NELNET INC Form 10-O May 07, 2015

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to.

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 001-31924

NELNET, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEBRASKA 84-0748903

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

organization)

121 SOUTH 13TH STREET

SUITE 100

68508 LINCOLN, NEBRASKA (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices)

(402) 458-2370

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer [X]	Accelerated filer []
Non-accelerated filer []	Smaller reporting company []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes[] No[X]

As of April 30, 2015, there were 34,592,926 and 11,486,932 shares of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding, respectively (excluding 11,317,364 shares of Class A Common Stock held by wholly owned subsidiaries).

NELNET, INC. FORM 10-Q INDEX March 31, 2015

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NELNET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands, except share data) (unaudited)

	As of March 31, 2015	As of December 31, 2014
Assets:		
Student loans receivable (net of allowance for loan losses of \$51,161 and	\$27,897,949	28,005,195
\$48,900, respectively)	Ψ21,071,747	20,003,173
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash and cash equivalents - not held at a related party	38,071	37,781
Cash and cash equivalents - held at a related party	61,975	92,700
Total cash and cash equivalents	100,046	130,481
Investments and notes receivable	276,904	235,709
Restricted cash and investments	866,587	850,440
Restricted cash - due to customers	71,890	118,488
Accrued interest receivable	355,372	351,588
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,908 and \$1,656, respectively)	55,968	50,552
Goodwill	126,200	126,200
Intangible assets, net	40,183	42,582
Property and equipment, net	51,003	45,894
Other assets	77,097	76,622
Fair value of derivative instruments	36,595	64,392
Total assets	\$29,955,794	30,098,143
Liabilities:	Ψ=>,>00,75.	20,020,112
Bonds and notes payable	\$27,815,324	28,027,350
Accrued interest payable	27,275	25,904
Other liabilities	174,248	167,881
Due to customers	71,890	118,488
Fair value of derivative instruments	85,564	32,842
Total liabilities	28,174,301	28,372,465
Commitments and contingencies	20,171,301	20,372,103
Equity:		
Nelnet, Inc. shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value. Authorized 50,000,000 shares; no shares		
issued or outstanding		
Common stock:		
Class A, \$0.01 par value. Authorized 600,000,000 shares; issued and	347	348
outstanding 34,713,065 shares and 34,756,384 shares, respectively		
Class B, convertible, \$0.01 par value. Authorized 60,000,000 shares; issued	115	115
and outstanding 11,486,932 shares		
Additional paid-in capital	13,177	17,290

Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive earnings Total Nelnet, Inc. shareholders' equity Noncontrolling interest Total equity Total liabilities and equity	1,762,711 4,872 1,781,222 271 1,781,493 \$29,955,794	1,702,560 5,135 1,725,448 230 1,725,678 30,098,143	
Supplemental information - assets and liabilities of consolidated variable interest entities:	\$25.055.050	20.101.244	
Student loans receivable	\$27,965,879	28,181,244	
Restricted cash and investments	850,890	846,199	
Fair value of derivative instruments, net	(70,261) (20,455)
Other assets	355,015	351,934	
Bonds and notes payable	(28,119,030) (28,391,530)
Other liabilities	(295,163) (280,233)
Net assets of consolidated variable interest entities	\$687,330	687,159	
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		•	
2			

NELNET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Dollars in thousands, except share data) (unaudited)

(unaudica)	Three months ended March	31,
	2015	2014
Interest income:		
Loan interest	\$171,944	156,896
Investment interest	2,205	1,979
Total interest income	174,149	158,875
Interest expense:		
Interest on bonds and notes payable	71,554	60,004
Net interest income	102,595	98,871
Less provision for loan losses	2,000	2,500
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	100,595	96,371
Other income (expense):		
Loan and guaranty servicing revenue	57,811	64,757
Tuition payment processing, school information, and campus commerce revenue	34,680	25,235
Enrollment services revenue	17,863	22,011
Other income	6,918	18,131
Gain on sale of loans and debt repurchases	2,875	39
Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments and derivative settlements,	(3,078	(4.265
net	(3,076) (4,265)
Total other income	117,069	125,908
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	61,050	52,484
Cost to provide enrollment services	11,702	14,475
Loan servicing fees	7,685	5,421
Depreciation and amortization	5,662	4,783
Other	29,129	30,206
Total operating expenses	115,228	107,369
Income before income taxes	102,436	114,910
Income tax expense	37,630	40,611
Net income	64,806	74,299
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	41	513
Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc.	\$64,765	73,786
Earnings per common share:	. ,	,
Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc. shareholders - basic and diluted	\$1.40	1.59
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	46,290,590	46,527,917
	, , ,	, ,

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NELNET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

(unaudree)	Three mont ended Marc		
	2015	2014	
Net income	\$64,806	74,299	
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Available-for-sale securities:			
Unrealized holding (losses) gains arising during period, net	(213) 3,675	
Less reclassification adjustment for gains recognized in net income, net of losses	(205) (7,073)
Income tax effect	155	1,258	
Total other comprehensive loss	(263) (2,140)
Comprehensive income	64,543	72,159	
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	41	513	
Comprehensive income attributable to Nelnet, Inc.	\$64,502	71,646	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NELNET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

(unaudited)											
	Nelnet, Inc. Sha				~-						
	Common sto Preferred	ck shares	_	Class	Class	Addition	al Retained	Accumula			
	stock Class A shares		Pre	fe A red	В	paid-in	Retained	other	Noncont	_	
	shares A	Class B	stoc	stock	ocnomm	paid-in ion capital	earnings	comprehe	n snvæ rest	equity	
Balance as of				Stock	Stock	_		earnings			
	— 34,881,338	11 405 277	Φ	240	115	24,887	1,413,492	4,819	328	1,443,990)
2013	— 54,001,550	11,493,377	.	- 349	113	24,007	1,413,492	4,019	320	1,443,990	J
Issuance of											
noncontrolling									201	201	
interest									201	201	
Net income					_		73,786		513	74,299	
Other							75,700		313	7 1,227	
comprehensive					_	_	_	(2,140)		(2,140)
loss								(=,- : -)		(-,- : -	,
Distribution to											
noncontrolling			_			_	_	_	(287)	(287)
interest											
Cash dividends											
on Class A and											
Class B			—				(4,641)		_	(4,641)
common stock -	-										
\$0.10 per share											
Issuance of											
common stock,	— 155,705			2	_	2,244	_	_		2,246	
net of	100,700			_		2,2				2,2 .0	
forfeitures											
Compensation											
expense for		_	_		_	875	_		_	875	
stock based awards											
Repurchase of											
common stock	— (20,564)			(1)		(868)				(869)
Conversion of											
common stock	— 3,445	(3,445)					_	_	_		
Balance as of											
March 31, 2014	35,019,924	11,491,932	\$—	- 350	115	27,138	1,482,637	2,679	755	1,513,674	4
Balance as of											
	— 34,756,384	11,486,932	\$-	- 348	115	17,290	1,702,560	5,135	230	1,725,678	3
2014	,					•	, ,	,			
Net income		_	_		_		64,765		41	64,806	
Other											
comprehensive		_	_	_	_		_	(263)	_	(263)
loss											
		_	—	_	_		(4,614)	_	_	(4,614)

Cash dividends on Class A and Class B common stock -\$0.10 per share Issuance of common stock, — 132,479 2,467 2,468 net of forfeitures Compensation expense for 1,357 1,357 stock based awards Repurchase of -(175,798)**—** (2) **—** (7,937) — (7,939) common stock March 31, 2015 — 34,713,065 11,486,932 \$— 347 115 13,177 1,762,711 4,872 271 1,781,493

