CREDIT SUISSE GROUP AG
Form 6-K
May 16, 2018
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
May 16, 2018
Commission File Number 001-15244
CREDIT SUISSE GROUP AG
(Translation of registrant's name into English)
Paradeplatz 8, CH 8001 Zurich, Switzerland
(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.
Form 20-F Form 40-F
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):
Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):
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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Yes No
If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP AG
(Registrant)

Date: May 16, 2018
By:
/s/ Joachim Oechslin
Joachim Oechslin
Chief Risk Officer
By:
/s/ David R. Mathers
David R. Mathers
Chief Financial Officer

For purposes of this report, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms “Credit Suisse,” “the Group,” “we,” “us” and “our” mean Credit Suisse Group AG and its consolidated subsidiaries. The business of Credit Suisse AG, the direct bank subsidiary of the Group, is substantially similar to the Group, and we use these terms to refer to both when the subject is the same or substantially similar. We use the term “the Bank” when we are only referring to Credit Suisse AG and its consolidated subsidiaries.
Abbreviations are explained in the List of abbreviations in the back of this report.
Publications referenced in this report, whether via website links or otherwise, are not incorporated into this report.
In various tables, use of “–” indicates not meaningful or not applicable.
Rounding differences may occur within the tables.

Pillar 3 and regulatory disclosures 1Q18
Credit Suisse Group AG

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Introduction

General

This report as of March 31, 2018 for the Group is based on the revised Circular 2016/1 “Disclosure – banks” (FINMA circular) issued by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority FINMA (FINMA). The FINMA circular includes the implementation of the revised Pillar 3 disclosure requirements issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervisions (BCBS) in January 2015. This document should be read in conjunction with the Pillar 3 and regulatory disclosures – Credit Suisse Group AG 4Q17, the Credit Suisse Annual Report 2017 and the Credit Suisse 1Q18 Financial Report, which includes important information on regulatory capital and risk management (specific references have been made herein to these documents) and regulatory developments and proposals.

The highest consolidated entity in the Group to which the FINMA circular applies is Credit Suisse Group.

This report is produced and published quarterly, in accordance with FINMA requirements. The reporting frequency for each disclosure requirement is either annual, semi-annual or quarterly.

These disclosures were verified and approved internally in line with our board-approved policy on disclosure controls and procedures. The information in this report is subject to the same level of internal control processes as the information provided by the Group for its financial reporting. This report has not been audited by the Group’s external auditors.

> Refer to “Pillar 3 and regulatory disclosures – Credit Suisse Group AG 4Q17” under credit-suisse.com/regulatorydisclosures for the annual qualitative disclosures required by the FINMA circular.

For certain prescribed table formats where line items have zero balances, such line items have not been presented.

Other regulatory disclosures

In connection with the implementation of Basel III, certain regulatory disclosures for the Group and certain of its subsidiaries are required. The Group’s Pillar 3 disclosure, regulatory disclosures, additional information on capital instruments, including the main features and terms and conditions of regulatory capital instruments that form part of the eligible capital base, G-SIB financial indicators, reconciliation requirements, leverage ratios and certain liquidity disclosures as well as regulatory disclosures for subsidiaries can be found on our website.

> Refer to credit-suisse.com/regulatorydisclosures for additional information.

Risk-weighted assets

Overview

The following table provides an overview of total risk-weighted assets (RWA) forming the denominator of the risk-based capital requirements.

OV1 – Overview of risk-weighted assets and capital requirements

	Risk-weighted assets		Capital requirement[1]
end of	1Q18	4Q17	1Q18
CHF million			
Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	123,717	121,706	9,897
of which standardized approach (SA)	11,493	10,511	919
of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	112,224	111,195	8,978
Counterparty credit risk	23,496	24,664	1,880
of which standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)[2]	5,065	5,492[3]	405
of which internal model method (IMM)[4]	18,431	19,172[3]	1,475
of which derivatives and SFTs	15,188	14,983	1,215
Equity positions in the banking book	7,380	8,218	590
Settlement risk	335	150	27
Securitization exposures in the banking book	10,549	10,731[5]	844
of which securitization internal ratings-based approach (SEC-IRBA)	5,482	–	439
of which securitization external ratings-based approach (SEC-ERBA), including internal assessment approach (IAA)	3,144	–	251
of which securitization standardized approach (SEC-SA)	1,923	–	154
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)	10,786	11,043	863
Total credit risk	**176,263**	**176,512**	**14,101**
Total market risk	**21,639**	**21,290**	**1,731**
of which standardized approach (SA)	3,620	3,765	886
of which internal model approach (IMA)	18,019	17,525	845
Total operational risk	**73,113**	**75,013**	**5,849**
of which advanced measurement approach (AMA)	73,113	75,013	5,849
Floor adjustment[6]	0	0	0
Total	**271,015**	**272,815**	**21,681**

1
Calculated as 8% of risk-weighted assets based on BIS total capital minimum requirements excluding capital conservation buffer and G-SIB buffer requirements.

