

WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST  
Form 10-Q  
October 31, 2014

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

For quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

OR  
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934.

COMMISSION FILE NO. 1-6622  
WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE  
INVESTMENT TRUST

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MARYLAND 53-0261100  
(State of incorporation) (IRS Employer Identification Number)

6110 EXECUTIVE BOULEVARD, SUITE 800, ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20852  
(Address of principal executive office) (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (301) 984-9400

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Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Name of exchange on which registered
Shares of Beneficial Interest	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days. YES  NO

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES  NO

As of October 28, 2014, 66,661,627 common shares were outstanding.

WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST  
INDEX

	Page
<u>Part I: Financial Information</u>	
Item 1.	
<u>Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>	
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>8</u>
Item 2.	
<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>19</u>
Item 3.	
<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	<u>36</u>
Item 4.	
<u>Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>36</u>
<u>Part II: Other Information</u>	
Item 1.	
<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>37</u>
Item 1A.	
<u>Risk Factors</u>	<u>37</u>
Item 2.	
<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>37</u>
Item 3.	
<u>Defaults upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>37</u>
Item 4.	
<u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	<u>37</u>
Item 5.	
<u>Other Information</u>	<u>37</u>
Item 6.	
<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>38</u>
<u>Signatures</u>	<u>39</u>

PART I  
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information furnished in the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets, Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows reflects all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring items, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods. The accompanying financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes for the three years ended December 31, 2013 included in Washington Real Estate Investment Trust's 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

	September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Land	\$519,859	\$426,575
Income producing property	1,867,752	1,675,652
	2,387,611	2,102,227
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(620,279)	(565,342)
Net income producing property	1,767,332	1,536,885
Properties under development or held for future development	99,500	61,315
Total real estate held for investment, net	1,866,832	1,598,200
Investment in real estate sold or held for sale, net	—	79,901
Cash and cash equivalents	8,571	130,343
Restricted cash	9,496	9,189
Rents and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,519 and \$6,783, respectively	58,135	48,756
Prepaid expenses and other assets	116,345	105,004
Other assets related to properties sold or held for sale	—	4,100
Total assets	\$2,059,379	\$1,975,493
Liabilities		
Notes payable	\$747,082	\$846,703
Mortgage notes payable	413,330	294,671
Lines of credit	5,000	—
Accounts payable and other liabilities	64,153	51,742
Advance rents	12,211	13,529
Tenant security deposits	8,625	7,869
Liabilities related to properties sold or held for sale	—	1,533
Total liabilities	1,250,401	1,216,047
Equity		
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred shares; \$0.01 par value; 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding	—	—
Shares of beneficial interest; \$0.01 par value; 100,000 shares authorized: 66,663 and 66,531 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively		665
Additional paid in capital	1,153,344	1,151,174
Distributions in excess of net income	(347,724)	(396,880)
Total shareholders' equity	806,287	754,959
Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries	2,691	4,487
Total equity	808,978	759,446
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,059,379	\$1,975,493

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.



WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)  
(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenue				
Real estate rental revenue	\$73,413	\$65,828	\$214,278	\$196,303
Expenses				
Real estate expenses	25,914	23,243	77,784	69,467
Depreciation and amortization	24,354	21,168	71,508	63,328
Acquisition costs	69	148	5,047	448
General and administrative	4,523	3,850	13,780	11,717
	54,860	48,409	168,119	144,960
Other operating income				
Gain on sale of real estate	—	—	570	—
Real estate operating income	18,553	17,419	46,729	51,343
Other income (expense)				
Interest expense	(15,087	) (15,930	) (44,602	) (47,944
Other income	192	220	634	705
	(14,895	) (15,710	) (43,968	) (47,239
Income from continuing operations	3,658	1,709	2,761	4,104
Discontinued operations:				
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale	—	4,131	546	11,139
Gain on sale of real estate	—	—	105,985	3,195
Net income	3,658	5,840	109,292	18,438
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries	10	—	17	—
Net income attributable to the controlling interests	\$3,668	\$5,840	\$109,309	\$18,438
Basic net income per share:				
Continuing operations	\$0.05	\$0.03	\$0.04	\$0.06
Discontinued operations	—	0.06	1.59	0.21
Net income per share	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$1.63	\$0.27
Diluted net income per share:				
Continuing operations	\$0.05	\$0.03	\$0.04	\$0.06
Discontinued operations	—	0.06	1.59	0.21
Net income per share	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$1.63	\$0.27
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic	66,738	66,410	66,725	66,403
Weighted average shares outstanding – diluted	66,790	66,561	66,760	66,545
Dividends declared per share	\$0.3000	\$0.3000	\$0.9000	\$0.9000

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY  
(IN THOUSANDS)  
(UNAUDITED)

	Shares Outstanding	Shares of Beneficial Interest at Par Value	Additional Paid in Capital	Distributions in Excess of Net Income Attributable to the Controlling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2013	66,531	\$ 665	\$ 1,151,174	\$ (396,880 )	\$ 754,959	\$ 4,487	\$ 759,446
Net income attributable to the controlling interests	—	—	—	109,309	109,309	—	109,309
Net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	(17 )	(17 )
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	(1,784 )	(1,784 )
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	5	5
Dividends	—	—	—	(60,153 )	(60,153 )	—	(60,153 )
Share grants, net of share grant amortization and forfeitures	132	2	2,170	—	2,172	—	2,172
Balance, September 30, 2014	66,663	\$ 667	\$ 1,153,344	\$ (347,724 )	\$ 806,287	\$ 2,691	\$ 808,978

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(IN THOUSANDS)  
(UNAUDITED)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 109,292	\$ 18,438
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization, including amounts in discontinued operations	71,508	75,489
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	1,335	3,012
Gain on sale of real estate	(106,555)	(3,195)
Amortization of share grants, net	3,835	3,615
Amortization of debt premiums, discounts and related financing costs	2,730	2,980
Changes in operating other assets	(16,255)	(8,856)
Changes in operating other liabilities	(3,013)	2,002
Net cash provided by operating activities	62,877	93,485
Cash flows from investing activities		
Real estate acquisitions, net	(154,126)	—
Net cash received for sale of real estate	190,864	15,161
Capital improvements to real estate	(41,945)	(39,348)
Development in progress	(28,363)	(9,385)
Real estate deposits, net	(2,500)	(6,800)
Cash held in replacement reserve escrows	(550)	—
Non-real estate capital improvements	(44)	(125)
Net cash used in investing activities	(36,664)	(40,497)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Line of credit borrowings, net	5,000	85,000
Dividends paid	(60,153)	(60,132)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	5	390
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(3,454)	—
Payment of financing costs	(660)	—
Principal payments – mortgage notes payable	(2,860)	(32,461)
Borrowings under construction loan	14,137	3,033
Notes payable repayments	(100,000)	(60,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	(147,985)	(64,170)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(121,772)	(11,182)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	130,343	19,105
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 8,571	\$ 7,923
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 36,770	\$ 42,075
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	156	—
Decrease in accrued capital improvements and development costs	10,860	2,978
Mortgage notes payable assumed in connection with the acquisition of real estate	100,861	—

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.





WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1: NATURE OF BUSINESS

Washington Real Estate Investment Trust (“Washington REIT”), a Maryland real estate investment trust, is a self-administered, self-managed equity real estate investment trust, successor to a trust organized in 1960. Our business consists of the ownership and operation of income-producing real estate properties in the greater Washington metro region. We own a diversified portfolio of office buildings, multifamily buildings and retail centers.

Federal Income Taxes

We believe that we qualify as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code and intend to continue to qualify as such. To maintain our status as a REIT, we are required to distribute 90% of our ordinary taxable income to our shareholders. When selling properties, we have the option of (a) reinvesting the sales proceeds of properties sold, allowing for a deferral of income taxes on the sale, (b) paying out capital gains to the shareholders with no tax to Washington REIT or (c) treating the capital gains as having been distributed to the shareholders, paying the tax on the gain deemed distributed and allocating the tax paid as a credit to the shareholders. During the first quarter of 2014, we closed on Transactions III (for the sale of Woodburn Medical Park I and II) and IV (for the sale of Prosperity Medical Center I, II and III) of the Medical Office Portfolio sale for an aggregate contract sales price of \$193.6 million. We have reinvested a portion of the Medical Office Portfolio sales proceeds in replacement properties through deferred tax exchanges.

Generally, and subject to our ongoing qualification as a REIT, no provisions for income taxes are necessary except for taxes on undistributed REIT taxable income and taxes on the income generated by our taxable REIT subsidiaries (“TRSs”). Our TRSs are subject to corporate federal and state income tax on their taxable income at regular statutory rates or as calculated under the alternative minimum tax, as appropriate. There were no material income tax provisions or material net deferred income tax items for our TRSs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Significant Accounting Policies

We have prepared our consolidated financial statements using the accounting policies described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued ASU No. 2014-08, Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity, which changes the requirements for reporting discontinued operations. Specifically, under this ASU only those disposals of components of an entity that represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity’s operations and financial results will be reported as discontinued operations in the financial statements. The primary impact of this ASU is that we are no longer required to report the disposal of every operating property in discontinued operations. Adoption of this ASU is required for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity that occur within annual periods beginning on or after after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted, but only for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. We early adopted this ASU effective for the first quarter of 2014.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which creates a single source of revenue guidance. The new standard provides accounting guidance for all revenue arising from contracts with customers and affects all entities that enter into contracts to provide goods or services to their customers (unless the contracts are in the scope of other U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) requirements, such as the leasing literature). The guidance also provides a model for the measurement and recognition of gains and losses on the sale of certain nonfinancial assets, such as property and equipment, including real estate. The new standard is effective for public entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 and for interim periods therein. Early adoption is not permitted for public entities. We are currently evaluating the impact the new standard may have on Washington REIT.

**Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the consolidated accounts of Washington REIT, our majority-owned subsidiaries and entities in which Washington REIT has a controlling interest, including where Washington REIT has been determined to be a primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity (“VIE”). See note 3 for additional information on the

8

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properties for which there is a noncontrolling interest. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

We have prepared the accompanying unaudited financial statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although we believe that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In addition, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods presented have been included. These unaudited financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Within these notes to the financial statements, we refer to the three months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 as the “2014 Quarter” and the “2013 Quarter,” respectively, and the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 as the “2014 Period” and the “2013 Period,” respectively.

#### Use of Estimates in the Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 3: REAL ESTATE

#### Acquisitions

Washington REIT acquired the following properties during the 2014 Period:

Acquisition Date	Property Name	Type	Rentable Square Feet	Contract Purchase Price (in thousands)
February 21, 2014	Yale West (216 units)	Multifamily	N/A	\$73,000
March 26, 2014	The Army Navy Club Building	Office	108,000	79,000
May 1, 2014	1775 Eye Street, NW	Office	185,000	104,500
			293,000	\$256,500

The results of operations from the acquired operating properties are included in the consolidated statements of income as of their acquisition dates.

The revenue and earnings of our 2014 acquisitions are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014
Real estate rental revenue	\$5,089	\$10,444
Net loss	(640	) (2,752

We record the acquired physical assets (land, building and tenant improvements), and in-place leases (absorption, tenant origination costs, leasing commissions and net lease intangible assets/liabilities), and any other assets or liabilities at their fair values.

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We have recorded the total purchase price of the above acquisitions as follows (in thousands):

Land	\$93,567	
Buildings	141,456	
Tenant origination costs	8,354	
Leasing commissions/absorption costs	12,847	
Net lease intangible assets	7,331	
Net lease intangible liabilities	(2,122	)
Fair value of assumed mortgages	(107,125	)
Furniture fixtures and equipment	932	
Total	\$155,240	

The weighted remaining average life for the 2014 acquisition components above, other than land and building, are 71 months for tenant origination costs, 54 months for leasing commissions/absorption costs, 72 months for net lease intangible assets and 82 months for net lease intangible liabilities.

The difference in the total contract purchase price of \$256.5 million for the 2014 acquisitions and the acquisition cost per the consolidated statement of cash flows of \$154.1 million is primarily due to the assumption of two mortgage notes secured by Yale West and The Army Navy Club Building for an aggregate \$100.9 million and the payment of a \$3.6 million deposit for Yale West in 2013, partially offset by a credit to the seller for building renovations at 1775 Eye Street, NW for \$1.9 million.

The following unaudited pro-forma combined condensed statements of operations are for the 2014 and 2013 Quarters and Periods as if the above described acquisitions had occurred at the beginning of the period of acquisition and the same period in the year prior to acquisition. The unaudited pro-forma information does not purport to be indicative of the results that actually would have occurred if the acquisitions had been in effect for the 2014 and 2013 Quarters and Periods. The unaudited data presented is in thousands, except per share data.

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Real estate rental revenue	\$73,413	\$71,004	\$219,192	\$211,662
Income from continuing operations	3,668	477	1,960	449
Net income	3,668	4,608	108,492	14,783
Diluted earnings per share	0.05	0.07	1.62	0.22

#### Redevelopment

In the office segment, we have an active redevelopment project to renovate 7900 Westpark Drive. Our total investment in the renovation at 7900 Westpark Drive is expected to be \$35.0 million. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had invested \$18.4 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, in the renovation. We anticipate completion during the first quarter of 2015.

#### Variable Interest Entities

In June 2011, we executed a joint venture operating agreement with a real estate development company to develop The Maxwell, a mid-rise multifamily property at 650 North Glebe Road in Arlington, Virginia. We estimate the total cost of the project to be \$49.9 million. During the first quarter of 2013, we secured third-party debt financing for approximately 70% of the project's cost. Washington REIT is the 90% owner of the joint venture and will have management and leasing responsibilities when the project is completed and stabilized (defined as 90% of the residential units leased). The real estate development company owns 10% of the joint venture and is responsible for the development and construction of the property. The joint venture currently expects to complete this development project during the fourth quarter of 2014.

In November 2011, we executed a joint venture operating agreement with a real estate development company to develop a high-rise multifamily property at 1225 First Street (formerly 1219 First Street) in Alexandria, Virginia. We

estimate the total cost of the project to be \$95.3 million, with approximately 70% of the project financed with debt. Washington REIT is the 95% owner of the joint venture and will have management and leasing responsibilities if the project is completed and stabilized. The real estate development company owns 5% of the joint venture and is responsible for the development and construction of the property. In

the first quarter of 2013, we decided to delay commencement of construction due to market conditions and concerns of oversupply. We continue to reassess this project on a periodic basis going forward.

We have determined that The Maxwell and 1225 First Street joint ventures are VIE's primarily based on the fact that the equity investment at risk is not sufficient to permit either entity to finance its activities without additional financial support. We expect that 70% of the total development costs for each project would be financed through debt. We have also determined that Washington REIT is the primary beneficiary of each VIE due to the fact that Washington REIT is providing 90% to 95% of the equity contributions and will manage each property after stabilization.

We include the joint venture land acquisitions on our consolidated balance sheets in properties under development or held for future development. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the land and capitalized development costs are as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
The Maxwell	\$47,084	\$27,343
1225 First Street	20,807	20,788

As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the accounts payable and accrued liabilities related to the joint ventures are as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
The Maxwell	\$6,253	\$1,785
1225 First Street	76	39

On February 21, 2013, Washington REIT, through its consolidated joint venture to develop The Maxwell, entered into a construction loan agreement with Citizens Bank for \$33.0 million. The loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 2.15%, which decreases to LIBOR plus 2.0% upon completion of construction and the joint venture not being in default. The loan matures on February 21, 2016, with two one year extension options exercisable by the joint venture, subject to fees and compliance with certain provisions in the loan agreement. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the consolidated joint venture had \$21.4 million and \$7.3 million, respectively, outstanding on this construction loan agreement.

#### Discontinued Operations

We dispose of assets that no longer meet our long-term strategy or return objectives and where market conditions for sale are favorable. The proceeds from the sales may be reinvested into other properties, used to fund development operations or to support other corporate needs, or distributed to our shareholders. Properties are considered held for sale when they meet the criteria specified (see "Discontinued Operations" in note 2 of the consolidated financial statements included in Washington REIT's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013). Depreciation on these properties is discontinued at that time, but operating revenues, other operating expenses and interest continue to be recognized until the date of sale.

In September 2013, we entered into four separate purchase and sale agreements to effectuate the sale of our entire medical office segment (including land held for development at 4661 Kenmore Avenue) and two office buildings (Woodholme Center and 6565 Arlington Boulevard) for an aggregate purchase price of \$500.8 million. The sale was structured as four transactions. Transactions I and II closed in November 2013 and Transactions III and IV closed in January 2014.

The results of our medical office segment are summarized as follows (amounts in thousands, except per share data):

Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
September 30,		September 30,	
2014	2013	2014	2013

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Real estate rental revenue	\$—	\$10,889	\$892	\$32,928
Net income	—	3,820	546	10,080
Basic net income per share	—	0.06	0.01	0.15
Diluted net income per share	—	0.06	0.01	0.15

11

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We sold the following properties in 2014 and 2013:

Property Name	Segment	Rentable Square Feet	Contract Purchase Price (in thousands)	Gain on Sale (in thousands)
Medical Office Portfolio Transactions III & IV <sup>(1)</sup>	Medical Office	427,000	\$ 193,561	\$ 105,985
5740 Columbia Road <sup>(2)</sup>	Retail	3,000	1,600	570
	Total 2014	430,000	\$ 195,161	\$ 106,555
Atrium Building	Office	79,000	\$ 15,750	\$ 3,195
Medical Office Portfolio Transactions I & II <sup>(3)</sup>	Medical Office / Office	1,093,000	307,189	18,949
	Total 2013	1,172,000	\$ 322,939	\$ 22,144

<sup>(1)</sup> Woodburn Medical Park I and II and Prosperity Medical Center I, II and III.

<sup>(2)</sup> This property is classified as continuing operations in accordance with ASU No. 2014-08 (see note 2).

<sup>(3)</sup> 2440 M Street, 15001 Shady Grove Road, 15505 Shady Grove Road, 19500 at Riverside Park (formerly Lansdowne Medical Office Building), 9707 Medical Center Drive, CentreMed I and II, 8301 Arlington Boulevard, Sterling Medical Office Building, Shady Grove Medical Village II, Alexandria Professional Center, Ashburn Farm Office Park I, Ashburn Farm Office Park II, Ashburn Farm Office Park III, Woodholme Medical Office Building, two office properties (6565 Arlington Boulevard and Woodholme Center) and undeveloped land at 4661 Kenmore Avenue.

As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, investment in real estate for properties sold or held for sale, all of which were in the medical office segment, was as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Investment in real estate sold or held for sale	\$—	\$ 125,967
Less accumulated depreciation	—	(46,066)
Investment in real estate sold or held for sale, net	\$—	\$ 79,901

Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2014	2013	September 30, 2014	2013
Real estate rental revenue	\$—	\$ 12,073	\$ 892	\$ 37,141
Real estate expenses	—	(4,398)	(346)	(12,856)
Depreciation and amortization	—	(3,215)	—	(12,161)
Interest expense	—	(329)	—	(985)
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale	\$—	\$ 4,131	\$ 546	\$ 11,139

Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale by property for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

Property	Segment	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
		September 30, 2014	2013	September 30, 2014	2013
Atrium Building	Office	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$ 185
Medical Office Portfolio	Medical Office / Office	—	4,131	546	10,954
		\$—	\$ 4,131	\$ 546	\$ 11,139



NOTE 4: MORTGAGE NOTES PAYABLE

In February 2014, we assumed a \$48.2 million mortgage note as partial consideration for the acquisition of Yale West. This mortgage note bears interest at 5.55% per annum. The fair value interest rate on this mortgage note is 3.75% based on quotes obtained for similar loans. We recorded the mortgage note at its estimated fair value of \$54.0 million. Principal and interest are payable monthly until January 1, 2052, at which time all unpaid principal and interest are payable in full. The loan may be prepaid, without penalty, on January 31, 2022 or thereafter on the last business day of the month until maturity, with thirty days prior written notice to the lender.