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NELNET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities, net of	Three mont ended Marc 2015 \$64,765 41 64,806			
acquisitions:				
Depreciation and amortization, including debt discounts and student loan premiums and	30,225		21,999	
deferred origination costs	(10.746	`	(10.022	`
Student loan discount accretion	(10,746)	(10,023)
Provision for loan losses	2,000		2,500	
Derivative market value adjustment	46,072		(2,916)
Foreign currency transaction adjustment	(48,209)	952	
Proceeds from termination of derivative instruments	34,447			
Gain on sale of loans	(351)		
Gain from debt repurchases	(2,524	-	(39)
Gain from sales of available-for-sale securities, net	(205)	(7,073)
Proceeds (payments) from sales (purchases) of trading securities, net	1,304		(731)
Deferred income tax expense	224		2,497	
Other	3,115		2,285	
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable	(3,784)	8,881	
Increase in accounts receivable	(5,416)	(5,758)
Decrease in other assets	605		1,303	
Increase in accrued interest payable	1,371		613	
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	16,414		(185)
Net cash provided by operating activities	129,348		88,604	
Cash flows from investing activities, net of acquisitions:	,		,	
Purchases of student loans	(844,120)	(386,100)
Net proceeds from student loan repayments, claims, capitalized interest, participations, and	1	_	•	
other	940,907		686,908	
Proceeds from sale of student loans	3,996			
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	(512)	(69,930)
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	1,317	,	99,799	,
Purchases of investments and issuance of notes receivable	(49,953)	(14,467)
Proceeds from investments and notes receivable	4,709	,	_	,
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(8,372)	(3,146)
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash and investments, net	(16,147	-	29,356	,
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired		,	(1,909)
Net cash provided by investing activities	31,825		340,511	,
Cash flows from financing activities:	31,023		340,311	
Payments on bonds and notes payable	(1.450.807	`	(1,347,517	`
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes payable	1,285,760	,	972,384	,
Payments of debt issuance costs	(5,256	`	(4,700	`
Dividends paid	(4,614	-	(4,641)
Dividends paid	(4,014	J	(+,041)

Repurchases of common stock	(7,939) (869)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	248	149	
Issuance of noncontrolling interest		201	
Distribution to noncontrolling interest		(287)
Net cash used in financing activities	(191,608) (385,280)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(30,435) 43,835	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	130,481	63,267	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$100,046	107,102	
Cash disbursements made for:			
Interest	\$53,235	48,750	
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$45	13,378	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NELNET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts, unless otherwise noted) (unaudited)

Basis of Financial Reporting

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Nelnet, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of March 31, 2015 and for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 have been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 and, in the opinion of the Company's management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of results of operations for the interim periods presented. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2015. The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the "2014 Annual Report").

Reclassifications

Certain amounts previously reported within the Company's consolidated balance sheet and statements of income have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications include:

Reclassifying certain investments and notes receivable, which were previously included in "other assets" to "investments and notes receivable."

Reclassifying third-party loan servicing fees, which were previously included in "other" operating expenses to "loan servicing fees."

The reclassifications had no effect on consolidated net income or consolidated assets and liabilities.

2. Student Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses

Student loans receivable consisted of the following:

	As of	As of	
	March 31, 2015	December 31, 20	014
Federally insured loans			
Stafford and other	\$6,287,829	6,030,825	
Consolidation	21,687,746	22,165,605	
Total	27,975,575	28,196,430	
Private education loans	131,513	27,478	
	28,107,088	28,223,908	
Loan discount, net of unamortized loan premiums and deferred origination costs (a)	(157,978) (169,813)
Allowance for loan losses – federally insured loans	(38,021) (39,170)
Allowance for loan losses – private education loans	(13,140) (9,730)
- -	\$27,897,949	28,005,195	

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, "loan discount, net of unamortized loan premiums and deferred (a) origination costs" included \$32.4 million and \$28.8 million, respectively, of non-accretable discount associated with purchased loans of \$8.9 billion and \$8.5 billion, respectively.

On February 5, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with CommonBond, Inc. ("CommonBond"), a student lending company that provides private education loans to graduate students, under which the Company committed to purchase up to \$150.0 million of private education loans. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had purchased \$15.2 million in private loans from CommonBond pursuant to this agreement.

Activity in the Allowance for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses represents the periodic expense of maintaining an allowance sufficient to absorb losses, net of recoveries, inherent in the portfolio of student loans. Activity in the allowance for loan losses is shown below.

	Three months ended Marc			
	31,			
	2015	2014		
Balance at beginning of period	\$48,900	55,122		
Provision for loan losses:				
Federally insured loans	2,000	3,000		
Private education loans		(500)	
Total provision for loan losses	2,000	2,500		
Charge-offs:				
Federally insured loans	(3,149) (3,631)	
Private education loans	(676) (421)	
Total charge-offs	(3,825) (4,052)	
Recoveries - private education loans	254	371		
Purchase (sale) of federally insured and private education loans, net	(230) 100		
Transfer from repurchase obligation related to private education loans repurchased	4,062	587		
Balance at end of period	\$51,161	54,628		
Allocation of the allowance for loan losses:				
Federally insured loans	\$38,021	42,909		
Private education loans	13,140	11,719		
Total allowance for loan losses	\$51,161	54,628		

Repurchase Obligation

The Company has sold various portfolios of private education loans to third-parties. Per the terms of the servicing agreements, the Company's servicing operations are obligated to repurchase loans subject to the sale agreements in the event such loans become 60 or 90 days delinquent. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the balance of loans subject to these repurchase obligations was \$57.7 million and \$155.3 million, respectively, and the associated obligation related to these loans was \$3.9 million and \$11.8 million, respectively. The Company repurchased \$94.1 million of private education loans during the three month period ended March 31, 2015. The Company's estimate related to its obligation to repurchase these loans is included in "other liabilities" in the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

Student Loan Status and Delinquencies

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Delinquencies have the potential to adversely impact the Company's earnings through increased servicing and collection costs and account charge-offs. The table below shows the Company's loan delinquency amounts.

	As of March 31, 2015		As of December 31, 2014			As of March 31, 2014			
Federally insured loans:									
Loans in-school/grace/deferment	\$2,781,537			\$2,805,228			\$2,879,382		
Loans in forbearance	3,244,255			3,288,412			3,213,638		
Loans in repayment status:									
Loans current	18,672,471	85.0	%	18,460,279	83.5	%	16,498,560	83.9	%
Loans delinquent 31-60 days	911,653	4.2		1,043,119	4.8		832,381	4.2	
Loans delinquent 61-90 days	571,759	2.6		588,777	2.7		522,699	2.7	
Loans delinquent 91-120 days	346,857	1.6		404,905	1.8		344,143	1.8	
Loans delinquent 121-270 days	1,030,645	4.7		1,204,405	5.4		984,648	5.0	
Loans delinquent 271 days or	416,398	1.9		401,305	1.8		470,204	2.4	
greater	•			•					
Total loans in repayment	21,949,783	100.0	%	, ,	100.0	%	19,652,635	100.0	%
Total federally insured loans	\$27,975,575			\$28,196,430			\$25,745,655		
Private education loans:									
Loans in-school/grace/deferment	\$5,006			\$905			\$2,612		
Loans in forbearance	20						24		
Loans in repayment status:									
Loans current	118,278	93.5	%	18,390	69.2	%	57,115	86.6	%
Loans delinquent 31-60 days	1,200	0.9		1,078	4.1		1,223	1.9	
Loans delinquent 61-90 days	1,753	1.4		1,035	3.9		1,748	2.7	
Loans delinquent 91 days or greater	5,256	4.2		6,070	22.8		5,818	8.8	
Total loans in repayment	126,487	100.0	%	26,573	100.0	%	65,904	100.0	%
Total non-federally insured loans	\$131,513			\$27,478			\$68,540		

3. Bonds and Notes Payable

The following tables summarize the Company's outstanding debt obligations by type of instrument:

	As of March 3	1, 2015	
	Carrying	Interest rate	Final maturity
	amount	range	I mai maturity
Variable-rate bonds and notes issued in asset-backed			
securitizations:			
Bonds and notes based on indices	\$25,850,638	0.16% - 6.90%	8/26/19 - 8/26/52
Bonds and notes based on auction	1,197,065	0.64% - 2.16%	3/22/32 - 11/26/46
Total variable-rate bonds and notes	27,047,703		
FFELP warehouse facilities	1,010,258	0.17% - 0.29%	1/17/16 - 12/17/17
Unsecured line of credit			6/30/19
Unsecured debt - Junior Subordinated Hybrid Securities	59,837	3.65%	9/15/61
Other borrowings	82,305	1.68% - 5.10%	11/11/15 - 12/31/18
	28,200,103		
Discount on bonds and notes payable	(384,779)		
Total	\$27,815,324		
	As of Decemb	er 31, 2014	
	Carrying	Interest rate	Einal maturity
	amount	range	Final maturity
Variable-rate bonds and notes issued in asset-backed			
securitizations:			
Bonds and notes based on indices	\$25,713,431	0.19% - 6.90%	5/25/18 - 8/26/52
Bonds and notes based on auction	1,311,669	0.47% - 2.17%	3/22/32 - 11/26/46
Total variable-rate bonds and notes	27,025,100		
FFELP warehouse facilities	1,241,665	0.16% - 0.26%	1/17/16 - 6/11/17
Unsecured line of credit			6/30/19
Unsecured debt - Junior Subordinated Hybrid Securities	71,688	3.63%	9/15/61
Other borrowings	81,969	1.67% - 5.10%	11/11/15 - 12/31/18
	28,420,422		
Discount on bonds and notes payable	(393,072)		
Total	\$28,027,350		
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FFELP Warehouse Facilities

The Company funds a portion of its FFELP loan acquisitions using its FFELP warehouse facilities. Student loan warehousing allows the Company to buy and manage student loans prior to transferring them into more permanent financing arrangements.

