diligence review that will encompass, among other things, meetings with incumbent management and inspection of facilities, as well as a review of financial or other information that will be made available to the Company.



The Company will endeavor to structure a business combination so as to achieve the most favorable tax treatment to the Company, the target business and both of the companies' stockholders. There can be no assurance, however, that the Internal Revenue Service or appropriate state tax authority will agree with the tax treatment of the business combination.

Until the Company is presented with a specific opportunity for a business combination, the Company is unable to ascertain with any degree of certainty the time and costs required to select and evaluate a target business and to structure and complete the business combination. Any costs incurred in connection with the identification and evaluation of a prospective target business with which a business combination is not ultimately completed will result in a loss to the Company and will reduce the amount of capital otherwise available to complete a business combination.

Although the Company intends to carefully scrutinize the management of a prospective target business before effecting a business combination, the Company cannot give assurance that its assessment of the target's management will prove to be correct, especially in light of the possible inexperience of Company's management in evaluating certain types of businesses. In addition, the Company cannot give assurance that the target's future management will have the necessary skills, qualifications or abilities to manage a public company intending to embark on a program of business development. Furthermore, the future role of Company's officers and directors, if any, in the target business cannot presently be stated with any certainty. It is possible that one or more of the Company's officers and directors will remain associated in some capacity with the Company following a business combination and will devote their efforts to the affairs of the new business combination. Moreover, the Company cannot give assurance that its officers and directors will have significant experience or knowledge relating to the operations of the particular target business.

The Company may seek to recruit additional managers to supplement the incumbent management of the target business. The Company, however, cannot give assurance that it will be able to recruit additional managers who have the requisite skills, knowledge or experience necessary to enhance the incumbent management.

The Company expects to encounter intense competition from other entities having a similar business objective. Many of these entities, including financial consulting companies and venture capital firms, have longer operating histories and have extensive experience in identifying and effecting business combinations, directly or through affiliates. Many of these competitors possess significantly greater financial, technical and other resources. The Company cannot give assurance that it will be able to effectively compete with these entities. In the event the Company is unable to compete effectively with these entities, the Company may be forced to evaluate less attractive prospects for a business combination. If the Company is forced to evaluate these less attractive prospects, the Company cannot give assurance that the stated business objectives will be met.

### Results of Operation

For the six months ended October 31, 2006, the Company's net loss was \$36,888 and the net loss for the three months ended October 31, 2006 was \$19,568. The Company's total assets for the six months ended October 31, 2006 were \$352. For the six months ended October 31, 2005, the Company's net loss was \$278,949 and the net loss for the three months ended October 31, 2005 was \$43,099. The Company's total assets for the six months ended October 31, 2005 were \$44,939.

### Revenues

The Company's total operating revenues were \$0.00 for the six months ended October 31, 2006 and \$0.00 for the three-month period ended October 31, 2006. The Company ceased operations at San Antonio Champions restaurant location on June 23, 2005 after the lease on that location expired. The Company's condensed consolidated financial



statements have been reclassified to reflect this cessation of business as discontinued operations for the comparative six months period ending October 31, 2005.

Expenses

General and administrative expenses were \$36,888 for the six months ended October 31, 2006 and \$19,568 for the three months ended October 31, 2006 compared to \$113,846 for the six months ended October 31, 2005 and \$43,847 for the three months ended October 31, 2005, which reflected the expenses of discontinuing the Champions restaurant operations in 2005.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's cash position as of October 31, 2006 was \$352 compared to \$540 on April 30, 2006. For the six month period, the Company's continuing operations used \$37,188 in cash. The Company met its liquidity needs by receiving advances from its executive officer, James Martell.

The Company's working capital was a negative \$356,941 on October 31, 2006 and a negative \$670,513 on April 30, 2006. This reduction was due to the conversion of a current liability of \$350,460 of dividend payment on preferred stock that was converted to 1,000,000 shares of common stock, a five-year warrant to purchase up to 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.15 per share, and a five-year warrant to purchase up to 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.25 per share. The Company's working capital is very unfavorable when compared to other public companies.

### Other

On October 16, 2006, the Registrant agreed to issue 1,000,000 shares of common stock, a five-year warrant to purchase up to 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.15 per share, and a five-year warrant to purchase up to 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.25 per share to the holder of 32,450 shares of the Registrant's preferred stock, representing all of the outstanding shares of preferred stock, in exchange for the cancellation of such shares and the waiver of all accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares, which totaled \$350,460. These securities were issued in reliance upon the exemption from registration provided by Sections 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.

### Risk factors

The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones facing the Company. Additional risks not presently known or that the Company currently considers being insignificant may also impair the Company's business operations in the future. The Company's business, financial condition and plan of operations could be materially adversely affected by any of the following risks.

The Company is continuing to incur losses through October 31, 2006 and there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, which means that the Company may not be able to continue operations unless it obtains additional funding, finds a new business opportunity or merges with or is acquired by another company. The Company is actively pursuing merger or acquisition candidates and other financing possibilities to meet its liquidity needs. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to structure a merger or acquisition, or raise additional financing to continue operations on terms satisfactory to the Company.

The loss of the services of the Company's key employee, James Martell, the Company's Chairman, President and CEO, may have a material adverse affect on the Company's business, financial condition and its ability to find a new business opportunity, obtain additional funding or structuring a merger or acquisition.

