FRANKLIN FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP /PA/ Form 10-Q November 09, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2011,

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 0-12126

FRANKLIN FINANCIAL SERVICES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA 25-1440803 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

20 SOUTH MAIN STREET (P.O. BOX 6010), CHAMBERSBURG, PA 17201-0819 (Address of principal executive offices)

717/264-6116

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act) Yes." No x

There were 4,002,446 outstanding shares of the Registrant's common stock as of October 31, 2011.

INDEX

Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1 - Financial Statements	3
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (unaudited)	3
Consolidated Statements of Income for the Three and Nine Months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (unaudited)	4
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the Nine Months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (unaudited)	6
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (unaudited)	7
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	8
Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	28
Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	54
Item 4 – Controls and Procedures	54
Part II - OTHER INFORMATION	
	55
Item 1A – Risk Factors	55
Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	55
Item 3 – Defaults upon Senior Securities	55
Item 4 – Removed and Reserved	55
Item 5 – Other Information	55
Item 6 – Exhibits	55
SIGNATURE PAGE	57
EXHIBITS	
2	

Part I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	September 30 2011	December 31 2010
Assets		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 23,334	\$ 11,528
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks	12,067	10,578
Total cash and cash equivalents	35,401	22,106
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value	131,588	117,616
Restricted stock	5,285	6,159
Loans	766,606	748,642
Allowance for loan losses	(9,195)	(8,801)
Net Loans	757,411	739,841
Premises and equipment, net	16,211	16,592
Bank owned life insurance	20,099	19,591
Goodwill	9,016	9,016
Other intangible assets	1,669	2,004
Other assets	20,261	18,964
Total assets	\$ 996,941	\$ 951,889
Liabilities Deposits		
Demand (non-interest bearing)	\$ 105,596	\$ 90,317
Savings and interest checking	478,795	441,819
Time	204,955	202,195
Total Deposits	789,346	734,331
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	63,216	51,164
Long-term debt	48,892	70,885
Other liabilities	9,011	12,870
Total liabilities	910,465	869,250
Shareholders' equity Common stock \$1 par value per share, 15,000,000 shares authorized with 4,395,020		
shares issued and 3,998,846 shares outstanding at September 30, 2011 and 4,317,058		
shares issued and 3,919,108 shares outstanding at December 31, 2010	4,395	4,317
Capital stock without par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized with no shares issued or outstanding	-	- -
Additional paid-in capital	34,367	33,096
Retained earnings	59,458	57,984
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,660	(5,642)
Treasury stock, 396,174 shares and 397,950 shares at cost at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively	(7,084)	(7,116)

Total shareholders' equity	86,476	82,639
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 996,941	\$ 951,889

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income (Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	_	ree Mo otembe	er 30		Sej	ne Motemb	er 30	ed
	2011		2010	•	2011		2010	
Interest income								
Loans, including fees	\$ 9,413	\$	9,838		\$ 28,241		\$ 29,080	
Interest and dividends on investments:								
Taxable interest	603		739		1,821		2,368	
Tax exempt interest	353		385		1,027		1,253	
Dividend income	17		12		67		39	
Deposits and obligations of other banks	17		10		43		26	
Total interest income	10,403		10,984		31,199		32,766	
Interest expense								
Deposits	1,725		2,048		5,153		6,611	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	40		38		113		116	
Short-term borrowings	-		-		1		-	
Long-term debt	522		980		1,837		2,930	
Total interest expense	2,287		3,066		7,104		9,657	
Net interest income	8,116		7,918		24,095		23,109	
Provision for loan losses	2,775		625		5,442		1,875	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	5,341		7,293		18,653		21,234	
Noninterest income								
Investment and trust services fees	953		884		2,943		2,908	
Loan service charges	197		288		909		757	
Mortgage banking activities	(53)	(55)	(88))	25	
Deposit service charges and fees	518		622		1,652		1,793	
Other service charges and fees	422		353		1,167		1,029	
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	168		172		508		503	
Other	70		18		176		90	
OTTI losses on securities	-		(318)	(271)	(1,007)
Loss recognized in other comprehensive income (before								
taxes)	-		-		(216)	(434)
Net OTTI losses recognized in earnings	-		(318)	(55)	(573)
Securities gains (losses), net	138		(56)	150		212	
Total noninterest income	2,413		1,908		7,362		6,744	
Noninterest Expense								
Salaries and benefits	3,796		3,384		11,392		10,147	
Net occupancy expense	495		478		1,523		1,498	
Furniture and equipment expense	194		196		631		578	
Advertising	356		368		1,000		951	

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Legal and professional fees	287	418	801	1,163
Data processing	339	370	1,208	1,249
Pennsylvania bank shares tax	173	151	510	459
Intangible amortization	112	114	335	343
FDIC insurance	256	302	822	882
Other	988	854	3,228	2,550
Total noninterest expense	6,996	6,635	21,450	19,820
Income before federal income taxes	758	2,566	4,565	8,158
Federal income tax (benefit) expense	(301) 763	(102) 2,221
Net income	\$ 1,059	\$ 1,803	\$ 4,667	\$ 5,937
Per share				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.46	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.53
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.46	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.53
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.81

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

The components of comprehensive income and related tax effects are as follows:

	For the		e Months					
		Ende					Ionths End	ed
(Dollars in thousands)		otemb	er 30			pteml	ber 30	
	2011		2010		2011		2010	
Net Income	\$ 1,059		\$ 1,803		\$ 4,667		\$ 5,937	
Securities:								
Unrealized gains arising during the period	1,000		71		1,683		815	
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses included in								
net income	(138)	374		(95)	361	
Net unrealized gains	862		445		1,588		1,176	
Tax effect	(293)	(151)	(540)	(400)
Net of tax amount	569		294		1,048		776	
Derivatives:								
Unrealized losses arising during the period	(525)	(449)	(639)	(1,464)
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net								
income	186		181		541		536	
Net unrealized losses	(339)	(268)	(98)	(928)
Tax effect	115		91		32		315	
Net of tax amount	(224)	(177)	(66)	(613)
Pension:								
Change in plan assets and benefit obligations	-		-		-		(191)
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net								
income	-		-		-		-	
Net unrealized losses	-		-		-		(191)
Tax effect	-		-		-		65	
Net of tax amount	-		-		-		(126)
Total other comprehensive income	345		117		982		37	
Total Comprehensive Income	\$ 1,404		\$ 1,920		\$ 5,649		\$ 5,974	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per	C	Common	dditional Paid-in	F	Retained		cumulate Other nprehensi		·	T 1
share data)		Stock	Capital	1	Earnings		Loss		Stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	4,299	\$ 32,832	\$	54,566	\$	(5,138) \$	(7,793)\$	78,766
Comprehensive income:										
Net income		-	-		5,937		-		-	5,937
Unrealized gain on securities, net of reclassification adjustments and							776			776
taxes		-	-		-		776		-	776
Unrealized loss on hedging activities, net of reclassification										
adjustments and taxes		-	-		-		(613)	-	(613)
Pension adjustment, net of tax		-	-		-		(126)	-	(126)
Total Comprehensive income										5,974
Cash dividends declared, \$.81 per share		_	_		(3,140)	_		-	(3,140)
Treasury shares issued under stock										
option plans: 1,434		-	(2)	-		-		25	23
Treasury shares issued to dividend										
reinvestment plan: 36,250		-	(31)	-		-		648	617
Balance at September 30, 2010	\$	4,299	\$ 32,799	\$	57,363	\$	(5,101) \$	(7,120)\$	82,240
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	4,317	\$ 33,096	\$	57,984	\$	(5,642) \$	(7,116) \$	82,639
Comprehensive income:										
Net income		-	_		4,667		-		-	4,667
Unrealized gain on securities, net of reclassification adjustments and										
taxes		-	-		-		1,048		-	1,048
Unrealized loss on hedging activities, net of reclassification										
adjustments and taxes		-	-		-		(66)	-	(66)
Total Comprehensive income							-			5,649
Cash dividends declared, \$.81 per										
share		_	_		(3,193)	_		_	(3,193)
Treasury shares issued under stock					(3,173	,				(3,173)
option plans: 1,776 shares		-	(2)	-		-		32	30
Common stock issued to dividend reinvestment plan: 77,963 shares		78	1,273		-		-		-	1,351

Balance at September 30, 2011 \$ 4,395 \$ 34,367 \$ 59,458 \$ (4,660) \$ (7,084) \$ 86,476

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

	For the Nin	e Months	Ended September
	2011		2010
(Dollars in thousands)			
Cash flows from operating activities	Φ 4.667		Φ 5.027
Net income	\$ 4,667		\$ 5,937
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided			
by operating activities:	4.0%		1.000
Depreciation and amortization	1,056		1,000
Net amortization of loans and investment securities	606		262
Amortization and net change in mortgage servicing rights valuation	214		187
Amortization of intangibles	335		343
Provision for loan losses	5,442		1,875
Net realized gains on sales of securities	(150)	(212)
OTTI losses on securities	55		573
Loans originated for sale	-		(1,299)
Proceeds from sale of loans	-		952
Gain on sales of loans	-		(32)
Gain on sale or disposal of premises and equipment	-		(4)
Net gain on sale or disposal of other real estate/other repossessed assets	(26)	-
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	(508)	(503)
Contribution to pension plan	(1,942)	(525)
Increase in interest receivable and other assets	1,723		266
Decrease in interest payable and other liabilities	(2,194)	(207)
Other, net	(338)	253
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,940		8,866
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale	4,966		7,608
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of investment securities available			
for sale	16,537		22,765
Purchase of investment securities available for sale	(34,221)	(11,560)
Net decrease in restricted stock	874		-
Net increase in loans	(26,771)	(19,398)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate/other repossessed assets	296		517
Capital expenditures	(588)	(1,955)
Net cash used in investing activities	(38,907)	(2,023)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net increase in demand deposits, interest-bearing checking and savings			
accounts	52,255		57,241
Net increase (decrease) in time deposits	2,760		(68,807)
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	12,052		(1,282)
Long-term debt payments	(21,993)	(3,345)
Dividends paid	(3,193)	(3,140)
Common stock issued to dividend reinvestment plan	1,351		23

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Common stock issued under stock option plans	30	617
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	43,262	(18,693)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	13,295	(11,850)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	22,106	33,248
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 35,401	\$ 21,398
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest on deposits and other borrowed funds	\$ 7,056	\$ 9,889
Income taxes	\$ 2,425	\$ 3,412
Noncash Activities		
Loans transferred to Other Real Estate	\$ 3,518	\$ 79

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FRANKLIN FINANCIAL SERVICES CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Franklin Financial Services Corporation (the Corporation), and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Farmers and Merchants Trust Company of Chambersburg (the Bank), Franklin Financial Properties Corp., and Franklin Future Fund Inc. Farmers and Merchants Trust Company of Chambersburg is a commercial bank that has one wholly-owned subsidiary, Franklin Realty Services Corporation. Franklin Realty Services Corporation is an inactive real-estate brokerage company. Franklin Financial Properties Corp. holds real estate assets that are leased by the Bank. Franklin Future Fund Inc. is a non-bank investment company. The activities of non-bank entities are not significant to the consolidated totals. All significant intercompany transactions and account balances have been eliminated.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows as of September 30, 2011, and for all other periods presented have been made.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. It is suggested that these consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Corporation's 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The consolidated results of operations for the period ended September 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year. Management has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through the date these consolidated financial statements were issued.

The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2010 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include Cash and due from banks, Interest-bearing deposits in other banks and Federal funds sold. Generally, Federal funds are purchased and sold for one-day periods.

Earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during each period end. A reconciliation of the weighted average shares outstanding used to calculate basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share follows:

	For the 7	Three Months		
	F	Ended	For the Nin	e Months Ended
	Sept	ember 30	Sept	ember 30
(In thousands, except per share data)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic)	3,971	3,893	3,946	3,880
Impact of common stock equivalents	-	1	3	1
Weighted average shares outstanding (diluted)	3,971	3,894	3,949	3,881
Anti-dilutive options excluded from the calculation	97	72	70	75
Net income	\$ 1,059	\$ 1,803	\$ 4,667	\$ 5,937
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.46	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.53
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.46	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.53

Note 2 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Testing Goodwill for Impairment. In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2011-08, Testing Goodwill for Impairment. The purpose of this ASU is to simplify how entities test goodwill for impairment by adding a new first step to the pre-existing goodwill impairment test under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 350, Intangibles – Goodwill and other. This amendment gives the entity the option to first assess a variety of qualitative factors such as economic conditions, cash flows, and competition to determine whether it was more likely than not that the fair value of goodwill has fallen below its carrying value. If the entity determines that it is not likely that the fair value has fallen below its carrying value, then the entity will not have to complete the original two-step test under Topic 350. The amendments in this ASU are effective for impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The Corporation is evaluating the affect of this ASU and does not expect it to have a material affect on the Corporation's financial position or consolidated financial statements.