2
Reported under the current exposure method.

3
Prior period has been corrected.

4
Includes RWA relating to advanced credit valuation adjustment and central counterparties of CHF 5,806 million and CHF 7,177 million as of the end of 1Q18 and 4Q17, respectively.

5
During 1Q18 there was a methodology change. Prior period number is calculated as per the old methodology.

6

Credit Suisse is not subject to a floor adjustment because current capital requirements and deductions exceed 80% of those under Basel I.

RWA movements in 1Q18

RWA decreased CHF 1.8 billion to CHF 271.0 billion as of the end of 1Q18 compared to CHF 272.8 billion as of the end of 4Q17, primarily driven by a foreign exchange impact, mainly in credit risk, and methodology and policy changes, mainly in operational risk. These decreases were partially offset by increases resulting from movements in risk levels in market risk.

RWA flow statements for credit risk, counterparty credit risk (CCR) and market risk are presented below.

> Refer to “Risk-weighted assets” (pages 61 to 62) in II – Treasury, risk, balance sheet and off-balance sheet – Capital Management in the Credit Suisse 1Q18 Financial Report for further information on movements in risk-weighted assets in 1Q18.

3

Risk-weighted assets flow statements

Credit risk and counterparty credit risk

The following table presents the definitions of the RWA flow statements components for credit risk and CCR.

Definition of risk-weighted assets movement components related to credit risk and CCR

Description	Definition
Asset size	Represents changes arising in the ordinary course of business (including new businesses)
Asset quality/Credit quality of counterparties	Represents changes in average risk weighting across credit risk classes
Model and parameter updates	Represents movements arising from updates to models and recalibrations of parameters
Methodology and policy changes	Represents movements due to methodology changes in calculations driven by regulatory policy changes, including both revisions to existing regulations and new regulations
Acquisitions and disposals	Represents changes in book sizes due to acquisitions and disposals of entities
Foreign exchange impact	Represents changes in exchange rates of the transaction currencies compared to the Swiss franc
Other	Represents changes that cannot be attributed to any other category

Credit risk RWA movements in 1Q18

The following table presents the 1Q18 flow statement explaining the variations in the credit risk RWA determined under an IRB approach.

CR8 – Risk-weighted assets flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB

1Q18 CHF million	RWA
Risk-weighted assets at beginning of period	**111,195**
Asset size	1,857
Asset quality	(817)
Model and parameter updates	310
Methodology and policy changes	664
Foreign exchange impact	(985)
Risk-weighted assets at end of period	**112,224**

Credit risk RWA under IRB increased CHF 1.0 billion to CHF 112.2 billion as of the end of 1Q18 compared to CHF 111.2 billion as of the end of 4Q17, primarily driven by increases related to asset size and increases resulting from methodology and policy changes, partially offset by a foreign exchange impact and decreases related to asset quality.

The increase related to asset size was mainly due to increases in lending exposures. The increase in methodology and policy changes primarily reflected an additional phase-in of the multiplier on income producing real estate (IPRE) and non-IPRE exposures and an additional phase-in of a multiplier on certain investment banking corporate exposures. The decrease related to asset quality was mainly due to a reduction in lending risk with corporate and private clients.

Counterparty credit risk RWA movements in 1Q18

The following table presents the 1Q18 flow statement explaining changes in CCR RWA determined under the Internal Model Method (IMM) for CCR (derivatives and SFTs).

