

CHEMICAL & MINING CO OF CHILE INC

Form 6-K

March 21, 2017

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of March, 2017.

Commission File Number 33-65728

CHEMICAL AND MINING COMPANY OF CHILE INC.

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

El Trovador 4285, Santiago, Chile (562) 2425-2000

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F: ☒ Form 40-F: ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): ☐

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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): _____

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SQM S.A.

El Trovador 4285,

Las Condes, Santiago, Chile

Tel: (56 2) 2425 2000

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Santiago, Chile. March 21, 2017.- Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. (SQM) (NYSE: SQM; Santiago Stock Exchange: SQM-B, SQM-A) reports the translation of its financial statements for the twelve months ended December 31, 2016, the Spanish version of which was filed with the Chilean Superintendency of Securities and Insurance (*Superintendencia de Valores y Seguros* or “SVS”) on March 1, 2017.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended

December 31, 2016

**Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. and
Subsidiaries**

In Thousands of United States Dollars

This document includes:

-	Independent Auditors' Report
-	Consolidated Classified Statements of Financial Position
-	Consolidated Statements of Income by Function
-	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
-	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
-	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
-	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. and Subsidiaries

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Consolidated Classified Statements of Financial Position

Assets	Note	As of December 31, 2016 ThUS\$	As of December 31, 2015 ThUS\$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7.1	514,669	527,259
Other current financial assets	10.1	289,189	636,325
Other current non-financial assets	25	30,273	47,441
Trade and other receivables, current	10.2	368,761	302,225
Trade receivables due from related parties, current	9.5	82,259	99,907
Current inventories	8	993,072	1,003,846
Current tax assets	28.1	54,787	65,277
Current assets other than assets classified as held-for-sale or disposal		2,333,010	2,682,280
Non-current assets or asset groups for disposal classified as held-for-sale		2,056	-
Total current assets		2,335,066	2,682,280
Non-current assets			
Other non-current financial assets	10.1	14,099	486
Other non-current non-financial assets	25	24,690	33,526
Trade receivables, non-current	10.2	1,840	1,050
Investments classified using the equity method of accounting	11.1-12.3	133,140	79,302
Intangible assets other than goodwill	13.1	109,439	110,428
Goodwill	13.1	37,972	38,388
Property, plant and equipment	14.1	1,532,710	1,683,576
Tax assets, non-current		29,024	14,565
Deferred tax assets	28.4	664	161
Total non-current assets		1,883,578	1,961,482
Total assets		4,218,644	4,643,762

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Classified Statements of Financial Position, (continued)

Liabilities and Equity	Note	As of December 31, 2016 ThUS\$	As of December 31, 2015 ThUS\$
Current liabilities			
Other current financial liabilities	10.4	179,144	402,030
Trade and other payables, current	10.5	200,496	136,840
Trade payables due to related parties, current	9.6	7	435
Other current provisions	18.1	41,912	31,512
Current tax liabilities	28.2	75,872	52,070
Provisions for employee benefits, current	15.1	20,998	10,074
Other current liabilities	18.3	61,920	69,966
Total current liabilities		580,349	702,927
Non-current liabilities			
Other non-current financial liabilities	10.4	1,093,438	1,290,203
Other non-current provisions	18.1	8,934	8,890
Deferred tax liabilities	28.4	206,119	219,391
Provisions for employee benefits, non-current	15.1	22,532	21,995
Total non-current liabilities		1,331,023	1,540,479
Total liabilities		1,911,372	2,243,406
Equity	17		
Share capital		477,386	477,386
Retained earnings		1,781,576	1,882,196
Other reserves		(12,888)	(19,797)
Equity attributable to owners of the Parent		2,246,074	2,339,785
Non-controlling interests		61,198	60,571
Total equity		2,307,272	2,400,356
Total liabilities and equity		4,218,644	4,643,762

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income by Function

	Note	January to December	
		2016	2015
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue	27.1	1,939,322	1,728,332
Cost of sales	27.2	(1,328,285)	(1,185,583)
Gross profit		611,037	542,749
Other income	27.3	14,781	15,343
Administrative expenses	27.4	(88,436)	(86,830)
Other expenses by function	27.5	(89,731)	(113,603)
Other gains (losses)	27.6	679	3,760
Profit (loss) from operating activities		448,330	361,419
Finance income		10,550	11,570
Finance costs	22-27.8	(57,498)	(69,853)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	11-12	13,047	10,326
Foreign currency translation differences	23	460	(12,364)
Profit (loss) before taxes		414,889	301,098
Income tax expense, continuing operations	28.4	(132,965)	(83,766)
Profit (loss) from continuing operations		281,924	217,332
Profit for the year		281,924	217,332
Profit attributable to			
Owners of the Parent		278,290	213,168
Non-controlling interests		3,634	4,164
Profit for the year		281,924	217,332

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income by Function, (continued)

		January to December	
	Note	2016	2015
		US\$	US\$
Earnings per share			
Common shares			
Basic earnings per share (US\$ per share)	21	1.0573	0.8099
Diluted common shares			
Diluted earnings per share (US\$ per share)	21	1.0573	0.8099

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Statement of comprehensive income	January to December	
	2016 ThUS\$	2015 ThUS\$
Profit (loss) for the year	281,924	217,332
Other comprehensive income		
Items of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit for the year, before taxes		
Other comprehensive income, before taxes, gains (losses) from new measurements of defined benefit plans	(3,397)	(221)
Total other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit for the year, before taxes	(3,397)	(221)
Items of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit for the year, before taxes		
Foreign currency exchange difference		
Foreign currency exchange gains I(losses) before taxes	(2,252)	(6,499)
Other comprehensive income before taxes	(2,252)	(6,499)
Cash flow hedges on defined benefit plans		
Gains (losses) from cash flow hedges	2,233	401
Other comprehensive income before taxes	2,233	401
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Gains (losses) in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,813	-
Other comprehensive income, before taxes, financial assets measured at fair value	4,813	-
Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit for the year	4,794	(6,098)
Other items of other comprehensive income before taxes	1,397	(6,319)
Income taxes related to items of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit for the year		
Income taxes related to investments in equity securities in other comprehensive income	1,300	-
Income taxes related to new measurements of defined benefit plans in other comprehensive income	(921)	309
Accumulated income taxes related to items of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit for the year	379	309
Income taxes related to items of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit for the year		
Income taxes related to cash flow hedges in other comprehensive income	470	219
	470	219

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Accumulated income taxes related to items of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit for the year

Total other comprehensive income	548	(6,847)
Total comprehensive income	282,472	210,485
Comprehensive income attributable to		
Owners of the Parent	278,831	206,533
Non-controlling interests	3,641	3,952
Total comprehensive income	282,472	210,485

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Consolidated Statements of cash flows	Note	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from sales of goods and rendering of services		1,874,202	1,713,549
Cash receipts from premiums and benefits, annuities and other benefits from policies entered		5,071	-
Cash payments to suppliers for the provision of goods and services		(796,961)	(1,082,704)
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees		(253,163)	(44,916)
Other payments related to operating activities		(32,185)	(70,991)
Dividends received		4,345	7,515
Interest paid		(55,217)	(44,225)
Interest received		10,550	11,570
Income taxes paid		(87,050)	(72,579)
Other incomes (outflows) of cash		(29,473)	10,098
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities		640,119	427,317
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
Payments made to acquire interest in joint ventures		(51,457)	(59)
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment		4,347	388
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(131,251)	(111,315)
Proceeds from sales of intangible assets		3,435	4,586
Purchases of intangible assets		(2,090)	-
Cash advances and loans granted to third parties		-	420
Proceeds from the repayment of advances and loans granted to third parties		(163)	-
Other inflows (outflows) of cash (*)		333,108	36,175
Net cash generated from (used in) investing activities		155,929	(69,805)

(*) Includes other cash receipts (payments), investments and redemptions of time deposits and other financial instruments, which do not qualify as cash and cash equivalents in accordance with IAS 7.7 as they record a maturity date from their date of origin greater than 90 days.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (continued)

	Note	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Cash flows used in financing activities			
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		100,000	137,000
Total proceeds from borrowings		100,000	137,000
Repayment of borrowings		(517,000)	(190,000)
Dividends paid		(399,410)	(127,343)
Net cash generated used in financing activities		(816,410)	(180,343)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents before the effect of changes in the exchange rate		(20,362)	177,169
Effects of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held		7,772	(4,476)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(12,590)	172,693
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		527,259	354,566
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		514,669	527,259

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Foreign currency translation difference reserves	Cash flow hedge reserves	Reserve for gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Actuarial gains (losses) from defined benefit plans	Other miscellaneous reserves	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Equity attributable to owners of the Parent	Non- controlling interests	Total
2016	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Equity at beginning of the year	477,386	(14,035)	(1,699)		(2,386)	(1,677)	(19,797)	1,882,196	2,339,785	60,571	2,400,839
Profit for the year	-	-	-		-	-	-	278,290	278,290	3,634	281,924
Other comprehensive income	-	(2,287)	1,763	3,513	(2,448)	-	541	-	541	7	548
Comprehensive income	-	(2,287)	1,763	3,513	(2,448)	-	541	278,290	278,831	3,641	282,472
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(375,000)	(375,000)	(3,014)	(378,014)
Increase (decrease) due to transfers and other changes		(3,141)	-	-	-	9,509	6,368	(3,910)	2,458	-	2,458
Increase (decrease) in equity	-	(5,428)	1,763	3,513	(2,448)	9,509	6,909	(100,620)	(93,711)	627	(93,000)
Equity as of December 31, 2016	477,386	(19,463)	64	3,513	(4,834)	7,832	(12,888)	1,781,576	2,246,074	61,198	2,305,676

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Foreign currency translation difference reserves	Cash flow hedge reserves	Actuarial gains (losses) from defined benefit plans	Other miscellaneous reserves	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Equity attributable to owners of the Parent	Non-controlling interests	Total
2015	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Equity at beginning of the year	477,386	(7,701)	(1,881)	(1,903)	(1,677)	(13,162)	1,775,612	2,239,836	59,867	2,299,703
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	213,168	213,168	4,164	217,332
Other comprehensive income	-	(6,334)	182	(483)	-	(6,635)	-	(6,635)	(212)	(6,847)
Comprehensive income	-	(6,334)	182	(483)	-	(6,635)	213,168	206,533	3,952	210,485
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(106,584)	(106,584)	(3,248)	(109,832)
Increase (decrease) in equity	-	(6,334)	182	(483)	-	(6,635)	106,584	99,949	704	100,653
Equity as of December 31, 2015	477,386	(14,035)	(1,699)	(2,386)	(1,677)	(19,797)	1,882,196	2,339,785	60,571	2,400,356

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Note 1 Identification and activities of the Company and Subsidiaries

1.1 Historical background

Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. "SQM" is an open stock corporation organized under the laws of the Republic of Chile, Tax Identification No.93.007.000-9.

The Company was incorporated through a public deed dated June 17, 1968 by the notary public of Santiago MR. Sergio Rodríguez Garcés. Its existence was approved by Decree No. 1,164 of June 22, 1968 of the Ministry of Finance, and it was registered on June 29, 1968 in the Registry of Commerce of Santiago, on page 4,537 No. 1,992. SQM's headquarters are located at El Trovador 4285, Fl. 6, Las Condes, Santiago, Chile. The Company's telephone number is +56 2 2425-2000.

The Company is registered with the Securities Registry of the Chilean Superintendence of Securities and Insurance (SVS) under No. 0184 dated March 18. 1983 and is subject to the inspection of the SVS.

1.2 Main domicile where the Company performs its production activities

The Company's main domiciles are: Calle Dos Sur plot No. 5 - Antofagasta; Arturo Prat 1060 - Tocopilla; Administración Building w/n - Maria Elena; Administración Building w/n Pedro de Valdivia - María Elena, Anibal Pinto 3228 - Antofagasta, Kilometer 1378 Ruta 5 Norte Highway - Antofagasta, Coya Sur Plant w/n - Maria Elena, kilometer 1760 Ruta 5 Norte Highway - Pozo Almonte, Salar de Atacama (Atacama Saltpeter deposit) potassium chloride plant s/n - San Pedro de Atacama, potassium sulfate plant at Salar de Atacama s/n – San Pedro de Atacama, Minsal Mining Camp s/n CL Plant CL, Potassium– San Pedro de Atacama, formerly the Iris Saltpeter office S/N, Commune of Pozo Almonte, Iquique.

1.3 Codes of main activities

The codes of the main activities as established by the Chilean Superintendence of Securities and Insurance are as follows:

-1700 (Mining)

-2200 (Chemical products)

-1300 (Investment)

1.4 Description of the nature of operations and main activities

Our products are mainly derived from mineral deposits found in northern Chile. We mine and process caliche ore and brine deposits. The ore deposit in northern Chile contains nitrate and iodine deposits. The brine deposits of the Salar de Atacama, in northern Chile, contain high concentrations of lithium and potassium as well as significant concentrations of sulfate.

Note 1 Identification and Activities of the Company and Subsidiaries (continued)

1.4 Description of the nature of operations and main activities, continued

From our caliche ore deposits located in the north of Chile, we produce a wide range of nitrate-based products used for specialty plant nutrients and industrial applications, as well as iodine and iodine derivatives. At the Salar de Atacama, we extract brines rich in potassium, lithium and sulfate in order to produce potassium chloride, potassium sulfate, lithium solutions, and bischofite (magnesium chloride). We produce lithium carbonate and lithium hydroxide at our plant near the city of Antofagasta, Chile, from the solutions brought from the Salar de Atacama.

We sell our products in over 100 countries worldwide through our global distribution network and generate our revenue mainly from abroad.

Our products are divided into six categories: specialty plant nutrition, iodine and its derivatives, lithium and its derivatives, industrial chemicals, potassium and other products and services, described as follows:

Specialty plant nutrition: SQM produces and sells four types of specialty plant nutrition in this line of business: potassium nitrate, sodium nitrate, sodium potassium nitrate, and specialty mixes. This business is characterized by being closely related to its customers for which it has specialized staff who provide expert advisory in best practices for fertilization according to each type of crop, soil and climate. Within this type of business, potassium derivative products and specially potassium nitrate have had a leading role given the contribution they make to develop crops insuring an improvement in post-crop life in addition to improving quality, flavor and fruit color. The potassium nitrate, which is sold in multiple formats and as a part of other specialty mixtures, is complemented by sodium nitrate, potassium sodium nitrate, and more than 200 fertilizing mixtures.

Iodine: The Company is a major producer of iodine at worldwide level. Iodine is widely used in the pharmaceutical industry, technology and nutrition. Additionally, iodine is used as X ray contrast media and polarizing film for LCD displays.

Lithium: the Company's lithium is mainly used for manufacturing rechargeable batteries for cell phones, cameras and notebooks. Through the manufacturing of lithium-based products, SQM provides significant materials to face great challenges such as the efficient use of energy and raw materials. Lithium is mainly not used for rechargeable batteries for small electrical appliances such as mobile phones, tablets and laptops. It is also used in industrial applications such as the manufacturing of glass, ceramics and lubricating greases. Other uses include the pharmaceutical and chemical industries.

Note 1 Identification and Activities of the Company and Subsidiaries (continued)**1.4 Description of the nature of operations and main activities, continued**

Industrial Chemicals: Industrial chemicals are products used as supplies for a number of production processes. SQM participates in this line of business producing sodium nitrate, potassium nitrate and potassium chloride. Industrial nitrates have increased their importance over the last few years due to their use as storage means for thermal energy at solar energy plants, which are widely used in countries as Spain and the United States in their search for decreasing CO₂ emissions.

Potassium: The potassium is a primary essential macro-nutrient, and even though does not form part of the plant's structure, has a significant role for the developing of its basic functions, validating the quality of a crop, increasing post-crop life, improving the crop flavor, its amount in vitamins and its physical appearance. Within this business line, SQM has also potassium chlorate and potassium sulfate, both extracted from the salt layer located under the Salar de Atacama (the Atacama Saltpeter Deposit).

Other products and services: This business line includes revenue from commodities, services, interests, royalties and dividends.

1.5 Other background**Staff**

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, staff was detailed as follows:

	12/31/2016			12/31/2015		
	SQM	Other	Total	SQM	Other	Total
Employees	S.A.	subsidiaries		S.A.	subsidiaries	
Executives	31	72	103	26	71	97
Professionals	119	919	1,038	116	838	954
Technicians and operators	262	3,076	3,338	256	2,741	2,997
Foreign employees	8	264	272	-	202	202
Overall total	420	4,331	4,751	398	3,852	4,250

Note 1 Identification and Activities of the Company and subsidiaries (continued)**1.5 Other background, continued****Main shareholders**

The table below establishes certain information about the beneficial property of Series A and Series B shares of SQM as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. In respect to each shareholder which has interest of more than 5% of outstanding Series A or B shares. The information below is taken from our records and reports controlled in the Central Securities Depository and reported to the Superintendence of Securities and Insurance (SVS) and the Chilean Stock Exchange, whose main shareholders are as follows:

Shareholder as of December 31, 2016	No. of Series A with ownership	% of Series A shares		No. of Series B with ownership	% of Series B shares	% of total shares	
The Bank of New York Mellon, ADRs	-	-		59,373,011	49.32	%	22.56 %
Sociedad de Inversiones Pampa Calichera S.A.(*)	44,894,152	31.43	%	7,007,688	5.82	%	19.72 %
Inversiones El Bolder Limitada	29,330,326	20.54	%	16,363,546	13.59	%	17.36 %
Inversiones RAC Chile Limitada	19,200,242	13.44	%	2,202,773	1.83	%	8.13 %
Potasios de Chile S.A.(*)	18,179,147	12.73	%	-	-		6.91 %
Inversiones PCS Chile Limitada	15,526,000	10.87	%	1,600,000	1.33		6.51 %
Banco de Chile on behalf of non-resident third parties	-	-		8,962,355	7.45	%	3.41 %
Inversiones Global Mining (Chile) Limitada (*)	8,798,539	6.16	%	-	-		3.34 %
Banco Itaú on behalf of investors	20,950	0.01	%	6,502,217	5.40	%	2.48 %
Inversiones La Esperanza Limitada	3,711,598	2.60	%	46,500	0.04	%	1.43 %

(*) Total Pampa Group 29.97%

Shareholder as of December 31, 2015	No. of Series A with ownership	% of Series A shares		No. of Series B with ownership	% of Series B shares	% of total shares	
The Bank of New York Mellon, ADRs	-	-		59,079,533	49.08	%	22.45 %
Sociedad de Inversiones Pampa Calichera S.A.(*)	44,880,793	31.43	%	7,007,688	5.82	%	19.72 %
Inversiones El Bolder Limitada	29,330,326	20.54	%	17,963,546	14.92	%	17.97 %
Inversiones RAC Chile Limitada	19,200,242	13.44	%	2,202,773	1.83	%	8.13 %

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Potasios de Chile S.A.(*)	18,179,147	12.73	%	-	-	6.91	%
Inversiones PCS Chile Limitada	15,526,000	10.87	%	-	-	5.90	%
Banco de Chile on behalf of non-resident third parties	-	-		9,055,272	7,52	%	3.44 %
Inversiones Global Mining (Chile) Limitada (*)	8,798,539	6.16	%	-	-	3.34	%
Banco Itaú on behalf of investors	20,950	0.01	%	5,679,753	4.72	%	2.27 %
Inversiones La Esperanza Limitada	3,711,598	2.60	%	46,500	0.04		1.43 %

(*) Total Pampa Group 29.97%

On December 31, 2016 the total number of shareholders had risen to 1,187.

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial statements

2.1

Accounting period

These consolidated financial statements cover the following periods:

- Consolidated Statements of Financial Position for the periods ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

- Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the periods ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

- Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the periods between January and December 31, 2016 and 2015.

- Statements of Direct-Method Cash Flows for the periods ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

2.2

Financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. and its Subsidiaries were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (hereinafter “IFRS”) and represent the full, explicit and unreserved adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (hereinafter the “IASB”).

These consolidated financial statements fairly reflect the Company’s financial position, the comprehensive results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows occurring during the years then ended.

IFRS establish certain alternatives for their application. Those applied by the Company are detailed in this Note.

On October 17, 2014, the Chilean Superintendence of Securities and Insurance issued Official Communication No. 856 providing instructions for inspected entities to recognize in 2014 against equity differences in deferred tax assets and liabilities resulting directly from the increase in the corporate income introduced by Law No. 20.780. Such accounting treatment differs from that provided by International Accounting Standard 12 (IAS 12) and, accordingly, represented a change in the accounting framework for the preparation and presentation of financial information that

had been adopted through such date.

Considering that indicated in the preceding paragraph, this represented a specific and temporary departure from the IFRS, starting from 2014⁶ and in conformity with that established in paragraph 4^a of IFRS 1, the Company has decided to retrospectively apply such standards (in accordance with IAS 8 “Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors”) as if had never ceased their application.

Because of that indicated in the preceding paragraph it does not amend any of the accounts disclosed in the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, in conformity with that indicated in paragraph 40A of IAS 1 “Presentation of Financial Statements”, the presentation of the statement of financial position as of January 1, 2015 (third column) is not necessary.

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial (continued)

2.2 Financial statements, continued

The accounting policies used for the preparation of the annual consolidated accounts comply with all IFRS in issue at the reporting date.

Certain amounts have been reclassified at year-end for presentation purposes for the line items Other non-financial assets, current; Tax assets, current, non-current; Other current provisions; and Other current liabilities as of December 31, 2015 for a better comparison to the amounts as of December 31, 2016.

2.3

Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- Inventories are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value.
- Financial derivatives at fair value; and
- Staff severance indemnities and pension commitments at actuarial value

Certain financial investments classified as available for sale measured at fair value with a counterparty in other comprehensive income.

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.4

Accounting pronouncements

New accounting pronouncements

a) The following standards, interpretations and amendments are mandatory for the first time for annual periods beginning on January 1, 2016:

Amendments and improvements

Mandatory for annual periods beginning on

Amendment to *IFRS 11 “Joint Arrangements”* – on the acquisition of interest in a joint operation – Issued in May 2014. This amendment includes guidance related to the method for accounting for an acquisition of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business, specifying the proper treatment for such acquisitions. 01/01/2016

Amendment to *IAS 16 “Property, Plant and Equipment”* and *IAS 38 “Intangible Assets”* on depreciation and amortization – Issued in May 2014. The amendments clarify that a depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by such an activity in general reflects other factors other than the use of the economic benefits embedded in the asset or item of property, plant and equipment. Accordingly, a rebuttable presumption exists that a revenue-based depreciation or amortization method is inappropriate. 01/01/2016

Amendment to *IAS 27 “Separate Financial Statements”* on the equity method – Issued in August 2014. This amendment allows entities to use the equity method of accounting for the recognition of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. 01/01/2016

Amendment to *IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”* and *IAS 28 “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures”*. Issued in September 2014. This amendment addresses an inconsistency between the requirements of IFRS 10 and IAS 28 for the treatment of a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The main consequence of this amendment is the recognition of a full gain or loss when the transaction involves a business (whether or not in a subsidiary) and a partial gain or loss when the transaction involves assets that are not a business, even if such assets are in a subsidiary. 01/01/2016

Amendment to *IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”* and *IAS 28 “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.”* Issued in December 2014. The amendment clarifies the application of the exception from consolidation for investment entities and their subsidiaries. The amendment to IFRS 10 clarifies on the exception on consolidation available for entities in 01/01/2016

group structures that include investment entities. The amendment to IAS 28 allows an entity that is not an investment entity, but has an interest in an associated or joint venture that is an investment entity, an option of accounting policy in the application of the equity method. The entity may opt for maintaining measurement at fair value applied by the associate or joint venture that is an investment entity or, consolidating at investment entity level (associate or joint venture).

Amendment to IAS 1 “Presentation of Financial Statements.” Issued in December 2014. This amendment clarifies the application guidance of IAS 1 on materiality and aggregation, presentation of subtotals, structure of the financial statements and disclosure of accounting policies. The amendments are part of the IASB’s Initiative on Disclosures.

01/01/2016

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.4 Accounting Pronouncements, continued

<i>Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (2014) issued in September 2014</i>	Mandatory for annual periods beginning on
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IFRS 5, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discounted Operations." This amendment clarifies that when an asset (or disposal group) is reclassified from being "held for sale" to "held for distribution" or vice versa, this is not an amendment of a plan of sale or a plan of distribution and should not be accounted for as such. This means that the asset (or disposal group) is not to be reinstated in the financial statements as if it had never been classified as "held for sale" or "held for distribution," simply because disposal conditions have changed. The amendment also rectifies an omission in the standard explaining that guidance on changes in a sale plan has to be applied to an asset (or disposal group) that is no longer held for distribution, but is not reclassified as "held for sale."	01/01/2016
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<i>IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"</i> It establishes two amendments to IFRS 7: (1) Service contracts: if a Company transfers a financial asset to a third party under conditions that allow the assigner to dispose of the asset, IFRS 7 requires the disclosure of any type of continued involvement that the entity may still have on transferred assets. IFRS 7 provides guidance on what is understood as continued involvement within this context. The amendment is prospective with the option of applying it retrospectively. This also affects IFRS 1 to provide the same option to the first-time adopters of IFRS 1; (2) Interim Financial Statements: The amendment clarifies that the additional disclosure required by amendments to IFRS 7 "Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" is not specifically required for all interim periods, unless required by IAS 34. The amendment is retrospective.	01/01/2016
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<i>IAS 19, "Employee Benefits"</i> – This amendment clarifies that in order to determine the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations, the important aspect is the currency in which liabilities are denominated, not the country where they generate. The evaluation of whether a deep market exists for high-quality corporate bonds is based on corporate bonds in such currency, not in corporate bonds of a particular country. Likewise, where there is no deep market for high-quality corporate bonuses in such currency, government bonds in the related currency have to be used. Such amendment is retrospective but limited at the beginning of the first period presented.	01/01/2016
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<i>IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting"</i> – This amendment clarifies the meaning of disclosure of information 'elsewhere in the interim financial report' and amends IAS 34 to require the inclusion of a cross-reference from the interim financial statements to the location of the information. This amendment is retrospective.	01/01/2016
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The adoption of the standards, amendments and interpretations indicated above has no significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.4 Accounting Pronouncements, continued

b) Standards, interpretations and amendments issued, not effective for the financial statements beginning on January 1, 2016, which the Company has not adopted early are as follows:

<i>Standards and Interpretations</i>	<i>Mandatory for annual periods beginning on</i>
<i>IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”</i> – Issued in July 2014. The IASB has issued the full version of IFRS 9, which supersedes the application guidance in IAS 39. This final version includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities and an expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used today. The final hedging accounting part of IFRS 9 was issued in November 2013. Early adoption is permitted.	01/01/2018
<i>IFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers”</i> – Issued in May 2014. This standard establishes the principles that an entity shall apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. For such purposes, the basic principle is that an entity will recognize revenue representing the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that the entity expects to receive in exchange for such goods or services. The application of this standard will replace IAS 11 Construction Contracts and IAS 18 Revenue, as well as IFRIC 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers and SIC 31 Revenue-Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. Early application is permitted.	01/01/2018
<i>IFRS 16 “Leases”</i> – issued in January 2016 establishes the principle for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. IFRS 16 supersedes the current IAS 17 and introduces a single model for accounting recognition for lessees and requires a lessee to recognize the assets and liabilities of all lease contracts over a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset has a low value. The objective is ensuring that lessees and lessors provide relevant information that fairly represents transactions conducted. IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, early adoption is permitted for entities applying IFRS 15 or prior to the date of initial application of IFRS 16.	01/01/2019
<i>IFRIC 22 “Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration.”</i> Issued in December 2016. This Interpretation is applied to a foreign currency transaction (o a portion thereof) when an entity recognizes a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the payment or receipt of advance consideration before the entity recognizes the related asset, expense or income (or related part thereof). The interpretation provides guidance for when an entity mas a single payment/receipt, as well as for situations where multiple payments/receipts	01/01/2018

are made. It is intended to reduce the diversity in the practice.

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.4 Accounting Pronouncements, continued

<i>Amendments and improvements</i>	Mandatory for annual periods beginning on
Amendment to IAS 7 “ <i>Statement of Cash Flows.</i> ” – Issued in February 2016. This amendment introduces additional disclosures allowing users of financial statements to assess changes in obligations from financing activities.	01/01/2017
Amendment to IAS 12 “ <i>Income Taxes.</i> ” - Issued in February 2016. This amendment clarifies how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt securities measured at fair value.	01/01/2017
Amendment to IFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” issued in April 2016. This amendment provides clarification for the guidance for the identification of performance obligations in contracts with customers, the accounting for intellectual property license and the assessment of principal versus agent (gross presentation vs. net presentation of revenue). It includes new and amended illustrative examples, as well as practical examples related to the transition to the new revenue standard.	01/01/2018
Amendment to IFRS 12 “Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities.” Issued in December 2016. This amendment clarifies the scope of this standard. These amendments must be applied retrospectively to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017.	01/01/2017
Amendment to IAS 28 “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures” related to the measurement of the associate or joint venture at fair value. Issued in December 2016.	01/01/2018
The Company's management is in the process of assessing the impacts on the consolidated financial statements of the adoption of IFRS 9, IFRS 15 and IFRS 16. However, for the remaining standards, amendments and interpretations described above, it believes they will not have any significant impact for the initial application period.	

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.5

Basis of consolidation

(a)

Subsidiaries

Relate to all the entities on which Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. has control when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those variable returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries apply the same accounting policies of their Parent.

To account for the acquisition, the Company uses the acquisition method. Under this method the acquisition cost is the fair value of assets delivered, equity securities issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingencies assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair value at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Company will measure non-controlling interest of the acquiree either at fair value or as proportional share of net identifiable assets of the acquiree.

Companies included in consolidation:

TAX ID No.	Foreign subsidiaries	Country of origin	Functional currency	Ownership interest			12/31/2015 Total
				12/31/2016 Direct	Indirect	Total	
Foreign	Nitratos Naturais Do Chile Ltda.	Brazil	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	Nitrate Corporation Of Chile Ltd.	United Kingdom	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM North America Corp.	USA	US\$	40.0000	60.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Europe N.V.	Belgium	US\$	0.5800	99.4200	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	Soquimich S.R.L. Argentina	Argentina	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	Soquimich European Holding B.V.	Netherlands	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Corporation N.V.	Netherlands	US\$	0.0002	99.9998	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQI Corporation N.V.	Netherlands	US\$	0.0159	99.9841	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Comercial De México S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	US\$	0.0100	99.9900	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	North American Trading Company	USA	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	Administración y Servicios Santiago S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000

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Foreign	SQM Peru S.A.	Peru	US\$	0.9800	99.0200	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador	US\$	0.0040	99.9960	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Nitratos Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQMC Holding Corporation L.L.P.	USA.	US\$	0.1000	99.9000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Investment Corporation N.V.	Netherlands	US\$	1.0000	99.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Brasil Limitada	Brazil	US\$	1.0900	98.9100	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM France S.A.	France	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Japan Co. Ltd.	Japan	US\$	0.5376	99.4624	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Aruba	US\$	1.6700	98.3300	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Oceania Pty Limited	Australia	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial statements (continued)**2.5 Basis of consolidation, continued**

TAX ID No.	Foreign subsidiaries	Country of origin	Functional currency	Ownership interest 12/31/2016		Total	12/31/2015 Total
				Direct	Indirect		
Foreign	Rs Agro-Chemical Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Aruba	US\$	98.3333	1.6667	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Indonesia S.A.	Indonesia	US\$	0.0000	80.0000	80.0000	80.0000
Foreign	SQM Virginia L.L.C.	USA	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Italia SRL	Italy	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	Comercial Caimán Internacional S.A.	Panama	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Africa Pty.	South Africa	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Lithium Specialties LLC	USA	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Iberian S.A.	Spain	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Agro India Pvt. Ltd.	India	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Beijing Commercial Co. Ltd.	China	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000
Foreign	SQM Thailand Limited	Thailand	US\$	0.0000	99.996	99.996	99.996
Foreign	SQM Vitas Spain	Spain	Euro	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	-

TAX ID No.	Domestic subsidiaries	Country of origin	Functional currency	Ownership interest 12/31/2016		Total	12/31/2015 Total
				Direct	Indirect		
96.801.610-5	Comercial Hydro S.A.	Chile	US\$	0.0000	60.6383	60.6383	60.6383
96.651.060-9	SQM Potasio S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.9999	0.0000	99.9999	99.9999
96.592.190-7	SQM Nitratos S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.9999	0.0001	100.0000	100.0000
96.592.180-K	Ajay SQM Chile S.A.	Chile	US\$	51.0000	0.0000	51.0000	51.0000
86.630.200-6	SQMC Internacional Ltda.	Chile	Ch\$	0.0000	60.6381	60.6381	60.6381
79.947.100-0	SQM Industrial S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.0470	0.9530	100.0000	100.0000
79.906.120-1	Isapre Norte Grande Ltda.	Chile	Ch\$	1.0000	99.0000	100.0000	100.0000
79.876.080-7	Almacenes y Depósitos Ltda.	Chile	Ch\$	1.0000	99.0000	100.0000	100.0000
79.770.780-5	Servicios Integrales de Tránsitos y Transferencias S.A.	Chile	US\$	0.0003	99.9997	100.0000	100.0000
79.768.170-9	Soquimich Comercial S.A.	Chile	US\$	0.0000	60.6383	60.6383	60.6383
79.626.800-K	SQM Salar S.A.	Chile	US\$	18.1800	81.8200	100.0000	100.0000
78.053.910-0	Proinsa Ltda.	Chile	Ch\$	0.0000	60.5800	60.5800	60.5800
76.534.490-5	Sociedad Prestadora de Servicios de Salud Cruz del	Chile	Ch\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	100.0000

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	Norte S.A.						
76.425.380-9	Exploraciones Mineras S.A.	Chile	US\$	0.2691	99.7309	100.0000	100.0000
76.064.419-6	Comercial Agrorama Ltda.	Chile	Ch\$	0.0000	42.4468	42.4468	42.4468
	(a)						
76.145.229-0	Agrorama S.A.	Chile	Ch\$	0.0000	60.6377	60.6377	60.6377
76.359.919-1	Orcoma Estudios SPA	Chile	US\$	51.0000	-	51.0000	51.0000
76.360.575-2	Orcoma SPA	Chile	US\$	100.0000	-	100.0000	100.0000

(a) The Company consolidated Comercial Agrorama Ltda. as it has the control of this company's relevant activities.

Subsidiaries are consolidated using the line-by-line method, adding the items that represent assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of similar content, and eliminating those related to intragroup transactions.