Presentation of Comprehensive Income. The provisions of this ASU amend FASB ASC Topic 220, Comprehensive Income, to facilitate the continued alignment of U.S. GAAP with International Accounting Standards. The ASU prohibits the presentation of the components of comprehensive income in the statement of shareholder's equity. Reporting entities are allowed to present either: a statement of comprehensive income, which reports both net income and other comprehensive income; or separate, but consecutive, statements of net income and other comprehensive income. Under previous GAAP, all 3 presentations were acceptable. Regardless of the presentation selected, the Reporting Entity is required to represent all reclassifications between other comprehensive and net income on the face of the new statement or statements. The provisions of this ASU are effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 31, 2011 for public entities. As the two remaining options for presentation existed prior to the issuance of this ASU, early adoption is permitted. The Corporation early adopted this ASU effective with the quarter ended June 30, 2011.

Receivables – Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors. The FASB has issued this ASU to clarify the accounting principles applied to loan modifications, as defined by FASB ASC Subtopic 310-40, Receivables – Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors. The Update clarifies guidance on a creditor's evaluation of whether or not a concession has been granted, with an emphasis on evaluating all aspects of the modification rather than a focus on specific criteria, such as the effective interest rate test, to determine a concession. The Update goes on to provide guidance on specific types of modifications such as changes in the interest rate of the borrowing, and insignificant delays in payments, as well as guidance on the creditor's evaluation of whether or not a debtor is experiencing financial difficulties. For public entities, the amendments in the Update are effective for the first interim or annual periods beginning on or after June 15, 2011, and should be applied retrospectively to the beginning of the annual period of adoption. The entity should also disclose information required by ASU 2010-20, Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses, which had previously been deferred by ASU 2011-01, Deferral of the Effective Date of Disclosures about Troubled Debt Restructurings in Update No. 2010-20, for interim

and annual periods beginning on or after June 15, 2011. The Corporation adopted this update effective with the quarter ended September 30, 2011.

Note 3 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available for sale as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are:

(Dollars in thousands)				Gross		Gross		
	Α	mortized	u	nrealized	u	nrealized		Fair
September 30, 2011		cost		gains		losses		Value
Equity securities	\$	2,768	\$	13	\$	(976) \$	1,805
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies		14,402		74		(18)	14,458
Obligations of state and political								
subdivisions		42,004		2,248		(4)	44,248
Corporate debt securities		2,539		51		(90)	2,500
Trust Preferred securities		5,886		-		(1,215)	4,671
Mortgage-backed securities								
Agency		59,726		1,213		(354)	60,585
Private-label		3,631		2		(363)	3,270
Asset-backed securities		69		-		(18)	51
	\$	131,025	\$	3,601	\$	(3,038) \$	131,588
				Gross		Gross		
(Dollars in thousands)	A	mortized	u:	Gross nrealized	u	Gross nrealized	-	Fair
(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2010	A	mortized cost	u		u			Fair Value
	A \$		u:	nrealized	u:	nrealized) \$	
December 31, 2010		cost		nrealized gains		nrealized losses		Value
December 31, 2010 Equity securities		cost 4,126		nrealized gains 50		nrealized losses (538		Value 3,638
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies		cost 4,126		nrealized gains 50		nrealized losses (538		Value 3,638
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political		cost 4,126 14,780		gains 50 61		nrealized losses (538 (56		Value 3,638 14,785
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions		cost 4,126 14,780 39,477		nrealized gains 50 61		losses (538 (56 (419		Value 3,638 14,785
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities		cost 4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647		nrealized gains 50 61		nrealized losses (538 (56 (419 (46		Value 3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities		cost 4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647		nrealized gains 50 61		nrealized losses (538 (56 (419 (46		Value 3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities		cost 4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647 5,875		nrealized gains 50 61 894 64		realized losses (538 (56 (419 (46 (1,678		Value 3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency		cost 4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647 5,875 47,239		nrealized gains 50 61 894 64 - 1,104		realized losses (538 (56 (419 (46 (1,678 (46 (46 (46 (46 (46 (46 (46 (46 (46 (46		Value 3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297

Note 4 – Guarantees

The Corporation does not issue any guarantees that would require liability recognition or disclosure, other than its standby letters of credit. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Generally, all letters of credit, when issued, have expiration dates within one year. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as those that are involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The Bank generally holds collateral and/or personal guarantees supporting these commitments. The Bank had \$27.2 million and \$20.5 million of standby letters of credit as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Management believes that the proceeds obtained through a liquidation of collateral and the enforcement of guarantees would be sufficient to cover the potential amount of future payments required under the corresponding guarantees. The amount of the liability as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 for guarantees under standby letters of credit issued was not material.

Note 5 - Investments

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available for sale as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are:

(Dollars in thousands)		Gross	Gross		
	Amortized	unrealized	unrealize	d	Fair
September 30, 2011	cost	gains	losses		Value
Equity securities	\$2,768	\$13	\$(976)	\$1,805
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	14,402	74	(18)	14,458
Obligations of state and political subdivisions	42,004	2,248	(4)	44,248
Corporate debt securities	2,539	51	(90)	2,500
Trust Preferred securities	5,886	-	(1,215)	4,671
Mortgage-backed securities					
Agency	59,726	1,213	(354)	60,585
Private-label	3,631	2	(363)	3,270
Asset-backed securities	69	-	(18)	51
	\$131,025	\$3,601	\$(3,038)	\$131,588
		Gross	Gross		
(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized	Gross unrealized	Gross unrealize	d	Fair
(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2010	Amortized cost			d	Fair Value
		unrealized	unrealize	d)	
December 31, 2010	cost	unrealized gains	unrealize losses	d))	Value
December 31, 2010 Equity securities	cost \$4,126	unrealized gains \$50	unrealized losses \$(538)	d))	Value \$3,638
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	cost \$4,126 14,780	unrealized gains \$50 61	unrealized losses \$(538) (56)	d))	Value \$3,638 14,785
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477	unrealized gains \$50 61 894	unrealized losses \$(538) (56) (419)	d)))	Value \$3,638 14,785 39,952
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647	unrealized gains \$50 61 894 64	unrealized losses \$(538) (56) (419) (46)	d)))	Value \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647	unrealized gains \$50 61 894 64	unrealized losses \$(538) (56) (419) (46)	d))))	Value \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647 5,875	unrealized gains \$50 61 894 64	unrealized losses \$ (538	d)))))))))))))))))))	Value \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647 5,875 47,239	unrealized gains \$50 61 894 64 -	unrealized losses \$ (538	d)))))))))))))))))))	Value \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297

The amortized cost of securities pledged as collateral to secure various funding sources was \$120.7 million at September 30, 2011 and \$108.7 million at December 31, 2010.

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities as of September 30, 2011, by contractual maturity are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because of prepayment or call options embedded in the securities.

	Amortized	Fair
(Dollars in thousands)	cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$5,862	\$5,862
Due after one year through five years	14,063	14,703
Due after five years through ten years	14,649	15,414
Due after ten years	30,326	29,949
	64,900	65,928
Mortgage-backed securities	63,357	63,855
	\$128,257	\$129,783

At September 30, 2011, the unrealized loss in the equity portfolio was \$976 thousand on a fair value of \$1.8 million. The equity portfolio is comprised of only bank and financial institution stocks. The fair value of equities with an unrealized loss declined by \$1.5 million since year-end 2010. The reduction in the fair value is due in large part to the sale of more than 38,000 shares of Tower Bancorp during the year with a fair value of approximately \$880 thousand. The unrealized loss on equity securities increased by \$438 thousand with nearly all of this increase occurring during the third quarter as overall market prices for bank stocks moved down.

The following table reflects temporary impairment in the investment portfolio (excluding restricted stock), aggregated by investment category, length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position and the number of securities in each category as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

				Sep	tember 30, 20	011			
	Less	than 12 mon	iths	12 n	nonths or mo	ore		Total	
	Fair	Unrealized		Fair	Unrealized		Fair	Unrealized	
(Dollars in									
thousands)	Value	Losses	Number	Value	Losses	Number	Value	Losses	Number
Equity securities	\$ 490	\$ (122)	3	\$ 1,262	\$ (854)	20	\$ 1,752	\$ (976)	23
Obligations of									
U.S. Government									
agencies	2,500	(1)	1	6,062	(17)	12	8,562	(18)	13
Obligations of									
state and political									
subdivisions	362	(4)	1	-	-	-	362	(4)	1
Corporate debt									
securities	-	-	-	1,919	(90)	2	1,919	(90)	2
Trust Preferred									
securities	-	-	-	4,671	(1,215)	7	4,671	(1,215)	7
Mortgage-backed									
securities									
Agency	18,356	(310)	15	1,258	(44)	1	19,614	(354)	16
Private-label	1,107	(34)	2	1,864	(329)	4	2,971	(363)	6
Asset-backed									
securities	-	-	-	50	(18)	3	50	(18)	3
Total temporarily									
impaired securities	\$ 22,815	\$ (471)	22	\$ 17,086	\$ (2,567)	49	\$ 39,901	\$ (3,038)	71

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	Less t Fair	han 12 mon Unrealized		12 m Fair	nonths or mor Unrealized	e	Fair	Total Fair Unrealized		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Losses	Number	Value	Losses	Number	Value	Losses	Number	
Equity securities	\$ 1	\$ (1)	1	\$ 3,261	\$ (537)	20	\$ 3,262	\$ (538)	21	
Obligations of U.S. Government				·			·			
agencies	3,476	(17)	2	6,433	(39)	14	9,909	(56)	16	
Obligations of state and political										
subdivisions	11,861	(405)	24	292	(14)	1	12,153	(419)	25	
Corporate debt securities	_	_	_	1,968	(46)	2	1,968	(46)	2	
Trust Preferred				1,5 00	(.0)	_	1,5 00	(.0)	_	
securities	_	-	_	4,196	(1,678)	7	4,196	(1,678)	7	
Mortgage-backed securities				,			,			
Agency	9,859	(46)	6	-	-	-	9,859	(46)	6	
Private-label	-	-	-	2,676	(415)	5	2,676	(415)	5	
Asset-backed securities	_	_	_	53	(21)	3	53	(21)	3	
Total temporarily					,			,		
impaired securities	\$ 25,197	\$ (469)	33	\$ 18,879	\$ (2,750)	52	\$ 44,076	\$ (3,219)	85	
12										

The following table provides additional detail about trust preferred securities as of September 30, 2011:

Trust Preferred Securities

(Dollars in thousands)

Deal Name	Single Issuer or Pooled	A Class	amortize Cost	ed	Unrealiz Gain	LowesNumber of edredit Banks Rating Currently Assign@erforming	as % of Original	Expected Deferral/ Defaults as a Percentage of Remaining Performing Collateral
Huntington	~				*			
Cap Trust	Single	Preferred Stock	\$929	\$785	\$(144) B 1	None	None
Huntington								
Cap Trust II	Single	Preferred Stock	875	755	(120) B 1	None	None
BankAmerica	l							
Cap III	Single	Preferred Stock	956	645	(311)BB 1	None	None
Wachovia	U				`	,		
Cap Trust II	Single	Preferred Stock	273	252	(21	Baa21	None	None
Corestates	Ü							
Captl Tr II	Single	Preferred Stock	925	849	(76	Baa11	None	None
Chase Cap	C				`	,		
VI JPM	Single	Preferred Stock	957	783	(174	BBB1	None	None
Fleet Cap Tr	2-1-8-1				(-, -	,		
V	Single	Preferred Stock	971	602	(369)BB 1	None	None
			\$5,886		\$(1,215	<i>'</i>		

The following table provides additional detail about private label mortgage-backed securities as of September 30, 2011:

Private Label Mortgage Backed Securities	

(Dollars in thousands)				Gross			C	Cummulative
	Orgination	Amortized	Fair	Unrealized	Collateral	Lowest Credit	Credit	OTTI
				Gain			Support	
Decscription	Date	Cost	Value	(Loss)	Type	Rating Assigned	%	Charges
RALI 2003-QS15 A1	8/1/2003	\$ 297	\$ 299	\$ 2	ALT A	A1	11.21	\$ -
RALI 2004-QS4 A7	3/1/2004	488	480	(8)	ALT A	AA	12.29	-
MALT 2004-6 7A1	6/1/2004	652	627	(25)	ALT A	BB	11.17	-
RALI 2005-QS2 A1	2/1/2005	578	526	(52)	ALT A	CCC	7.33	-
RALI 2006-QS4 A2	4/1/2006	853	652	(201)	ALT A	D	-	218
GSR 2006-5F 2A1	5/1/2006	313	307	(6)	Prime	CCC	3.31	-
RALI 2006-QS8 A1	7/28/2006	450	379	(71)	ALT A	D	-	172
		\$ 3,631	\$ 3,270	\$ (361)				\$ 390

For more information concerning investments, refer to the Investment Securities discussion in the Financial Condition section of Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Note 6 – Loans

A summary of loans outstanding, by primary collateral, at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

							C	han	ige	
	S	September 30,		I	December 31,					
(Dollars in thousands)		2011			2010		Amount		%	
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family										
First liens	\$	144,022		\$	144,128		\$(106)	(0.1)
Junior liens and lines of credit		52,137			56,694		(4,557)	(8.0))
Total		196,159			200,822		(4,663)	(2.3)
Residential real estate - construction		18,377			79,557		(61,180)	(76.9)
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate		360,681			304,195		56,486		18.6	
Commercial, industrial and agricultural		177,162			146,672		30,490		20.8	
Consumer		14,227			17,396		(3,169)	(18.2))
		766,606			748,642		17,964		2.4	
Less: Allowance for loan losses		(9,195)		(8,801)	(394)	4.5	
Net Loans	\$	757,411		\$	739,841		\$17,570		2.4	
Included in the loan balances are the following:										
Net unamortized deferred loan costs	\$	477		\$	567					
Unamortized discount on purchased loans	\$	(180)	\$	(220)				
Loans pledged as collateral for borrowings and con	nmit	ments from:								
FHLB	\$	665,637		\$	648,272					
Federal Reserve Bank		42,925			53,682					
	\$	708,562		\$	701,954					

The majority of the decrease in residential real estate - construction is offset by the increase in the commercial real estate portfolio as loans were reclassified due to construction loans moving to an amortizing status and to more accurately reflect the collateral or purpose of the loan.

