PLAINS GP HOLDINGS LP Form 10-Q May 13, 2014 <u>Table of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

OR

0 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number: 1-36132

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P.

2

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

333 Clay Street, Suite 1600, Houston, Texas

(Address of principal executive offices)

77002

90-1005472

(I.R.S. Employer

(Zip Code)

(713) 646-4100

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer x (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes x No

As of May 2, 2014, there were 135,833,637 Class A Shares outstanding.

Accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o

Identification No.)

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

		Page
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
Item 1. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOL		
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets: As of M		3
	ns: For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	4
	nensive Income: For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	5
	n Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income: For the three months ended March 31,	
<u>2014</u>		5
	ws: For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	6
	n Partners Capital / Members' Equity: For the three months ended March 31, 2014	
and 2013		7
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial State	ements:	
	ganization and Basis of Presentation	8
	cent Accounting Pronouncements	9
	counts Receivable	10
	ventory, Linefill and Base Gas and Long-term Inventory	10
<u>5.</u> <u>Go</u>	odwill	11
<u>6.</u> <u>De</u>	<u>bt</u>	11
4. Inv 5. Go 6. De 7. Ne 8. Par 9. Eq	t Income Per Class A Share	12
<u>8.</u> <u>Pa</u>	rtners Capital and Distributions	13
<u>9.</u> <u>Eq</u>	uity-Indexed Compensation Plans	14
	rivatives and Risk Management Activities	15
	mmitments and Contingencies	22
	perating Segments	24
	lated Party Transactions	25
Item 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION ANI	D ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	26
Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE		40
Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES		42
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION		
Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS		43
Item 1A. RISK FACTORS		43
Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY	SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	43
Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURIT		43
Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES		43
Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION		43
Item 6. EXHIBITS		43
SIGNATURES		44

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in millions, except shares)

	М	arch 31, 2014		December 31, 2013		
		(unau	dited)			
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32	\$	43		
Trade accounts receivable and other receivables, net	Ŧ	3.703	-	3.637		
Inventory		914		1,065		
Other current assets		285		220		
Total current assets		4,934		4,965		
		,		,		
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		12,905		12,514		
Accumulated depreciation		(1,732)		(1,673)		
		11,173		10,841		
OTHER ASSETS						
Goodwill		2,485		2,503		
Linefill and base gas		864		798		
Long-term inventory		264		251		
Investments in unconsolidated entities		506		485		
Other, net		1,582		1,610		
Total assets	\$	21,808	\$	21,453		
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS CAPITAL						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,334	\$	3,985		
Short-term debt		879		1,113		
Other current liabilities		343		315		
Total current liabilities		5,556		5,413		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		6711		(710		
Senior notes, net of unamortized discount of \$14 and \$15, respectively		6,711 627		6,710		
Long-term debt under credit facilities and other		627 547		520 531		
Other long-term liabilities and deferred credits		547 7,885		7,761		
Total long-term liabilities		7,005		7,701		

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 11)

PARTNERS CAPITAL		
Class A Shareholders (135,833,637 and 133,833,637 shares outstanding, respectively)	1,051	1,035
Class B Shareholders (470,196,136 and 472,196,136 shares outstanding, respectively)		
Noncontrolling interests	7,316	7,244
Total partners capital	8,367	8,279
Total liabilities and partners capital	\$ 21,808	\$ 21,453

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in millions, except per share data)

	-	Three Mon Marc		
	20	14 (unau)	dited)	2013
REVENUES		(unau	uncu)	
Supply and Logistics segment revenues	\$	11,346	\$	10,224
Transportation segment revenues		181		173
Facilities segment revenues		157		223
Total revenues		11,684		10,620
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Purchases and related costs		10,670		9,437
Field operating costs		336		340
General and administrative expenses		90		106
Depreciation and amortization		96		82
Total costs and expenses		11,192		9,965
OPERATING INCOME		492		655
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE)				
Equity earnings in unconsolidated entities		20		11
Interest expense (net of capitalized interest of \$11 and \$9, respectively)		(81)		(78)
Other expense, net		(2)		
INCOME BEFORE TAX		429		588
Current income tax expense		(36)		(46)
Deferred income tax expense		(21)		(7)
NET INCOME		372		535
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(358)		(534)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO PAGP	\$	14	\$	1
BASIC AND DILUTED NET INCOME PER CLASS A SHARE				
Basic and diluted weighted average Class A shares outstanding		135		
Basic and diluted net income per Class A share	\$	0.11		
-				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in millions)

		Three Months Ended March 31,						
	2014	2014 2013						
		(unau						
Net income	\$	372	\$	535				
Other comprehensive loss		(136)		(45)				
Comprehensive income		236		490				
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(223)		(489)				
Comprehensive income attributable to PAGP	\$	13	\$	1				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN

ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in millions)

	 erivative struments	Translation Adjustments (unaudited)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ (77)	\$ (20)	\$ (97)
Reclassification adjustments	20		20
Deferred loss on cash flow hedges, net of tax	(32)		(32)
Currency translation adjustments		(124)	(124)
Total period activity	(12)	(124)	(136)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$ (89)	\$ (144)	\$ (233)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in millions)