Note 2 Basis of presentation for the consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.5 Basis of consolidation, continued

Profit or loss of subsidiaries acquired or disposed during the year are included in profit or loss accounts consolidated from the date control is transferred to the Group, or up to the date control is lost, as applicable.

Non-controlling interest represents the equity of a subsidiary not directly or indirectly attributable to the Parent.

2.6 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

Management of Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. and its subsidiaries is responsible for the information contained in these consolidated financial statements, which expressly indicate that all the principles and criteria included in IFRSs, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), have been applied in full.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements of Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. and its subsidiaries, Management has made judgments and estimates to quantify certain assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and commitments included therein. Basically, these estimates refer to:

- The useful lives of property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets and their residual value;
- Impairment losses of certain assets, including trade receivables;

Assumptions used in calculating the actuarial amount of pension-related and severance indemnity payment benefit commitments;

- Provisions for commitments assumed with third parties and contingent liabilities;

Provisions on the basis of technical studies that cover the different variables affecting products in stock (density and moist, among others), and allowance for slow-moving spare-parts in stock;

- Future cost for closure of mining sites;
- The determination of the fair value of certain financial assets and derivative instruments;
- The determination and assignment of fair values in business combinations.

Despite the fact that these estimates have been made on the basis of the best information available on the date of preparation of these consolidated financial statements, certain events may occur in the future and oblige their amendment (upwards or downwards) over the next few years, which would be made prospectively, recognizing the effects of the change in estimates in the related future consolidated financial statements.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies

3.1 Classification of balances as current and non-current

In the attached consolidated statement of financial position, balances are classified in consideration of their remaining recovery (maturity) dates; i.e., those maturing on a date equal to or lower than twelve months are classified as current and those with maturity dates exceeding the aforementioned period are classified as non-current.

The exception to the foregoing relates to deferred taxes, which are classified as non-current, regardless of the maturity they have.

3.2 Functional and presentation currency

The Company's consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("U.S. dollars" or "US\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and is the currency of the main economic environment in which it operates.

Consequently, the term foreign currency is defined as any currency other than the U.S. dollar.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of United States dollars without decimals.

3.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) Group entities:

The revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities of all entities that have a functional currency other than the presentation currency are converted to the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are converted at the closing exchange rate prevailing on the reporting date.

- Revenues and expenses of each profit or loss account are converted at monthly average exchange rates.

All resulting foreign currency translation gains and losses are recognized as a separate component in translation reserves.

In consolidation, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of a net investment in foreign entities are recorded in equity (other reserves). At the date of disposal, such foreign currency translation differences are recognized in the statement of income as part of the gain or loss from the sale.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**3.3 Foreign currency translation, continued**

The main exchange rates used to translate monetary assets and liabilities, expressed in foreign currency at the end of each period in respect to U.S. dollars, are as follows:

	12/31/2016 US\$	12/31/2015 US\$
Brazilian real	3.25	3.90
New Peruvian sol	3.35	3.41
Argentine peso	15.84	12.90
Japanese yen	116.83	120.61
Euro	0.95	0.92
Mexican peso	20.63	17.34
Australian dollar	0.72	0.73
Pound Sterling	0.81	0.67
South African rand	13.70	15.61
Ecuadorian dollar	1.00	1.00
Chilean peso	669.47	710.16
UF	39.36	36.09

(b) Transactions and balances

Non-monetary transactions in currencies other than the functional currency (U.S. dollar) foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. All differences are recorded in the statement of income except for all monetary item that provide effective hedge for a net investment in a foreign operation. These items are recognized in other comprehensive income on the disposal of the investment; at the time they are recognized in the statement of income. Charges and credits attributable to foreign currency translation differences on those hedge monetary item are also recognize in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are retranslated to the functional currency at the historical exchange rate of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured based on fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date on which the fair value is determined.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.4

Subsidiaries

SQM S.A. establishes, as basis, the control exercised in subsidiaries, to determine their share in the consolidated financial statements. Control consists of the Company's ability to exercise power in the subsidiary, exposure, or right, to variable performance from its share in the investee and the ability to use its power on the investee to have an influence on the amount of the investor's performance.

The Company prepares the consolidated financial statements using consistent accounting policies for the entire Group, the consolidation of a subsidiary commences when the Company has control over the subsidiary and stops when control ceases.

3.5

Consolidated statement of cash flows

Cash equivalents correspond to highly-liquid short-term investments that are easily convertible in known amounts of cash. They are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their value and mature in less than three months from the date of acquisition of the instrument.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

The statement of cash flows includes movements in cash performed during the year, determined using the direct method.

3.6

Financial assets

Management determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition, on the basis of the business model for the management of financial assets and the characteristics of contractual cash flows from the financial assets. In accordance with IAS 39, financial assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs that may have been incurred and are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Subsequently, financial assets are measured at amortized cost or fair value.

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is objective evidence that an asset or group of assets is impaired. An asset or group of financial assets is impaired if and only if there is evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events occurring after the initial recognition of the asset or group of assets. For the recognition of impairment, the loss event has to have an impact on the estimate of future cash flows from the asset or groups of financial assets.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.7

Financial liabilities

Management determines the classification of its financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition. As established in IAS 39, financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition are measured at fair value, less transaction costs that may have been incurred and are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liability. Subsequently, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For financial liabilities that have been initially recognized at fair value through profit or loss, these will be measured subsequently at fair value.

3.8

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Management will irrevocably determine, at the time of initial recognition, the designation of a financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss. By doing so, this eliminates and/or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise have arisen from the measurement of assets or liabilities or from the recognition of gains and losses from them on different bases.

3.9

Financial instrument offsetting

The Company offsets an asset and liability if and only if it presently has a legally enforceable right of setting off the amounts recognized and has the intent of settling for the net amount of realizing the asset and settling the liability simultaneously.

3.10

Reclassification of financial instruments

At the time when the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, it will reclassify the financial assets affected by the new business model.

For financial liabilities these could not be reclassified.

3.11

Derivative and hedging financial instruments

Derivatives are recognized initially at fair value as of the date on which the derivatives contract is signed and, subsequently, are assessed at fair value. The method for recognizing the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative has been designated as an accounting hedge instrument and, if so, it depends on the type of hedging, which may be as follows:

(a) Fair value hedge of assets and liabilities recognized (fair value hedges);

(b) Hedging of a single risk associated with an asset or liability recognized or a highly probable forecast transaction (cash flow hedge).

At the beginning of the transaction, the Company documents the relationship existing between hedging instruments and those items hedged, as well as their objectives for risk management purposes and the strategy to conduct different hedging operations.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.11 Derivative and hedging financial instruments, continued

The Company also documents its evaluation both at the beginning and at the end of each period if derivatives used in hedging transactions are highly effective to offset changes in the fair value or in cash flows of hedged items.

The fair value of derivative instruments used for hedging purposes is shown in Note 10.3 (hedging assets and liabilities). Changes in the cash flow hedge reserve are classified as a non-current asset or liability if the remaining expiration period of the hedged item is higher than 12 months, and as a current asset or liability if the remaining expiration period of the entry is lower than 12 months.

Derivatives that are not designated or do not qualify as hedging derivatives are classified as current assets or liabilities, and changes in the fair value are directly recognized through profit or loss.

(a) Fair value hedge

The change in the fair value of a derivative is recognized with a debit or credit to profit or loss, as applicable. The change in the fair value of the hedged asset or liabilities that are attributable to the hedged risk is recognized with a debit or credit to profit or loss.

For fair value hedges related to items recorded at amortized cost, the adjustment of the fair value is amortized against profit or loss during the period, through maturity. Any adjustment to the carrying value of a hedged financial instrument, for which the effective rate is used, is amortized with a debit or credit to profit or loss at its fair value, attributable to the risk being covered.

If the hedged entry is derecognized, the fair value not amortized is immediately recognized with a debit or credit to profit or loss.

(b) Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of gains or losses from the hedge instrument is initially recognized with a debit or credit to other comprehensive income, whereas any ineffective portion is immediately recognized with a debit or credit to profit or loss, as applicable.

Amounts taken to equity are transferred to profit or loss when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss, as when the hedged interest income or expense is recognized when a projected sale occurs. When the hedged entry is the cost of a non-financial asset or liability, amounts taken to other reserves are transferred to the initial carrying value of the non-financial asset or liability.

Should the expected firm transaction or commitment no longer be expected to occur, the amounts previously recognized in equity are transferred to profit or loss. If a hedge instrument expires, is sold, finished, or exercised without any replacement, or if a rollover is performed or if its designation as hedging is revoked, the amounts previously recognized in other reserves are maintained in equity until the expected firm transaction or commitment occurs.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.12 Available for sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets, which have been designated as available for sale and are not classified in any of the previous categories of financial instruments. Available for sale financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, they are recognized at fair value and changes other than impairment losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in equity in the fair value reserve. If an investment is derecognized, the accumulated gain or loss is reclassified to profit or loss.

3.13 Derecognition of financial instruments

In accordance with IAS 39, the Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred; and the control of the financial assets has not been retained.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations or a part of these are discharged, paid to the creditor or legally extinguished.

3.14 Derivative financial instruments

The Company maintains derivative financial instruments to hedge its exposure to foreign currencies. Derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value; attributable transaction costs are recognized when incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, changes in fair value of such derivatives are recognized in profit or loss as part of gains and losses.

The Company permanently assesses the existence of embedded derivatives, both in its contracts and financial instruments. As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, there are no embedded derivatives.

From the initial recognition, the Company measures its assets and liabilities at fair value plus or minus transaction costs incurred that are directly attributable to the acquisition of a financial asset or issuance of a financial liability.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.16

Leases

(a) Lease - Finance lease

Leases are classified as finance leases when the Company holds substantially all the risks and rewards derived from the ownership of the asset. Finance leases are capitalized at the beginning of the lease, at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is distributed between the liability and the interest expenses to obtain ongoing interest on the pending balance of debt. The respective lease obligations, net of interest expense, are included in other non-current liabilities. The interest element of finance cost is debited in the consolidated statement of income during the lease period so that a regular ongoing interest rate is obtained on the remaining balance of the liability for each year.

(b) Lease – Operating lease

Leases in which the lessor maintains a significant part of the risks and rewards derived from the ownership are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments (net of any incentive received from the lessor) are debited to the statement of income or capitalized (as applicable) on a straight-line basis over the lease period.

3.17

Deferred acquisition costs from insurance contracts

Acquisition costs from insurance contracts are classified as prepayments and correspond to insurance contracts in force, recognized using the straight-line method and on an accrual basis, and are recognized under other non-financial assets.

3.18

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables relate to non-derivative financial assets with fixed and determinable payments and are not quoted in any active market. These arise from sales operations involving the products and/or services, of which the Company commercializes directly to its customers.

These assets are initially recognized at their fair value and subsequently at amortized cost according to the effective interest rate method, less a provision for impairment loss. An allowance for impairment loss is established for trade receivables when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all the amounts which are owed to it, according to the original terms of receivables.

Implicit interest in installment sales is recognized as interest income when interest is accrued over the term of the operation.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.19

Inventory measurement

The Company states inventories at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost price of finished products and products in progress includes the direct cost of materials and, when applicable, labor costs, indirect costs incurred to transform raw materials into finished products, and general expenses incurred in carrying inventories to their current location and conditions. The method used to determine the cost of inventories is weighted average cost.

Commercial discounts, rebates obtained, and other similar entries are deducted in the determination of the acquisition price.

The net realizable value represents the estimate of the sales price, less all finishing estimated costs and costs which will be incurred in commercialization, sales, and distribution processes.

The Company conducts an evaluation of the net realizable value of inventories at the end of each year, recording an estimate with a charge to income when these are overstated. When a situation arises whereby the circumstances, which previously caused the rebate to cease to exist, or when there is clear evidence of an increase in the net realizable value due to a change in the economic circumstances or prices of main raw materials, the estimate made previously is modified.

The valuation of obsolete, impaired or slow-moving products relates to their net estimated, net realizable value.

Provisions on the Company's inventories have been made based on a technical study which covers the different variables which affect products in stock (density and humidity, among others).

Raw materials, supplies and materials are recorded at the lower of acquisition cost or market value. Acquisition cost is calculated according to the average price method.

3.20

Investments in associates and joint ventures

Interests in companies on which joint control is exercised (joint venture) or where an entity has significant influence (associates) are recognized using the equity method of accounting. Significant influence is presumed to exist when interest greater than 20% is held in the capital of an investee.

Under this method, the investment is recognized in the statement of financial position at cost plus changes, subsequent to the acquisition, and considering the proportional share in the equity of the associate. For such purposes, the interest percentage in the ownership of the associate is used. The associated goodwill acquired is included in the carrying amount of the investee and is not amortized. The debit or credit to profit or loss reflects the proportional share in the profit or loss of the associate.

Unrealized gains for transactions with affiliates or associates are eliminated considering the interest percentage the Company has on such entities. Unrealized losses are also eliminated, except if the transaction provides evidence of impairment loss of the transferred asset.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.20 Investments in associates and joint ventures, continued

Changes in the equity of associates are recognized considering the proportional amounts with a charge or credit to “Other reserves” and classified considering their origin.

Reporting dates of the associate, the Company and related policies are similar for equivalent transactions and events under similar circumstances.

In the event that the significant influence is lost or the investment is sold or is held as available for sale, the equity method is discontinued, suspending the recognition of proportional share of profit or loss.

If the resulting amount according to the equity method is negative, the share of profit or loss is reflected at zero value in the consolidated financial statements, unless a commitment exists by the Company to reinstate the Company’s equity position, in which case the related provision for risks and expenses is recorded.

Dividends received by these companies are recorded by reducing the equity value, and the proportional share of profit or loss recognized in conformity with the share of equity are included in the consolidated profit or loss accounts in the caption “Equity share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures that are accounted for using the equity method of accounting”.

3.21 Transactions with non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests are recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity separate from equity attributable to the owners of the Parent.

3.22 Related party transactions

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries are part of the Company’s normal operations within its scope of business activities. Conditions for such transactions are those normally effective for those types of operations with

regard to terms and market prices. Also, these transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Expiration conditions for each case vary according to the originating transaction.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.23

Property, plant and equipment

Tangible property, plant and equipment assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of the related accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment losses that they might have experienced.

In addition to the price paid for the acquisition of tangible property, plant and equipment, the Company has considered the following concepts as part of the acquisition cost, as applicable:

1. Accrued interest expenses during the construction period which are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are those that require a substantial period prior to being ready for use. The interest rate used is that related to the project's specific financing or, should this not exist, the average financing rate of the investor company.
2. The future costs that the Company will have to experience, related to the closure of its facilities at the end of their useful life, are included at the present value of disbursements expected to be required to settle the obligation.

Construction-in-progress is transferred to property, plant and equipment in operation once the assets are available for use and the related depreciation and amortization begins on that date.

Extension, modernization or improvement costs that represent an increase in productivity, ability or efficiency or an extension of the useful lives of property, plant and equipment are capitalized as a higher cost of the related assets. All the remaining maintenance, preservation and repair expenses are charged to expense as incurred.

The replacement of full assets, which increase the asset's useful life or its economic capacity, are recorded as a higher value of property, plant and equipment with the related derecognition of replaced or renewed elements.

Gains or losses which are generated from the sale or disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized as income (or loss) in the period, and calculated as the difference between the asset's sales value and its net carrying value.

Costs derived from daily maintenance of property, plant and equipment are recognized when incurred.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.24

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated through the straight-line distribution of cost over the estimated technical useful life of the asset which is the period in which the Company expects to use the asset. When components of one item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are recorded as separate assets. Useful lives are reviewed on an annual basis.

In the case of mobile equipment depreciation is performed depending on the hours of operation

The useful lives used for the depreciation and amortization of assets included in property, plant and equipment are presented below.

Types of property, plant and equipment	Minimum life or rate	maximum life or rate
Buildings	3	40
Machinery	2	25
Transport equipment	3	30
Furniture and fixtures	2	18
Office equipment	2	20
Production plants	1	25
Mining assets	3	20
Other property, plant and equipment	1	30

3.25

Goodwill

Goodwill acquired represents the excess in acquisition cost on the fair value of the Company's ownership of the net identifiable assets of the subsidiary on the acquisition date. Goodwill acquired related to the acquisition of subsidiaries is included in goodwill, which is subject to impairment tests annually, and is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses related to the sale of an entity include the carrying value of goodwill related to the entity sold.

This intangible asset is assigned to cash-generating units with the purpose of testing impairment losses. It is allocated based on cash-generating units expected to obtain benefits from the business combination from which the

aforementioned goodwill acquired arose.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.26

Intangible assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets mainly relate to water rights, rights issue, electric line easement expenses and software license and development expenses.

(a) Water rights

Water rights acquired by the Company relate to water from natural sources and are recorded at acquisition cost. Given that these assets represent legal rights granted in perpetuity to the Company, they are not amortized, but are subject to annual impairment tests.

(b)

Right of way for electric lines

As required for the operation of industrial plants, the Company has paid rights of way in order to install wires for the different electric lines in third party land. These rights are presented under intangible assets. Amounts paid are capitalized at the date of the agreement and charged to the statement of income, according to the life of the right of way.

(c)

Computer software

Licenses for IT programs acquired are capitalized based on costs that have been incurred to acquire them and prepare them to use the specific program. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives.

Expenses related to the development or maintenance of IT programs are recognized as an expense as and when incurred. Costs directly related to the production of unique and identifiable IT programs controlled by the Group, and which will probably generate economic benefits that are higher than costs during more than a year, are recognized as intangible assets. Direct costs include expenses of employees that develop information technology software and general expenses in accordance with corporate charges received.

The costs of development for IT programs recognized as assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives.

(d)

Mining property and concession rights

The Company holds mining property and concession rights from the Chilean Government. Property rights are usually obtained with no initial cost (other than the payment of mining patents and minor recording expenses) and upon obtaining rights on these concessions, these are retained by the Company while annual patents are paid. Such patents, which are paid annually, are recorded as prepaid assets and amortized over the following twelve months. Amounts attributable to mining concessions acquired from third parties that are not from the Chilean Government are recorded at acquisition cost within intangible assets.

No impairment of intangible assets exists as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.27 Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses are charged to profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure was incurred.

3.28 Prospecting expenses

The Company has mining property and concession rights from the Chilean Government and acquired from third parties other than the Chilean Government, destined to the exploitation of caliche ore and saltpeter deposits and also the exploration of this type of deposits.

Upon obtaining these rights, the Company initially records disbursements directly associated with the exploration and evaluation of deposits (associated with small deposits with trading feasibility) as asset at cost. Such disbursements include the following concepts:

- Disbursements for geological reconnaissance evaluation
- Disbursements for drilling
- Disbursements for drilling work and sampling
- Disbursements for activities related to technical assessment and trading feasibility of drilling work
- And any disbursement directly related to specific projects where its objective is finding mining resources.

Subsequently, the Company distinguishes exploration and evaluation projects according to the economic feasibility of the mineral extracted in the area or exploration, among those that finally will deliver future benefits to the Company (profitable projects) and those projects for which it is not probable that economic benefit will flow to the Company in the future (i.e., when the mine site has low ore grade and its exploitation is not economically profitable).

If technical studies determine that the ore grade is not economically suitable for exploitation, the asset is directly expensed. Otherwise, it is held in the caption “other non-current assets”, reclassifying the portion related to the area to be exploited in the year in the caption inventories and such amount is amortized as production cost on the basis of estimated tons to be extracted.

The technical reasons for this classification correspond to the fact that this is an identifiable non-monetary asset that is owned to be used in the production of our processes as a main raw material.

For this reason and because our disbursements correspond to proven reserves with a trading feasibility and used as main raw material in our production processes, these are presented as inventories that will be exploited within the commercial year and the remainder as development expenses for small deposits and prospecting expenses in the caption “other non-current assets”.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.29

Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets subject to depreciation and amortization are subject to impairment testing, provided that an event or change in the circumstances indicates that the amounts in the accounting records may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the excess of the book value of the asset over its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher between the fair value of an asset or cash generating unit (“CGU”) less costs of sales and its value in use, and is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate any cash inflows that are clearly independent from other assets or groups of assets.

When the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered an impaired asset and is reduced to its net recoverable amount.

In evaluating value in use, estimated future cash flows are discounted using a discount rate before taxes which reflects current market evaluation on the time value of money and specific asset risks.

To determine the fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Impairment losses from continuing operations are recognized with a debit to profit or loss in the categories of expenses associated with the impaired asset function, except for properties reevaluated previously where the revaluation was taken to equity.

For assets other than acquired goodwill, an annual evaluation is conducted of whether there are impairment loss indicators recognized previously that might have already decreased or ceased to exist. The recoverable amount is estimated if such indicators exist. An impairment loss previously recognized is reversed only if there have been changes in estimates used to determine the asset’s recoverable amount from the last time in which an impairment loss was recognized. If this is the case, the carrying value of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. This increased amount cannot exceed the carrying value that would have been determined net of depreciation if an asset impairment loss would have not been recognized in prior years. This reversal is recognized with a credit to profit or loss.

As required by the Shareholders' Corporations Act, unless decided otherwise by the unanimous vote by the shareholders of subscribed and paid shares, a public company must distribute dividends as agreed by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting held each year with a minimum of 30% of its profit, except when the Company records unabsorbed losses from prior years. However, the Company defines as policy the distribution of 50% of its profit for the year, unless decided otherwise by the unanimous vote by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' meeting held each year.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.31

Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit for the year attributable to ordinary owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

The Company has not conducted any type of operation of potential dilutive effect that implies the disclosure of diluted earnings per share.

3.32

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are measured at fair value plus all costs associated with the transaction. Subsequently, these are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

3.33

Interest-bearing borrowings

At initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are measured at fair value net of transaction costs incurred. Subsequently, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortized cost is calculated considering any premium or discount from the acquisition and includes costs of transactions which are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

These are recorded as non-current when their expiration period exceeds twelve months and as current when the term is lower than such term. Interest expense is calculated in the year in which they are accrued following a financial criterion.

3.34

Other provisions

Provisions are recognized when:

- The Company has a present obligation or constructive obligation as the result of a past event.
- It is more likely than not that certain resources must be used, including benefits, to settle the obligation.
- A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

In the event that the provision or a portion of it is reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset solely if there is certainty of income.

In the consolidated statement of income, the expense for any provision is presented net of any reimbursement.

Should the effect of the time value of money be significant, provisions are discounted using a discount rate before tax that reflects the liability's specific risks. When a discount rate is used, the increase in the provision over time is recognized as a finance cost.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.34

Other provisions, continued

The Company's policy is maintaining provisions to cover risks and expenses based on a better estimate to deal with possible or certain and quantifiable responsibilities from current litigation, compensations or obligations, pending expenses for which the amount has not yet been determined, collaterals and other similar guarantees for which the Company is responsible. These are recorded at the time the responsibility or the obligation that determines the compensation or payment is generated.

3.35

Obligations related to employee termination benefits and pension commitments

Obligations with the Company's employees are in accordance with that established in the collective bargaining agreements in force, formalized through collective employment agreements and individual employment contracts, except for the United States that is regulated in accordance with employment plans in force up to 2002.

These obligations are valued using actuarial calculations, according to the projected unit credit method which considers such assumptions as the mortality rate, employee turnover, interest rates, retirement dates, effects related to increases in employees' salaries, as well as the effects on variations in services derived from variations in the inflation rate. This, considering criteria in force contained in the revised IAS 19.

Actuarial gains and losses that may be generated by variations in defined, pre-established obligations are directly recorded in other comprehensive income.

Actuarial losses and gains have their origin in departures between the estimate and the actual behavior of actuarial assumptions or in the reformulation of established actuarial assumptions.

The discount rate used by the Company for calculating the obligation was 4.52% and 4.89% for the periods ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The Company's subsidiary SQM North America has established pension plans for its retired employees that are calculated by measuring the projected obligation using a net salary progressive rate net of adjustments for inflation,

mortality and turnover assumptions, deducting the resulting amounts at present value using a 4.5% interest rate for 2016 and 5.00% for 2015. The net balance of this obligation is presented under the non-current provisions for employee benefits (refer to Note 15.4).

3.36

Compensation plans

Compensation plans implemented through benefits in share-based payments settled in cash, which have been provided, are recognized in the financial statements at their fair value, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 2 "Share-based Payments." Changes in the fair value of options granted are recognized with a charge to payroll on a straight-line basis during the period between the date on which these options are granted and the payment date (see Note 16).

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.37

Revenue recognition

Revenue includes the fair value of considerations received or receivable for the sale of goods and services during performance of the Company's activities. Revenue is presented net of value added tax, estimated returns, rebates and discounts and after the elimination of sales among subsidiaries.

Revenue is recognized when its amount can be stated reliably. It is possible that the future economic rewards will flow to the entity and the specific conditions for each type of activity related revenue are complied with, as follows:

(a) Sale of goods

The sale of goods is recognized when the Company has delivered products to the customer, and there is no obligation pending compliance that could affect the acceptance of products by the customer. The delivery does not occur until products have been shipped to the customer or confirmed as received by customers. When the related risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer and the customer has accepted products in accordance with the conditions established in the sale, when the acceptance period has ended, or when there is objective evidence that those criteria required for acceptance have been met.

Sales are recognized in consideration of the price set in the sales agreement, net of volume discounts and estimated returns at the date of the sale. Volume discounts are evaluated in consideration of annual foreseen purchases and in accordance with the criteria defined in agreements.

(b) Sale of services

Revenue associated with the rendering of services is recognized considering the degree of completion of the service as of the date of presentation of the consolidated classified statement of financial position, provided that the result from the transaction can be estimated reliably.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognized when interest is accrued in consideration of the principal pending payment using the effective interest rate method.

(d) Income from dividends

Income from dividends is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established.

3.38

Finance income and finance costs

Finance income is mainly composed of interest income in financial instruments such as term deposits and mutual fund deposits. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Finance costs are mainly composed of interest on bank borrowing expenses, interest on bonds issued and interest capitalized for borrowing costs for the acquisition, construction or production or qualifying assets.

Borrowing costs and bonds issued are recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest rate method.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.38 Finance income and finance costs, continued

For finance costs accrued during the construction period that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, the effective interest rate related to the project's specific financing is used. If none exist, the average financing rate of the subsidiary that makes the investment is utilized. Borrowing and financing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset are capitalized as part of that asset's cost.

3.39

Income tax and deferred taxes

Corporate income tax for the year is determined as the sum of current taxes from the different consolidated companies.

Current taxes are based on the application of the various types of taxes attributable to taxable income for the year.

Differences between the book value of assets and liabilities and their tax basis generate the balance of deferred tax assets or liabilities, which are calculated using the tax rates expected to be applicable when the assets and liabilities are realized.

In conformity with current Chilean tax regulations, the provision for corporate income tax and taxes on mining activity is recognized on an accrual basis, presenting the net balances of accumulated monthly tax provisional payments for the fiscal period and associated credits. The balances of these accounts are presented in current income taxes recoverable or current taxes payable, as applicable.

Tax on companies and variations in deferred tax assets or liabilities that are not the result of business combinations are recorded in statement of income accounts or equity accounts in the consolidated statement of financial position, considering the origin of the gains or losses which have generated them.

At each reporting period, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets has been reviewed and reduced to the extent there will not be sufficient taxable income to allow the recovery of all or a portion of the deferred tax assets. Likewise, as of

the date of the consolidated financial statements, deferred tax assets that are not recognized were evaluated and not recognized as it was more likely than not that future taxable income will allow for recovery of the deferred tax asset.

With respect to deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and interest in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized solely provided that it is more likely than not that the temporary differences will be reversed in the near future and that there will be taxable income with which they may be used.

The deferred income tax related to entries directly recognized in equity is recognized with an effect on equity and not with an effect on profit or loss.

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.39 Income tax and deferred taxes, continued

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally receivable right of offsetting tax assets against tax liabilities and the deferred tax is related to the same tax entity and authority.

3.40

Segment reporting

IFRS 8 requires that companies adopt a “management approach” to disclose information on the operations generated by its operating segments. In general, this is the information that management uses internally for the evaluation of segment performance and making the decision on how to allocate resources for this purpose.

An operating segment is a group of assets and operations responsible for providing products or services subject to risks and performance different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is responsible for providing products or services in a given economic environment subject to risks and performance different from those of other segments that operate in other economic environments.

For assets and liabilities the allocation to each segment is not possible given that these are associated with more than one segment, except for depreciation, amortization and impairment of assets, which are directly allocated to the applicable segments, in accordance with the criteria established in the costing process for product inventories.

The following operating segments have been identified by the Company:

- Specialty plant nutrients
- Industrial chemicals
- Iodine and derivatives
- Lithium and derivatives

-

Potassium

-

Other products and services

Note 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

3.41 Environment

In general, the Company follows the criteria of considering amounts used in environmental protection and improvement as environmental expenses. However, the cost of facilities, machinery and equipment used for the same purpose are considered property, plant and equipment, as the case may be.

Note 4 Financial risk management

4.1 Financial risk management policy

The Company's financial risk management policy is focused on safeguarding the stability and sustainability of Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. and its subsidiaries with regard to all such relevant financial uncertainty components.

The Company's operations are subject to certain financial risk factors that may affect its financial position or results. The most significant risk exposures are market risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, doubtful accounts risk, and interest rate risk, among others.

Potentially, additional known or unknown risks may exist, of which we currently deem not to be significant, which could also affect the Company's business operations, its business, financial position, or profit or loss.

The financial risk management structure includes identifying, determining, analyzing, quantifying, measuring and controlling these events. Management and, in particular, Finance Management, is responsible for constantly assessing the financial risk. The Company uses derivatives to hedge a significant portion of those risks.

Note 4 Financial risk management, continued

4.2 Risk factors

4.2.1 Market risk

Market risk refers to the uncertainty associated with fluctuations in market variables affecting the Company's assets and liabilities, including:

- Country risk: The economic situation of the countries where the Company operates may affect its financial position. For example, sales conducted in emerging markets expose SQM to risks related to economic conditions and trends in those countries. In addition, inventories may also be affected by the economic scenario in such countries and/or the global economy, among other probable economic impacts.
- Price risk: The Company's product prices are affected by the fluctuations in international prices of fertilizers and chemicals, as well as changes in productive capacities or market demand, all of which might affect the Company's business, financial position and results of operations.
- Commodity price risk: The Company is exposed to changes in commodity prices and energy which may have an impact on its production costs that may cause unstable results.

As of to-date, the SQM Group incurs an annual expenditure of approximately US\$95 million associated with fuel, gas, energy and equivalents from which US\$60 million related to direct electrical supply consumption. A change of 10% in the prices of energy required for the Company's operations may involve costs of approximately US\$9.5 million in short-term movements.

The markets in which the Company operates are unpredictable, exposed to significant fluctuations in supply and demand, and price high volatility. Additionally, the supply of certain fertilizers or chemicals, including certain products which the Company trades, vary mainly depending on the production of top producers and their related business strategies. Accordingly, the Company cannot forecast with certainty changes in demand, responses from competitors or fluctuations in the final price of its products. These factors can lead to significant impacts on the Company's product sales volumes, financial position and share price.

- Quality standards: In the markets in which we operate, customers might impose quality standards on our products and/or governments could enact more stringent standards for the distribution and/or use of our products.

Consequently, we might not be able to sell our products if we are not able to meet those new standards. In addition, our production costs might increase to meet such new standards. Not being able to sell our products in one or more markets or to key customers might significantly affect our business, financial position or the results of our operations.

Note 4 Financial risk management, continued

4.2.2 Credit risk

A contraction of the global economy and the potentially adverse effects in the financial position of our customers may extend the receivables recovery period for SQM, increasing its exposure to doubtful account risk. While measures have been taken to minimize such risk, the global economic situation may result in losses that might have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position or results of operations.

To mitigate these risks, SQM actively controls debt collection and has established certain safeguards which include loan insurance, letters of credit, and prepayments for a portion of receivables.

Financial investments correspond to time deposits with maturities exceeding 90 days and less than 360 days from the investment date, so they are not exposed to significant market risks.

4.2.3 Currency risk

As a result of its influence on price level determination as well as its relationship with cost of sales, and since a significant portion of the Company's business transactions are performed in that foreign currency, the functional currency of SQM is the United States dollar. However, the global business activities of the Company expose it to the foreign exchange fluctuations of several currencies with respect to the value of the U.S. dollar. Accordingly, SQM has entered into hedge contracts to mitigate the exposure generated by its main mismatches (assets, net of liabilities) in currencies other than the U.S. dollar against the foreign exchange fluctuation. These contracts are periodically updated depending on the mismatch amount to be hedged in such currencies. Occasionally, and subject to the Board of Directors' approval, in the short-term the Company insures cash flows from certain specific items in currencies other than the U.S. dollar.

A significant portion of the Company's costs, particularly payroll, is denominated in Chilean pesos. Accordingly, an increase or decrease in the exchange rate against the U.S. dollar would affect the Company's profit for the period. Approximately US\$ 317 million of the Company's costs are denominated in Chilean pesos. A significant portion of the effect of such obligations on the statement of financial position is hedged by derivative instrument transactions on the balance mismatch in such currency.

As of December 31, 2016, the Company recorded derivative instruments classified as currency and interest rate hedges associated with all the bonds payable, denominated in UF, with a fair value of US\$40.5 million against SQM. As of December 31, 2015, this amounts to US\$75 million in against SQM.

As of December 31, 2016, the Chilean peso to U.S. dollar exchange rate was Ch\$669.47 per US\$1.00 (Ch\$ 710.16 per US\$ 1.00 as of December 31, 2015).

Note 4 Financial risk management, continued

4.2.4 Interest rate risk

Interest rate fluctuations, primarily due to the uncertain future behavior of markets, may have a material impact on the financial results of the Company.

The Company has current and non-current debts valued at LIBOR, plus a spread. The Company is partially exposed to fluctuations in such rate, as SQM currently holds hedging derivative instruments to hedge a portion of its liabilities subject to the LIBOR rate fluctuations.

As of December 31, 2016, approximately 2% of the Company's financial liabilities are measured at LIBOR. Accordingly, any significant increase in this rate may have an impact on the Company's financial position. A 100 basic point variation in this rate may trigger variations in financial expenses of close to US\$ 0.03 million. However, this effect is significantly counterbalanced by the returns of the Company's investments that are also strongly related to LIBOR.

In addition, as of December 31, 2016, the Company's financial liabilities are mainly concentrated in the long-term and approximately 12% have maturities of less than 12 months, decreasing in the process the exposure to changes in interest rates.