Note 7 – Loan Quality

The following table presents, by loan segment, the Allowance for Loan Losses (ALL) for the periods ended:

				Commercia	al		
				Industrial			
	Residential	Real Estate 1-	-4 Family	&	Commercial		
		Junior			Industrial		
		Liens &		Agricultura	1 &		
	First	Lines of		Real			
(Dollars in thousands)	Liens	Credit	Construction	Estate	Agricultural Co	onsumer	Total
					_		
ALL at June 30, 2011	\$ 529	\$ 313	\$ 2,392	\$ 4,644	\$ 1,861 \$	411 \$	10,150
Charge-offs	(144)	(9) (1,543)	(2,065) (19)	(44)	(3,824)
Recoveries	2	5	-	61	7	19	94
Provision	767	22	-	1,700	286	-	2,775
	\$ 1,154	\$ 331	\$ 849	\$ 4,340	\$ 2,135 \$	386 \$	9,195

ALL at	Septeml	ber 30,
2011		

ALL at December 31,													
2010	\$ 600		\$ 352		\$ 2,596	\$	3,358	\$	1,578	\$	317	\$	8,801
Charge-offs	(296)	(186)	(2,280))	(2,487)	(60)	(158)	(5,467)
Recoveries	30		10		-		301		11		67		419
Provision	820		155		533		3,168		606		160		5,442
ALL at September 30,													
2011	\$ 1,154		\$ 331		\$ 849	\$	4,340	\$	2,135	\$	386	\$	9,195
ALL at December 31,													
2009	\$ 550		\$ 278		\$ 3,087	\$	4,175	\$	752	\$	95	\$	8,937
Charge-offs	(107)	(165)	(982)	(1,736)	(232)	(452)	(3,674)
Recoveries	19		10		53		18		61		142		303
Provision	138		229		438		901		997		532		3,235
ALL at December 31,													
2010	\$ 600		\$ 352		\$ 2,596	\$	3,358	\$	1,578	\$	317	\$	8,801

The following table presents, by loan segment, loans that were evaluated for the ALL under the specific reserve (individually) and those that were evaluated under the general reserve (collectively) as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

					Commercial Industrial			
	Residential F	Rea	l Estate 1-4 F	amily	&	Commercial		
			unior Liens	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Industrial		
			&		Agricultural	&		
(Dollars in	First Liens		Lines of Credit	Construction	Deal Estata	A ami aviltumal	Consumor	Total
thousands)	riist Liens		Credit	Construction	Real Estate	Agricultural	Consumer	Total
September 30,								
2011								
Loans evaluated								
for allowance:	¢5 610	Φ	382	\$ -	¢ 22 571	Φ 5 O 5 5	¢	¢22 627
Individually Collectively	\$5,619 138,403	Ф	51,755	18,377	\$ 22,571 338,110	\$5,055 172,107	\$- 14,227	\$33,627 732,979
Total	\$144,022	\$	52,137	\$ 18,377	\$360,681	\$177,162	\$14,227	\$766,606
10001	Ψ111,022	Ψ	<i>52</i> ,1 <i>5 i</i>	Ψ 10,577	φ 200,001	Ψ177,102	Ψ11,227	\$ 700 , 000
ALL established								
for loans								
evaluated:								
Individually	\$810	\$	3	\$ -	\$ 2,566	\$1,310	\$-	\$4,689
Collectively	345		329	490	2,150	836	356	4,506
ALL at								
September 30,	0.1.155	Ф	222	Φ. 400	Φ 4 7 1 6	Φ 2 1 4 6	#256	ΦΩ 105
2011	\$1,155	\$	332	\$ 490	\$4,716	\$2,146	\$356	\$9,195
December 31,								
2010								
Loans evaluated								
for allowance:								
Individually	\$965	\$	408	\$ 7,988	\$ 21,425	\$2,398	\$3	\$33,187
Collectively	143,163		56,286	71,569	282,770	144,274	17,393	715,455
Total	\$144,128	\$	56,694	\$ 79,557	\$ 304,195	\$ 146,672	\$17,396	\$748,642
ATT								
ALL established for loans								
evaluated:								
Individually	\$179	\$	4	\$ 1,566	\$2,170	\$854	\$3	\$4,776
Collectively	421	Ψ	348	1,030	1,188	724	314	4,025
ALL at				-,	-,			.,
December 31,								
2010	\$600	\$	352	\$ 2,596	\$3,358	\$1,578	\$317	\$8,801

The following table shows additional information about those loans considered to be impaired at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

(Dollars in thousands)	With No .	ce			
(Donars in thousands)	Recorded	Unpaid Principal	Recorded	Unpaid Principal	Related
	Investment	Balance	Investment	Balance	Allowance
September 30, 2011	mvestment	Darance	mvestment	Darance	Anowance
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family					
First liens	\$178	\$178	\$5,441	\$5,585	\$810
Junior liens and lines of credit	248	248	134	134	3
Total	426	426	5,575	5,719	813
Residential real estate - construction	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real					
estate	10,306	10,797	12,265	13,449	2,566
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	2,759	2,775	2,296	2,418	1,310
Consumer	-	-	-,-,-	-	-
Total	\$13,491	\$13,998	\$20,136	\$21,586	\$4,689
December 31, 2010					
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family					
First liens	\$-	\$-	\$965	\$971	\$179
Junior liens and lines of credit	122	122	286	286	4
Total	122	122	1,251	1,257	183
Residential real estate - construction	3,958	3,958	4,030	4,030	1,566
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real					
estate	7,307	7,378	14,118	14,312	2,170
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	51	52	2,347	2,386	854
Consumer	-	-	3	3	3
Total	\$11,438	\$11,510	\$21,749	\$21,988	\$4,776

The following table shows the average of impaired loans and related interest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011:

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	Septembe	er 30, 2011	September 30, 2011		
	Average Interest		Average	Interest	
	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income	
	Investment	Recognized	Investment	Recognized	
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family					
First liens	\$3,123	\$190	\$2,400	\$193	
Junior liens and lines of credit	398	-	366	-	
Total	3,521	190	2,766	193	
Residential real estate - construction	6,352	(63)	7,329	-	
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate	20,604	292	19,810	443	
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	3,228	32	2,965	47	
Consumer	-	-	1	-	
Total	\$33,705	\$451	\$32,871	\$683	

The following table presents a summary of nonperforming assets as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	September 30, 2011 % of Loan			December 31, %		, 2010 % of Loan	
(Dollars in thousands)	Balance			Balance	Segm		
Nonaccrual loans							
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family							
First liens	\$1,449	1.01	%	\$691	0.48	%	
Junior liens and lines of credit	515	0.99	%	122	0.22	%	
Total	1,964	1.00	%	813	0.40	%	
Residential real estate - construction	-	0.00	%	6,500	8.17	%	
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate	13,204	3.69	%	13,003	4.27	%	
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	4,186	2.33	%	1,668	1.14	%	
Consumer	-	-		-	-		
Total nonaccrual loans	\$19,354			\$21,984			
Loans past due 90 days or more and not included above							
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family							
First liens	\$2,805			\$1,093			
Junior liens and lines of credit	222			833			
Total	3,027			1,926			
Residential real estate - construction	121			911			
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate	3,280	3,280 2,343					
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	357			244			
Consumer	22			125			
Total loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing	6,807			5,549			
Total nonperforming loans	26,161			27,533			
	·			·			
Other real estate owned	3,337			618			
Total nonperforming assets	\$29,498			\$28,151			
Restructured Loans (TDRs)							
Performing	\$6,414			\$656			
Non-performing (included above)	4,674			-			
Total TDRs	\$11,088			\$656			
Nonaccrual loans to total gross loans	2.52	%		2.94	%		
Nonperforming loans to total gross loans	3.41	%		3.68	%		
Nonperforming assets to total assets	2.96	%		2.96	%		
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans	35.15	%		31.97	%		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
17							

The following table presents the aging of payments of the loan portfolio:

		Lo 30-59	oans	Pas 60-		e ar	nd S	Still Accru	iing					Total
(Dollars in thousands)	Current	Days		Da	.ys		90	Days+		Total	No	n-Accrua	1	Loans
September 30, 2011														
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family														
First liens	\$ 138,350	\$ 676	\$	7	1 2		\$	2,805	\$	4,223	\$	1,449	\$	144,022
Junior liens and lines of														
credit	50,960	377		6.	3			222		662		515		52,137
Total	189,310	1,053		8)5			3,027		4,885		1,964		196,159
Residential real estate - construction	18,256	_		_				121		121		_		18,377
Commercial, industrial	10,230							121		121				10,577
and agricultural real														
estate	342,906	1,291		-				3,280		4,571		13,204		360,681
Commercial, industrial														
and agricultural	170,297	2,281		4				357		2,679		4,186		177,162
Consumer	13,777	341		8'				22		450		-		14,227
Total	\$ 734,546	\$ 4,966	\$	9.	33		\$	6,807	\$	12,706	\$	19,354	\$	766,606
December 31, 2010														
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family														
First liens	\$ 140,711	\$ 979	\$	6.	54		\$	1,093	\$	2,726	\$	691	\$	144,128
Junior liens and lines of														
credit	55,723	16		_				833		849		122		56,694
Total	196,434	995		6.	54			1,926		3,575		813		200,822
Residential real estate -														
construction	72,146	-		-				911		911		6,500		79,557
Commercial, industrial														
and agricultural real														
estate	285,050	3,786		1.	3			2,343		6,142		13,003		304,195
Commercial, industrial														
and agricultural	142,829	1,786			45			244		2,175		1,668		146,672
Consumer	17,077	164		30				125		319		-		17,396
Total	\$ 713,536	\$ 6,731	\$	8	42		\$	5,549	\$	13,122	\$	21,984	\$	748,642

The following table reports the internal credit rating for those loans in the portfolio that are assigned an individual credit rating (primarily commercial loans):

(Dollars in thousands)	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Total
September 30, 2011					
Commercial Purpose Residential Real Estate					
1-4 Family					
First liens	\$45,774	\$3,068	\$5,215	\$-	\$54,057

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Junior liens and lines of credit	9,199	297	555	_	10,051
Total	54,973	3,365	5,770	-	64,108
Residential real estate - construction	15,594	1,069	936	-	17,599
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real					
estate	306,407	36,897	17,377	-	360,681
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	161,179	5,432	10,551	-	177,162
Total	\$538,153	\$46,763	\$ 34,634	\$-	\$619,550
December 31, 2010					
Commercial Purpose Residential Real Estate					
1-4 Family					
First liens	\$40,051	\$1,821	\$3,299	\$-	\$45,171
Junior liens and lines of credit	10,565	68	391	-	11,024
Total	50,616	1,889	3,690	-	56,195
Residential real estate - construction	59,097	6,671	11,892	-	77,660
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real					
estate	273,279	8,481	22,435	-	304,195
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	132,981	6,383	7,308	-	146,672
Total	\$515,973	\$23,424	\$45,325	\$-	\$584,722
18					

For loans that are not assigned an individual credit rating (primarily consumer and residential mortgage loans), the Bank evaluates credit quality based on the aging status of the loan (previously presented) and the performing status. The following table presents the performance status on selected loans:

(Dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2011						
	Con	sumer	Resider	ntial Real Estate			
			Home				
	Lines of		Equity	Retail			
	Credit	Installment	Lines	Mortgages	Total		
Performing	\$3,327	\$10,878	\$18,465	\$ 113,146	\$145,816		
Non-performing	8	14	30	1,188	1,240		
Total	\$3,335	\$10,892	\$18,495	\$ 114,334	\$147,056		

	December 31, 2010						
	Con	sumer	Reside	ntial Real Estate			
			Home				
	Lines of	Lines of		Retail			
	Credit	Installment	Lines	Mortgages	Total		
Performing	\$3,231	\$14,040	\$17,939	\$ 127,236	\$162,446		
Non-performing	11	114	99	1,250	1,474		
Total	\$3,242	\$14,154	\$18,038	\$ 128,486	\$163,920		

The following table presents information on the Bank's Troubled Debt Restructuring (TDR) loans:

(Dollars in thousands)	Troubled Debt Restructings			ed Debt actings Defaulted on Ferms YTD
	Number of	Recorded	Number of	Recorded
	Contracts	Investment	Contracts	Investment
September 30, 2011				
Residential real estate	2	\$ 93	-	\$ -
Residential real estate - construction	18	3,206	-	-
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate	9	7,789	2	462
Total	29	\$ 11,088	2	\$ 462
December 31, 2010				
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate	2	\$ 656		
Total	2	\$ 656		

	New Troubled Debt Restructurings						
	Three Mon	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended				
	Septembe	r 30, 2011	September 30, 2011				
	Number of	Recorded	Number of	Recorded			
	Contracts	Investment	Contracts	Investment			
Residential real estate	1	\$30	2	\$93			
Residential real estate – construction	18	3,206	18	3,206			
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate	1	2,663	7	7,327			
Total	20	\$5,899	27	\$10,626			

The type of loan concession granted for loans newly classified as a troubled debt restructuring during the periods ended:

		nths Ended er 30, 2011	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011		
	Number of Recorded		Number of	Number of Recorded	
	Contracts	Investment	Contracts	Investment	
Modification or Concession					
Maturity	-	\$-	1	\$260	
Rate	19	3,236	21	6,154	
Payment	1	2,663	5	4,212	
	20	\$5,899	27	\$10,626	

The Bank recorded a charge-off of \$1.9 million from the ALL at the time of restructuring.

Note 8 – Pensions

The components of pension expense for the periods presented are as follows:

		months ended tember 30	Nine months ended September 30		
(Dollars in thousands)	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Components of net periodic (benefit) cost:					
Service cost	\$87	\$91	\$274	\$274	
Interest cost	183	185	545	557	
Expected return on plan assets	(189) (209) (565) (628)	
Recognized net actuarial loss	95	43	275	128	
Net periodic cost	\$176	\$110	\$529	\$331	

The Bank expects its pension expense to increase in 2011 compared to 2010. The Bank expects to contribute \$2.1 million to its pension plan in 2011. This contribution will meet the minimum funding requirements.

Note 9 – Mortgage Servicing Rights

Activity pertaining to mortgage servicing rights and the related valuation allowance follows:

	Nine Months Ended								
	September 30								
(Dollars in thousands)	2011			2010					
Cost of mortgage servicing rights:									
Beginning balance	\$ 933		\$	1,190					
Originations	-			10					
Amortization	(145)		(134)				
Ending balance	\$ 788		\$	1,066					
Valuation allowance:									
Beginning balance	\$ (330)	\$	(476)				
Valuation charges	(81)		-					
Valuation reversals	12			60					
Ending balance	\$ (399)	\$	(416)				
Mortgage servicing rights cost	\$ 788		\$	1,066					
Valuation allowance	(399)		(416)				
Carrying value	\$ 389		\$	650					
Fair value	\$ 389		\$	650					

Note 10 – Fair Value Measurements

Management uses its best judgment in estimating the fair value of the Corporation's financial instruments; however, there are inherent weaknesses in any estimation technique. Therefore, for substantially all financial instruments, the fair value estimates herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Corporation could have realized in a sales transaction on the dates indicated. The estimated fair value amounts have been measured as of their respective quarter-ends and have not been re-evaluated or updated for purposes of these financial statements subsequent to those respective dates. As such, the estimated fair values of these financial instruments subsequent to the respective reporting dates may be different than the amounts reported at each quarter-end.

FASB ASC Topic 825, Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and liabilities, including those financial assets and liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis.

The fair value of the Corporation's financial instruments are as follows:

	September 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
(Dollars in thousands)	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$35,401	\$35,401	\$22,106	\$22,106
Investment securities available for sale	131,588	131,588	117,616	117,616
Restricted stock	5,285	5,285	6,159	6,159
Net loans	757,411	768,183	739,841	750,944
Accrued interest receivable	2,854	2,854	3,662	3,662
Mortgage servicing rights	389	389	603	603
Financial liabilities:				
Deposits	\$789,346	\$792,957	\$734,331	\$737,274
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	63,216	63,216	51,164	51,164
Long-term debt	48,892	51,778	70,885	74,695
Accrued interest payable	831	831	757	757
Interest rate swaps	1,850	1,850	1,752	1,752

The preceding information should not be interpreted as an estimate of the fair value of the entire Corporation since a fair value calculation is only provided for a limited portion of the Corporation's assets and liabilities. Due to a wide range of valuation techniques and the degree of subjectivity used in making the estimates, comparisons between the Corporation's disclosures and those of other companies may not be meaningful. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values of the Corporation's financial instruments reported above at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

Cash and cash equivalents: For these short-term instruments, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Investment securities available for sale: The fair value of investment securities is determined in accordance with the methods described under FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, as discussed in the fair value hierarchy.

Restricted stock: The carrying value of restricted stock approximates its fair value based on redemption provisions for the restricted stock.

Net loans: The fair value of fixed-rate loans is estimated for each major type of loan (e.g. real estate, commercial, industrial and agricultural and consumer) by discounting the future cash flows associated with such loans using rates currently offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of comparable credit quality. The model considers scheduled principal maturities, repricing characteristics, prepayment assumptions and interest cash flows. The discount rates used are estimated based upon consideration of a number of factors including the treasury yield curve, expense and service charge factors. For variable rate loans that reprice frequently and have no significant change in credit quality, carrying values approximate the fair value.

Accrued interest receivable: The carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Mortgage servicing rights: The fair value of mortgage servicing rights, upon initial recognition, is estimated using a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing income. The model incorporates assumptions, such as loan default rates, costs to service, and prepayment speeds. Mortgage servicing rights are carried at the lower of cost or fair value after initial recognition.

Deposits, Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and Long-term debt: The fair value of demand deposits, savings accounts, and money market deposits is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of fixed-rate certificates of deposit and long-term debt is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using rates approximating those currently offered for certificates of deposit and borrowings with similar remaining maturities. For securities sold under agreements to repurchase, the carrying value approximates a reasonable estimate of the fair value.

Accrued interest payable: The carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Interest rate swaps: The fair value of the interest rate swaps is determined in accordance with the methods described under FASB ASC Topic 820, as discussed below.

Fair Value Hierarchy

FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC Topic 820 are as follows:

Level 1: Valuation is based on unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.

Level 3: Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the Corporation's assumptions regarding what market participants would assume when pricing a financial instrument.

For financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, there were no transfers of financial assets or liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period ending September 30, 2011.

For financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

(Dollars in Thousands)	F	Fair Value at Se	eptember 30, 2	011
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asset Description				
Equity securities	\$1,805	\$-	\$-	\$1,805
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	-	14,458	-	14,458
Obligations of state and political subdivisions	-	44,248	-	44,248
Corporate debt securities	-	2,500	-	2,500
Trust Preferred Securities	-	4,671	-	4,671
Mortgage-backed securities				
Agency	-	60,585	-	60,585
Private-label	-	3,270	-	3,270
Asset-backed securities	-	51	-	51
Total assets	\$1,805	\$129,783	\$-	\$131,588
Liability Description				
Interest rate swaps	\$-	\$1,850	\$-	\$1,850
Total liabilities	\$-	\$1,850	\$-	\$1,850
(Dollars in Thousands)	I	Fair Value at D	ecember 31, 20	010
(Dollars in Thousands)	I Level 1	Fair Value at D Level 2	ecember 31, 20 Level 3	010 Total
(Dollars in Thousands) Asset Description			•	
			•	
Asset Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asset Description Equity securities	Level 1	Level 2 \$-	Level 3	Total \$3,638
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	Level 1	Level 2 \$- 14,785	Level 3	Total \$3,638 14,785
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions	Level 1	Level 2 \$- 14,785 39,952	Level 3	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities	\$3,638 - -	\$- 14,785 39,952 2,665	\$- - -	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred Securities	\$3,638 - -	\$- 14,785 39,952 2,665	\$- - -	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred Securities Mortgage-backed securities	\$3,638 - -	\$- 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197	\$- - -	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred Securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency	\$3,638 - -	\$- 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297	\$- - -	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred Securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Private-label	\$3,638 - -	\$- 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297 4,029	\$- - -	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297 4,029
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred Securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Private-label Asset-backed securities	Level 1 \$3,638	Level 2 \$- 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297 4,029 53	Level 3 \$	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297 4,029 53
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred Securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Private-label Asset-backed securities	Level 1 \$3,638	Level 2 \$- 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297 4,029 53	Level 3 \$	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297 4,029 53
Asset Description Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred Securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Private-label Asset-backed securities Total assets	Level 1 \$3,638	Level 2 \$- 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297 4,029 53	Level 3 \$	Total \$3,638 14,785 39,952 2,665 4,197 48,297 4,029 53

An asset's or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Corporation used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value for assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis.

Investment securities: Level 1 securities represent equity securities that are valued using quoted market prices from nationally recognized markets. Level 2 securities represent debt securities that are valued using a mathematical model based upon the specific characteristics of a security in relationship to quoted prices for similar securities.

Interest rate swaps: The interest rate swaps are valued using a discounted cash flow model that uses verifiable market environment inputs to calculate the fair value. This method is not dependent on the input of any significant judgments or assumptions by Management.

For financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, the fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Fair Value at September 30, 2011							
Asset Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Impaired loans with specific allowance	\$-	\$-	\$15,447	\$15,447				
Other real estate owned	-	-	3,337	3,337				
Mortgage servicing rights	-	-	389	389				
Total assets	\$-	\$-	\$19,173	\$19,173				
(Dollars in Thousands)	I	Fair Value at D	ecember 31, 20	010				
(Dollars in Thousands) Asset Description	I Level 1	Fair Value at De Level 2	ecember 31, 20 Level 3	010 Total				
			*					
Asset Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Asset Description Impaired loans with specific allowance	Level 1 \$-	Level 2	Level 3 \$16,973	Total \$16,973				

The Corporation used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities measured on a nonrecurring basis:

Impaired loans: Impaired loans are reported at the fair value of the underlying collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Collateral values are estimated using Level 3 inputs based on customized discounting criteria.

Other real estate owned: The fair value of other real estate owned, upon initial recognition, is estimated using Level 2 inputs within the fair value hierarchy based on observable market data and Level 3 inputs based on customized discounting criteria. In connection with the measurement and initial recognition of the foregoing assets, the Corporation recognizes charge-offs through the allowance for loan losses. Declines in fair value of other real estate subsequent to initial recognition are recorded in other expenses in the Corporation's statement of income.

Mortgage servicing rights: The fair value of mortgage servicing rights, upon initial recognition, is estimated using a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing income. The model incorporates Level 3 assumptions such as cost to service, discount rate, prepayment speeds, default rates and losses. Mortgage servicing rights are carried at the lower of cost or fair value after initial recognition.

Note 11 – Financial Derivatives

The Board of Directors has given Management authorization to enter into derivative activity including interest rate swaps, caps and floors, forward-rate agreements, options and futures contracts in order to hedge interest rate risk. The Bank is exposed to credit risk equal to the positive fair value of a derivative instrument, if any, as a positive fair value indicates that the counterparty to the agreement is financially liable to the Bank. To limit this risk, counterparties must have an investment grade long-term debt rating and individual counterparty credit exposure is limited by Board approved parameters. Management anticipates continuing to use derivatives, as permitted by its Board-approved policy, to manage interest rate risk. In 2008, the Bank entered into two interest rate swap transactions in order to hedge the Corporation's exposure to changes in cash flows attributable to the effect of interest rate changes on variable rate liabilities.

Information regarding the interest rate swaps as of September 30, 2011 follows:

					Amount
				F	Expected to
				b	e Expensed
					into
				Ea	rnings within
Maturity		Interest Ra	te		the
Date	Fixed		Variable	ne	xt 12 Months
# 12 0 12 0 1 2		~	0.00	or d	250
5/30/2013	3.60	%	0.02	% \$	358
	Date	Date Fixed	Date Fixed	Date Fixed Variable	Ea Maturity Interest Rate Date Fixed Variable ne

The variable rate is indexed to the 91-day Treasury Bill auction (discount) rate and resets weekly.