As of March 31, 2015, the Company had three FFELP warehouse facilities as summarized below.

	NHELP-III (a)	NFSLW-I (b)	NHELP-II	Total
Maximum financing amount	\$750,000	750,000	500,000	2,000,000
Amount outstanding	537,005	404,020	69,233	1,010,258
Amount available	\$212,995	345,980	430,767	989,742
Expiration of liquidity provisions	May 5, 2015	June 11, 2015	December 17, 2015	
Final maturity date	January 17, 2016	June 11, 2017	December 17, 2017	
Maximum advance rates	92.2 - 95.0%	92.0 - 98.0%	91.0 - 97.0%	
Minimum advance rates	92.2 - 95.0%	84.0 - 90.0%	91.0 - 97.0%	
Advanced as equity support	\$32,515	19,001	3,640	55,156

⁽a) On April 30, 2015, the Company amended the agreement for this warehouse facility to change the expiration date for the liquidity provisions to April 29, 2016, and to change the final maturity date to April 29, 2018.

Asset-backed Securitizations

The following table summarizes the asset-backed securitization transactions completed during the three months ended March 31, 2015.

	2015-1		2015-2 Class A-1 notes	Class A	\ -2	2015-2 tot	tal	Total	
Date securities issued	2/27/15		3/26/15	3/26/15	5	3/26/15			
Total original principal amount	\$566,346		122,500	584,50	0	722,000		\$1,288,346	
Class A senior notes:									
Total original principal amount	\$553,232		122,500	584,50	0	707,000		1,260,232	
Bond discount									
Issue price	\$553,232		122,500	584,50	0	707,000		1,260,232	
Cost of funds (1-month LIBOR plus:)	0.59	%	0.27 %	0.60	%				
Final maturity date	4/25/41		3/25/20	9/25/42	2				
Class B subordinated notes:									
Total original principal amount	\$13,114					15,000		28,114	
Bond discount	(1,157)				(1,793)	(2,950)
Issue price	\$11,957					13,207		25,164	
Cost of funds (1-month LIBOR plus:)	1.50	%				1.50	%		
Final maturity date	6/25/46					5/25/49			

Unsecured Line of Credit

On January 27, 2015, the Company amended the agreement for this warehouse facility to temporarily increase the (b)maximum financing amount to \$1.2 billion. On March 26, 2015, the Company reduced the maximum financing amount from \$1.2 billion to \$750 million.

The Company has a \$350.0 million line of credit that has a maturity date of June 30, 2019. As of March 31, 2015, the \$350.0 million unsecured line of credit had no amount outstanding and \$350.0 million was available for future use.

Debt Repurchases

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company repurchased \$11.9 million (par value) of its Junior Subordinated Hybrid Securities unsecured debt and \$1.4 million (par value) of its own asset-backed debt securities and recognized gains on such purchases of \$2.5 million and approximately \$39,000, respectively.

4. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments primarily to manage interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk. Derivative instruments used as part of the Company's risk management strategy are further described in note 5 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included in the 2014 Annual Report. A tabular presentation of such derivatives outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is presented below.

Basis Swaps

The following table summarizes the Company's basis swaps outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 in which the Company receives three-month LIBOR set discretely in advance and pays one-month LIBOR plus or minus a spread as defined in the agreements (the "1:3 Basis Swaps").

	As of March 31,	As of December 31,
	2015	2014
Maturity	Notional amount	Notional amount
2016	\$1,000,000	\$—
2021	_	250,000
2022	1,900,000	1,900,000
2023	2,400,000	3,650,000
2024		250,000
2026	800,000	800,000
2028		100,000
2036		700,000
2039	_	150,000
	\$6,100,000	\$7,800,000

The weighted average rate paid by the Company on the 1:3 Basis Swaps as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was one-month LIBOR plus 6.0 basis points and 3.5 basis points, respectively.

Interest Rate Swaps – Floor Income Hedges

The following table summarizes the outstanding derivative instruments used by the Company to economically hedge loans earning fixed rate floor income.

C	As of March 31, 2015			As of December 31, 20)14	
		Weighted average			Weighted average	
Maturity	Notional amount	fixed rate paid by the	e	Notional amount	fixed rate paid by th	ie
		Company (a)			Company (a)	
2015	\$1,100,000	0.89	%	\$1,100,000	0.89	%
2016	750,000	0.85		750,000	0.85	
2017	1,350,000	0.85		1,250,000	0.86	
2018	100,000	1.02		_	_	
2025	100,000	2.32		_	_	
2045	25,000	2.46		_	_	

\$3,425,000 0.92 % \$3,100,000 0.87 %

(a) For all interest rate derivatives, the Company receives discrete three-month LIBOR.

On August 20, 2014, the Company paid \$9.1 million for an interest rate swap option to economically hedge loans earning fixed rate floor income. The interest rate swap option gives the Company the right, but not the obligation, to enter into a \$250 million notional interest rate swap in which the Company would pay a fixed amount of 3.30% and receive discrete one-month LIBOR. If the interest rate swap option is exercised, the swap would become effective in 2019 and mature in 2024.

Interest Rate Swaps – Unsecured Debt Hedges

The Company had the following derivatives outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 that are used to effectively convert the variable interest rate on a portion of the Junior Subordinated Hybrid Securities to a fixed rate.

Maturity	Notional amount	Weighted average fixed rate paid by				
		the Company (a)				
2036	\$25,000	4.28	%			

(a) For all interest rate derivatives, the Company receives discrete three-month LIBOR.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

In 2006, the Company issued €352.7 million of student loan asset-backed Euro Notes (the "Euro Notes") with an interest rate based on a spread to the EURIBOR index. As a result of the Euro Notes, the Company is exposed to market risk related to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and Euro. The principal and accrued interest on these notes are re-measured at each reporting period and recorded in the Company's consolidated balance sheet in U.S. dollars based on the foreign currency exchange rate on that date.

The Company entered into a cross-currency interest rate swap in connection with the issuance of the Euro Notes. Under the terms of the cross-currency interest rate swap, the Company receives from the counterparty a spread to the EURIBOR index based on a notional amount of €352.7 million and pays a spread to the LIBOR index based on a notional amount of \$450.0 million. In addition, under the terms of this agreement, all principal payments on the Euro Notes will effectively be paid at the exchange rate in effect between the U.S. dollar and Euro as of the issuance of the notes.

The following table shows the income statement impact as a result of the re-measurement of the Euro Notes and the change in the fair value of the related derivative instrument.

	Three months ended March 31		
	2015	2014	
Re-measurement of Euro Notes	\$48,209	(952)
Change in fair value of cross-currency interest rate swap	(49,805) (39)
Total impact to consolidated statements of income - income (expense) (a)	\$(1,596) (991)

⁽a) The financial statement impact of the above items is included in "Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments and derivative settlements, net" in the Company's consolidated statements of income.

The re-measurement of the Euro-denominated bonds generally correlates with the change in fair value of the corresponding cross-currency interest rate swap. However, the Company will experience unrealized gains or losses related to the cross-currency interest rate swap if the two underlying indices (and related forward curve) do not move in parallel.

Consolidated Financial Statement Impact Related to Derivatives

The following table summarizes the fair value of the Company's derivatives as reflected in the consolidated balance sheets:

	Fair value of asset of	derivatives	Fair value of liability derivatives		
	As of As of		As of	As of	
	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	December 31,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
1:3 basis swaps	\$30,072	53,549	_		
Interest rate swaps - floor income hedges	1,756	5,165	6,498	5,034	
Interest rate swap option - floor income hedge	4,767	5,678	_	_	
Interest rate swaps - hybrid debt hedges	_	_	8,805	7,353	
Cross-currency interest rate swap	_	_	70,261	20,455	
Total	\$36,595	64,392	85,564	32,842	

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company terminated a total notional amount of \$2.7 billion of 1:3 Basis Swaps for gross proceeds of \$34.4 million.