	2014	Three Mor Marc		
	2014	(unau	dited)	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(* 112	,	
Net income \$		372	\$	535
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		96		82
Equity-indexed compensation expense		34		51
Inventory valuation adjustments		37		
Deferred income tax expense		21		7
Other		4		(8)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions		253		311
Net cash provided by operating activities		817		978
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash paid in connection with acquisitions, net of cash acquired				(31)
Additions to property, equipment and other		(468)		(363)
Cash received for sales of linefill and base gas		11		9
Cash paid for purchases of linefill and base gas		(44)		(13)
Investment in unconsolidated entities		(26)		(48)
Proceeds from sales of assets		2		2
Other investing activities		1		
Net cash used in investing activities		(524)		(444)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net repayments under PAA senior secured hedged inventory facility (Note 6)				(335)
Net repayments under PAA senior unsecured revolving credit facility (Note 6)				(72)
Net borrowings under PNG credit agreement				27
Net borrowings under AAP revolving credit facility (Note 6)		5		2
Net repayments under PAA commercial paper program (Note 6)		(128)		
Net proceeds from the issuance of PAA common units (Note 8)		148		128
Contributions from noncontrolling interests related to PAA common unit issuances				2
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interests (Note 8)		(309)		(284)
Distributions paid to Class A shareholders (Note 8)		(17)		
Distributions paid to members				(1)
Other financing activities		(1)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(302)		(533)
Effect of translation adjustment on cash		(2)		
		(11)		1
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(11)		1
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		43	¢	25
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$		32	\$	26
Cash paid for:				
Interest, net of amounts capitalized \$		81	\$	72
Income taxes, net of amounts refunded \$		66	\$	9

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS CAPITAL / MEMBERS EQUITY

(in millions)

	(Exclud	Partners	Capital rolling Interests)					Total
	Cla		ang t toneone	Class	Nonc	ontrolling		artners	
	Shares	А	mount	Shares (unau	Amount dited)	In	terests	C	apital
Balance at December 31, 2013	133.8	\$	1,035	472.2	\$	\$	7,244	\$	8,279
Net income			14				358		372
Distributions			(17)				(309)		(326)
Transfer of ownership interest in									
connection with AAP unit exchanges	2.0		(1)	(2.0)			1		
Deferred tax asset			21						21
Issuance of PAA common units							148		148
Issuance of PAA common units under									
LTIP, net of units tendered by employees									
to satisfy tax withholding obligations							(2)		(2)
Equity-indexed compensation expense							12		12
Distribution equivalent right payments							(1)		(1)
Other comprehensive loss			(1)				(135)		(136)
Balance at March 31, 2014	135.8	\$	1,051	470.2	\$	\$	7,316	\$	8,367

	Members Equity (Excluding Noncontrolli	nø	Noncontrol	ling	Total	
	Interests)	8	Interest (unaudited)	0	Members	Equity
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$		\$	6,968	\$	6,968
Net income		1		534		535
Distributions		(1)		(284)		(285)
Issuance of PAA common units				128		128
Contributions from noncontrolling interests related						
to PAA common unit issuances				3		3
Equity-indexed compensation expense				8		8
Distribution equivalent right payments				(1)		(1)
Other comprehensive loss				(45)		(45)
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$		\$	7,311	\$	7,311

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PLAINS GP HOLDINGS, L.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

Note 1 Organization and Basis of Presentation

Organization

Plains GP Holdings, L.P. (PAGP) is a Delaware limited partnership formed on July 17, 2013 to own an interest in the general partner and incentive distribution rights (IDRs) of Plains All American Pipeline, L.P (PAA), a publicly traded Delaware limited partnership. PAGP has elected to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

We completed our initial public offering (IPO) on October 21, 2013. Immediately prior to our IPO, certain owners of Plains AAP, L.P. (AAP) sold a portion of their interests in AAP to us, resulting in our ownership of AAP units, which represent limited partnership interests in AAP. As of March 31, 2014, we owned 135,833,637 AAP units (representing a 22.4% limited partner interest in AAP). AAP is a Delaware limited partnership that directly owns all of PAA s incentive distribution rights and indirectly owns the 2% general partner interest in PAA. AAP is the sole member of PAA GP LLC (PAA GP), a Delaware limited liability company that directly holds the 2% general partner interest in PAA. Also, through a series of transactions prior to our IPO with our general partner and the owners of Plains All American GP LLC (GP LLC), a Delaware limited liability company formed on May 2, 2001, GP LLC s general partner interest in AAP became a non-economic interest, and we became the owner of a 100% managing member interest in GP LLC. See Basis of Consolidation and Presentation below for the resulting accounting impacts.

GP LLC manages the business and affairs of PAA and AAP. Except for certain matters relating to PAA that require the approval of the limited partners of PAA, and certain matters relating to AAP that require the approval of the limited partners of AAP or of us as the sole member of GP LLC, either pursuant to the governing documents of PAA, AAP or GP LLC, or as may be required by non-waivable provisions of applicable law, GP LLC has full and complete authority, power and discretion to manage and control the business, affairs and property of PAA and AAP, to make all decisions regarding those matters and to perform any and all other acts or activities customary or incident to the management of PAA and AAP s business, including the execution of contracts and management of litigation. GP LLC employs all domestic officers and personnel involved in the operation and management of PAA and AAP. PAA s Canadian officers and personnel are employed by Plains Midstream Canada ULC (PMC).

PAA is a publicly traded master limited partnership that owns and operates midstream energy infrastructure and provides logistics services for crude oil, natural gas liquids (NGL), natural gas and refined products. The term NGL includes ethane and natural gasoline products as well as products commonly referred to as liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) such as propane and butane. When used in this Form 10-Q, NGL refers to all NGL products including LPG. PAA owns an extensive network of pipeline transportation, terminalling, storage, and gathering assets in key crude oil and NGL producing basins and transportation corridors and at major market hubs in the United States and Canada. Our business activities are conducted through three operating segments: (i) Transportation, (ii) Facilities and (iii) Supply and Logistics. See Note 12 for further discussion of our operating segments.

As used in this Form 10-Q and unless the context suggests otherwise (taking into account the fact that PAGP has no operating activities apart from those conducted by PAA and its subsidiaries), the terms PAGP, Partnership, Plains, we, us, our, ours and similar terms refer to P its consolidated subsidiaries.