Derivatives with a positive fair value are reflected as other assets in the consolidated balance sheet while those with a negative fair value are reflected as other liabilities. As short-term interest rates decrease, the net expense of the swap increases. As short-term rates increase, the net expense of the swap decreases.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:

	Fair Value of Derivative Instruments									
	(Dollars in									
1	thousands)		Balance Sheet							
	Date	Type	Location	F	air Value					
		Interest rate								
	September 30, 2011	contracts	Other liabilities	\$	1,850					
		Interest rate								
	December 31, 2010	contracts	Other liabilities	\$	1,752					

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The Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Statement of Income for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Derivatives in ASC Topic 815 Cash Flow Hedging Relationships
	Amount

(Donars in thousands)	Ga or Re	(Loss) cognize in OCI et of tax on	d	Location of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI	or Rec	mount f Gain (Loss) classified from umulated OCI into	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in	Amo of C o (Lo Recog in Inco	Gain or oss) gnized n ome
		erivative Effective		into Income		ncome ffective	Income on Derivative	Deriv	ative ective
Type / Date	•	Portion)		(Effective Portion)	•	ortion)	(Ineffective Portion)	Port	
Interest Rate Contracts									
Three months ended:									
September 30, 2011	\$	(224)	Interest Expense	\$	(186)	Other income (expense)	\$	-
September 30, 2010	\$	(177)	Interest Expense	\$	(180)	Other income (expense)	\$	-
Nine months ended:									
September 30, 2011	\$	(66)	Interest Expense	\$	(541)	Other income (expense)	\$	-
September 30, 2010	\$	(613)	Interest Expense	\$	(536)	Other income (expense)	\$	-

Note 12 – Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts may have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Such reclassifications did not affect reported net income.

Item 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition For the Three and Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements appearing herein which are not historical in nature are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements refer to a future period or periods, reflecting management's current views as to likely future developments, and use words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," or similar terms. Because forward-looking statements involve certain ris uncertainties and other factors over which the Corporation has no direct control, actual results could differ materially from those contemplated in such statements. These factors include (but are not limited to) the following: general economic conditions, changes in interest rates, changes in the Corporation's cost of funds, changes in government monetary policy, changes in government regulation and taxation of financial institutions, changes in the rate of inflation, changes in technology, the intensification of competition within the Corporation's market area, and other similar factors.

Critical Accounting Policies

Management has identified critical accounting policies for the Corporation to include Allowance for Loan Losses, Mortgage Servicing Rights, Financial Derivatives, Temporary Investment Impairment and Stock-based Compensation. There were no changes to the critical accounting policies disclosed in the 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K in regards to application or related judgements and estimates used. Please refer to Item 7 of the Corporation's 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a more detailed disclosure of the critical accounting policies.

Results of Operations

Year-to-Date Summary

At September 30, 2011, total assets were \$996.9 million, an increase of \$45.1 million from December 31, 2010. Net loans grew to \$757.4 million and total deposits increased to \$789.3 million. The Corporation reported net income for the first nine months of 2011 of \$4.7 million. This is a 21.4% decrease versus net income of \$5.9 million for the same period in 2010. Total revenue (interest income and noninterest income) decreased \$949 thousand year-over-year. Interest income decreased \$1.6 million, but was more than offset by a decrease of \$2.6 million in interest expense, resulting in a 4.3% increase in net interest income. Noninterest income improved 9.2% due to less other than temporary investment charges. Higher salary and benefit expense, as well as prepayment penalties on term loans, contributed to the increase in noninterest expense. The provision for loan losses was \$5.4 million for the period, \$3.6 million more than in 2010. Diluted earnings per share decreased to \$1.18 in 2011 from \$1.53 in 2010.

Other key performance ratios as of, or for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (on an annualized basis) are listed below:

	2011		2010	
Return on average equity (ROE)	7.39	%	9.56	%
Return on average assets (ROA)	.63	%	.79	%
Return on average tangible average equity(1)	8.84	%	11.80	%
Return on average tangible average assets(1)	.66	%	.85	%
Net interest margin	3.67	%	3.47	%

Efficiency ratio 68.40 % 64.16 %

(1) The Corporation supplements its traditional GAAP measurements with Non-GAAP measurements. The Non-GAAP measurements include Return on Average Tangible Assets and Return on Average Tangible Equity. As a result of merger transactions, intangible assets (primarily goodwill and core deposit intangibles) were created. The Non-GAAP disclosures are intended to eliminate the effects of the intangible assets and allow for better comparisons to periods when such assets did not exist. The following table shows the adjustments made between the GAAP and NON-GAAP measurements:

GAAP Measurement

Return on Average Assets
Return on Average Equity
Non- GAAP Measurement
Return on Average Tangible Assets

Return on Average Tangible Equity

Efficiency Ratio

Calculation

Net Income / Average Assets Net Income / Average Equity Calculation

Net Income plus Intangible Amortization /
Average Assets less Average Intangible Assets
Net Income plus Intangible Amortization /
Average Equity less Average Intangible Assets
Noninterest Expense / Tax Equivalent Net Interest
Income
plus Noninterest Income (excluding Security

Gains/Losses and Other Than Temporary Impairment)

A more detailed discussion of the operating results for the three months ended September 30, 2011 follows:

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2011 to the three months ended September 30, 2010:

Net Interest Income

The most important source of the Corporation's earnings is net interest income, which is defined as the difference between income on interest-earning assets and the expense of interest-bearing liabilities supporting those assets. Principal categories of interest-earning assets are loans and securities, while deposits, securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Repos), short-term borrowings and long-term debt are the principal categories of interest-bearing liabilities. Demand deposits enhance net interest income because they are noninterest-bearing deposits. For the purpose of this discussion, balance sheet items refer to the average balance for the period and net interest income is adjusted to a fully taxable-equivalent basis. This tax-equivalent adjustment facilitates performance comparisons between taxable and tax-free assets by increasing the tax-free income by an amount equivalent to the Federal income taxes that would have been paid if this income were taxable at the Corporation's 34% Federal statutory rate.

Tax equivalent interest income for the third quarter of 2011 decreased \$359 thousand quarter over quarter. Average interest-earning assets increased \$25.1 million from 2010 and the yield on these assets decreased by 29 basis points. The average balance of investment securities increased \$2.9 million while average loans increased \$10.4 million (1.4%) quarter over quarter. Average commercial loans increased \$36.1 million, but the increase was partially offset by a decrease in the average balance of mortgage and consumer loans. Average mortgage loans decreased \$6.9 million, as the majority of new mortgage originations are sold in the secondary market and the portfolio continues to runoff. Average consumer loans, including home equity loans, decreased \$20.4 million, as consumers continue to borrow less during the economic recession and the indirect lending portfolio continues to run-off as the Bank exited this business in early 2010 and no new loans have been booked.

Interest expense was \$2.3 million for the third quarter, a decrease of \$779 thousand from the 2010 total of \$3.1 million. Average interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$1.2 million to \$796.7 million for 2011 from an average balance of \$797.9 million in 2010. The average cost of these liabilities decreased from 1.52% in 2010 to 1.14% in 2011. Average interest-bearing deposits increased \$40.9 million, due to increases in interest checking and savings accounts (\$15.2 million), and money management deposits (\$30.2 million), but this increase was somewhat offset by decreases in certificates of deposit (\$4.5 million). The cost of interest-bearing deposits decreased from 1.26% to 1.00%. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Repos) decreased \$2.2 million on average over the prior year quarter while the average rate remained constant at .25%. The average balance of long-term debt decreased by \$44.2 million due to scheduled amortization and maturities, as well as a prepayment of \$15.6 million on three Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (FHLB) advances that occurred earlier in the year.

The changes in the balance sheet and interest rates resulted in an increase in tax equivalent net interest income of \$420 thousand to \$8.5 million in 2011 compared to \$8.1 million in 2010. The Bank's net interest margin increased from 3.53% to 3.61% in 2011. The increase in the net interest margin is the result of a decrease in the rate on interest-bearing liabilities of 38 basis points, while the yield on interest-earnings assets only decreased 29 basis points.

The following table shows a comparative analysis of average balances, asset yields and funding costs for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010. These components drive changes in net interest income.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30 2011							
		Tax				Tax		
(D. II	Average	Equivalent	Average		Average	Equivalen		_
(Dollars in thousands)	balance	Interest	yield/rate		balance	Interest	yield/ra	ate
Interest-earning assets								
Federal funds sold and								
interest-bearing balances	\$27,159	\$17	0.25	%	\$15,402	\$12	0.31	%
Investment securities	137,207	1,141	3.56	%	134,327	1,315	3.92	%
Loans	770,995	9,647	4.96	%	760,576	9,837	5.10	%
Total interest-earning assets	\$935,361	10,805	4.58	%	\$910,305	11,164	4.87	%
-								
Interest-bearing liabilities								
Interest-bearing deposits	\$683,971	1,725	1.00	%	\$643,094	2,048	1.26	%
Securities sold under								
agreements to repurchase	63,642	40	0.25	%	61,480	38	0.25	%
Long-term debt	49,052	522	4.22	%	93,278	980	4.17	%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$796,665	2,287	1.14	%	\$797,852	3,066	1.52	%
Interest spread			3.44	%			3.35	%
Tax equivalent Net interest								
income/Net interest margin		8,518	3.61	%		8,098	3.53	%
Tax equivalent adjustment		(402))			(180)	
Net interest income		\$8,116				\$7,918		

All amounts have been adjusted to a tax-equivalent basis using a tax rate of 34%. Investments include the average unrealized gains or losses. Loan balances include nonaccruing loans and are gross of the allowance for loan losses.

Provision for Loan Losses

For the third quarter of 2011, the provision expense was \$2.8 million versus \$625 thousand in 2010. For more information concerning loan quality and the allowance for loan losses, refer to the Loan discussion in the Financial Condition section.

Noninterest Income

For the third quarter of 2011, noninterest income increased \$505 thousand from the same period in 2010. Investment and trust service fees increased \$69 thousand due to higher recurring asset management fees. Loan service charges decreased \$91 thousand as mortgage origination fees decreased due to lower consumer demand. Mortgage banking fees were flat, while deposit service charges decreased \$104 thousand due to lower retail overdraft fees and less retail and commercial checking service charge fees. Other service charges and fees increased \$69 thousand primarily due to an increase in ATM and debit card fees. The increase in cash surrender value of life insurance remained flat for the quarter, while other income increased \$52 thousand primarily due to a state sales tax refund. Securities gains of \$138 thousand were recorded during the quarter primarily from the sale of equity securities. There were no other than temporary impairment charges recorded during the quarter.

The following table presents a comparison of noninterest income for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

	For the Three Months Ended							
(Dollars in thousands)	Sej	ptember 30	(Change				
	2011	2010	Amount	%				
Noninterest Income								
Investment and trust services fees	\$ 953	\$ 884	\$69	7.8				
Loan service charges	197	288	(91) (31.6)				
Mortgage banking activities	(53) (55) 2	(3.6)				
Deposit service charges and fees	518	622	(104) (16.7)				
Other service charges and fees	422	353	69	19.5				
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	168	172	(4) (2.3)				
Other	70	18	52	288.9				
OTTI losses on securities	-	(318) 318	N/M				
Less: Loss recognized in other comprehensive income								
(before taxes)	-	-	-	N/M				
Net OTTI losses recognized in earnings	-	(318) 318	N/M				
Securities gains (losses), net	138	(56) 194	(346.4)				
Total noninterest income	\$ 2,413	\$ 1,908	\$505	26.5				

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense for the third quarter of 2011 totaled \$7.0 million compared to \$6.6 million in the same quarter of 2010. The increase in salaries and benefits was primarily due to annual salary adjustments (\$191 thousand), as well as increases in health insurance expense (\$154 thousand), pension expense (\$66 thousand) and for an incentive compensation program (\$63 thousand). Legal and professional fees decreased due to lower legal fees in 2011, while FDIC insurance decreased \$46 thousand, as the FDIC assessment rate decreased. Other expenses increased \$134 thousand due to expenses related to the upgrade to the Bank's core processing system during the third quarter of 2011.

