SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of March 2004

Kookmin Bank

(Translation of registrant s name into English)

9-1, 2-Ga, Namdaemun-Ro, Jung-Gu, Seoul, Korea 100-703

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F x Form 40-F "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): "

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): "

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submission to furnish a report or other document that the registration foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant s home country), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant s securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant s security holders, and if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes " No x

Kookmin Bank s 2003 Audit Report

On March 3, 2004, Kookmin Bank released audit report for the fiscal year of 2003, which includes comparative non-consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 and related notes to the statements.

Exhibit 99.1_ Kookmin Bank s 2003 Audit Report

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: March 3, 2004

Kookmin Bank (Registrant)

By: /s/ Ki-Sup Shin

(Signature)

Name:Ki-Sup ShinTitle:Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 99.1

Kookmin Bank

Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

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December 31, 2003 and 2002

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Samil PricewaterhouseCoopers

Kukje Center Building 191 Hankangro 2ga, Yongsanku Seoul 140-702, KOREA (Yongsan P.O. Box 266, 140-600)

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of

Kookmin Bank

We have audited the accompanying non-consolidated balance sheet of Kookmin Bank (the Bank) as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the related non-consolidated statements of operations, appropriations of retained earnings (dispositions of accumulated deficit) and cash flows for the year then ended, expressed in Korean Won. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the non-consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kookmin Bank as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the results of its operations, the changes in its retained earnings (accumulated deficit), and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of Korea.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to the following matters.

As discussed in Note 33 to the financial statements, on May 30, 2003, the Bank obtained approval from the Board of Directors to enter into a merger agreement with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd. (the Subsidiary), its majority-owned subsidiary. According to the resolution of the Board of Directors, the Bank merged with the Subsidiary on September 30, 2003. The merger was effected through an exchange of shares with the minority shareholders of the Subsidiary as of July 24, 2003, who received 0.442983 share of the Bank s common stock for each share of the Subsidiary. The total assets and liabilities of the Subsidiary as of September 30, 2003 were (Won)10,595,409 million and (Won)9,391,897 million, respectively.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, as of December 2002, the Bank changed the rates for determining the allowances for losses from consumer loans and credit card loans, in anticipation of the increasing risk of loan losses due to the increase in consumer loans and credit card loans, as follows:

Credit Risk Classification before Changes	Allowance Rates	Allowance Rates after Changes	
	Consumer	Credit Cards	
Normal	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%
Precautionary	2.00%	8.00%	12.00%
Sub-standard	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%
Doubtful	50.00%	55.00%	60.00%
Estimated loss	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

As a result of the above change, the Bank s allowances for loan losses as of December 31, 2003 are greater by (Won)336,265 million for consumer loans and (Won)314,701 million for credit card loans compared to the amounts that which would have been recorded under the previous rates.

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, in accordance with the resolution made by the Board of Directors on December 26, 2003, the Bank acquired 27,423,761 of its own shares previously owned by the Korean government at (Won)43,700 per share through public bidding and intends to sell these shares of treasury stock depending on certain market conditions. As a result of the acquisition, the Bank holds 8.92 percent of the total common stock issued as treasury stock.

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the Bank s total exposure (including debt securities, beneficiary certificates, and loans) related to domestic credit card companies and capital companies amounts to (Won)2,055,663 million as of December 31, 2003. Currently, securities issued by credit card companies and capital companies, which are experiencing liquidity problems, are not widely traded in the bond market. The ultimate effect of these circumstances on the financial position of the Bank as of the balance sheet date cannot be presently determined, and accordingly, no adjustments related to such uncertainties have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, in accordance with the agreement with the creditors committee of LG Card Co., Ltd. on November 24, 2003, the Bank provided additional loans of (Won)437.0 billion to LG Card Co., Ltd., which is currently experiencing a liquidity crisis. Also, on January 9, 2004, the Bank has agreed to a debt-equity swap of (Won)312.7 billion, to provide additional loans of (Won)205.9 billion (to be included in the debt-equity swap), and to extend the maturity of loans that will mature in 2004. The ability of LG Card Co., Ltd. to continue as a going concern depends on the effective execution of its restructuring plan and debt restructuring as well as the availability of financial aid from its financial institutional creditors. The ultimate effect of these circumstances on the financial position of the Bank as of the balance sheet date cannot be presently determined, and accordingly, no adjustments related to such uncertainties have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Accounting principles and auditing standards and their application in practice vary among countries. The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of Korea. In addition, the procedures and practices used in the Republic of Korea to audit such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries. Accordingly, this report and the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements are for use by those who are knowledgeable about Korean accounting principles or auditing standards and their application in practice.

Seoul, Korea

March 3, 2004

This report is effective as of March 3, 2004, the audit report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the audit report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the audit report should understand that there is a possibility that the above audit report may have to be revised to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002

(in millions of Won)

	2003	2002
Assets		
Cash and due from banks (Note 3)	(Won) 6,526,345	(Won) 4,599,356
Securities (Note 4)	28,101,845	30,940,750
Loans (Notes 5 and 6)	139,920,521	126,730,561
Fixed assets (Note 7)	3,019,556	3,092,616
Other assets (Note 8)	6,484,239	6,135,558
Total assets	(Won) 184,052,506	(Won) 171,498,841
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity		
Deposits (Note 9)	(Won) 132,180,272	(Won) 123,109,653
Borrowings (Note 10)	10,902,800	10,690,754
Debentures (Note 11)	19,192,581	17,539,007
Other liabilities (Note 13)	13,362,339	9,784,798
Total liabilities	175,637,992	161,124,212
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 14 and 16)		
Common stock (5,000 Won par value per share, authorized 1 billion shares and	1 (01 00(1 (41 202
336,379,116 shares outstanding in 2003) (Notes 1 and 17)	1,681,896	1,641,293
Capital surplus (Note 18)	6,230,738	5,864,752
Retained earnings (Note 19)	1,662,119	2,742,335
Capital adjustments (Note 20)	(1,160,239)	126,249
Total shareholders equity	8,414,514	10,374,629
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	(Won) 184,052,506	(Won) 171,498,841

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

Non-Consolidated Statements of Operations

Years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

(in millions of Won except per share amounts)

luons of won except per snare amounts) 2003		2002	
Interest income			
Interest on due from banks	(Won) 10,433	(Won) 51,580	
Interest on trading securities	116,142	95,576	
Interest on available-for-sale securities	958,665	652,423	
Interest on held-to-maturity securities	626,552	834,895	
Interest on loans	9,814,835	9,251,849	
Other interest income	98,923	102,735	
	11,625,550	10,989,058	
Interest expenses			
Interest on deposits	4,280,290	4,770,967	
Interest on borrowings	410,746	415,938	
Interest on debentures	1,143,228	830,219	
Other interest expenses	68,570	58,068	
	5,902,834	6,075,192	
Net interest income	5,722,716	4,913,866	
Provision for loan losses (Note 6)	4,040,536	1,593,479	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	1,682,180	3,320,387	
Non-interest income			
Fees & commission income	1,636,171	1,345,669	
Dividends on trading securities	1,633	1,123	
Dividends on available-for-sale securities	5,580	12,186	
Gain on foreign currency transactions	287,501	202,367	
Gain on derivatives transactions (Note 15)	1,131,711	1,760,743	
Others (Note 22)	868,840	1,273,355	
	3,931,436	4,595,443	
Non-interest expenses			
Fees and commission expenses	270,405	330,385	
General and administrative expenses (Note 23)	2,704,148	2,551,426	
Loss on foreign currency transactions	200,109	245,232	
Loss on derivatives transactions (Note 15)	1,053,990	1,594,025	
Others (Note 22)	1,308,880	928,997	
	5,537,532	5,650,065	
Operating income	76,084	2,265,765	
Non-operating expenses, net (Note 24)	(1,222,528)	(372,147)	

Net (loss) income before income tax expense	(1,146,444)	1,893,618
Income tax (benefit) expense (Note 25)	(393,096)	583,327
Net (loss) income	(Won) (753,348)	(Won) 1,310,291
Basic (loss) earnings per share (In Korean Won) (Note 26)	(Won) (2,311)	(Won) 4,123

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

Non-Consolidated Statements of Appropriations of Retained Earnings

(Dispositions of Accumulated Deficit)

Years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

(Date of Disposition : March 23, 2004 for the year ended December 31, 2003

Date of Appropriation : March 21, 2003 for the year ended December 31, 2002)

(in millions of Won)

	2003	2002
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) before appropriations (dispositions)		
Unappropriated retained earnings carried over from prior year	(Won) 410	(Won) 5,117
Adjustment on investment in associates (Note 19)	(1,917)	4,562
Net income (loss)	(753,348)	1,310,291
	(754,855)	1,319,970
Transferred from prior years reserve (Note 19)		
Reserves for overseas investment losses		5,417
		5,417
Dispositions (appropriations) (Note 19)		
Transfer from (appropriations for) voluntary reserves	754,900	(867,000)
Other reserves		(744)
Legal reserves		(132,000)
Cash dividends (20.0% for common stock in 2002)		(325,233)
	754,900	(1,324,977)
Unappropriated retained earnings carried over to the subsequent year	(Won) 45	(Won) 410

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

Non-Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

(in millions of Won)

	2003	2002
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net (loss) income	(Won) (753,348)	(Won) 1,310,291
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Realized gain on trading securities, net	(71,899)	(87,802)
Unrealized gain on trading securities, net	(70,976)	(167,366)
Provision for loan losses due to merger	1,652,264	
Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions, net	(87,392)	42,865
Provision for loan losses	4,040,536	1,593,479
Reversal of losses from guarantees and acceptances	(1,209)	(37,436)
Gain on derivatives transactions, net	(77,721)	(166,718)
Loss (gain) on valuation of derivatives, net	18,788	(41,884)
Gain (loss) on fair value hedged items	(10,715)	9,213
Retirement benefits	109,766	100,198
Depreciation and amortization	466,856	389,931
Loss on disposal of fixed assets, net	33,058	6,288
Impairment loss on fixed assets	22,228	
Realized gain on available-for-sale securities, net	(493,993)	(210,112)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale securities, net	133,754	272,393
Realized gain on held-to-maturity securities	(2,771)	(733)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment in associates, net	(267,870)	273,620
Loss (gain) on sale of loans, net	31,340	(6,475)
Stock compensation expense	12.130	11,333
Others, net	22,755	(33,116)
Changes in assets and liabilities resulting from operations		()
Accrued income	118,796	3.238
Prepaid expenses	(255,957)	14,037
Deferred tax assets	(399,310)	(51,181)
Other assets	(166)	5,639
Accrued expenses	(593,967)	(90,475)
Unearned income	(28,019)	(1,070)
Withholding taxes	36,095	(54,343)
Other liabilities	587,179	45,215
Retirement benefits	(18,637)	(19,130)
Accounts payable	(66,349)	(60,268)
Account for agency business	(00,517)	33
Deferred tax liabilities	(35,111)	141,532
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,050,135	3,191,196