Offsetting of Derivative Assets/Liabilities

The Company records derivative instruments in the consolidated balance sheets on a gross basis as either an asset or liability measured at its fair value. Certain of the Company's derivative instruments are subject to right of offset provisions with counterparties. The following tables include the gross amounts related to the Company's derivative portfolio recognized in the consolidated balance sheets, reconciled to the net amount when excluding derivatives subject to enforceable master netting arrangements and cash collateral received/pledged:

		Gross amounts not offset in the consolidated balance sheets					
Derivative assets	Gross amounts of recognized assets presented in the consolidated balance sheets	Derivatives subject to enforceable master netting arrangement	Cash collateral pledged (received)	Net asset (liability)			
Balance as of March 31, 2015	\$36,595	(9,761)	5,556	32,390			
Balance as of December 31, 2014	64,392	(12,387)	_	52,005			
		Gross amounts not off balance sheets	set in the consolidated				
Derivative liabilities	Gross amounts of recognized liabilities presented in the consolidated balance sheets	Derivatives subject to enforceable master netting arrangement	Cash collateral pledged (received)	Net asset (liability)			
	\$(85,564)	9,761	6,400	(69,403)		

Balance as of March 31, 2015 Balance as of

December 31, 2014 (32,842) 12,387 (1,454) (21,909)

The following table summarizes the effect of derivative instruments in the consolidated statements of income.

	Three months ended March			1,
	2015	2	014	
Settlements:				
1:3 basis swaps	\$266	8	81	
Interest rate swaps - floor income hedges	(5,015) (6	6,950)
Interest rate swaps - hybrid debt hedges	(252) (2	252)
Cross-currency interest rate swap	(214) 9	2	
Total settlements - (expense) income	(5,215) (6	6,229)
Change in fair value:				
1:3 basis swaps	10,969	1	,110	
Interest rate swaps - floor income hedges	(4,872) 3	,358	
Interest rate swap option - floor income hedge	(912) –	_	
Interest rate swaps - hybrid debt hedges	(1,452) (1,513)
Cross-currency interest rate swap	(49,805) (3	39)
Total change in fair value - (expense) income	(46,072) 2	,916	
Re-measurement of Euro Notes (foreign currency transaction adjustment) - income (expense)	48,209	(9	952)
Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments and derivative settlements, net - income (expense)	\$(3,078) (4	4,265)

5. Investments and Notes Receivable

A summary of the Company's investments and notes receivable follows:

3 1 3	As of Marc	ch 31, 2015	5			As of December 31, 2014				
	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross d unreal losses		d Fair value	Amortize	Gross unrealized gains	Gross d unreal losses	izeo	Fair value
Investments (at fair value):		_								
Available-for-sale investments:										
Student loan asset-backed and other debt securities (b)	\$130,754	5,998	(484)	136,268	131,589	6,204	(236)	137,557
Equity securities	1,787	2,268	(48)	4,007	1,553	2,216	(33)	3,736
Total available-for-sale investments	\$132,541	8,266	(532)	140,275	133,142	8,420	(269)	141,293
Trading investments:										
Student loan asset-backed securities					6,526					7,830
Total available-for-sale and trading investments					146,801					149,123
Other Investments and Notes R	eceivable (n	ot								
measured at fair value):										
Investments accounted for					01.012					26.001
under the cost and equity					81,912					36,991
methods Notes receivable					31,806					30,643
Other					16,385					18,952
Total investments and notes										
receivable					\$276,904					235,709

- (a) As of March 31, 2015, the Company considered the decline in market value of its available-for-sale investments to be temporary in nature and did not consider any of its investments other-than-temporarily impaired.
- (b) As of March 31, 2015, the stated maturities of the majority of the Company's student loan asset-backed and other debt securities classified as available-for-sale were greater than 10 years.

The amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income related to the realized gains and losses on available-for-sale-securities are summarized below.

	Three months ended March 31,					
Affected line item in the consolidated statements of income - income (expense):	2015	2014				
Other income	\$205	7,073				
Income tax expense	(76) (2,617)			
Net	\$129	4,456				

6. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	Weighted average remaining useful life as of March 31, 2015 (months)	As of March 31, 2015	As of December 31, 2014
Amortizable intangible assets:			
Customer relationships (net of accumulated amortization of \$18,820 and \$17,361, respectively)	211	\$25,871	27,330
Computer software (net of accumulated amortization of \$2,472 and \$1,896, respectively)	39	6,393	6,969
Trade names (net of accumulated amortization of \$403 and \$272 respectively)	'230	6,019	6,150
Content (net of accumulated amortization of \$225 and \$0, respectively)	21	1,575	1,800
Covenants not to compete (net of accumulated amortization of \$30 and \$21, respectively)	110	325	333
Total - amortizable intangible assets	178	\$40,183	42,582

The Company recorded amortization expense on its intangible assets of \$2.4 million and \$1.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company will continue to amortize intangible assets over their remaining useful lives. As of March 31, 2015, the Company estimates it will record amortization expense as follows:

2015 (April 1 - December 31)	\$7,196
2016	6,249
2017	3,752
2018	3,533
2019	2,861
2020 and thereafter	16,592
	\$40,183

There were no changes in the carrying amount of goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2015. The carrying amount of goodwill by reportable operating segment as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is shown in the table below.

Student Loan	Tuition	Asset	Corporate and	Total
and Guaranty	Payment	Generation	Other	

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	Servicing	Processing and Campus Commerce	and Management	Activities	
Balance as of December 31, 2014 and March 31, 2015	\$8,596	67,168	41,883	8,553	126,200
16					

7. Earnings per Common Share

Presented below is a summary of the components used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share. The Company applies the two-class method in computing both basic and diluted earnings per share, which requires the calculation of separate earnings per share amounts for common stock and unvested share based awards. Unvested share-based awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends are considered securities which participate in undistributed earnings with common stock.

	Three months ended March 31,					
	2015			2014		
	Common shareholders	Unvested restricted stock shareholders	Total	Common shareholders	Unvested restricted stock shareholders	Total
Numerator: Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc.	\$64,078	687	64,765	73,125	661	73,786
Denominator: Weighted-average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	45,799,873	490,717	46,290,590	46,110,952	416,965	46,527,917
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	\$1.40	1.40	1.40	1.59	1.59	1.59

Unvested restricted stock awards are the Company's only potential common shares and, accordingly, there were no awards that were antidilutive and not included in average shares outstanding for the diluted earnings per share calculation.

8. Segment Reporting

See note 14 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included in the 2014 Annual Report for a description of the Company's operating segments. The following tables include the results of each of the Company's operating segments reconciled to the consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2015, internal reporting to executive management (the "chief operating decision maker") changed to reflect operational changes made within the organization. The operational and internal reporting changes included moving the majority of information technology infrastructure personnel and related functions to Corporate and Other Activities. The associated costs are allocated to the other operating segments based on those segments' actual use of information technology related products and services. Information technology infrastructure personnel and related functions were historically included within the Student Loan and Guaranty Servicing operating segment, and associated costs were allocated to the other operating segments based on those segments' actual use of the related products and services. Prior period segment operating results have been reclassified to reflect these changes; however, the reclassifications had no effect on any operating segment's net income.

the rectassifications had no effect on an		hs ended Mai				
		Tuition				
	Student Loan and Guaranty Servicing	Payment Processing and Campus	Asset Generation and Management	Corporate and Other Activities	Elimination	s Total
		Commerce				
Total interest income	\$7	2	172,423	2,153	(436	174,149
Interest expense	_	_	70,540	1,450	(436	71,554
Net interest income	7	2	101,883	703		102,595
Less provision for loan losses			2,000			2,000
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	7	2	99,883	703	_	100,595
Other income:						
Loan and guaranty servicing revenue	57,811					57,811
Intersegment servicing revenue	12,871				(12,871) —
Tuition payment processing, school	,				, , ,	
information, and campus commerce	_	34,680		_	_	34,680
revenue		,				- ,
Enrollment services revenue			_	17,863		17,863
Other income			4,576	2,342		6,918
Gain on sale of loans and debt						
repurchases			351	2,524		2,875
Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments, net		_	3,590	(1,453)	_	2,137
Derivative settlements, net			(4,963)	(252)		(5,215)
Total other income	70,682	34,680	3,554	21,024	(12,871	117,069
Operating expenses:	70,002	2 .,000	2,22 .	_1,0_1	(12,071	117,005
Salaries and benefits	33,703	13,321	541	13,485	_	61,050
Cost to provide enrollment services	_		_	11,702	_	11,702
Loan servicing fees	_	_	7,685		_	7,685
Depreciation and amortization	446	2,195		3,021	_	5,662
Other	14,600	3,802	1,068	9,659	_	29,129
Intersegment expenses, net	9,700	2,614	13,040	•	(12,871) —
	,	<i>y</i> - '	- ,	, ,)	, , ,	