In March 2014, we assumed a \$52.7 million mortgage note as partial consideration for acquisition of The Army Navy Club Building. This mortgage note bears interest at 3.45% per annum. The fair value interest rate on this mortgage note is 3.18% based on quotes obtained for similar loans. We recorded the mortgage at its estimated fair value of \$53.2 million. Principal and interest are payable monthly until May 1, 2017, at which time all unpaid principal and interest are payable in full.

NOTE 5: UNSECURED LINES OF CREDIT PAYABLE

As of September 30, 2014, we maintained a \$100.0 million unsecured line of credit maturing in June 2015 ("Credit Facility No. 1") and a \$400.0 million unsecured line of credit maturing in July 2016 ("Credit Facility No. 2"). Credit Facilities No. 1 and No. 2 have accordion features that allow us to increase the facilities to \$200.0 million and \$600.0 million, respectively, subject to additional lender commitments.

The amounts of these lines of credit unused and available at September 30, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

	Credit Facility No. 1	Credit Facility No. 2
Committed capacity	\$ 100,000	\$ 400,000
Borrowings outstanding	(5,000	) —
Unused and available	\$ 95,000	\$ 400,000

We executed borrowings on the unsecured lines of credit during the 2014 Period as follows (in thousands):

	Credit Facility No. 1
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ —
Borrowings	5,000
Balance at September 30, 2014	\$ 5,000

NOTE 6: NOTES PAYABLE

We repaid without penalty \$100.0 million of our 5.25% unsecured notes on their due date of January 15, 2014, using proceeds from the sale of the Medical Office Portfolio.

NOTE 7: STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Washington REIT maintains short-term ("STIP") and long-term ("LTIP") incentive plans that allow for stock-based awards to officers and non-officer employees. Stock based awards are provided to officers and non-officer employees, as well as trustees, under the Washington Real Estate Investment Trust 2007 Omnibus Long-Term Incentive Plan which allows for awards in the form of restricted shares, restricted share units, options and other awards up to an aggregate of 2,000,000 shares over the ten year period in which the plan will be in effect. Restricted share units are converted into shares of our stock upon full vesting through the issuance of new shares.

During the 2014 Period, the Board of Trustees adopted a new STIP and new LTIP for executive officers. Regarding the new STIP, the changes from the prior STIP primarily removed the 15% service-only component of the award, maintaining an award payable 50% in cash and 50% in stock. The new LTIP is based entirely on total shareholder return during a defined three-year period. The LTIP was also converted from a single three-year plan structure to a "rolling" structure in which a new three-year plan is commenced each year. The vesting at the end of the performance period was modified to be 75% at the end of the performance period and 25% one year thereafter. In addition, during the transition period to the new LTIP, the Board of Trustees awarded similar transition awards with defined

performance periods of one and two years and modified vesting to account for the transition.

### Total Compensation Expense

Total compensation expense recognized in the consolidated financial statements for all outstanding share based awards was \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million for the 2014 and 2013 Quarters, respectively, and \$3.8 million and \$3.6 million for the 2014 and 2013 Periods, respectively.

### Restricted Share Awards

The total fair values of restricted share awards vested was \$1.0 million and \$0.7 million for the 2014 and 2013 Periods, respectively.

The total unvested restricted share awards at September 30, 2014 was 207,082 shares, which had a weighted average grant date fair value of \$25.37 per share. As of September 30, 2014, the total compensation cost related to unvested restricted share awards was \$1.7 million, which we expect to recognize over a weighted average period of 17 months.

### NOTE 8: FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

#### Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

For assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, quantitative disclosures about the fair value measurements are required to be disclosed separately for each major category of assets and liabilities, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs

The only assets or liabilities we had at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 that are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis are the assets held in the Supplemental Executive Retirement Program ("SERP"). We base the valuations related to this asset on the observable market values of the investments that comprise the SERP (Level 2 inputs).

The fair values of these assets at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014				December 31, 2013			
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:								
SERP	\$2,616	\$—	\$2,616	\$—	\$3,290	\$—	\$3,290	\$—

#### Financial Assets and Liabilities Not Measured at Fair Value

The following disclosures of estimated fair value were determined by management using available market information and established valuation methodologies, including discounted cash flow. Many of these estimates involve significant judgment. The estimated fair value disclosed may not necessarily be indicative of the amounts we could realize on disposition of the financial instruments. The use of different market assumptions or estimation methodologies could have an effect on the estimated fair value amounts. In addition, fair value estimates are made at a point in time and thus, estimates of fair value subsequent to September 30, 2014 may differ significantly from the amounts presented. Following is a summary of significant methodologies used in estimating fair values and a schedule of fair values at September 30, 2014.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash include cash and commercial paper with original maturities of less than 90 days, which are valued at the carrying value, which approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments (Level 1 inputs).

#### Notes Receivable

We acquired a note receivable ("2445 M Street note") in 2008 with the purchase of 2445 M Street. We estimate the fair value of the 2445 M Street note based on a discounted cash flow methodology using market discount rates (Level 3 inputs).

## Debt

Mortgage notes payable consist of instruments in which certain of our real estate assets are used for collateral. We estimate the fair value of the mortgage notes payable by discounting the contractual cash flows at a rate equal to the relevant treasury rates (with respect to the timing of each cash flow) plus credit spreads estimated through independent comparisons to real estate assets or loans with similar characteristics. Lines of credit payable consist of bank facilities which we use for various purposes including working capital, acquisition funding or capital improvements. The lines of credit advances are priced at a specified rate plus a spread. We estimate the market value based on a comparison of the spreads of the advances to market given the adjustable base rate. We estimate the fair value of the notes payable by discounting the contractual cash flows at a rate equal to the relevant treasury rates (with respect to the timing of each cash flow) plus credit spreads derived using the relevant securities' market prices. We classify these fair value measurements as Level 3 as we use significant unobservable inputs and management judgment due to the absence of quoted market prices.

As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the carrying values and estimated fair values of our financial instruments were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents	\$8,571	\$8,571	\$130,343	\$130,343
Restricted cash	9,496	9,496	9,189	9,189
2445 M Street note	5,556	6,755	6,070	6,803
Mortgage notes payable	413,330	429,957	294,671	313,476
Lines of credit	5,000	5,000	—	—
Notes payable	747,082	782,450	846,703	856,171

## NOTE 9: EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

We determine "Basic earnings per share" using the two-class method as our unvested restricted share awards and units have non-forfeitable rights to dividends and are therefore considered participating securities. We compute basic earnings per share by dividing net income attributable to the controlling interest less the allocation of earnings to unvested restricted share awards and units by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period.

We also determine "Diluted earnings per share" under the two-class method with respect to the unvested restricted share awards. We further evaluate any other potentially dilutive securities at the end of the period and adjust the basic earnings per share calculation for the impact of those securities that are dilutive. Our dilutive earnings per share calculation includes the dilutive impact of employee stock options based on the treasury stock method and our incentive share awards with performance or market conditions under the contingently issuable method. The diluted earnings per share calculation also considers operating partnership units (if any) under the if-converted method.

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The computations of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Numerator:					
Income from continuing operations	\$3,658	\$1,709	\$2,761	\$4,104	
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	10	—	17	—	
Allocation of earnings to unvested restricted share awards	(44	) (32	) 11	(83	)
Adjusted income from continuing operations attributable to the controlling interests	3,624	1,677	2,789	4,021	
Income from discontinued operations, including gain on sale of real estate, net of taxes	—	4,131	106,531	14,334	
Allocation of earnings to unvested restricted share awards	—	(77	) (335	) (288	)
Adjusted income from discontinuing operations attributable to the controlling interests	—	4,054	106,196	14,046	
Adjusted net income attributable to the controlling interests	\$3,624	\$5,731	\$108,985	\$18,067	
Denominator:					
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic	66,738	66,410	66,725	66,403	
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Operating partnership units	—	117	—	117	
Employee stock options and restricted share awards	52	34	35	25	
Weighted average shares outstanding – diluted	66,790	66,561	66,760	66,545	
Earnings per common share, basic:					
Continuing operations	\$0.05	\$0.03	\$0.04	\$0.06	
Discontinued operations	—	0.06	1.59	0.21	
	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$1.63	\$0.27	
Earnings per common share, diluted:					
Continuing operations	\$0.05	\$0.03	\$0.04	\$0.06	
Discontinued operations	—	0.06	1.59	0.21	
	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$1.63	\$0.27	

NOTE 10: SEGMENT INFORMATION

We have three reportable segments: office, retail and multifamily. Office buildings provide office space for various types of businesses and professions. Retail shopping centers are typically grocery store anchored neighborhood centers that include other small shop tenants or regional power centers with several junior box tenants. Multifamily properties provide rental housing for individuals and families throughout the Washington metropolitan area. During the 2014 Period, we completed the sale of our medical office segment (see note 3).

We evaluate performance based upon operating income from the combined properties in each segment. Our reportable operating segments are consolidations of similar properties. GAAP requires that segment disclosures present the measure(s) used by the chief operating decision maker for purposes of assessing segments' performance. Net operating income is a key measurement of our segment profit and loss. Net operating income is defined as segment real estate rental revenue less segment real estate expenses.