Non-Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

(in millions of Won)

2003		2002	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Increase (decrease) in due from banks	(Won) (1,247,467)	(Won) 2,839,245	
Decrease in trading securities	1,336,940	992,343	
Increase (decrease) in available-for-sale securities	(1,198,423)	1.606.941	
Decrease in held-to-maturity securities	5,119,423	-,,	
Acquisition of investment in associates	(71,295)		
Dividend from investment in associates	11,392		
Increase in loans granted, net	(12,580,451)	(20,439,846)	
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	101,599	14,049	
Acquisition of fixed assets	(316,890)	(578,828)	
Acquisition of intangible assets	(705)	(502)	
Proceeds from disposal of foreclosed assets	162	978	
Acquisition of foreclosed assets	(166)		
Increase in guarantee deposits	(8,865)	(56,619)	
Decrease (increase) in other accounts receivable	166,101	(338,569)	
Increase (decrease) in payments in advance	(28,328)	55,723	
Decrease in derivative assets, net	145,924	67,591	
Collection of domestic exchange receivables	474,995	403,014	
Collection of loans to trust accounts	37,882	229,452	
concention of roans to trust accounts			
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,058,172)	(15,205,028)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Increase in deposits, net	9,076,415	7,948,349	
Decrease in borrowings, net	(2,248,706)	(2,846,629)	
Decrease (increase) in debentures, net	(3,278,588)	8,697,080	
Increase (decrease) in borrowings from trust accounts	3,248,649	(931,874)	
Decrease in dividend payable	(325,188)	(29,967)	
Decrease (increase) in other accounts payable	(273,080)	499,769	
Increase (decrease) in advances received from customers	19,325	(57,825)	
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	(623)	(41,516)	
Decrease in domestic exchange payables	(173,865)	(901,723)	
Decrease in liabilities incurred by agency relationships	(171,172)	(219,313)	
Stock options exercised	(35)	(26,741)	
Acquisition of treasury stock	(1,227,876)	(149,704)	
Sale of treasury stock	826	1,928	
Increase in stock issuance cost	(212)	(737)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,645,870	11,941,097	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	637,833	(72,735)	
Increase due to merger	33,343		
Cash and cash equivalents, Beginning of year	3,100,581	3,173,316	
End of year (Note 34)	(Won) 3,771,757	(Won) 3,100,581	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

1. The Bank

Kookmin Bank (the Bank) was established in 1963 under the Citizens National Bank Act to provide and administer funds for financing the general public and small businesses. Pursuant to the repeal of the Citizens National Bank Act, effective January 5, 1995, the Bank has conducted its operations in accordance with the provisions of the General Banking Act.

The Bank merged with Korea Long Term Credit Bank (KLB) on December 31, 1998 and with Daegu, Busan, Jeonnam Kookmin Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd. on August 22, 1999. Also, under the decision of the Financial Supervisory Commission in accordance with the Structural Improvement of the Financial Industry Act, the Bank purchased certain assets, including loans classified as normal or precautionary, and assumed most of the liabilities of Daedong Bank as of June 29, 1998. Also, the Bank completed the legal consolidation with H&CB as of October 31, 2001 (Note 32) and merged with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd. (the Subsidiary), its majority-owned subsidiary, on September 30, 2003 (Note 33).

The Bank had its shares listed on the Korea Stock Exchange since September 1994. As a result of the business combination with H&CB, the former shareholders of the Bank and H&CB received new common shares of the Bank on the basis of a pre-determined ratio. The new common shares of the Bank were relisted on the Korea Stock Exchange as of November 9, 2001. As of December 31, 2003, the Bank s paid-in capital amounts to (Won)1,681,896 million and 35,000,566 shares of the Bank are listed on the New York Stock Exchange as American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The Bank engages in the banking and trust businesses according to the provisions of the General Banking Act and the Trust Business Act, and operates through 1,136 domestic branches and offices (excluding ATMs) and three overseas branches as of December 31, 2003.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Bank has adopted Statements of Korean Financial Accounting Standards (*SKFAS*) No. 1 as of January 1, 2001 and No. 2 to No. 9 as of January 1, 2002 to present its financial statements. Except for the adoption of these SKFAS, the same accounting policies are applied for the fiscal years 2002 and 2003. The significant accounting policies followed by the Bank in the preparation of its non-consolidated financial statements are summarized below.

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The Bank maintains its accounting records in Korean Won and prepares statutory financial statements in the Korean language in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. Certain accounting principles applied by the Bank that conform with

financial accounting standards and accounting principles in the Republic of Korea may not conform with generally accepted accounting principles in other countries. Accordingly, these financial statements are intended for use by those who are informed about Korean accounting principles and practices. The accompanying financial statements have been condensed, restructured and translated into English from the Korean language non-consolidated financial statements. Certain information attached to the Korean language financial statements, but not required for a fair presentation of the Company s financial position, results of operations, or cash flows, is not presented in the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the non-consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported therein. Although these estimates are based on management s best knowledge of current events and actions that the Bank may undertake in the future, actual results may be different from those estimates.

Application of the Statements of Korean Financial Accounting Standards

The Bank s non-consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with financial accounting standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea and Statements of Korean Financial Accounting Standards No. 2 through No. 9, in effect for the fiscal periods beginning after December 31, 2002.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Recognition of Interest Income

The Bank recognizes interest income on loans and debt securities on an accrual basis. However, interest income on delinquent and dishonoured loans and debt securities, other than those collateralized with security deposits or guaranteed by financial institutions, is recognized on a cash basis. As of December 31, 2003, the Bank has non-accrual loans and securities of (Won)10,677,822 million and (Won)620,929 million, respectively, with related foregone interest of (Won)638,079 million and (Won)150,492 million, respectively.

Securities

Securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of generating profits on short-term differences in price, and which are actively and frequently bought and sold, are classified as trading securities. Debt securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity, and which the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity securities. Investments classified as neither trading securities nor held-to-maturity securities are classified as available-for-sale securities.

Securities are recognized initially at their fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and the Bank uses the moving average method and specific identification method for determining the carrying value of equity securities and debt securities, respectively.

Trading and available-for-sale debt securities are carried at fair value using the average of quoted prices provided by bond pricing service institutions. Held-to-maturity debt securities are carried at amortized cost.

Marketable equity securities are carried at market prices and beneficiary certificates are carried at quoted prices provided by the beneficiary certificate dealers. However, non-marketable equity securities are carried at fair value only if the fair value is reasonably measurable and if otherwise, are carried at cost.

Unrealized holding gains or losses on trading securities are charged to current operations and those resulting from available-for-sale securities are recorded as capital adjustments. Premiums and discounts on debt securities are amortized over the maturity period using the effective interest method. Impairment losses are recognized in current operations when there is evidence of impairment and recoverable amounts of available-for-sale securities or held-to-maturity securities are less than the acquisition cost of equity securities or the amortized cost of debt securities. Unrealized holding gains or losses on available-for-sale or held-to-maturity securities that had not been recognized through income are realized when the related securities are disposed.

Investments in associate, over which the Bank exercises significant control or influence, are accounted for under the equity method. Under the equity method, the Bank records changes in its proportionate ownership of the associate in current operations, as capital adjustments or as adjustments to retained earnings, depending on the nature of the underlying change in the book value of the investment in associate.

The Bank discontinues the equity method of accounting for investments in associates when the Bank s share of accumulated losses of the associates equals the costs of the investments and until the subsequent cumulative changes in its proportionate net income of the associate equal its cumulative proportionate net losses not recognized during the periods when the equity method was suspended.

Differences between the initial purchase price and the Bank s initial proportionate ownership of the net book value of the associate are amortized or accreted using an appropriate method and the resulting amortization is charged to current operations.

Gains and losses recorded by the Bank from inter-company transactions with associates are fully eliminated. Gains and losses recorded by the associates from these transactions are proportionately eliminated, based on the Bank s percentage of ownership.

Deferred loan origination fees and costs

The Bank defers loan origination fees associated with originating loans and loan origination costs that have future economic benefits. Loan balances are reported net of these loan origination fees and costs, and the deferred loan origination fees and costs are amortized using the effective interest method with the amortization recognized as adjustments to other interest income.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Allowances for Loan Losses

The Bank applies its internal credit rating system, the Forward Looking Criteria (FLC), to corporate loans in order to classify the borrowers and to determine the allowances for loan losses. According to the credit rating criteria, the allowance is determined according to the credit risk of corporate borrowers, which is evaluated based on financial and non-financial risks. The credit rating criteria is categorized into 12 categories (AAA, AA, AA, BBB, BB, BB-, B, B-, CCC, CC, C, D) with additional consideration of the loan type, collateral and/or guarantees.

Allowances are determined by applying at minimum the following rates to the outstanding balances under each credit risk classification:

Credit Risk Classification	Credit Ratings	Allowance Rates
Normal	AAA~B	0.5%
Precautionary	B-~CCC	2%
Sub-standard	CC	20%
Doubtful	С	50%
Estimated loss	D	100%

However, the Bank does not apply the FLC to small-sized corporate loans, consumer loans, and credit card loans. Alternatively, the bank classifies such loans by considering the current financial status of borrowers including delinquencies, bankruptcies and collateral value. As of December 2002, the rates used for determining the allowances for losses from corporate loans, consumer loans and credit card loans were changed as follows:

	Allowance Rates		vance r Changes
Credit Risk Classification	before Changes		Credit Card
Normal	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%
Precautionary	2.00%	8.00%	12.00%
Sub-standard	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%
Doubtful	50.00%	55.00%	60.00%
Estimated loss	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

As a result of the above change, the Bank s allowances for loan losses as of December 31, 2003 are greater by (Won)336,265 million for consumer loans and (Won)314,701 million for credit card loans compared to the amounts which would have been recorded under the previous rates.