CCR7 – Risk-weighted assets flow statements of CCR exposures under IMM

1Q18 CHF million	RWA
Risk-weighted assets at beginning of period	**14,983**
Asset size	662
Credit quality of counterparties	95
Model and parameter updates	(338)

Methodology and policy changes	48
Foreign exchange impact	(262)
Risk-weighted assets at end of period	**15,188**

As of the end of 1Q18, CCR RWA under IMM was stable compared to the end of 4Q17, reflecting increases related to asset size offset by decreases related to model updates and a foreign exchange impact. The increase related to asset size were primarily due to increases in derivative exposures. The decrease related to model updates reflected a policy change for the rating of small exposures.

Market risk

The following table presents the definitions of the RWA flow statements components for market risk.

Definitions of risk-weighted assets movement components related to market risk

Description	Definition
RWA as of the end of the previous and current reporting periods	Represents RWA at quarter-end
Regulatory adjustment	Indicates the difference between RWA and RWA (end of day) at beginning and end of period
RWA as of the previous and current quarters end (end of day)	For a given component (e.g. VaR) it refers to the RWA that would be computed if the snapshot quarter end figure of the component determines the quarter end RWA, as opposed to a 60-day average for regulatory
Movement in risk levels	Represents movements due to position changes
Model and parameter updates	Represents movements arising from updates to model parameters and model changes
Methodology and policy changes	Represents movements due to methodology changes in calculations driven by regulatory policy changes, including both revisions to existing regulations and new regulations
Acquisitions and disposals	Represents changes in book sizes due to acquisitions and disposals of entities
Foreign exchange impact	Represents changes in exchange rates of the transaction currencies compared to the Swiss franc
Other	Represents changes that cannot be attributed to any other category

Market risk RWA movements in 1Q18

The following table presents the 1Q18 flow statement explaining variations in the market risk RWA determined under an internal model approach (IMA).

MR2 – Risk-weighted assets flow statements of market risk exposures under an IMA

1Q18 CHF million	Regulatory VaR	Stressed VaR	IRC	Other[1]	Total RWA
Risk-weighted assets at beginning of period	**2,308**	**5,498**	**1,910**	**7,809**	**17,525**
Regulatory adjustment	672	(133)	(545)	373	367
Risk-weighted assets at beginning of period (end of day)	**2,980**	**5,365**	**1,365**	**8,182**	**17,892**
Movement in risk levels	265	(1,154)	(39)	(231)	(1,159)
Model and parameter updates	171	(89)	(31)	0	51
Methodology and policy changes	(133)	16	(52)	(387)	(556)
Foreign exchange impact	(17)	(58)	(5)	(66)	(146)
Risk-weighted assets at end of period (end of day)	**3,266**	**4,080**	**1,238**	**7,498**	**16,082**
Regulatory adjustment	(550)	1,347	1,179	(39)	1,937
Risk-weighted assets at end of period	**2,716**	**5,427**	**2,417**	**7,459**	**18,019**

1

Risks not in VaR.

As of the end of 1Q18, market risk RWA under an internal model approach increased slightly compared to the end of 4Q17, primarily due to increases in IRC and regulatory VaR reflecting movements in risk levels. These increases were

partially offset by a reduction in risks not in VaR from methodology changes.

5

Reconciliation requirements

Balance sheet

The following table shows the balance sheet as published in the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation. The reference indicates how such assets and liabilities are considered in the composition of regulatory capital.

> Refer to "Principles of consolidation" (page 8) in Linkages between financial statements and regulatory disclosures – Differences between accounting and regulatory scopes of consolidation in the Pillar 3 and regulatory disclosures – Credit Suisse Group AG 4Q17 for information on key differences between the accounting and the regulatory scope of consolidation.

> Refer to "Note 3 – Business developments and subsequent events" (page 95) in the Credit Suisse 1Q18 Financial Report for information on changes in the scope of consolidation.

> Refer to "Note 39 – Significant subsidiaries and equity method investments" (pages 383 to 385) in the Credit Suisse Annual Report 2017 for a list of significant subsidiaries and associated entities.