4.2.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the funds needed to comply with payment obligations. The Company's objective is to maintain financial flexibility through a comfortable balance between fund requirements and cash flows from regular business operations, bank borrowings, bonds, short term investments, and marketable securities, among others.

The Company has an important capital expense program which is subject to change over time.

On the other hand, world financial markets go through periods of contraction and expansion that are unforeseeable in the long-term and may affect SQM's access to financial resources. Such factors may have a material adverse impact on the Company's business, financial position and results of operations.

SQM constantly monitors the matching of its obligations with its investments, taking due care of maturities of both, from a conservative perspective, as part of this financial risk management strategy. As of December 31, 2016, the Company had unused, available revolving credit facilities with banks, for a total of approximately US\$267 million.

The position in other cash and cash equivalents generated by the Company are invested in highly liquid mutual funds with an AAA risk rating.

Note 4 Financial risk management, continued

4.3 Risk measurement

The Company has methods to measure the effectiveness and efficiency of financial risk hedging strategies, both prospectively and retrospectively. These methods are consistent with the risk management profile of the Group.

Note 5 Changes in accounting estimates and policies (consistent presentation)

5.1 Changes in accounting estimates

The Company had no changes in the determination of accounting estimates at the closing date of the consolidated financial statements.

5.2 Changes in accounting policies

As of December 31, 2016, the Company's consolidated financial statements present no changes in accounting policies or estimates compared to the prior period (for further details refer to Note 2.6).

The consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the periods ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, have been prepared in accordance with the Standards issued by the Chilean Superintendence of Securities and Insurance (SVS), which consider the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The accounting principles and criteria were applied consistently.

Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation

6.1 Parent's stand-alone assets and liabilities

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Assets	3,824,137	4,012,556
Liabilities	(1,578,063)	(1,672,771)
Equity	2,246,074	2,339,785

6.2 Parent entity

As provided in the Company's by-laws, no shareholder can concentrate more than 32% of the Company's voting right shares and therefore there is no controlling entity.

6.3 Joint arrangements of controlling interest

Sociedad de Inversiones Pampa Calichera S.A., Potasios de Chile S.A., and Inversiones Global Mining (Chile) Limitada, collectively the Pampa Group, are the owners of a number of shares that are equivalent to 29.97% as of December 31, 2016 of the current total amount of shares issued, subscribed and fully-paid of the Company. In addition, Kowa Company Ltd., Inversiones La Esperanza (Chile) Limitada, Kochi S.A. and La Esperanza Delaware Corporation, collectively the Kowa Group, are the owners of a number of shares equivalent to 2.12% of the total amount of issued, subscribed and fully-paid shares of SQM S.A.

The Pampa Group and the Kowa Group have informed SQM S.A., the Chilean SVS and the relevant stock exchanges in Chile and abroad that they are not and have never been related parties between them. In addition, this is regardless of the fact that both Groups on December 21, 2006 have entered into a Joint Action Agreement (JAA) related to those shares. Consequently, the Pampa Group, by itself, does not concentrate more than 32% of the voting right capital of SQM S.A., and the Kowa Group does not concentrate by itself more than 32% of the voting right capital of SQM S.A.

Likewise, the Joint Action Agreement has not transformed the Pampa and Kowa Groups into related parties between them. The Joint Action Agreement has only transformed the current controller of SQM S.A., composed of the Pampa Group, and the Kowa Group into related parties of SQM S.A.

Detail of effective concentration

Tax ID No.	Name	Ownership
		interest %
96.511.530-7	Sociedad de Inversiones Pampa Calichera S.A.	19.72
76.165.311-5	Potasios de Chile S.A.	6.91
96.863.960-9	Inversiones Global Mining (Chile) Limitada	3.34
Total Pampa Group		29.97
79.798.650-k	Inversiones la Esperanza (Chile) Ltda.	1.43
59.046.730-8	Kowa Co Ltd.	0.30
96.518.570-4	Kochi S.A.	0.30
59.023.690-k	La Esperanza Delaware Corporation	0.09
Total Kowa Group		2.12

Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)

6.4 General information on consolidated subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the general information of the companies on which the Company exercises control and significant influence is as follows:

Subsidiary	Tax ID	Address	Country of incorporation	Functional currency	Ownership interest		Total
					Direct	Indirect	
SQM Nitratos S.A.	96.592.190-7	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	US\$	99.9999	0.0001	100.0000
Proinsa Ltda.	78.053.910-0	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	Ch\$	-	60.5800	60.5800
SQMC Internacional Ltda.	86.630.200-6	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	Ch\$	-	60.6381	60.6381
SQM Potasio S.A.	96.651.060-9	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	US\$	99.9999	-	99.9999
Serv. Integrales de Tránsito y Transf. S.A.	79.770.780-5	Arturo Prat 1060, Tocopilla	Chile	US\$	0.0003	99.9997	100.0000
Isapre Norte Grande Ltda.	79.906.120-1	Anibal Pinto 3228, Antofagasta	Chile	Ch\$	1.0000	99.0000	100.0000
Ajay SQM Chile S.A.	96.592.180-K	Av. Pdte. Eduardo Frei 4900, Santiago	Chile	US\$	51.0000	-	51.0000
Almacenes y Depósitos Ltda.	79.876.080-7	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	Ch\$	1.0000	99.0000	100.0000
SQM Salar S.A.	79.626.800-K	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	US\$	18.1800	81.8200	100.0000
SQM Industrial S.A.	79.947.100-0	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	US\$	99.0470	0.9530	100.0000
Exploraciones Mineras S.A.	76.425.380-9	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	US\$	0.2691	99.7309	100.0000
Sociedad Prestadora de Servicios de Salud Cruz del Norte S.A.	76.534.490-5	Anibal Pinto 3228, Antofagasta	Chile	Ch\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
Soquimich Comercial S.A.	79.768.170-9	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	US\$	-	60.6383	60.6383
	76.064.419-6		Chile	Ch\$	-	42.4468	42.4468

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Comercial Agrorama Ltda. (*)		El Trovador 4285 Las Condes						
Comercial Hydro S.A.	96.801.610-5	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	Ch\$	-	60.6383	60.6383	
Agrorama S.A.	76.145.229-0	El Trovador 4285 Las Condes	Chile	Ch\$	-	60.6377	60.6377	
Orcoma Estudios SPA	76.359.919-1	Apoquindo 3721 Of.131 Las Condes	Chile	US\$	51.0000	-	51.0000	
Orcoma SPA	76.360.575-2	Apoquindo 3721 Of.131 Las Condes	Chile	US\$	100.0000	-	100.0000	
SQM North America Corp.	Foreign	2727 Paces Ferry Road, Building Two, Suite 1425, Atlanta, GA	United States	US\$	40.0000	60.0000	100.0000	
RS Agro Chemical Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Foreign	Caya Ernesto O. Petronia 17, Orangestad	Aruba	US\$	98.3333	1.6667	100.0000	
Nitratos Naturais do Chile Ltda.	Foreign	Al. Tocantis 75, 6° Andar, Conunto 608 Edif. West Gate, Alphaville Barureri, CEP 06455-020, Sao Paulo	Brazil	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000	
Nitrate Corporation of Chile Ltd.	Foreign	1 More London Place London SE1 2AF	United Kingdom	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000	
SQM Corporation N.V.	Foreign	Pietermaai 123, P.O. Box 897, Willemstad, Curacao	Netherlands	US\$	0.0002	99.9998	100.0000	
SQM Peru S.A.	Foreign	Avenida Camino Real N° 348 of. 702, San Isidro, Lima	Peru	US\$	0.9800	99.0200	100.0000	
SQM Ecuador S.A.	Foreign	Av. José Orrantia y Av. Juan Tanca Marengo Edificio Executive Center Piso 2 Oficina 211 Al. Tocantis 75, 6° Andar, Conunto 608 Edif. West Gate, Alphaville Barureri, CEP 06455-020, Sao Paulo	Ecuador	US\$	0.0040	99.9960	100.0000	
SQM Brasil Ltda.	Foreign	Al. Tocantis 75, 6° Andar, Conunto 608 Edif. West Gate, Alphaville Barureri, CEP 06455-020, Sao Paulo	Brazil	US\$	1.0900	98.9100	100.0000	

(*) SQM is the Parent of Soquimich Comercial and, in its turn, the latter is the Parent of Comercial Agrorama Ltda.

Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)**6.4 General information on consolidated subsidiaries, continued**

Subsidiary	Tax ID	Address	Country of incorporation	Functional currency	Ownership interest		
					Direct	Indirect	Total
SQI Corporation N.V.	Foreign	Pietermaai 123, P.O. Box 897, Willemstad, Curacao	Netherlands	US\$	0.0159	99.9841	100.0000
SQMC Holding Corporation L.L.P.	Foreign	2727 Paces Ferry Road, Building Two, Suite 1425, Atlanta	United States	US\$	0.1000	99.9000	100.0000
SQM Japan Co. Ltd.	Foreign	From 1 st Bldg 207, 5-3-10 Minami-Aoyama, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Japan	US\$	0.5376	99.4624	100.0000
SQM Europe N.V.	Foreign	Houtdok-Noordkaai 25a B-2030 Antwerp, Belgium	Belgium	US\$	0.5800	99.4200	100.0000
SQM Italia SRL	Foreign	Via A. Meucci, 5 500 15 Grassina Firenze	Italy	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Indonesia S.A.	Foreign	Perumahan Bumi Dirgantara Permai, Jl Suryadarma Blok Aw No 15 Rt 01/09 17436 Jatisari Pondok Gede	Indonesia	US\$	-	80.0000	80.0000
North American Trading Company	Foreign	2727 Paces Ferry Road, Building Two, Suite 1425, Atlanta, GA	United States	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Virginia LLC	Foreign	2727 Paces Ferry Road, Building Two, Suite 1425, Atlanta, GA	United States	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Comercial de México S.A. de C.V.	Foreign	Av. Moctezuma 144-4 Ciudad del Sol. CP 45050, Zapopan, Jalisco México	Mexico	US\$	0.0010	99.9900	100.0000
SQM Investment Corporation N.V.	Foreign	Pietermaai 123, P.O. Box 897, Willemstad, Curacao	Netherlands	US\$	1.0000	99.0000	100.0000
Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Foreign	Caya Ernesto O. Petronia 17, Oranjestad	Aruba	US\$	1.6700	98.3300	100.0000

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SQM Lithium Specialties LLP	Foreign	2727 Paces Ferry Road, Building Two, Suite 1425, Atlanta, GA	United States	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
Soquimich SRL Argentina Comercial	Foreign	Espejo 65 Oficina 6 – 5500 Mendoza	Argentina	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
Caimán Internacional S.A.	Foreign	Edificio Plaza Bancomer Calle 50	Panama	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM France S.A.	Foreign	ZAC des Pommiers 27930 FAUVILLE	France	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
Administración y Servicios Santiago S.A. de C.V.	Foreign	Av. Moctezuma 144-4 Ciudad del Sol. CP 45050, Zapopan, Jalisco México	Mexico	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Nitratos México S.A. de C.V.	Foreign	Av. Moctezuma 144-4 Ciudad del Sol. CP 45050, Zapopan, Jalisco México	Mexico	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000

Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)**6.4 General information on consolidated subsidiaries, continued**

Subsidiary	Tax ID	Address	Country of incorporation	Functional currency	Ownership interest		
					Direct	Indirect	Total
Soquimich European Holding B.V.	Foreign	Loacalellikade 1 Parnassustoren 1076 AZ Amsterdam	Netherlands	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Iberian S.A	Foreign	Provenza 251 Principal 1a CP 08008, Barcelona	Spain	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Africa Pty Ltd.	Foreign	Tramore House, 3 Wterford Office Park, Waterford Drive, 2191 Fourways, Johannesburg	South Africa	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Oceania Pty Ltd.	Foreign	Level 9, 50 Park Street, Sydney NSW 2000, Sydney	Australia	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Agro India Pvt. Ltd.	Foreign	C 30 Chiragh Enclave New Delhi, 110048	India	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Beijing Commercial Co. Ltd.	Foreign	Room 1001C, CBD International Mansion N 16 Yong An Dong Li, Jian Wai Ave Beijing 100022, P.R.	China	US\$	-	100.0000	100.0000
SQM Thailand Limited	Foreign	Unit 2962, Level 29, N° 388, Exchange Tower Sukhumvit Road, Klongtoey Bangkok	Thailand	US\$	-	99.996	99.996
SQM Vitas Spain	Foreign	C/Manuel Echeverria Manzana 2 Muelle de la Cab (Puerto Real)	Spain	Euro	-	100.0000	100.0000

Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)

6.5

Information attributable to non-controlling interests

Subsidiary	% of interests in the ownership held by non- controlling interests.	Profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests		Equity, non-controlling interests		Dividends paid to non- controlling interests	
		12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Proinsa Ltda.	0.1	% -	-	-	-	-	-
SQM Potasio S.A.	0.0000001	% -	-	-	-	-	-
Ajay SQM Chile S.A.	49	% 1,360	1,551	8,303	8,107	1,163	1,946
SQM Indonesia S.A.	20	% -	-	1	1	-	-
Soquimich Comercial S.A.	39.3616784	% 2,378	2,605	50,416	49,897	1,851	1,303
Comercial Agrorama Ltda.	30	% (06)	3	201	292	-	-
Agrorama S.A.	0.001	% -	-	-	-	-	-
Orcoma Estudios SPA	49	% 2	5	2,277	2,274	-	-
SQM (Thailand) Limited.	0.004	% -	-	-	-	-	-
Total		3,634	4,164	61,198	60,571	3,014	3,249

Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)

6.6

Information on consolidated subsidiaries

12/31/2016

Subsidiary	Assets		Liabilities		Revenue	Profit (loss)	Comprehensive income (loss)
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current			
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM Nitratos S.A.	656,221	54,180	644,610	5,990	96,235	12,178	12,164
Proinsa Ltda.	56	1	-	-	-	(4	) (4
SQMC Internacional Ltda.	204	-	-	-	-	(3	) (3
SQM Potasio S.A.	176,976	722,965	37,167	26,933	5,902	253,322	252,435
Serv. Integrales de Tránsito y Transf. S.A.	75,296	36,407	107,567	224	30,315	(18,192	) (18,362
Isapre Norte Grande Ltda.	664	746	714	131	3,053	23	23
Ajay SQM Chile S.A.	17,240	1,069	975	388	28,035	2,776	2,776
Almacenes y Depósitos Ltda.	278	45	1	-	-	(10	) 105
SQM Salar S.A.	785,127	828,606	751,857	195,369	975,326	316,182	316,024
SQM Industrial S.A.	1,212,960	658,277	882,593	97,714	600,075	17,262	21,790
Exploraciones Mineras S.A.	510	31,598	6,027	-	-	(286	) (284
Sociedad Prestadora de Servicios de Salud Cruz del Norte S.A.	337	632	614	291	2,265	85	-
Soquimich Comercial S.A.	153,068	14,663	38,533	1,115	134,501	6,041	6,020
Comercial Agrorama Ltda.	10,759	1,589	11,644	35	15,185	(356	) (341
Comercial Hydro S.A.	5,242	56	115	15	47	350	350
Agrorama S.A.	12,348	842	14,078	37	16,462	(582	) (584
Orcoma SpA	-	2,360	14	-	-	(1	) (1
Orcoma Estudio SpA	671	4,135	159	-	-	4	4
SQM North America Corp.	175,834	15,621	204,201	485	228,229	(27,821	) (29,082
RS Agro Chemical Trading Corporation A.V.V.	5,179	-	8	-	-	(23	) (23
Nitratos Naturais do Chile Ltda.	6	251	3,456	-	-	(175	) (175
Nitrate Corporation of Chile Ltd.	5,076	-	-	-	-	-	-
SQM Corporation N.V.	668	116,267	3,568	-	-	2,479	5,819
SQM Peru S.A.	249	1	1,170	-	8	(165	) (165
SQM Ecuador S.A.	18,870	121	17,538	41	24,161	471	471
SQM Brasil Ltda.	200	1	714	2,266	296	(173	) (173
SQI Corporation N.V.	-	23	55	-	-	(17	) (17
SQMC Holding Corporation L.L.P.	23,135	13,936	1,000	-	-	1,977	1,977

SQM Japan Co. Ltd.	2,868	276	6,708	561	3,013	(7,615)	(7,615)
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Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)**6.6 Information on consolidated subsidiaries, continued**

12/31/2016

Subsidiary	Assets		Liabilities		Revenue	Profit (loss)	Comprehensive income
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current			
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM Europe N.V.	365,805	2,510	317,147	-	723,192	6,118	8,075
SQM Italia SRL	1,086	-	14	-	-	-	-
SQM Indonesia S.A.	3	-	1	-	-	-	-
North American Trading Company	158	145	39	-	-	-	-
SQM Virginia LLC	14,811	14,357	14,811	-	-	(3	(3
SQM Comercial de México S.A. de C.V.	73,791	2,200	49,048	-	186,769	(1,757	(1,757
SQM Investment Corporation N.V.	53,037	117	6,191	863	-	(5,441	(5,441
Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	28,662	-	49,788	-	-	(914	(719
SQM Lithium Specialties LLP	15,763	3	1,264	-	-	(3	(3
Soquimich SRL Argentina	209	-	177	-	-	(12	(12
Comercial Caimán Internacional S.A.	259	-	1,122	-	-	(2	(2
SQM France S.A.	345	6	114	-	-	-	-
Administración y Servicios Santiago S.A. de C.V.	148	24	504	55	2,687	268	268
SQM Nitratos México S.A. de C.V.	41	1	24	6	266	(2	(2
Soquimich European Holding B.V.	55,198	115,761	65,005	3,142	-	1,025	5,581
SQM Iberian S.A.	81,119	1,709	73,198	-	146,677	3,501	9,464
SQM Africa Pty Ltd.	89,627	1,399	84,292	-	92,122	(7,627	(7,627
SQM Oceanía Pty Ltd.	2,387	-	570	-	2,383	(99	(99
SQM Agro India Pvt. Ltd.	1	-	1	-	-	(3	(3
SQM Beijing Commercial Co. Ltd.	2,285	30	171	-	5,106	(34	(34
SQM Thailand Limited	10,228	5	7,288	-	5,579	319	319
SQM Vitas Spain S.A.	2,287	686	1,583	-	13,673	157	253
Total	4,137,420	2,643,568	3,406,703	332,549	3,341,563	556,286	575,411

Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)**6.6 Information on consolidated subsidiaries, continued**

12/31/2015

Subsidiary	Assets		Liabilities		Revenue	Profit (loss)	Comprehensive income (loss)	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current				
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM Nitratos S.A.	521,948	69,159	531,903	7,913	146,731	(715	)	(739
Proinsa Ltda.	149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SQMC Internacional Ltda.	195	-	-	-	-	(1	)	(1
SQM Potasio S.A.	90,230	843,842	7,748	23,438	10,785	184,315		184,533
Serv. Integrales de Tránsito y Transf. S.A.	46,646	63,973	81,703	6,642	44,045	(12,450	)	(12,316
Isapre Norte Grande Ltda.	791	540	664	143	3,883	-		6
Ajay SQM Chile S.A.	17,044	942	879	563	38,414	3,165		3,165
Almacenes y Depósitos Ltda.	264	41	-	-	-	(12	)	(77
SQM Salar S.A.	625,239	885,904	474,225	201,581	762,058	193,367		193,300
SQM Industrial S.A.	1,030,937	702,192	741,820	83,751	685,634	19,144		11,224
Exploraciones Mineras S.A.	482	31,443	5,560	-	-	(666	)	(666
Sociedad Prestadora de Servicios de Salud Cruz del Norte S.A.	296	550	423	364	2,299	(130	)	12
Soquimich Comercial S.A.	138,413	22,447	33,058	1,037	162,582	6,618		6,301
Comercial Agrorama Ltda.	10,231	1,554	10,796	16	13,806	11		12
Comercial Hydro S.A.	9,014	87	122	-	50	460		460
Agrorama S.A.	12,848	595	13,759	16	15,131	(380	)	(380
Orcoma SpA	-	2,356	9	-	-	(8	)	(8
Orcoma Estudio SpA	2,059	2,931	347	-	-	9		9
SQM North America Corp.	200,156	16,348	201,343	-	255,455	(12,774	)	(12,774
RS Agro Chemical Trading Corporation A.V.V.	5,194	-	-	-	-	(7	)	(7
Nitratos Naturais do Chile Ltda.	2	229	3,255	-	-	618		618
Nitrate Corporation of Chile Ltd.	5,076	-	-	-	-	-		-
SQM Corporation N.V.	668	115,720	3,539	-	-	4,882		303
SQM Peru S.A.	421	1	1,176	-	22	(104	)	(104
SQM Ecuador S.A.	19,660	147	18,883	35	16,778	447		447
SQM Brasil Ltda.	121	1	585	2,142	375	(2,694	)	(2,694
SQI Corporation N.V.	-	23	38	-	-	53		52
SQMC Holding Corporation L.L.P.	21,296	13,873	1,000	-	-	2,044		2,044

SQM Japan Co. Ltd.	2,327	211	239	495	2,861	159	159
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Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)**6.6 Information on consolidated subsidiaries, continued**

12/31/2015

Subsidiary	Assets		Liabilities		Revenue	Profit (loss)	Comprehensive	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current			income	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	(loss)	
SQM Europe N.V.	315,642	2,111	273,123	-	530,912	(5,536	)	(5,536
SQM Italia SRL	1,124	-	14	-	-	-	-	-
SQM Indonesia S.A.	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
North American Trading Company	158	145	39	-	-	(1	)	(1
SQM Virginia LLC	14,814	14,360	14,814	-	-	(7	)	(7
SQM Comercial de México S.A. de C.V.	87,686	1,710	61,589	-	183,374	(3,399	)	(3,399
SQM Investment Corporation N.V.	81,328	130	29,054	861	-	17,865		17,865
Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	72,828	-	93,235	-	-	(3,490	)	(3,089
SQM Lithium Specialties LLP	15,766	3	1,264	-	-	(7	)	(7
Soquimich SRL Argentina	243	-	199	-	-	(135	)	(135
Comercial Caimán Internacional S.A.	261	-	1,122	-	-	(5	)	(5
SQM France S.A.	345	6	114	-	-	-	-	-
Administración y Servicios Santiago S.A. de C.V.	167	-	635	227	3,094	(90	)	(90
SQM Nitratos México S.A. de C.V.	40	4	25	6	291	4		4
Soquimich European Holding B.V.	71,166	112,488	79,906	-	-	3,245		(1,881
SQM Iberian S.A.	55,444	65	50,169	-	137,869	11		11
SQM Africa Pty Ltd.	94,508	1,372	81,552	-	88,247	4,945		4,945
SQM Oceania Pty Ltd.	2,357	-	440	-	2,378	(192	)	(192
SQM Agro India Pvt, Ltd.	3	-	-	-	-	(1	)	(1
SQM Beijing Commercial Co. Ltd.	2,827	43	608	-	5,373	(58	)	(58
SQM Thailand Limited	9,765	27	6,991	-	11,539	125		125
Total	3,588,182	2,907,573	2,827,968	329,230	3,123,986	398,625		381,428

Note 6 Background of companies included in consolidation (continued)

6.7 Detail of transactions between consolidated companies

a) Transactions conducted in 2016

On May 12, 2016, the subsidiary SQM Iberian S.A. acquired 100% of interest in SQM Vitas Spain for ThUS\$ 1,710.

b) Transactions conducted in 2015

On August 5, 2015, the subsidiary SQM Brasil Ltda. made a capital contribution of ThUS\$572 in its subsidiary Nitratos Naturais do Chile Ltda. As a result of such transaction, SQM Brasil Ltda. increased its interest from 0.001% to 70.82% in such company. SQM Industrial S.A. was not involved in such capital increase, decreasing its interest from 99.99% to 29.18%. This generated no effects on the consolidated profit or loss of SQM S.A.

Note 7 Cash and cash equivalents

7.1

Types of cash and cash equivalents

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, cash and cash equivalents are detailed as follows:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
a) Cash		
Cash on hand	53	87
Cash in banks	80,287	31,977
Other demand deposits	1,260	9,042
Total cash	81,600	41,106
	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
b) Cash equivalents		
Short-term deposits, classified as cash equivalents	95,673	84,662
Short-term investments, classified as cash equivalents	337,396	401,491
Total cash equivalents	433,069	486,153
Total cash and cash equivalents	514,669	527,259

7.2

Short-term investments, classified as cash equivalents

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, short-term investments, classified as cash and cash equivalents relate to mutual funds (investment liquidity funds) for investments in:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Institution		
Legg Mason - Western Asset Institutional Cash Reserves	178,446	204,082
JP Morgan US dollar Liquidity Fund Institutional	158,950	197,409
Total	337,396	401,491

Short-term investments are highly liquid fund manager accounts that are basically invested in short-term fixed rate notes in the U.S. market.

Note 7 Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

7.3 Information on cash and cash equivalents by currency

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, information on cash and cash equivalents by currency is detailed as follows:

Original currency	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Chilean Peso (*)	6,044	2,656
US Dollar	490,978	512,809
Euro	11,386	4,245
Mexican Peso	309	1,439
South African Rand	3,250	4,123
Japanese Yen	2,149	1,690
Peruvian Sol	3	1
Brazilian Real	59	8
Chinese Yuan	400	272
Indian Rupee	8	14
Thai Baht	8	1
Argentine Peso	4	1
Pound Sterling	71	-
Total	514,669	527,259

(*)The Company maintains financial derivative policies which allow to minimize the risk of the variation in Chilean pesos exchange rate.

7.4 Amount restricted (unavailable) cash balances

Cash on hand and in current bank accounts are available resources, and their carrying value is equal to their fair value.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, restricted cash balances are presented in Note 10.9.

Note 7 Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

7.5 Short-term deposits, classified as cash equivalents

The detail at the end of each period is as follows:

2016 Receiver of the deposit	Type of deposit	Original Currency	Interest rate	Placement date	Expiration date	Principal ThUS\$	Interest accrued to-date ThUS\$	12/31/2016 ThUS\$
Banco Santander	Fixed term	US\$	1.28	12/29/2016	1/31/2017	9,900	1	9,901
Banco Crédito e Inversiones	Fixed term	US\$	0.90	12/30/2016	1/9/2017	15,000	1	15,001
Banco Santander	Fixed term	US\$	0.90	12/30/2016	1/10/2017	10,000	-	10,000
Scotiabank Sud Americano	Fixed term	US\$	0.93	10/11/2016	1/30/2017	13,000	27	13,027
Banco de Chile	Fixed term	US\$	0.75	10/11/2016	1/30/2017	2,000	3	2,003
Corpbanca	Fixed term	US\$	1.21	12/1/2016	1/3/2017	3,500	4	3,504
Banco Santander - Santiago	Fixed term	US\$	0.76	12/7/2016	1/6/2017	3,900	2	3,902
Banco Crédito e Inversiones	Fixed term	US\$	0.90	12/12/2016	1/12/2017	5,000	2	5,002
Corpbanca	Fixed term	US\$	1.30	12/12/2016	1/12/2017	1,700	1	1,701
Banco Crédito e Inversiones	Fixed term	US\$	0.88	12/14/2016	1/17/2017	2,000	1	2,001
Banco Santander - Santiago	Fixed term	US\$	1.28	12/20/2016	2/21/2017	800	-	800
Banco Santander - Santiago	Fixed term	US\$	1.28	12/20/2016	2/21/2017	5,000	2	5,002
Banco BBVA Chile	Fixed term	US\$	0.75	12/22/2016	1/23/2017	3,500	1	3,501
Banco de Chile	Fixed term	US\$	1.25	12/28/2016	2/9/2017	3,900	1	3,901
Banco Santander - Santiago	Fixed term	US\$	1.31	12/28/2016	2/9/2017	3,300	-	3,300
Banco Crédito e Inversiones	Fixed term	US\$	1.00	12/29/2016	1/30/2017	3,800	-	3,800
Corpbanca	Fixed term	Ch\$	0.31	12/16/2016	1/2/2017	1,942	3	1,945
Scotiabank Sud Americano	Fixed term	Ch\$	0.32	12/29/2016	1/9/2017	597	1	598
Scotiabank Sud Americano	Fixed term	Ch\$	0.33	12/30/2016	1/9/2017	2,091	-	2,091
Citibank New York	Overnight	US\$	0.01	12/31/2016	1/1/2017	1,742	-	1,742
BBVA Banco Francés	Fixed term	US\$	0.21	24/10/2016	1/31/2017	199	-	199
Nedbank	On demand	US\$	-	12/1/2016	1/31/2017	2,752	-	2,752

Total						95,623	50	95,673
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2015 Receiver of the deposit	Type of deposit	Original Currency	Interest rate	Placement date	Expiration date	Principal	Interest accrued to-date	12/31/2015
						ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Banco Crédito e Inversiones	Fixed term	US\$	0.50	12/23/2015	1/27/2016	50,000	6	50,006
Corpbanca	Fixed term	US\$	0.65	12/22/2015	1/21/2016	25,000	4	25,004
Banco Crédito e Inversiones	Fixed term	Ch\$	0.32	12/30/2015	1/14/2016	1,338	-	1,338
Banco Santander Santiago	Fixed term	Ch\$	0.31	12/30/2015	1/14/2016	704	-	704
Banco Crédito e Inversiones	Fixed term	US\$	0.30	12/11/2015	1/11/2016	1,000	-	1,000
Citibank New York	Overnight	US\$	0.01	12/31/2015	1/2/2016	225	-	225
Citibank New York	Overnight	US\$	0.01	12/31/2015	1/2/2016	614	-	614
BBVA Banco Francés	Fixed term	US\$	19.00	12/2/2015	1/4/2016	236	-	236
ABN Amro Bank	On demand	Euro	-	12/31/2015	1/2/2016	1,240	-	1,240
Nedbank	On demand	US\$	-	12/31/2015	1/2/2016	4,295	-	4,295
Total						84,652	10	84,662

Note 8 Inventories

The composition of inventory at each period-end is as follows:

Type of inventory	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Raw material reserves	7,536	4,844
Supplies for production reserves	23,610	29,353
Products-in-progress reserves	482,261	478,627
Finished product reserves	479,665	491,022
Total	993,072	1,003,846

As of December 31, 2016, the Company had inventories of caliche ore available for processing for ThUS\$43,400 (ThUS\$ 32,203 as of December 31, 2015).

As of December 31, 2016, the sum registered as cost of sale related to inventory in the statement of income amounts to ThUS\$1,116,057 and to ThUS\$1,070,387 as of December 31, 2015.

Inventory reserves recognized as of December 31, 2016 amount to ThUS\$81,295, and ThUS\$80,369 as of December 31, 2015. Inventory reserves have been made based on a technical study that covers the different variables affecting products in stock (density and humidity, among others). Additionally, reserves are recognized if goods are sold cheaper than the related cost, and for differences that arise from inventory counts.

The breakdown of inventory reserves is detailed as follows:

Type of inventory	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Raw material reserves	93	93
Supplies for production reserves	920	920
Products-in-progress reserves	52,843	53,187
Finished product reserves	27,439	26,169

Total	81,295	80,369
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The Company has not delivered inventory as collateral for the periods indicated above.

Note 8 Inventories, continued

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, movements in provisions are detailed as follows:

Reconciliation	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS \$
Opening balance	80,369	82,966
Changes		
Additional provisions	33,118	18,461
Increase (decrease) in existing provisions	(32,192)	(21,058)
Total changes	926	(2,597)
Total	81,295	80,369

Note 9 Related party disclosures**9.1****Related party disclosures**

Balances pending at period-end are not guaranteed, accrue no interest and are settled in cash. No guarantees have been delivered or received for trade and other receivables due from related parties or trade and other payables due to related parties. For the period ended December 31, 2016, the Company has not recorded any impairment in accounts receivable related to amounts owed by related parties. This evaluation is conducted every year through an examination of the financial position of the related party in the market in which it operates.

9.2**Relationships between the parent and the entity**

According to the Company's by-laws, no shareholder can own more than 32% of the Company's voting right shares.

Sociedad de Inversiones Pampa Calichera S.A., Potasios de Chile S.A., and Inversiones Global Mining (Chile) Ltda., collectively the Pampa Group, are the owners of a number of shares that are equivalent to 29.97% as of December 31, 2016 of the current total amount of shares issued, subscribed and fully-paid of the Company. In addition, Kowa Company Ltd., Inversiones La Esperanza (Chile) Limitada, Kochi S.A. and La Esperanza Delaware Corporation, collectively the Kowa Group, are the owners of a number of shares equivalent to 2.12% of the total amount of shares of SQM S.A. issued, subscribed and fully-paid.

The Pampa Group and the Kowa Group have informed SQM S.A., the Chilean SVS and the relevant stock exchanges in Chile and abroad that they are not and have never been related parties between them. In addition, this is regardless of the fact that both Groups on December 21, 2006 have entered into a Joint Action Agreement (JAA) related to those shares. Consequently, the Pampa Group, by itself, does not concentrate more than 32% of the voting right capital of SQM S.A., and the Kowa Group does not concentrate by itself more than 32% of the voting right capital of SQM S.A.

Likewise, the Joint Action Agreement has not transformed the Pampa and Kowa Groups into related parties between them. The Joint Action Agreement has only transformed the current controller of SQM S.A., composed of the Pampa Group, and the Kowa Group into related parties of SQM S.A.