Total operating expenses	58,449	21,932	22,334	25,384	(12,871) 115,228
Income (loss) before income taxes and corporate overhead allocation	12,240	12,750	81,103	(3,657) —	102,436
Corporate overhead allocation	(2,153) (862) (1,078) 4,093	_	_
Income before income taxes	10,087	11,888	80,025	436	_	102,436
Income tax (expense) benefit	(3,834) (4,518) (30,409) 1,131	_	(37,630)
Net income	6,253	7,370	49,616	1,567	_	64,806
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	41	_	41
Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc.	\$6,253	7,370	49,616	1,526	_	64,765

	Three month	ns ended Mar Tuition	rch 31, 2014			
	Student Loan and Guaranty Servicing	Payment Processing and Campus Commerce	Asset Generation and Management	Corporate and Other Activities	Eliminations	Total
Total interest income	\$11	_	157,003	2,658	(797)	158,875
Interest expense	_		59,476	1,325	(797)	60,004
Net interest income	11		97,527	1,333		98,871
Less provision for loan losses			2,500			2,500
Net interest income after provision for	11		95,027	1,333		96,371
loan losses			22,027	1,555		30,371
Other income:						
Loan and guaranty servicing revenue	64,757	_				64,757
Intersegment servicing revenue	14,221		_	_	(14,221)	_
Tuition payment processing, school						
information, and campus commerce	_	25,235				25,235
revenue				22.011		22 011
Enrollment services revenue			4.164	22,011		22,011
Other income			4,164	13,967		18,131
Gain on sale of loans and debt		_	39	_	_	39
repurchases						
Derivative market value and foreign		_	3,477	(1,513)	_	1,964
currency adjustments, net			(5.077	(252		(6.220
Derivative settlements, net	70.070		(5,977)	(252)	(14.221	(6,229)
Total other income	78,978	25,235	1,703	34,213	(14,221)	125,908
Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits	29,398	10,027	609	12.450		52 494
Cost to provide enrollment services		10,027	009	12,450 14,475		52,484 14,475
Loan servicing fees				14,473		5,421
Depreciation and amortization	419	1,428	3,421	2,936		4,783
Other	15,651	2,647	1,725	10,183		30,206
Intersegment expenses, net	9,163	1,420	14,371		(14,221)	•
Total operating expenses	54,631	15,522	22,126	29,311	(14,221)	107,369
Income before income taxes and					(14,221)	•
corporate overhead allocation	24,358	9,713	74,604	6,235		114,910
Corporate overhead allocation	(1,860)	(620)	(1,329)	3,809	_	_
Income before income taxes	22,498	9,093	73,275	10,044	_	114,910
Income tax (expense) benefit			(27,844)	(763)		(40,611)
Net income	13,949	5,638	45,431	9,281		74,299
Net income attributable to	•	•	-			
noncontrolling interest	_	_		513		513
Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc.	\$13,949	5,638	45,431	8,768		73,786

9. Major Customer

The Company earns loan servicing revenue from a servicing contract with the U.S. Department of Education that currently expires on June 16, 2019. Revenue earned by the Company's Student Loan and Guaranty Servicing

operating segment related to this contract was \$32.4 million and \$29.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

10. Related Parties

The Company has entered into certain contractual arrangements with related parties as described in note 20 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included in the 2014 Annual Report. The following provides an update for a related party transaction that occurred during the first three months of 2015.

On March 17, 2015, the Company made a \$40.5 million equity investment in Agile Sports Technologies, Inc. (doing business as "Hudl"). David Graff, who has served on the Company's Board of Directors since May 2014, is CEO, co-founder, and a director of Hudl. Prior to the 2015 investment, the Company and Michael Dunlap, the Company's Executive Chairman and a principal shareholder, made separate equity investments in Hudl. As of March 31, 2015, the Company and Mr. Dunlap hold combined direct and indirect equity ownership interests in Hudl of 18.7% and 2.8%, respectively. The Company's investment in Hudl is included in "investments and notes receivable" in the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

11. Fair Value

The following tables present the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. There were no transfers into or out of level 1, level 2, or level 3 for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

	As of March 31, 2015			As of December 31, 2014		
	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Assets:						
Investments (available-for-sale and trading):						
Student loan asset-backed securities	\$	142,429	142,429		145,000	145,000
Equity securities	4,007		4,007	3,736	_	3,736
Debt securities	365		365	387		387
Total investments (available-for-sale and trading)	4,372	142,429	146,801	4,123	145,000	149,123
Fair value of derivative instruments	_	36,595	36,595		64,392	64,392
Total assets	\$4,372	179,024	183,396	4,123	209,392	213,515
Liabilities:						
Fair value of derivative instruments	\$ —	85,564	85,564		32,842	32,842
Total liabilities	\$—	85,564	85,564		32,842	32,842

The following table summarizes the fair values of all of the Company's financial instruments on the consolidated balance sheets:

balance sheets.					
	As of March 31, 2015				
	Fair value	Carrying value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Student loans receivable	\$28,922,872	27,897,949			28,922,872
Cash and cash equivalents	100,046	100,046	100,046	_	_
Investments (available-for-sale and trading)	146,801	146,801	4,372	142,429	
Notes receivable	29,476	31,806		29,476	
Restricted cash	856,715	856,715	856,715		
Restricted cash – due to customers	71,890	71,890	71,890	_	_
Restricted investments	9,872	9,872	9,872	_	
Accrued interest receivable	355,372	355,372	_	355,372	
Derivative instruments	36,595	36,595	_	36,595	_
Financial liabilities:					
Bonds and notes payable	27,695,072	27,815,324		27,695,072	_
Accrued interest payable	27,275	27,275	_	27,275	_
Due to customers	71,890	71,890	71,890	_	_
Derivative instruments	85,564	85,564	_	85,564	_
	As of December	31, 2014			
	Fair value	Carrying value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Student loans receivable	\$28,954,226	28,005,195	_	_	28,954,226
Cash and cash equivalents	130,481	130,481	130,481	_	_
Investments (available-for-sale and trading)	149,123	149,123	4,123	145,000	
Notes receivable	28,832	30,643	_	28,832	_
Restricted cash	800,164	800,164	800,164	_	_

Restricted cash – due to customers	118,488	118,488	118,488		
Restricted investments	50,276	50,276	50,276		_
Accrued interest receivable	351,588	351,588		351,588	_
Derivative instruments	64,392	64,392	_	64,392	
Financial liabilities:					
Bonds and notes payable	27,809,997	28,027,350	_	27,809,997	
Accrued interest payable	25,904	25,904		25,904	
Due to customers	118,488	118,488	118,488		
Derivative instruments	32,842	32,842	_	32,842	_

The methodologies for estimating the fair value of financial assets and liabilities are described in note 21 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included in the 2014 Annual Report.

12. Legal Proceedings and Regulatory Matters

Legal Proceedings

Grant Keating v. Peterson's Nelnet, LLC et al

On August 6, 2012, an Amended Complaint was served on Peterson's Nelnet, LLC, a subsidiary of Nelnet, Inc. ("Nelnet"), CUnet, LLC, a subsidiary of Nelnet, and on Nelnet (collectively, the "Keating Defendants"), in connection with a lawsuit by Grant Keating in the U.S. Federal District Court for the Northern District of Ohio (the "Ohio District Court"). The lawsuit was originally instituted on August 24, 2011, and alleges that the Keating Defendants sent an advertising text message to the named plaintiff in June 2011 using an automatic telephone dialing system, and without the plaintiff's express consent. The complaint also alleges that this text message violated the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, purportedly entitling the plaintiff to \$500, trebled for a willful violation. The complaint further alleges that the Keating Defendants sent putative class members similar text messages using an automatic telephone dialing system, without such purported class members' consent. The complaint seeks to establish a class action. On August 29, 2013, the Keating Defendants filed motions for summary judgment, and the named plaintiff filed a motion for class certification. On May 12, 2014, the Ohio District Court granted the Keating Defendants' motion for summary judgment, dismissing the case. On September 8, 2014, the named plaintiff filed an appeal brief with the Circuit Court of Appeals and on October 22, 2014, the Keating Defendants filed a responsive brief. As of the filing date of this report, the Ohio District Court has not established, recognized, or certified a class. The Keating Defendants intend to continue to defend themselves vigorously in this lawsuit.