Balance sheet

end of 1Q18	Financial statements	Balance sheet Regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference to composition of capital
Assets (CHF million)			
Cash and due from banks	118,164	117,949	
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	730	1,122	
Central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactions	121,170	113,428	
Securities received as collateral, at fair value	41,227	41,227	
Trading assets, at fair value	140,201	134,907	
Investment securities	2,146	1,560	
Other investments	5,487	5,467	
Net loans	283,854	284,455	
Premises and equipment	4,677	4,742	
Goodwill	4,667	4,671	a
Other intangible assets	212	212	
of which other intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing rights)	62	62	b
Brokerage receivables	52,739	52,739	
Other assets	33,778	32,780	
of which deferred tax assets related to net operating losses	2,046	2,046	c
of which deferred tax assets from temporary differences	3,182	2,781	d
of which defined-benefit pension fund net assets	2,389	2,389	e
Total assets	**809,052**	**795,259**	

Balance sheet (continued)

end of 1Q18	Financial statements	Balance sheet Regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference to composition of capital
Liabilities and equity (CHF million)			
Due to banks	18,858	19,391	
Customer deposits	368,382	368,493	
Central bank funds purchased, securities sold under repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions	27,579	27,579	
Obligation to return securities received as collateral, at fair value	41,227	41,227	
Trading liabilities, at fair value	44,755	44,795	
Short-term borrowings	31,872	24,519	
Long-term debt	166,166	165,039	
Brokerage payables	37,838	37,838	
Other liabilities	29,678	23,620	
Total liabilities	**766,355**	**752,501**	
of which additional tier 1 instruments, fully eligible	12,719	12,719	g
of which additional tier 1 instruments subject to phase-out	2,759	2,759	h
of which tier 2 instruments, fully eligible	4,015	4,015	i
of which tier 2 instruments subject to phase-out	2,385	2,385	j
Common shares	102	102	
Additional paid-in capital	35,933	35,933	
Retained earnings	25,643	25,610	
Treasury shares, at cost	(287)	(283)	
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss)	(18,851)	(18,823)	
Total shareholders' equity [1]	**42,540**	**42,539**	
Noncontrolling interests [2]	157	219	
Total equity	**42,697**	**42,758**	
Total liabilities and equity	**809,052**	**795,259**	

1
Eligible as CET1 capital, prior to regulatory adjustments.

2
The difference between the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation primarily represents private equity and other fund type vehicles, which FINMA does not require to consolidate for capital adequacy reporting.

Composition of BIS regulatory capital

The following tables provide details on the composition of Bank for International Settlements (BIS) regulatory capital and details on common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital adjustments subject to phase-in as well as details on additional tier 1 capital and tier 2 capital.

Composition of BIS regulatory capital

end of	1Q18
Eligible capital (CHF million)	
Total shareholders' equity (US GAAP)	**42,540**
Regulatory adjustments	(560)[1]
Adjustments subject to phase-in	(6,960)[2]
CET1 capital	**35,020**
Additional tier 1 instruments	12,194[3]
Additional tier 1 instruments subject to phase-out	2,759[4]
Additional tier 1 capital	**14,953**
Tier 1 capital	**49,973**
Tier 2 instruments	4,015[5]
Tier 2 instruments subject to phase-out	781
Tier 2 capital	**4,796**
Total eligible capital	**54,769**

1
Includes regulatory adjustments not subject to phase-in, including a cumulative dividend accrual.

2
Reflects 100% phase-in deductions, including goodwill, other intangible assets and certain deferred tax assets.

3
Consists of high-trigger and low-trigger capital instruments. Of this amount, CHF 7.5 billion consists of capital instruments with a capital ratio write-down trigger of 7% and CHF 4.7 billion consists of capital instruments with a capital ratio write-down trigger of 5.125%.

4
Includes hybrid capital instruments that are subject to phase-out.

5
Consists of low-trigger capital instruments with a capital ratio write-down trigger of 5%.

The following tables provide details on CET1 capital adjustments subject to phase-in and details on additional tier 1 capital and tier 2 capital. The column “Transition amount” represents the amounts that have been recognized in eligible capital as of March 31, 2018.

Details on CET1 capital adjustments subject to phase-in

end of 1Q18	Balance sheet	Reference to balance sheet[1]	Regulatory adjustments	Total	Transition amount[2]
CET1 capital adjustments subject to phase-in (CHF million)					
Goodwill	4,671	a	(7)[3]	4,664	(4,664)
Other intangible assets (excluding mortgage-servicing rights)	62	b	(5)[4]	57	(57)
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability (excluding temporary differences)	2,046	c	–	2,046	(2,046)
Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	–		463	463	(463)
Gains/(losses) due to changes in own credit on fair-valued liabilities	–		(2,228)	(2,228)	2,228
Defined-benefit pension assets	2,389	e	(545)[4]	1,844	(1,844)
Investments in own shares	–		–	–	(213)
Other adjustments [5]	–		–	–	99
Amounts above 10% threshold	2,781		(2,781)	0	0
of which deferred tax assets from temporary differences	2,781	d	(2,781)[6]	0	0
Adjustments subject to phase-in to CET1 capital					**(6,960)**

Rounding differences may occur.