The Bank applies the credit risk classification used for loans to outstanding guarantees and acceptances, and provides allowances for losses of 20 percent, 50 percent and 100 percent of the outstanding guarantees and acceptances classified as sub-standard, doubtful, and estimated loss, respectively. In addition, the Bank provides allowances for losses of 19 percent of certain outstanding guarantees and acceptances classified as precautionary.

Present Value Discounts

Troubled debt restructuring loans, which are modified as to outstanding principal, interest rate, and/or maturity under programs such as workout, court receivership, court mediation, or debt restructuring agreements of parties concerned, are carried at present value if the difference between the nominal value and the present value of the restructured loan is significant. The present value discounts are recorded by reclassifying allowances for loan losses and if additional allowances need to be provided for, the additional allowances are provided and recognized as provision for loan losses of the current period. The difference between the nominal value and the present value is recorded as present value discount, which is shown as a deduction from the loan nominal value. These present value discounts are amortized using the effective interest method and are recognized as interest income. Allowances for loan losses on the restructured loans are provided for based on the loan balances, net of present value discounts.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Receivables and payables arising from long-term installment transactions, long-term cash loans or borrowings and other similar transactions shall be stated at present value, if the difference between nominal value and present value is material. The difference is accounted for as a present value discount and is deducted from the nominal value of the related receivable or payable. Present value discounts are amortized or reversed using the effective interest method, and the amortization is included in interest income or expense.

Fixed Assets and Related Depreciation

Tangible assets are recorded at cost, except for upward revaluation of certain assets in accordance with the Korean Asset Revaluation Law. Depreciation is calculated based on the estimated average useful lives of the assets and is presented as accumulated depreciation, which is a contra account of tangible assets in the financial statements.

The estimated useful lives and depreciation methods of the tangible assets are as follows:

Tangible assets	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and structures	Straight-line method	40 years
Leasehold improvements	Declining balance method	4-5 years
Equipment and vehicles	Declining balance method	4-5 years

Expenditures that enhance the value or extend the useful life of the related assets are capitalized as additions to tangible assets. Routine maintenance and repairs are recognized as expenses when incurred.

Foreclosed assets acquired through, or in lieu of, loan redemption are stated at cost and are not depreciated. A valuation allowance is recorded where the latest bidding price at a public auction is below the book value, and is presented as a contra account of foreclosed assets in the financial statements

Intangible assets are amortized based on the following estimated average useful lives and are presented in the financial statements, net of accumulated amortization:

Intangible assets

Goodwill

Trademarks

Development costs

Amortization Method

_

Straight-line method Straight-line method Straight-line method Estimated Useful Life

Others

Straight-line method

5-30 years

The Bank estimated the useful life of endowment assets that are beneficial upon usage, classified under other intangible assets, to be 30 years based on the term of the contract. The Bank recorded goodwill as a result of the merger with H&CB for the cost of the merger exceeding the fair value of the net assets acquired.

Development costs directly related to new technology or new products (including costs related to software development) are capitalized as intangible assets to the extent that the estimated future benefits are probable.

The Bank adjusts the book value of a fixed asset to its recoverable amount and recognizes the difference as an impairment loss when the recoverable amount is significantly below the book value due to obsolescence or decline in market value. The subsequent increase in recoverable amount in excess of the impaired book value is recognized, to the extent of the original book value before impairment, as a reversal of fixed asset impairment losses. For the year ended December 31, 2003, the Bank recognized an impairment loss of (Won)22,228 million for the difference between the book value of (Won)48,388 million and net realizable value of (Won)26,160 million of assets related to the expected closures of certain branch offices.

Stock Issuance Costs and Debenture Issuance Costs

Stock issuance costs are deducted from paid-in capital in excess of par value. Debenture issuance costs are recorded as discounts on debentures and amortized over the maturity period of the debentures using the effective interest method.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Accrued Retirement Benefits

Employees and directors with more than one year of service and temporary employees with a one-year contract, as of December 31, 2003, are entitled to receive a lump-sum payment upon termination of their employment with the Bank, based on their length of service and rate of pay at the time of termination.

Additionally, the Bank records the contributions to pension funds, which grant the payment rights to its employees, as contra accounts of accrued retirement benefits.

Deferred Income Taxes

The Bank records the future tax effects of temporary differences between the financial and tax bases of assets and liabilities as deferred income tax assets or liabilities. The tax effects of temporary differences arising from the cumulative effects of accounting changes are adjusted in retained earnings.

Bonds under Repurchase/Resale Agreements

Securities bought under resale agreements are recorded in loans as bonds purchased under resale agreements. Securities sold under repurchase agreements are recorded in borrowings as bonds sold under repurchase agreements. Interest from bonds purchased under resale agreements and bonds sold under repurchase agreements are recognized as interest income on loans and interest expense on borrowings, respectively.

Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments for trading or hedging purpose are recorded at fair value and resulting unrealized gains and losses are recognized in current operations, except for the effective portion of derivative transactions entered into for the purpose of cash-flow hedges, which is recorded as an adjustment to shareholders equity.

Fair value hedge accounting is applied to a derivative instrument with the purpose of hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset or a liability or a firm commitment that is attributable to a particular risk. The gain or loss, both on the hedging derivative instrument and on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk, is reflected in current operations

Cash flow hedge accounting is applied to a derivative instrument with the purpose of hedging the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows of an asset or a liability or a forecasted transaction that is attributable to a particular risk. The effective portion of the gain or loss on a derivative instrument designated as a cash flow hedge is recorded as a capital adjustment and the ineffective portion is recognized in current operations. The effective portion of the gain or loss recorded as a capital adjustment is reclassified to current operations in the same period during which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. If the hedged transaction results in the acquisition of an asset or the incurrence of a liability, the gain or loss recognized as a capital adjustment is added to or deducted from the asset or the liability.

Stock Options

Compensation costs for stock options granted to employees and executives are recognized using the fair value method. Under the fair value method, compensation costs for stock option plans are determined using an option-pricing model and are recognized over the vesting period (Note 21).

National Housing Fund

The Bank, as designated by the Korean Government under the Housing Construction Promotion Law, manages the sources and uses of funds of the National Housing Fund (the NHF) and records the related NHF account in other liabilities. In addition, the Bank pays interest, which is computed by multiplying the average balance of the NHF account by the passbook deposit interest rate, to the NHF.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Gains and Losses on Trust Management

The Bank s trust accounts (the Trust Accounts) recognize as an expense the trust commissions paid to the banking accounts, which is equivalent to the total trust revenue less total trust expenses and trustee benefits (including the guaranteed principal and minimum rate of return). The Bank recognizes these trust commissions as a gain on trust management in other operating income. The trust fees on money trusts consist of base fees of $0.5 \sim 2.0$ percent (depending on trust fund types) and special fees applied to the invested capital.

Under the Trust Business Act, reserves for future losses are set up in the trust accounts for losses related to those trust funds with a guarantee of the principal or of a certain minimum rate of return. The reserves are used to provide for the losses on such trust funds and, if the losses incurred are in excess of the reserves for future losses, the excess losses are compensated by the Bank. Accordingly, the banking accounts recognize the compensation paid as a loss on trust management in other operating expenses and the trust accounts recognize the corresponding compensation as compensation from banking accounts. There were no compensations paid for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002.

Foreign Currency Translation

All assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Korean Won at the rates in effect at the balance sheet date (2003: (Won)1,197.8:US\$1, 2002: (Won)1,200.4:US\$1), and resulting translation gains and losses are recognized in the current period.

Accounting records of the overseas branches are maintained in the foreign currency prevailing in their respective countries. For the purpose of presentation in the accompanying financial statements, the financial statements of the branches have been translated into Korean Won, using exchange rates published by Seoul Money Brokerage Services, Ltd. as of the balance sheet dates.

Statement of Cash Flows

In the preparation of the statement of cash flows, the Bank has presented net amounts of cash inflows and cash outflows for items where the turnover is quick and the amounts are large.

Application of Korean Financial Accounting Standard No. 6

The Bank has adopted Statements of Korean Financial Accounting Standards (*SKFAS*) No. 6 Subsequent Events, for the fiscal year 2003 and presented retained earnings (accumulated deficit) as before appropriations (disposition) on the balance sheet. Accordingly, retained earnings as

of December 31, 2002 were restated to amounts before appropriations, and the restatement resulted in a decrease in liabilities and an increase in net assets of (Won)325,233 million.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

3. Cash and Due from Banks

Cash and due from banks as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are summarized as follows:

(in millions of Won)		2003	2002
Cash on hand			
Cash in Won		(Won) 2,945,921	(Won) 2,392,346
Cash in foreign currencies		228,153	186,780
		3,174,074	2,579,126
Due from banks in Won Bank of Korea	Reserve deposits in the Bank of Korea	2,612,248	1,340,482
Other banks	Time deposits	810	41,192
	Passbook deposits	8,185	392
		8,995	41,584
Other financial institutions	Deposits at Mutual Savings	140,000	140,000
Others	Futures margin accounts	1,560	1,336
	Market participation margin	454	458
	KOSPI futures margin accounts	200	
	Other deposits		8,319
		2,214	10,113
		2,763,457	1,532,179
	Present value discounts ¹ *	(12,810)	(21,156)
		2,750,647	1,511,023
Due from banks in foreign currencies			
Bank of Korea	Demand deposits	12,415	25,677
Other banks	Demand deposits	71,879	104,073
ould oulds	Time deposits	11,079	15,193
		71,879	119,266

Off-shore	Demand deposits	3,354	5,064
Others	Other deposits	513,976	359,200
		601,624	509,207
		(Won) 6,526,345	(Won) 4,599,356

^{1*} Present value discounts are related to the (Won)140,000 million of time deposits (1% interest, five-year maturity at the point of deposit, uncallable for five years) placed with Hansol Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd. (previously, Bukook Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd.).