Definitions

Additional defined terms are used in this Form 10-Q and shall have the meanings indicated below:

AOCI Bcf Btu CAD	= = =	Accumulated other comprehensive income Billion cubic feet British thermal unit Canadian dollar
DERs	=	Distribution equivalent rights
EBITDA	=	Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization
FASB	=	Financial Accounting Standards Board
GAAP	=	Generally accepted accounting principles in the United States
ICE	=	IntercontinentalExchange
IPO	=	Initial public offering

LIDOD		
LIBOR	=	London Interbank Offered Rate
LTIP	=	Long-term incentive plan
Mcf	=	Thousand cubic feet
NGL	=	Natural gas liquids including ethane, natural gasoline products, propane and butane
NYMEX	=	New York Mercantile Exchange
PLA	=	Pipeline loss allowance
PNG	=	PAA Natural Gas Storage, L.P.
SEC	=	Securities and Exchange Commission
USD	=	United States dollar
White Cliffs	=	White Cliffs Pipeline, LLC
WTI	=	West Texas Intermediate

Basis of Consolidation and Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for interim reporting as set forth by the SEC. All adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that in the opinion of management were necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods have been reflected. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications have been made to information from previous years to conform to the current presentation. The condensed consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2013 was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014 should not be taken as indicative of results to be expected for the entire year. These financials include PAGP and all of our wholly owned subsidiaries and those entities that we control. Under GAAP, we consolidate PAA, AAP and GP LLC. Amounts associated with the interests in these entities not owned by us are reflected in our results of operations as net income attributable to noncontrolling interests and in our balance sheet partners capital section as noncontrolling interests.

For periods prior to our IPO, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the financial statements of GP LLC, the predecessor of PAGP, and are based on the historical ownership percentages of GP LLC and AAP. These financial statements, to the extent they relate to periods prior to our IPO, have been prepared from the separate financial records maintained by GP LLC and may not necessarily be indicative of the actual results of operations that might have occurred if PAGP had operated separately during those periods.

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the financial statements issuance date and have been included in the following footnotes where applicable.

Note 2 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Other than as discussed below and in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, no new accounting pronouncements have become effective or have been issued during the three months ended March 31, 2014 that are of significance or potential significance to us.

In March 2013, the FASB issued guidance regarding the release of cumulative translation adjustments into net income when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a business within a foreign entity. This guidance became effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2013. We adopted this guidance on January 1, 2014. Our adoption did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 3 Accounts Receivable

Our accounts receivable are primarily from purchasers and shippers of crude oil and, to a lesser extent, purchasers of NGL and natural gas storage. These purchasers include, but are not limited to refiners, producers, marketing and trading companies and financial institutions that are active in the physical and financial commodity markets. The majority of our accounts receivable relate to our crude oil supply and logistics activities that can generally be described as high volume and low margin activities, in many cases involving exchanges of crude oil volumes.

To mitigate credit risk related to our accounts receivable, we have in place a rigorous credit review process. We closely monitor market conditions in order to make a determination with respect to the amount, if any, of credit to be extended to any given customer and the form and amount of financial performance assurances we require. Such financial assurances are commonly provided to us in the form of standby letters of credit, parental guarantees or advance cash payments. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had received approximately \$105 million and \$117 million, respectively, of advance cash payments from third parties to mitigate credit risk. Furthermore, as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had received approximately \$206 million and \$426 million, respectively, of standby letters of credit to support obligations due from third parties, a portion of which applies to future business. In addition, in an effort to mitigate credit risk, a significant portion of our transactions with counterparties are settled on a net-cash basis. Further, we enter into netting agreements (contractual agreements that allow us to offset receivables and payables with those counterparties against each other on our balance sheet) for a majority of such arrangements.

We review all outstanding accounts receivable balances on a monthly basis and record a reserve for amounts that we expect will not be fully recovered. We do not apply actual balances against the reserve until we have exhausted substantially all collection efforts. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, substantially all of our accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts) were less than 30 days past their scheduled invoice date. Our allowance for doubtful accounts receivable totaled approximately \$4 million and \$5 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Although we consider our allowance for doubtful accounts receivable to be adequate, actual amounts could vary significantly from estimated amounts.

Note 4 Inventory, Linefill and Base Gas and Long-term Inventory

Inventory, linefill and base gas and long-term inventory consisted of the following as of the dates indicated (barrels and natural gas volumes in thousands and carrying value in millions):

	March 31, 2014							Decem	ber 31, 2	er 31, 2013			
	¥7 1	Unit of		rrying		Price/	** *	Unit of		rying		Price/	
T	Volumes	Measure	v	alue	U	nit (1)	Volumes	Measure	v	alue	U	nit (1)	
Inventory													
Crude oil	7,274	barrels	\$	645	\$	88.67	6,951	barrels	\$	540	\$	77.69	
NGL	3,846	barrels		181	\$	47.06	8,061	barrels		352	\$	43.67	
Natural gas	12,660	Mcf		61	\$	4.82	40,505	Mcf		150	\$	3.70	
Other	N/A			27		N/A	N/A			23		N/A	
Inventory subtotal				914						1,065			
Linefill and base gas													
Crude oil	11,031	barrels		681	\$	61.74	10,966	barrels		679	\$	61.92	

NGL	1,431	barrels	61	\$ 42.63	1,341	barrels	62	\$ 46.23
Natural gas	25,612	Mcf	122	\$ 4.76	16,615	Mcf	57	\$ 3.43
Linefill and base gas subtotal			864				798	
Long-term inventory								
Crude oil	2,655	barrels	214	\$ 80.60	2,498	barrels	202	\$ 80.86
NGL	1,210	barrels	50	\$ 41.32	1,161	barrels	49	\$ 42.20
Long-term inventory subtotal			264				251	
Total			\$ 2,042				\$ 2,114	

(1) Price per unit of measure represents a weighted average associated with various grades, qualities and locations. Accordingly, these prices may not coincide with any published benchmarks for such products.