1
Refer to the balance sheet under regulatory scope of consolidation in the table "Balance sheet". Only material items are referenced to the balance sheet.

2
Reflects 100% phase-in deductions, including goodwill, other intangible assets and certain deferred tax assets.

3
Represents related deferred tax liability and goodwill on equity method investments.

4
Represents related deferred tax liability.

5
Includes cash flow hedge reserve.

6
Includes threshold adjustments of CHF (3,408) million and an aggregate of CHF 627 million related to the add-back of deferred tax liabilities on goodwill, other intangible assets, mortgage servicing rights and pension assets that are netted against deferred tax assets under US GAAP.

Details on additional tier 1 capital and tier 2 capital

end of 1Q18	Balance sheet	Reference to balance sheet[1]	Regulatory adjustments	Total	Transition amount
Additional tier 1 capital (CHF million)					
Additional tier 1 instruments [2]	12,719	g	(525)[3]	12,194	12,194
Additional tier 1 instruments subject to phase-out [2]	2,759	h	–	2,759	2,759

Total additional tier 1 instruments					**14,953**
Tier 2 capital (CHF million)					
Tier 2 instruments	4,015	i	–	4,015	4,015
Tier 2 instruments subject to phase-out	2,385	j	(1,604)[4]	781	781
Tier 2 capital					**4,796**

1
Refer to the balance sheet under regulatory scope of consolidation in the table "Balance sheet". Only material items are referenced to the balance sheet.
2
Classified as liabilities under US GAAP.
3
Includes the reversal of gains/(losses) due to changes in own credit spreads on fair valued capital instruments.
4
Primarily includes the impact of the prescribed amortization requirements as instruments move closer to their maturity.
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Additional information end of	1Q18
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting) (CHF million)	
Non-significant investments in BFI entities	**2,653**
Significant investments in BFI entities	779
Mortgage servicing rights	128[1]
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	3,408[1]
Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in tier 2 (CHF million)	
Cap on inclusion of provisions in tier 2 under standardized approach	71
Cap for inclusion of provisions in tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	823

1 Net of related deferred tax liability.

Additional regulatory disclosures

Swiss capital requirements

The FINMA circular requires certain additional disclosures for systemically relevant financial institutions and stand-alone banks. The following tables show the capital requirements based on capital ratios and leverage ratio.

> Refer to “Swiss requirements” (pages 56 to 58) in II – Treasury, risk, balance sheet and off-balance sheet in the Credit Suisse 1Q18 Financial Report for further information on Swiss capital requirements.

Swiss capital requirements and metrics

		Phase-in		Look-through
end of 1Q18	CHF million	in % of RWA	CHF million	in % of RWA
Swiss risk-weighted assets				
Swiss risk-weighted assets	271,584	–	271,584	–
Risk-based capital requirements (going-concern) based on Swiss capital ratios				
Total	35,479	13.064	39,390	14.504
of which CET1: minimum	14,666	5.4	12,221	4.5
of which CET1: buffer	11,026	4.06	14,937	5.5
of which CET1: countercyclical buffers	553	0.204	553	0.204
of which additional tier 1: minimum	7,061	2.6	9,505	3.5
of which additional tier 1: buffer	2,173	0.8	2,173	0.8
Swiss eligible capital (going-concern)				
Swiss CET1 capital and additional tier 1 capital [1]	51,116	18.8	47,101	17.3
of which CET1 capital [2]	34,907	12.9	34,907	12.9
of which additional tier 1 high-trigger capital instruments	7,530	2.8	7,530	2.8
of which additional tier 1 low-trigger capital instruments [3]	4,664	1.7	4,664	1.7
of which tier 2 low-trigger capital instruments [4]	4,015	1.5	0	0.0
Risk-based requirement for additional total loss-absorbing capacity (gone-concern) based on Swiss capital ratios				
Total	20,787[5]	7.654[5]	31,341	11.54
Eligible additional total loss-absorbing capacity (gone-concern)				
Total	36,218[6]	13.3	35,974	13.2
of which bail-in instruments	31,959	11.8	31,959	11.8

Rounding differences may occur.