The maturities of the due from banks as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Due from Banks in Won	Due from Banks in Foreign Currencies	Total
		(WL) 500 7(7	$(\mathbf{W}) > 2.146.414$
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 2,622,647	(Won) 523,767	(Won) 3,146,414
Due after 3 months through 6 months		77,857	77,857
Due after 6 months through 1 year	50,154		50,154
Due after 1 year through 2 years	90,000		90,000
Due after 2 years through 3 years			
Due after 5 years	656		656
	(Won) 2,763,457	(Won) 601,624	(Won) 3,365,081

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Included in cash and due from banks as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are the following restricted deposits:

(in millions of Won)	2003	2002	Restrictions
Reserve deposits in the Bank of Korea	(Won) 2,612,248	(Won) 1,340,482	General Banking Act
Deposits at Hansol Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd.	140,000	140,000	Withdrawal at maturity
Due from banks in foreign currency	12,415	37,409	General Banking Act
Other deposits	2,735	2,040	Futures guarantee deposits
	2,767,398	1,519,931	
		·	
Present value discounts	(12,810)	(21,156)	
	·	·	
	(Won) 2,754,588	(Won) 1,498,775	

4. Securities

Securities as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	2003	2002
Trading	(Won) 4,482,948	(Won) 5,676,973
Available-for-sale	17,088,357	13,173,700
Held-to-maturity	5,979,341	10,986,915
Investment in associates	551,199	1,103,162
	(Won) 28,101,845	(Won) 30,940,750

Trading, available-for-sale, and held-to-maturity securities as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Wor	n)	Won	of	illions	mil	(in	1
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Unrea	lized		
Gain	Loss	Book Value	Fair value

Trading				
Equity securities	(Won) 12,760	(Won) 767	(Won) 113,171	(Won) 113,171
Beneficiary certificates	69,554	240	1,686,754	1,686,754
Government and municipal bonds	1,164	3,621	1,076,427	1,076,427
Corporate bonds	929	7,953	1,365,060	1,365,060
Asset-backed securities	197	1,047	241,536	241,536
	(Won) 84,604	(Won) 13,628	(Won) 4,482,948	(Won) 4,482,948
	· · · ·			

(in millions of Won)	Impairment		Capital Adjustments			
	Reversal of	Loss	Gain	Loss	Book Value	Fair value ¹ *
Available-for-Sale						
Equity securities	(Won)	(Won) 45,214	(Won) 25,292	(Won) 14,873	(Won) 439,791	(Won) 439,791
Investment in funds		3	3,513		30,872	30,872
Beneficiary certificates	47,730	271,019	67,839	43	5,569,200	5,569,200
Government and municipal						
bonds			7,532	22,906	2,322,889	2,322,889
Foreign government bonds			2,402		28,153	28,153
Corporate bonds	5,364	42,267	90,629	21,768	8,228,640	8,228,640
Asset-backed securities	22,459	56,006	370		468,669	468,669
Other debt securities					143	143
					. <u></u>	
	(Won) 75,553	(Won) 414,509	(Won) 197,577	(Won) 59,590	(Won) 17,088,357	(Won) 17,088,357

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(in millions of Won)	Impairment		Unrealized Holding			
	Reversal of	Loss	Gain	Loss	Book Value	Fair value
Held-to-Maturity						
Government and municipal bonds	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 87,993	(Won) 4,061	(Won) 2,489,998	(Won) 2,573,930
Corporate bonds			76,464	3,510	3,163,020	3,235,974
Asset-backed securities			3,307	90	326,323	329,540
	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 167,764	(Won) 7,661	(Won) 5,979,341	(Won) 6,139,444

¹* Non-marketable equity securities and investment in funds are included at book value.

Due to the merger with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd. on September 30, 2003, the above impairment loss on available-for-sale securities includes (Won)2,178 million of impairment loss recognized before the merger date as part of net unrealized gain on investments in associates , and (Won)203,024 million of impairment loss recognized as provision for loan losses due to merger as of the merger date.

Beneficiary certificates classified as available-for-sale include (Won)2,402 million of beneficiary certificates that have been reclassified from trading securities due to restrictions on redemption. (Won)413 million of unrealized gain on these beneficiary certificates that has been recognized as of the reclassification date is included in the unrealized gain on trading beneficiary certificates.

Trading, available-for-sale, and held-to-maturity securities as of December 31, 2002 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Unrea	lized		
	Gain	Loss	Book Value	Fair value
Equity securities	(Won) 545	(Won) 4,002	(Won) 55,674	(Won) 55,674
Beneficiary certificates	166,078	5,429	3,844,380	3,844,380
Government and municipal bonds	5,600		644,435	644,435
Corporate bonds	5,136	562	1,092,674	1,092,674
Asset-backed securities			39,810	39,810
	(Won) 177,359	(Won) 9,993	(Won) 5,676,973	(Won) 5,676,973

(in millions of Won)

Impairment

Capital Adjustments

	Reversal of	Loss	Gain	Loss	Book Value	Fair value ¹ *
Available-for-Sale						
Equity securities	(Won) 15,318	(Won) 222,309	(Won) 20,317	(Won) 34,416	(Won) 646,114	(Won) 646,114
Investment in funds					36,152	36,152
Beneficiary certificates			62,246	5,662	3,231,853	3,231,853
Government and municipal						
bonds			40,609	184	2,278,144	2,278,144
Foreign government bonds			2,864	374	20,007	20,007
Corporate bonds		68,468	103,710	10,325	6,441,979	6,441,979
Asset-backed securities	12,380	9,314	1,664		519,371	519,371
Other debt securities					80	80
	(Won) 27,698	(Won) 300,091	(Won) 231,410	(Won) 50,961	(Won) 13,173,700	(Won) 13,173,700

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(in millions of Won)	Impairment		Unrealized Holding				
	Reversal of	Loss	Gain	Loss	Book Value	Fair value	
Held-to-Maturity							
Government and municipal bonds	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 108,236	(Won) 92	(Won) 2,381,372	(Won) 2,489,516	
Foreign government bonds					19,143	19,143	
Corporate bonds			176,778	2,082	7,461,864	7,636,560	
Asset-backed securities			14,693		1,124,536	1,139,229	
				<u> </u>			
	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 299,707	(Won) 2,174	(Won) 10,986,915	(Won) 11,284,448	

¹* Non-marketable equity securities and investment in funds are included at book value.

As of December 31, 2003 and 2002, investments in associates are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Owner-	Acquisition	Beginning	Equity Method ² *			Book Value		
	ship (%)	Cost	Balance ^{1*}	N/I	R/E	C/A	2003	2002	
Domestic Associates									
Kookmin Credit Card ³ *	74.27	(Won) 272,274	(Won) 681,960	(Won) 211,202	(Won)	(Won)	(Won)	(Won)	681,960
KB Investment	99.89	155,311	67,289	5,295	(2,334)	7,023	77,273		67,289
Kookmin Data System	99.98	7,998	13,616	1,031			14,647		14,416
Kookmin	00.00	10.000	24.002				05 501		25.002
Futures	99.98	19,996	24,093	1,428			25,521		25,092
KLB Securities	36.41	10,316							
KB Investment Trust Mgt.	80.00	39,015	36,667	8,336		48	45,051		45,868
Jooeun Industrial	99.99	23,994							
KB Real Estate Trust	99.99	76,103	87,727	10,402	(336)	336	98,129		87,727
KB Credit Information	66.34	8,444	9,106	2,746		11	11,863		8,991
ING Life		-,	,	_,			,		0,2 2 2
Korea	20.00	21,769	21,613	22,278		(46)	43,845		21,613
Korea Mortgage	26.67	30,629	33,566	2,475	(57)	(196)	35,788		33,566
		665,849	975,637	265,193	(2,727)	7,176	352,117		986,522

Foreign Associates								
KB Int 1 Ltd. (London)	100.00	42,585	52,803	3,264		688	56,755	47,739
KB Luxembourg								
S.A	100.00	26,295	6,102	(1,275)		1,123	5,950	5,106
Kookmin Singapore Ltd.	100.00	14,096	2,080				2,080	2,084
81								· · · ·
Kookmin Finance Asia								
Ltd.	100.00	8,385	279	7			286	279
		·	·					
Kookmin Finance HK								
Ltd.	100.00	23,956	61,299	681		736	62,716	61,432
Sorak Financial								
Holdings	25.00	71,295	71,295				71,295	
		186,612	193,858	2,677		2,547	199,082	116,640
		100,012						110,010
		(Won) 852,461	(Won) 1,169,495	(Won) 267,870	(Won) (2,727)	(Won) 9,723	(Won) 551,199	(Won) 1,103,162

^{1*} The beginning balance is the prior year s book value adjusted by dividends, changes in foreign exchange rates, and acquisition during current year.

^{2*} The investment in associates are accounted for under the equity method and changes in net assets of the associates are recognized in net income (N/I), retained earnings (R/E), and/or in capital adjustment (C/A) according to the source of the changes in net assets.

^{3*} As a result of the merger with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd. on September 30, 2003, there is no balance for investments in associates related to Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd as of December 31,2003.

The Bank sold to Sun Capital Inc., 70.46 percent of its 85.43 percent investment in, and (Won)172,024 million of its loans to, Alpha Capital Corp., for (Won)145,000 million on August 30, 2002. The Bank also sold an additional 5.03 percent of its investment in Alpha Capital Corp. to Sun Capital Inc. for (Won)900 million on October 28, 2002. The Bank sold its 87.00 percent investment in Kookmin Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd. to Morgan Stanley Private Equity (the M&A private funds led by Morgan Stanley Global Emerging Markets Inc. and affiliated funds) on May 29, 2002 and sold its 88.66 percent investment in Kookmin Leasing Co., Ltd. to Sun Capital Inc. on December 27, 2002.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

KB Investment Co., Ltd. merged with Frontier Investment Corp. and Kookmin Investment Co., Ltd., on December 31, 2001 and June 27, 2002, respectively. KB Credit Information Co., Ltd. merged with KM Credit Information Co., Ltd., effective as of May 2, 2002.