At the end of each reporting period, we assess the carrying value of our inventory and make any adjustments necessary to reduce the carrying value to the applicable net realizable value. We recorded a charge of approximately \$37 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014 related to the writedown of our natural gas inventory that was purchased in conjunction with managing natural gas storage deliverability requirements during the extended period of severe cold weather in the three months ended March 31, 2014. This adjustment is a component of Purchases and related costs in our accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Note 5 Goodwill

The table below reflects our goodwill by segment and changes during the period indicated (in millions):

	Tra	insportation	Facilities	Supply and Logistics	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$	878 \$	\$ 1,162	\$ 463	\$ 2,503
2014 Goodwill Related Activity:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(11)	(5)	(2)	(18)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$	867 \$	\$ 1,157	\$ 461	\$ 2,485

Note 6 Debt

Debt consisted of the following as of the dates indicated (in millions):

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
SHORT-TERM DEBT		
PAA commercial paper notes, bearing a weighted-average interest rate of 0.30% and 0.33%,		
respectively (1) (2)	\$ 876	\$ 1,109
Other	3	4
Total short-term debt	879	1,113
LONG-TERM DEBT		
PAA senior notes, net of unamortized discounts of \$14 and \$15, respectively	\$ 6,711	\$ 6,710
PAA commercial paper notes, bearing a weighted-average interest rate of 0.30% (2)	102	
Credit Facilities and Other:		
AAP term loan, bearing a weighted-average interest rate of 1.9% and 1.9%, respectively	500	500
AAP senior secured revolving credit facility, bearing a weighted-average interest rate of 1.9%		
and 2.2%, respectively	20	15
Other	5	5
Total long-term debt	7,338	7,230
Total debt (1) (3)	\$ 8,217	\$ 8,343

⁽¹⁾ At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we classified \$876 million and \$1.1 billion, respectively, of borrowings under the PAA commercial paper program as short-term. These borrowings are primarily designated as working capital borrowings, must be repaid within one year and are primarily for hedged NGL and crude oil inventory and NYMEX and ICE margin deposits.

⁽²⁾ PAA commercial paper notes are backstopped by the PAA senior unsecured revolving credit facility and the PAA senior secured hedged inventory facility, which mature in August 2018 and August 2016, respectively; as such, any borrowings under the PAA commercial paper program reduce the available capacity under these facilities. Although the PAA commercial paper notes generally have maturities of less than one year, we classified \$102 million of such notes as long-term based on the ability and intent to refinance them on a

long-term basis.

(3) PAA s fixed-rate senior notes had a face value of approximately \$6.7 billion at both March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. We estimated the aggregate fair value of these notes as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 to be approximately \$7.3 billion and \$7.2 billion, respectively. PAA s fixed-rate senior notes are traded among institutions, and these trades are routinely published by a reporting service. Our determination of fair value is based on reported trading activity near quarter end. We estimate that the carrying value of outstanding borrowings under credit facilities and agreements and commercial paper program approximates fair value as interest rates reflect current market rates. The fair value estimates for both the senior notes and credit facilities are based upon observable market data and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Borrowings and Repayments

Total borrowings under credit agreements and the commercial paper program for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were approximately \$19.2 billion and \$3.2 billion, respectively. Total repayments under credit agreements and the commercial paper program were approximately \$19.3 billion and \$3.6 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The variance in total gross borrowings and repayments is impacted by various business and financial factors including, but not limited to, the timing, average term and method of general partnership borrowing activities.

Letters of Credit

In connection with our supply and logistics activities, we provide certain suppliers with irrevocable standby letters of credit to secure our obligation for the purchase of crude oil, NGL and natural gas. Additionally, we issue letters of credit to support insurance programs and construction activities. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 we had outstanding letters of credit of approximately \$70 million and \$41 million, respectively.

PAA Senior Notes Issuance

In April 2014, PAA completed the issuance of \$700 million, 4.70% senior notes due 2044 at a public offering price of 99.734%. Interest payments are due on June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing on December 15, 2014. In anticipation of the issuance of these senior notes, PAA entered into \$250 million notional principal amount of U.S. treasury locks in March and April 2014 to hedge the treasury rate portion of the interest rate on a portion of the notes. See Note 10 for additional disclosure.

Note 7 Net Income Per Class A Share

Basic net income per Class A share is determined by dividing net income attributable to PAGP by the weighted average number of outstanding Class A shares during the period. Class B shares do not share in the earnings of the Partnership. Accordingly, basic and diluted net income per Class B share has not been presented.

Diluted net income per Class A share is determined by dividing net income attributable to PAGP by the weighted average number of outstanding diluted Class A shares during the period. For the purposes of the calculation of diluted net income per Class A share, both the net income attributable to PAGP and the weighted average number of outstanding diluted Class A shares consider the impact of possible future exchanges of (i) AAP units and the associated Class B shares into our Class A shares and (ii) certain AAP Management Units into our Class A shares. In addition, the calculation of the weighted average number of outstanding diluted Class A shares considers the effect of potentially dilutive awards under the Plains GP Holdings, L.P. Long-Term Incentive Plan (the PAGP LTIP).