Due to the uncertainty and risks inherent in class determination and the overall litigation process, the Company believes that a meaningful estimate of a reasonably possible loss, if any, or range of reasonably possible losses, if any, for this lawsuit cannot currently be made.

Regulatory Matters

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau Examination

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act established the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (the "CFPB"), which has broad authority to regulate a wide range of consumer financial products and services. On December 3, 2013, the CFPB issued a rule that allows the CFPB to supervise nonbank student loan servicers that handle more than one million borrowers, including the Company, thus giving the CFPB broad authority to examine, investigate, supervise, and otherwise regulate the Company's businesses, including the authority to impose fines and require changes with respect to any practices that the CFPB finds to be unfair, deceptive, or abusive.

The CFPB is currently conducting its initial supervisory examination of the large nonbank student loan servicers, including the Company. If the CFPB were to determine the Company was not in compliance, it is possible that this could result in material adverse consequences, including, without limitation, settlements, fines, penalties, adverse regulatory actions, changes in the Company's practices, or other actions. However, the Company is unable to estimate at this time any potential financial or other impact that could result from the CFPB's examination, in the event that any adverse regulatory actions occur.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. All dollars are in thousands, except per share amounts, unless otherwise noted.)

The following discussion and analysis provides information that the Company's management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of the consolidated results of operations and financial condition of the Company. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements included in the 2014 Annual Report.

Forward-looking and cautionary statements

This report contains forward-looking statements and information that are based on management's current expectations as of the date of this document. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about the Company's plans and expectations for future financial condition, results of operations or economic performance, or that address management's plans and objectives for future operations, and statements that assume or are dependent upon future events, are forward-looking statements. The words "may," "should," "could," "would," "predict," "potential," "continue," "exp "anticipate," "future," "intend," "plan," "believe," "estimate," "assume," "forecast," "will," and similar expressions, as well as in future tense, are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and analyses made by management in light of management's experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments, and other factors that management believes are appropriate under the circumstances. These statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other factors that may cause the actual results and performance to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the risks and uncertainties set forth in the "Risk Factors" section of the 2014 Annual Report and elsewhere in this report, and include such risks and uncertainties as:

student loan portfolio risks such as interest rate basis and repricing risk resulting from the fact that the interest rate characteristics of the student loan assets do not match the interest rate characteristics of the funding for those assets, the risk of loss of floor income on certain student loans originated under the Federal Family Education Loan Program (the "FFEL Program" or "FFELP"), risks related to the use of derivatives to manage exposure to interest rate fluctuations, uncertainties regarding the expected benefits from recently purchased securitized and unsecuritized FFELP student loans and initiatives to purchase additional FFELP and private education loans, and risks from changes in levels of student loan prepayment or default rates;

financing and liquidity risks, including risks of changes in the general interest rate environment and in the securitization and other financing markets for student loans, which may increase the costs or limit the availability of financings necessary to purchase, refinance, or continue to hold student loans;

risks from changes in the educational credit and services markets resulting from changes in applicable laws, regulations, and government programs and budgets, such as the expected decline over time in FFELP loan interest income and fee-based revenues due to the discontinuation of new FFELP loan originations in 2010 and potential government initiatives or legislative proposals to consolidate existing FFELP loans to the Federal Direct Loan Program or otherwise allow FFELP loans to be refinanced with Federal Direct Loan Program loans, risks related to reduced government payments to guaranty agencies to rehabilitate defaulted FFELP loans and services in support of those activities, risks related to the Company's ability to maintain or increase volumes under the Company's loan servicing contract with the U.S. Department of Education (the "Department"), which accounted for approximately 10 percent of the Company's revenue in 2014 and for which the loan allocation metrics were modified effective September 1, 2014, and risks related to the Company's ability to comply with agreements with third-party customers for the servicing of FFELP, Federal Direct Loan Program, and private education loans;

risks related to a breach of or failure in the Company's operational or information systems or infrastructure, or those of third-party vendors;

uncertainties inherent in forecasting future cash flows from student loan assets and related asset-backed securitizations; and

risks and uncertainties associated with litigation matters and with maintaining compliance with the extensive regulatory requirements applicable to the Company's businesses, and uncertainties inherent in the estimates and assumptions about future events that management is required to make in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements.

All forward-looking statements contained in this report are qualified by these cautionary statements and are made only as of the date of this document. Although the Company may from time to time voluntarily update or revise its prior forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in the Company's expectations, the Company disclaims any commitment to do so except as required by securities laws.

OVERVIEW

The Company provides educational products and services in loan servicing, payment processing, education planning, and asset management. These products and services help students and families plan, prepare, and pay for their education and make the administrative and financial processes more efficient for schools and financial organizations. In addition, the Company earns interest income on a portfolio of federally insured student loans.

A reconciliation of the Company's GAAP net income to net income, excluding derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments, is provided below.

	Three months	ended March 31,	
	2015	2014	
GAAP net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc.	\$64,765	73,786	
Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments, net of tax	(1,325) (1,218)
Net income, excluding derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments (a)	\$63,440	72,568	
Earnings per share:			
GAAP net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc.	\$1.40	1.59	
Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments, net of tax	(0.03) (0.03)
Net income, excluding derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments (a)	\$1.37	1.56	

The Company provides non-GAAP information that reflects specific items management believes to be important in the evaluation of its financial position and performance. "Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments" include (i) the unrealized gains and losses that are caused by changes in fair values of derivatives which do not qualify for "hedge treatment" under GAAP; and (ii) the foreign currency transaction gains or losses caused by the re-measurement of the Company's Euro-denominated bonds to U.S. dollars. The Company believes these point-in-time estimates of asset and liability values related to these financial instruments that are subject to interest and currency rate fluctuations affect the period-to-period comparability of the results of operations. Accordingly, the Company provides operating results excluding these items for comparability purposes.

The Company earns net interest income on its FFELP student loan portfolio in its Asset Generation and Management ("AGM") operating segment. This segment is expected to generate a stable net interest margin and significant amounts of cash as the FFELP portfolio amortizes. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had a \$27.9 billion student loan portfolio that will amortize over the next approximately 25 years. The Company actively seeks to acquire additional FFELP loan portfolios to leverage its servicing scale and expertise to generate incremental earnings and cash flow.

In addition, the Company earns fee-based revenue through the following reportable operating segments:

Student Loan and Guaranty Servicing ("LGS") - referred to as Nelnet Diversified Solutions ("NDS")

*Tuition Payment Processing and Campus Commerce ("TPP&CC") - referred to as Nelnet Business Solutions ("NBS")

Other business activities and operating segments that are not reportable are combined and included in Corporate and Other Activities. Corporate and Other Activities also includes income earned on certain investments and interest expense incurred on unsecured debt transactions.

The information below provides the operating results for each reportable operating segment and Corporate and Other Activities ("Corporate") for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (dollars in millions).

- (a) Revenue includes intersegment revenue earned by LGS as a result of servicing loans for AGM.
- Total revenue includes "net interest income after provision for loan losses" and "total other income" from the Company's segment statements of income, excluding the impact from changes in fair values of derivatives and foreign currency transaction adjustments. Net income excludes changes in fair values of derivatives and foreign currency transaction adjustments, net of tax.
- (c) Computed as income before income taxes divided by total revenue.

Student Loan and Guaranty Servicing

As of March 31, 2015, the Company was servicing \$168.8 billion in FFELP, private, and government owned student loans, as compared with \$147.9 billion of loans as of March 31, 2014.

Revenue decreased in the first quarter of 2015 compared to the same period in 2014 due primarily to a decrease in rehabilitation collection revenue. Federal budget provisions that became effective July 1, 2014 have reduced payments by the Department to guaranty agencies for assisting student loan borrowers with the rehabilitation of defaulted loans under FFELP, and as a result, rehabilitation revenue has been negatively affected. Rehabilitation collection revenue recognized by the Company was \$7.4 million and \$13.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Revenue from the Department servicing contract increased to \$32.4 million for the three months ended
March 31, 2015, compared to \$29.9 million for the same period in 2014. As of March 31, 2015, the Company was servicing \$140.8 billion of loans for 5.9 million borrowers under this contract.