KLB Securities Co., Ltd., Jooeun Industrial Co., Ltd., Kookmin Singapore (Merchant Bank), Ltd. and Kookmin Finance Asia, Ltd. (HK) are in the process of liquidation. Consequently, accounting under the equity method is no longer applied to investments in KLB Securities Co., Ltd. and Jooeun Industrial Co., Ltd. due to accumulated deficits resulting to a decrease of the investment value below zero. Accordingly, the total accumulative estimated loss that has not been recognized by the Bank amounts to (Won)43,695 million.

The Bank applies the equity method accounting to a subsidiary based on its adjusted financial statements that are, in turn, based on most recent available audited or reviewed financial statements adjusted for changes in net assets using the unaudited financial statements as of December 31, 2003. In the case of ING Life Korea Co., Ltd., adjustment for income tax expenses of (Won)37,609 million has been additionally made to the adjusted financial statements.

As a means to create a Pan-Asian strategic management, in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on October 24, 2003, the Bank invested (Won)71,295 million for a 25 percent ownership of Sorak Financial Holdings in connection with the acquisition of Bank Internasional Indonesia (BII). Sorak Financial Holdings entered into a contract to purchase 51 percent equity interest in BII from Indonesian Bank Restructuring Agency (IBRA). BII s total assets and total liabilities reported under Indonesian GAAP as of September 30, 2003 translated into Korean Won at year-end rates, amounts to (Won)4,910,369 million and (Won)4,439,624 million, respectively.

Due to its determination to maximize efficient asset management, certain assets, comprising mostly of securities and loans, held by overseas subsidiaries with a total book value of (Won)118,720 million were purchased by the Bank for a total acquisition cost of (Won)115,046 million.

The maturities of the available-for-sale and held-to-maturity debt securities except for equity securities and investment in funds as of December 31, 2003 are summarized as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Availabl	Available-for-sale		Held-to-maturity		
	Book Value	Fair value	Book Value	Fair value		
Maturities						
Due in 1 year or less	(Won) 9,622,944	(Won) 9,622,944	(Won) 1,815,377	(Won) 1,827,931		
Due after 1 year through 5 years	6,534,806	6,534,806	3,911,985	4,043,934		
Due after 5 years through 10 years	445,043	445,043	251,979	267,579		
Thereafter	14,901	14,901				
			·			
	(Won) 16,617,694	(Won) 16,617,694	(Won) 5,979,341	(Won) 6,139,444		

Investment securities risk concentrations as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	2003	2003		2002	
	Book Value	Ratio(%)	Book Value	Ratio(%)	
By Country					
Korea	(Won) 27,784,440	98.87	(Won) 30,684,000	99.17	
Singapore	79,309	0.28	9,892	0.03	
USA	63,920	0.23	66,826	0.22	
Philippines	45,921	0.16	63,323	0.20	
Germany	29,961	0.11	30,010	0.10	
Others	98,294	0.35	86,699	0.28	
	(Won) 28,101,845	100.00	(Won) 30,940,750	100.00	

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

(in millions of Won)	2003		2002		
	Book Value	Ratio(%)	Book Value	Ratio(%)	
Ву Туре					
Fixed rate bonds	(Won) 16,114,291	57.34	(Won) 15,860,479	51.26	
Floating rate bonds	2,397,728	8.53	5,443,478	17.59	
Subordinated bonds	767,418	2.73	574,727	1.86	
Convertible bonds	422,278	1.51	142,817	0.46	
Beneficiary certificates	7,255,954	25.82	7,076,233	22.87	
Equity securities	1,104,161	3.93	1,804,950	5.84	
Others	40,015	0.14	38,066	0.12	
	(Won) 28,101,845	100.00	(Won) 30,940,750	100.00	
(in millions of Won)	2003		2002		
	Book Value	Ratio(%)	Book Value	Ratio(%)	
By Industry					
Government and municipalities	(Won) 9,870,850	35.13	(Won) 13,582,679	43.90	
Financial institutions	16,670,041	59.32	13,465,699	43.52	
Manufacturing industries	583,986	2.08	245,255	0.79	
Others	976,968	3.47	3,647,117	11.79	

Available-for-sale equity securities of which the fair value cannot reasonably be measured as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Acquisition Cost	Net Asset Value ¹ *	Book Value
Korea Housing Guarantee Co., Ltd.	(Won) 68,648	(Won) 119,991	(Won) 68,648
Dongbu Electronics Co., Ltd.	30,000	22,059	22,059
Mastercard, Inc.	11,118	6,524	11,118
The Korea Securities Finance Corp.	8,160	11,003	8,160
Asia Credit	11,978	8,014	8,014
Korea Asset Management Corp.	7,827	12,436	7,827
Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	7,479	9,062	7,479
Daewoo Electronics Corp.	9,862	7,293	7,109
Korea Highway Corp.	6,248	5,892	6,248
BC Card Co., Ltd.	5,738	7,630	5,738

(Won) 28,101,845

100.00

(Won) 30,940,750

100.00

Daewoo Motor Co., Ltd.	5.633	11.768	5,633
E Mirae Asset Securities Co., Ltd.	5,000	8,302	5,000
Hanwha Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd.	3,487	3,503	3,487
Korea Vilene Co., Ltd.	3,000	3,662	3,000
Hyundai Home Shopping Network Corp.	2.680	915	2,680
National Information & Credit Evaluation, Inc.	2,668	4,209	2,668
Nanjing Kumho Tire Co., Ltd.	2,548	2,678	2,548
Baring Communication	5,588	2,282	2,282
Korea Digital Satellite Broadcasting Co., Ltd.	2,157	550	2,157
Kyobo Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd.	2,100	3,417	2,100
Others	90,866	67,123	38,235
	(Won) 292,785	(Won) 318,313	(Won) 222,190
			, , , , , , , , ,

^{1*} Net asset values are calculated using the unaudited financial statements of the investees as of December 31, 2003 when available, otherwise, the most recent financial information is used.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

As of December 31, 2003, the following investment securities are pledged at various institutions:

	Restricted securities						
Related Transactions	Placed with	Placed with Amount		Placed with Amount		Book Value	Pledge Value
Bonds sold under REPO							
agreements	Customers	(Won)	3,623,156	(Won) 4,224,282	(Won) 4,188,660		
Leased securities	KCFC			4,626	4,500		
Borrowings from the Bank of							
Korea	Bank of Korea		992,433	1,229,621	1,214,400		
Bank of Korea settlements	Bank of Korea	(b	alance limits)	170,200	170,200		
Derivatives transactions	Samsung Futures, etc.	(b	alance limits)	112,069	120,500		
Securities Finance Funds	Korea Securities Finance Corp.			998	1,000		
ADB collateral	KDB			1,894	1,900		
				(Won) 5,743,690	(Won) 5,701,160		

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

5. Loans

Loans as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are summarized as follows:

(in millions of Won)		2003	2002
Loans in Won			
Corporate loans	Operation loans		
	General operation loans	(Won) 28,884,554	(Won) 28,904,621
	Notes discounted	1,415,445	1,851,133
	Overdraft accounts	447,992	568,702
	Trading notes	809,921	814,759
	Other operation loans	3,793,594	3,229,851
		35,351,506	35,369,066
	Facility loans		
	General facility loans	5,413,333	4,676,506
	Other facility loans	1,218,370	1,287,125
		6,631,703	5,963,631
		41,983,209	41,332,697
Consumer loans	General consumer loans	41,951,219	39,713,543
	Consumer housing loans	38,199,290	33,731,435
	Remunerations on mutual installment		
	savings	297,868	131,768
	Other consumer loans	635,218	632,172
		81,083,595	74,208,918
Public loans	Public operation loans	526,227	738,632
	Public facility loans	42,473	39,414
		568,700	778,046
Other loans	Property formation loans	62,963	95,252
	Inter-bank loans	12,815	20,941
	Others	3,962	5,449
		79,740	121,642

		(Won) 139,920,521	(Won) 126,730,561
0515			
Net deferred loan origination fees and costs		8,567	
Present value discounts		(22,780)	(30,442)
Allowances for loan losses (Note 6)		(3,690,341)	(2,378,696)
Allowonces for loss lagger (Note 6)		(2,600,241)	(2,279,606)
Other loans		12,457,419	6,633,396
Privately placed debentures		1,787,131	1,276,080
		1,645,351	371,744
		1 (15 051	271 744
	Inter-bank reconciliation funds		89,287
	In foreign currencies	5,351	248,857
Call loans	In Won	1,640,000	33,600
		4,019,930	4,417,176
		4.010.020	4 417 17(
	Government funding loans	1,477	3,241
	Domestic usance bills	1,197,563	1,334,006
	Inter-bank loans	767,884	1,094,119
Loans in foreign currencies	Domestic funding loans Overseas funding loans	1,165,988 887,018	1,052,800 933,010
		123,715,244	116,441,303

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

As of December 31, 2003, restructured loans due to workout plans or other similar restructuring programs are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Period (years)	Balances Before Restructuring	Exemption	Equity Conversion	CB Conversion	Restructured Amount	Present Value Discounts
Workout	1 - 6	(Won) 696,945	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 581,075	(Won) 115,870	(Won) 6,229
Court receivership	5 -10	41,426	154		27,009	14,263	3,502
Court mediation	5 - 6	40,750				40,750	2,391
Others ¹ *	2 - 7	520,873	326,456	134	3,668	190,615	10,658
		(Won) 1,299,994	(Won) 326,610	(Won) 134	(Won) 611,752	(Won) 361,498	(Won) 22,780

^{1*} The Bank wrote off (Won)237,316 million of loans to SK Networks, (formerly, SK Global) in expectation of a cash buy out restructuring. The resulting SK Networks loan balances as of December 31, 2003 amounts to (Won)88,960 million.

The loans, or portions thereof, that are approved for debt restructuring by issuance or grant of equity are separately classified as loans due for equity conversion as of the agreement date. The loans due for equity conversion are stated at the lower of nominal amount or the fair value of the to-be-converted equity interest. The difference between the nominal amount and the fair value of the equity interest is adjusted in the related allowance for loan losses.