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The following tables present revenues, net operating income, capital expenditures and total assets for the 2014 and 2013 Quarters and Periods from these segments, and reconciles net operating income of reportable segments to net income attributable to the controlling interests as reported (in thousands):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014						
	Office	Retail	Multifamily	Corporate and Other	Consolidated	
Real estate rental revenue	\$42,628	\$14,825	\$15,960	\$—	\$73,413	
Real estate expenses	16,066	3,204	6,644	—	25,914	
Net operating income	\$26,562	\$11,621	\$9,316	\$—	\$47,499	
Depreciation and amortization					(24,354 )	
General and administrative					(4,523 )	
Acquisition costs					(69 )	
Interest expense					(15,087 )	
Other income					192	
Net income					3,658	
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries					10	
Net income attributable to the controlling interests					\$3,668	
Capital expenditures	\$7,804	\$3,037	\$2,157	\$3	\$13,001	
Total assets	\$1,277,131	\$341,728	\$404,596	\$35,924	\$2,059,379	
Three Months Ended September 30, 2013						
	Office	Medical Office	Retail	Multifamily	Corporate and Other	Consolidated
Real estate rental revenue	\$38,221	\$—	\$13,990	\$13,617	\$—	\$65,828
Real estate expenses	14,517	—	3,207	5,519	—	23,243
Net operating income	\$23,704	\$—	\$10,783	\$8,098	\$—	\$42,585
Depreciation and amortization						(21,168 )
Acquisition costs						(148 )
General and administrative						(3,850 )
Interest expense						(15,930 )
Other income						220
Discontinued operations:						
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale						4,131
Net income						5,840
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries						—
Net income attributable to the controlling interests						\$5,840
Capital expenditures	\$9,535	\$505	\$198	\$4,041	\$16	\$14,295
Total assets	\$1,116,087	\$319,928	\$348,490	\$258,027	\$45,823	\$2,088,355



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	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014					
	Office	Retail	Multifamily	Corporate and Other		Consolidated
Real estate rental revenue	\$123,568	\$44,209	\$46,501	—		\$214,278
Real estate expenses	47,579	10,672	19,533	—		77,784
Net operating income	\$75,989	\$33,537	\$26,968	—		\$136,494
Depreciation and amortization						(71,508 )
General and administrative						(13,780 )
Acquisition costs						(5,047 )
Interest expense						(44,602 )
Other income						634
Gain on sale of real estate (classified as continuing operations)						570
Discontinued operations:						
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale						546
Gain on sale of real estate						105,985
Net income						109,292
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries						17
Net income attributable to the controlling interests						109,309
Capital expenditures	\$30,974	\$4,157	\$6,814	\$44		\$41,989
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013					
	Office	Medical Office	Retail	Multifamily	Corporate and Other	Consolidated
Real estate rental revenue	\$113,849	\$—	\$42,105	\$40,349	\$—	\$196,303
Real estate expenses	42,697	—	10,355	16,415	—	69,467
Net operating income	\$71,152	\$—	\$31,750	\$23,934	\$—	\$126,836
Depreciation and amortization						(63,328 )
Acquisition costs						(448 )
General and administrative						(11,717 )
Interest expense						(47,944 )
Other income						705
Discontinued operations:						
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale						11,139
Gain on sale of real estate						3,195
Net income						18,438
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries						—
Net income attributable to the controlling interests						\$18,438
Capital expenditures	\$26,773	\$3,035	\$2,732	\$6,808	\$125	\$39,473

NOTE 11: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 1, 2014, we closed on the purchase of Spring Valley Retail Center, a 75,000 square foot retail property in Washington, DC, for \$40.5 million. We funded this acquisition with borrowings on our unsecured lines of credit. The

initial accounting for the acquisition is incomplete due to the timing of the acquisition relative to the filing date of this report and, therefore, purchase price accounting and pro forma disclosures are not included.

18

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## ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto appearing in Item 1 of this report and the more detailed information contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2014. We refer to the three months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 as the "2014 Quarter" and the "2013 Quarter," respectively, and the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 as the "2014 Period" and the "2013 Period," respectively.

### Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements which involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements include statements in this report preceded by, followed by or that include the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "potential," "project," "will" and other similar expressions. We claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 for these statements. The following important factors, in addition to those discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, could affect our future results and could cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements: (a) the effect of credit and financial market conditions; (b) the availability and cost of capital; (c) fluctuations in interest rates; (d) the economic health of our tenants; (e) the timing and pricing of lease transactions; (f) the economic health of the greater Washington metro region, or other markets we may enter; (g) the effects of changes in Federal government spending; (h) the supply of competing properties; (i) consumer confidence; (j) unemployment rates; (k) consumer tastes and preferences; (l) our future capital requirements; (m) inflation; (n) compliance with applicable laws, including those concerning the environment and access by persons with disabilities; (o) governmental or regulatory actions and initiatives; (p) changes in general economic and business conditions; (q) terrorist attacks or actions; (r) acts of war; (s) weather conditions; (t) the effects of changes in capital available to the technology and biotechnology sectors of the economy, and (u) other factors discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2014. We undertake no obligation to update our forward-looking statements or risk factors to reflect new information, future events, or otherwise.

### General

#### Introductory Matters

We provide our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") in addition to the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes to assist readers in understanding our results of operations and financial condition. We organize the MD&A as follows:

• **Overview.** Discussion of our business, operating results, investment activity and capital requirements, and summary of our significant transactions to provide context for the remainder of MD&A.

• **Results of Operations.** Discussion of our financial results comparing the 2014 Quarter to the 2013 Quarter and the 2014 Period to the 2013 Period.

• **Liquidity and Capital Resources.** Discussion of our financial condition and analysis of changes in our capital structure and cash flows.

• **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates.** Descriptions of accounting policies that reflect significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

When evaluating our financial condition and operating performance, we focus on the following financial and non-financial indicators:

• **Net operating income ("NOI"),** calculated as real estate rental revenue less real estate expenses excluding depreciation and amortization and general and administrative expenses. NOI is a non-GAAP supplemental measure to net income;

• **Funds From Operations ("FFO"),** calculated as set forth below under the caption "Funds from Operations." FFO is a non-GAAP supplemental measure to net income;

• **Occupancy,** calculated as occupied square footage as a percentage of total square footage as of the last day of that period;

• **Leased percentage,** calculated as the percentage of available physical net rentable area leased for our commercial segments and percentage of apartments leased for our multifamily segment;



Rental rates; and  
Leasing activity, including new leases, renewals and expirations.

For purposes of evaluating comparative operating performance, we categorize our properties as “same-store”, “non-same-store” or discontinued operations. A “same-store” property is one that was owned for the entirety of the periods being evaluated and excludes properties under redevelopment or development and properties purchased or sold at any time during the periods being compared. A “non-same-store” property is one that was acquired, under redevelopment or development, or placed into service during either of the periods being evaluated. We define redevelopment properties as those for which we expect to spend significant development and construction costs on existing or acquired buildings pursuant to a formal plan which has a current impact on operating results, occupancy and the ability to lease space with the intended result of a higher economic return on the property. Properties under redevelopment or development are included within the non-same-store properties beginning in the period during which redevelopment or development activities commence. Redevelopment and development properties are included in the same-store pool upon completion of the redevelopment or development, and the earlier of achieving 90% occupancy or two years after completion.

## Overview

### Business

Our revenues are derived primarily from the ownership and operation of income-producing properties in the greater Washington metro region. As of September 30, 2014, we owned a diversified portfolio of 54 properties, totaling approximately 7.3 million square feet of commercial space and 2,890 multifamily units, and land held for development. These 54 properties consisted of 25 office properties, 16 retail centers and 13 multifamily properties.

### Operating Results

Real estate rental revenue, NOI, net income attributable to the controlling interests and FFO for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended				
	September 30,		\$ Change	% Change	
	2014	2013			
Real estate rental revenue	\$73,413	\$65,828	\$7,585	11.5	%
NOI <sup>(1)</sup>	\$47,499	\$42,585	\$4,914	11.5	%
Net income attributable to the controlling interests	\$3,668	\$5,840	\$(2,172)	(37.2)	)%
FFO <sup>(2)</sup>	\$28,022	\$30,223	\$(2,201)	(7.3)	)%

<sup>(1)</sup> See page 25 of the MD&A for reconciliations of NOI to net income.

<sup>(2)</sup> See page 35 of the MD&A for reconciliations of FFO to net income.

The increases in real estate rental revenue and NOI are primarily due to acquisitions (\$4.7 million and \$2.1 million, respectively) and higher real estate rental revenue and NOI from same-store properties primarily due to higher occupancy and rental rates (\$2.3 million and \$0.5 million, respectively). Same-store occupancy increased to 93.2% from 89.8% one year ago, with increases in all segments.

The decreases in net income attributable to the controlling interests and FFO are primarily due to the loss of income from the properties included in the Medical Office Portfolio, which was sold in stages during the fourth quarter of 2013 and the first quarter of 2014.

Investment Activity

Subsequent to the end of the 2014 Quarter, we acquired Spring Valley Retail Center, a 75,000 square foot retail property in Washington, DC, for \$40.5 million and incurred acquisition costs of approximately \$0.8 million. We funded the purchase price with borrowings on our unsecured lines of credit. This acquisition is consistent with our current strategy of focusing on properties inside the Washington metro region's Beltway, near major transportation nodes and in areas of strong employment drivers and superior growth demographics.

### Capital Requirements

There are no debt maturities for the remainder of 2014, though we will continue to make recurring principal amortization payments. As of September 30, 2014, our unsecured lines of credit had \$5.0 million in borrowings outstanding, leaving a remaining borrowing capacity of \$495.0 million. Subsequent to the end of the 2014 Quarter, we executed borrowings on the unsecured lines of credit for an additional \$50.0 million for the acquisition of Spring Valley Retail Center and for general corporate purposes.

### Significant Transactions

Our significant transactions during the 2014 and 2013 Periods are summarized as follows:

#### 2014 Period

- The disposition of the Woodburn Medical Park I and II and Prosperity Medical Center I, II and III medical office buildings with a combined 427,000 square feet, for a contract sales price of \$193.6 million, resulting in a gain on sale of \$106.0 million. These sales transactions completed the disposition of the Medical Office Portfolio.