1
Excludes tier 1 capital which is used to fulfill gone-concern requirements.

2
Excludes CET1 capital which is used to fulfill gone-concern requirements.

3
If issued before July 1, 2016, such capital instruments qualify as additional tier 1 high-trigger capital instruments until their first call date according to the transitional Swiss "Too Big to Fail" rules.

4
If issued before July 1, 2016, such capital instruments qualify as additional tier 1 high-trigger capital instruments no later than December 31, 2019 according to the transitional Swiss "Too Big to Fail" rules.

5

The total loss-absorbing capacity (gone concern) requirement of 8.9% was reduced by 1.246%, or CHF 3,384 million, reflecting rebates in accordance with article 133 of the CAO.

6 Includes CHF 4,259 million of capital instruments (additional tier 1 instruments subject to phase-out, tier 2 instruments subject to phase-out, tier 2 amortization component and certain deductions) which, under the phase-in rules, continue to count as gone concern capital.

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Swiss leverage requirements and metrics

		Phase-in		Look-through
end of 1Q18	CHF million	in % of LRD	CHF million	in % of LRD
Leverage exposure				
Leverage ratio denominator	932,071	–	932,071	–
Unweighted capital requirements (going-concern) based on Swiss leverage ratio				
Total	37,283	4.0	46,603	5.0
of which CET1: minimum	17,709	1.9	13,981	1.5
of which CET1: buffer	9,321	1.0	18,641	2.0
of which additional tier 1: minimum	10,253	1.1	13,981	1.5
Swiss eligible capital (going-concern)				
Swiss CET1 capital and additional tier 1 capital [1]	51,116	5.5	47,101	5.1
of which CET1 capital [2]	34,907	3.7	34,907	3.7
of which additional tier 1 high-trigger capital instruments	7,530	0.8	7,530	0.8
of which additional tier 1 low-trigger capital instruments [3]	4,664	0.5	4,664	0.5
of which tier 2 low-trigger capital instruments [4]	4,015	0.4	0	0.0
Unweighted requirements for additional total loss-absorbing capacity (gone-concern) based on Swiss leverage ratio				
Total	24,047[5]	2.58[5]	37,981	4.07
Eligible additional total loss-absorbing capacity (gone-concern)				
Total	36,218[6]	3.9	35,974	3.9
of which bail-in instruments	31,959	3.4	31,959	3.4

Rounding differences may occur.

1
Excludes tier 1 capital which is used to fulfill gone-concern requirements.

2
Excludes CET1 capital which is used to fulfill gone-concern requirements.

3
If issued before July 1, 2016, such capital instruments qualify as additional tier 1 high-trigger capital instruments until their first call date according to the transitional Swiss "Too Big to Fail" rules.

4
If issued before July 1, 2016, such capital instruments qualify as additional tier 1 high-trigger capital instruments no later than December 31, 2019 according to the transitional Swiss "Too Big to Fail" rules.

5
The total loss-absorbing capacity (gone concern) requirement of 3.0% was reduced by 0.42%, or CHF 3,915 million, reflecting rebates in accordance with article 133 of the CAO.

6
Includes CHF 4,259 million of capital instruments (additional tier 1 instruments subject to phase-out, tier 2 instruments subject to phase-out, tier 2 amortization component and certain deductions) which, under the phase-in rules, continue to count as gone concern capital.

Leverage metrics

Beginning in 1Q15, Credit Suisse adopted the BIS leverage ratio framework, as issued by the BCBS and implemented in Switzerland by FINMA.

> Refer to “Leverage metrics” (page 131) in III – Treasury, Risk, Balance sheet and Off-balance sheet – Capital management in the Credit Suisse Annual Report 2017 and “Leverage metrics” (page 63) in II – Treasury, risk, balance sheet and off-balance sheet in the Credit Suisse 1Q18 Financial Report for further information on leverage metrics.

Reconciliation of consolidated assets to leverage exposure – Phase-in

end of	1Q18
Reconciliation of consolidated assets to leverage exposure (CHF million)	
Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	809,052
Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation [1]	(14,060)
Adjustments for derivatives financial instruments	89,949
Adjustments for SFTs (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	(30,269)
Adjustments for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	77,399
Total leverage exposure	**932,071**

1

Includes adjustments for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation and tier 1 capital deductions related to balance sheet assets.