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)

9.2 Relationships between the parent and the entity, continued

Detail of effective concentration

Tax ID No.	Name	Ownership
		interest %
96.511.530-7	Sociedad de Inversiones Pampa Calichera S.A.	19.72
76.165.311-5	Potasios de Chile S.A.	6.91
96.863.960-9	Inversiones Global Mining (Chile) Ltda.	3.34
Total Pampa Group		29.97
79.798.650-k	Inversiones la Esperanza (Chile) Ltda.	1.43
59.046.730-8	Kowa Co Ltd.	0.30
96.518.570-4	Kochi S.A.	0.30
59.023.690-k	La Esperanza Delaware Corporation	0.09
Total Kowa Group		2.12

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)

9.3 Detailed identification of the link between the Parent and subsidiary

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail of entities that are related parties of the SQM S.A. Group is as follows:

Tax ID No.	Name	Country of origin	Functional currency	Nature
Foreign	Nitratos Naturais Do Chile Ltda.	Brazil	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	Nitrate Corporation Of Chile Ltd.	United Kingdom	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM North America Corp.	United States	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Europe N.V.	Belgium	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	Soquimich S.R.L. Argentina	Argentina	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	Soquimich European Holding B.V.	The Netherlands	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Corporation N.V.	The Netherlands	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQI Corporation N.V.	The Netherlands	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Comercial De México S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	North American Trading Company	United States	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	Administración y Servicios Santiago S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Peru S.A.	Peru	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Nitratos Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQMC Holding Corporation L.L.P.	United States	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Investment Corporation N.V.	The Netherlands	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Brasil Limitada	Brazil	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM France S.A.	France	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Japan Co. Ltd.	Japan	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Aruba	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Oceania Pty Limited	Australia	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	Rs Agro-Chemical Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Aruba	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Indonesia S.A.	Indonesia	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Virginia L.L.C.	United States	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Italia SRL	Italy	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	Comercial Caiman Internacional S.A.	Panamá	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Africa Pty. Ltd.	South Africa	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Lithium Specialties LLC	United States	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Iberian S.A.	Spain	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Agro India Pvt. Ltd.	India	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Beijing Commercial Co. Ltd.	China	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Thailand Limited	Thailand	US\$	Subsidiary
Foreign	SQM Vitas Spain (2)	Spain	US\$	Subsidiary
96.801.610-5	Comercial Hydro S.A.	Chile	Chilean peso	Subsidiary
96.651.060-9	SQM Potasio S.A.	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary

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96.592.190-7 SQM Nitratos S.A.	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary
96.592.180-K Ajay SQM Chile S.A.	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)**9.3 Detailed identification of the link between the Parent and subsidiary, continued**

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail of entities that are a related parties of the SQM S.A. Group is as follows:

Tax ID No.	Name	Country of origin	Functional currency	Nature
86.630.200-6	SQMC Internacional Ltda.	Chile	Chilean peso	Subsidiary
79.947.100-0	SQM Industrial S.A.	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary
79.906.120-1	Isapre Norte Grande Ltda.	Chile	Chilean peso	Subsidiary
79.876.080-7	Almacenes y Depósitos Ltda.	Chile	Chilean peso	Subsidiary
79.770.780-5	Servicios Integrales de Tránsitos y Transferencias S.A.	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary
79.768.170-9	Soquimich Comercial S.A.	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary
79.626.800-K	SQM Salar S.A.	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary
78.053.910-0	Proinsa Ltda.	Chile	Chilean peso	Subsidiary
76.534.490-5	Sociedad Prestadora de Servicios de Salud Cruz del Norte S.A.	Chile	Chilean peso	Subsidiary
76.425.380-9	Exploraciones Mineras S.A.	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary
76.064.419-6	Comercial Agrorama Ltda.	Chile	Chilean peso	Subsidiary
76.145.229-0	Agrorama S.A.	Chile	Chilean peso	Subsidiary
76.359.919-1	Orcoma Estudios SPA	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary
76.360.575-2	Orcoma SPA	Chile	US\$	Subsidiary
77.557.430-5	Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	Chile	Chilean peso	Associate
Foreign	Abu Dhabi Fertilizer Industries WWL	Arab Emirates	Arab Emirates dirham	Associate
Foreign	Doktor Tarsa Tarim Sanayi AS	Turkey	Turkish lira	Associate
Foreign	Ajay North America	United States	US\$	Associate
Foreign	Ajay Europe SARL	France	Euro	Associate
Foreign	SQM Eastmed Turkey	Turkey	Euro	Associate
Foreign	Charlee SQM Thailand Co. Ltd.	Thailand	Thai baht	Associate
Foreign	Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co Ltda.	China	US\$	Joint venture
Foreign	Coromandel SQM India	India	Indian rupee	Joint venture
Foreign	SQM Vitas Fzco.	Arab Emirates	Arab Emirates dirham	Joint venture
Foreign	SQM Star Qingdao Corp Nutrition Co., Ltd.	China	US\$	Joint venture
Foreign	SQM Vitas Holland B.V.	Dutch Antilles	Euro	Joint venture
Foreign	Kowa Company Ltd.	Japan	US\$	Joint control
96.511.530-7	Sociedad de Inversiones Pampa Calichera	Chile	US\$	Joint control
96.529.340-k	Norte Grande S.A.	Chile	Chilean peso	Other related parties
79.049.778-9	Callegari Agricola S.A.	Chile	Chilean peso	Other related parties

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Foreign	Coromandel Internacional	India	Indian rupee	Other related parties
Foreign	Vitas Roullier SAS	France	Euro	Other related parties
Foreign	SQM Vitas Brazil Agroindustria	Brazil	US\$	Joint control or significant influence
Foreign	SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C.	Peru	US\$	Joint control or significant influence
Foreign	SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V	Dutch Antilles	Euro	Joint control or significant influence
Foreign	Minera Exar S.A.	Argentina	US\$	Joint venture
Foreign	SQM Vitas Southern Africa Pty.(1)	South Africa	US\$	Joint control or significant influence

(1) During June 2015, SQM Vitas Fzco. sold the ownership it had in SQM Vitas Southern Africa Pty., generating a loss of ThUS\$450.

During May 2016, SQM Vitas Holland B.V. sold the interest it had in SQM Vitas Spain, to SQM Iberian S.A. (2)resulting in the latter obtaining 100% of the interest through such transaction, which generated a loss of ThUS\$ 104.

(3) During December 2016, SQM Salar S.A. sold the interest it had in Sales de Magnesio Ltda. to Rock Litio Ltda. This transaction generated a gain of ThUS\$7,635.

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)

9.4

Detail of related parties and related party transactions

Transactions between the Parent and its subsidiaries are part of the Company's common transactions. Their conditions are those customary for this type of transactions in respect of terms and market prices. In addition, these have been eliminated in consolidation and are not detailed in this note.

Maturity terms for each case vary by virtue of the transaction giving rise to them.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, there are no allowances for doubtful accounts related to balances pending of transactions with related parties as there is no impairment in them.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail of significant transactions with related parties is as follows:

Tax ID No.	Company	Nature	Country of origin	Transaction	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
					ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Foreign	Doktor Tarsa Tarim Sanayi As	Associate	Turkey	Sale of products	11,619	17,842
Foreign	Ajay Europe S.A.R.L.	Associate	France	Sale of products	17,977	23,545
Foreign	Ajay Europe S.A.R.L.	Associate	France	Dividends	1,338	1,748
Foreign	Ajay North America LLC.	Associate	United States	Sale of products	12,865	15,618
Foreign	Ajay North America LLC.	Associate	United States	Dividends	2,605	5,185
Foreign	Abu Dhabi Fertilizer Industries WWL	Associate	United Arab Emirates	Sale of products	8,312	7,902
Foreign	Charlee SQM Thailand Co. Ltd.	Associate	Thailand	Sale of products	3,798	5,557
Foreign	Charlee SQM Thailand Co. Ltd.	Associate	Thailand	Dividends	-	296
77.557.430-5	Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	Associate	Chile	Sale of products	-	1,187
77.557.430-5	Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	Associate	Chile	Dividends	-	286
77.557.430-5	Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	Associate	Chile		-	34

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				Sale of services		
Foreign	Kowa Company Ltd.	Other related parties	Japan	Sale of products	91,678	62,543
Foreign	Kowa Company Ltd.	Other related parties	Japan	Services received		(933)
Foreign	SQM Vitas Brasil Agroindustria	Joint control or significant influence	Brazil	Sale of products	17,686	32,019
Foreign	SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C.	Joint control or significant influence	Peru	Sale of products	22,090	34,586
Foreign	SQM Vitas Southern Africa Pty.	Joint control or significant influence	South Africa	Sale of products	-	2,187
Foreign	SQM Vitas Fzco.	Joint venture	United Arab Emirates	Sale of products	965	1,060
Foreign	Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co Ltda.	Joint venture	China	Sale of products	9,950	22,624
Foreign	Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co Ltda.	Joint venture	China	Sale of services	257	-
Foreign	Coromandel SQM India	Joint venture	India	Sale of products	4,630	4,012
Foreign	SQM Vitas Spain	Joint venture	Spain	Sale of products	5,528	8,587
Foreign	SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V.	Joint venture	Netherlands	Sale of products	49	27
Foreign	SQM Star Qingdao Corp Nutrition Co., Ltd.	Joint venture	China	Sale of products	166	-
Foreign	SQM Vitas Holland B.V.	Joint venture	Holland	Sale of products	634	

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)

9.5

Trade receivables due from related parties, current:

Tax ID N°	Company	Nature	Country of origin	Currency	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
77.557.430-5	Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	Associate	Chile	Ch\$	-	377
Foreign	Charlee SQM Thailand Co. Ltd.	Associate	Thailand	US\$	1.315	2.338
Foreign	Ajay Europe S.A.R.L.	Associate	France	Euro	3.801	3.031
Foreign	Ajay North America LLC.	Associate	United States	US\$	3.095	2.538
Foreign	Abu Dhabi Fertilizer Industries WWL	Associate	United Arab Emirates	Arab Emirates dirham	764	772
Foreign	Doktor Tarsa Tarim Sanayi AS	Associate	Turkey	YTL	-	9.314
Foreign	Kowa Company Ltd.	Jointly controlled entity	Japan	US\$	34.377	23.465
96.511.530-7	Soc.de Inversiones Pampa Calichera	Jointly controlled entity	Chile	US\$	6	6
Foreign	SQM Vitas Brasil Agroindustria	Joint venture	Brazil	US\$	9.580	19.156
Foreign	SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C.	Joint venture	Peru	US\$	13.318	16.026
Foreign	Coromandel SQM India	Joint venture	India	Indian rupee	1.177	750
Foreign	Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co Ltda.	Joint venture	China	US\$	14.547	21.464
79.049.778-9	Callegari Agrícola S.A.	Other related parties	Chile	Ch\$	41	52
Foreign	SQM Vitas Fzco.	Joint venture	United Arab Emirates	Arab Emirates dirham	97	-
Foreign	SQM Vitas Spain	Joint venture	Spain	Euro	-	566
Foreign	SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V.	Joint venture	Holland	Euro	91	-
Foreign	SQM Star Qingdao Corp Nutrition Co., Ltd.	Joint venture	China	US\$	48	52
Foreign	Plantacote N.V.	Associate	Belgium	Euro	2	-
Total					82.259	99.907

9.6

Trade payables due to related parties, current:

Tax ID No.	Company.	Nature	Country of origin	Currency	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
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						ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Foreign	Doktor Tarsa Tarim Sanayi AS	Associate	Turkey	YTL		7	-
Foreign	SQM Vitas Fzco.	Joint venture	Arab Emirates	Arab Emirates dirham		-	251
Foreign	SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V.	Joint venture	Holland	Euro		-	184
Total as of to-date						7	435

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)

9.7

Board of Directors and Senior Management

1) Board of directors

SQM S.A. is managed by a Board of Directors which is composed of 8 regular directors, 2 of which are independent directors, who are elected for a three-year period. The present Board of Directors was elected by the shareholders at the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 26, 2016.

As of December 31, 2016, the Company has the following Committees:

Directors' Committee: composed of Hans Dieter Linneberg A. and Edward J. Waitzer, Julio Rebolledo D. Such Committee performs the duties contained in Article 50 bis of Law No. 18.046, the Chilean "Securities Act".

- Audit Committee: composed of Hans Dieter Linneberg A. and Edward J. Waitzer, Julio Rebolledo D.

Health, Safety and Environmental Matters Committee: composed of Mrs. Joanne L. Boyes, Gonzalo Guerrero Y. and Arnfinn F. Prugger.

Corporate Governance Committee: composed of Edward J. Waitzer, Robert A. Kirkpatrick, and Hans Dieter Linneberg A.

During the periods covered by these financial statements, there are no pending balances receivable and payable between the Company, its directors or members of Senior Management other than those related to remuneration, fee allowances and profit-sharing. In addition, there were no transactions conducted between the Company, its directors or members of Senior Management.

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)

9.7 Board of Directors and Senior Management, continued

2)

Directors' Compensation

Directors' compensation is detailed as follows:

The payment of a fixed, gross and monthly amount of three hundred Unidades de Fomento (inflation-adjusted units) in favor the Chairman of the Board of Directors of SQM S.A. and of two hundred Unidades de Fomento in favor of each of the remaining seven directors of SQM S.A. regardless of the number of Meetings held or not held during the related month and for the periods between May 1, 2016 and April 30, 2017.

A payment in domestic currency in favor of the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors consisting of a variable and gross amount equivalent to 0.135% of profit for the period effectively earned by the Company during fiscal year 2016.

A payment in domestic currency in favor of each Company's directors excluding the Chairman of the Board, consisting of a variable and gross amount equivalent to 0.06% of profit for the period effectively earned by the Company during fiscal years 2016.

The fixed and variable amounts indicated above will not be subject to any challenge between them and those expressed in percentages will be paid after the related General Shareholders' Meeting of SQM S.A. approves the Balance Sheet, Financial Statements, Annual Report, the Account Inspectors' Report and Independent Auditor's Report of SQM S.A. for the commercial year ended December 31, 2016.

The amounts expressed in UF will be paid in accordance with the value determined by the Chilean Superintendence of Banks and Financial Institutions (SBIF), the Central Bank of Chile (Banco Central de Chile) or another relevant institution replacing them during the last day of the calendar year applicable. The amounts reflected in or referred to in U.S. dollars will be converted to Chilean pesos and paid in Chilean pesos in accordance with the exchange rate with which the dividend declared for the commercial year 2016 is paid.

Therefore, the remunerations and profit sharing paid to members of the Board of Directors and Audit Committee during 2016 amount to ThUS\$2,292 (ThUS\$ 2,769 as of December 31, 2015).

3) Audit Committee

The remuneration of Directors Committee is composed of:

The payment of a fixed, gross and monthly amount of three seventy-five Unidades de Fomento (inflation-adjusted a)units) in favor the three Directors that are members of the Director's Committee regardless of the number of Meetings held or not held during the related month and for the periods between May 1, 2016 and April 30, 2017.

b) A payment in domestic currency in favor of each of the three Directors consisting of a variable and gross amount equivalent to 0.02% of profit for the period effectively earned by the Company during fiscal year 2016 resulting after deducting the relevant amount for the concept of the amortization of gain from bargain purchase and regardless of the number of Meetings held or not held by the Directors' Committee during such year.

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)

9.7 Board of Directors and Senior Management, continued

The fixed and variable amounts indicated above will not be subject to any challenge between them and those expressed in percentages will be paid after the related General Shareholders' Meeting of SQM S.A. approves the
c) Balance Sheet, Financial Statements, Annual Report, the Account Inspectors' Report and Independent Auditor's Report of SQM S.A. for the commercial year ended December 31, 2016.

The amounts expressed in UF will be paid in accordance with the value determined by the Chilean Superintendence of Banks and Financial Institutions (SBIF), the Central Bank of Chile (Banco Central de Chile) or another relevant
d) institution replacing them during the last day of the calendar year applicable. The amounts reflected in or referred to in U.S. dollars will be converted to Chilean pesos and paid in Chilean pesos in accordance with the exchange rate with which the dividend declared for the commercial year 2016 is paid.

4) Corporate Governance Committee, Health, Safety and Environmental Matters Committee and other Company's Committees

Remuneration of such committees is composed of the payment of a fixed, gross, monthly amount of UF 50 for each director comprising such committees, regardless of the number of meetings held or not held during the related month or year.

5) No guarantees have been constituted in favor of the directors.

6) Senior management compensation:

As of December 31, 2016, the global compensation paid to the 105 main executives amounts to ThUS\$20,439 and
a) the global compensation paid to the 103 main executives as of December 31, 2015 amounted to ThUS\$19,355. This includes monthly fixed salary and variable performance bonuses.

The Company has a bonuses intermediate and biannual plan for compliance target and level of individual
b) contribution to the Company's profit or loss. These benefits are structured in a minimum and maximum of gross remunerations which are paid once a year or every two years.

Note 9 Related party disclosures (continued)

9.7 Board of Directors and Senior Management, continued

7) Additionally, the Company has retention bonuses for the Company's executives. The amount of these bonuses is linked to the price of the Company's share and is payable in cash between 2012 and 2016 (see Note 16).

8) No guarantees have been constituted in favor of the Company's management.

9) The Company's Managers and Directors do not receive or have not received any benefit during the period ended December 31, 2016 and the year ended December 31, 2015 or compensation for the concept of pensions, life insurance, paid time off, profit sharing, incentives, or benefits due to disability other than those mentioned in the preceding points.

9.8 Key management personnel compensation

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Key management personnel compensation	20,439	19,355

Note 10 Financial instruments

Financial instruments in accordance with IAS 39 are detailed as follows:

10.1 Types of other financial assets

Description of other financial assets	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Other current financial assets (1)	284,160	617,267
Derivatives (2)	4,095	19,058
Hedging assets	934	-
Total other current financial assets	289,189	636,325
Other non-current financial assets (3)	14,099	486
Total other non-current financial assets	14,099	486

(1) Relates to term deposits with maturities exceeding 90 days and less than 360 days from the investment date.

(2) Relate to forwards and options that were not classified as hedging instruments (see detail in Note 10.3).

(3) The detail of other financial assets, non-current is as follows:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Non-current investments not accounted for using the equity method of accounting, classified as available for sale	6,899	444
Hedging assets	7,156	-
Other financial assets, non-current	44	42
Total other financial assets, non-current	14,099	486

Detail of other current financial assets

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Institution		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Banco Santander	54,364	175,433
Banco de Crédito e Inversiones	40,627	97,739
Banco de Chile	-	20,049
Corpbanca	19,247	122,951
Banco Itaú	44,722	80,830
Banco Security	15,007	24,861
Morgan Stanley	3,150	8,200
Scotiabank Sud Americano	107,043	78,180
HSBC Bank Chile	-	9,024
Total	284,160	617,267

Note 10 Financial instruments, (continued)

10.2

Trade and other receivables

	12/31/2016			12/31/2015		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Trade receivables	344,839	-	344,839	279,590	-	279,590
Prepayments	6,621	-	6,621	9,155	-	9,155
Other receivables	17,301	1,840	19,141	13,480	1,050	14,530
Total trade and other receivables	368,761	1,840	370,601	302,225	1,050	303,275

	12/31/2016			12/31/2015		
	Assets before allowance	Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	Assets for trade receivables, net	Assets before allowance	Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	Assets for trade receivables, net
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Receivables related to credit operations, current	361,656	(16,817)	) 344,839	294,525	(14,935)	) 279,590
Trade receivables, current	361,656	(16,817)	) 344,839	294,525	(14,935)	) 279,590
Prepayments, current	9,421	(2,800)	) 6,621	11,955	(2,800)	) 9,155
Other receivables, current	19,300	(1,999)	) 17,301	15,476	(1,996)	) 13,480
Current trade and other receivables	390,377	(21,616)	) 368,761	321,956	(19,731)	) 302,225
Other receivables, non-current	1,840	-	1,840	1,050	-	1,050
Non-current receivables	1,840	-	1,840	1,050	-	1,050
Total trade and other receivables	392,217	(21,616)	) 370,601	323,006	(19,731)	) 303,275

Note 10 Financial instruments, (continued)**10.2 Trade and other receivables, continued****Portfolio stratification, continued**

The Company's policy is to require guarantees (such as letters of credit, guarantee clauses and others) and/or maintaining insurance policies for certain accounts as deemed necessary by management.

Unsecuritized portfolio

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail of the unsecuritized portfolio is as follows:

12/31/2016

	Not overdue	1 - 30 days	31 - 60 days	61 - 90 days	91 - 120 days	121 - 150 days	151 - 180 days	181 - 210 days	211 - 250 days	Over 250 days	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Number of customers, portfolio under no renegotiated terms	1,943	2,502	1,666	1,324	1,473	372	290	227	221	1,903	11,921
Portfolio under no renegotiated terms	298,872	18,511	5,097	2,951	3,441	1,010	643	522	309	25,849	357,205
Number of customers under renegotiated terms portfolio	22	333	155	30	17	9	3	19	5	218	811
Portfolio under renegotiated terms, gross	947	602	83	62	118	5	8	33	33	2,560	4,451
Total gross portfolio	299,819	19,113	5,180	3,013	3,559	1,015	651	555	342	28,409	361,656

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12/31/2015

	Not overdue	1 - 30 days	31 - 60 days	61 - 90 days	91 - 120 days	121 - 150 days	151 - 180 days	181 - 210 days	211 - 250 days	Over 250 days	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Number of customers, portfolio under no renegotiated terms	3,653	698	388	2,617	565	241	253	667	311	1,836	11,229
Portfolio under no renegotiated terms	249,892	13,268	1,484	9,572	2,720	19	264	6,159	1,067	6,340	290,785
Number of customers under renegotiated terms	17	1	551	38	8	1	3	7	6	235	867
Portfolio under renegotiated terms, gross	540	10	625	13	170	15	259	35	293	1,780	3,740
Total gross portfolio	250,432	13,278	2,109	9,585	2,890	34	523	6,194	1,360	8,120	294,525

Note 10 Financial instruments, (continued)**10.2 Trade and other receivables, continued**

The detail of allowances is as follows:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Provision and write-offs		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Allowance for portfolio under no renegotiated terms	19,428	18,980
Allowance for portfolio with renegotiated terms	2,193	2,356
Write-offs for the period	(5)	(1,605)
Total	21,616	19,731

Credit risk concentration

Credit risk concentration with respect to trade receivables is reduced due to the great number of entities included in the Company's client database and their distribution throughout the world.

10.3**Hedging assets and liabilities**

The balance represents derivative instruments measured at fair value which have been classified as hedges from exchange and interest rate risks related to the total obligations associated with bonds of the Company in Chilean pesos and UF (and the exchange risk in Chilean pesos of the Company's investment plans). As of December 31, 2016, the notional amount of cash flows in Cross Currency Swap contracts agreed upon in US dollars amounted to ThUS\$320,155 and as of December 31, 2015 such contracts amounted to ThUS\$331,853.

Hedging assets with underlying debt	Derivative instruments (Fwds)	Effect on profit or loss for the period Derivative instruments	Hedging reserve in gross equity	Deferred tax hedging reserve in equity	Hedging reserve in equity
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
December 31, 2016	830	789	41	(9)	32

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Hedging liabilities with underlying debt	Derivative instruments (CCS)	Effect on profit or loss for the period Derivative instruments	Hedging reserve in gross equity	Deferred tax hedging reserve in equity	Hedging reserve in equity
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
December 31, 2016	43,235	28,108	(29)	5	(24)

Hedging liabilities with underlying investments	Derivative instruments (CCS)	Effect on profit or loss for the period Derivative instruments	Hedging reserve in gross equity	Deferred tax hedging reserve in equity	Hedging reserve in equity
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
December 31, 2016	218	(294)	76	(19)	57

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.3 Hedging assets and liabilities, continued**

Hedging liabilities	Derivative instruments (CCS)	Effect on profit or loss for the period Derivative instruments	Hedging reserve in gross equity	Deferred tax hedging reserve in equity	Hedging reserve in equity
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
December 31, 2015	74,786	(29,245)	86	96	182

The balances in the “effect on profit or loss” column consider the interim effects of the contracts in force As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Derivative contract maturities are detailed as follows:

Series	Contract amount ThUS\$	Currency	Maturity date
C	51,315	UF	12/01/2026
H	191,638	UF	01/05/2018
M	46,463	UF	02/01/2017
O	68,339	UF	02/01/2017

The Company uses cross currency swap derivative instruments to hedge the possible financial risk associated with the volatility of the exchange rate associated with Chilean pesos and UF. The objective is to hedge the exchange rate financial risks associated with bonds payable. Hedges are documented and tested to measure their effectiveness.

Based on a comparison of critical terms, hedging is highly effective, given that the hedged amount is consistent with obligations maintained for bonds denominated in Chilean pesos and UF. Likewise, hedging contracts are denominated in the same currencies and have the same expiration dates of bond principal and interest payments.

Hedge Accounting

The Company classifies derivative instruments as hedging that may include derivative or embedded derivatives either as fair value hedge derivative instruments, cash flow hedge derivative instruments, or hedge derivative instruments for net investment in a business abroad.

a) Fair value hedge

Changes in fair values of derivative instruments classified as fair value hedge derivative instruments are accounted for in gains and losses immediately along with any change in the fair value of the hedged item that is attributable to the risk being hedged.

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.3 Hedging assets and liabilities, continued**

The Company documents the relationship between hedge instruments and the hedged item along with the objectives of its risk management and strategy to carry out different hedging transactions. In addition, upon commencement of the period hedged and then on a quarterly basis the Company documents whether hedge instruments have been efficient and met the objective of hedging market fluctuations for the purpose of which we use the effectiveness test. A hedge instrument is deemed effective if the effectiveness test result is between 80% and 125%.

The hedge instruments are classified as effective or not effective on the basis of the effectiveness test results. As of to date, hedges are classified as effective on the basis of the effectiveness tests. This note includes the detail of fair values of derivatives classified as hedging instruments.

b) Cash flow hedges

Cash flow hedges cover exposure to the cash flow variations attributable to a risk associated with a specific transaction that is very likely to be executed, that may have material effects on the results of the Company.

10.4 Financial liabilities**Other current and non-current financial liabilities**

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail is as follows:

	12/31/2016			12/31/2015		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Bank borrowings	101,270	-	101,270	178,183	140,000	318,183
Obligations with the public (bonds)	58,973	1,059,706	1,118,679	221,092	1,077,172	1,298,264

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Derivatives	1,920	-	1,920	981	-	981
Hedging liabilities	16,981	33,732	50,713	1,774	73,031	74,805
Total	179,144	1,093,438	1,272,582	402,030	1,290,203	1,692,233

Current and non-current bank borrowings

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail is as follows:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Long-term bank borrowings	-	140,000
Short-term bank borrowings	101,270	97,079
Current portion of long-term bank borrowings	-	81,104
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term borrowings	101,270	178,183
Total bank borrowings	101,270	318,183

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.4 Financial liabilities, continued**

a) Bank borrowings, current:

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail of this caption is as follows:

Debtor			Creditor			Currency or adjustment	Repayment	Effective	Nominal
Tax ID No	Company	Country	Tax ID No.	Financial institution	Country	index	rate	rate	rate
93.007.000-9	SQM.S.A.	Chile	97.018.000-1	Scotiabank Sud Americano	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	1.00 %	1.00 %
93.007.000-9	SQM.S.A.	Chile	97.030.000-7	Banco Estado	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	4.3 %	4.3 %
93.007.000-9	SQM.S.A.	Chile	97.018.000-1	Scotiabank Sud Americano	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	0.74 %	0.85 %
93.007.000-9	SQM.S.A.	Chile	97.018.000-1	Scotiabank Sud Americano	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	0.74 %	0.84 %
79.626.800-K	SQM Salar S.A.	Chile	97.018.000-1	Scotiabank Sud Americano	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	1.34 %	0.84 %
79.947.100-0	SQM Industrial S.A.	Chile	97.030.000-7	Banco Estado	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	1.20 %	1.20 %

Debtor	Creditor	12/31/2016			12/31/2016			Subtotal	Borrowing costs	Total
		Nominal amounts	Up to 90 days	90 days to 1 year	Current amounts	Up to 90 days	90 days to 1 year			
Company	Financial institution	90 days ThUS\$	to 1 year ThUS\$	Total ThUS\$	90 days ThUS\$	to 1 year ThUS\$		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM.S.A.	Scotiabank Sud Americano	-	20,000	20,000	30	20,000	20,030	-	-	20,030
SQM.S.A.	Banco Estado	-	20,412	20,412	-	20,919	20,919	-	-	20,919
SQM.S.A.	Scotiabank Sud Americano	-	17,000	17,000	-	17,057	17,057	-	-	17,057
SQM.S.A.	Scotiabank Sud Americano	-	3,000	3,000	-	3,010	3,010	-	-	3,010
SQM Salar S.A.	Scotiabank Sud Americano	-	20,000	20,000	-	20,042	20,042	-	-	20,042
	Banco Estado	20,000	-	20,000	20,212	-	20,212	-	-	20,212

SQM
Industrial
S.A.
Total

20,000	80,412	100,412	20,242	81,028	101,270	-	101,270
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Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.4 Financial liabilities, continued**

Debtor			Creditor			Currency or adjustment		Effective	Nominal
Tax ID No	Company	Country	Tax ID No.	Financial institution	Country	index	Repayment	rate	rate
93.007.000-9	SQM.S.A.	Chile	97.018.000-1	Scotiabank Sud Americano	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	0.57 %	0.57 %
93.007.000-9	SQM.S.A.	Chile	97.030.000-7	Banco Estado	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	0.70 %	0.70 %
93.007.000-9	SQM.S.A.	Chile	97.018.000-1	Scotiabank Sud Americano	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	0.58 %	0.58 %
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	Foreign	Banco Estado NY Branch	United States	US\$	Upon maturity	1.94 %	2.54 %
79.626.800-K	SQM Salar S.A.	Chile	97.018.000-1	Scotiabank Sud Americano	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	0.57 %	0.57 %
79.947.100-0	SQM Industrial S.A.	Chile	97.030.000-7	Banco Estado	Chile	US\$	Upon maturity	0.44 %	0.44 %
Foreign	Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Aruba	Foreign	Bank of America	United States	US\$	Upon maturity	1.43 %	1.30 %
Foreign	Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Aruba	Foreign	The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Lda. (New York)	United States	US\$	Upon maturity	1.18 %	1.05 %
Foreign	Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Aruba	Foreign	Export Development Canada	Canada	US\$	Upon maturity	1.75 %	1.39 %

Debtor	Creditor	12/31/2015			12/31/2015			Borrowing	
		Nominal amounts			Current amounts				
Company	Financial institution	Up to	90 days	Total	Up to	90 days	Subtotal	costs	Total
		90	to		90	to			
		days	1 year	days	1 year				
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM.S.A.	Scotiabank Sud Americano	-	20,000	20,000	13	20,000	20,013	-	20,013
SQM.S.A.	Banco Estado	-	20,000	20,000	9	20,000	20,009	-	20,009
SQM.S.A.	Scotiabank Sud Americano	-	17,000	17,000	8	17,000	17,008	-	17,008

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SQM S.A.	Banco Estado NY Branch	-	-	-	1,067	-	1,067	-	1,067
SQM Salar S.A.	Scotiabank Sud Americano	-	20,000	20,000	16	20,000	20,016	-	20,016
SQM Industrial S.A.	Banco Estado	20,000	-	20,000	20,032	-	20,032	-	20,032
Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Bank of America	-	40,000	40,000	-	40,137	40,137	(49)	40,088
Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Lda. (New York)	-	20,000	20,000	-	20,052	20,052	(54)	19,998
Royal Seed Trading Corporation A.V.V.	Export Development Canada	-	20,000	20,000	-	20,010	20,010	(58)	19,952
Total		20,000	157,000	177,000	21,145	157,199	178,344	(161)	178,183

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.4****Financial liabilities, continued**

b) Unsecured obligations, current:

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail of current unsecured interest-bearing obligations is composed of promissory notes and bonds, as follows:

Bonds

Debtor			Number of registration or ID of the instrument	Series	Maturity date	Currency or adjustment index	Periodicity	Effective	
Tax ID No.	Company	País					Payment of interest	Repayment	
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$250,000	10/21/2016	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity	1.97%
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$250,000	1/28/2017	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity	3.61%
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$300,000	10/3/2016	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity	2.48%
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	446	C	12/1/2016	UF	Semiannual	Semiannual	1.34%
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	564	H	1/5/2017	UF	Semiannual	Semiannual	2.47%
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	700	M	2/1/2017	UF	Semiannual	Upon maturity	0.69%
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	699	O	2/1/2017	UF	Semiannual	Upon maturity	3.00%

			12/31/2016			12/31/2016				
			Nominal maturities			Current maturities				
			Up to 90 days	91 days to 1 year	Total	Up to 90 days	91 days to 1 year	Subtotal	Bond issuance costs	Total
Company	Country	Series	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM S.A,	Chile	ThUS\$250,000	-	-	-	-	2,674	2,674	(386)	2,288
	Chile	ThUS\$250,000	-	-	-	4,649	-	4,649	(433)	4,216

SQM S,A, SQM S,A, SQM S,A, SQM S,A, SQM S,A, SQM S,A, Total	Chile	ThUS\$300,000	-	-	-	-	2,658	2,658	(615)	2,043
	Chile	C		5,903	5,903	-	6,098	6,098	-	6,098
	Chile	H	-	-	-	3,726	-	3,726	(139)	3,587
	Chile	M	39,356	-	39,356	39,893	-	39,893	(11)	39,882
	Chile	O	-	-	-	926	-	926	(67)	859
			39,356	5,903	45,259	49,194	11,430	60,624	(1,651)	58,973

Effective rates of bonds in Chilean pesos and UF are expressed and calculated in U.S. dollars based on the flows agreed in Cross Currency Swap Agreements.

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.4 Financial liabilities, continued**

Debtor		Number of registration or ID of the instrument	Series	Maturity date	Currency or adjustment index	Periodicity		
Tax ID No.	Company	País				Payment of interest	Repayment	
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$200,000	4/15/2016	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$250,000	4/21/2016	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$250,000	1/28/2016	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$300,000	4/3/2016	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	446	C	6/1/2016	UF	Semiannual	Semiannual
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	564	H	1/5/2016	UF	Semiannual	Semiannual
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	700	M	2/1/2016	UF	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	699	O	2/1/2016	UF	Semiannual	Upon maturity

			12/31/2015 Nominal maturities			12/31/2015 Current maturities				
			Up to 90 days	91 days to 1 year	Total	Up to 90 days	91 days to 1 year	Subtotal	Bond issuance costs	Total
Company	Country	Series	ThUS\$	US\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM S,A,	Chile	ThUS\$200,000	-	200,000	200,000	-	202,586	202,586	(73)	202,513
SQM S,A,	Chile	ThUS\$250,000	-	-	-	-	2,674	2,674	(386)	2,288
SQM S,A,	Chile	ThUS\$250,000	-	-	-	4,648	-	4,648	(433)	4,215
SQM S,A,	Chile	ThUS\$300,000	-	-	-	-	2,658	2,658	(614)	2,044
SQM S,A,	Chile	C	-	5,413	5,413	-	5,610	5,610	-	5,610
SQM S,A,	Chile	H	-	-	-	3,417	-	3,417	(139)	3,278
SQM S,A,	Chile	M	-	-	-	492	-	492	(130)	362
SQM S,A,	Chile	O	-	-	-	849	-	849	(67)	782
Total			-	205,413	205,413	9,406	213,528	222,934	(1,842)	221,092

Effective rates of bonds in Chilean pesos and UF are expressed and calculated in U.S. dollars based on the flows agreed in Cross Currency Swap Agreements.