AAP Management Units are considered potentially dilutive unless (i) vesting occurs only upon the satisfaction of a performance condition and (ii) that performance condition has yet to be satisfied. Conversions of AAP units and AAP Management Units are assumed to have occurred at the beginning of the period and the incremental income attributable to PAGP resulting from the assumed conversions is representative of the incremental income that would have been attributable to PAGP if the assumed conversions occurred on that date. Our PAGP LTIP awards that contemplate the issuance of Class A Shares are considered dilutive unless (i) vesting occurs only upon the satisfaction of a performance condition and (ii) that performance condition has yet to be satisfied. PAGP LTIP awards that are deemed to be dilutive are reduced by a hypothetical share repurchase based on the remaining unamortized fair value, as prescribed by the treasury stock method in guidance issued by the FASB. All outstanding PAGP LTIP awards as of March 31, 2014 are dilutive.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the possible conversion of any AAP units and certain AAP Management Units would have had an antidilutive effect on net income per Class A share. For the same period, our PAGP LTIP awards are dilutive; however, there are less than 0.1 million dilutive LTIP awards, which amount is not large enough to change the presentation of weighted average shares outstanding or net income per Class A share. The following table illustrates the calculation of basic net income per Class A share and diluted net income per Class A share for the three months ended March 31, 2014 (amounts in millions, except per share data):

	 Months Ended ch 31, 2014
Basic and Diluted Net Income per Class A Share	
Net income attributable to PAGP	\$ 14
Basic and diluted weighted average number of Class A shares outstanding	135
Basic and diluted net income per Class A share	\$ 0.11

Note 8 Partners Capital and Distributions

Distributions

The following table details the distributions paid to Class A shareholders during or pertaining to the first three months of 2014 (in millions, except per share amounts):

		Distributions Paid to		Distributions per
Date Declared	Date Paid or To Be Paid	Class A Shareholders		Class A Share (2)
April 7, 2014	May 15, 2014 (1)	\$	23	\$ 0.17055
January 9, 2014	February 14, 2014	\$	17	\$ 0.12505

(1) Payable to shareholders of record at the close of business on May 2, 2014, for the period January 1, 2014 through March 31, 2014.

(2) The distribution per Class A share paid on February 14, 2014 was prorated for the partial quarter following the closing of our IPO on October 21, 2013.

Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries

As of March 31, 2014, noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries consisted of the following: (i) a 98% limited partner interest in PAA, (ii) an approximate 78% limited partner interest in AAP that consists of Class A units and AAP Management Units (a profits interest) and (iii) a 25% interest in SLC Pipeline LLC.

Distributions

The following table details the distributions PAA paid during or pertaining to the first three months of 2014, net of incentive distribution reductions (in millions, except per unit amounts):

			Distributions Paid									ributions
		Co	mmon	AAP						per limited		
Date Declared	Date Paid or To Be Paid	Units		Incentive			2%		Total		partner unit	
April 7, 2014	May 15, 2014 (1)	\$	229	\$	110	\$		5	\$	344	\$	0.6300

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January 9, 2014	February 14, 2014	\$	221	\$	102	\$	5	\$	328	\$	0.6150

(1) Payable to unitholders of record at the close of business on May 2, 2014, for the period January 1, 2014 through March 31, 2014.

On February 14, 2014, AAP distributed approximately \$104 million of the distributions received from PAA, net of cash reserves of approximately \$3 million, to its partners. The distribution was prorated as of the date of the consummation of our IPO, such that the owners of AAP prior to our IPO received the portion of the distribution attributable to the period of the fourth quarter of 2013 prior to our IPO, and the owners of AAP at the date of record of January 31, 2014, including us, received the portion of the distribution attributable to the period beginning on the date of our IPO through the end of the fourth quarter of 2013. Of the \$104 million distributed by AAP, approximately \$87 million was paid to noncontrolling interests.

On May 15, 2014, AAP will distribute approximately \$111 million of the distributions it receives from PAA, net of cash reserves of approximately \$4 million, to its partners as of the date of record of May 2, 2014. Of the \$111 million to be distributed by AAP, approximately \$88 million will be paid to noncontrolling interests.

Additionally, during the three months ended March 31, 2014, distributions of approximately \$1 million were paid to noncontrolling interests in SLC Pipeline.

PAA Continuous Offering Program

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, PAA sold an aggregate of approximately 2.8 million common units under its continuous offering program, generating proceeds of approximately \$148 million, net of offering costs.

Note 9 Equity-Indexed Compensation Plans

We refer to the PAGP LTIP, PAA LTIPs and AAP Management Units collectively as our Equity-indexed compensation plans. For additional discussion of our equity-indexed compensation plans and awards, see Note 15 to our Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part IV of our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In connection with our IPO in October 2013, our general partner adopted the PAGP LTIP, which is intended to align the interests of employees and directors with those of our shareholders by providing such employees and directors incentive compensation awards that reward achievement of targeted distribution levels and other business objectives. The PAGP LTIP provides for awards of options, restricted shares, phantom shares and share appreciation rights. Certain awards may also include distribution equivalent rights (DERs), which, subject to applicable vesting criteria, entitle the grantee to a cash payment equal to the cash distribution paid on an outstanding Class A share. The PAGP LTIP authorizes the issuance of up to 10 million Class A shares deliverable upon vesting. In February 2014, an aggregate of 83,200 phantom Class A shares were issued to our directors, resulting in expense of less than \$1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. These awards will vest annually in 25% increments and have an automatic re-grant feature such that as they vest, an equivalent amount is granted.

Equity-indexed compensation activity for PAA and PAGP LTIP awards is summarized in the following table (units in millions):

	PAA Units (1)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value per Share			
Outstanding, December 31, 2013	8.4	\$ 36.97		\$	•
Granted	0.6	\$ 45.02	0.1	\$	27.84
Vested (2)	(0.1)	\$ 34.78		\$	
Cancelled or forfeited	(0.1)	\$ 38.07		\$	
Outstanding, March 31, 2014	8.8	\$ 37.55	0.1	\$	27.84

(1)

Amounts do not include AAP Management Units.

(2) Approximately 0.1 million PAA common units were issued net of tax withholding of less than 0.1 million units during the three months ended March 31, 2014 in connection with the settlement of vested awards. The remaining PAA awards that vested during the three months ended March 31, 2014 (less than 0.1 million units) were settled in cash.