BIS leverage ratio common disclosure template – Phase-in

end of	1Q18
Reconciliation of consolidated assets to leverage exposure (CHF million)	
On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)	601,294
Asset amounts deducted from Basel III tier 1 capital	(9,378)
Total on-balance sheet exposures	**591,916**
Reconciliation of consolidated assets to leverage exposure (CHF million)	
Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)	28,176
Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions	90,051
Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	22,107
Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions	(20,797)
Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures	(18,015)
Adjusted effective notional amount of all written credit derivatives	198,298
Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives	(189,439)
Derivative Exposures	**110,381**
Securities financing transaction exposures (CHF million)	
Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	173,099
Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets	(31,682)
Counterparty credit risk exposure for SFT assets	11,365
Agent transaction exposures	(407)
Securities financing transaction exposures	**152,375**
Other off-balance sheet exposures (CHF million)	
Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	243,904
Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(166,505)
Other off-balance sheet exposures	**77,399**
Tier 1 capital (CHF million)	
Tier 1 capital	**49,973**
Leverage exposure (CHF million)	
Total leverage exposure	**932,071**

Leverage ratio (%)	
Basel III leverage ratio	**5.4**
13	

Liquidity coverage ratio

Our calculation methodology for the liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) is prescribed by FINMA. For disclosure purposes our LCR is calculated using a three-month average which, beginning in 1Q17, is measured using daily calculations during the quarter rather than the month-end metrics used before. This change in the LCR averaging methodology resulted from updated FINMA requirements that became effective January 1, 2017.

> Refer to “Liquidity metrics” (pages 112 to 113) in III – Treasury, Risk, Balance sheet and Off-balance sheet – Liquidity and funding management in the Credit Suisse Annual Report 2017 and “Liquidity metrics” (pages 51 to 52) in II – Treasury, risk, balance sheet and off-balance sheet in the Credit Suisse 1Q18 Financial Report for further information on the Group’s liquidity management including high quality liquid assets, liquidity pool and liquidity coverage ratio.

Liquidity coverage ratio

end of 1Q18	Unweighted value[1]	Weighted value[2]
High Quality Liquid Assets (CHF million)		
High quality liquid assets	**–**	**166,306**
Cash outflows (CHF million)		
Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers	154,743	19,963
of which less stable deposits	154,743	19,963
Unsecured wholesale funding	211,846	84,824
of which operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	39,478	9,870
of which non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	100,144	59,129
of which unsecured debt	14,767	14,767
Secured wholesale funding	–	59,148
Additional requirements	165,982	39,285
of which outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	64,850	18,485
of which outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	2,099	2,099
of which credit and liquidity facilities	99,033	18,701
Other contractual funding obligations	57,896	57,896
Other contingent funding obligations	238,022	6,055
Total cash outflows	**–**	**267,171**
Cash inflows (CHF million)		
Secured lending	135,247	92,522
Inflows from fully performing exposures	67,419	32,997
Other cash inflows	61,832	61,832
Total cash inflows	**264,498**	**187,351**
Liquidity cover ratio		
High quality liquid assets (CHF million)	–	166,306
Net cash outflows (CHF million)	–	79,820
Liquidity coverage ratio (%)	**–**	**208**

Calculated using a three-month average, which is calculated on a daily basis.

1

Calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days.

2

Calculated after the application of haircuts for high quality liquid assets or inflow and outflow rates.

Minimum disclosures for large banks

The following table shows the Group's minimum disclosure requirements for large banks prepared in accordance with Swiss CAO for non-systemically relevant financial institutions.

Key metrics for non-systemically relevant financial institutions

end of 1Q18	Phase-in
CHF million, except where indicated	
Minimum required capital (8% of risk-weighted assets)	21,727
Swiss total eligible capital	54,656
of which Swiss CET1 capital	34,907
of which Swiss tier 1 capital	49,860
Swiss risk-weighted assets	271,584
Swiss CET1 ratio (%)	12.9
Swiss tier 1 ratio (%)	18.4
Swiss total capital ratio (%)	20.1
Countercyclical buffers (%)	0.204
Swiss CET1 ratio requirement (%) [1]	8.404
Swiss tier 1 ratio requirement (%) [1]	10.404
Swiss total capital ratio requirement (%) [1]	13.004
Swiss leverage ratio based on tier 1 capital (%)	5.3
Leverage exposure	932,071
Liquidity coverage ratio (%) [2]	208
Numerator: total high quality liquid assets	166,306
Denominator: net cash outflows	79,820

Reflects the view as if the Group was not a Swiss SIFI. Refer to "Swiss capital requirements and metrics" and "Swiss leverage requirements and metrics" tables for the Swiss SIFI view.