The movements in present value discounts and net deferred loan origination fees and costs for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows :

(in millions of Won)		Ending			
	WACC(%)	WACC(%) Balance Increase		Decrease	Balance
Present value discounts	6.10 - 17.00	(Won) (30,442)	(Won) (11,767)	(Won) (19,429)	(Won) (22,780)
Deferred loan incidental income			9,161	594	8,567
		(Won) (30,442)	(Won) (2,606)	(Won) (18,835)	(Won) (14,213)

The maturities of loans as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in	Loans in	Loans in	Bills	Credit Card	Call Loans	Privately	Others	Total
millions	Won	Foreign	Bought			placed		

		Currencies				Debentures	-	
Due in 3								
months or less	(Won) 16,278,866	(Won) 1 123 619	(Won) 496 406	(Won) 6 549 874	(Won) 1 645 351	(Won) 561.68	(Won) 1 600 828	(Won) 28,256,626
Due after	(1000) 10,270,000	(1001) 1,125,017	(1101) 490,400	(1001) 0,549,074	(1001) 1,045,551	(1101) 501,00	2 (1101) 1,000,020	(1101) 20,230,020
3 months								
through 6								
months	15,567,961	905,409	53,382	1,098,040		166,23	3 37	17,791,067
Due after 6 months								
through 1								
year	30,819,742	432,113	7,589	1,280,289		295,58	7 606	32,835,926
Due after								
1 year								
through 2		150.054	5 4 5 0	<i></i>		500.05		25 0 10 0 12
years Due after	26,540,976	178,374	7,153	615,736		502,97	9 4,594	27,849,812
2 years								
through 3								
years	19,012,065	332,104	6,191	334,413		259,99	5	19,944,768
Due after								
3 years								
through 4	2,758,133	116,051		15,051		65) 30,802	2,920,687
years Due after	2,756,155	110,031		15,051		03	50,802	2,920,087
4 years								
through 5								
years	2,533,010	103,718		318,037				2,954,765
Thereafter	10,204,491	828,542		38,391				11,071,424
	(Won) 123 715 244	(Won) / 019 930	(Won) 570 721	(Won) 10 249 831	(Won) 1 645 351	(Won) 1 787 13	(Won) 1 636 867	(Won) 143,625,075
	(101) 125,715,244	(1101) 4,017,930	(1101) 570,721	(1101) 10,279,651	(1,01) 1,043,351	(1101) 1,707,15	1 (11011) 1,050,007	(1101) 145,025,075

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Loan risk concentrations by country as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)		Loans in Foreign			
	Loans in Won	Currencies	Others	Total	Percentage(%)
Korea	(Won) 123,715,244	(Won) 2,770,237	(Won) 15,847,217	(Won) 142,332,698	99.10
Southeast Asia		636,560	304	636,864	0.45
Russia		131,758		131,758	0.09
China		29,466	1	29,467	0.02
Japan		278,109	42	278,151	0.19
Others		173,800	42,337	216,137	0.15
	(Won) 123,715,244	(Won) 4,019,930	(Won) 15,889,901	(Won) 143,625,075	100.00

Loan risk concentrations by industry as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)		Loans in Foreign			
(Loans in Won	Currencies	Others	Total	Percentage(%)
Industrial loans					
Financial institutions	(Won) 620,339	(Won) 817,750	(Won) 2,355,417	(Won) 3,793,506	2.64
Manufacturing companies	13,900,021	1,575,108	1,177,859	16,652,988	11.59
Service companies	23,068,546	568,034	557,602	24,194,182	16.85
Others	4,850,951	124,443	1,397,943	6,373,337	4.44
	42,439,857	3,085,335	5,488,821	51,014,013	35.52
Household loans	81,150,520	914,545	8,897,467	90,962,532	63.33
Public and other loans	124,867	20,050	1,503,613	1,648,530	1.15
	(Won) 123,715,244	(Won) 4,019,930	(Won) 15,889,901	(Won) 143,625,075	100.00

6. Allowances for Loan Losses

As of December 31, 2003 and 2002, allowances for loan losses are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	2003	2002
Loans in Won	(Won) 2,271,198	(Won) 1,905,065
Loans in foreign currencies	68,045	103,838
Bills bought in Won and foreign currencies	16,928	20,213
Payments on guarantees	19,967	18,382
Factoring receivable	16,486	143
Credit card accounts	1,187,616	284,491
Privately placed debentures	87,513	28,210
Loans due for equity conversion		5,373
Suspense receivables	17,186	11,022
Others	5,402	1,959
	(Won) 3,690,341	(Won) 2,378,696

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

As of December 31, 2003, allowances for loan losses by credit risk classification are as follows:

(in millions of Won)		Normal	Pre-cautionary	Substandard	Doubtful	Estimated Loss	Total
Loans in Won	Balance Allowances	(Won) 114,948,955 773,958	(Won) 5,342,015 297,883	(Won) 2,264,071 491,148	(Won) 935,330 501,798	(Won) 206,411 206,411	(Won) 123,696,782 2,271,198
	Ratio (%)	0.67	5.58	21.69	53.65	100.00	1.84
Loans in foreign							
currencies	Balance	3,681,484	263,168	40,037	31,500	803	4,016,992
	Allowances	14,568	17,072	16,252	19,350	803	68,045
	Ratio (%)	0.40	6.49	40.59	61.43	100.00	1.69
Bills bought	Balance	507,729	54,354	1,850	3,030	3,757	570,720
C	Allowances	2,539	8,687	430	1,515	3,757	16,928
	Ratio (%)	0.50	15.98	23.24	50.00	100.00	2.97
Payments on							
guarantees	Balance	42,754	6,347	19,539	10,903	9,896	89,439
	Allowances	214	498	3,908	5,451	9,896	19,967
	Ratio (%)	0.50	7.85	20.00	50.00	100.00	22.32
Care dite and							
Credit card accounts	Balance	7,239,554	1,626,508	400	1,158,525	224,844	10,249,831
accounts	Allowances	72,396	195,181	80	695,115	224,844	, ,
	Ratio (%)	1.00	12.00	20.00	60.00	100.00	11.59
Bonds purchased under resale							
agreements	Balance	1,500,000					1,500,000
agreements	Allowances	1,500,000					1,500,000
	Ratio (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Call loans	Balance	1,645,351					1,645,351
	Allowances						,,
	Ratio (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Kallo (70)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Privately placed							
debentures	Balance	1,363,209	409,352	7,555	6,811	168	1,787,095
	Allowances	6,816	75,048	2,064	3,417	168	87,513
	Ratio (%)	0.50	18.33	27.32	50.17	100.00	4.90
Factoring							
receivables	Balance	29,685			125	16,275	46,085
	Allowances	148			63	16,275	16,486
	Ratio (%)	0.50	0.00	0.00	50.40	100.00	35.77
Total	Balance ¹ *	(Won) 130,958,721	(Won) 7,701,744	(Won) 2,333,452	(Won) 2,146,224	(Won) 462,154	(Won) 143,602,295
	Allowances ² *	870,639	594,369	513,882	1,226,709	462,154	3,667,753
	Ratio (%)	0.66	7.72	22.02	57.16	100.00	2.55

^{1*} The above amounts of loan balances are net of present value discounts.

^{2*} The above amounts of allowances for loan losses do not include the allowances for suspense receivables and other allowances

For the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, the movements in allowances for loan losses are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	2003	2002
Beginning balance	(Won) 2,378,696	(Won) 2,271,179
Provision for loan losses	4,040,536	1,593,479
Increase due to merger with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd. (Note 33)	1,388,854	
Collection of written-off loans	767,718	269,533
Repurchase of loans sold	327,921	6,424
Sale of loans	(388,322)	(65,174)
Write-off of loans	(4,509,979)	(1,527,311)
Conversion of loans into equity securities	(43,996)	(136,185)
Exemption of loans	(263,233)	(8,364)
Offset with present value discounts from troubled debt restructuring	(7,482)	(165)
Changes in exchange rates and others	(372)	(24,720)
Ending balance	(Won) 3,690,341	(Won) 2,378,696

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

As of December 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001, the ratios of allowances for loan losses to loans are as follows:

	2003	2002	2001
Loans ¹ * Allowances for loan losses ² *	(Won) 143,602,295 3,667,753	(Won) 129,109,257 2,365,715	(Won) 109,301,138 2,235,801
Ratio (%)	2.55	1.83	2.05

¹* The above amounts of loans are net of present value discounts.

^{2*} The above amounts of allowances for loan losses do not include the allowances for suspense receivables and other allowances.

7. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

	2003	2002
Tangible assets	(Won) 2,469,353	(Won) 2,477,147
Intangible assets	549,427	614,457
Foreclosed and other properties	776	1,012
	(Won) 3,019,556	(Won) 3,092,616

Movements in tangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Leasehold improvement	Equipment and vehicle	Construction in-progress	Total
Acquisition cost						
Beginning balances	(Won) 1,175,682	(Won) 848,746	(Won) 98,117	(Won) 1,043,969	(Won) 1,195	(Won) 3,167,709
Acquisition	3,350	8,898	6,898	201,254	97,112	317,512
Transfer		37,466	48,517		(85,983)	

Increase due to merger	55,529	71,024	4,805	263,897		395,255
Disposal	(128,692)	(2,838)	(1,106)	(60,058)		(192,694)
Ending balances	1,105,869	963,296	157,231	1,449,062	12,324	3,687,782
Accumulated depreciation						
Beginning balances		108,723	48,164	533,675		690,562
Depreciation expense		20,583	40,594	326,248		387,425
Increase due to merger		12,976	2,786	160,380		176,142
Disposal		(179)	(736)	(57,013)		(57,928)
Ending balances		142,103	90,808	963,290		1,196,201
Impairment		22,228				22,228
Book Value	(Won) 1,105,869	(Won) 798,965	(Won) 66,423	(Won) 485,772	(Won) 12,324	(Won) 2,469,353

Tangible assets covered by insurance policies as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Amount Insured	Insurance Company	Type of Insurance
Buildings and structures	(Won) 655,890	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd	General property insurance
Leasehold improvement	52,612	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd	General property insurance
Equipment and vehicles	274,671	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd	General property insurance
Construction in-progress	9,860	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd	General property insurance
	(Won) 993,033		

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Movements in intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

			Rights to				
(in millions of Won)	Goodwill	Development Costs	Income on Donated Asset	Store Possessory Right	Trademarks	Others	Total
Beginning balances	(Won) 613,705	(Won)	(Won) 110	(Won) 161	(Won) 11	(Won) 470	(Won) 614,457
Acquisition					96	609	705
Increase due to merger		13,634			62		13,696
Amortization	78,345	872	8	22	19	165	79,431
Ending balances	(Won) 535,360	(Won) 12,762	(Won) 102	(Won) 139	(Won) 150	(Won) 914	(Won) 549,427

The Bank recorded (Won)106,844 million and (Won)158,895 million of current development costs under general and administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002.