AAP Management Units

The following table contains a summary of AAP Management Units (in millions):

	Reserved for Future Grants	Outstanding	Outstanding Units Earned	Grant Date Fair Value Of Outstanding AAP Management Units (1)
Balance as of December 31, 2013	3.5	48.6	47.0	\$ 51
Granted	(0.4)	0.4		11
Earned	N/A	N/A	0.3	N/A
Balance as of March 31, 2014	3.1	49.0	47.3	\$ 62

(1) Of the grant date fair value, approximately \$1 million was recognized as expense during the three months ended March 31, 2014. Of the \$62 million grant date fair value, approximately \$50 million had been recognized through March 31, 2014.

Other Equity-Indexed Compensation Information

The table below summarizes the expense recognized and the value of vesting (settled both in PAA common units and cash) related to our equity-indexed compensation plans and includes both liability-classified and equity-classified awards (in millions):

		Three Months Ended March 31,						
	2014	2014 2013						
Equity-indexed compensation expense	\$	34	\$		51			
LTIP unit-settled vestings	\$	5	\$					
LTIP cash-settled vestings	\$	1	\$					
DER cash payments	\$	2	\$		2			

Note 10 Derivatives and Risk Management Activities

We identify the risks that underlie our core business activities and use risk management strategies to mitigate those risks when we determine that there is value in doing so. Our policy is to use derivative instruments for risk management purposes and not for the purpose of speculating on hydrocarbon commodity (referred to herein as commodity) price changes. We use various derivative instruments to (i) manage our exposure to commodity price risk as well as to optimize our profits, (ii) manage our exposure to interest rate risk and (iii) manage our exposure to currency exchange rate risk. Our commodity risk management policies and procedures are designed to help ensure that our hedging activities address our risks by monitoring our derivative positions, as well as physical volumes, grades, locations, delivery schedules and storage capacity. Our interest rate and currency exchange rate risk management policies and procedures are designed to monitor our derivative positions and ensure that those positions are consistent with our objectives and approved strategies. When we apply hedge accounting, our policy is to formally document all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as our risk management objectives for undertaking the hedge. This process includes specific identification of the hedging instrument and the hedged transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the hedging instrument s effectiveness will be assessed. Both at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, we assess whether the derivatives used in a transaction are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows or the fair value of hedged items.

Commodity Price Risk Hedging

Our core business activities involve certain commodity price-related risks that we manage in various ways, including through the use of derivative instruments. Our policy is to (i) only purchase inventory for which we have a market, (ii) structure our sales contracts so that price fluctuations do not materially affect our operating income and (iii) not acquire and hold physical inventory or derivatives for the purpose of speculating on commodity price changes. The material commodity-related risks inherent in our business activities can be divided into the following general categories:

Commodity Purchases and Sales In the normal course of our operations, we purchase and sell commodities. We use derivatives to manage the associated risks and to optimize profits. As of March 31, 2014, net derivative positions related to these activities included:

• An average of 272,000 barrels per day net long position (total of 8.2 million barrels) associated with our crude oil purchases, which was unwound ratably during April 2014 to match monthly average pricing.

• A net short spread position averaging approximately 24,700 barrels per day (total of 9.8 million barrels), which hedges a portion of our anticipated crude oil lease gathering purchases through May 2015. These derivatives are time spreads consisting of offsetting purchases and sales between two different months. Our use of these derivatives does not expose us to outright price risk.

• An average of 2,900 barrels per day (total of 1.1 million barrels) of butane/WTI spread positions, which hedge specific butane sales contracts that are priced as a percentage of WTI through March 2015.

• An average of 19,000 barrels per day (total of 1.2 million barrels) of Brent/WTI spread positions, which hedge purchases based on WTI derived indices and sales based on Brent derived indices through June 2014.

• A long position of approximately 2.1 Bcf through April 2016 related to anticipated base gas requirements.

• A short position of approximately 12.6 Bcf through July 2014 related to anticipated sales of natural gas inventory.

Table of Contents

• A net short position of approximately 5.0 million barrels through March 2015 related to the anticipated sales of our crude oil, NGL and refined products inventory.

Storage Capacity Utilization We own a significant amount of crude oil, NGL and refined products storage capacity other than that used in our transportation operations. This storage may be leased to third parties or utilized in our own supply and logistics activities, including for the storage of inventory in a contango market. For capacity allocated to our supply and logistics operations, we have utilization risk in a backwardated market structure. As of March 31, 2014, we used derivatives to manage the risk of not utilizing approximately 0.5 million barrels of storage capacity through June 2014. These positions involve no outright price exposure, but instead enable us to profitably use the capacity to store hedged crude oil.

Pipeline Loss Allowance Oil As is common in the pipeline transportation industry, our tariffs incorporate a loss allowance factor that is intended to offset losses due to evaporation, measurement and other losses in transit. We utilize derivative instruments to hedge a portion of the anticipated sales of the allowance oil that is to be collected under our tariffs. As of March 31, 2014, our PLA hedges included a net short position for an average of approximately 1,800 barrels per day (total of 1.1 million barrels) through December 2015 and a long call option position of approximately 0.4 million barrels through December 2015.

Natural Gas Processing/NGL Fractionation As part of our supply and logistics activities, we purchase natural gas for processing and NGL mix for fractionation, and we sell the resulting individual specification products (including ethane, propane, butane and condensate). In conjunction with these activities, we hedge the price risk associated with the purchase of the natural gas and the subsequent sale of the individual specification products. As of March 31, 2014, we had a long natural gas position of approximately 21.8 Bcf through December 2015, a short propane position of approximately 3.8 million barrels through December 2015, a short butane position of approximately 1.2 million barrels through December 2015 and a short WTI position of approximately 0.4 million barrels through December 2015. In addition, we had a long power position of 0.7 million megawatt hours which hedges a portion of our power supply requirements at our natural gas processing and fractionation plants through December 2016.