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.4 Financial liabilities, continued

c) Types of interest-bearing borrowings, non-current

Non-current interest-bearing borrowings as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are detailed as follows:

Debtor			Creditor			Currency or adjustment index	Repayment rate	Effective rate	Nominal rate
Tax ID No.	Company	Country	Tax ID No.	Financial institution	Country		Upon maturity		
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	Foreign	Banco Estado NY Branch	United States	US\$		1.94 %	2.54 %
		Nominal non-current maturities 12/31/2015				Non-current maturities 12/31/2015			
		Over 1 years to 2	Over 2 years to 3	Over 3 years to 4	Total	Over 1 years to 2	Over 2 years to 3	Over 3 years to 4	Subtotal
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM S.A.	Banco Estado NY Branch	140,000	-	-	140,000	140,000	-	-	140,000
Total		140,000	-	-	140,000	140,000	-	-	140,000

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.4 Financial liabilities, continued****d) Non-current unsecured interest-bearing bonds**

The breakdown of non-current unsecured interest-bearing bonds as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is detailed as follows:

Tax ID No.	Company	Country	Number of registration or ID of the instrument	Series	Maturity date	Currency or adjustment index	Periodicity Payment of interest	Repayment
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$250,000	04/21/2020	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$250,000	01/28/2025	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$300,000	04/03/2023	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	446	C	12/01/2026	UF	Semiannual	Semiannual
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	564	H	01/05/2030	UF	Semiannual	Semiannual
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	699	O	02/01/2033	UF	Semiannual	Upon maturity

**Nominal non-current maturities
12/31/2016**

Series	Over 1 year to 2	Over 2 years to 3	Over 3 Years to 4	Over 4 Years to 5	Over 5 years	Total	Over 1 year to 2	Over 2 years to 3	Over 3 Years to 4	Over 4 Years to 5	Over 5 years	Subtotal
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
MUS\$250	-	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	-	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
MUS\$250	-	-	-	-	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	-	250,000	250,000
MUS\$300	-	-	-	-	300,000	300,000	-	-	-	-	300,000	300,000
C	5,903	5,903	5,903	5,903	29,519	53,131	5,903	5,903	5,903	5,903	29,519	53,131
H	-	-	-	-	157,426	157,426	-	-	-	-	157,426	157,426
O	-	-	-	-	59,035	59,035	-	-	-	-	59,035	59,035
Total	5,903	255,903	5,903	5,903	795,980	1,069,592	5,903	255,903	5,903	5,903	795,980	1,069,592

**Non-current maturities
12/31/2016**

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.4 Financial liabilities, continued****d) Non-current unsecured interest-bearing bonds, continued**

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the breakdown of unsecured interest-bearing liabilities, non-current is as follows:

Tax ID No.	Company	Country	Number of registration or ID of the instrument	Series	Maturity date	Currency or adjustment index	Periodicity Payment of interest	Repayment
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$200,000	04/15/2016	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$250,000	04/21/2020	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$250,000	01/28/2025	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	-	ThUS\$300,000	04/03/2023	US\$	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	446	C	12/01/2026	UF	Semiannual	Semiannual
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	564	H	01/05/2030	UF	Semiannual	Semiannual
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	700	M	02/01/2017	UF	Semiannual	Upon maturity
93.007.000-9	SQM S.A.	Chile	699	O	02/01/2033	UF	Semiannual	Upon maturity

Nominal non-current maturities
12/31/2015

Series	Over 1 year to 2	Over 2 years to 3	Over 3 Years to 4	Over 4 Years to 5	Over 5 years	Total	Over 1 year to 2	Over 2 years to 3	Over 3 Years to 4	Over 4 Years to 5	Over 5 years	Subtotal
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
MUS\$250	-	-	250,000	-	-	250,000	-	-	250,000	-	-	250,000
MUS\$250	-	-	-	-	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	-	250,000	250,000
MUS\$300	-	-	-	-	300,000	300,000	-	-	-	-	300,000	300,000
C	5,413	5,413	5,413	5,413	32,482	54,134	5,413	5,413	5,413	5,413	32,482	54,134

Non-current maturities
12/31/2015

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H	-	-	-	-	144,357	144,357	-	-	-	-	144,357	144,357
M	36,089	-	-	-	-	36,089	36,089	-	-	-	-	36,089
O	-	-	-	-	54,134	54,134	-	-	-	-	54,134	54,134
Total	41,502	5,413	255,413	5,413	780,973	1,088,714	41,502	5,413	255,413	5,413	780,973	1,088,714

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.4 Financial liabilities, continued

e) Additional information

Bonds

On the 30 of September 2016 and the 31st of December 2015, short term bonds of ThUS\$58,973 and ThUS\$221,092 respectively were classified as short-term, consisting of the current portion due plus accrued interest to date, debt is presented net of bond issuance costs. The non-current portion consisted of ThUS\$1,059,706 on the 31 of December 2016 and ThUS\$1,077,172 on the 31st December 2015, corresponding to the issuance of series C bonds, Single series bonds (ThUS\$200), series H bonds second issue single series bonds (ThUS\$250), series M bonds, series O bonds, third issue single series bonds (ThUS\$300) and fourth issue single series bonds (ThUS\$250) excluding debt issue costs.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the details of each issuance are as follows:

Series “C” bonds

On January 24, 2006, the Company placed Series C bonds for UF 3,000,000 (ThUS\$101,918) at an annual rate of 4.00%.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company has made the following payments with a charge to the Series C bonds:

Payments made	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Principal payment	5,729	5,729
Interest payment	3,275	3,570

Single series first issue ThUS\$200,000

On April 5, 2006, the Company placed Single Series bonds for ThUS\$200,000 at an annual rate of 6.125% under "Rule 144 and regulation S of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933."

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company has made the following payments with a charge to the Single series bonds:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Payments made		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Payments of principal owed	200,000	-
Payments of interest	6,125	12,250

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.4 Financial liabilities, continued

Series “G” and “H” bonds

On January 13, 2009, the Company placed two bond series in the domestic market. Series H for UF 4,000,000 (ThUS\$139,216) at an annual interest rate of 4.9% at a term of 21 years with payment of principal beginning in 2019 and Series G for ThCh\$ 21,000,000 (ThUS\$34,146), which was placed at a term of 5 years with a single payment at the maturity of the term and an annual interest rate of 7%.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company has made the following payments with a charge to the Series G and H bonds:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Payments made		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Payments of interest, Series H bonds	7,289	7,696

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.4 Financial liabilities, continued

Single series bonds, second issue ThUS\$250,000

On April 21, 2010, the Company informed the Chilean Superintendence of Securities and Insurance of its placement in international markets of an unsecured bond of ThUS\$250,000 with a maturity of 10 years beginning on the aforementioned date with an annual interest rate of 5.5% and destined to refinance long-term liabilities.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail of payments charged to the line of single series bonds, second issue is as follows:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Payments made		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Interest payment	13,750	13,750

Series “M” and “O” bonds

On April 4, 2012, the Company placed two bond series in the domestic market. Series M for UF 1,000,000 (ThUS\$46,601) was placed at a term of 5 years with a single payment at the maturity of the term and an annual interest rate of 3.3%, and Series O for UF 1,500,000 (ThUS\$69,901) was placed at a term of 21 years with a single payment at the maturity of the term and an annual interest rate of 3.80%

As of December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015 the Company has made the following payments with a charge to the Series M and O bonds:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Payments made		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Payment of interest, Series M bonds	1,242	1,248

Payment of interest, Series O bonds	2,142	2,153
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Single series bonds, third issue ThUS\$300,000

On April 3, 2013 in the United States, the Company issued a non-guaranteed bond with a value of US\$ 300 million. The bond is for a 10 year term with an annual coupon rate of 3.625% and an annual yield of 3.716%. This rate equates to a difference of 180 basis points to comparable US Treasury bonds. The funds raised will be used to refinance long term liabilities and finance general corporate objectives.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the following payments have been made with a debit to the line of single-series bonds, third issue:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Payments made		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Payment of interest	10,875	10,875

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.4 Financial liabilities, continued****Single series bonds, fourth issuance ThUS\$ 250**

On October 23, 2014, the Company informed the Chilean Superintendence of Securities and Insurance that Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. agreed to issue and place unsecured bonds of ThUS\$ 250,000 in international markets. This, essentially, maturing in 2025 with a cover annual interest rate of 4.375% equivalent to a spread of 215 basis points on comparable US Treasury bonds, which were offered to the investors at a price of 99.410% with respect to capital. The aforementioned agreement was agreed on October 23, 2014 and the issuance and placement of such bonds was performed in conformity with the provisions of Rule 144A of the US Securities Act of 1933 and these bonds will not be publicly offered in Chile.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the following payments have been made.

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Payments made		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Payment of interest	10,938	8,203

10.5

Trade and other payables

	12/31/2016			12/31/2015		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Accounts payable	200,215	-	200,215	136,668	-	136,668
Other accounts payable	281	-	281	172	-	172
Total	200,496	-	200,496	136,840	-	136,840

Purchase commitments held by the Company are recognized as liabilities when the goods and services are received by the Company. As of December 31, 2016, the Company has purchase orders amounting to ThUS\$19,959 (ThUS\$15,888 as of December 31, 2015).

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.6

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

This balance relates to derivative instruments measured at their fair value, which has generated balances against the Company. The detail of this type of instrument is as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	Effect on profit or loss as of 12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$	Effect on profit or loss as of 12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Current				
Derivative instruments (IRS)	-	(229)	283	(242)
	-	(229)	283	(242)

Balances in the column effect on profit or loss consider the effects of agreements which were in force as of December 31, 2016, including derivatives, received during the year.

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.7

Financial asset and liability categories

a) Financial Assets

Description of financial assets	12/31/2016			12/31/2015		
	Current Amount ThUS\$	Non-current Amount ThUS\$	Total Amount ThUS\$	Current Amount ThUS\$	Non-current Amount ThUS\$	Total Amount ThUS\$
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	284,160	44	284,204	617,267	-	617,267
Loans and receivables measured at amortized cost	368,761	1,840	370,601	302,225	1,050	303,275
Total financial assets measured at amortized cost	652,921	1,884	654,805	919,492	1,536	921,028
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5,029	7,156	12,185	19,058	-	19,058
Financial assets classified as available for sale at fair value through equity	-	6,899	6,899			
Total financial assets at fair value	5,029	14,055	19,084	19,058	-	19,058
Total financial assets	657,950	15,939	673,889	938,550	1,536	940,086

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.7****Financial asset and liability categories (continued)****b) Financial liabilities**

Description of financial liabilities	12/31/2016			12/31/2015		
	Current Amount ThUS\$	Non-current Amount ThUS\$	Total Amount ThUS\$	Current Amount ThUS\$	Non-current Amount ThUS\$	Total Amount ThUS\$
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	18,900	33,732	52,632	2,755	73,031	75,786
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	18,900	33,732	52,632	2,755	73,031	75,786
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	360,740	1,059,706	1,420,446	536,115	1,217,172	1,753,287
Total financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	360,740	1,059,706	1,420,446	536,115	1,217,172	1,753,287
Total financial liabilities	379,640	1,093,438	1,473,078	538,870	1,290,203	1,829,073

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.8

Fair value measurement of assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value consist of Options and Forwards hedging the mismatch in the balance sheet and cash flows, Cross Currency Swaps (CCS) to hedge bonds issued in local currency (\$/UF), and Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) to hedge LIBOR rate debt issued.

The value of the Company's assets and liabilities recognized by CCS contracts is calculated as the difference between the present value of discounted cash flows of the asset (pesos/UF) and liability (US\$) parts of the derivative. In the case of the IRS, the asset value recognized is calculated as the difference between the discounted cash flows of the asset (variable rate) and liability (fixed rate) parts of the derivative. Forwards: Are calculated as the difference between the strike price of the contract and the spot price plus the forwards points at the date of the contract. Options: The value recognized is calculated using the Black-Scholes method.

In the case of CCS, the entry data used for the valuation models are UF, peso, and basis swap rates. In the case of fair value calculations for IRS, the FRA (Forward Rate Agreement) rate and ICVS 23 Curve (Bloomberg: cash/deposits rates, futures, swaps). In the case of forwards, the forwards curve for the currency in question is used. Finally, with options, the spot price, risk-free rate and volatility of exchange rate are used, all in accordance with the currencies used in each valuation. The financial information used as entry data for the Company's valuation models is obtained from Bloomberg, the well-known financial software company. Conversely, the fair value provided by the counterparties of derivatives contracts is used only as a control and not for valuation.

The effects on profit or loss of movements in these amounts may be recognized in the caption Finance costs, foreign currency translation gain (loss) or cash flow hedges in the statement of comprehensive income, depending on each particular case.

The fair value measurement of debt is only performed to determine the present market value of secured and unsecured long-term obligations; bonds denominated in local currency (Ch\$/UF) and foreign currency (US\$), credits denominated in foreign currency (US\$), which is classified under Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy established by IFRS.

The value of the Company's reported liabilities is calculated as the present value of discounted cash flows at market rates at the time of valuation, taking into account the maturity date and exchange rate. The entry data used for the model includes the UF and peso rates, which are obtained using Bloomberg, the well-known financial software

company and the 'Asociación de Bancos e Instituciones Financieras' (ABIF) (Association of Banks and Financial Institutions').

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.8 Fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, continued****Fair value hierarchy**

The fair value hierarchy is detailed as follows:

a) Level 1: using quoted prices (unadjusted) only in active markets.

b) Level 2: when in any phase in the valuation process inputs other than quoted prices have been used in Level 1 that are observable directly in markets.

c) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The valuation technique used for determining fair value of our hedging instruments is that indicated in Level 2.

	Fair value	Measurement methodology		
	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	Level 1 ThUS\$	Level 2 ThUS\$	Level 3 ThUS\$
Financial assets				
Investment				
Shares	6,879	6,879	-	-
Non-hedging derivatives				
Forwards	924	-	924	-
Options	426	-	426	-
Swaps	2,745	-	2,745	-
Hedging derivatives				
Swaps	8,090	-	8,090	-
Other	64	-	64	-
Financial liabilities				
Non-hedging derivatives				
Forwards	1,557	1,557	-	-
Options	363	363	-	-
Hedging derivatives				
Swaps	50,713	50,713	-	-

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.8 Fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, continued**

	Fair value	Measurement methodology		
	12/31/2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Financial assets				
Investment				
Investment in companies	424	424	-	-
Non-hedging derivatives				
Forwards	18,710	-	18,710	-
Options	349	-	349	-
Other	63	-	63	-
Financial liabilities				
Non-hedging derivatives				
Forwards	601	-	601	-
Options	5643	-	5643	-
Hedging derivatives				
Swaps	74,805	-	74,805	-

10.9**Financial assets pledged as guarantee**

On November 4, 2004, Isapre Norte Grande maintains a guarantee equivalent to the total amount owed to its members and healthcare providers, which is managed and maintained by Banco de Chile.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, assets pledged as guarantees are as follows:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Restricted cash		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Isapre Norte Grande Ltda.	685	496
Total	685	496

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.10 Estimated fair value of financial instruments and financial derivatives

As required by IFRS 7, the following information is presented for the disclosure of the estimated fair value of financial assets and liabilities.

Although inputs represent Management's best estimate, they are subjective and involve significant estimates related to the current economic and market conditions, as well as risk features.

Methodologies and assumptions used depend on the risk terms and characteristics of instruments and include the following as a summary:

- Cash equivalent approximates fair value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of trade receivables, current is considered to be equal to the carrying amount due to the maturity of such accounts at short-term.

- The fair value of other current financial liabilities are considered to be equal to their carrying values.

For interest-bearing liabilities with original maturity of more than a year, fair values are calculated at discounting contractual cash flows at their original current market with similar terms.

- The fair value of debt is considered in Level 2.

For forward and swap contracts, fair value is determined using quoted market prices of financial instruments with similar characteristics.

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)**10.10 Estimated fair value of financial instruments and financial derivatives, continued**

The detail of the Company's instruments at carrying value and estimated fair value is as follows:

	12/31/2016		12/31/2015	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Cash and cash equivalents	514,669	514,669	527,259	527,259
Current trade and other receivables	368,761	368,761	302,225	302,225
Receivables due from related parties, current	82,259	82,259	99,907	99,907
Other financial assets, current:				
- Time deposits	284,160	284,160	617,267	617,267
- Derivative instruments	4,095	4,095	19,058	19,058
- Hedging assets	934	934	-	-
Total other current financial assets	289,189	289,189	636,325	636,325
Non-Current Trade Receivables	1,840	1,840	1,050	1,050
Other non-current financial assets:	14,099	14,099	486	486
Other non-current financial assets:	14,099	14,099	486	486
Other financial liabilities, current:				
- Bank loans	101,270	101,270	178,183	178,183
- Derivative instruments	1,920	1,920	981	981
- Hedging liabilities	16,981	16,981	1,774	1,774
- Unsecured obligations	58,973	58,973	221,092	221,092
Other financial liabilities, current	179,144	179,144	402,030	402,030
Current and non-current accounts payable	200,496	200,496	136,840	136,840
Payables due to related parties, non-current	7	7	435	435
Other non-current financial liabilities:				
- Bank loans	-	-	140,000	160,265
- Unsecured obligations	1,059,706	1,195,512	1,077,172	1,221,002
- Non-current hedging liabilities	33,732	33,732	73,031	73,031
Other non-current financial liabilities:	1,093,438	1,229,244	1,290,203	1,454,298

Note 10 Financial instruments (continued)

10.11 Nature and scope of risks arising from financing instruments

As indicated in paragraphs 33 to 42 of IFRS 7 the disclosure of information associated with the nature and scope of risks arising from financial instruments is presented in Note 4 - Financial Risk Management.

Note 11 Equity-accounted investees

11.1 Investments in associates recognized according to the equity method of accounting

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, in accordance with criteria established in Note 3.19, investment in associates recognized according to the equity method of accounting and joint ventures are as follows:

Associates	Equity-accounted investees		Share on profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		Share on other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method, net of tax		Share on total other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	
	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	-	1,535	-	819	-	-	-	819
Abu Dhabi Fertilizer Industries WWL	13,343	11,766	1,482	1,455	-	455	1,482	1,910
Doktor Tarsa Tarim Sanayi AS	16,712	15,032	4,026	2,505	590	-	4,616	2,505
Ajay North America	13,457	12,913	2,794	3,600	-	-	2,794	3,600
Ajay Europe SARL	7,373	7,202	1,132	1,732	(7)	(21)	1,126	1,711
SQM Eastmed Turkey	-	70	(100)	(4)	-	-	(100)	(4)
Charlee SQM Thailand Co. Ltd.	1,763	1,318	244	122	-	89	244	210
Kore Potash Ltd.	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	72,604	49,836	9,578	10,229	583	523	10,162	10,751

Associate	Description of the nature of the relationship	Domicile	Country of incorporation	Share of ownership in associates	Dividends received	
					12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Sales de Magnesio Ltda. (1)	Commercialization of magnesium salts.	El Trovador 4285, Las Condes	Chile	50	% 409	286
Abu Dhabi Fertilizer Industries WWL	Distribution and commercialization of specialty plant nutrients in the Middle East.	PO Box 71871, Abu Dhabi	United Arab Emirates	37	% -	-
Doktor Tarsa Tarim Sanayi AS	Distribution and commercialization of specialty plant nutrients in Turkey.	Organize Sanayi Bolgesi, Ikinci Kisim, 22 cadde TR07100 Antalya 1400 Industry	Turkey	50	% -	-
Ajay North America	Production and distribution of iodine derivatives.	RD Power Springs GA 30129	United States	49	% 2.605	5.185
Ajay Europe SARL	Production and commercialization of iodine derivatives.	Z.I. du Grand Verger BP 227 53602 Evron Cedex	France	50	% 1.338	1.748
SQM Eastmed Turkey	Production and commercialization of specialty products.	Organize Sanayi Bolgesi, Ikinci Kisim, 22 cadde TR07100 Antalya	Turkey	50	% -	-
Charlee SQM Thailand Co. Ltd.	Distribution and commercialization of specialty plant nutrients.	31 Soi 138 (Meesuk) LLapdrawrd, Bangkapi, 10240 Bangkok	Thailand	40	% -	296
Kore Potash Ltd.	Prospecting, exploration and mining development	L 3 88 William St Perth, was 6000	Australia	18.02	% -	-

(1) During December 2016, SQM Salar S.A. sold the interest it had in Sales de Magnesio Ltda. to Rockwood Lito Ltda. This transaction generated a gain of ThUS\$7,635.

Note 11 Equity-accounted investees (continued)

11.2

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of associates

12/31/2016

					Revenue	Gain (loss) from continuing operations	Other comprehensive income	Comprehensive income
	Assets Current ThUS\$	Non-current ThUS\$	Liabilities Current ThUS\$	Non-current ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Abu Dhabi Fertilizer Industries WWL	37,801	2,104	3,843	-	41,442	4,005	-	4,005
Doktor Tarsa Tarim Sanayi AS	68,449	5,984	39,729	1,281	83,905	8,052	1,180	9,232
Ajay North America	18,844	11,633	3,015	-	35,715	5,702	-	5,702
Ajay Europe SARL	20,675	1,361	7,290	-	33,319	2,265	(13)	2,252
SQM Eastmed Turkey	727	2,265	719	2,362	833	(200)	-	(200)
Charlee SQM Thailand Co. Ltd.	6,264	591	2,448	-	12,065	609	-	609
Total	152,760	23,938	57,044	3,643	207,279	20,433	1,167	21,600

12/31/2015

					Revenue	Gain (loss) from continuing operations	Other comprehensive income	Comprehensive income
	Assets Current ThUS\$	Non-current ThUS\$	Liabilities Current ThUS\$	Non-current ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	4,141	825	1,881	16	11,982	1,638	-	1,638
Abu Dhabi Fertilizer Industries WWL	33,770	2,529	4,499	-	46,609	3,932	1,230	5,162
Doktor Tarsa Tarim Sanayi AS	103,099	7,555	80,588	-	64,374	5,009	-	5,009
Ajay North America	18,651	10,619	2,917	-	43,453	7,347	-	7,347
Ajay Europe SARL	18,979	1,661	6,239	-	40,484	3,464	(42)	3,422
SQM Eastmed Turkey	976	380	27	1,189	-	(8)	-	(8)

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Charlee SQM Thailand Co. Ltd.	7,418	566	4,687	-	12,524	304	222	526
Total	187,034	24,135	100,838	1,205	219,516	21,686	1,410	23,096

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Note 11 Investment in Associates (continued)

11.3

Other information

The Company has no participation in unrecognized losses in investments in associates.

The Company presents no investments unaccounted for according to the equity method of accounting.

The equity method was applied to the Statement of Financial Position as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

The basis of preparation of the financial information of associates corresponds to the amounts included in the financial statements in conformity with the entity's IFRS.

11.4

Disclosures on interest in associates

a) Transactions conducted in 2016:

During December 2016, SQM Salar S.A. sold the interest it had in Sales de Magnesio Ltda. to Rockwood Litio Ltda. generating a gain of ThUS\$7,635.

During November 2016, SQM S.A. made a capital contribution of ThUS\$20,000, in exchange for 18.02% of the interest of Kore Potash Limited. This contribution was paid to Elemental Minerals Limited.

Note 12 Joint Ventures

12.1 Policy for the accounting of equity accounted investment in joint ventures

The method for the recognition of joint ventures is that in which participation is initially recorded at cost, and subsequently adjusted, considering changes after the acquisition in the portion of the entity's net assets of the entity which correspond to the investor. Profit or loss for the period of the investor will collect the portion which belongs to it in the results of the controlled entity as a whole.

12.2 Disclosures of interest in joint ventures

a) Operations conducted in 2016

On March 28, 2016, Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. entered into an agreement to enter a joint venture with Lithium Americas Corp to develop the Cauchari-Olaroz lithium project in Argentina.

SQM S.A. made a capital contribution of ThUS\$25,000 in exchange for 50% of the ownership of Minera Exar S.A.

During May 2016, SQM Vitas Holland B.V. sold its interest in SQM Vitas Spain, to SQM Iberian S.A. resulting in the latter obtaining 100% in this transaction generating a loss of ThUS\$ 104.

b) Operations conducted in 2015

During June 2015, SQM Vitas Fzco. sold the ownership it had in SQM Vitas Southern Africa Pty., generating a loss of ThUS\$450.

Note 12 Joint Ventures (continued)

12.3 Investment in joint ventures accounted for under the equity method of accounting

Joint venture	Description of the nature of the relationship	Domicile	Country of incorporation	Share of interest in ownership		Dividends received	
						12/31/2014	12/31/2015
						ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co. Ltda.	Production and distribution of soluble fertilizers.	Huangjing Road, Dawan Town, Qingbaijiang District, Chengdu Municipality, Sichuan Province	China	50	%	-	-
Coromandel SQM India	Production and distribution of potassium nitrate.	1-2-10, Sardar Patel Road, Secunderabad – 500003 Andhra Pradesh	India	50	%	-	-
SQM Vitas Fzco.	Production and commercialization of specialty plant and animal nutrition and industrial hygiene.	Jebel ALI Free Zone P.O. Box 18222, Dubai	United Arab Emirates	50	%	-	-
SQM Star Qingdao Corp Nutrition. Co. Ltd.	Production and distribution of nutrient plant solutions with specialties NPK soluble	Longquan Town, Jimo City, Qingdao Municipality, Shangdong Province	China	50	%	-	-
SQM Vitas Brazil Agroindustria	Production and commercialization of specialty plant and animal nutrition and industrial hygiene.	Via Cndeias, Km. 01 Sem Numero, Lote 4, Bairro Cia Norte, Candeias, Bahia.	Brazil	49.99	%	-	-
SQM Vitas Southern Africa Pty.	Production and commercialization of specialty plant and animal nutrition and industrial hygiene	33 Waterford Office Park Waterford Drive Fourways, 2055 South Africa	South Africa	50	%	-	-
SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C.	Production and commercialization of specialty plant and animal nutrition and industrial hygiene	Av. Juan de Arona 187, Torre B, Oficina	Peru	50	%	-	-

SQM Vitas Spain(1)	Production and commercialization of specialty plant nutrition	301-II, San Isidro, Lima C/Manuel Echeverria Manzana 2 Muelle de la Cab (Puerto Real) Herikerbergweg	Spain	50	%	-	-
SQM Vitas Holland B.V	Without information	238, 1101 CM Amsterdam Zuidoost Herikerbergweg	Holland	50	%	-	-
SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V.	Production and commercialization of controlled-released fertilizers	238, 1101 CM Amsterdam Zuidoost Dr. Sabín 1082 Ciudad de Nieva	Holland	50	%	-	-
Minera Exar S.A.	Exploration and exploitation of minerals, processing and trading of such minerals	- San Salvador de Jujuy- Jujuy- República Argentina	Argentina	50	%	-	-

- (1) During May 2016, SQM Vitas Holland B.V. sold its interest in SQM Vitas Spain, to SQM Iberian S.A. resulting in the latter obtaining 100% in this transaction generating a loss of ThUS\$ 104.

Note 12 Joint Ventures (continued)**12.3 Investment in joint ventures accounted for under the equity method of accounting, continued:**

Joint Venture	Equity-accounted investees		Share on profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		Share on other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method, net of tax		Share on total other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	
	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co. Ltd.	12,150	13,257	-1,372	(845)	-	(12)	(1,372)	(857)
Coromandel SQM India	1,499	962	435	88	-	-	435	88
SQM Vitas Fzco,	17,956	11,604	3,458	369	449	9,686	3,907	10,055
SQM Star Qingdao Corp. Nutrition Co. Ltd.	2,618	2,462	163	495	-	-	163	495
SQM Vitas Holland	1,269	1,181	171	(10)	-	-	171	(11)
Minera Exar S.A.	25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	60,492	29,466	2,855	97	449	9,674	3,303	9,770

Joint Venture	Equity-accounted investees		Share on profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		Share on other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method, net of tax		Share on total other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	
	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
SQM Vitas Brazil Agroindustria(1)	9,343	3,722	4,570	(72)	2,845	-	5,130	(36)
SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C (1)	5,964	5,061	815	786	-	-	408	393
SQM Vitas Spain (2)	-	1,182	-	(251)	-	-	-	109
SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V. (2)	588	3,598	187	215	-	-	(80)	(125)

Total	15,895	13,563	5,572	678	2,,845	-	5,458	341
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The following companies are subsidiaries of

- | | |
|-----|-------------------|
| (1) | SQM Vitas Fzco. |
| (2) | SQM Vitas Holland |

Note 12 Joint Ventures (continued)

12.4

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses from joint ventures:

12/31/2016								
Joint Venture	Assets Current ThUS\$	Non-current ThUS\$	Liabilities Current ThUS\$	Non-current ThUS\$	Revenue ThUS\$	Gain (loss) from continuing operations ThUS\$	Other comprehensive Income ThUS\$	Comprehensive Income ThUS\$
Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co. Ltda.	43,639	7,399	26,738	-	16,051	(2,744)	-	(2,744)
Coromandel SQM India	4,485	847	2,334	-	8,034	870	-	870
SQM Vitas Fzco,	20,896	16,395	1,380	-	16,210	6,916	897	7,813
SQM Star Qingdao Corp. Nutrition Co. Ltd.	5,733	203	697	-	7,553	325	-	325
SQM Vitas Brazil Agroindustria	21,511	8,917	21,085	-	63,055	4,570	5,690	10,260
SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C	23,598	8,931	20,333	6,231	36,926	815	-	815
SQM Vitas Holland B.V	1,961	588	11	-	-	342	-	342
SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V.	619	-	31	-	-	(159)	-	(159)
Total	122,442	43,280	72,609	6,231	147,829	10,935	6,587	17,522

12/31/2015								
Joint Venture	Assets Current ThUS\$	Non-current ThUS\$	Liabilities Current ThUS\$	Non-current ThUS\$	Revenue ThUS\$	Gain (loss) from continuing operations ThUS\$	Other comprehensive Income ThUS\$	Comprehensive Income ThUS\$
Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co. Ltda.	56,053	8,023	37,563	-	65,929	(1,689)	(24)	(1,713)
Coromandel SQM India	3,738	924	2,668	70	5,816	176	-	176
SQM Vitas Fzco.	14,096	10,575	1,464	-	17,893	738	19,371	20,109
SQM Star Qingdao Corp. Nutrition Co. Ltd.	5,100	202	377	-	10,539	990	-	990
SQM Vitas Brazil Agroindustria	32,449	6,638	35,365	-	67,870	(72)	-	(72)

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SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C	24,432	6,562	25,933	-	45,739	786	-	786
SQM Vitas Spain	1,662	729	1,208	-	11,875	218	-	218
SQM Vitas Holland B.V	428	1,955	18	-	-	(21)	-	(21)
SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V.	802	-	30	-	-	(250)	-	(250)
Total	138,760	35,608	104,626	70	225,661	876	19,347	20,223

Note 12 Joint Ventures (continued)

12.5

Other Joint Venture disclosures:

	Cash and cash equivalents		Other current financial liabilities		Other non-current financial liabilities	
	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co. Ltda.	4,097	737	-	13,955	-	-
Coromandel SQM India	15	63	478	1,027	-	-
SQM Vitas Fzco,	11,514	7,574	-	-	-	-
SQM Star Qingdao Corp. Nutrition Co. Ltd.	3,756	3,870	-	-	-	-
SQM Vitas Brazil Agroindustria	2,168	827	8,718	11,215	-	-
SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C.	958	160	3,834	-	1,781	-
SQM Vitas Spain	-	272	-	-	-	-
SQM Vitas Holland B.V	1,961	428	-	-	-	-
SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V.	615	802	-	-	-	-
Total	25,084	14,733	13,030	26,197	1,781	-

	Depreciation and amortization expense		Interest expense		Income tax expense, continuing operations	
	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Sichuan SQM Migao Chemical Fertilizers Co. Ltda.	(691)	(687)	(433)	(241)	200	233
Coromandel SQM India	-	(69)	(49)	(73)	(44)	(89)
SQM Vitas Fzco.	(717)	(1,067)	(16)	(10)	-	-
SQM Star Qingdao Corp. Nutrition Co. Ltd.	(64)	(66)	(1)	(2)	(195)	(378)
SQM Vitas Brazil Agroindustria	(438)	(29)	(2,127)	(1,651)	(337)	(49)
SQM Vitas Peru S.A.C.	(82)	(29)	(323)	-	(362)	(370)
SQM Vitas Spain	-	(116)	-	(4)	-	(73)
SQM Vitas Holland B.V	-	-	-	(2)	-	-
SQM Vitas Plantacote B.V.	-	-	(1)	(3)	-	-
Total	(1,992)	(2,063)	(2,950)	(1,986)	(738)	(726)

The basis of preparation of the financial information of joint ventures corresponds to the amounts included in the financial statements in conformity with the entity's IFRS.

Note 13 Intangible assets and goodwill

13.1

Balances

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Intangible assets other than goodwill	109,439	110,428
Goodwill (1)	37,972	38,388
Total	147,411	148,816

(1) The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit has been determined based on a calculation of the value in use which used cash flow projections for a 5-year period, plus perpetuity.

The present value of the future cash flows generated by these assets has been estimated given a variance in sales volumes, market prices and costs, discounted at weighted average cost of capital (WACC).

13.2

Disclosures on intangible assets and goodwill

Intangible assets relate to goodwill, water rights, trademarks, industrial patents, rights of way, software, and mining claims which correspond to exploitation rights acquired from third-parties.

Balances and movements in the main classes of intangible assets as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are detailed as follows:

		12/31/2016		
	Useful life	Gross amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Value
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Intangible assets and goodwill				
Software	Finite	23,280	(16,234)	7,046
Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service	Finite	1,483	(1,023)	460
Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service	Indefinite	98,596	-	98,596

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Other intangible assets	Indefinite	3,337	-	3,337
Intangible assets other than goodwill		126,696	(17,257)	109,439
Goodwill	Indefinite	37,972	-	37,972
Total intangible assets and goodwill		164,668	(17,257)	147,411

Note 13 Intangible assets and goodwill (continued)**13.2 Disclosures on intangible assets and goodwill, continued**

		12/31/2015		
	Useful	Gross	Accumulated	Net Value
Intangible assets and goodwill	life	amount	Amortization	
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Software	Finite	23,251	(13,438)	9,813
Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service	Finite	1,448	(984)	464
Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service	Indefinite	96,500	-	96,500
Other intangible assets	Indefinite	3,651	-	3,651
Intangible assets other than goodwill		124,850	(14,422)	110,428
Goodwill	Indefinite	38,388	-	38,388
Total intangible assets and goodwill		163,238	(14,422)	148,816

a) Estimated useful lives or amortization rates used for finite identifiable intangible assets

Finite useful life measures the lifetime or the number of productive units or other similar variables which constitute its useful life.