The following table presents a comparison of noninterest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended								
	September 30			Change					
	2011 2010			1	Amount		%		
Noninterest Expense									
Salaries and benefits	\$	3,796	\$	3,384	\$	412		12.2	
Net occupancy expense		495		478		17		3.6	
Furniture and equipment expense		194		196		(2)	(1.0))
Advertising		356		368		(12)	(3.3)
Legal and professional fees		287		418		(131)	(31.3)
Data processing		339		370		(31)	(8.4)
Pennsylvania bank shares tax		173		151		22		14.6	
Intangible amortization		112		114		(2)	(1.8)
FDIC insurance		256		302		(46)	(15.2))
Other		988		854		134		15.7	
Total noninterest expense	\$	6,996	\$	6,635	\$	361		5.4	

Income taxes

For the third quarter of 2011 the Corporation recorded a Federal income tax benefit of \$301 thousand compared to income tax expense of \$763 thousand for the same quarter in 2010, due to a lower level of pre-tax income, due primarily to a higher provision for loan loss expense, that was offset by a higher proportion of tax free income to pre-tax income that resulted in less tax expense.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2011 to the nine months ended September 30, 2010:

Net Interest Income

Tax equivalent interest income for the first nine months of 2011 decreased by \$1.1 million compared to 2010. Average interest-earning assets increased \$11.4 million from 2010, but the yield on these assets decreased by 22 basis points. The average balance of investment securities decreased \$8.2 million year over year due to pay downs, maturities and sales in the portfolio, net of investment purchases. Total average loans increased \$10.7 million (1.4%) year over year. Average commercial loans increased \$37.0 million, but the increase was partially offset by a decrease in the average balance of mortgage and consumer loans. Average mortgage loans decreased \$5.4 million, as the majority of new mortgage originations are sold in the secondary market and the portfolio continues to runoff. Average consumer loans, including home equity loans, decreased \$21.0 million, as consumers continue to borrow less during the economic recession and the indirect lending portfolio continues to run-off as the Bank exited this business in early 2010 and no new loans have been booked.

Interest expense was \$7.1 million for the first nine months of 2011, a decrease of \$2.6 million from the 2010 total of \$9.7 million. Average interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$12.3 million to \$787.2 million for 2011 from an average balance of \$799.5 million in 2010. The average cost of these liabilities decreased from 1.61% in 2010 to 1.21% in 2011. Average interest-bearing deposits increased \$24.8 million, due to increases in interest checking and savings accounts (\$34.5 million), and money management deposits (\$38.8 million), but these increases were offset by decreases in certificates of deposit (\$28.1 million). The cost of interest-bearing deposits decreased from 1.37% to 1.03%. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase have decreased \$1.5 million on average over the prior year, but the average rate remained constant at .25%. The average balance of long-term debt decreased by \$35.8 million due to scheduled amortization and maturities, as well as prepayments of \$15.6 million on three Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (FHLB) advances.

The changes in the balance sheet and interest rates resulted in an increase in tax equivalent net interest income of \$1.4 million to \$25.2 million in 2011 compared to \$23.8 million in 2010. The Bank's net interest margin increased from 3.47% to 3.67% in 2011. The increase in the net interest margin is primarily the result of a decrease in the rate on interest-bearing liabilities of 40 basis points that more than offset the decrease in the yield on interest-earning assets of 22 basis points.

The following table shows a comparative analysis of average balances, asset yields and funding costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010. These components drive changes in net interest income.

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30 2011							
		Tax						
	Average	Equivalent	Average		Average	Equivalen	t Avera	ge
(Dollars in thousands)	balance	Interest	yield/rate		balance	Interest	yield/ra	ate
Interest-earning assets								
Federal funds sold and								
interest-bearing balances	\$22,843	\$43	0.25	%	\$13,892	\$26	0.25	%
Investment securities	132,078	3,402	3.75	%	140,285	4,235	4.02	%
Loans	764,697	28,905	5.05	%	753,994	29,191	5.14	%
Total interest-earning assets	\$919,618	32,350	4.70	%	\$908,171	33,452	4.92	%
Interest-bearing liabilities								
Interest-bearing deposits	\$668,317	5,153	1.03	%	\$643,526	6,611	1.37	%
Securities sold under								
agreements to repurchase	60,507	113	0.25	%	62,028	116	0.25	%
Short-term borrowings	238	1	0.73	%	74	-	0.64	%
Long-term debt	58,114	1,837	4.23	%	93,889	2,930	4.17	%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$787,176	7,104	1.21	%	\$799,517	9,657	1.61	%
Interest spread			3.50	%			3.31	%
Tax equivalent Net interest								
income/Net interest margin		25,246	3.67	%		23,795	3.47	%
Tax equivalent adjustment		(1,151)			(686)	
Net interest income		\$24,095				\$23,109		

All amounts have been adjusted to a tax-equivalent basis using a tax rate of 34%. Investments include the average unrealized gains or losses. Loan balances include nonaccruing loans and are gross of the allowance for loan losses.

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision expense, year-to-date, was \$5.4 million versus \$1.9 million in 2010. For more information concerning loan quality and the allowance for loan losses, refer to the Loan discussion in the Financial Condition section.

Noninterest Income

For the first nine months of 2011, noninterest income increased 9.2% to \$7.4 million compared to \$6.7 million in the same period in 2010. Investment and trust service fees increased \$35 thousand due to higher recurring asset management fees. Loan service charges increased \$152 thousand primarily from a large prepayment penalty on a commercial loan. This loan was match funded with an FHLB advance and the fee to prepay the FHLB advance is recorded in other expense. Mortgage banking fees decreased year over year as 2011 had net impairment charges of \$145 thousand compared to a reversal of previously recorded impairment charges of \$12 thousand in 2010. In addition, mortgage-servicing income declined and 2010 contained \$32 thousand in gains on the sale of mortgage loans while none were recorded during the year in 2011. Deposit service charges decreased \$141 thousand due to a decrease in retail overdraft fees and a decrease in fees from the Bank's overdraft protection program. Other service charges and fees increased primarily due to a \$62 thousand increase in debit card fees and a \$28 thousand increase in ATM fees. Other income increased \$86 thousand due primarily to a state tax refund. Other than temporary impairment charges of \$55 thousand on two bonds were taken in 2011 compared to \$573 on two bonds and two equity securities in the first nine months of 2010. The Corporation also had realized gains of \$150 thousand on the sale of equity securities in 2011, compared to \$212 thousand in 2010.

The following table presents a comparison of noninterest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

	For the Nine Months Ended								
(Dollars in thousands)	Se	otember 30	(Change					
	2011	2010	Amount	t %					
Noninterest Income									
Investment and trust services fees	\$ 2,943	\$ 2,908	\$35	1.2					
Loan service charges	909	757	152	20.1					
Mortgage banking activities	(88)) 25	(113) (452.0)				
Deposit service charges and fees	1,652	1,793	(141) (7.9)				
Other service charges and fees	1,167	1,029	138	13.4					
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	508	503	5	1.0					
Other	176	90	86	95.6					
OTTI losses on securities	(271) (1,007) 736	(73.1)				
Less: Loss recognized in other comprehensive income									
(before taxes)	(216) (434) 218	(50.2)				
Net OTTI losses recognized in earnings	(55) (573) 518	(90.4)				
Securities gains (losses), net	150	212	(62) (29.2)				
Total noninterest income	\$ 7,362	\$ 6,744	\$618	9.2					

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense for the first nine months of 2011 totaled \$21.5 million compared to \$19.8 million in the same period in 2010. The increase in salaries and benefits was primarily due to annual salary adjustments (\$464 thousand), as well as for an increase in health insurance (\$272 thousand), pension expense (\$198 thousand), and for an incentive compensation program (\$187 thousand). Legal and professional fees decreased due primarily to lower legal fees in 2011, which are down \$247 thousand compared to 2010. FDIC insurance decreased \$60 thousand, as the FDIC assessment rate decreased. Other expenses increased \$678 thousand due to \$344 thousand in prepayment penalties on three FHLB advances of \$15.6 million. The prepaid advances included \$12 million to prepay term loans with a high interest rate and \$3.6 million that was match funded to a commercial loan. The rates on the term loans were more than what the Corporation was earning on invested overnight funds and it will recoup this expense through the

remainder of 2011 as a result of the prepayment.

The following table presents a comparison of noninterest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

(Dollars in thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended								
	September 30								
		2011		2010		Amount		%	
Noninterest Expense									
Salaries and benefits	\$	11,392	\$	10,147	\$	1,245		12.3	
Net occupancy expense		1,523		1,498		25		1.7	
Furniture and equipment expense		631		578		53		9.2	
Advertising		1,000		951		49		5.2	
Legal and professional fees		801		1,163		(362)	(31.1)
Data processing		1,208		1,249		(41)	(3.3)
Pennsylvania bank shares tax		510		459		51		11.1	
Intangible amortization		335		343		(8)	(2.3)
FDIC insurance		822		882		(60)	(6.8)
Other		3,228		2,550		678		26.6	
Total noninterest expense	\$	21,450	\$	19,820	\$	1,630		8.2	

Income taxes

For the first nine months of 2011, the Corporation recorded a Federal income tax benefit of \$102 thousand compared to \$2.2 million of income tax expense in 2010. During the second quarter of 2011, an internal review discovered that tax-exempt commercial loans booked in the fourth quarter of 2008, during 2009, 2010 and the first quarter of 2011 were not properly coded as tax-exempt in the Bank's core processing system. This resulted in the income from these loans being recorded as taxable income and the benefit of the tax-exempt status was not reflected in the Corporation's income tax calculation. After a thorough review of the affected loans to determine the unrecorded tax benefit, and consultation with the Corporation's internal and external audit firms, the Corporation deemed the adjustment to be immaterial to the consolidated financial statements for the current and prior year and therefore, no prior period adjustment was required. The Corporation recorded the past income tax benefits during the second quarter of 2011. The adjustment to income tax expense for the second quarter was a credit of approximately \$660 thousand attributable to the years 2008, 2009 and 2010 and approximately \$95 thousand attributable to the first quarter of 2011. This adjustment is reflected in the nine month period ended September 30, 2011. In addition, a lower level of pre-tax income in 2011, due primarily to a higher provision for loan loss expense, offset by a higher proportion of tax-exempt income also helped reduce income tax expense for the period. Without the adjustments for past periods, the effective tax rate for 2011 would have been 12.2%. Likewise, had the 2010 adjustment been recognized in 2010, the effective tax rate would have been 22.3% compared to 26.1% as reported. All taxable income for the Corporation is taxed at a rate of 34%.

Financial Condition

Summary:

At September 30, 2011, assets totaled \$996.9 million, an increase of \$45.1 million from the 2010 year-end balance of \$951.9 million. Investment securities increased \$14.0 million, while net loans increased \$17.6 million. Deposits were up \$55.0 million in 2011 due primarily to increases in noninterest-bearing and money management deposits. Shareholders' equity increased \$3.8 million during the first nine months as retained earnings increased approximately \$1.5 million, other comprehensive loss improved \$982 thousand and the Corporation's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRIP) added an additional \$1.3 million in new capital.

Investment Securities:

At September 30, 2011 the investment portfolio totaled \$131.6 million, approximately \$14 million more than at year-end 2010. The composition of the portfolio has not changed significantly during the year with a significant portion of the portfolio (46%) being held in U.S. Agency mortgage-backed securities. During the year, \$34.2 million of new purchases were made. The majority of these purchases (\$24.0 million) were agency mortgage backed securities that were added as collateral for secured deposits and Repos. Approximately \$5.0 million of tax-exempt municipal securities were also purchased. The investment portfolio had a net unrealized gain of \$563 thousand at September 30, 2011 compared to a net unrealized loss of \$1.0 million at year-end 2010. The largest unrealized losses were in the equity and trust preferred sectors, but these losses were offset by unrealized gains in the municipal and agency mortgage-backed securities sectors.