1

The capital requirements are in accordance with Appendix 8 of the CAO, plus the countercyclical buffer.

2

Calculated using a three-month average, which is calculated on a daily basis.

List of abbreviations

A	
AMA	Advanced Measurement Approach
B	
BCBS	Basel Committee on Banking Supervision
BFI	Banking, financial and insurance
BIS	Bank for International Settlements
C	
CAO	Capital Adequacy Ordinance
CCP	Central counterparties
CCR	Counterparty credit risk
CET1	Common equity tier 1
F	
FINMA	Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority FINMA
G	
G-SIB	Global systemically important banks
I	
IAA	Internal Assessment Approach
IMA	Internal Models Approach
IMM	Internal Models Method
IPRE	Income producing real estate
IRB	Internal Ratings-Based Approach
IRC	Incremental Risk Charge
L	
LRD	Leverage ratio denominator
P	
PFE	Potential future exposure
R	
RBA	Ratings-Based Approach
RNIV	Risks not in value-at-risk
RWA	Risk-weighted assets

S	
SA	Standardized Approach
SA-CCR	Standardized Approach - counterparty credit risk
SFT	Securities Financing Transactions
SIFI	Systemically Important Financial Institution
U	
US GAAP	Accounting principles generally accepted in the US
V	
VaR	Value-at-Risk

Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking information

This document contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, in the future we, and others on our behalf, may make statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements relating to the following:

– our plans, objectives, ambitions, targets or goals;
– our future economic performance or prospects;
– the potential effect on our future performance of certain contingencies; and
– assumptions underlying any such statements.

Words such as “believes,” “anticipates,” “expects,” “intends” and “plans” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. We do not intend to update these forward-looking statements.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks exist that predictions, forecasts, projections and other outcomes described or implied in forward-looking statements will not be achieved. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, ambitions, targets, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors include:

– the ability to maintain sufficient liquidity and access capital markets;
– market volatility and interest rate fluctuations and developments affecting interest rate levels;
– the strength of the global economy in general and the strength of the economies of the countries in which we conduct our operations, in particular the risk of continued slow economic recovery or downturn in the US or other developed countries or in emerging markets in 2018 and beyond;
– the direct and indirect impacts of deterioration or slow recovery in residential and commercial real estate markets;
– adverse rating actions by credit rating agencies in respect of us, sovereign issuers, structured credit products or other credit-related exposures;
– the ability to achieve our strategic goals, including those related to cost efficiency, income/(loss) before taxes, capital ratios and return on regulatory capital, leverage exposure threshold, risk-weighted assets threshold, return on tangible equity and other targets, objectives and ambitions;
– the ability of counterparties to meet their obligations to us;
– the effects of, and changes in, fiscal, monetary, exchange rate, trade and tax policies, as well as currency fluctuations;
– political and social developments, including war, civil unrest or terrorist activity;
– the possibility of foreign exchange controls, expropriation, nationalization or confiscation of assets in countries in which we conduct our operations;
– operational factors such as systems failure, human error, or the failure to implement procedures properly;
– the risk of cyber attacks on our business or operations;
– actions taken by regulators with respect to our business and practices and possible resulting changes to our business organization, practices and policies in countries in which we conduct our operations;
– the effects of changes in laws, regulations or accounting or tax standards, policies or practices in countries in which we conduct our operations;
– the potential effects of proposed changes in our legal entity structure;
– competition or changes in our competitive position in geographic and business areas in which we conduct our operations;
– the ability to retain and recruit qualified personnel;
– the ability to maintain our reputation and promote our brand;
– the ability to increase market share and control expenses;
– technological changes;
– the timely development and acceptance of our new products and services and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users;
– acquisitions, including the ability to integrate acquired businesses successfully, and divestitures, including the ability to sell non-core assets;
– the adverse resolution of litigation, regulatory proceedings and other contingencies; and
– other unforeseen or unexpected events and our success at managing these and the risks involved in the foregoing.

We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors is not exclusive. When evaluating forward-looking statements, you should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events, including the information set forth in “Risk factors” in I – Information on the company in our Annual Report 2017.