The estimated useful life for software is 3 and 6 years, for other finite useful life assets the period in which they are amortized relates to periods defined by contracts or rights which generate them.

Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service and exploitation rights, mainly relate to water rights and are obtained as indefinite.

b) Method used to express the amortization of identifiable intangible assets (life or rate)

The method used to express the amortization is useful life, and estimated tons to be extracted in the case of mining claims.

Note 13 Intangible assets and goodwill (continued)**13.2 Disclosures on intangible assets and goodwill, continued****c) Minimum and maximum amortization lives or rates of intangible assets:**

Estimated useful lives or amortization rate	Minimum life or rate	Maximum life or rate
Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service and exploitation rights	Indefinite	Indefinite
Intangible assets other than goodwill	Indefinite	Indefinite
Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service and exploitation rights	1 year	16 years
Trademarks	1 year	5 years
Software	2 years	6 years

d) Information to be disclosed on assets generated internally

The Company has no intangible assets generated internally.

e) Other information to disclose on intangible assets

SQM has property rights and mining concessions of the Chilean Government, intended for the exploration and exploitation of saltpeter and brine. Such rights, have had no initial cost over registration costs, which are insignificant.

Also, SQM has acquired from third-parties other than the Chilean Government, mining concessions, which have been recognized at acquisition cost, which are amortized as the corresponding area is exploited based on the tons estimated to be extracted.

Expenses prior to obtaining the mining concessions are recognized in profit or loss for the year as incurred.

Note 13 Intangible assets and goodwill (continued)**13.2 Disclosures on intangible assets and goodwill, continued****f) Movements in identifiable intangible assets as of December 31, 2016:**

	Trademarks	Software	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Other intangible assets	Goodwill	Identifiable intangible assets
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Movements in identifiable intangible assets, gross							
Opening balance	3,821	23,251	1,448	96,500	3,651	38,388	167,059
Additions	-	160	25	2,100	-	-	2,285
Other increases (decreases)	(3,821)	(131)	10	(4)	(314)	(416)	(4,676)
Final balance	-	23,280	1,483	98,596	3,337	37,972	164,668

	Trademarks	Software	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Other intangible assets	Goodwill	Identifiable intangible assets
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Movements in identifiable intangible assets, accumulated amortization							
Opening balance	(3,821)	(13,438)	(984)	-	-	-	(18,243)
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortization	-	(2,796)	(38)	-	-	-	(2,834)

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Other increases (decreases)	3,821	-	(1	)	-	-	-	3,820
Final balance	(16,234)	(1,023)	-	-	-	-	-	(17,257)

Note 13 Intangible assets and goodwill (continued)**13.2 Disclosures on intangible assets and goodwill, continued****f) Movements in identifiable intangible assets as of December 31, 2016, continued**

	Trademarks	Software	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Other intangible assets	Goodwill	Identifiable intangible assets
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	-	9,813	464	96,500	3,651	38,388	148,816
Additions	-	160	25	2,100	-	-	2,285
Amortization	-	(2,796)	(38)	-	-	-	(2,834)
Other increases (decreases)	-	(131)	9	(4)	(314)	(416)	(856)
Final balance	-	7,046	460	98,596	3,337	37,972	147,411

g) Movements in identifiable intangible assets as of December 31, 2015:

	Trademarks	Software	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Other intangible assets	Goodwill	Identifiable intangible assets
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	3,821	23,062	1,524	97,386	3,698	38,388	167,879

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Additions	-	189	15	-	-	-	204
Other increases (decreases)	-	-	(91)	(886)	(47)	-	(1,024)
Final balance	3,821	23,251	1,448	96,500	3,651	38,388	167,059

Note 13 Intangible assets and goodwill (continued)**13.2 Disclosures on intangible assets and goodwill, continued****g) Movements in identifiable intangible assets as of December 31, 2015:**

	Trademarks	Software	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service, rights of way	Other intangible assets	Goodwill	Identifiable intangible assets
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Movements in identifiable intangible assets, accumulated amortization							
Opening balance	(3,821)	(9,996)	(939)	-	-	-	(14,756)
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortization	-	(3,432)	(45)	-	-	-	(3,477)
Other increases (decreases)	-	(10)	-	-	-	-	(10)
Final balance	(3,821)	(13,438)	(984)	-	-	-	(18,243)

	Trademarks	Software	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service rights of way	Intellectual property rights, patents and other industrial property rights, service rights of way	Other intangible assets	Goodwill	Identifiable intangible assets
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Movements in identifiable intangible assets, net							
Opening balance	-	13,066	585	97,386	3,698	38,388	153,123
Additions	-	189	15	-	-	-	204
Amortization	-	(3,432)	(45)	-	-	-	(3,477)
Other increases (decreases)	-	(10)	(91)	(886)	(47)	-	(1,034)

Final balance	-	9,813	464	96,500	3,651	38,388	148,816
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Note 14 Property, plant and equipment

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the detail of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

14.1

Types of property, plant and equipment

	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Description of types of property, plant and equipment		
Property, plant and equipment, net		
Land	32,701	34,589
Buildings	120,691	128,375
Machinery	312,878	393,461
Transport equipment	2,153	14,766
Furniture and fixtures	5,429	8,516
Office equipment	5,768	6,168
Production plants	113,630	80,027
Mining assets	29,726	41,392
Constructions in progress	170,710	151,831
Other property, plant and equipment (1)	739,024	824,451
Total	1,532,710	1,683,576
Property, plant and equipment, gross		
Land	32,701	34,589
Buildings	272,791	264,645
Machinery	1,223,174	1,211,927
Transport equipment	74,628	79,979
Furniture and fixtures	38,264	37,492
Office equipment	37,665	38,285
Production plants	227,494	171,769
Mining assets	230,567	228,240
Constructions in progress	170,710	151,831
Other property, plant and equipment	1,832,847	1,804,515
Total	4,140,841	4,023,272
Accumulated depreciation and value impairment of property, plant and equipment, total		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment of buildings	152,100	136,270
Accumulated depreciation and impairment of machinery	910,296	818,466
Accumulated depreciation and impairment of transport equipment	72,475	65,213
Accumulated depreciation and impairment of furniture and fixtures	32,835	28,976
Accumulated depreciation and impairment of office equipment	31,897	32,117
Accumulated depreciation and impairment of production plants	113,864	91,742
Accumulated depreciation and impairment of mining assets	200,841	186,848
Accumulated depreciation and impairment of other property, plant and equipment	1,093,823	980,064

Total	2,608,131	2,339,696
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(1) The detail of other property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	12/31/2016	31/12/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Other property, plant and equipment, net		
Conveyor belt system in plant	33,046	39,666
Tank (TK)	18,993	26,046
Geomembrane/liner		155,409
Electric facilities	45,408	56,600
Lights	1,110	2,252
Other constructions	126,969	109,478
Piping		17,174
Pool	284,025	160,869
Well (water)	42,584	44,432
Pipes/HDPE lines	127,805	131,431
Railroad track	2,274	11,001
Other property, plant and equipment	56,810	70,093
Total	739,024	824,451

Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

14.2 Reconciliation of changes in property, plant and equipment by type:

Reconciliation entries of changes in property, plant and equipment by type as of December 31, 2016, gross	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transport equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Production plants	Mining assets	Constructions in progress	Other property, plant and equipment
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	34,589	264,645	1,211,927	79,979	37,492	38,285	171,769	228,240	151,831	1,804,515
Changes										
Additions	-	-	1,192	50	14	763	-	-	145,606	1,473
Divestitures	-	-	(1,166)	(5,540)	(28)	(1)	-	-	(3,370)	(753)
Increase(decrease) in foreign currency exchange	28	1	18	8	-	52	-	-	-	65
Reclassification	-	8,145	11,203	277	786	548	55,725	2,327	(101,105)	27,950
Other increases (decreases) (*)	(25)	-	-	(146)	-	(1,982)	-	-	(22,252)	(209)
Decreases for classification as held-for-sale (1)	(1,891)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(194)
Total changes	(1,888)	8,146	11,247	(5,351)	772	(620)	55,725	2,327	18,879	28,332
Final balance	32,701	272,791	1,223,174	74,628	38,264	37,665	227,494	230,567	170,710	1,832,847

Reconciliation entries of changes in property, plant and equipment by type as of December 31, 2016, Accumulated depreciation	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transport equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Production plants	Mining assets	Constructions in progress	Other property, plant and equipment	Proper plant a equipm
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	-	(136,270)	(818,466)	(65,213)	(28,976)	(32,117)	(91,742)	(186,848)	(980,064)	(2,339,000)	(2,339,000)
Changes											
Divestitures	-	-	759	5,540	28	-	-	-	-	-	6,327

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Depreciation expense	-	(14,379)	(81,090)	(2,682)	(3,426)	(1,893)	(22,125)	(13,993)	-	(100,069)	(239,6
Impairment		(180)	(5,612)	(14,209)	(269)	-	-	-	-	(11,312)	(31,58
Increase(decrease) in foreign currency exchange	-	(13)	-	(14)	-	(28)	-	-	-	(13)	(68
Reclassification	-	(1,258)	(5,889)	3,974	(192)	(36)	-	-	-	(2,455)	(5,850
Other increases (decreases) (*)	-	-	2	129	-	2,177	3	-	-	61	2,372
Decreases for classification as held-for-sale (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	29
Total changes	-	(15,830)	(91,830)	(7,262)	(3,859)	220	(22,122)	(13,993)	-	(113,759)	(268,4
Final balance	-	(152,100)	(910,296)	(72,475)	(32,835)	(31,897)	(113,864)	(200,841)	-	(1,093,823)	(2,608

Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)**14.2 Reconciliation of changes in property, plant and equipment by type, continued:**

Reconciliation entries of changes in property, plant and equipment by type as of December 31, 2016, net	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transport equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Production plants	Mining assets	Constructions in progress	Other property, plant and equipment
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	34,589	128,375	393,461	14,766	8,516	6,168	80,027	41,392	151,831	824,451
Changes										
Additions	-	-	1,192	50	14	763	-	-	145,606	1,473
Divestitures	-	-	(407)	-	-	(1)	-	-	(3,370)	(753)
Depreciation expense	-	(14,379)	(81,090)	(2,682)	(3,426)	(1,893)	(22,125)	(13,993)	-	(100,069)
Impairment		(180)	(5,612)	(14,209)	(269)	-	-	-	-	(11,312)
Increase(decrease) in foreign currency exchange	28	(12)	18	(6)	-	24	-	-	-	52
Reclassification	-	6,887	5,314	4,251	594	512	55,725	2,327	(101,105)	25,495
Other increases (decreases) (*)	(25)	-	2	(17)	-	195	3	-	(22,252)	(148)
Decreases for classification as held-for-sale (1)	(1,891)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(165)
Total changes	(1,888)	(7,684)	(80,583)	(12,613)	(3,087)	(400)	33,603	(11,666)	18,879	(85,427)
Final balance	32,701	120,691	312,878	2,153	5,429	5,768	113,630	29,726	170,710	739,024

(*) The net balance of other increases (decreases) corresponds to: 1) Work in progress which are expensed to profit or loss (forming part of cost of sales and other expenses per function, as appropriate), 2) the variation representing the purchase and use of materials and spare parts and 3) reclassifications to other captions for the sale of property, plant and equipment and 4) projects which correspond to prospecting and development of small deposits.

(1) The Company classifies as non-current assets held-for-sale the property, plant and equipment (asset groups held-for-sale) whose date has been committed at the date of the consolidated financial statements or negotiations have started for such sale and the sale is estimated to occur within twelve months following such date.

These assets or asset groups held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount or the estimated sales value less costs to sell, and their amortization stops at the time they are classified as non-current assets held for sale.

Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)**14.2 Reconciliation of changes in property, plant and equipment by type, continued:**

Reconciliation entries of changes in property, plant and equipment by type as of December 31, 2015, gross	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transport equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Production plants	Mining assets	Constructions in progress	Other property, plant and equipment
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	34,622	240,356	1,145,426	78,402	32,082	35,512	171,277	225,917	237,321	1,711,260
Changes										
Additions	49	933	1,109	32	28	1,338	-	-	145,376	4,122
Divestitures	-	-	(13	) (5	) -	(1	) -	-	(9,193	) (369
Impairment										
Increase(decrease)										
in foreign										
currency										
exchange	(82	) -	(53	) (23	) -	(104	) -	-	(1	) (180
Reclassification	-	23,355	68,187	3,742	5,382	1,585	491	2,324	(178,445)	88,703
Other increases										
(decreases) (*)		1	(2,729	) (2,169	)	(45	) 1	(1	) (43,227	) 973
Total changes	(33	) 24,289	66,501	1,577	5,410	2,773	492	2,323	(85,490	) 93,249
Final balance	34,589	264,645	1,211,927	79,979	37,492	38,285	171,7689	228,240	151,831	1,804,510

Reconciliation entries of changes in property, plant and equipment by type as of December 31, 2015, Accumulated depreciation	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transport equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Production plants	Mining assets	Constructions in progress	Other property, plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	-	(115,954)	(791,878)	(64,227)	(23,066)	(29,147)	(62,504)	(142,585)	-	(794,866)	(2,024,220)
Changes											
Divestitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation											
expense	-	(13,945	) (94,006	) (15,575)	(4,250	) (3,051	) (7,594	) (15,236	) -	(114,611)	(268,268)

Impairment Increase(decrease) in foreign currency exchange	-	1	-	16	-	66	-	-	-	30	113
Reclassification	-	(5,348)	70,419	24,887	(433)	2	(21,644)	(29,027)	-	(54,180)	(15,324)
Other increases (decreases) (*)	-	(1,024)	(3,001)	(10,314)	(1,227)	13			-	(16,437)	(31,990)
Total changes	-	(20,316)	(26,588)	(986)	(5,910)	(2,970)	(29,238)	(44,263)	-	(185,198)	(315,469)
Final balance	-	(136,270)	(818,466)	(65,213)	(28,976)	(32,117)	(91,742)	(186,848)	-	(980,064)	(2,339,650)

Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)**14.2 Reconciliation of changes in property, plant and equipment by type, continued:**

Reconciliation entries of changes in property, plant and equipment by type as of December 31, 2015, net	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transport equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Production plants	Mining assets	Construction in progress	Other property, plant and equipment
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	34,622	124,402	353,548	14,175	9,016	6,365	108,773	83,332	237,321	916,400
Changes										
Additions	49	933	1,109	32	28	1,338	-	-	145,376	4,122
Divestitures	-	-	(13)	(5)	-	(1)	-	-	(9,193)	(369)
Depreciation expense	-	(13,945)	(94,006)	(15,575)	(4,250)	(3,051)	(7,594)	(15,236)	-	(114,611)
Impairment										
Increase(decrease) in foreign currency exchange	(82)	1	(53)	(7)	-	(38)	-	-	(1)	(150)
Reclassification	-	18,007	138,606	28,629	4,949	1,587	(21,153)	(26,703)	(178,445)	34,523
Other increases (decreases) (*)	-	(1,023)	(5,730)	(12,483)	(1,227)	(32)	1	(1)	(43,227)	(15,464)
Total changes	(33)	3,973	39,913	591	(500)	(197)	(28,746)	(41,940)	(85,490)	(91,949)
Final balance	34,589	128,375	393,461	14,766	8,516	6,168	80,027	41,392	151,831	824,451

(*) The net balance of other increases (decreases) corresponds to: 1) Work in progress which are expensed to profit or loss (forming part of cost of sales and other expenses per function, as appropriate), 2) the variation representing the purchase and use of materials and spare parts 3) projects corresponding mainly to exploration expenditures and stain development and

Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

14.3 Detail of property, plant and equipment pledged as guarantee

There are no restrictions in title or guarantees for the compliance with obligations which affect property, plant and equipment.

14.4 Impairment of assets

As stated in Note 3.28, the recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment is measured whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, impairment adjustments were generated because of the closure of the railway stations for the transportation of products, see Note 34 and the closure of the Pedro de Valdivia mine site indicated in Note 33, respectively.

Railway for transportation of products from the Coya Sur location and the Port of Tocopilla

As a result of the rain storms that affected the Tocopilla Zone at the beginning of August 2015, SQM S.A. confirmed the existence of damages in several zones in the railway between the sites Coya Sur and Tocopilla. Accordingly, starting from such date the Company has used the transport of trucks replacing the transport through the railway. SQM has performed several internal and external studies with the purpose of determining the costs and terms necessary to repair the damages in the railway.

The analysis of the internal and external reports performed during 2016 allows concluding that the costs associated with repairing the damages caused by the rain storms would imply long-terms and high costs, and accordingly, it is not convenient at short and medium-term to repair the railway. Such decision does not affect the production process or imply additional employee reductions.

Consequently, SQM has adjusted the value of the assets associated with the railway (fixed equipment, facilities and rolling equipment), which has translated into a charge of approximately US\$ 32 million which are reflected in the line other expenses by function in the consolidated statement of income for the period. Such amount approximately represents 0.8% of SQM's total assets reported at the end of December 2016.

14.5 Additional information

Interest capitalized in construction-in-progress:

The amount capitalized for this concept amounted to ThUS\$5,406 as of December 31, 2016 and ThUS\$ 4,466 as of December 31, 2015.

Financing costs are not capitalized for periods which exceed the normal term of acquisition, construction or installation of the asset, such as the case of delays, interruptions or temporary suspension of the project due to technical, financial or other issues, which prevent that the asset is maintained in good conditions for its use.

Note 14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)**14.5 Additional information, continued****Available for sale assets**

Non-current assets held for sale and the components of groups held for sale classified as held for sale are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position in a single line under the following concept: “Non-current assets or asset groups for disposal classified as held for sale.”

The main classes of assets of non-current assets held for sale are shown below.

Available for sale assets	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Land	1,891	-
Facilities and fixtures	165	-
Total	2,056	-

Note 15 Employee benefits**15.1****Provisions for employee benefits**

Classes of benefits and expenses by employee	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Current		
Profit sharing and bonuses	20,998	10,074
Total	20,998	10,074
Non-current		
Profit sharing and bonuses	-	-
Severance indemnity payments	22,532	21,995
Total	22,532	21,995

Note 15 Employee benefits (continued)

15.2 Policies on defined benefit plan

This policy is applied to all benefits received for services provided by the Company's employees.

Short-term benefits for active employees are represented by salaries, social welfare benefits, paid time-off, sickness leaves and other leaves, profit sharing and incentives and non-monetary benefits; e.g., healthcare service, housing, subsidized or free goods or services. These will be paid in a term which does not exceed twelve months.

The Company only provides compensation and benefits to active employees, with the exemption of SQM North America which applies the definitions under 15.4 below.

SQM maintains incentive programs for its employees based on the personal performance, the Company's performance and other short-term, mid-term and long-term indicators.

For each incentive bonus delivered to the Company's employees, there will be a disbursement in the first quarter of the following year and this will be calculated based on profit for the period at the end of each period applying a factor obtained subsequent to the employee appraisal process.

Employee benefits include retention bonuses for the Company's executives, which are linked to the Company's share price and it is paid in cash. The short-term portion is presented as provision for current employee benefits and the long-term portion as non-current.

The bonus provided to the Company's directors is calculated based on Profit for the period at each year-end and will consider the application of a percentage factor.

The benefit related to vacations (short-term benefits to employees, current), which is provided in the Labor Code which indicates that employees with more than a year of service will be entitled to annual holidays for a period not lower than fifteen paid business days. The Company provides the benefit of two additional vacation days.

Staff severance indemnities are agreed and payable based on the last salary for each year of service for the Company or with certain maximum limits in respect to the number of years to be considered or in respect to monetary terms. In general, this benefit is payable when the employee or worker ceases to provide his/her services to the Company and the right for its collection can be acquired because of different causes, as indicated in the respective agreements; e.g., retirement, dismissal, voluntary retirement, incapacity or disability, death, etc..

Law No. 19,728 published on May 14, 2001 which became effective on October 1, 2002 required “Compulsory Unemployment Insurance” in favor of all depending employees regulated by the Chilean Labor Code. Article 5 of this law provided the financing of this insurance through monthly contribution payments by both the employee and the employer.

Note 15 Employee benefits (continued)

15.3

Other long-term benefits

The other long-term benefits relate to staff severance indemnities and are recorded at their actuarial value.

Staff severance indemnities at actuarial value	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Staff severance indemnities, Chile	21,384	20,883
Other obligations in companies elsewhere	1,148	1,112
Total other non-current liabilities	22,532	21,995

Staff severance indemnities have been calculated under the actuarial assessment method of the Company's obligations with respect to staff severance indemnities, which relate to defined benefit plans which consist of days of remuneration per year served at the time of retirement under conditions agreed in the respective agreements established between the Company and its employees.

Under this benefit plan, the Company retains the obligation for the payment of staff severance indemnities related to retirements, without establishing a separate fund with specific assets, which is referred to as not funded. The discount interest rate of expected flows to be used was 4.5522%.

Benefit payment conditions

The staff severance indemnity benefit relates to remuneration days for year worked for the Company with no limit of salary or years of services for the Company, when employees cease to work for the Company due to turnover or death. In this case, the maximum age for men is 65 years and 60 years old for women, which are the usual ages for retirement due to achieving the senior citizen age according to the Chilean pensions system provided in Decree Law 3,500 of 1,980.

Methodology

The determination of the obligation for benefits under IAS 19 Projected Benefit Obligation (PBO) is described as follows:

To determine the Company's total liability, we used a mathematical simulation model which was programmed using a computer and which processed the situation of each employee on an individual basis.

Note 15 Employee benefits (continued)**15.3 Other long-term benefits, continued**

This model considered months as discrete time; i.e., the Company determined the age of each person and his/her salary on a monthly basis according to the growth rate. Thus, information on each person was simulated from the beginning of the life of his/her employment contract or when he/she started earning benefits up to the month in which it reaches the normal retirement age, generating in each period the possible retirement according to the Company's turnover rate and the mortality rate according to the age reached. When he/she reaches the retirement age, the employee finishes his/her service for the Company and receives indemnity related to retirement due to old age.

The methodology followed to determine the accrual for all the employees adhered to agreements has considered turnover rates and the mortality rate RV-2009 established by the Chilean Superintendence of Securities and Insurance to calculate pension-related life insurance reserves in Chile according to the Accumulated Benefit Valuation or Accrued Cost of Benefit Method. This methodology is established in IAS 19 on Retirement Benefit Costs.

15.4**Post-employment benefit obligations**

Our subsidiary SQM North America, has established with its employees, a pension plan until 2002 called "SQM North America Retirement Income Plan", whereby obligation is calculated measuring the expected future forecasted staff severance indemnity obligation using a net salary gradual rate of restatements for inflation, mortality and turnover assumptions discounting the resulting amounts at present value using the interest rate defined by the authorities.

Since 2003, SQM North America offers to its employee benefits related to pension plans based on the 401-K system, which do not generate obligations for the Company.

Reconciliation	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Changes in the benefit obligation	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	7,949	7,324
Service cost	2	3
Interest cost	387	380
Actuarial loss	200	600
Benefits paid	(353)	(358)
Benefit obligation at the end of the year	8,185	7,949

Note 15 Employee benefits (continued)**15.4 Post-employment benefit obligations, continued**

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Changes in the plan assets:		
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	7,464	7,967
Actual return (loss) in plan assets	293	(145)
Benefits paid	(353)	(358)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	7,404	7,464
Financing status	(782)	(485)
Items not yet recognized as net periodic pension cost components:		
Net actuarial loss at the beginning of the year	(3,165)	(1,903)
Amortization during the year	184	68
Net estimated gain or loss occurred during the year	(451)	(1,330)
Adjustment to recognize the minimum pension obligation	(3,432)	(3,165)

The net periodic pension expense was composed of the following components for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014:

Reconciliation	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Service cost or benefits received during the year	2	3
Interest cost in benefit obligation	387	380
Actual return in plan assets	293	(145)
Amortization of prior year losses	184	68
Net gain during the year	610	728
Net periodic pension expense	29	(133)

15.5**Staff severance indemnities**

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, severance indemnities calculated at the actuarial value are as follows:

12/31/2016 12/31/2015

	ThUS\$		ThUS\$
Opening balance	(21,995)	(30,952)	
Current cost of service	(1,333)	(898)	
Interest cost	(1,407)	(1,588)	
Actuarial gain/loss	(2,253)	1,242	
Exchange rate difference	(1,215)	3,582	
Benefits paid during the year	5,671	6,619	
Balance	(22,532)	(21,995)	

Note 15 Employee benefits (continued)

15.5 Staff severance indemnities, continued

a) Actuarial assumptions

The liability recorded for staff severance indemnity is valued at the actuarial value method, using the following actuarial assumptions:

	12/31/2016		12/31/2015	
Mortality rate	RV - 2014		RV - 2009	
Actual annual interest rate	4.522	%	4.89	%
Voluntary retirement rotation rate:				
Men	7.16	%	7.16	% annual
Women	7.16	%	7.16	% annual
Salary increase	3.60	%	3.60	% annual
Retirement age:				
Men	65		65	years
Women	60		60	years

b) Sensitivity analysis of assumptions

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, on the actuarial calculation, the Company has conducting the sensitivity analysis of the main assumptions, determining the following:

	Effect + 100 basis points	Effect - 100 basis points
Sensitivity analysis 12/31/2016		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Discount rate	(1,576	) 1,773
Employee turnover rate	(207	) 231

	Effect + 100 basis points	Effect - 100 basis points
Sensitivity analysis 12/31/2015		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Discount rate	(1,432	) 1,471
Employee turnover rate	(250	) 148

Sensitivity relates to an increase/decrease of 100 basis points.

Note 16 Executive compensation plan

Through the present date, the Company has a compensation plan with the purpose of encouraging the Company's executives and encourage them to stay in the Company, by granting payments based on the change in price of SQM's shares.

Average Share Price Spread

Plan characteristics

This compensation plan is related to the Company's performance through the SQM Series B share price (Santiago Stock Exchange).

Plan participants

This compensation plan includes 24 of the Company's executives, who obtain this benefit, provided they remain in the Company at the payment dates. Payment dates, if applicable, will be in the first weeks of January 2017 and 2018.

Compensation

The compensation for each executive is the differential between the average share price during each of the months of December 2015, December 2016 and December 2017, respectively, in its equivalent in US dollars and the reference prices, of US\$23.43 and the average weighted price of the trading of SQM Series B shares in the Santiago Stock Exchange during December 2014. The differential cannot exceed US\$15.00 and will be multiplied by 5,000. If the amount calculated is negative or zero, no bonus will be paid during that period, but in such case, the bond of benefit payable in the following period to the employee will be equal to the product of multiplying the difference by 10,000. If the value was negative or zero in December 2015 and also in December 2016, for calculating the bond of December 2017, the differential will be multiplied by 15,000.

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The movement of the options in effect for the period, the average prices for the fiscal year of the options and the average contractual life of the options in effect as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are the following:

Movement for the period	2016	2015
In effect as of January 1	405,000	390,000
Redundant workers	(45,000)	(45,000)
Granted during the fiscal year	-	60,000
In circulation	360,000	405,000
Average weighted contractual life	12 months	24 months
Executives	24	27

Note 17 Disclosures on equity

The detail and movements in the funds of equity accounts are shown in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

17.1

Capital management

The main object of capital management relative to the administration of the Company's financial debt and equity is to ensure the regular conduct of operations and business continuity in the long term, with the constant intention of maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and in compliance with the financial safeguards established in the debt contracts in force. Within this framework, decisions are made in order to maximize the value of SQM.

Capital management must comply with, among others, the limits contemplated in the Financing Policy approved Board of Directors, which establish a maximum consolidated indebtedness level of 1.5 times the debt/equity. This limit can be exceeded only if the Company's management has a written and previously granted authorization issued at the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting.

In addition, capital management must comply with the external capital requirements imposed (or covenants) in its financial obligations, which regulate the indebtedness level by 1.2 times, in its more strict level.

In conjunction with the level of indebtedness, it is also important for the Company to maintain a comfortable profile of maturities for its financial obligations, in order to oversee the relation between its short-term financial obligations and the long-term maturities, and the relation they have with the Company's asset distribution. Consequently, the Company has maintained a liquidity level of 3 times during the last periods.

The Company's management controls capital management based on the following ratios:

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	Description (1)	Calculation (1)
Net Financial Debt ThUS\$	461,569	528,649	Financial Debt – Financial Resources	Other current Financial Liabilities + Other Non-Current Financial Liabilities – Cash and Cash Equivalents – Other Current Financial Assets – Hedging

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Liquidity	4.02	3.84		Current Asset divided by Current Liability	Assets, non-current Total Current Assets / Total Current Liabilities
Net Debt / Capitalization	0.17	0.18		Net Financial Debt divided by Total Equity	Net financial debt / (Net financial debt + Total Equity)
ROE	12.25	% 9.1	%	Income divided by Total Equity	Total Income / Equity (UH 12 months)
ROA	16.0	% 13.4	%	EBITDA – Depreciation divided by Net Total Assets of financial resources less related parties investments	(Gross Income – Administrative Expenses)/ (Total Assets – Cash and Cash Equivalents – Other Current Financial Assets – Other Non-Current Financial Assets – Equity-accounted Investees) (UH 12 months)
Indebtedness	0.83	0.93		Total Liability on Equity	Total Liabilities / Total Equity

(1) Assumes the absolute value of the accounting records

Note 17 Disclosures on equity (continued)

17.1

Capital management, continued

The Company's capital requirements change depending on variables such as work capital requirements, of new investment financing and dividends, among others. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments on the basis of the predominant economic conditions so as to mitigate the risks associated with adverse market conditions and take advantage of the opportunities there may be to improve the liquidity position.

There have been no changes in the capital management objectives or policy within the years reported in this document. No breaches of external requirements of capital imposed (or covenants) have been recorded.

17.2

Disclosures on preferred share capital

Issued share capital is divided into 263,196,524 fully paid and subscribed shares composed of 142,819,552 Series "A" shares and 120,376,972 Series "B" shares, where both series are preferred shares.

The preferential voting rights for each series are detailed as follows:

Series "A":

If the election of the Company's President results in a tie vote, the Company's directors may vote once again, without the vote of the director elected by the Series B shareholders.

Series "B":

- 1) A general or extraordinary shareholders' meeting may be called at the request of shareholders representing 5% of the Company's Series B shares.

- 2) An extraordinary meeting of the Board of Directors may be called with or without the agreement of the Company's President, at the request of the director elected by Series B shareholders.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Group does not maintain shares in the parent either directly or through its companies in which it has investments.

Note 17 Disclosures on equity (continued)**17.2****Disclosures on preferred share capital, continued**

Detail of types of capital in preference shares:

Type of capital in preferred shares	12/31/2016		12/31/2015	
Description of type of capital in preferred shares	Series A	Series B	Series A	Series B
Number of authorized shares	142,819,552	120,376,972	142,819,552	120,376,972
Number of fully subscribed and paid shares	142,819,552	120,376,972	142,819,552	120,376,972
Number of subscribed, partially paid shares	-	-	-	-
Par value of shares in ThUS\$	0.9435	2.8464	0.9435	2.8464
Increase (decrease) in the number of current shares	-	-	-	-
Number of current shares	142,819,552	120,376,972	142,819,552	120,376,972
Number of shares owned by the entity or its subsidiaries or associates	-	-	-	-
Number of shares whose issuance is reserved due to the existence of options or agreements to dispose shares	-	-	-	-
Capital amount in shares ThUS\$	134,750	342,636	134,750	342,636
Amount of premium issuance ThUS\$	-	-	-	-
Amount of reserves ThUS\$	-	-	-	-
Total number of subscribed shares, total	142,819,552	120,376,972	142,819,552	120,376,972

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company has not placed any new issuances of shares on the market.

Note 17 Disclosures on equity (continued)

17.3

Disclosures on reserves in equity

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, this caption comprises the following:

	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Reserve for currency exchange conversion	(19,463)	(14,035)
Reserve for cash flow hedges	64	(1,699)
Reserve for gains and losses from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,513	
Reserve for actuarial gains or losses in defined benefit plans	(4,834)	(2,386)
Other reserves	7,832	(1,677)
Total other reserves	(12,888)	(19,797)

Reserves for currency exchange conversion

This balance reflects retained earnings for changes in the exchange rate when converting financial statements of subsidiaries whose functional currency is from each company's origin country and the presentation currency is the US dollar.

Reserve for cash flow hedges

The Company maintains, as hedge instruments, financial derivatives related to obligations with the public issued in UF and Chilean pesos. Changes from the fair value of derivatives designated and classified as hedges are recognized under this classification.

Reserve for gains and losses from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

This caption includes investments in shares where the Company has no significant influence and; accordingly, have been measured at fair value through equity. In the event that such equity instruments are fully or partially disposed of,

the proportional accumulated effect of accumulated fair value will be transferred to profit or loss.

Reserve for actuarial gains or losses in defined benefit plans

For the domestic subsidiaries the effects of changes in assumptions are considered, mainly changes in the discount rate.

The subsidiary SQM North America has established pension plans for its retired employees that are calculated by measuring the projected obligation of IAS using a net salary progressive rate net of adjustments to inflation, mortality and turnover assumptions, deducting the resulting amounts at present value using a 5.5% interest rate for 2016 and 2015.

Note 17 Disclosures on equity (continued)

17.3 Disclosures on reserves in equity, continued

Other reserves

Corresponds to the acquisition of the subsidiary SQM Iberian S.A., which was already under ownership of the Company at the acquisition date (IAS 27 R).

17.4

Dividend policies

As required by Article 79 of the Chilean Companies Act, unless otherwise decided by unanimous vote of the holders of issued and subscribed shares, we must distribute a cash dividend in an amount equal to at least 30% of our consolidated Profit for the period for year ended as of December 31, unless and except to the extent it has a deficit in retained earnings (losses not absorbed in prior years).

The Company's dividend policy for 2016 is as follows:

Distribution and payment in favor of each shareholder of a final dividend which will be equivalent to 50% of Profit for the period obtained in 2016.

Distribution and payment, if possible during 2016, of a provisional dividend which will be recorded against the aforementioned final dividend. This provisional dividend will be paid probably during the last quarter of 2016 and its amount could not exceed 50% of the retained earnings for distribution obtained during 2016, which are reflected in the Company's financial statements as of December 31, 2016.

The distribution and payment by the Company of the remaining balance of the final dividend related to Profit for the period for the 2016 commercial year in up to two installments, which will have to be effectively paid and distributed prior to June 30, 2017.

An amount equivalent to the remaining 50% of the Company's Profit for the period for 2016 will be retained and destined to the financing of operations of one or more of the Company's investment projects with no prejudice of the possible future capitalization of the entirety or a portion of this.