The total government-posted prices of land, used for tax imposition and compensation for confiscation, as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	2003		2002	
	Book Value	Appraisal Value	Book Value	Appraisal Value
Lands included in tangible assets Lands included in foreclosed assets	(Won) 1,105,869 1,315	(Won) 986,382 591	(Won) 1,175,681 1,923	(Won) 986,885 931
	(Won) 1,107,184	(Won) 986,973	(Won) 1,177,604	(Won) 987,816

8. Other Assets

Other assets as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	2003	2002
Guarantee deposits paid	(Won) 1,336,639	(Won) 1,235,362
Accounts receivable	1,715,100	1,877,645
Accrued income	1,080,057	981,141
Payments in advance	92,217	48,390
Prepaid expenses	307,154	12,646
Deferred tax assets (Note 25)	552,133	170,624
Derivative assets (Note 15)	751,252	660,791
Unsettled domestic exchange assets	612,592	1,087,587
Loans to trust accounts		37,882
Others	36,592	23,490
	(Won) 6,483,736	(Won) 6,135,558

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

9. Deposits

Deposits as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Annual interest (%) December 31, 2003	2003	2002
Deposits in Won			
Demand deposits			
- Checking deposits		(Won) 125,533	(Won) 134,222
- Household checking deposits	0.10	476,132	469,866
- Passbook deposits	0.10	10,001,043	8,586,219
- Temporary deposits		3,292,770	3,577,243
- Public fund deposits	0.10	190,593	207,695
- Others	0.10	24,218	12,497
		14,110,289	12,987,742
Time deposits and savings deposits			
- Time deposits	2.90 - 4.40	62,247,870	58,187,286
- Installment savings deposits	2.90 - 4.40 3.60 - 4.30	1,306,793	1,422,532
- Installment savings deposits - Property formation savings	5.00 - 4.30 8.50	1,500,793	2,221
- Time and savings deposits of non-residents in Won	2.90 - 4.40	340,388	151,124
- General savings deposits of non-residents in won	0.10 - 3.30	21,644,066	21,346,223
- Corporate free savings deposits	0.10 - 3.20	7,800,122	6,556,979
- Long-term savings deposits for workers	8.79	69,031	297,272
- Long-term housing savings deposits	5.00	983,684	538,782
- Long-term housing savings deposits	4.89	494,606	2,250,457
- Worker s preferential savings deposits	5.35	2,728,236	2,230,437
- Worker's preferential savings deposits - Worker's savings for housing	2.50	2,728,230	2,877,407
- Mutual installment deposits	3.20 - 4.50	7,054,752	7,491,115
- Mutual installment deposits	2.95 - 4.30	5,423,853	4,872,637
		110,095,352	105,994,174
		124,205,641	118,981,916
			110,901,910
Deposits in foreign currencies			
Demand deposits			
- Checking deposits	0.00 - 1.32	40,778	29,629
- Passbook deposits	0.08 - 0.11	787,798	549,646
- Notice deposits	0.00 - 0.22	410	2,725
- Temporary deposits		1,049	3,796
		830,035	585,796

Time deposits and savings deposits			
- Time deposits	0.16 - 1.57	642,039	496,359
- Others	0.00 - 4.45	3,299	1,493
		645,338	497,852
		·	
		1,475,373	1,083,648
		·	
Certificates of deposit	3.45 - 3.95	6,499,258	3,044,089
		(Won) 132,180,272	(Won) 123,109,653

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

The maturities of deposits as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

		Deposits in	Certificates of	
(in millions of Won)	Deposits in Won	foreign currencies	deposit	Total
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 68,329,205	(Won) 1,241,166	(Won) 4,011,260	(Won) 73,581,631
Due after 3 months through 6 months	13,002,110	123,327	1,634,701	14,760,138
Due after 6 months through 1 year	31,128,277	61,249	853,297	32,042,823
Due after 1 year through 2 years	7,566,819	47,095		7,613,914
Due after 2 years through 3 years	2,832,771	2,463		2,835,234
Due after 3 years through 4 years	483,407	73		483,480
Due after 4 years through 5 years	298,259			298,259
Thereafter	564,793			564,793
	(Won) 124,205,641	(Won) 1,475,373	(Won) 6,499,258	(Won) 132,180,272

10. Borrowings

Borrowings as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Annual Interest (%) December 31, 2003	2003	2002
Borrowings in Won			
Borrowings from the Bank of Korea	2.50	(Won) 992,433	(Won) 671,854
Borrowings from the government	0.00 - 8.00	920,589	1,056,480
Borrowings from banking institutions	3.54 - 8.55	253,822	318,702
Borrowings from National Housing Fund	8.00	8,553	9,192
Borrowings from other financial institutions	2.00 - 5.00	5,688	6,211
Other borrowings	2.00 - 7.00	1,173,284	1,129,305
		3,354,369	3,191,744
Borrowings in foreign currencies			
Due to banks		189,976	528,991
Borrowings from domestic banks	0.09 - 7.40	2,360,652	1,875,119
Borrowings from other financial institutions	5.13	19,486	23,092
Borrowings from foreign banks		752,803	981,328

		3,322,917	3,408,530
Bonds sold under repurchase agreements			
In Won	2.50 - 4.10	3,613,505	3,050,179
In foreign currencies	1.54	9,651	23,982
		3,623,156	3,074,161
Bills sold	3.40 - 3.85	44,239	72,860
Due to the Bank of Korea in foreign currencies		12,608	37,493
Call money			
In Won	3.25 - 3.40	55,800	829,300
In foreign currencies	0.88 - 5.15	193,700	76,666
Inter-bank borrowings		296,011	
		545,511	905,966
		(Won) 10,902,800	(Won) 10,690,754

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

The maturities of borrowings as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

		Borrowings in		
(in millions of Won)	Borrowings in Won	Foreign Currencies	Others	Total
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 1,178,738	(Won) 429,162	(Won) 2,372,717	(Won) 3,980,617
Due after 3 months through 6 months	149,891	1,264,287	762,272	2,176,450
Due after 6 months through 1 year	203,153	861,126	1,080,874	2,145,153
Due after 1 year through 2 years	409,384	417,546	9,651	836,581
Due after 2 years through 3 years	372,400	256,541		628,941
Due after 3 years through 4 years	304,801			304,801
Due after 3 years through 4 years	254,063	50,773		304,836
Thereafter	481,939	43,482		525,421
	(Won) 3,354,369	(Won) 3,322,917	(Won) 4,225,514	(Won) 10,902,800

11. Debentures

Debentures as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

		Annual Interest (%)		
(in millions of Won)		December 31, 2003	2003	2002
In Won	Hybrid debentures	6.00 - 7.00	(Won) 903,668	(Won)
	Subordinated fixed rate debentures	6.07 - 15.66	4,896,072	4,753,285
	Fixed rate debentures	2.25 - 8.15	3,970,000	
	Floating rates debentures	3.92 - 8.71	8,609,663	12,269,023
			18,379,403	17,022,308
	Discounts on debentures		(83,443)	(270,924)
			18,295,960	16,751,384
In foreign currencies	Floating rates debentures	0.60 - 1.99	196,211	350,589
	Fixed rates debentures	1.08 - 4.63	613,549	438,538
		1.82 - 1.92	78,695	

	888,455	789,127
Premiums on debentures	9,639	
Discounts on debentures	(1,473)	(1,504)
	896,621	787,623
	(Won) 19,192,581	(Won) 17,539,007

^{1*} The hybrid debenture are perpetual type debts in which the Bank retains the early redemption option after 5 years from issuance date and the term extending option on maturity date. Hybrid debentures are senior to common stock but subordinated to other subordinated debentures.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

As of December 31, 2003, subordinated debentures and hybrid debentures comprise the following:

(In hundred millions of Won) Type

Туре	Issue date	Amount	Annual interest (%)	Maturity
Subordinated fixed rate debentures	97.12.29 - 98.8.27	(Won) 2,653	15.02 - 16.00	03.01.27 - 09.11.15
	2000.03.27	2,000	9.65	2005.03.27
	2000.06.28	2,540	9.04 - 9.10	2006.01.28
	2000.09.27	3,000	8.99	2006.01.27
	2000.09.28	1,500	8.79 - 8.85	2006.01.28
	2000.11.28	1,000	8.65 - 8.71	2006.02.28
	2000.11.28	1,620	9.57 - 9.65	2010.11.28
	2000.12.27	2,000	8.71	2006.01.27
	2001.05.28	2,000	7.60 - 7.65	2007.02.28
	2001.06.27	1,600	7.68	2008.03.27
	2001.06.27	2,175	7.86	2009.03.27
	2001.08.28	1,000	6.69 - 6.73	2007.08.28
	2001.09.28	1,500	6.69 - 6.73	2008.03.28
	2002.03.27	2,417	7.06 - 7.10	2008.01.27
	2002.07.27	3,024	6.96 - 7.00	2008.01.27
	2002.09.27	2,574	6.27 - 6.30	2008.03.27
	2002.09.27	1,500	6.51 - 6.55	2010.03.27
	2002.09.27	926	6.66 - 6.70	2013.03.27
	2002.11.27	4,007	6.07 - 6.10	2008.05.27
	2002.11.27	578	6.27 - 6.30	2010.05.27
	2002.11.27	1,003	6.51 - 6.55	2013.05.27
	2002.12.18	1,100	8.00	2008.01.18
	2002.12.27	304	6.55	2014.12.27
	2002.12.27	100	6.20	2008.06.27
	2002.12.27	900	6.40	2010.06.27
	2002.12.27	500	6.65	2013.06.27
	2003.01.21	500	7.65	2008.02.21
	2003.03.10	450	7.10	2008.04.10
	2003.10.27	3,565	5.18 - 5.20	2009.01.27
	2003.10.27	888	5.33 - 5.35	2011.01.27
	2003.10.27	37	5.58 -5.60	2014.01.27
		48,961		
Hybrid debentures	2003.06.27	1,051	6.00	2033.06.27
	2003.08.27	5,334	7.00	2033.08.27
	2003.10.27	2,652	6.80	2033.10.27
		9,037		
		(Wan) 57,000		
		(Won) 57,998		