The equity portfolio is comprised of bank stocks and the Bank and the Corporation each maintain separate equity investment portfolios. The municipal bond portfolio is well diversified geographically (issuers from within 25 states) and is comprised primarily of general obligation bonds (79%). Most municipal bonds have credit enhancements in the form of private bond insurance or other credit support. The largest municipal bond exposure is to nineteen issuers in the state of Texas with a fair value of \$7.2 million. The Bank holds corporate bonds with a fair value \$2.5 million (3 issuers) representing financial services companies. The trust preferred investments are comprised of seven single issuer trust preferred securities with an amortized cost of \$5.9 million and a fair value of \$4.7 million. The majority of the mortgage-backed security portfolio is comprised of U.S. Government Agency products. However, the Bank has seven private-label mortgage backed securities (PLMBS) with an amortized cost of \$3.6 million and a fair value of \$3.3 million.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available for sale as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are:

(Dollars in thousands)		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	unrealized	unrealized	Fair
September 30, 2011	cost	gains	losses	Value
Equity securities	\$2,768	\$13	\$(976	\$1,805
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	14,402	74	(18) 14,458
Obligations of state and political subdivisions	42,004	2,248	(4) 44,248
Corporate debt securities	2,539	51	(90) 2,500
Trust Preferred securities	5,886	-	(1,215) 4,671
Mortgage-backed securities				
Agency	59,726	1,213	(354) 60,585
Private-label	3,631	2	(363	3,270
Asset-backed securities	69	-	(18) 51
	\$131,025	\$3,601	\$(3,038	\$131,588
		Gross	Gross	
(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized	Gross unrealized	Gross unrealized	Fair
(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2010	Amortized cost			Fair Value
·		unrealized	unrealized	
December 31, 2010	cost	unrealized gains	unrealized losses	Value
December 31, 2010 Equity securities	cost \$4,126	unrealized gains \$50	unrealized losses \$(538	Value) \$3,638
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	cost \$4,126 14,780	unrealized gains \$50 61	unrealized losses \$(538) (56)	Value) \$3,638) 14,785
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477	unrealized gains \$50 61 894	unrealized losses \$(538 (56 (419	Value) \$3,638) 14,785) 39,952
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647	unrealized gains \$50 61 894 64	unrealized losses \$(538 (56 (419 (46	Value) \$3,638) 14,785) 39,952) 2,665
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647	unrealized gains \$50 61 894 64	unrealized losses \$(538 (56 (419 (46	Value) \$3,638) 14,785) 39,952) 2,665
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647 5,875	unrealized gains \$50 61 894 64	unrealized losses \$(538 (56 (419 (46 (1,678	Value) \$3,638) 14,785) 39,952) 2,665) 4,197
December 31, 2010 Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency	cost \$4,126 14,780 39,477 2,647 5,875 47,239	unrealized gains \$50 61 894 64 -	unrealized losses \$(538 (56 (419 (46 (1,678	Value) \$3,638) 14,785) 39,952) 2,665) 4,197

The following table provides additional detail about the Bank's trust preferred securities as of September 30, 2011:

Trust Preferred Securities

(Dollars in the	ousands)	/								
									Deferrals	Expected Deferral/
	Single						Lowest	Number of	and Defaults	Defaults as a
	Issuer				Gross		Credit	Banks	as % of	Percentage of
	or	1	Amortiz	zed	Unrealize	ed	Rating	Currently	Original	Remaining Performin
Deal Name	Pooled	Class	Cost	Fair Val	lu G ain (Los	ss)/	Assigned	Performing	Collateral	Collateral
							C	-		
Huntington										
Cap Trust	Single	Preferred Stock	\$929	\$785	\$(144) E	3	1	None	None
Huntington										
Cap Trust II	Single	Preferred Stock	875	755	(120) E	3	1	None	None
BankAmerica	ı									
Cap III	Single	Preferred Stock	956	645	(311)	BB	1	None	None
Wachovia										
Cap Trust II	Single	Preferred Stock	273	252	(21)	Baa2	1	None	None

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Corestates									
Captl Tr II	Single	Preferred Stock	925	849	(76)	Baa1	1	None	None
Chase Cap									
VI JPM	Single	Preferred Stock	957	783	(174)	BBB	1	None	None
Fleet Cap Tr									
V	Single	Preferred Stock	971	602	(369)	BB	1	None	None
			\$5,886	\$4,671	\$(1,215)				

The following table provides additional detail about private label mortgage-backed securities as of September 30, 2011:

		Private L	abel Mor	tgage Backe	d Securitie	S		
(Dollars in thousands)		C	Cummulative					
	Orgination	ation Amortized Fair UnrealizedCollateral			Lowest Credit	Credit	OTTI	
				Gain			Support	
Decscription	Date	Cost	Value	(Loss)	Type	Rating Assigned	%	Charges
RALI 2003-QS15 A1	8/1/2003	\$ 297	\$ 299	\$ 2	ALT A	A1	11.21	\$ -
RALI 2004-QS4 A7	3/1/2004	488	480	(8)	ALT A	AA	12.29	-
MALT 2004-6 7A1	6/1/2004	652	627	(25)	ALT A	BB	11.17	-
RALI 2005-QS2 A1	2/1/2005	578	526	(52)	ALT A	CCC	7.33	-
RALI 2006-QS4 A2	4/1/2006	853	652	(201)	ALT A	D	-	218
GSR 2006-5F 2A1	5/1/2006	313	307	(6)	Prime	CCC	3.31	-
RALI 2006-QS8 A1	7/28/2006	450	379	(71)	ALT A	D	-	172
		\$ 3,631	\$ 3,270	\$ (361)				\$ 390

The investment portfolio contained 71 securities with \$40.0 million of temporarily impaired fair value and \$3.0 million in unrealized losses. This position is improved from year-end 2010 when there were 85 securities with an unrealized loss of \$3.2 million, but slightly worse than at June 30 as the overall market trended downward during the third quarter. The trust preferred investment category showed the largest improvement during the year as it unrealized loss declined by \$463 thousand. However, the improvement was offset by unrealized losses in the equity portfolio that increased \$438 thousand.

For securities with an unrealized loss, Management applies a systematic methodology in order to perform an assessment of the potential for "other-than-temporary" impairment. In the case of debt securities, investments considered for "other-than-temporary" impairment: (1) had a specified maturity or repricing date; (2) were generally expected to be redeemed at par, and (3) were expected to achieve a recovery in market value within a reasonable period of time. In addition, the Bank considers whether it intends to sell these securities or whether it will be forced to sell these securities before maturity. Equity securities are assessed for other-than-temporary impairment based on the length of time of impairment, dollar amount of the impairment and general market and financial conditions relating to specific issues. Accordingly, the impairments identified on debt and equity securities and subjected to the assessment at September 30, 2011 were deemed to be temporary and required no further adjustment to the financial statements, unless otherwise noted.

The following table reflects temporary impairment in the investment portfolio (excluding restricted stock), aggregated by investment category, length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position and the number of securities in each category as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

(Dollars in thousands)	Less t Fair Value	han 12 mor Unrealized Losses		_	ember 30, 2 nonths or mo Unrealized Losses	ore	Fair Value	Total Unrealized Losses I	Number
Equity securities	\$ 490	\$ (122)	3	\$ 1,262	\$ (854)	20	\$ 1,752	\$ (976)	23
Obligations of U.S.									
Government agencies	2,500	(1)	1	6,062	(17)	12	8,562	(18)	13
Obligations of state and political									
subdivisions	362	(4)	1	_	_	_	362	(4)	1
Corporate debt	302	(+)	1				302	(1)	1
securities	-	-	_	1,919	(90) 2	1,919	(90)	2
Trust Preferred									
securities	-	-	-	4,671	(1,215)	7	4,671	(1,215)	7
Mortgage-backed									
securities	10.256	(210.)	1.5	1 250	(11	. 1	10.614	(251	16
Agency Private-label	18,356 1,107	(310)		1,258 1,864	(44)) 1	19,614 2,971	(354) (363)	16 6
Asset-backed	1,107	(34)	2	1,004	(329)) 4	2,971	(303)	U
securities	_	_	_	50	(18) 3	50	(18)	3
Total temporarily					(- /	-		(-)	
impaired securities	\$ 22,815	\$ (471)	22	\$ 17,086	\$ (2,567)) 49	\$ 39,901	\$ (3,038)	71
(Dollars in thousands)	Less t Fair Value	han 12 mon Unrealized Losses			ember 31, 20 nonths or mo Unrealized Losses	ore	Fair Value	Total Unrealized Losses 1	Number
(Dollars in thousands) Equity securities	Fair	Unrealized	d	12 m Fair	onths or mo Unrealized	ore I		Unrealized	Number 21
Equity securities Obligations of U.S.	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	d Number	Fair Value \$ 3,261	Unrealized Losses \$ (537	ore l Number	Value	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538)	
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	d Number	12 m Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Number	Value	Unrealized Losses	
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	d Number 1	Fair Value \$ 3,261	Unrealized Losses \$ (537	ore I Number 20	Value \$ 3,262	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538)	21
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	Number 1 2	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433	Unrealized Losses \$ (537)	Number 20 14	Value \$ 3,262 9,909	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538) (56)	21 16
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	Number 1 2	Fair Value \$ 3,261	Unrealized Losses \$ (537	ore I Number 20	Value \$ 3,262	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538)	21
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	Number 1 2	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433	Unrealized Losses \$ (537) (39)	Number 20 14	Value \$ 3,262 9,909 12,153	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538) (56)	21 16 25
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	Number 1 2 24	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433	Unrealized Losses \$ (537) (39)	Number 20 14	Value \$ 3,262 9,909	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538) (56)	21 16
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	Number 1 2 24	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433	Unrealized Losses \$ (537) (39)	Number Number 1 1 1 2	Value \$ 3,262 9,909 12,153	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538) (56)	21 16 25
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	Number 1 2 24	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433 292 1,968	Unrealized Losses \$ (537) (39)	Number Number 1 1 1 2	Value \$ 3,262 9,909 12,153 1,968	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538) (56) (419) (46)	21 16 25 2
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476	Unrealized Losses \$ (1)	1 2 24 -	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433 292 1,968 4,196	(1,678)	Number Number 1 Number 1 20 14 1 2 7	Value \$ 3,262 9,909 12,153 1,968	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538) (56) (419) (46) (1,678)	21 16 25 2 7
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Private-label	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476 11,861 -	Unrealized Losses \$ (1) (17) (405)	1 2 24 -	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433 292 1,968	Unrealized Losses \$ (537) (39)	Number Number 1 Number 1 20 14 1 2 7	Value \$ 3,262 9,909 12,153 1,968 4,196	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538) (56) (419) (46) (1,678)	21 16 25 2
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Private-label Asset-backed	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476 11,861 -	Unrealized Losses \$ (1) (17) (405)	1 2 24 - 6	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433 292 1,968 4,196	(1,678)	Number Number 20 14 7 5	Value \$ 3,262 9,909 12,153 1,968 4,196 9,859 2,676	Unrealized Losses I \$ (538) (56) (419) (46) (415)	21 16 25 2 7
Equity securities Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Trust Preferred securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Private-label	Fair Value \$ 1 3,476 11,861 -	Unrealized Losses \$ (1) (17) (405)	1 2 24 - 6	12 m Fair Value \$ 3,261 6,433 292 1,968 4,196	(1,678)	Number Number 1 Number 1 20 14 1 2 7	Value \$ 3,262 9,909 12,153 1,968 4,196 9,859	Unrealized Losses 1 \$ (538) (56) (419) (46) (1,678)	21 16 25 2 7

At September 30, 2011, the unrealized loss in the equity portfolio was \$976 thousand on a fair value of \$1.8 million. The fair value of equities with an unrealized loss declined by \$1.5 million since year-end 2010. The reduction in the fair value is due in large part to the sale of more than 38,000 shares of Tower Bancorp during the year with a fair value of approximately \$880 thousand. The unrealized loss on equity securities increased by \$438 thousand with nearly all of this increase occurring during the third quarter as overall market prices for bank stocks moved down.

The unrealized loss in the trust preferred portfolio at September 30, 2011 is \$1.2 million compared to \$896 thousand at June 30, 2011 and \$1.7 million at year-end 2010. These securities show a significant price improvement since year-end, but general market conditions resulted in lower prices and higher unrealized losses during the third quarter. Trust-preferred securities can reflect single entity issues or a group of entities (pooled trust preferred). Pooled trust preferred securities have been the subject of significant write-downs due in some cases from the default of one issuer in the pool that then impairs the entire pool. All of the Bank's trust preferred securities are single issue, variable rate notes with long maturities (2027 – 2028) from companies that received money (and in some cases paid back) from the Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP), continue to pay dividends and have raised capital. At September 30, 2011, the Bank believes it will be able to collect all interest and principal due on these bonds and no other-than-temporary-impairment charges were recorded. See the Trust Preferred Securities table for additional information.

The largest unrealized loss in the MBS portfolio is in the private-label PLMBS sector with a net unrealized loss of \$363 thousand. Six PLMBS have an unrealized loss of \$363 thousand, while one bond has a small unrealized gain of \$2 thousand. These bonds were all rated AAA at time of purchase, but have since have experienced rating declines. Some have experienced increased delinquencies and defaults, while others have seen the credit support increase as the bonds paid-down. The Bank monitors the performance of the PLMBS investments on a regular basis and reviews delinquencies, default rates, credit support levels and various cash flow stress test scenarios. In determining the credit related loss, Management considers all principal past due 60 days or more as a loss. If additional principal moves beyond 60 days past due, it will also be considered a loss. As a result of the analysis on PLMBS it was determined that two bonds contained losses that were considered other-than-temporarily impaired and an impairment charge of \$55 thousand was recorded during the second quarter of 2011. This charge represents the amount that Management believes is attributable to credit issues related to the two bonds. The market for PLMBS continues to be weak and Management believes that this factor accounts for the remaining portion of the unrealized losses that is not attributable to credit issues. There were no other-than-temporary charges recorded on PLMBS during the third quarter. Management continues to monitor these securities and it is possible that additional write-downs may occur if current loss trends continue. See the PLMBS table above for additional information.

The following table represents the cumulative credit losses on securities recognized in earnings as of September 30, 2011.