- The Board of Directors does not consider the payment of any additional dividends.

- The Board of Directors does not consider the payment of any interim dividends

The Board of Directors considers as necessary to indicate that the aforementioned dividends policy corresponds to the intention or expectation of the Board regarding this matter. Consequently, the enforcement of such dividends policy is necessarily conditioned to net incomes finally obtained, to the results indicating the Company's regular forecasts or the existence of certain conditions that could affect them. Notwithstanding the above and to the extent that such policy dividend does not suffer a significant change, SQM S.A. will timely communicate its shareholders on this matter.

Note 17 - Disclosures on equity (continued)

17.5

Interim and provisional dividends

On March 22, 2016, the Company communicated that the Directors of Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. (SQM), at the Ordinary Meeting unanimously agreed the following:

Partially amend the “Dividend Policy for Commercial Year 2015 of SQM S.A.” which was reported to the Ordinary Shareholders’ Meeting of April 24, 2015 with the main purpose of including in such “Policy” the payment of an interim dividend of US\$150,000,000, equivalent to US\$0.56992 per share, which will be paid with a charge to retained earnings of SQM S.A.

On November 23, 2016, the Board of Directors of Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A, approved paying a provisional dividend of US\$ 225 million, equivalent to US\$ 0.85487 per share with a charge to profit for 2016. Such amount will be paid at its equivalent in Chilean pesos using the Observed U.S. dollar exchange rate published in the Official Gazette of December 13, 2016.

This payment of dividend will be made in favor of the shareholders personally or through their duly authorized representatives from 9:00 am of December 20, 2016. The shareholders of record with the Shareholder’ Registry 5 business days prior to December 20, 2016.

Change in the Dividend Policy in 2016

On November 23, 2016, the provisional dividend described above was approved and the Dividend Policy for the Commercial Year 2016 at the Ordinary Shareholders’ Meeting of April 26, 2016 (the “Dividend Policy”) was replaced with the following:

- (i) Except for the dividend approved on such date, which will be paid during the last quarter of 2016 the Company decided not to distribute any more provisional dividends during 2016..

(ii) The remaining amount of net profit for 2016, if any, will be withheld and destined for the financing the operations of one or more of the Company's investment projects notwithstanding the possible and future capitalization of all or a portion of this or its distribution as a dividend declared as decided by the shareholders at the Company's Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting.

(iii) The Dividend Policy indicated above relates to the Board of Directors' intention or expectation with respect to such matter. Consequently, compliance with such Dividend Policy necessarily depends on the net profit that are finally obtained and the profit or loss indicated by the Company's regular forecasts.

To the extent that the Dividend Policy has any significant change, the Board of Directors will timely communicate and inform its shareholders of such situation through an essential event.

Note 17 - Disclosures on equity (continued)**17.5 Interim and provisional dividends, continued**

On November 17, 2015, the Board of Directors of Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. agreed that the Company pay and distribute a provisional dividend referred to in the “Dividend Policy for Commercial year 2015 of SQM S.A.” as agreed at the Annual General Ordinary Shareholders’ Meeting of April 24, 2015.

Accordingly, the Company paid and distributed starting from December 10, 2015 a provisional dividend per share of US\$0.31915, which was equivalent to approximately US\$84,000,000 and, this, to 49.82889% of net profit for distribution from the commercial year 2015, which was accumulated as of December 31 of such year. Such dividend will be charged to profit from the commercial year to the Shareholders recorded in the Shareholders’ Record of SQM on the fifth business day prior to December 10 indicated above and at its amount equivalent in Chilean pesos, the domestic currency at its “Observed U.S. Dollar” or “U.S. dollar” exchange rate published in the Official Gazette on December 3, 2015.

On April 24, 2015, at the Fortieth General Ordinary Shareholders’ Meeting, the shareholders agreed the payment of a dividend declared of US\$ 0.56304 per share for the net profit obtained during the 2014 commercial year. From this dividend declared the amount of US\$ 0.41493 per share was discounted, which was paid for the concept of the provisional dividend and the remaining balance, then amounting to US\$0.14811 per share, was paid and distributed in favor of the Shareholders of SQM recorded with the related Shareholders’ Record on the fifth business day prior to the date in which the dividend was paid. Such amount was paid at its equivalent amount in Chilean pesos the domestic currency per the “Observed U.S. dollar” or “U.S. dollar” exchange rate, which was published on April 24, 2015.

Dividends presented deducted from equity are:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Dividends attributable to owners of the parent	3,014	3,248
Provisional dividend	225,000	106,584
Interim dividend	150,000	-
Total	378,014	109,832

Note 18 Provisions and other non-financial liabilities

18.1

Types of provisions

	12/31/2016			12/31/2015		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Provision for legal complaints (*)	20,867	3,000	23,867	18,067	3,000	21,067
Provision for dismantling, restoration and rehabilitation cost (**)	-	5,890	5,890	-	5,890	5,890
Other provisions	21,045	44	21,089	13,445	-	13,445
Total	41,912	8,934	50,846	31,512	8,890	40,402

(*) Provisions for legal complaints relate to legal expenses for lawsuits whose resolution are pending, and correspond to funds estimated necessary to make the disbursement of expenses incurred for this purpose. This provision relates mainly to the litigation of its subsidiary located in Chile, Brazil and the United States (see note 19.1).

(**) Such provision is calculated considering the instructions issued by the regulating agency (Servicio Nacional de Geología y Minería de Chile, Sernageomin (The Chilean National Geology and Mining Service)).

Note 18 Provisions and other non-financial liabilities (continued)

18.2

Description of other provisions

Current provisions, other short-term provisions	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Provision for tax loss in fiscal litigation	750	610
Royalties, agreement with CORFO (the Chilean Economic Development Agency)	11,452	6,310
Provision for additional tax related to foreign loans	450	524
Miscellaneous provisions	8,393	6,001
Total	21,045	13,445
Other long-term provisions		
Mine closure	5,890	5,890
Miscellaneous	44	-
Total	5,934	5,890

18.3

Other liabilities current

Description of other liabilities	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Tax withholdings	14,340	5,946
VAT payable	3,949	6,677
Guarantees received	2,638	748
Accrual for dividend	1,189	23,887
Monthly tax provisional payments	9,545	5,985
Deferred income	6,507	9,764
Withholdings from employees and salaries payable	5,552	3,459
Accrued vacations	15,841	13,171
Other current liabilities	2,359	329
Total	61,920	69,966

Note 18 Provisions and other non-financial liabilities (continued)

18.4

Changes in provisions

12/31/2016							
Description of items that gave rise to variations	Guarantee	Restructuring	Legal complaints	Onerous contracts	Provision for dismantling, restoration and rehabilitation cost	Other provisions	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Total provisions, initial balance	-	-	21,067	-	5,890	13,445	40,402
Changes in provisions:							
Additional provisions	-	-	2.800	-	-	12.764	15.564
Provision used	-	-	-	-	-	(5.715)	(5.715)
Increase(decrease) in foreign currency exchange others	-	-	-	-	-	128	128
	-	-	-	-	-	467	467
Total provisions, final balance	-	-	23.867	-	5.890	21.089	50.846
12/31/2015							
Description of items that gave rise to variations	Guarantee (*)	Restructuring	Legal complaints	Onerous contracts	Provision for dismantling, restoration and rehabilitation cost	Other provisions	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Total provisions, initial balance	-	-	22,567	-	5,890	8,180	36,637
Changes in provisions:							
Additional provisions	-	16,327	8,500	-	-	14,733	39,560
Provision used	-	(16,327)	(10,000)	-	-	(9,111)	(35,438)
Increase(decrease) in foreign currency exchange	-	-	-	-	-	(357)	(357)
Total provisions, final balance	-	-	21,067	-	5,890	13,445	40,402

(*) Provisions relating to restructuring in 2015 are related to the closure of the Pedro de Valdivia site. See Note 34.

Note 18 Provisions and other non-financial liabilities (continued)

18.5 Detail of main types of provisions

Legal expenses: This provision depends on the pending resolution of a legal lawsuit, to pay the expenses associated to and incurred during such lawsuit (incurred mainly in Brazil, Chile and the United States).

Tax accrual in tax litigation: This accrual relates to lawsuits pending resolution related to taxes in Brazil for two of our subsidiaries, SQM Brazil and NNC.

CORFO (Economic Development Agency) Royalties agreement: Relates to the commercialization of mining properties that SQM Salar S.A. pays the Economic Development Agency for on a quarterly basis. The amount of the lease payable is calculated based on sales of products extracted from the Atacama Saltpeter deposit.

The settlement of the aforementioned amounts is performed on a quarterly basis.

To date, the Company and its subsidiaries have no significant uncertainties about the timing and amount of one class of provision.

Note 19 Contingencies and restrictions

According to note 18.1 the Company has only registered a provision for the lawsuits in which the probability that judgments are unfavorable for the Company is more likely than not. The Company is party to lawsuits and other relevant legal actions that are detailed as follows:

19.1

Lawsuits and other relevant events

1. Plaintiff : Nancy Erika Urrea Muñoz.
 Defendants : Fresia Flores Zamorano, Duratec-Vinilit S.A. and SQM S.A. and their Insurers.
 Date : December 2008.
 Court : 1st Civil Court of Santiago.
 Reason : Labor Accident.
 Status : Appeal filed by the plaintiff.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$550.

2. Plaintiff : City of Pomona, California USA.
 Defendant : SQM North America Corporation.
 Date : December 2010.
 Court : United States District Court Central District of California.
 Reason : Payment of expenses and other amount related to the treatment of groundwater to allow for consumption by removing the existing perchlorate in such groundwater and that supposedly come from Chilean fertilizer.
 Status : The Jury rejected the lawsuit. The plaintiff files an appeal, the resolution of which is pending.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$32,000.

3. Plaintiff : City of Lindsay, California USA.
 Defendant : SQM North America Corporation
 The lawsuit also was filed against Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. this lawsuit has not yet been notified to the Company.
 Date : December 2010.
 Court : United States District Court Eastern District of California.
 Reason : Payment of expenses and other amount related to the treatment of groundwater to allow for consumption by removing the existing perchlorate in such groundwater and that supposedly come from Chilean fertilizer.
 Status : Claim. Processing suspended.
 Nominal value : Not possible to determine.

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.1 Lawsuits and other relevant events, continued

4. Plaintiff : H&V Van Mele N.V.
 Defendant : SQM Europe N.V. and its insurance companies.
 Date : July 2013.
 Court : Commercial Court.
 Reason : Alleged indirect responsibility for the absence of adequate specification for the SOP-WS by the Belgian distributor.
 Status : Evidence.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$430.

5. Plaintiff : Carlos Aravena Carrizo et al.
 Defendant : SQM Nitratos S.A. and its insurers.
 Date : May 2014.
 Court : 18th Civil Court of Santiago.
 Reason : Compensation claim for alleged civil liability under tort as a result of an explosion that occurred on September 6, 2010 near Baquedano, causing the death of 6 workers. Transactions performed with the families of five of such workers.
 Status : Evidence.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$500.

6. Plaintiff : Corporación de Fomento de la Producción (CORFO).
 Defendant : SQM Salar S.A. and Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A.
 Date : May 2014.
 Court : Arbitration court.
 Reason : Early termination of Lease Agreement entered into on November 12, 1993 for (i) alleged failure in full payment of quarterly rental payments linked to certain products during the period 2009–2013 and (ii) alleged absence of demarcation of certain mining properties owned by Corfo which such agency never demarcated with respect to which never requested a demarcation in such Agreement and also seeking compensation for damages among other matters.
 Status : Evidence.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$9,000.

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.1 Lawsuits and other relevant events, continued

7. Plaintiff : CORFO
 Defendants : SQM Salar S.A, SQM Potasio S.A. and SQM S.A.
 Date : August 2016.
 Court : Arbitration Court- Arbitrator Mr. Héctor Humeres.
 Reason : Project early termination entered on November 12, 1993 and other related contracts among other matters involving compensation for damages.
 Status : Deliberation stage finished. Through resolution of January 24, 2017, the Court ordered accumulating this case with the case reported in No. 6 above.
 Nominal value : Not determined.
8. Plaintiff : SQM Salar S.A and SQM S.A.
 Defendant : CORFO
 Date : September 28, 2016.
 Court : Arbitration Court - Arbitrator Mr. Héctor Humeres.
 Reason : Declaratory action to seek determination whether rent payments made by SQM Salar S.A. under the Lease Agreement entered into on November 12, 1993, have been in accordance with the agreement entered into by the parties and the rent formula applied has been useful for CORFO.
 Status : Deliberation stage finished. Through resolution of January 24, 2017, the Court ordered accumulating this case with the case reported in No. 6 above.
 Nominal value : Not yet defined.
9. Plaintiff : Evt Consulting SpA.
 Defendant : SQM Nitratos S.A.
 Date : October 2014.
 Court : 23th Civil Court of Santiago.
 Reason : Lawsuit seeking compensation for damages related to the termination of the purchase and sale agreement for metallic structures.
 Status : Judgment of December 15, 2016 final judgment, absolving SQM Nitratos S.A. of the payment of compensation. An appeal and appeal in cassation was filed by the plaintiff and an appeal was filed by SQM Nitratos S.A.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$ 835.

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.1 Lawsuits and other relevant events, continued

10. Plaintiff : Hugo Gutiérrez Gálvez.
 Defendant : Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A. et al and Senators Jaime Orpis B. and Fulvio Rossi C.
 Date : July 2015.
 Court : 8th Supervisory Court in Preliminary Proceedings of Santiago, Chile
 Reason : Alleged extortion–bribery and money laundering under Law No. 20.393 on the Legal Responsibility of Juridical Persons and other standards.
 Status : Initial filing.
 Nominal value : None.
11. Plaintiff : Patricio Contesse G.
 Defendant : SQM S.A.
 Date : September 2015.
 Court : First Labor Court of Santiago.
 Reason : Seeking the payment of severance indemnities and other employment termination benefits.
 Status : On November 8, 2016, judgment was provided rejecting the exception of prescription filed by SQM.
 : As a result, the case will return to the first instance for the discussion of the amounts owed.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$5,665.
12. Plaintiff : SQMS y SQM S.A.
 Defendant : RSA Seguros Chile S.A.
 Date : In August 2016.
 Court : Arbitration Court – Arbitrator Mr. Gonzalo Fernández.
 Reason : Complaint for forced compliance and collection of indemnification for insurance claim of February 7 and 8, 2013.
 Status : Deliberation stage finished
 Nominal value : US\$ 20,657,860.

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.1 Lawsuits and other relevant events, continued

13. Plaintiff : Tyne and Wear Pension Fund as represented by the Council of the Borough of South Tyneside acting as Lead Plaintiff – Class Action – Class Period.
 Defendant : Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A.
 Date : January 2016.
 Court : United States District Court – Southern District of New York.
 Reason : Class Actions – Class Period. SQM would have not reported properly to the US Securities and Exchange Commission on certain expenses made during certain years which could be associated with alleged contributions to politicians. Such expenses would not have the related supporting documentation for being substantiated as necessary to generate income and this would have generated the intervention by several Chilean Government authorities – the Chilean Superintendence of Securities and Insurance (SVS), the Chilean Internal Revenue Service and Public Ministry – and the decrease of the value of the shares –ADS’s of SQM owned by the plaintiffs.
 Status : Exceptions to demand.
 Nominal value : Not determined.
14. Plaintiff : Thorco Shipping A/S
 Defendant : Sociedad Química y Minera de Chile S.A.
 Date : January 2015.
 Court : Arbitration court – London Maritime Arbitrators' Association.
 Reason : Lawsuit seeking compensation for damages alleging a freight agreement breach.
 Status : On January 31, 2017, the Company was ordered to pay US\$247,845. The Company is currently analyzing filing an appeal against such judgment.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$325
15. Plaintiff : Ernesto Saldaña González et al.
 Defendant : SQM Salar S.A., SQM Industrial S.A. and their insurance companies
 Date : May 2016.
 Court : 13th Civil Court of Santiago.
 Reason : Lawsuit seeking compensation for damages for alleged civil liability under tort law arising from the accident occurred on July 21, 2014 to Mr. Marco Antonio Saldaña González while he was repairing a truck of a contractor in the María Elena location which resulted in his death when a portion of the truck’s structure fell down on him.
 Status : Evidentiary stage.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$ 515.

**Note 19 Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.1 Lawsuits and other relevant events, continued

16. Plaintiff : María Yolanda Achiardi Tapia et al.
 Defendant : SQM Salar S.A. and its insurance companies and other 5 defendants
 Date : February 2015.
 Court : 1st Civil Court of Antofagasta.
 Reason : Lawsuit seeking compensation for damages for the alleged civil liability in tort law arising from a traffic accident occurred in April 20, 2011 in the city of Antofagasta, caused by a bus subcontracted by a Contractor, resulting in the death of three people travelling in a light vehicle which was collided by the bus.
 Status : The lawsuit is pending notice to one of the defendants.
 Nominal value : ThUS\$ 1,265.

The Company and its subsidiaries have been involved and will probably continue to be involved either as plaintiffs or defendants in certain judicial proceedings that have been and will be heard by the Arbitration or Ordinary Courts of Justice that will make the final decision. Those proceedings that are regulated by the appropriate legal regulations are intended to exercise or oppose certain actions or exceptions related to certain mining claims either granted or to be granted and that do not or will not affect in an essential manner the development of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Soquimich Comercial S.A. has been involved and will probably continue being involved either as plaintiff or defendant in certain judicial proceedings through which it intends to collect and receive the amounts owed, the total nominal value of which is approximately ThUS\$1,200.

The Company has made efforts and continues making efforts to obtain payment of certain amounts that are still owed it on occasion of their activities. Such amounts will continue to be required using judicial or non-judicial means by the plaintiffs, and the actions and exercise related to these are currently in full force and effect.

The Company and its subsidiaries have received no legal notice on lawsuits other than those indicated above, which exceed ThUS\$200.

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions**
(continued)

19.2

Restrictions to management or financial limits

Credit contracts subscribed by the SQM Group with domestic and foreign banks and the issuance of bonuses in the local and international market require that the Company comply with the following level of consolidated financial indicators, calculated for a moving period which considers the last twelve months:

- To maintain a minimum equity of ThUS\$1,000,000.
- To maintain a Net Financial Debt and EBITDA ratio not higher than 3 times.
- To maintain a Total Indebtedness Ratio not higher than 1.2 times Total Indebtedness level defined as the Total Liabilities ratio divided by Total Equity.
- To maintain a ratio between the operating subsidiaries SQM Industrial S.A. and SQM Salar S.A., or their respective legal successor financial debt and the total Issuer's consolidated current assets not higher than 0.3 times.

As of December 31, 2016, the aforementioned financial indicators are as follows:

Indicator	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Equity ThUS\$	2,307,272	2,400,356
Net Financial Debt/ EBITDA	0.58	0.73
Indebtedness	0.83	0.93
SQM Industrial and SQM Salar debt / Current assets	0.02	0.01

Issuance contracts for bonuses issued abroad does not require that the Company merge or dispose at any title the asset as a whole or as a substantial part of it, unless the following copulative conditions are met: (i) the legal successor company is an entity subject to Chilean or American laws, and assumes under a complimentary contract the Company's obligations, (ii) the Issuer does not fail to comply immediately after the merge or disposal, and (iii) the Issuer delivers a legal opinion stating the merge or disposal and the complimentary contract meet the requirements described in the original contract.

In addition, SQM S.A. is committed to disclose financial information on quarterly basis.

The Company and its subsidiaries have complied and are fully complying with all aforementioned limitations, restrictions and obligations.

Note 19

**Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.3

Arbitration proceedings with CORFO

The subsidiary SQM Salar S.A. (SQMS) has signed a rental contract with the Economic Development Agency (CORFO), which establishes that the subsidiary will pay rent to CORFO for the concept of commercialization of certain mining properties owned by CORFO and for the products resulting from the commercialization. The annual rent stated in the aforementioned contract is calculated on the basis of sales of each type of product. The contract is in force until 2030, and rent began being paid in 1996 reflecting an expense amount of ThUS\$ 41,962 as of December 31, 2016 (ThUS\$ 23,155 as of December 31, 2015).

On 15 November 2013, Corporación de Fomento de la Producción (CORFO) sent a letter to SQMS stating its intention to a) collect the amount of Ch\$2,530,298,919 (ThUS\$4,823) that in CORFO's opinion, SQMS would owe to it for the calculation and payment of rental payments according to the "Lease Agreement of OMA Mining Claims located in the Atacama Salt Flat" entered into between CORFO and SQMS on November 12, 1993 (the AGREEMENT) and b) require the constitution of an instance of arbitration stated in the AGREEMENT with the purpose that the arbitrator appointed by the "Arbitration Center of the Santiago Chamber of Commerce" determines if other alleged lease payment obligations may exist that SQMS could owe to CORFO under the AGREEMENT.

During May 2014, CORFO filed a lawsuit against SQMS requesting the early termination of the agreement and other requests explained in Note 19.1. Such lawsuit is currently being processed.

SQMS differs completely from CORFO's claims. In fact, the AGREEMENT has been in force for more than 20 years and during all this time, SQMS has paid to CORFO more than 80 quarterly payments in their entirety and on a timely basis that CORFO has received satisfactorily.

In our legal advisors' opinion, there are no legal grounds to early terminate the lease agreement as –i- noncompliance on which the lawsuit is based do not exist and, if any, –ii- these are not gross or essential or hinder the purpose of the agreement –iii- the company has never had the intention of deceiving and has always been fully transparent in providing the information delivered. On the contrary, the conflict solely corresponds to a discussion on the right formula to calculate the rent amount.

The total amount finally requested by CORFO was at least US\$ 8,940,829 – plus interests and costs – and the arbitration proceeding is close to the end of the evidentiary stage. CORFO and SQMS waived all recourses against the judgment

provided by the arbitrator. However, it is not possible to discard the filing of a complaint appeal or an appeal in cassation alleging incompetence or ultra petita and indicating the jurisprudence of the courts of justice, considering that both recourses cannot be waived.

On August 17, 2016, CORFO noticed a new arbitration claim filed against SQM Potasio S.A., SQM S.A. and SQMS, by virtue of which it required the early termination of the Project Contract entered on November 12, 1993 and other related contracts among other matters.

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.3 Commitments, continued

In addition, on September 28, 2016, SQM and SQMS have filed a request for a third arbitration with CORFO. Through this last arbitration, SQM and SQMS expect to obtain a declaratory action determining that in the payment of the rent payments made under the lease agreement for the agreement's term, there has been no damage for CORFO. Such arbitration is at the deliberation stage.

During the period ended December 31, 2016, income related to products from the Atacama saltpeter deposit represented a 47.42% of total comprehensive income of the Company for the same period. This corresponds to income considered in the Potassium and Lithium product business lines.

Additionally, during the same period, SQMS sold potassium salts (sylvinite) and wet potassium chloride for a total of ThUS\$ 96,037 to SQM Industrial S.A., a subsidiary of SQM to be used as supplies in the production of potassium nitrate.

19.4

Environmental contingencies

On June 6, 2016, The Chilean Superintendence of the Environment filed charges against SQM with respect to the Pampa Hermosa project for possible noncompliance with RCA 890/2010.

This relates to charges associated with certain variables in the Follow-up Plan and the implementation of a mitigation action contemplated in the related Environmental Impact Study. SQM has submitted a compliance program detailing the actions and commitments that the Company will perform to overcome the objections filed by the environmental authority. The Chilean Superintendence of the Environment is currently reviewing such compliance program.

Through Exempt Resolution No. 1/Journal F-041-2016 of November 28, 2016 as amended through Exempt Resolution No. 4/Journal F-041-2016 of December 23, 2016, the Chilean Superintendence of the Environment presented charges against SQMS for the extraction of brine over the authorized amount, gradual impact on the vitality status of carob trees, delivery of incomplete information, amendment of variables, among others. SQMS has submitted a compliance program detailing the actions and commitments that the Company will perform to try to overcome the objections presented by the environmental authority. The Chilean Superintendence of the Environment is currently

reviewing such compliance program.

Should the Chilean Superintendence of the Environment reject any of the aforementioned compliance programs, the Company is exposed to fines and other sanctions established in the Chilean environmental legislation.

19.5

Tax contingency

During 2015, SQM and its subsidiaries SQM Salar and SQM Industrial have submitted to the Chilean IRS four tax amendments (two by SQM, one by SQM Salar and one by SQM Industrial).

The first two (one filed by SQM and another filed by SQM Salar), subsequent to being approved by the Chilean IRS generated payments of taxes, interests and other charges for ThUS\$ 8,100, which was recorded in a provision in the results for the first quarter of 2015.

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Note 19

**Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.5 Tax contingency, continued

Additionally, during August 2015, the Company provided to the Chilean IRS for review and approval, the documentation required to amend the annual income tax returns of SQM and SQM Industrial. SQM believes that as a result of these amendments the Company will have to pay approximately US\$1.4 million for the concept of taxes, interests and other charges, Such amount was recorded in a provision in the results for the second quarter of 2015.

Finally, during 2016, the last 12 invoices were amended with approximate payment of US\$ 50 thousand.

Accordingly, SQM and its subsidiaries understand the internal analysis they have been performing has ended, the purpose of which was the identification of the expenses incurred by them during the commercial years 2008 to 2014 and which could be a matter of tax amendment.

Because of the aforementioned amendments, SQM, SQM Salar and SQM Industrial might be affected by additional penalty established in article 97 No. 4, of the Tax Code. The Company has currently not estimated making any provisions related to this possible additional penalty.

On August 28, 2015, the Chilean IRS sent to SQM a request for payment of taxes of US\$8.7 million plus interests and fines related to the tax difference resulting from the application of articles 64 Bis and 64 Ter of the Chilean Income Tax Law. On September 9, 2015, SQM filed a Request for Voluntary Administrative Reconsideration with the Chilean IRS, which was not accepted. As a result, the Company paid the amounts as requested totaling US\$14.6 million, and reserved its right to file a tax claim against the request for payment by the Chilean IRS with the Courts of Justice.

In the Company's tax lawyers' opinion, grounds exist to believe this case will be resolved in favor of the Company and, as such, no provisions have been made with respect to this case.

On August 26, 2016, SQM Salar filed with the Third Tax and Customs Court of the Metropolitan Region of Chile a tax claim against tax assessments Nos. 169, 170, 171 and 172, seeking to extend the application of the Specific Tax on Mining Activities to the exploitation of lithium. The amount involved is approximately ThUS\$17,809. The tax claim

is at the deliberation stage.

On December 7, 2016, the Chilean Internal Revenue Service (Servicio de Impuestos Internos (SII)) through notice No.1587-16 communicated to SQMS the outcome of its inspections of Income Taxes for the tax years 2015 and 2016, through Resolution No.156 / 2016 and tax assessment No. 207, respectively. Tax differences claimed by the SII will amount to ThUS\$13,168 plus interests and fines associated with an interpretation of whether the specific tax on mining activities is applicable or not to lithium. SQMS is analyzing filing a complaint against such resolution and tax assessment issued by the SII.

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.6 Restricted or pledged cash

The subsidiary Isapre Norte Grande Ltda., in compliance with that established by the Chilean Superintendence of Healthcare which regulates the running of pension-related health institutions, maintains a guarantee in financial instruments delivered in deposits, custody and administration to Banco de Chile.

This guarantee, according to the regulations issued by the Chilean Superintendence of Healthcare is equivalent to the total sum owed to its members and medical providers Banco de Chile reports the present value of the guarantee to the Chilean Superintendence of Healthcare and Isapre Norte Grande Ltda. on a daily basis. As of December 31, 2016, the guarantee amounts to ThUS\$685.

SQM S.A. maintains funds with Morgan Stanley for the concept of Marging Call, which provide collateral for the Bank's exposition towards the Company.

Such collateral hedges the fair value of the Cross Currency Swap that SQM S.A. has to hedge a portion of the Series H Bond.

Through the present date, SQM S.A. has delivered ThUS\$ 3,810 to Morgan Stanley, which will be released when any of the following conditions occur:

1. The market value of the Cross Currency Swap is lower than the sum of that delivered ThUS\$3,810 and the collateral threshold ThUS\$ 5,000.
2. The Cross Currency Swap associated with the H Series Bond expires on January 5, 2018.

SQM S.A. maintains funds with BCI for the concept of margin call, which provide collateral for the Bank's exposition towards the Company.

Such collateral hedges the fair value of the Cross Currency Swap that SQM S.A. has to hedge the Series H Bond.

Through the present date, SQM S.A. has delivered ThUS\$0 to BCI, which will be released when any of the following conditions occur:

1. The market value of the Cross Currency Swap of the last business day of the month is lower than the sum of that delivered ThUS\$0 and the collateral threshold ThUS\$ 10,000.
2. The Cross Currency Swap associated with the H Series Bond expires on January 5, 2018.

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions**
(continued)

19.7 Securities obtained from third parties

The main security received (exceeding ThUS\$100) from third parties to guarantee Soquimich Comercial S.A.'s compliance with obligations in contracts of commercial mandates for the distribution and sale of fertilizers amounted to ThUS\$6,984 and ThUS\$6,445 on December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 respectively; which is detailed as follows:

Grantor	Relationship	12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Tattersall Agroinsumos S.A.	Unrelated third party	2,000	2,000
Contador Frutos S.A.	Unrelated third party	1,574	1,443
Agrícola Lobert Ltda.	Unrelated third party	1,141	760
Covepa SPA	Unrelated third party	747	780
Johannes Epple Davanzo	Unrelated third party	333	451
Juan Luis Gaete Chesta	Unrelated third party	241	227
Arena Fertilizantes y Semillas	Unrelated third party	224	211
Vicente Oyarce Castro	Unrelated third party	220	202
Soc. Agrocom. Julio Polanco	Unrelated third party	149	141
Bernardo Guzmán Schmidt	Unrelated third party	125	115
Gilberto Rivas Y Cia. Ltda.	Unrelated third party	125	115
Comercial Agrosal Ltda.	Unrelated third party	105	-
Total		6,984	6,445

Note 19 **Contingencies and restrictions**
(continued)

19.8 Indirect guarantees

Guarantees in which there is no pending balance indirectly reflect that the respective guarantees are in force and approved by the Company's Board of Directors and have not been used by the respective subsidiary.

The bonds which disclose a balance as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are detailed below:

Creditor of the guarantee	Debtor Name	Relationship	Type of guarantee	Balances as of the closing date of the financial statements	
				12/31/2016	12/31/2015
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Australian and New Zealand Bank	SQM North America Corp	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Australian and New Zealand Bank	SQM Europe N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Generale Bank	SQM North America Corp	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Generale Bank	SQM Europe N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Kredietbank	SQM North America Corp	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Kredietbank	SQM Europe N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Banks and financial institutions	SQM Investment Corp. N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Banks and financial institutions	SQM Europe N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Banks and financial institutions	SQM North America Corp	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Banks and financial institutions	Nitratos Naturais do Chile Ltda.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Banks and financial institutions	SQM México S.A. de C.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Banks and financial institutions	SQM Brasil Ltda.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
"BNP"	SQM Investment Corp. N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Sociedad Nacional de Minería A.G.	SQM Potasio S.A.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Scotiabank & Trust (Cayman) Ltd.	Royal Seed Trading A.V.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Scotiabank & Trust (Cayman) Ltd.	Royal Seed Trading A.V.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Bank of America	Royal Seed Trading A.V.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	40,137
Export Development Canada	Royal Seed Trading A.V.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	20,010
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd.	Royal Seed Trading A.V.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	20,052
JP Morgan Chase Bank	SQM Industrial S.A.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
The Bank of Nova Scotia	SQM Investment Corp. N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-

**Note 19 Contingencies and restrictions
(continued)**

19.8 Indirect guarantees, continued

Creditor of the guarantee	Debtor Name	Relationship	Type of guarantee	Pending balances as of the closing date of the financial statements	
				12/31/2016 ThUS\$	12/31/2015 ThUS\$
Credit Suisse International	SQM Investment Corp. N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	SQM Investment Corp. N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd.	SQM Investment Corp. N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
HSBC	SQM Investment Corp. N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-
Deutsche Bank AG	SQM Investment Corp. N.V.	Subsidiary	Bond	-	-

Note 20 Revenue

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, revenue is detailed as follows:

Types of revenue	January to December	
	2016	2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Sales of goods	1,933,828	1,721,064
Provision of services	5,494	7,268
Total	1,939,322	1,728,332

Detail by line of business in Note 26.2 and 26.3

Note 21 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income attributable to the Company's shareholders by the weighted average of the number of shares in circulation during that period.

As expressed, earnings per share are detailed as follows:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Basic earnings per share		
Earnings (losses) attributable to owners of the parent	278,290	213,168

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	Units	Units
Number of common shares in circulation	263,196,524	263,196,524

12/31/2016 12/31/2015

Basic earnings per share (US\$ per share)	1.0573	0.8099
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The Company has not made any operations with a potential dilutive effect that assumes diluted earnings per share are different from the basic earnings per share.

Note 22 Borrowing costs

The cost of interest is recognized as expenses in the year in which it is incurred, except for interest that is directly related to the acquisition and construction of tangible property, plant and equipment assets and that complies with the requirements of IAS 23. As of December 31, 2016, total interest expenses incurred amount to ThUS\$57,459 (ThUS\$69,853 as of December 31, 2015).

The Company capitalizes all interest costs directly related to the construction or to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment, which require a substantial time to be suitable for use.

22.1 Costs of capitalized interest, property, plant and equipment

The cost of capitalized interest is determined by applying the average or weighted average of all financing costs incurred by the Company to the monthly end balances of works-in-progress meeting the requirements of IAS 23.