The acquisition of Yale West, a 216-unit multifamily property in Washington, DC, for a contract purchase price of \$73.0 million. We assumed a \$48.2 million mortgage with this acquisition. We incurred \$1.8 million of acquisition costs related to this transaction.

The acquisition of The Army Navy Club Building, a 108,000 square foot office property in Washington, DC, for a contract purchase price of \$79.0 million. We assumed a \$52.7 million mortgage with this acquisition. We incurred \$1.3 million of acquisition costs with this transaction.

- The acquisition of 1775 Eye Street, NW, a 185,000 square foot office property in Washington, DC, for a contract purchase price of \$104.5 million. We incurred \$1.7 million of acquisition costs with this transaction.

The execution of new leases for 0.6 million square feet of commercial space with an average rental rate increase of 12.4% over expiring leases.

#### 2013 Period

The execution of four separate contracts with a single buyer for the sale of the entire medical office segment, consisting of 17 medical office assets, and two office assets, 6565 Arlington Boulevard and Woodholme Center (both of which have significant medical office tenancy), encompassing in total approximately 1.5 million square feet. The assets sold also include land held for development at 4661 Kenmore Avenue. The sales prices under the four agreements aggregated to \$500.8 million. Purchase and Sale Agreement #1 (\$303.4 million of the aggregate sales price) and Purchase and Sale Agreement #2 (\$3.8 million of the aggregate sales price) closed in November 2013, resulting in a gain on sale of real estate of \$18.9 million. Purchase and Sale Agreement #3 (\$79.0 million of the aggregate sales price) and Purchase and Sale Agreement #4 (\$114.6 million of the aggregate sales price) closed in January 2014, resulting in a gain on sale of real estate of \$106.0 million.

- The disposition of the Atrium Building, a 80,000 square foot office building, for a contract sales price of \$15.8 million, resulting in a gain on sale of \$3.2 million.

- The execution of new leases for 1.2 million square feet of commercial space, excluding leases at properties classified as sold or held for sale, with an average rental rate increase of 9.3% over expiring leases.

### Results of Operations

The discussion that follows is based on our consolidated results of operations for the 2014 and 2013 Quarters and Periods. The ability to compare one period to another may be significantly affected by acquisitions completed and dispositions made during those periods. To provide more insight into our operating results, we divide our discussion into two main sections:

• **Consolidated Results of Operations:** Overview analysis of results on a consolidated basis.

• **Net Operating Income:** Detailed analysis of same-store and non-same-store NOI results by segment.

## Consolidated Results of Operations

## Real Estate Rental Revenue

Real estate rental revenue for properties classified as continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended				
	September 30,		Change		September 30,		Change		
	2014	2013	\$	%	2014	2013	\$	%	
Minimum base rent	\$62,595	\$56,762	\$5,833	10.3	% \$181,588	\$169,373	\$12,215	7.2	%
Recoveries from tenants	7,861	6,576	1,285	19.5	% 23,496	20,159	3,337	16.6	%
Provisions for doubtful accounts	(459 )	(813 )	354	43.5	% (1,594 )	(2,725 )	1,131	41.5	%
Lease termination fees	24	53	(29 )	(54.7 )	% 822	242	580	239.7	%
Parking and other tenant charges	3,392	3,250	142	4.4	% 9,966	9,254	712	7.7	%
	\$73,413	\$65,828	\$7,585	11.5	% \$214,278	\$196,303	\$17,975	9.2	%

**Minimum Base Rent:** Minimum base rent increased by \$5.8 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to acquisitions (\$4.5 million) and higher occupancy (\$2.3 million) and rental rates (\$0.4 million) at same-store properties, partially offset by lower occupancy (\$1.4 million) at 7900 Westpark Drive, which is under redevelopment.

Minimum base rent increased by \$12.2 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to acquisitions (\$10.3 million) and higher occupancy (\$4.4 million) and rental rates (\$1.6 million) at same-store properties, partially offset by lower occupancy (\$3.6 million) at 7900 Westpark Drive, which is under redevelopment, and higher abatements (\$0.9 million) at same-store properties.

**Recoveries from Tenants:** Recoveries from tenants increased by \$1.3 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to acquisitions (\$1.1 million).

Recoveries from tenants increased by \$3.3 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to acquisitions (\$2.3 million) and higher reimbursements for operating expenses at same-store properties (\$1.6 million), partially offset by lower reimbursements (\$0.4 million) at 7900 Westpark Drive, which is under redevelopment and has lower occupancy in the 2014 Period.

**Provisions for Doubtful Accounts:** Provisions for doubtful accounts decreased by \$0.4 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to lower net provisions in the retail segment due to fewer tenants requiring reserves.

Provisions for doubtful accounts decreased by \$1.1 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to lower net provisions in the retail (\$0.7 million) and office (\$0.5 million) segments due to fewer tenants requiring reserves.

**Lease Termination Fees:** Lease termination fees slightly decreased in 2013 Quarter and increased by \$0.6 million in the 2014 Period due to lease terminations in the office segment.

**Parking and Other Tenant Charges:** Parking and other tenant charges increased by \$0.1 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to acquisitions.

Parking and other tenant charges increased by \$0.7 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to acquisitions.

Occupancy by segment for properties classified as continuing operations as of September 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows:



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	As of September 30,		Change		
	2014	2013			
Office	87.1	% 86.4	% 0.7		%
Retail	94.4	% 91.4	% 3.0		%
Multifamily	94.3	% 94.1	% 0.2		%
Total	90.7	% 89.6	% 1.1		%

Occupancy represents occupied square footage indicated as a percentage of total square footage as of the last day of that period.

A detailed discussion of occupancy by segment can be found in the Net Operating Income section.

#### Real Estate Expenses

Real estate expenses for properties classified as continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2014	2013	Change			2014	2013	Change		
			\$	%			\$	%		
Property operating expenses	\$ 17,516	\$ 15,990	\$ 1,526	9.5	%	\$ 53,519	\$ 48,007	\$ 5,512	11.5	%
Real estate taxes	8,398	7,253	1,145	15.8	%	24,265	21,460	2,805	13.1	%
	\$25,914	\$23,243	\$2,671	11.5	%	\$77,784	\$69,467	\$8,317	12.0	%

Real estate expenses as a percentage of revenue were 35.3% for both the 2014 and 2013 Quarters, and 36.3% and 35.4% for the 2014 and 2013 Periods, respectively.

**Property Operating Expenses:** Property operating expenses include utilities, repairs and maintenance, property administration and management, operating services, common area maintenance, property insurance, bad debt and other operating expenses.

Property operating expenses increased by \$1.5 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to acquisitions.

Property operating expenses increased by \$5.5 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to acquisitions (\$3.4 million) and higher utilities (\$1.2 million) and snow removal (\$0.9 million) expenses at same-store properties.

**Real Estate Taxes:** Real estate taxes increased by \$1.1 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to acquisitions.

Real estate taxes increased by \$2.8 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to acquisitions (\$2.2 million) and higher assessments (\$0.5 million) at same-store properties.

#### Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2014	2013	Change			2014	2013	Change		
			\$	%			\$	%		
Depreciation and amortization	\$24,354	\$21,168	\$3,186	15.1	%	\$71,508	\$63,328	\$8,180	12.9	%
Interest expense	15,087	15,930	(843)	(5.3)	%	44,602	47,944	(3,342)	(7.0)	%
Acquisition costs	69	148	(79)	(53.4)	%	5,047	448	4,599	1,026.6	%
General and administrative	4,523	3,850	673	17.5	%	13,780	11,717	2,063	17.6	%
	\$44,033	\$41,096	\$2,937	7.1	%	\$134,937	\$123,437	\$11,500	9.3	%

**Depreciation and amortization:** Depreciation and amortization increased by \$3.2 million and \$8.2 million in the 2014 Quarter and Period, respectively, primarily due to acquisitions.

**Interest Expense:** Interest expense by debt type for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2014	2013	Change			2014	2013	Change		
			\$	%			\$	%		
Notes payable	\$9,295	\$10,640	\$(1,345)	(12.6)	%	\$28,119	\$32,531	\$(4,412)	(13.6)	%
Mortgages	5,763	4,551	1,212	26.6	%	16,131	13,625	2,506	18.4	%
Lines of credit	620	863	(243)	(28.2)	%	1,797	2,395	(598)	(25.0)	%
Capitalized interest	(591)	(124)	(467)	376.6	%	(1,445)	(607)	(838)	138.1	%
Total	\$15,087	\$15,930	\$(843)	(5.3)	%	\$44,602	\$47,944	\$(3,342)	(7.0)	%



Interest expense from notes payable decreased in the 2014 Quarter and Period primarily due to the repayment of \$100.0 million of 5.25% unsecured notes in January 2014 and the repayment of \$60.0 million of 5.125% notes in March 2013. Interest expense from mortgage notes increased primarily due to the assumption of mortgages with the acquisitions of Yale West and The Army Navy Club Building during the first quarter of 2014. Interest expense from our unsecured lines of credit decreased due to lower borrowing activity during 2014. Capitalized interest increased because of additional expenditures on the development project at The Maxwell and the redevelopment project at 7900 Westpark Drive.

Acquisition Costs: Acquisition costs increased by \$4.6 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to closing on the acquisitions of Yale West, The Army Navy Club Building and 1775 Eye Street, NW.

General and Administrative Expense: General and administrative expense increased by \$0.7 million in the 2014 Quarter, primarily due to higher officer long-term incentive compensation (\$0.4 million) and severance (\$0.3 million) expense.

General and administrative expense increased by \$2.1 million in the 2014 Period, primarily due to higher officer long-term incentive compensation (\$1.1 million) and severance (\$0.9 million) expense.