The Company may, in the future, issue additional shares of the Company's common stock, which would reduce shareholders' percent of ownership and may dilute their share value. The Company's Articles of Incorporation authorize the issuance of 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share. As of December 12, 2006 the Company had 17,824,658 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. The future issuance of all or part of the remaining authorized common stock may result in substantial dilution in the percentage of the common stock held by the Company's then existing shareholders. The Company may value any common stock issued in the future on an arbitrary basis. The issuance of common stock for future services or acquisitions or other corporate actions may have the effect of diluting the value of the shares held by the shareholders, and might have an adverse effect on any trading

market for the Company's common stock.

The Company's common stock may be affected by sporadic or limited trading volume and may fluctuate significantly. Although the Company's common stock has continually been trading publicly since 1985, at times actively, it can be currently considered to be trading on a sporadic or limited basis on the OTC Bulletin Board in comparison to the NASDAQ National Market, the American Stock Exchange, New York Stock Exchange and other national securities exchanges and there can be no assurance that an active trading market for the common stock will develop. As a result, this could adversely affect the shareholders' ability to sell their common stock in short time periods, or possibly at all. Therefore, the Company cannot assure that there will be liquidity in the common stock. The common stock has experienced, and is likely to experience in the future, significant price and volume fluctuations, which could adversely affect the market price of the common stock without regard to the Company's operating performance. In addition, the Company believes that factors such as quarterly fluctuations in the Company's financial results and changes in the overall economy or the condition of the financial markets could cause the price of the common stock to fluctuate substantially.

The Company's common stock is deemed to be "penny stock," which may make it more difficult for shareholders to resell their shares due to suitability requirements. The common stock is a penny stock. Penny stocks generally are equity securities with a price of less than \$5.00 per share other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or quoted on the NASDAQ Stock Market, provided that current price and volume information with respect to transactions in such securities is provided by the exchange or system. The Company's securities may be subject to "penny stock rules" that impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell such securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors (generally those with assets in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 together with their spouse). For transactions covered by these rules, the broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchase of such securities and have received the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to the purchase. Additionally, for any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the "penny stock rules" require the delivery, prior to the transaction, of a disclosure schedule prescribed by the Commission relating to the penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must disclose the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative and current quotations for the securities. Finally, monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information on the limited market in penny stocks. Consequently, the "penny stock rules" may restrict the ability of broker-dealers to sell Company's securities and may have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity of the common stock in the secondary market. The foregoing required penny stock restrictions will not apply to securities if such securities maintain a market price of \$5.00 or greater. The Company can give no assurance that the price of its securities will reach or maintain such a level.

#### **SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This document contains "forward-looking statements" (within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Act of 1995) that inherently involve risk and uncertainties. The Company generally uses words such as "believe," "may," "could," "will," "intend," "expect," "anticipate," "plan," and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. One should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The Company's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements for many unforeseen factors, which may include, but are not limited to, changes in general economic conditions, the ongoing threat of terrorism, ability to have access to financing sources on reasonable terms and other risks that are described in this document. Although the Company believes the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, they relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made, and the Company's future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements may not meet these expectations. The Company does not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this document to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in the Company's expectations, except as required by law.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

The Company maintains a set of disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls are also designed with the objective of ensuring that this information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based upon their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's chief executive officer concluded that, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are not effective to ensure that information required to be included in the Company's periodic SEC filings is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms.

The Company's Board of Directors was advised by Bagell, Josephs, Levine & Company, L.L.C., the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, that during their performance of audit procedures for FY 2006, Bagell, Josephs, Levine & Company, L.L.C. identified a material weakness as defined in Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Standard No. 2 in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

This deficiency consisted primarily of inadequate staffing and supervision that could lead to the untimely identification and resolution of accounting and disclosure matters and failure to perform timely and effective reviews. However, the size of the Company prevents it from being able to employ sufficient resources to enable the Company to have adequate segregation of duties within its internal control system. Management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Certifications of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer regarding, among other items, disclosure controls and procedures are included immediately after the signature section of this Form 10-QSB.

## **Part II. Other Information**

### **Item 4. Submission of Matters to A Vote of Security Holders**

None

### **Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K**

On October 20, 2006, the Company filed a Form 8-K regarding the issuance on October 16, 2006, of 1,000,000 shares of common stock, a five-year warrant to purchase up to 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.15 per share, and a five-year warrant to purchase up to 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.25 per share to the holder of 32,450 shares of the Registrant's preferred stock, representing all of the outstanding shares of preferred stock, in exchange for the cancellation of such shares and the waiver of all accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares, which totaled \$350,460. These securities were issued in reliance upon the exemption from registration provided by Sections 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

**CHAMPIONS Sports, Inc.**

/s/ James Martell

James Martell

Chairman, President , CEO and CFO

Date: December 12, 2006

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Section 302 Certification

I, JAMES MARTELL, certify that:

(1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10Q-SB of CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "registrant");

(2) Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;

(3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

(4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

(b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and

(c) Presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

(5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

(6) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: December 12, 2006

By: /s/ James Martell  
James Martell  
Chief Executive Officer





CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Section 302 Certification

I, James Martell, certify that:

(1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10Q-SB of CHAMPIONS SPORTS, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "registrant");

(2) Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report.

(3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

(4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

(b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and

(c) Presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

(5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

(6) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: December 12, 2006

By: /s/ James Martell  
James Martell  
Chief Financial Officer



**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of Champions Sports, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-QSB for the six months ended October 31, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned, in the capacities and on the dates indicated below, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to their knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

Dated December 12, 2006

By: /s/ James Martell  
James M. Martell, Chief Executive  
Officer and  
Chief Financial Officer