The rates and costs for capitalized interest of property, plant and equipment are detailed as follows:

	12/31/2016		12/31/2015	
Capitalization rate of costs for capitalized interest, property, plant and equipment	4	%	5	%
Amount of costs for interest capitalized in ThUS\$	5,406		4,666	

Note 23 Effect of fluctuations on foreign currency exchange rates

a) Foreign currency exchange differences recognized in profit or loss except for financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Conversion foreign exchange gains (losses) recognized in the result of the year.	460	(12,364)
Conversion foreign exchange reserves attributable to the owners of the controlling entity	(5,428)	(6,334)
Conversion foreign exchange reserves attributable to the non-controlling entity	35	(165)

b) Reserves for foreign currency exchange differences:

As of December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, foreign currency exchange differences are detailed as follows:

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Detail	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Changes in equity generated by conversion of equity value:		
Comercial Hydro S.A.	1.004	1,004
SQMC Internacional Ltda.	(13)	(20)
Proinsa Ltda.	(10)	(15)
Comercial Agrorama Ltda.	(69)	(100)
Isapre Norte Grande Ltda.	(124)	(155)
Almacenes y Depósitos Ltda.	47	(31)
Sales de Magnesio Ltda.	(29)	(161)
Sociedad Prestadora de Servicios de Salud Cruz del Norte S.A.	(6)	(9)
Agrorama S.A.	(49)	(35)
Doktor Tarsa	(12.264)	(8,305)
SQM Vitas Fzco	(1.801)	(2,245)
Ajay Europe	(1.935)	(1,731)
SQM Eastmed Turkey	(95)	(81)
Charlee SQM (Thailand) Co. Ltd.	(460)	(476)
Coromandel SQM India	(282)	(301)
SQM Italia SRL	(287)	(250)
SQM Oceania Pty Ltd.	(634)	(634)

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SQM Indonesia S.A.	(124	)	(123	)
Abu Dhabi Fertilizers Industries WWL.	(434	)	21	
SQM Vitas Holland	(280	)	(320	)
SQM Thailand Limited	(68	)	(68	)
SQM Europe N.V.	(1.550	)	-	
Total	(19.463	)	(14,035	)

Note 23 Effect of fluctuations on foreign currency exchange rates (continued)

c) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency in these companies corresponds to the currency of the country of origin of each entity, and its presentation currency is the U.S. dollar.

d) Reasons to use one presentation currency and a different functional currency

- The total revenues of these subsidiaries are associated with the local currency.
- The commercialization cost structure of these companies is affected by the local currency.
 - The equities of these companies are expressed in local currency (Chilean peso).

Note 24 Environment

24.1

Disclosures of disbursements related to the environment

The Company is continuously concerned with protecting the environment both in its production processes and with respect to products manufactured. This commitment is supported by the principles indicated in the Company's Sustainable Development Policy. The Company is currently operating under an Environmental Management System (EMS) that has allowed it to strengthen its environmental performance through the effective application of the Company's Sustainable Development Policy.

Operations that use caliche as a raw material are carried out in desert areas with climatic conditions that are favorable for drying solids and evaporating liquids using solar energy. Operations involving the open-pit extraction of minerals, due to their low waste-to-mineral ratio, generate remaining deposits that slightly alter the environment. A portion of the ore extracted is crushed, a process in which particle emissions occur. Currently this operation is conducted only at the Pedro de Valdivia worksite and no ore crushing process is conducted in the María Elena sector.

Many of the Company's products are shipped in bulk at the Port of Tocopilla. In 2007, the city of Tocopilla was declared a zone saturated with MP10 Particles mainly due to the emissions from the electric power plants that operate in that city. In October 2010, the Decontamination Plan for Tocopilla was put in place. Accordingly, the Company has committed to taking several measures to mitigate the effects derived from bulk product movements in the port. These measures have been successfully implemented since 2007.

The Company carries out environmental follow-up and monitoring plans based on specialized scientific studies. Within this context, the Company entered into a contract with the National Forestry Corporation (CONAF) aimed at researching the activities of flamingo groups that live in the Salar de Atacama (Atacama Saltpeter Deposit) lagoons. Such research includes a population count of the birds, as well as breeding research. Environmental monitoring activities carried out by the Company at the Salar de Atacama and other systems in which it operates are supported by a number of studies that have integrated diverse scientific efforts from prestigious research centers, including Dictuc from the Pontificia Universidad Católica in Santiago and the School of Agricultural Science of the Universidad de Chile.

Note 24 Environment (continued)

24.1 Disclosures of disbursements related to the environment, continued

Furthermore, within the framework of the environmental studies which the Company is conducting, the Company performs significant activities in relation to the recording of Pre-Columbian and historical cultural heritage, as well as the protection of heritage sites, in accordance with current Chilean laws. These activities have been especially performed in the areas surrounding Maria Elena and the Nueva Victoria plants. This effort is being accompanied by cultural initiatives within the community and the organization of exhibits in local and regional museums.

As emphasized in its Sustainable Development Policy, the Company strives to maintain positive relationships with the communities surrounding the locations in which it carries out its operations, as well as to participate in communities' development by supporting joint projects and activities which help to improve the quality of life for residents. For this purpose, the Company has focused its efforts on activities involving the rescue of historical heritage, education and culture, as well as development.

In order to do so, it acts both individually and in conjunction with private and public entities.

24.2 Detail of information on disbursements related to the environment

The accumulated disbursements in which the Company incurred as of December 31, 2016 for the concept of investments in production processes, verification and control of compliance with ordinances and laws relative to industrial processes and facilities, including prior year disbursements related to these projects amounted to ThUS\$4,986 and are detailed as follows:

Note 24 Environment (continued)**24.2 Detail of information on disbursements related to the environment, continued****Accumulated expenses as of 12/31/2016**

Identification of the Parent or subsidiary	Name of the project with which expenditure is associated	Concept for which the expenditure was made or will be made	Asset / Expense	Description of the asset or expense Item	Amount of expenditure	Actual or estimated date on which expenditure was or will be made
Miscellaneous	Environmental-operational area	Not classified	Expense	Not classified	2,331	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I003200 - Standardization of hazardous materials	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	79	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I005500 - Standardization of SO2 plants	Sustainability	Asset	Not classified	188	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I007300 – Compliance with Exposure to Iodine Gas Standard	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	721	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I006700 - Enablement of CPC wells	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	-	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I007100 - 2015-2016 Environmental Follow-up Plan for Pampa del Tamarugal	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	290	31/03/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I007200 – 2015-2016 Environmental Follow-up Plan Salar de Llamara	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	54	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-P003500 - Tur Development Master Plan	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	20	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-P003000 - Plant 1 Scrubber and Plant 3 Scrubber	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	355	12/31/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-I007600 - NV evaporation ponds	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	78	12/31/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J004100 – Coya Sur Field Disposal DIA	Environmental processing	Asset	Not classified	31	12/31/2016

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SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J004300 – Energetic Efficiency Study	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	31	12/31/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J007000 – Environmental Impact Statement	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	40	30/04/2017
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J003300 – Improvement to water distribution	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	376	12/31/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-P003600 - NK PV project	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	214	31/12/2017
SIT S.A.	03-T003000 - Archeological salvage for northern access, Port of Tocopilla	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	51	12/31/2016
SQM Salar S.A.	19-L008100 – 2015 EIS Saltpeter Deposit	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	35	12/31/2016
SQM Salar S.A.	19-C001500 – 2016 Disposal ponds	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	92	31/12/2017
Total					4,986	

Note 24 Environment (continued)**24.2 Detail of information on disbursements related to the environment, continued****Future expenses as of 12/31/2016**

Identification of the Parent or subsidiary	Name of the project with which expenditure is associated	Concept for which the expenditure was made or will be made	Asset / Expense	Description of the asset or expense Item	Amount of expenditure	Actual or estimated date on which expenditure will be made
SQM S.A.	01-I003200 - Standardization of hazardous materials	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	25	12/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I005500 - Standardization of SO2 plants	Sustainability	Asset	Not classified	15	12/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I006700 - Enablement of CPC wells	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	133	12/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I007100 - 2015-2016 Environmental Follow-up Plan for Pampa del Tamarugal	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	2	03/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I007200 - Environmental Follow-up Plan Salar de Llamara 2015-2016	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	1	12/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-P003000 - Plant 1 Scrubber and Plant 3 Scrubber	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	3	12/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-P003500 - Tur Development Master Plan	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	18	12/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I007300 - Compliance with Exposure to Iodine Gas Standard	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	90	12/31/2017
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-I007600 - NV evaporation ponds	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	0	12/31/2017
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J003300 - Improvement to water distribution	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	55	12/31/2017

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SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J004300 – Energetic Efficiency Study	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	54	12/31/2017
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J007000 – Environmental Impact Statement	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	229	04/30/2017
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-I012400 – Acquisition of backup power generator for injection system at Puquios in Salar de Llamara	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	33	12/31/2017
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-P003600 - NK PV project	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	86	01/02/2018
SQM Salar S.A.	19-L012100 – Regularization of meteorological station	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	65	12/31/2017
SQM Salar S.A.	19-C001500 – 2016 Disposal ponds	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	27	01/01/2018
SIT S.A.	03-T003000 - Archeological salvage for northern access, Port of Tocopilla	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	6	12/31/2017
Total					842	

Note 24 Environment (continued)**24.2 Detail of information on disbursements related to the environment, continued****Accumulated expenses as of 12/31/2015**

Identification of the Parent or subsidiary	Name of the project with which expenditure is associated	Concept for which the expenditure was made or will be made	Asset / Expense	Description of the asset or expense Item	Amount of expenditures	Actual or estimated date on which expenditures were or will be made
Miscellaneous	Environmental-operational area	Not classified	Expense	Not classified	1,683	12/31/2015
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-IQWZ00 - Normalization TK NV liquid fuels	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	138	04/30/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-MP5W00 - Normalization TK's Fuels	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	2,619	12/31/2015
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-PPZU00 - Standardize and Certify Plant Fuel Tanks	Environmental processing	Asset	Not classified	3,174	12/31/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-PQXM00 – Elaboration DIA Operation with batteries in PV	Environmental processing	Asset	Not classified	1	12/31/2015
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-I000200 - Nueva Iris TAS	Sustainability	Asset	Not classified	48	12/31/2015
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-I002300 - Acquisition of leak detection equipment	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	39	12/31/2015
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J003300 – Improvements to water distribution	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	392	12/31/2015
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-I007600– NV evaporation ponds	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	62	09/29/2016
SQM S.A.	01-IPFT00 - Cultural Heritage Region I	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	174	12/31/2015
SQM S.A.	01-IQ1M00 - PSA Re-injection of water to Puquios Llamara	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	2,579	12/31/2015
SQM S.A.	01-IQOW00- Deposit authorization for	Sustainability: Environment and Risk	Expense	Not classified	2	12/31/2015

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SQM S.A.	Humberstone heritage 01-IQWS00 - Mine Area equity measures Stage II	Prevention Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	102	12/31/2015
SQM S.A.	01-IQX600 – Environmental management plan of Tamarugos Pampa del Tamarugal 2013-2014	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	154	12/31/2015
SQM S.A.	01-IQXB00– Environmental management plan of Tamarugos Salar de Llamara 2013-2014	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	19	12/31/2015
SQM S.A.	01-I003200 – Standardization of hazardous materials	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	20	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I004200 – Mine are equity measures Stage III	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	41	12/31/2015
SQM S.A.	01-I004600 – Cultural Heritage Pampa Hermosa 2014 - 2015	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	15	03/31/2016

Note 24 Environment (continued)**24.2 Detail of information on disbursements related to the environment, continued****Accumulated expenses as of 12/31/2015, continued**

Identification of the Parent or subsidiary	Name of the project with which expenditure is associated	Concept for which the expenditure was made or will be made	Asset / Expense	Description of the asset or expense Item	Amount of expenditure	Actual or estimated date on which expenditure was or will be made
SQM S.A.	01-IQWP00 - 01-J001100 - DIA expansion of NV mine site	Environmental processing	Expense	Not classified	19	04/02/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I005500 – Standardization of SO2 plants	Sustainability	Asset	Not classified	5	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I006700 – Enablement of CPC wells	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	133	01/01/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I007100 – 2015-2016 Environmental Follow-up Plan for Pampa del Tamarugal	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	363	03/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I007200 - Environmental Follow-up Plan Salar de Llamara 2015-2016	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	54	03/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I007300 – Compliance with Iodine and Gas Capture Standard	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	6	07/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-P003000 – Plant 1 Scrubber and Plant 3 Scrubber	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	210	12/31/2015
SQM S.A.	01-P003500 – Tur Development Master Plan	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	12	01/31/2016
SQM Salar S.A.	19-LQDM00 – certification of tanks	Sustainability: Replacement of equipment	Asset	Not classified	256	12/31/2015
SIT S.A.	03-TQQ500 – Environmental curtains, Field No.8	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	221	12/31/2015

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SIT S.A.	03-T000800 – Mobile belt protections 2, 5 and 7	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	11	12/31/2016
SIT S.A.	03-T003000 – Archeological salvage for northern access, Port of Tocopilla	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	8	12/31/2015
Total					12,560	

Note 24 Environment (continued)**24.2 Detail of information on disbursements related to the environment, continued****Future expenses as of 12/31/2015**

Identification of the Parent or subsidiary	Name of the project with which expenditure is associated	Concept for which the expenditure was made or will be made	Asset / Expense	Description of the asset or expense Item	Amount of expenditures	Actual or estimated date on which expenditure was or will be made
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-IQWZ00 - Normalization TK NV liquid fuels	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	373	04/30/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-MP5W00 - Normalization TK's Fuels	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	30	12/31/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-PPZU00 - Standardize and Certify Plant Fuel Tanks	Environmental processing	Asset	Not classified	290	12/31/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-M000600 - Significant maintenance of ME town streets and ME garbage dumps	Sustainability	Asset	Not classified	150	12/31/2016
SQM Industrial S.A.	04-J004100 - Coya Sur Field Disposal DIA	Environmental processing	Asset	Not classified	83	12/31/2016
SQM Salar S.A.	19-LQXW00 - White water	Environmental processing	Asset	Not classified	269	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I003200- Hazardous Materials Standardization	Sustainability	Asset	Not classified	80	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I004600 - Cultural heritage Pampa Hermosa 2014 - 2015	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	130	03/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I005500 - Standardization of SO2 plants	Sustainability	Asset	Not classified	10	12/31/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I006700 - Enablement of CPC wells	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Expense	Not classified	56	01/01/2016
SQM S.A.	01-I007100 - 2015-2016 Environmental Follow-up Plan for Pampa del Tamarugal	Sustainability	Expense	Not classified	658	03/31/2017

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SQM S.A.	01-I007200 – 2015-2016 Environmental Follow-up Plan Salar de Llamara 2015-2016	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	248	03/31/2017
SQM S.A.	01-I007300 – Compliance with Iodine and Gas Capture Standard	Sustainability: Environment and Risk Prevention	Asset	Not classified	124	07/31/2017
Total					2,501	

165

Note 24 Environment (continued)

24.3 Description of each project, indicating whether these are in process or have been finished

SQM Industrial S.A.

J0033: This project contemplates improving the reliability and sustainability of industrial water and drinking water, mitigating uncontrolled water loss, making investments for the change in the distribution line to processing plants, investment in technological equipment and engineering studies; improving water adduction from the Loa and San Salvador rivers, complying with the ongoing controls by the Governmental Authorities (DGA (the General Directorate of Water and Seremi Salud (the Ministerial Regional Secretariat for Health)). This project is in process.

I0076: Development of the Project for the exploitation of iodine in the northern area of Iquique. This project is in progress. Fundación San José is a not-for-profit Foundation engaged in providing aid to children and pregnant women complying with a social responsibility for helping both children and mothers at risk.

J0041: Preparation and processing of the Environmental Impact Statement: 1. New areas: 137.1 hectares 2. Area to be regularized: 7.7 hectares 3. Extension of authorized area: 11.2 hectares. The project is in process.

J0043: Conducting a strategic alliance with a related party for new technologies and energetic efficiency – search for new technology and alternatives – Performance of alternative engineering. The project is in progress.

J0070: Relates to the preparation and processing of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), with the purpose of obtaining the environmental authorization (RCA) of the fields, including in the background information the air quality baseline for which a MP 2.5 and gas monitoring station was installed supplementing the stations existing at ME. The project is in progress.

P0036: This project's objective is that, based on basic engineering which has already been developed and completed in December 2015, the Company is able to develop detailed engineering to allow the acquisition of critical equipment (at long-term or key for the project). This project is in process.

I0124: This project consists of acquiring a power generator which allows providing continuity to water injection through the operation of an extraction well directly feeding the injection pipeline when energy outages occur. This project is in process.

SQM S.A.

I0032: Presenting departures from the standard currently in force with respect to storage of hazardous substances and provisions of SD 78/2010. This project is in process.

Note 24 Environment (continued)

24.3 Description of each project, indicating whether these are in process or have been finished, continued

I0055: This project consists of changing gas extractors to increase air flows, changing SO₂ absorption towers for prilling, extending the diameter of ducts; thereby guaranteeing an increase and sustaining the gas/liquid ratio. In order to decrease SO₂ emissions require the installation of a scrubber unit (tower, pump, gas extractor and piping), the same concept developed at the ME Iodine SO₂ plant. This project is in progress.

I0067: This stage of the project will allow identifying equity findings and other environmental commitments in addition to the performance of the basic engineering for the impulsion, electric line and crossing of Ruta 5 Norte highway. This project is in progress.

I0071: This project consists of implementing mitigation and compensation actions as committed in the Environmental Assessment of the Pampa Hermosa Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA). Actions to be implemented are those contemplated in the Environmental Management Plan of Tamarugos in Pampa del Tamarugal (Environmental Education Program, planting tamarugos, ex situ conservation of tamarugos, tamarugo production, and support for the phytosanitary control of tamarugos). This project is in progress.

I0072: This project consists of implementing mitigation and compensation actions as committed in the Environmental Assessment of the Pampa Hermosa Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA). Actions to be implemented are those contemplated in the Environmental Management Plan of Tamarugos in Salar de Llamara (Environmental Education Program, planting tamarugos, ex situ conservation of tamarugos, tamarugo production, and support for the phytosanitary control of tamarugos). This project is in progress.

I0073: System for capturing iodine gases operating very inefficiently. Iodine steam level exceed the range between 150% and 4,900% of the levels allowed for work positions at the Iodine Plant and Warehouse in accordance with Article 61 Supreme Decree 594/1999 approving Basic Sanitary and Environmental Conditions in Workplaces. This project is in process.

Note 24 Environment (continued)

24.3 Description of each project, indicating whether these are in process or have been finished, continued

SQM S.A.

P0030: To reply to the indication by the Health Service, the Company must install a Scrubber tower in each plant, which will collect the residual SO₂ from the plant chimneys. To perform this, the Company will install existing towers through which brine solutions will go through absorbing the SO₂ found in the gaseous phase. This project is in progress.

P0035: The cultural, historical and local promotion, the dissemination of the saltpeter touristic amenities and the enhancement of tangible and intangible saltpeter equity. This project is in progress.

SIT S.A.

T0030: An archeological salvage must be performed through excavations with stratigraphic control, with the purpose of recovering the remains of, at least, four funeral contexts noted in the profiles of trenches Nos. 9 and 11. In addition, it is necessary to collect the disturbed osseous remains, which, due to reasons unknown to us, are located in the current surface of the land where the trenches are located. This project is in process.

SQM Salar.

L0081: The authority requires conducting different environmental impact studies either for exploration or the construction of new wells and being able to support current production. This project is in process.

C0015: It will be harvested and floor will be built for a pool. A propulsion system will be built. This process is in progress.

L0121: Acquisition and change of equipment in meteorological station. This process is in process.

Note 25 Other current and non-current non-financial assets

As of December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, the detail of other current and non-current assets is as follows:

Other non-financial assets, current	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Domestic Value Added Tax	13,999	16,112
Foreign Value Added Tax	2,537	7,795
Prepaid mining licenses	1,136	1,209
Prepaid insurance	6,323	6,536
Other prepayments	408	602
Refund of Value Added Tax to exporters	855	13,183
Other assets	5,015	2,004
Total	30,273	47,441

Other non-financial assets, non-current	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Stain development expenses and prospecting expenses (1)	23,008	31,911
Guarantee deposits	685	496
Pension plan	-	27
Other assets	997	1,092
Total	24,690	33,526

- 1) Reconciliation of changes in assets for exploration and mineral resource evaluation, by type

Movements in assets for the exploration and evaluation of mineral resources as of December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015:

Reconciliation	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	31,911	29,569
Changes		
Additions, other than business combinations	-	3,871
Depreciation and amortization	(9,498)	(2,287)
Increase (decrease) due to transfers and other charges	595	758
Total changes	(8,903)	2,342
Total	23,008	31,911

As of the presentation date, no reevaluations of assets for exploration and assessment of mineral resources have been conducted.

Note 26 Reportable segments

26.1 Reportable segments

General information:

The amount of each item presented in each operating segment is equal to that reported to the maximum authority that makes decisions regarding the operation, in order to decide on the allocation of resources to the defined segments and to assess its performance.

Factors used to identify segments on which a report should be presented:

Segments reported are strategic business units that offer different products and services. These are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

Description of the types of products and services on which each reportable segment obtain its income from ordinary activities

The operating segments, through which incomes of ordinary activities are obtained, that generate expenses and whose operating results are reviewed on a regular basis by the maximum authority who makes decisions regarding operations, relate to the following groups of products:

- | | |
|----|-----------------------------|
| 1. | Specialty plant nutrients |
| 2. | Iodine and its derivatives |
| 3. | Lithium and its derivatives |
| 4. | Industrial chemicals |
| 5. | Potassium |
| 6. | Other products and services |

Description of income sources for all the other segments

Information relative to assets, liabilities, profit and expenses that cannot be assigned to the segments indicated above, due to the nature of production processes, is included under "Unassigned amounts" category of the disclosed information.

Basis of accounting for transactions between reportable segments

Sales between segments are made in the same conditions as those made to third parties, and are consistently measures as presented in the income statement.

Note 26 Reportable segments (continued)

26.1 Reportable segments, continued

Description of the nature of the differences between measurements of results of reportable segments and the result of the entity before the expense or income tax expense of incomes and discontinued operations.

The information reported in the segments is extracted from the Company's consolidated financial statements and therefore is not required to prepare reconciliations between the data mentioned above and those reported in the respective segments, according to what is stated in paragraph 28 of IFRS 8, "Operating Segments".

Description of the nature of the differences between measurements of assets of reportable segments and the Company's assets

Assets are not shown classified by segments, as this information is not readily available, Some of these assets are not separable by the type of activity by which they are affected since this information is not used by management in decision-making with respect to resources to be allocated to each defined segment, All assets are disclosed in the "unallocated amounts" category.

Description of the nature of the differences between measurements of liabilities of reportable segments and the Company's liabilities

Liabilities are not shown classified by segments, as this information is not readily available, Some of these liabilities are not separable by the type of activity by which they are affected, since this information is not used by management in decisions making regarding resources to be allocated to each defined segment, All liabilities are disclosed in the "unallocated amounts" category.

Note 26 Reportable segments (continued)

26.2 Reportable segment disclosures:

Operating segment items	12/31/2016								
	Specialty plant nutrients	Iodine and its derivatives	Lithium and its derivatives	Industrial chemicals	Potassium	Other products and services	Reportable segments	Operating segments	Elimination of segment amounts
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue	623,853	231,144	514,627	104,137	403,323	62,238	1,939,322	1,939,322	-
Revenues from transactions with other operating segments of the same entity	91,087	301,917	372,838	356,334	333,823	198,836	1,654,835	1,654,835	(1,654,835)
Revenues from external customers and transactions with other operating segments of the same entity	714,940	533,061	887,465	460,471	737,146	261,074	3,594,157	3,594,157	(1,654,835)
Costs of sales	(478,074)	(191,298)	(175,616)	(67,378)	(359,477)	(56,442)	(1,328,285)	(1,328,285)	-
Administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,911
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	911
Depreciation and amortization expense	(89,864)	(35,958)	(33,010)	(12,666)	(67,571)	(10,612)	(249,681)	(249,681)	-
The entity's interest in the profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for by the equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income tax expense, continuing operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other items other than significant cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) before taxes	145,779	39,846	339,011	36,759	43,846	5,796	611,037	611,037	(5,796)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	145,779	39,846	339,011	36,759	43,846	5,796	611,037	611,037	(5,796)
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	145,779	39,846	339,011	36,759	43,846	5,796	611,037	611,037	(5,796)

Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6				
Equity-accounted investees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2				
Increase of non-current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3				
Impairment loss recognized in profit or loss	-	-	(251	)	-	-	(698	)	(949	)	(949	)	-
Reversal of impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for the period	133	325		233	2,216	-	2,907	2907				-	
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	

Note 26 Reportable segments (continued)**26.2 Reportable segment disclosures, continued**

Operating segment items	12/31/2015						Reportable segments	Operating segments	Elimination of intersegment amounts
	Specialty plant nutrients	Iodine and its derivatives	Lithium and its derivatives	Industrial chemicals	Potassium	Other products and services			
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue	652,278	262,570	223,021	97,551	430,642	62,270	1,728,332	1,728,332	-
Revenues from transactions with other operating segments of the same entity	137,944	389,172	139,575	347,168	407,903	289,157	1,710,919	1,710,919	(1,710,919)
Revenues from external customers and transactions with other operating segments of the same entity	790,222	651,742	362,596	444,719	838,545	351,427	3,439,251	3,439,251	(1,710,919)
Costs of sales	(461,028)	(184,551)	(109,389)	(71,252)	(303,645)	(55,718)	(1,185,583)	(1,185,583)	-
Administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,333
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000
Depreciation and amortization expense	(105,545)	(42,249)	(25,044)	(16,312)	(69,513)	(12,758)	(271,421)	(271,421)	-
The entity's interest in the profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for by the equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income tax expense, continuing operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other items other than significant cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) before taxes	191,250	78,019	113,632	26,300	126,997	6,552	542,750	542,750	(3,000)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	191,250	78,019	113,632	26,300	126,997	6,552	542,750	542,750	(3,000)
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	191,250	78,019	113,632	26,300	126,997	6,552	542,750	542,750	(3,000)

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Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,
Equity-accounted investees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,
Increase of non-current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,
Impairment loss recognized in profit or loss	-	(200	) (317	) (3	) (3,049	) (373	) (3,939	) (3,939	) -
Reversal of impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for the period	2,751	-	-	1,285	-	-	4,036	4,036	-
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note 26 Reportable segments (continued)

26.3 Statement of comprehensive income classified by reportable segments based on groups of products

Items in the statement of comprehensive income	12/31/2016							Total Corporate Unit
	Specialty plant nutrients ThUS\$	Iodine and its derivatives ThUS\$	Lithium and derivatives ThUS\$	Industrial chemicals ThUS\$	Potassium ThUS\$	Other products and services ThUS\$	Corporate ThUS\$	
Revenue	623,853	231,144	514,627	104,137	403,323	62,238	-	1,9
Cost of sales	(478,074)	(191,298)	(175,616)	(67,378)	(359,477)	(56,442)	-	(1,3
Gross profit	145,779	39,846	339,011	36,759	43,846	5,796	-	611
Other incomes by function	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,781	14,
Administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	(88,436)	(88
Other expenses by function	-	-	-	-	-	-	(89,731)	(89
Other gains (losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	679	679
Financial income	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,550	10,
Financial costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(57,498)	(57
interest in the profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for by the equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,047	13,
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	460	460
Profit (loss) before taxes	145,779	39,846	339,011	36,759	43,846	5,796	(196,148)	414
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	(132,965)	(13
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	145,779	39,846	339,011	36,759	43,846	5,796	(329,113)	281
Profit (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit (loss)	145,779	39,846	339,011	36,759	43,846	5,796	(329,113)	281
Profit (loss), attributable to								
Profit (loss) attributable to the controller's owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	278
Profit (loss) attributable to the non-controllers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,6
Profit (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	281

Note 26 Reportable segments (continued)**26.3 Statement of comprehensive income classified by reportable segments based on groups of products, continued**

	12/31/2015							
Items in the statement of comprehensive income	Specialty plant nutrients ThUS\$	Indoline and its derivatives ThUS\$	Lithium and its derivatives ThUS\$	Industrial chemicals ThUS\$	Potassium ThUS\$	Other products and services ThUS\$	Corporate ThUS\$	Total Unit Corp ThUS\$
Revenue	652,278	262,570	223,021	97,551	430,642	62,270	-	1,725,312
Cost of sales	(461,028)	(184,551)	(109,389)	(71,252)	(303,645)	(55,718)	-	(1,185,583)
Gross profit	191,250	78,019	113,632	26,299	126,997	6,552	-	542,729
Other incomes by function	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,343	15,343
Administrative expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	(86,830)	(86,830)
Other expenses by function	-	-	-	-	-	-	(113,603)	(113,603)
Other gains (losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,760	3,760
Financial income	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,570	11,570
Financial costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(69,853)	(69,853)
interest in the profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for by the equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,326	10,326
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,364)	(12,364)
Profit (loss) before taxes	191,250	78,019	113,632	26,299	126,997	6,552	(241,651)	301,149
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	(83,766)	(83,766)
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	191,250	78,019	113,632	26,299	126,997	6,552	(325,417)	217,682
Profit (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit (loss)	191,250	78,019	113,632	26,299	126,997	6,552	(325,417)	217,682
Profit (loss), attributable to								
Profit (loss) attributable to the controller's owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	213,125
Profit (loss) attributable to the non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,557
Profit (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	217,682

Note 26 Reportable segments (continued)

26.4 Revenue from transactions with other Company's operating segments

12/31/2016

Items in the statement of comprehensive income	Specialty plant nutrients ThUS\$	Iodine and its derivatives ThUS\$	Lithium and its derivatives ThUS\$	Industrial chemicals ThUS\$	Potassium ThUS\$	Other products and services ThUS\$	Total segments and Corporate unit ThUS\$
Revenue	623,853	231,144	514,627	104,137	403,323	62,238	1,939,322

12/31/2015

Items in the statement of comprehensive income	Specialty plant nutrients ThUS\$	Iodine and its derivatives ThUS\$	Lithium and its derivatives ThUS\$	Industrial chemicals ThUS\$	Potassium ThUS\$	Other products and services ThUS\$	Total segments and Corporate unit ThUS\$
Revenue	652,278	262,570	223,021	97,551	430,642	62,270	1,728,332

26.5

Disclosures on geographical areas

As indicated in paragraph 33 of IFRS 8, the entity discloses geographical information on its revenue from operating activities with external customers and from non-current assets that are not financial instruments, deferred income tax assets, assets related to post-employment benefits or rights derived from insurance contracts.

26.6

Disclosures on main customers

With respect to the degree of dependency of the Company on its customers, in accordance with paragraph N° 34 of IFRS N° 8, the Company has no external customers who individually represent 10% or more of its revenue, Credit risk concentrations with respect to trade and other accounts receivable are limited due to the significant number of entities in the Company's portfolio and its worldwide distribution, The Company's policy requires guarantees (such as letters of credit, guarantee clauses and others) and/or to maintain insurance policies for certain accounts as deemed necessary by the Company's Management.

Note 26 Reportable segments (continued)

26.7 Segments by geographical areas as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015

Items	12/31/2016					
	Chile ThUS\$	Latin America and the Caribbean ThUS\$	Europe ThUS\$	North America ThUS\$	Asia and others ThUS\$	Total ThUS\$
Revenue	162,478	240,607	411,807	416,380	708,051	1,939,323
Investment accounted for under the equity method	-	25,000	25,009	13,456	69,674	133,139
Intangible assets other than goodwill	109,227	-	-	211	1	109,439
Goodwill	23,731	86	11,373	724	2,058	37,972
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,524,936	234	3,521	2,536	1,483	1,532,710
Investment property	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other non-current assets	24,551	139	-	-	-	24,690
Non-current assets that are not financial instruments	1,682,445	25,459	39,903	16,927	73,216	1,837,950

Items	12/31/2015					
	Chile ThUS\$	Latin America and the Caribbean ThUS\$	Europe ThUS\$	North America ThUS\$	Asia and others ThUS\$	Total ThUS\$
Revenue	188,592	258,262	351,353	439,645	490,480	1,728,332
Investment accounted for under the equity method	1,535	-	23,410	12,913	41,444	79,302
Intangible assets other than goodwill	110,199	-	-	228	1	110,428
Goodwill	26,929	86	11,373	-	-	38,388
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,677,194	260	2,183	2,486	1,453	1,683,576
Investment property	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other non-current assets	33,384	116	-	26	-	33,526
Non-current assets that are not financial instruments	1,849,241	462	36,966	15,653	42,898	1,945,220

Note 26 Reportable segments (continued)

26.8 Property, plant and equipment classified by geographical areas

The company's main productive facilities are located near their mines and extraction facilities in northern Chile, The following table presents the main production facilities as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

Location	Products
-Pedro de Valdivia	:Production of iodine and nitrate salts
-María Elena	:Production of iodine and nitrate salts
-Coya Sur	:Production of nitrate salts
-Nueva Victoria	:Production of iodine and nitrate salts
-Salar de Atacama	:Potassium chloride, lithium chloride, boric acid and potassium sulfate
-Salar del Carmen	:Production of lithium carbonate and lithium hydroxide
-Tocopilla	:Port facilities

Note 27 Gains (losses) from operating activities in the statement of income by function of expenses, included according to their nature

27.1 Revenue

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Products	1,933,828	1,721,064
Services	5,494	7,268
Total	1,939,322	1,728,332

27.2

Cost of sales

	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Raw material and supplies	(485,788)	(484,797)
Types of employee benefits expenses		
Salaries and wages	(104,144)	(97,010)
Other short-term employee benefits	(77,507)	(33,662)
Termination benefit expenses	(3,836)	(5,719)
Total employee benefits expenses	(185,487)	(136,391)
Depreciation expense	(239,546)	(253,979)
Amortization expense	(3,210)	(3,469)
Small deposit amortization expense	(6,917)	-
Impairment losses (reversals of impairment losses) recognized in profit or loss for the period	1,956	96
Operating leases	(107,284)	(89,229)
Investment plan expenses	(16,624)	(17,574)
Maintenance and repair	(7,187)	(10,112)
Contractors	(62,501)	(49,727)
Operations transport	(54,476)	(52,079)
Freight and product transport costs	(43,716)	(31,052)
Packaging costs	(1,703)	(1,369)
Sales commissions	(9,434)	(7,742)
Port costs	(20,793)	(11,613)
CORFO right costs	(41,962)	(23,155)
Adjustment of customer prices	(8,380)	(2,132)
Other expenses, by nature	(35,233)	(11,260)
Total	(1,328,285)	(1,185,583)

Note 27 Gains (losses) from operating activities in the statement of income by function of expenses, included according to their nature, (continued)

	27.3	Other income
	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Discounts obtained from suppliers	771	1,343
Indemnification received and insurance recoveries	205	39
Penalties charged to suppliers	358	73
Tax recoveries	26	12
Insurance recoveries	5,636	2,182
Excess in the provision for liabilities with 3rd parties	573	1,039
Overstatement of doubtful accounts	56	115
Sale of property, plant and equipment	657	8
Sale of materials, spare parts and supplies	30	1,358
Sale de scrap	1	-
Overstatement of allowance for inventories	815	5
Options on mining properties	2,577	2,261
Easements, ducts and roads	219	1,980
Non-conventional renewable energy	639	344
Reimbursement of mining patents and notarial expenses	1,300	1,025