#### Discontinued Operations

Operating results of the properties classified as discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Change	Nine Months Ended September 30,				Change
	2014	2013	\$	%		2014	2013	\$	%	
Revenues	\$—	\$12,073	\$(12,073)	(100.0)	)%	\$892	\$37,141	\$(36,249)	(97.6)	)%
Property expenses	—	(4,398)	4,398	(100.0)	)%	(346)	(12,856)	12,510	(97.3)	)%
Depreciation and amortization	—	(3,215)	3,215	(100.0)	)%	—	(12,161)	12,161	(100.0)	)%
Interest expense	—	(329)	329	(100.0)	)%	—	(985)	985	(100.0)	)%
Total	\$—	\$4,131	\$(4,131)	(100.0)	)%	\$546	\$11,139	\$(10,593)	(95.1)	)%

The decrease in income from discontinued operations is primarily due to the sale of the Medical Office Portfolio in January 2014 and November 2013 (see note 3 to the consolidated financial statements).

#### Net Operating Income

NOI is the primary performance measure we use to assess the results of our operations at the property level. We believe that NOI is useful as a performance measure because, when compared across periods, NOI reflects the impact on operations of trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs on an unleveraged basis, providing perspective not immediately apparent from net income. NOI excludes certain components from net income in order to provide results more closely related to a property's results of operations. For example, interest expense is not necessarily linked to the operating performance of a real estate asset. In addition, depreciation and amortization, because of historical cost accounting and useful life estimates, may distort operating performance at the property level. As a result of the foregoing, we provide NOI as a supplement to net income or income from continuing operations, calculated in accordance with GAAP. NOI does not represent net income or income from continuing operations, in either case calculated in accordance with GAAP. As such, it should not be considered an alternative to these measures as an indication of our operating performance. NOI is calculated as real estate rental revenue less real estate expenses excluding depreciation and amortization, interest expense and general and administrative expenses. A reconciliation of NOI to net income follows.

2014 Quarter Compared to 2013 Quarter

The following tables of selected operating data reconcile NOI to net income and provide the basis for our discussion of NOI in the 2014 Quarter compared to the 2013 Quarter (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended		\$ Change	% Change	
	September 30, 2014	2013			
Real Estate Rental Revenue					
Same-store	\$65,360	\$62,477	\$2,883	4.6	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	8,053	3,351	4,702	140.3	%
Total real estate rental revenue	\$73,413	\$65,828	\$7,585	11.5	%
Real Estate Expenses					
Same-store	\$21,984	\$21,963	\$21	0.1	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	3,930	1,280	2,650	207.0	%
Total real estate expenses	\$25,914	\$23,243	\$2,671	11.5	%
NOI					
Same-store	\$43,376	\$40,514	\$2,862	7.1	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	4,123	2,071	2,052	99.1	%
Total NOI	\$47,499	\$42,585	\$4,914	11.5	%
Reconciliation to Net Income					
NOI	\$47,499	\$42,585			
Depreciation and amortization	(24,354)	(21,168)			
General and administrative expenses	(4,523)	(3,850)			
Interest expense	(15,087)	(15,930)			
Other income	192	220			
Acquisition costs	(69)	(148)			
Discontinued operations:					
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale <sup>(2)</sup>	—	4,131			
Net income	3,658	5,840			
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	10	—			
Net income attributable to the controlling interests	\$3,668	\$5,840			

(1) Non-same-store properties classified as continuing operations include:

2014 Multifamily acquisition – Yale West

2014 Office acquisitions – The Army Navy Club Building and 1775 Eye Street, NW

2014 Retail disposition – 5740 Columbia Road (parcel at Gateway Overlook)

2013 Multifamily acquisition – The Paramount

2013 Office redevelopment property – 7900 Westpark Drive

(2) Sold and held for sale properties classified as discontinued operations include:

2014 sold – Woodburn Medical Park I and II and Prosperity Medical Center I, II and III

2013 sold – Medical Office Portfolio Transactions I and II (see note 3 to the consolidated financial statements)

Real estate rental revenue from same-store properties increased by \$2.9 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to higher occupancy (\$2.3 million), higher rental rates (\$0.5 million) and lower reserves for uncollectible revenue (\$0.4 million), partially offset by higher rent abatements (\$0.4 million).

Real estate expenses from same-store properties slightly increased in the 2014 Quarter, as higher bad debt expense (\$0.3 million) was offset by lower utilities expense (\$0.3 million).



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	As of September 30,		
	2014	2013	
Occupancy			
Same-store	93.2	% 89.8	%
Non-same-store	71.9	% 85.2	%
Total	90.7	% 89.6	%

Same-store occupancy increased to 93.2%, with increases in all segments. The decrease in non-same-store occupancy is primarily due to lower occupancy at 7900 Westpark Drive, which is under redevelopment. During the 2014 Quarter, 57.3% of the commercial square footage expiring was renewed as compared to 75.0% in the 2013 Quarter, excluding properties sold or classified as held for sale. During the 2014 Quarter, we executed leases (excluding leases at properties classified as held for sale) for 263,042 commercial square feet at an average rental rate of \$23.66 per square foot, an increase of 16.1%, with average tenant improvements and leasing commissions and incentives (including free rent) of \$17.03 per square foot.

An analysis of NOI by segment follows.

Office Segment:

	Three Months Ended			
	September 30,		\$ Change	% Change
	2014	2013		
Real Estate Rental Revenue				
Same-store	\$36,917	\$34,903	\$2,014	5.8 %
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	5,711	3,318	2,393	72.1 %
Total real estate rental revenue	\$42,628	\$38,221	\$4,407	11.5 %
Real Estate Expenses				
Same-store	\$13,252	\$13,241	\$11	0.1 %
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	2,814	1,276	1,538	120.5 %
Total real estate expenses	\$16,066	\$14,517	\$1,549	10.7 %
NOI				
Same-store	\$23,665	\$21,662	\$2,003	9.2 %
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	2,897	2,042	855	41.9 %
Total NOI	\$26,562	\$23,704	\$2,858	12.1 %

(1)Non-same-store properties include:

2014 acquisitions – The Army Navy Club Building and 1775 Eye Street, NW

2013 redevelopment property – 7900 Westpark Drive

Real estate rental revenue from same-store properties increased by \$2.0 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to higher occupancy (\$1.7 million) and higher rental rates (\$0.5 million), partially offset by higher rent abatements (\$0.4 million).

Real estate expenses from same-store properties slightly increased in the 2014 Quarter, as higher bad debt expense (\$0.2 million) was offset by lower utilities expense (\$0.2 million).

	As of September 30,		
	2014	2013	
Occupancy			
Same-store	91.8	% 86.6	%
Non-same-store	63.9	% 85.1	%
Total	87.1	% 86.4	%

Same-store occupancy increased to 91.8% primarily due to higher occupancy at 1227 25th Street, 6110 Executive Boulevard and 1901 Pennsylvania Avenue. Non-same-store occupancy decreased to 63.9% primarily due to lower occupancy at 7900 Westpark Drive, which is under redevelopment. During the 2014 Quarter, 57.4% of the square footage that expired was renewed compared to 68.8% in the 2013 Quarter, excluding properties sold or classified as held for sale. During the 2014 Quarter, we executed leases (excluding leases at properties classified as held for sale) for 82,066 square feet of office space at an average rental rate of \$39.79





per square foot, an increase of 23.4%, with average tenant improvements and leasing commissions and incentives (including free rent) of \$48.42 per square foot.

Retail Segment:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		\$ Change	% Change	
	2014	2013			
Real Estate Rental Revenue					
Same-store	\$ 14,825	\$ 13,957	\$ 868	6.2	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	—	33	(33)	(100.0)	)%
Total real estate rental revenue	\$ 14,825	\$ 13,990	\$ 835	6.0	%
Real Estate Expenses					
Same-store	\$ 3,204	\$ 3,203	\$ 1	—	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	—	4	(4)	(100.0)	)%
Total real estate expenses	\$ 3,204	\$ 3,207	\$(3)	(0.1)	)%
NOI					
Same-store	\$ 11,621	\$ 10,754	\$ 867	8.1	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	—	29	(29)	(100.0)	)%
Total NOI	\$ 11,621	\$ 10,783	\$ 838	7.8	%

(1)Non-same-store properties include:

2014 disposition – 5740 Columbia Road (parcel at Gateway Overlook)

Real estate rental revenue increased by \$0.9 million in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to higher occupancy (\$0.4 million), lower provisions for uncollectible revenue (\$0.3 million) and higher rental rates (\$0.1 million).

Real estate expenses slightly increased in the 2014 Quarter, as higher bad debt expense (\$0.1 million) was offset by lower utilities expense (\$0.1 million).

	As of September 30,			
	2014	2013		
Occupancy				
Same-store	94.4	% 91.4		%
Non-same-store	N/A	100.0		%
Total	94.4	% 91.4		%

Same-store occupancy increased to 94.4% primarily due to higher occupancy at Bradlee Shopping Center and Westminster Shopping Center. During the 2014 Quarter, 56.7% of the square footage that expired was renewed compared to 89.8% in the 2013 Quarter. During the 2014 Quarter, we executed leases for 180,976 square feet of retail space at an average rental rate of \$16.34, an increase of 9.0%, with average tenant improvements and leasing commissions and incentives (including free rent) of \$2.79 per square foot.

## Multifamily Segment:

	Three Months Ended		\$ Change	% Change	
	September 30, 2014	2013			
Real Estate Rental Revenue					
Same-store	\$13,618	\$13,617	\$1	—	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	2,342	—	2,342	N/A	
Total real estate rental revenue	\$15,960	\$13,617	\$2,343	17.2	%
Real Estate Expenses					
Same-store	\$5,528	\$5,519	\$9	0.2	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	1,116	—	1,116	N/A	
Total real estate expenses	\$6,644	\$5,519	\$1,125	20.4	%
NOI					
Same-store	\$8,090	\$8,098	\$(8)	(0.1)	)%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	1,226	—	1,226	N/A	
Total NOI	\$9,316	\$8,098	\$1,218	15.0	%

(1)Non-same-store properties include:

2014 Multifamily acquisition – Yale West

2013 Multifamily acquisition – The Paramount

Real estate rental revenue slightly increased in the 2014 Quarter, as higher occupancy (\$0.2 million) was offset by lower rental rates (\$0.1 million).