		Nine Months
(Dollars in thousands)		Ended
	5	September 30,
		2011
Balance of cumulative credit losses on securities, January 1, 2011	\$	335
Additions for credit losses recorded which were not previously recognized as componenets of		
earnings		55
Balance of cumulative credit losses on securities, September 30, 2011	\$	390

The Bank held \$5.3 million of restricted stock at September 30, 2011. Except for \$30 thousand, this investment represents stock in FHLB Pittsburgh. The Bank is required to hold this stock to be a member of FHLB and it is carried at cost of \$100 per share. In December 2008, FHLB announced it would suspend its regular cash dividend and the regular repurchase of excess capital stock from its members as part of capital restoration plan. However, FHLB has made unscheduled stock repurchases of \$874 thousand during the year. Despite these purchases, FHLB has not resumed its past practice of redeeming excess capital stock on a regular basis. FHLB stock is evaluated for impairment primarily based on an assessment of the ultimate recoverability of its cost. As a government sponsored entity, FHLB has the ability to raise funding through the U.S. Treasury that can be used to support its operations. There is not a public market for FHLB stock and the benefits of FHLB membership (e.g., liquidity and low cost funding) add value to the stock beyond purely financial measures. Management intends to remain a member of the FHLB and believes that it will be able to fully recover the cost basis of this investment.

Loans:

Net loans increased \$17.6 million from year-end. Residential real estate loans, comprised of mortgage and home equity loans, decreased \$4.7 million from year-end 2010. First lien loans remained flat as the Bank sells the majority of new mortgage originations in the secondary market. The Bank originated approximately \$10.8 million in mortgage loans for sale this year through a third party brokerage agreement. The Bank collects a fee for originating these loans, but it does not retain or service the loans. Junior liens and lines of credit decreased \$4.6 million, as there is less demand from consumers for home equity products. Many consumers have seen the equity in their homes decline and are less willing to borrow money in the uncertain economy. Due to these facts, the Bank expects its residential real

estate loan portfolio to decline in future periods.

Residential real estate construction loans decreased \$61.2 million from the end of 2010 to \$18.4 million at September 30, 2011. The majority of this decrease is offset by the increase in the commercial real estate portfolio as loans were reclassified due to construction loans moving to an amortizing status and to more accurately reflect the collateral or purpose of the loan. The Bank's exposure to residential construction loans is concentrated primarily in south central Pennsylvania. This portfolio is comprised of \$778 thousand to individuals to build their own homes and \$17.6 million to developers to construct residential homes for sale or improve land for the sale of residential building lots. These balances compare to \$6.0 million to individuals and \$73.6 million to developers at year-end. Real estate construction loans, especially land development loans, frequently provide an interest reserve in order to assist the developer during the development stage when minimal cash flow is generated. All real estate construction loans are underwritten in the same manner, regardless of the use of an interest reserve. At September 30, 2011, the Bank had \$21.8 million in real estate loans with a Bank funded interest reserve and has capitalized \$2.1 million of interest from these reserves on active projects. Real estate construction loans are monitored on a regular basis by either an independent third party inspector or the assigned loan officer depending on loan amount or complexity of the project. This monitoring process includes at a minimum, the submission of invoices and AIA documents of costs incurred by the borrower, on-site inspections, and a signature by the assigned loan officer for disbursement of funds. Year-to-date, the Bank has recognized \$316 thousand of interest income that was funded by interest reserve accounts.

Commercial real estate loans (CRE) increased \$56.5 million during the first nine months of 2011. The commercial real estate portfolio includes \$109.1 million of owner occupied properties, \$130.2 million of non-owner occupied properties, \$70.8 million of construction and land development and \$38.1 million secured by farmland. Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans (C&I) increased \$30.5 million, primarily the result of loans to local municipalities (approximately \$11.5 million) and loans to commercial customers to fund business operations (approximately \$17.2 million). Included in the C&I portfolio is \$57.5 million of loans to government municipalities. During the first nine months of 2011, the Bank purchased \$12.2 million of loan participations, \$2.7 million of C&I loans, \$3.4 million included in residential real estate construction and \$6.1 million of commercial real estate loans. The Bank expects the amount of commercial loan participations available for purchase in 2011 to be similar to the \$17.4 million purchased in 2010. At September 30, 2011, the Bank held \$152.3 million in purchased commercial loan participations.

Consumer loans have decreased by approximately \$3.2 million, with most of the decrease occurring in the indirect lending portfolio. With the Bank's decision to exit this line of business in the first quarter of 2010, as well as the unwillingness of consumers to increase their debt, the consumer portfolio will continue to run-down.

The following table presents a summary of loans outstanding, by primary collateral as of:

							C	han	ge	
	S	eptember 30,		Ι	December 31,					
(Dollars in thousands)		2011			2010		Amount		%	
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family										
First liens	\$	144,022		\$	144,128		\$(106)	(0.1)
Junior liens and lines of credit		52,137			56,694		(4,557)	(8.0))
Total		196,159			200,822		(4,663)	(2.3)
Residential real estate - construction		18,377			79,557		(61,180)	(76.9)
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate		360,681			304,195		56,486		18.6	
Commercial, industrial and agricultural		177,162			146,672		30,490		20.8	
Consumer		14,227			17,396		(3,169)	(18.2))
		766,606			748,642		17,964		2.4	
Less: Allowance for loan losses		(9,195)		(8,801)	(394)	4.5	
Net Loans	\$	757,411		\$	739,841		\$17,570		2.4	
Included in the loan balances are the following:										
Net unamortized deferred loan costs	\$	477		\$	567					
Unamortized discount on purchased loans	\$	(180)	\$	(220)				
Loans pledged as collateral for borrowings and										
commitments from:										
FHLB	\$	665,637		\$	648,272					
Federal Reserve Bank		42,925			53,682					
	\$	708,562		\$	701,954					

Loan Quality:

Management utilizes a risk rating system (1-9) to evaluate loan asset quality. It monitors loan asset quality by continually reviewing four measurements: (1) watch list loans (loans risk rated 6 or higher), (2) loan delinquency, (3) foreclosed real estate (other real estate owned or OREO), and (4) net-charge-offs. Management compares trends in these measurements with its national and local peer group's average measurements.

Loans that are risk rated 6 (OAEM) or lower are placed on the watch list. At September 30, 2011, there was \$81.4 million on the watch list, down slightly from \$83.3 million at June 30, 2011, but up from \$69.9 million at December 31, 2010. The watch list is comprised of \$46.8 million of loans with a risk rating of 6 and \$34.6 million of loans with a risk rating of 7. The watch list is a comprehensive list of loans that the Bank has identified as needing increased monitoring, usually because of indications that the borrower is, or is likely to be, in a position of weakening cash flow that may require alternative sources of cash, or collateral liquidation to pay the loan. Included on the watch list are loans that may or may not be delinquent or on nonaccrual, loans that may or may not be considered impaired (including troubled debt restructurings), and potential problem loans. The Bank's Loan Management Committee reviews the watch list and risk ratings on a monthly basis in order to proactively identify and manage loan problems.

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect all interest and principal payments due according to the originally contracted terms of the loan agreement. Impaired loans totaled \$33.6 million on September 30, 2011 compared to \$37.0 million and \$33.2 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. The majority of the impaired loan balance is in commercial and agriculture real estate, \$22.6 million. The Bank has \$13.5 million of impaired loans with no loss reserve and \$20.1

million with an established loss reserve of \$4.7 million. See the Loan Quality Note to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on impaired loans.

A loan is considered a troubled debt restructuring (TDR) if the creditor (the Bank), for economic or legal reasons related to the debtor's financial difficulties, grants a concession to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider. The Bank has 29 loan contracts, between 8 borrowers classified as TDR loans for \$11.1 million up from 2 loan contracts totaling \$656 thousand at December 31, 2010. Performing TDR loans totaled \$6.4 million and \$4.7 million are nonperforming. When a loan is newly classified as a TDR, it is reviewed for nonaccrual status. If the loan is put on nonaccrual, it is on nonaccrual status for a period of at least 6 months in order to ensure it can perform in accordance with its restructured terms. During this period, if the loan performs, interest is recognized on a cash basis. Of the \$4.7 million of TDR on nonaccrual, \$2.7 million represents one new TDR loan. There is one TDR for \$462 thousand that is past due 90 days or more and is considered not to be performing in accordance with its restructured terms. One loan classified as a TDR (\$2.7 million) during the third quarter represents the Bank's restructured portion of a large shared national credit. This credit was comprised of several loans to related entities and principals of the shared national credit. All of the loans were restructured into one performing "A" note and a nonperforming "B" note. The "B" note was charged-off at restructuring in the third quarter and the Bank recorded a charge-off of \$1.9 million on its share of the "B" note. The Bank's "A" note is \$2.7 million and is currently carried as a nonaccrual loan. The Bank expects that the borrower will be able to perform under the restructured terms and that it will be able to be returned to accrual status after 6 months of performance. It is possible that the Bank will continue to report higher levels of TDR loans as more businesses experience economic hardship and seek loan concessions. See the Loan Quality Note to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on TDR loans.

Potential problem loans are loans where the borrowers may or may not be able to comply with current loan terms (the Bank's watch list), but exclude loans that are 90 days or more past due and nonaccrual loans. Potential problem loans totaled \$55.2 million at September 30, 2011 compared to \$55.1 million at June 30, 2011 and \$42.4 million at year-end 2010.

Delinquent loans are a result of borrowers' cash flow and/or alternative sources of cash being insufficient to pay loans. The Bank's likelihood of collateral liquidation to repay the loans becomes more probable the further behind a borrower falls, particularly when loans reach 90 days or more past due. Management's primary delinquent loans measurements are loans 30-89 days past due, and nonperforming loans (90 days or more past due or nonaccrual loans). Nonaccrual loans generally represent Management's determination that collateral liquidation is not likely to fully repay both interest and principal.

It is the Bank's policy to evaluate the probable collectability of principal and interest due under the terms of loan contracts for all loans 90-days or more past due or restructured loans. Further, it is the Bank's policy to discontinue accruing interest on loans that are not adequately secured and in the process of collection. When a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, any current year accrued interest is subtracted from its current period income, and any prior year accrued interest is charged-off from the allowance for loan losses.

Loan quality, as measured by nonperforming loans, is virtually unchanged during 2011 and nonperforming loans totaled \$26.2 million at September 30, 2011 compared to \$32.7 million at June 30, 2011 and \$27.5 million at year-end 2010. While the balance of nonperforming loans declined, much of this decrease is due to loans being charged-off or transferred to other real estate owned (OREO). Loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing increased \$1.3 with both residential and commercial real estate showing increases during the year. Nonaccrual loans fell by \$2.6 million from year-end 2010, primarily the result of a payoff on a large nonaccrual loan (\$2.2 million) in January 2011. During the second quarter of 2011, \$3.7 million was added to nonaccrual status related to three loans to one borrower in the residential real estate construction sector. In the third quarter, this property was moved to OREO as the result of accepting a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure from the developer. The loan was moved to OREO at a fair value of \$2.4 million after a charge-off of \$1.3 million. The fair value was determined by a new appraisal value that was 60% less than the property appraised for 2 years earlier. Also during the third quarter, the TDR loan of \$2.7 million previously discussed, was added to nonaccrual. The ratio of nonperforming loans to total gross loans fell from 3.68% at December 31, 2010 to 3.41% at September 30, 2011. If the slow economy continues, it is possible that other loans

may become delinquent and nonperforming loans could remain at a high level. See the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on past due loans and internal loan credit risk ratings.

The following table presents a summary of nonperforming assets:

	Septembe	er 30, 2011 % of Lo	an	December 31, 2010 % of Lo				
(Dollars in thousands)	Balance	Segmen		Balance	Segme			
Nonaccrual loans								
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family								
First liens	\$1,449	1.01	%	\$691	0.48	%		
Junior liens and lines of credit	515	0.99	%	122	0.22	%		
Total	1,964	1.00	%	813	0.40	%		
Residential real estate - construction	-	0.00	%	6,500	8.17	%		
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate	13,204	3.69	%	13,003	4.27	%		
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	4,186	2.33	%	1,668	1.14	%		
Consumer	-	-		-	-			
Total nonaccrual loans	\$19,354			\$21,984				
Loans past due 90 days or more and not included above								
Residential Real Estate 1-4 Family								
First liens	\$2,805			\$1,093				
Junior liens and lines of credit	222			833				
Total	3,027			1,926				
Residential real estate - construction	121			911				
Commercial, industrial and agricultural real estate	3,280			2,343				
Commercial, industrial and agricultural	357			244				
Consumer	22			125				
Total loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing	6,807			5,549				
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Total nonperforming loans	26,161			27,533				
1	·			•				
Other real estate owned	3,337			618				
Total nonperforming assets	\$29,498			\$28,151				
ı e								
Restructured Loans (TDRs)								
Performing	\$6,414			\$656				
Non-performing (included above)	4,674			-				
Total TDRs	\$11,088							