All of our commodity derivatives that qualify for hedge accounting are designated as cash flow hedges. We have determined that substantially all of our physical purchase and sale agreements qualify for the normal purchase normal sale scope exception. Physical commodity contracts that meet the definition of a derivative but are ineligible, or not designated, for the normal purchase normal sale scope exception are recorded on the balance sheet at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized in earnings.

Interest Rate Risk Hedging

We use interest rate derivatives to hedge interest rate risk associated with anticipated debt issuances and outstanding debt instruments. The derivative instruments we use to manage this risk consist primarily of interest rate swaps and treasury locks. As of March 31, 2014, AOCI includes deferred losses of approximately \$83 million that relate to open and terminated interest rate derivatives that were designated for hedge accounting. The terminated interest rate derivatives were cash-settled in connection with the issuance or refinancing of debt agreements. The deferred loss related to these instruments is being amortized to interest expense over the terms of the hedged debt instruments.

PAA has entered into forward starting interest rate swaps to hedge the underlying benchmark interest rate related to forecasted debt issuances through 2015. The following table summarizes the terms of these forward starting interest rate swaps as of March 31, 2014 (notional amounts in millions):

Hedged Transaction	Number and Types of Derivatives Employed	Notional Amount	Expected Termination Date	Average Rate Locked	Accounting Treatment
Anticipated debt offering	10 forward starting swaps (30-year)	\$ 250	6/15/2015	3.60%	Cash flow hedge

In anticipation of PAA s April 2014 issuance of senior notes, PAA entered into four treasury lock agreements in March 2014 for a combined notional amount of \$200 million at a locked in rate of 3.64%. In addition, PAA entered into a treasury lock agreement in April 2014 for a notional amount of \$50 million. The treasury locks were designated as cash flow hedges, thus changes in fair value are deferred in AOCI. In connection with PAA s April 2014 senior notes issuance, these treasury locks were terminated prior to maturity for an aggregate cash payment of approximately \$7 million. The effective portion of the treasury locks will be deferred in AOCI and amortized to interest expense over the life of the senior notes.

Currency Exchange Rate Risk Hedging

Because a significant portion of our Canadian business is conducted in CAD and, at times, a portion of our debt is denominated in CAD, we use foreign currency derivatives to minimize the risks of unfavorable changes in exchange rates. These instruments include foreign currency exchange contracts and forwards.

As of March 31, 2014, our outstanding foreign currency derivatives include derivatives we use to (i) hedge currency exchange risk associated with USD-denominated commodity purchases and sales in Canada and (ii) hedge currency exchange risk created by the use of USD-denominated commodity derivatives to hedge commodity price risk associated with CAD-denominated commodity purchases and sales.

The following table summarizes our open forward exchange contracts as of March 31, 2014 (in millions):

		USD	CAD	Average Exchange Rate USD to CAD
Forward exchange contracts that exchange CAD for USD:				
	2014	\$ 265	\$ 293	\$1.00 - \$1.11
	2015	9	10	\$1.00 - \$1.11
		\$ 274	\$ 303	\$1.00 - \$1.11
Forward exchange contracts that exchange USD for CAD:				
	2014	\$ 265	\$ 291	\$1.00 - \$1.10
	2015	9	9	\$1.00 - \$1.06
		\$ 274	\$ 300	\$1.00 - \$1.10
Net position by currency:				
	2014	\$	\$ 2	
	2015		1	
		\$	\$ 3	



Summary of Financial Impact

We record all open derivatives on the balance sheet as either assets or liabilities measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met. For derivatives that qualify as cash flow hedges, changes in fair value of the effective portion of the hedges are deferred in AOCI and recognized in earnings in the periods during which the underlying physical transactions are recognized in earnings. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting and the portion of cash flow hedges that are not highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged items are recognized in earnings each period. Cash settlements associated with our derivative activities are reflected as cash flows from operating activities in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

A summary of the impact of our derivative activities recognized in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 Derivatives in Hedging Relationships							De	Three rivatives in Relation	00	ed Mar	13		
	recla fr AOC	/(loss) ssified om CI into	Other gain/(loss) recognized	N Desig as	atives ot nated a			recl f AO	in/(loss) assified from CI into	Other gain/(loss) recognized	N Desig a	vatives lot gnated s a		
Location of gain/(loss) Commodity Derivatives	inc	ome	in income	Не	dge	1	otal	inc	ome (1)	in income	He	edge	Т	otal
Supply and Logistics segment revenues	\$	(19)	\$	\$		\$	(19)	\$	10	\$	\$	35	\$	45
Facilities segment revenues									(4)					(4)
Field operating costs					(1)		(1)					1		1
Interest Rate Derivatives														
Interest expense		(1)					(1)		(2)					(2)
Foreign Currency Derivatives														
Supply and Logistics segment revenues					(9)		(9)							
Other expense, net									1					1
Total Gain/(Loss) on Derivatives Recognized in Net Income	\$	(20)	\$	\$	(10)	\$	(30)	\$	5	\$	\$	36	\$	41

⁽¹⁾ During the three months ended March 31, 2013, we reclassified a gain of approximately \$2 million from AOCI to Supply and Logistics segment revenues as a result of anticipated hedged transactions that are probable of not occurring. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, all of our hedged transactions were probable of occurring.