Real estate expenses slightly increased in the 2014 Quarter primarily due to higher real estate taxes (\$0.1 million).

	As of September 30,			
	2014	2013		
Occupancy				
Same-store	94.5	% 94.1		%
Non-same-store	92.9	% N/A		
Total	94.3	% 94.1		%

Same-store occupancy increased to 94.5% primarily due to higher occupancy at 3801 Connecticut Avenue.

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2014 Period Compared to 2013 Period

The following tables of selected operating data reconcile NOI to net income and provide the basis for our discussion of NOI in the 2014 Period compared to the 2013 Period (in thousands).

	Nine Months Ended		\$ Change	% Change	
	September 30, 2014	2013			
Real Estate Rental Revenue					
Same-store	\$ 193,834	\$ 186,154	\$ 7,680	4.1	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	20,444	10,149	10,295	101.4	%
Total real estate rental revenue	\$ 214,278	\$ 196,303	\$ 17,975	9.2	%
Real Estate Expenses					
Same-store	\$ 68,142	\$ 65,616	\$ 2,526	3.8	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	9,642	3,851	5,791	150.4	%
Total real estate expenses	\$ 77,784	\$ 69,467	\$ 8,317	12.0	%
NOI					
Same-store	\$ 125,692	\$ 120,538	\$ 5,154	4.3	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	10,802	6,298	4,504	71.5	%
Total NOI	\$ 136,494	\$ 126,836	\$ 9,658	7.6	%
Reconciliation to Net Income					
NOI	\$ 136,494	\$ 126,836			
Depreciation and amortization	(71,508	) (63,328	)		
Gain on sale of real estate (classified as continuing operations)	570	—			
General and administrative expenses	(13,780	) (11,717	)		
Interest expense	(44,602	) (47,944	)		
Other income	634	705			
Acquisition costs	(5,047	) (448	)		
Discontinued operations:					
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale <sup>(2)</sup>	546	11,139			
Gain on sale of real estate	105,985	3,195			
Net income	109,292	18,438			
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	17	—			
Net income attributable to the controlling interests	\$ 109,309	\$ 18,438			

(1) Non-same-store properties classified as continuing operations include:

2014 Multifamily acquisition – Yale West

2014 Office acquisitions – The Army Navy Club Building and 1775 Eye Street, NW

2014 Retail disposition – 5740 Columbia Road (parcel at Gateway Overlook)

2013 Multifamily acquisition – The Paramount

2013 Office redevelopment property – 7900 Westpark Drive

(2) Sold properties classified as discontinued operations include:

2014 sold – Woodburn Medical Park I and II and Prosperity Medical Center I, II and III

2013 sold – Atrium Building and Medical Office Portfolio Transactions I and II (see note 3 to the consolidated financial statements)

Real estate rental revenue from same-store properties increased by \$7.7 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to higher occupancy (\$4.4 million), higher rental rates (\$1.6 million), higher reimbursements (\$1.5 million), lower reserves for uncollectible revenue (\$1.2 million) and higher lease termination fees (\$0.4 million), partially offset by

higher rent abatements (\$1.2 million).

Real estate expenses from same-store properties increased by \$2.5 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to higher utilities expenses (\$1.2 million), snow removal expenses (\$0.9 million) and real estate taxes (\$0.5 million).

During the 2014 Period, 62.7% of the commercial square footage expiring was renewed as compared to 72.9% in the 2013 Period, excluding properties sold or classified as held for sale. During the 2014 Period, we executed leases for 641,495 commercial square feet at an average rental rate of \$29.87 per square foot, an increase of 12.4%, with average tenant improvements and leasing commissions and incentives (including free rent) of \$30.33 per square foot.

An analysis of NOI by segment follows.

Office Segment:

	Nine Months Ended September				
	2014	2013	\$ Change	% Change	
Real Estate Rental Revenue					
Same-store	\$109,492	\$103,800	\$5,692	5.5	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	14,076	10,049	4,027	40.1	%
Total real estate rental revenue	\$123,568	\$113,849	\$9,719	8.5	%
Real Estate Expenses					
Same-store	\$40,778	\$38,861	\$1,917	4.9	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	6,801	3,836	2,965	77.3	%
Total real estate expenses	\$47,579	\$42,697	\$4,882	11.4	%
NOI					
Same-store	\$68,714	\$64,939	\$3,775	5.8	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	7,275	6,213	1,062	17.1	%
Total NOI	\$75,989	\$71,152	\$4,837	6.8	%

(1) Non-same-store properties include:

2014 acquisitions – The Army Navy Club Building and 1775 Eye Street, NW

2013 redevelopment property – 7900 Westpark Drive

Real estate rental revenue from same-store properties increased by \$5.7 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to higher occupancy (\$3.5 million), higher rental rates (\$1.4 million), higher reimbursements (\$0.8 million), lower provisions for uncollectible revenue (\$0.5 million) and higher lease termination fees (\$0.4 million), partially offset by higher rent abatements (\$1.0 million).

Real estate expenses from same-store properties increased by \$1.9 million primarily due to higher utilities expenses (\$1.1 million), higher ground rent at 2000 M Street (\$0.2 million), higher custodial expenses (\$0.2 million), higher real estate taxes (\$0.1 million) and higher snow removal expenses (\$0.1 million).

During the 2014 Period, 60.6% of the square footage that expired was renewed compared to 63.7% in the 2013 Period, excluding properties sold or classified as held for sale. During the 2014 Period, we executed leases for 361,640 square feet of office space at an average rental rate of \$36.69 per square foot, an increase of 13.7%, with average tenant improvements and leasing commissions and incentives (including free rent) of \$45.78 per square foot.

## Retail Segment:

	Nine Months Ended September				
	30, 2014	2013	\$ Change	% Change	
Real Estate Rental Revenue					
Same-store	\$44,163	\$42,005	\$2,158	5.1	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	46	100	(54)	(54.0)	)%
Total real estate rental revenue	\$44,209	\$42,105	\$2,104	5.0	%
Real Estate Expenses					
Same-store	\$10,652	\$10,340	\$312	3.0	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	20	15	5	33.3	%
Total real estate expenses	\$10,672	\$10,355	\$317	3.1	%
NOI					
Same-store	\$33,511	\$31,665	\$1,846	5.8	%
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	26	85	(59)	(69.4)	)%
Total NOI	\$33,537	\$31,750	\$1,787	5.6	%

(1)Non-same-store properties include:

2014 disposition – 5740 Columbia Road (parcel at Gateway Overlook)

Real estate rental revenue from same-store properties increased by \$2.2 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to higher occupancy (\$0.7 million), lower provisions for uncollectible revenue (\$0.7 million) and higher reimbursements (\$0.6 million).

Real estate expenses from same-store properties increased by \$0.3 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to higher snow removal expenses (\$0.7 million), partially offset by higher recoveries of bad debt (\$0.4 million).

During the 2014 Period, 80.0% of the square footage that expired was renewed compared to 89.1% in the 2013 Period. During the 2014 Period, we executed leases for 279,855 square feet of retail space at an average rental rate of \$21.22, an increase of 10.0%, with average tenant improvements and leasing commissions and incentives (including free rent) of \$10.37 per square foot.

## Multifamily Segment:

	Nine Months Ended September					
	2014	2013	\$ Change	% Change		
Real Estate Rental Revenue						
Same-store	\$40,179	\$40,349	\$(170)	(0.4)	)%	
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	6,322	—	6,322	N/A		
Total real estate rental revenue	\$46,501	\$40,349	\$6,152	15.2	%	
Real Estate Expenses						
Same-store	\$16,712	\$16,415	\$297	1.8	%	
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	2,821	—	2,821	N/A		
Total real estate expenses	\$19,533	\$16,415	\$3,118	19.0	%	
NOI						
Same-store	\$23,467	\$23,934	\$(467)	(2.0)	)%	
Non-same-store <sup>(1)</sup>	3,501	—	3,501	N/A		
Total NOI	\$26,968	\$23,934	\$3,034	12.7	%	

(1)Non-same-store properties include:

2014 acquisition – Yale West

2013 acquisition – The Paramount

Real estate rental revenue from same-store properties decreased by \$0.2 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to higher rent abatements.

Real estate expenses from same-store properties increased by \$0.3 million in the 2014 Period primarily due to higher real estate taxes.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### Capital Requirements

We expect that we will have significant capital requirements, including the following items. There can be no assurance that our capital requirements will not be materially higher or lower than these expectations.

Funding dividends and distributions to our shareholders;

Through September 30, 2014, we have invested approximately \$50.0 million in our existing portfolio of operating assets, including approximately \$27.0 million to fund tenant-related capital requirements and leasing commissions, and expect to invest an additional \$20.0 - \$25.0 million through the end of the year, including approximately \$10.0 - \$15.0 million to fund tenant-related capital requirements and leasing commissions;

Through September 30, 2014, we have invested \$29.0 million in our development and redevelopment projects, and expect to invest an additional \$15.0 - \$20.0 million through the end of the year; and

Funding for potential property acquisitions throughout the remainder of 2014, offset by proceeds from property dispositions.

### Debt Financing

Our total debt at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Mortgage notes payable	\$413,330	\$294,671
Lines of credit	5,000	—
Notes payable	747,082	846,703
	\$1,165,412	\$1,141,374

### Mortgage Notes Payable

At September 30, 2014, our \$413.3 million in mortgage notes payable, which include \$4.0 million in net unamortized discounts due to fair value adjustments, bore an effective weighted average fair value interest rate of 5.3% and had an estimated weighted average maturity of 3.3 years. We may either assume mortgage debt from time-to-time in conjunction with property acquisitions or initiate mortgage debt on existing properties.