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

The maturities of debentures as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)		Foreign	
	Won	currencies	Total
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 4,441,531	(Won)	(Won) 4,441,531
Due after 3 months through 6 months	1,825,241	85,044	1,910,285
Due after 6 months through 1 year	3,956,555	80,566	4,037,121
Due after 1 year through 2 years	2,078,640	87,627	2,166,267
Due after 2 years through 3 years	1,327,851		1,327,851
Due after 3 years through 4 years	374,712	597,377	972,089
Due after 4 years through 5 years	2,049,213	37,841	2,087,054
Thereafter	2,325,660		2,325,660
	(Won) 18,379,403	(Won) 888,455	(Won) 19,267,858

12. Accrued Retirement Benefits

The movements in accrued retirement benefits for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

	Beginning			Increase Due to	Ending	
(in millions of Won)	Balance			Merger	Balance	
Accrued retirement benefits Contributed retirement benefits	(Won) 42,773 88,682	(Won) 43,417 66,349	(Won) 18,637	(Won) 3,530 8,318	(Won) 71,083 163,349	
Total accrued retirement benefits Contribution to pension funds	131,455 (88,682)	109,766 (66,349)	18,637	11,848 (8,318)	234,432 (163,349)	
	(Won) 42,773	(Won) 43,417	(Won) 18,637	(Won) 3,530	(Won) 71,083	

As of December 31, 2003, approximately 69.68 percent of total accrued retirement benefits are contributed to pension funds, to which the Bank s employees hold the right of payment, placed at two insurance companies, including Korea Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

13. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)

Account

	2003		2002
Accrued retirement benefits (Note 12)	(Won) 71	,083 (W	Von) 42,773
Allowance for losses on guarantees and acceptances (Note 14)	1	,074	2,287
Due to trust accounts	3,983	,295	734,646
Accounts payable	1,886	,446	1,868,692
Accrued expenses	4,418	,940	4,656,225
Advances from customers	109	,675	48,745
Unearned income	130	,778	147,623
Withholding taxes	123	,455	85,841
Guarantee deposits received	120	,437	112,732
Derivative liabilities (Note 15)	686	,271	522,286
Unsettled domestic exchange liabilities	400	,445	541,757
Accounts for agency business	337	,624	395,678
Other allowances ¹	647	,393	48,876
Liabilities incurred by agency relationship	315	,241	486,413
Others	130	,182	90,224
	(Won) 13,362	,339 (W	Von) 9,784,798

¹* Other allowances are as follows:

(in millions of Won)

Allowances for	Amounts	Remarks
Suspense receivables	(Won) 7,249	Allowances for frauds/accidents and litigation fee
Loss on branch closure	287	Allowances for closure of the Buenos Aires branch
Uncollected leasehold deposits	8,854	Allowances for uncollected leasehold deposits
Credit card receivables	33,105	Allowances for unused cash advance credit lines
Mileage rewards	37,938	Allowances for mileage on credit cards and currency exchange rates
Claimed assets	27,291	Allowances for credit card claimed assets
Credit commitments to SPC	141,175	Allowances for the credit line commitment to SPC (Note 16)
Securitization allowances	19,284	Allowances for repurchase obligations from asset securitization (Note 16)
KAMCO loans sold	589	Allowances for loans under repurchase agreements to KAMCO (Note 16)
Supplementary payments for income taxes	142,021	Allowances for supplementary payments for income taxes (Note 16)
Others	229,600	

(Won) 647,393

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

14. Guarantees and Acceptances

Guarantees and acceptances as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are summarized as follows:

(in millions of Won)

	2003	2002
Guarantees and acceptances outstanding in		
Won		
Guarantees on debentures	(Won) 541	(Won) 571
Guarantees on loan collateral	34,112	39,234
Guarantees on commercial bills		646
Others	235,843	248,457
	270,496	288,908
Foreign Currencies		
Acceptances on letters of credit	134,888	190,775
Acceptances for letters of guarantee for importers	88,743	111,016
Guarantees for performance of contracts	16,689	71,577
Guarantees for bids	1,067	1,077
Guarantees for borrowings	37,843	31,055
Guarantees for repayment of advances	10,004	25,707
Others	240,567	311,583
	529,801	742,790
	800,297	1,031,698
Contingent guarantees and acceptances		
Letters of credit	1,200,228	1,243,354
Others	81,290	63,524
	1,281,518	1,306,878
	(Won) 2,081,815	(Won) 2,338,576

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

As of December 31, 2003, the allowances for losses on guarantees and acceptances outstanding according to credit risk classifications are as follows:

(in millions	of We	on)
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(in millions of won)						Estimated	
		Normal	Precautionary	Sub-standard	Doubtful	loss	Total
Guarantees and Ac Outstanding in	cceptances						
Won	Balance	(Won) 252,130	(Won) 18,106	(Won) 80	(Won)	(Won) 180	(Won) 270,496
	Allowance			16		180	196
	Ratio (%)			20.00		100.00	0.07
Foreign currencies	Balance	462,396	66,333	300	654	118	529,801
	Allowance		314	119	327	118	878
	Ratio (%)		0.47	39.67	50.00	100.00	0.17
Total	Balance	(Won) 714,526	(Won) 84,439	(Won) 380	(Won) 654	(Won) 298	(Won) 800,297
	Allowance		314	135	327	298	1,074
	Ratio (%)		0.37	35.53	50.00	100.00	0.13

For the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, the changes in allowances for losses on guarantees and acceptances outstanding are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	2003	2002
Beginning balance	(Won) 2,287	(Won) 43,823
Reversal of losses from guarantees and acceptances	(1,209)	(37,436)
Changes in foreign exchange rates	(4)	(4,100)
Ending balance	(Won) 1,074	(Won) 2,287

The allowance ratios for guarantees and acceptances outstanding as of December 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	2003	2002	2001
Guarantees and acceptances outstanding Allowance	(Won) 800,297 1,074	(Won) 1,031,698 2,287	(Won) 3,521,970 43,823
Ratio (%)	0.13	0.22	1.24

The guarantees and acceptances risk concentration by country as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

	Contingent							
(in millions of Won)	Guarantees and Acceptances Outstanding		Guarantee Acceptan		Total	l		
	Balance	Percentage (%)	Balance	Percentage (%)	Balance	Percentage (%)		
Korea	(Won) 739,249	92.37	(Won) 1,280,941	99.95	(Won) 2,020,190	97.04		
USA	61,048	7.63	577	0.05	61,625	2.96		
	(Won) 800,297	100.00	(Won) 1,281,518	100.00	(Won) 2,081,815	100.00		

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and 2002

The guarantees and acceptances risk concentration by industry and customer as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

Contingent							
0	Guarantees and Acceptances			Total			
Balance	Percentage (%)	Balar	nce	Percentage (%)	Balance	Percentage (%)	
(Won) 279,431	34.92	(Won) 7	726,023	56.65	(Won) 1,005,454	48.30	
436,908	54.59	4	477,938	37.29	914,846	43.94	
56,912	7.11		472	0.04	57,384	2.76	
27,046	3.38		77,085	6.02	104,131	5.00	
(Won) 800,297	100.00	(Won) 1,2	281,518	100.00	(Won) 2,081,815	100.00	
	Acceptances O Balance (Won) 279,431 436,908 56,912 27,046	Balance (%) (Won) 279,431 34.92 436,908 54.59 56,912 7.11 27,046 3.38	Acceptances Outstanding Guaran Percentage Balance (%) Balan (Won) 279,431 34.92 (Won) 7 436,908 54.59 4 56,912 7.11 27,046 3.38	Guarantees and Acceptances Outstanding Guarantees and A Percentage Balance (%) Balance (Won) 279,431 34.92 (Won) 726,023 436,908 54.59 477,938 56,912 7.11 472 27,046 3.38 77,085	Guarantees and Acceptances Outstanding Guarantees and Acceptances Percentage Balance (%) Balance Percentage (Won) 279,431 34.92 (Won) 726,023 56.65 436,908 54.59 477,938 37.29 56,912 7.11 472 0.04 27,046 3.38 77,085 6.02	Guarantees and Guarantees and Acceptances Total Acceptances Outstanding Guarantees and Acceptances Total Percentage Balance (%) Balance Main (Won) 279,431 34.92 (Won) 726,023 56.65 (Won) 1,005,454 436,908 54.59 477,938 37.29 914,846 56,912 7.11 472 0.04 57,384 27,046 3.38 77,085 6.02 104,131	

15. Derivatives

The Bank s derivative instruments are divided between hedge derivatives and trading derivatives based on the purpose of the transaction. The Bank enters into hedge transactions mainly for purposes of hedging fair value risks related to its assets and liabilities.

Trading derivatives include future contracts, forward contracts, swaps, and options entered into by the Bank to meet the financing needs of its customers and to gain profit from arbitrage transactions between customers and other banks. The Bank also uses derivative instruments in managing its own trading and asset-liability management exposures to fluctuations in interest rates and foreign exchange risks.

Hedge derivatives mainly comprise of interest rate swaps to hedge the fair value changes of debentures arising from the interest rate fluctuations. Some hedging transactions do not qualify for hedge accounting and are thus accounted for as trading derivatives. These transactions include the hedge relationships where the hedged item is an asset or liability that is re-measured with the changes in fair value attributable to the hedged risk reported in current operations or where the hedged item cannot be specifically identified.

The notional amounts outstanding for derivative contracts as of December 31, 2003 as follows:

(in millions of Won)

2003

	Trading		Hedge	Total		Tr	ading	Hedge	Total	
Interest related										
-Future	(Won)	519,665	(Won)	(Won)	519,665	(Won)	365,513	(Won)	(Won)	365,513
-Swap	2	26,773,100	598,900	2	7,372,000	1	5,944,472	360,120	1	6,304,592
-Option		2,340,000								