Before tax operating margin was 14.3% and 28.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Operating margin decreased as a result of the implementation of federal budget reductions for guaranty agencies revenue. In addition, as the volume of loans serviced under the Department servicing contract continues to grow and loans serviced under the legacy commercial programs continue to run off, the Company expects operating margins to tighten accordingly.

Tuition Payment Processing and Campus Commerce

Revenue increased in the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the same period in 2014 due to the acquisition of RenWeb in the second quarter of 2014 and due to increases in the number of managed tuition payment plans, campus commerce customer transaction volume, and new school customers.

Excluding the amortization of intangibles, before tax operating margin was 40.5% and 40.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

This segment is subject to seasonal fluctuations. Based on the timing of when revenue is recognized and when expenses are incurred, revenue and operating margin are higher in the first quarter as compared to the remainder of the year.

Asset Generation and Management

The Company acquired \$836.1 million of student loans during the first three months of 2015. The average loan portfolio balance for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$28.3 billion and \$25.9 billion, respectively.

Core student loan spread decreased to 1.41% for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to 1.49% and 4.44% for the three months ended December 31, 2014 and March 31, 2014, respectively. This decrease was the result of recent acquisitions of consolidation loans, which have lower margins but longer terms.

Due to historically low interest rates, the Company continues to earn significant fixed rate floor income. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company earned \$46.2 million and \$37.8 million, respectively, of fixed rate floor income (net of \$5.0 million and \$7.0 million of derivative settlements, respectively, used to hedge such loans).

Corporate and Other Activities

The Company recognized \$0.5 million in net gains from investment activity during the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$7.2 million for the same period in 2014. The majority of gains recognized in 2014 were from sales of student loan asset-backed security investments.

Whitetail Rock Capital Management, LLC ("WRCM"), the Company's SEC-registered investment advisory subsidiary, recognized investment advisory revenue of \$0.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$5.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease was the result of the reduction in performance fees earned in 2015.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company repurchased \$11.9 million (par value) of its Junior Subordinated Hybrid Securities for a gain of \$2.5 million. Gains from debt repurchases in the first quarter of 2014 were approximately \$39,000.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2015, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$100.0 million. In addition, the Company had a portfolio of available-for-sale and trading investments, consisting primarily of student loan asset-backed securities, with a fair value of \$146.8 million as of March 31, 2015.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company generated \$129.3 million in net cash provided by operating activities.

Forecasted future cash flows from the Company's FFELP student loan portfolio financed in asset-backed securitization transactions are estimated to be approximately \$2.27 billion as of March 31, 2015.

As of March 31, 2015, no amounts were outstanding on the Company's unsecured line of credit and \$350.0 million was available for future use. The unsecured line of credit has a maturity date of June 30, 2019.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company repurchased a total of 175,798 shares of Class A common stock for \$7.9 million (\$45.16 per share).

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company paid cash dividends of \$4.6 million (\$0.10 per share).

The Company intends to use its liquidity position to capitalize on market opportunities, including FFELP and private education loan acquisitions; strategic acquisitions and investments; and capital management initiatives, including stock repurchases, debt repurchases, and dividend distributions. Dependent upon the timing and size of the opportunities, the Company may continue to accumulate additional cash and investments.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Analysis of the Company's operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the same period in 2014 is summarized below.

The Company's operating results are primarily driven by the performance of its existing portfolio and the revenues generated by its fee-based businesses and the costs to provide their products and services. The performance of the Company's portfolio is driven by net interest income (which includes financing costs) and losses related to credit quality of the assets, along with the cost to administer and service the assets and related debt.

The Company operates in distinct operating segments as described previously. For a reconciliation of the segment operating results to the consolidated results of operations, see note 8 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this report. Since the Company monitors and assesses its operations and results based on these segments, the discussion following the consolidated results of operations is presented on a segment basis.

	Three mor		
	ended Mar 2015	ch 31, 2014	Additional information
			Increase was due to an increase in the
Loan interest	\$171,944	156,896	average student loan portfolio balance and gross fixed rate floor income, partially offset by an increase in consolidation rebate fees. Includes income from unrestricted
Investment interest	2,205	1,979	interest-earning deposits and investments and funds in asset-backed securitizations.
Total interest income	174,149	158,875	Increase due to an increase in everege debt
Interest expense	71,554	60,004	Increase due to an increase in average debt outstanding and an increase in the Company's cost of funds.
Net interest income	102,595	98,871	See table below for additional analysis. Represents the periodic expense of
Less provision for loan losses	2,000	2,500	maintaining an allowance appropriate to absorb losses inherent in the portfolio of student loans. See AGM operating segment results of operations.
Net interest income after provision for loan losses Other income:	100,595	96,371	
LGS revenue	57,811	64,757	See LGS operating segment - results of operations.
TPP&CC revenue	34,680	25,235	See TPP&CC operating segment - results of operations.
NES revenue	17,863	22,011	See table below for additional analysis.
Other income	6,918	18,131	See table below for the components of "other income." Gains in the first quarter of 2015 include a
Gain on sale of loans and debt repurchases	^t 2,875	39	\$2.5 million gain from the repurchase of \$11.9 million (par value) of the Company's Junior Subordinated Hybrid Securities. The Company maintains an overall risk
Derivative settlements, net	(5,215)	(6,229	management strategy that incorporates the use of derivative instruments to reduce the economic effect of interest rate volatility. Derivative settlements for each applicable period should be evaluated with the Company's net interest income. See table below for additional analysis.
Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments, net	2,137	1,964	Includes (i) the unrealized gains and losses that are caused by changes in fair values of derivatives which do not qualify for "hedge treatment" under GAAP; and (ii) the foreign currency transaction gains or losses caused by the re-measurement of the Company's Euro-denominated bonds to U.S. dollars.

Total other income Operating expenses:	117,069	125,908	
Salaries and benefits	61,050	52,484	Increase was due to additional personnel to support increased LGS servicing volume and TPP&CC revenue.
Cost to provide enrollment services	11,702	14,475	See table below for additional analysis.
Loan servicing fees	7,685	5,421	Increase was due to an increase in third party loan servicing fees incurred by AGM as volume at third parties has grown with recent loan purchases.
Depreciation and amortization	n 5,662	4,783	Increase was due to additional expense from the amortization of intangible assets. Intangible amortization expense was \$2.4 million and \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Decrease was due to a decrease in collection
Other	29,129	30,206	costs directly related to the decrease in FFELP guaranty collection revenue, partially offset by an increase in other costs to support increased LGS servicing volume and TPP&CC revenue.
Total operating expenses Income before income taxes	115,228 102,436	107,369 114,910	
Income tax expense	37,630	40,611	The effective tax rate was 36.75% and 35.50% in the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 respectively. The effective tax rate increased during the first quarter of 2015 due to an increase in the state effective tax rate.
Net income	64,806	74,299	tax raic.
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	41	513	
Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc. Additional information:	\$64,765	73,786	
Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc.	\$64,765	73,786	The Company provides non-GAAP information that reflects specific items
Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments	(2,137	(1,964	management believes to be important in the evaluation of its operating results. The
Tax effect	812	746	Company believes the point-in-time estimates of asset and liability values related
Net income attributable to Nelnet, Inc., excluding derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments	\$63,440	72,568	to its derivatives and Euro-denominated bonds that are subject to interest and currency rate fluctuations affect the period-to-period comparability of the results of operations. These items are excluded here for comparability purposes.

The following table summarizes the components of "net interest income" and "derivative settlements, net."

Three months ended						
	March 31	,				
	2015		2014		Additional information	
Variable student loan interest margin, net of settlements on derivatives	\$50,633		54,396		Represents the yield the Company receives on its student loan portfolio less the cost of funding these loans. Variable student loan spread is also impacted by the amortization/accretion of loan premiums and discounts, the 1.05% per year consolidation loan rebate fee paid to the Department, and yield adjustments from borrower benefit programs. See AGM operating segment - results of operations. The Company has a portfolio of student loans	
Fixed rate floor income, net of settlements on derivatives	46,244		37,844		that are earning interest at a fixed borrower rate which exceeds the statutorily defined variable lender rates, generating fixed rate floor income. See Item 3, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk - Interest Rate Risk" for additional information.	
Investment interest	2,205		1,979			
Non-portfolio related derivative settlements	(252)	(252)		
Corporate debt interest expense	(1,450)	(1,325)	Includes interest expense on the Junior Subordinated Hybrid Securities and unsecured and secured lines of credit.	
Net interest income (net of settlements on derivatives)	\$97,380		92,642			

The following table summarizes the components of "Enrollment services revenue" and "cost to provide enrollment services."