### Lines of Credit

Our primary external sources of liquidity are our two revolving credit facilities. Credit Facility No. 1 is a four-year, \$100.0 million unsecured credit facility maturing in June 2015, and may be extended by one year at our option. Credit Facility No. 2 is a four-year, \$400.0 million unsecured credit facility maturing in July 2016, and may be extended for one year at our option. We had \$5.0 million in borrowings outstanding as of September 30, 2014. Subsequent to the end of the 2014 Quarter, we executed borrowings on our unsecured lines of credit for an additional \$50.0 million for the acquisition of Spring Valley Retail Center and for general corporate purposes.

Our unsecured credit facilities contain financial and other covenants with which we must comply. Failure to comply with any of the covenants under our unsecured credit facilities or other debt instruments could result in a default under one or more of our debt instruments. This could cause our lenders to accelerate the timing of payments and would therefore have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, financial condition and liquidity. In addition, our ability to draw on our unsecured credit facilities or incur other unsecured debt in the future could be restricted by the loan covenants. As of September 30, 2014, we were in compliance with our loan covenants.

### Notes Payable

We generally issue unsecured notes to fund our real estate assets long term. In issuing future unsecured notes, we intend to ladder the maturities of our debt to mitigate exposure to interest rate risk in future years.

Our unsecured notes contain covenants with which we must comply. Failure to comply with any of the covenants under our unsecured notes could result in a default under one or more of our debt instruments. This could cause our debt holders to accelerate the timing of payments and would therefore have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, financial condition and liquidity. As of September 30, 2014, we were in compliance with our unsecured notes covenants.





From time to time, we may seek to repurchase and cancel our outstanding notes through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors.

#### Common Equity

We have authorized for issuance 100.0 million common shares, of which 66.7 million shares were outstanding at September 30, 2014.

We are party to a sales agency financing agreement with BNY Mellon Capital Markets, LLC relating to the issuance and sale of up to \$250.0 million of our common shares from time to time over a period of no more than 36 months from June 2012. Sales of our common shares are made at market prices prevailing at the time of sale. We would use net proceeds from the sale of common shares under this program for general corporate purposes or to fund acquisitions. As of September 30, 2014, we have not issued any common shares under this program.

We have a dividend reinvestment program, whereby shareholders may use their dividends and optional cash payments to purchase common shares. The common shares sold under this program may either be common shares issued by us or common shares purchased in the open market. We did not issue any shares under this program during the 2014 Period.

#### Preferred Equity

Washington REIT's Board of Trustees can, at its discretion, authorize the issuance of up to 10.0 million shares of preferred stock. The ability to issue preferred equity provides Washington REIT an additional financing tool that may be used to raise capital for future acquisitions or other business purposes. As of September 30, 2014, no shares of preferred stock had been issued.

#### Dividends

We currently pay dividends quarterly at a rate of \$0.30 per share. The maintenance of our dividend level is subject to various factors reviewed by the Board of Trustees in its discretion. These factors include our results of operations, the availability of cash to make the necessary dividend payments and the effect of REIT distribution requirements, which require at least 90% of our taxable income to be distributed to shareholders. When setting the dividend level, our Board looks in particular at trends in our level of funds from operations, together with associated recurring capital improvements, tenant improvements, leasing commissions and tenant incentives, and adjustments to straight-line rents to reflect cash rents received.

Our dividend and distribution payments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Change		Nine Months Ended		Change		
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	\$	%	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	\$	%	
Common dividends	\$20,019	\$20,033	\$(14)	(0.1)%	\$60,153	\$60,132	\$21	—	%
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	N/A	3,454	—	3,454	N/A	
	\$20,019	\$20,033	\$(14)	(0.1)%	\$63,607	\$60,132	\$3,475	5.8	%

The \$3.5 million distribution to noncontrolling interests in the 2014 Period is related to the disposition of 4661 Kenmore Avenue as part of the Medical Office Portfolio sale (see note 3 to the consolidated financial statements).

#### Historical Cash Flows

Cash flows from operations are an important factor in our ability to sustain our dividend at its current rate. If our cash flows from operations were to decline significantly from current levels, we may have to reduce our dividend.

Consolidated cash flow information is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended		Change		
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	\$	%	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$62.9	\$93.5	\$(30.6)	(32.7)	%

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Net cash used in investing activities	(36.7	)	(40.5	)	3.8	(9.4	)%	
Net used in financing activities	(148.0	)	(64.2	)	(83.8	)	130.5	%

34

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Cash provided by operating activities decreased primarily due to the loss of income from properties sold as part of the Medical Office Portfolio.

Cash used in investing activities decreased primarily because the higher volume of acquisitions and development spending in the 2014 Period was partially offset by closing on Purchase and Sale Agreements #3 and #4 of the Medical Office Portfolio sale.

Cash used in financing activities increased primarily due to lower borrowings on the unsecured lines of credit.

Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Debt Service Coverage

The following table sets forth our ratios of earnings to fixed charges and debt service coverage for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended September		
	September 30,		30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Earnings to fixed charges	1.20	x 1.10	x 1.03	x 1.07	x
Debt service coverage	2.68	x 2.73	x 2.52	x 2.73	x

We computed the ratio of earnings to fixed charges by dividing earnings by fixed charges. For this purpose, earnings consist of income from continuing operations attributable to the controlling interests plus fixed charges, less capitalized interest. Fixed charges consist of interest expense, including amortized costs of debt issuance, and interest costs capitalized. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation due to the reclassification of certain properties as discontinued operations (see note 3 to the consolidated financial statements).

We computed the debt service coverage ratio by dividing Adjusted EBITDA (which is earnings before interest expense, taxes, depreciation, amortization, real estate impairment, gain on sale of real estate, gain/loss from the extinguishment of debt and gain/loss on non-disposal activities) by interest expense and principal amortization. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA is appropriate for use in our debt service coverage ratio because it provides an estimate of the cash available to pay down long term debt. Adjusted EBITDA does not represent net income calculated in accordance with GAAP. As such, it should not be considered an alternative to net income as an indication of our operating performance. A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income attributable to the controlling interests is in Exhibit 12 – Computation of Ratios.

#### Funds From Operations

FFO is a widely used measure of operating performance for real estate companies. We provide FFO as a supplemental measure to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP. Although FFO is a widely used measure of operating performance for REITs, FFO does not represent net income calculated in accordance with GAAP. As such, it should not be considered an alternative to net income as an indication of our operating performance. In addition, FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP, nor does it represent cash available to pay distributions and should not be considered as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities, determined in accordance with GAAP, as a measure of our liquidity. The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Inc. (“NAREIT”) defines FFO (April, 2002 White Paper) as net income (computed in accordance with GAAP) excluding gains (or losses) from sales of property and impairments of depreciable real estate, if any, plus real estate depreciation and amortization. We consider FFO to be a standard supplemental measure for REITs because it facilitates an understanding of the operating performance of our properties without giving effect to real estate depreciation and amortization, which historically assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have instead historically risen or fallen with market conditions, we believe that FFO more accurately provides investors an indication of our ability to incur and service debt, make capital expenditures and fund other needs. Our FFO may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs. These other REITs may not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or may interpret the current NAREIT definition differently.

The following table provides the calculation of our FFO and a reconciliation of FFO to net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2014	2013	September 30, 2014	2013
Net income attributable to the controlling interests	\$3,668	\$5,840	\$109,309	\$18,438
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and amortization	24,354	21,168	71,508	63,328
Net gain on sale of real estate	—	—	(106,555)	(3,195)
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale	—	(4,131)	(546)	(11,139)
Funds from continuing operations	28,022	22,877	73,716	67,432
Discontinued operations:				
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale	—	4,131	546	11,139
Depreciation and amortization	—	3,215	—	12,161
Funds from discontinued operations	—	7,346	546	23,300
FFO as defined by NAREIT	\$28,022	\$30,223	\$74,262	\$90,732

#### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We base the discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We discuss the most critical estimates in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2014.

#### ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The principal material financial market risk to which we are exposed is interest-rate risk. Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to refinancing long-term fixed rate obligations, the opportunity cost of fixed rate obligations in a falling interest rate environment and our variable rate lines of credit. We primarily enter into debt obligations to support general corporate purposes including acquisition of real estate properties, capital improvements and working capital needs.

As the majority of our outstanding debt is long-term, fixed rate debt, our interest rate risk has not changed significantly from what was disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2014. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Liquidity and Capital Resources – Debt Financing.”

#### ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Securities Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President of Accounting, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President of Accounting, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President of Accounting concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

There have been no changes in Washington REIT's internal control over financial reporting (as defined by Rule 13a-15(f)) that occurred during the period covered by the report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Washington REIT's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS

None.

ITEM 2: UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3: DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4: MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5: OTHER INFORMATION

None.

37

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## ITEM 6: EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Incorporated by Reference			Filing Date	Filed Herewith
		Form	File Number	Exhibit		
10.52*	Separation Agreement and General Release between James B. Cederdahl and Washington Real Estate Investment Trust dated July 2, 2014	8-K	001-06622	10.1	7/7/2014	
10.53*	Separation Agreement and General Release between Thomas L. Regnell and Washington Real Estate Investment Trust dated October 8, 2014	8-K	001-06622	10.1	10/6/2014	
10.54*	Executive Officer Severance Pay Plan, adopted August 4, 2014					X
12	Computation of Ratios					X
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (“the Exchange Act”)					X
31.2	Certification of the Executive Vice President – Accounting and Administration pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act					X
31.3	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act					X
32	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, Executive Vice President – Accounting and Administration and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002					X
101	The following materials from our Quarterly Report on Form 10–Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (“XBRL”): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Shareholders’ Equity, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) notes to these consolidated financial statements					X

\* Management contracts or compensation plans or arrangements in which trustees or executive officers are eligible to participate.



SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

/s/ Paul T. McDermott  
Paul T. McDermott  
President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Laura M. Franklin  
Laura M. Franklin  
Executive Vice President  
Accounting and Administration  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

/s/ William T. Camp  
William T. Camp  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Finance Officer)

DATE: October 30, 2014