Table of Contents

The following table summarizes the derivative assets and liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheet on a gross basis as of March 31, 2014 (in millions):

	Asset Deriva Balance Sheet	atives		Liability De Balance Sheet	rivatives			
	Location	Fa	ir Value	Location	Fair	Fair Value		
Derivatives designated as hedging								
instruments:								
Commodity derivatives	Other current assets	\$	56	Other current assets	\$	(10)		
	Other long-term assets		4	Other long-term assets		(1)		
Interest rate derivatives	Other long-term assets		8	Other current liabilities		(1)		
				Other long-term				
				liabilities		(1)		
Total derivatives designated as hedging								
instruments		\$	68		\$	(13)		
Derivatives not designated as hedging								
instruments:								
Commodity derivatives	Other current assets	\$	71	Other current assets	\$	(64)		
	Other long-term assets		1	Other long-term assets		(1)		
	Other current							
	liabilities		1	Other current liabilities		(1)		
				Other long-term				
				liabilities		(1)		
Foreign currency derivatives				Other current liabilities		(3)		
Total derivatives not designated as								
hedging instruments		\$	73		\$	(70)		
						, ,		
Total derivatives		\$	141		\$	(83)		

The following table summarizes the derivative assets and liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheet on a gross basis as of December 31, 2013 (in millions):

	Asset Deriv: Balance Sheet	atives		Liability De Balance Sheet	erivatives	5		
	Location	Fai	r Value	Location	Fair	Value		
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:								
Commodity derivatives	Other current assets	\$	36	Other current assets	\$	(24)		
	Other long-term assets		5					
Interest rate derivatives	Other long-term assets		26					
Total derivatives designated as hedging								
instruments		\$	67		\$	(24)		
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:								
Commodity derivatives	Other current assets	\$	60	Other current assets	\$	(117)		
	Other long-term assets		5	Other long-term assets		(6)		
	Other current liabilities		1	Other current liabilities		(5) (1)		

	Other liabili	long-term ties	
Foreign currency derivatives	Other	current liabilities	(4)
Total derivatives not designated as			
hedging instruments	\$ 66	\$	(133)
Total derivatives	\$ 133	\$	(157)

Our derivative transactions are governed through ISDA (International Swaps and Derivatives Association) master agreements and clearing brokerage agreements. These agreements include stipulations regarding the right of set off in the event that we or our counterparty default on our performance obligations. If a default were to occur, both parties have the right to net amounts payable and receivable into a single net settlement between parties.

Our accounting policy is to offset derivative assets and liabilities executed with the same counterparty when a master netting arrangement exists. Accordingly, we also offset derivative assets and liabilities with amounts associated with cash margin. Our exchange-traded derivatives are transacted through clearing brokerage accounts and are subject to margin requirements as established by the respective exchange. On a daily basis, our account equity (consisting of the sum of our cash balance and the fair value of our open derivatives) is compared to our initial margin requirement resulting in the payment or return of variation margin. As of March 31, 2014, we had a net broker receivable of approximately \$43 million (consisting of initial margin of \$65 million reduced by \$22 million of variation margin that had been returned to us). As of December 31, 2013, we had a net broker receivable of approximately \$161 million (consisting of initial margin of \$85 million increased by \$76 million of variation margin that had been posted by us).

The following tables present information about derivatives and financial assets and liabilities that are subject to offsetting, including enforceable master netting arrangements at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in millions):

	-	March 31 Derivative set Positions	, 2014 Derivative Liability Positions			December Derivative Asset Positions	r 31, 2013 Derivative Liability Positions		
Netting Adjustments:									
Gross position - asset/(liability)	\$	141	\$	(83)	\$	133	\$	(157)	
Netting adjustment		(77)		77		(148)		148	
Cash collateral paid/(received)		43				161			
Net position - asset/(liability)	\$	107	\$	(6)	\$	146	\$	(9)	
Balance Sheet Location After Netting Adjustments:									
Other current assets	\$	96	\$		\$	116	\$		
Other long-term assets		11				30			
Other current liabilities				(4)				(8)	
Other long-term liabilities				(2)				(1)	
	\$	107	\$	(6)	\$	146	\$	(9)	

As of March 31, 2014, there was a net loss of approximately \$89 million deferred in AOCI including tax effects. The deferred net loss recorded in AOCI is expected to be reclassified to future earnings contemporaneously with (i) the earnings recognition of the underlying hedged commodity transaction or (ii) interest expense accruals associated with underlying debt instruments. Of the total net loss deferred in AOCI at March 31, 2014, we expect to reclassify a net gain of approximately \$1 million to earnings in the next twelve months. The remaining deferred loss of approximately \$90 million is expected to be reclassified to earnings through 2045. A portion of these amounts are based on market prices as of March 31, 2014; thus, actual amounts to be reclassified will differ and could vary materially as a result of changes in market conditions.

The net deferred gain/(loss), including tax effects, recognized in AOCI for derivatives for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows (in millions):

		Three Mon Marc	ed	
	2014	L .	2013	
Commodity derivatives, net	\$	(12)	\$	3
Interest rate derivatives, net		(20)		20
Total	\$	(32)	\$	23

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, none of our outstanding derivatives contained credit-risk related contingent features that would result in a material adverse impact to us upon any change in our credit ratings. Although we may be required to post margin on our cleared derivatives as described above, we do not require our non-cleared derivative counterparties to post collateral with us.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

Derivative Financial Assets and Liabilities

The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy our financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in millions):

		Fair Value as of March 31, 2014								Fair Value as of December 31, 2013						
Recurring Fair Value Measures (1)	Le	vel 1	Lev	el 2	Lev	vel 3	Т	otal	Le	vel 1	Le	evel 2	Le	vel 3	Т	`otal
Commodity derivatives	\$	46	\$	8	\$	1	\$	55	\$	16	\$	(59)	\$	(3)	\$	(46)
Interest rate derivatives				6				6				26				26
Foreign currency derivatives				(3)				(3)				(4)				(4)
Total net derivative asset/(liability)	\$															