Inquiry management (marketing) (a)	Inquiry management (software)	Inquiry generation (b)	Digital marketing	Content solutions	Total
Three months	s ended March	31, 2015			
\$12,209	1,118	_	1,236	3,300	17,863
10,799	_	_	121	782	11,702
\$1,410	1,118	_	1,115	2,518	6,161
11.5%					
Three months	s ended March	31, 2014			
\$13,537	1,069	2,845	1,068	3,492	22,011
11,954	_	1,785	88	648	14,475
\$1,583 11.7%	1,069	1,060	980	2,844	7,536
	management (marketing) (a) Three months \$12,209 10,799 \$1,410 11.5% Three months \$13,537 11,954 \$1,583	management (marketing) (a) Three months ended March (software) 10,799 \$1,410 1,118 11.5% Three months ended March (software) \$13,537 1,069 11,954 \$1,583 1,069	management (marketing) Inquiry management (software) Inquiry generation (b) Three months ended March 31, 2015 \$12,209 1,118 — 10,799 — — \$1,410 1,118 — 11.5% — — Three months ended March 31, 2014 \$13,537 1,069 2,845 11,954 — 1,785 \$1,583 1,069 1,060	management (marketing) Inquiry management (software) Inquiry generation (b) Digital marketing Three months ended March 31, 2015 \$12,209 1,118 — 1,236 10,799 — — 121 \$1,410 1,118 — 1,115 11.5% — 1,115 Three months ended March 31, 2014 \$13,537 1,069 2,845 1,068 11,954 — 1,785 88 \$1,583 1,069 1,060 980	management (marketing) Inquiry management (software) Inquiry generation (b) Digital marketing Content solutions Three months ended March 31, 2015 \$12,209 1,118 — 1,236 3,300 10,799 — — 121 782 \$1,410 1,118 — 1,115 2,518 11.5% Three months ended March 31, 2014 \$13,537 1,069 2,845 1,068 3,492 11,954 — 1,785 88 648 \$1,583 1,069 1,060 980 2,844

Inquiry management (marketing) revenue decreased \$1.3 million (9.8%) for the three months ended March 31, (a) 2015 compared to the same period in 2014 as a result of a decrease in spending on marketing efforts by school clients.

(b) Effective August 29, 2014, the Company stopped providing inquiry generation services.

The following table summarizes the components of "other income."

·	Three month	s ended March 31,
	2015	2014
Borrower late fee income	\$4,131	3,688
Investment advisory fees (a)	657	5,228
Realized and unrealized gains/(losses) on investments, net	516	7,210
Other	1,614	2,005
Other income	\$6,918	18,131

WRCM earns annual fees of up to 25 basis points on the outstanding balance of investments and up to 50 percent of the gains from the sale of securities for which it provides advisory services. Due to improvements in the capital markets, the opportunities to earn performance fees on the sale of securities are becoming more limited. As of March 31, 2015, WRCM was managing an investment portfolio of \$933.2 million for third-party entities.

STUDENT LOAN AND GUARANTY SERVICING OPERATING SEGMENT – RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Student Loan Servicing Volumes (dollars in millions)

Company owned	\$22,650	\$21,237	\$21,397	\$21,192	\$21,110	\$20,511	\$19,742	\$19,369
% of total	29.8%	21.8%	15.5%	14.3%	14.1%	12.9%	12.2%	11.5%
Number of s	servicing							
borrowers:								
Government servicing:	t 3,036,534	3,892,929	5,305,498	5,438,933	5,465,395	5,824,743	5,915,449	5,882,446
FFELP servicing:	1,799,484	1,626,146	1,462,122	1,426,435	1,390,541	1,404,619	1,397,295	1,358,551
Private servicing:	164,554	173,948	195,580	191,606	186,863	200,095	202,529	205,926
Total:	5,000,572	5,693,023	6,963,200	7,056,974	7,042,799	7,429,457	7,515,273	7,446,923
Number of remote hosted borrowers:	9,566,296	6,912,204	1,915,203	1,796,287	1,735,594	1,677,547	1,611,654	1,592,813

Summary and Comparison of Operating Results Three months ended March 31,			Additional information		
Net interest income	2015 \$7		2014 11		
Loan and guaranty servicing revenue	57,811		64,757		See table below for additional analysis.
Intersegment servicing revenue	12,871		14,221		Represents revenue earned by the LGS operating segment as a result of servicing loans for the AGM operating segment. Decrease was due to portfolio run-off.
Total other income	70,682		78,978		
Salaries and benefits	33,703		29,398		Increase due to additional personnel to support the increase in volume under the Department servicing contract.
Depreciation and amortization	446		419		
Other expenses	14,600		15,651		Decrease was due to a decrease in guaranty collection costs directly related to the decrease in guaranty collection revenue (see table below for additional information), partially offset by an increase in other costs to support the increase in volume under the Department servicing contract.
Intersegment expenses, net Total operating expenses	9,700 58,449		9,163 54,631		
Income before income taxes and corporate overhead allocation	12,240		24,358		
Corporate overhead allocation	(2,153)		(1,860)	
Income before income taxes Income tax expense	10,087 (3,834)		22,498 (8,549)	
Net income	\$6,253		13,949	,	
Before tax operating margin	14.3	%	28.5	%	This segment experienced a reduction in operating margin as a result of the implementation of previously announced federal budget reductions for guaranty agencies revenue. In addition, as the volume of loans serviced under the Department servicing contract continues to grow and loans serviced under the legacy commercial programs continue to run off, the Company expects operating margins to tighten accordingly.

The following table summarizes the components of "Loan and guaranty servicing revenue."

The lone wing were summands	Three months ended March 31,		Additional information
	2015	2014	
Government servicing	\$32,407	29,859	Increase due to an increase in the number of borrowers serviced under the Department servicing contract.
FFELP servicing	3,544	3,416	Over time, FFELP servicing revenue will decrease as third-party customers' FFELP portfolios run off.
Private servicing	3,039	2,484	Increase due to an increase in private loan servicing volume.
FFELP guaranty servicing	2,481	3,122	

FFELP guaranty collection	10,906	17,653	Decrease will continue as FFELP portfolios run off and guaranty volume decreases. The Company earns revenue from rehabilitating defaulted FFELP loans on behalf of guaranty agencies. Over time, this FFELP-related revenue source will decrease as FFELP portfolios continue to run off. Also, federal budget provisions that became effective July 1, 2014 have reduced payments by the Department to guaranty agencies for assisting student loan borrowers with the rehabilitation of defaulted loans under FFELP. Rehabilitation collection revenue was \$7.4 million and \$13.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. This revenue was negatively impacted in 2015 as a result of these federal budget provisions. The Company anticipates this revenue will continue to be negatively impacted as a result of these federal budget provisions. During the first quarter of 2014, the Company settled a billing dispute related to a prior period and recognized
Software services	4,868	7,631	revenue of \$2.2 million. Excluding revenue from this customer, software services revenue decreased in 2015 compared to 2014 due to a decrease in the number of borrowers from remote hosted customers.
Other	566	592	
Loan and guaranty servicing revenue	\$57,811	64,757	

TUITION PAYMENT PROCESSING AND CAMPUS COMMERCE OPERATING SEGMENT – RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This segment of the Company's business is subject to seasonal fluctuations which correspond, or are related to, the traditional school year. Tuition management revenue is recognized over the course of the academic term, but the peak operational activities take place in summer and early fall. Higher amounts of revenue are typically recognized during the first quarter due to fees related to grant and aid applications as well as online applications and enrollment services of RenWeb. The Company's operating expenses do not follow the seasonality of the revenues. This is primarily due to generally fixed year-round personnel costs and seasonal marketing costs. Based on the timing of revenue recognition and when expenses are incurred, revenue and pre-tax operating margin are higher in the first quarter as compared to the remainder of the year.

On June 3, 2014, the Company purchased RenWeb. The results of operations of RenWeb are reported in the Company's consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition. RenWeb's revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$5.9 million.

Summary and Comparison of Op	Summary and Comparison of Operating Results							
	Three months ended March 31,			Additional information				
	2015		2014					
Net interest income	\$2							
Tuition payment processing, school information, and campus commerce revenue	34,680		25,235		In addition to the acquisition of RenWeb referred to above, the remaining increase was due to an increase in the number of managed tuition payment plans, campus commerce customer transaction and payments volume, and new school customers.			
Salaries and benefits	13,321		10,027		Increase due primarily to the acquisition of RenWeb referred to above.			
Depreciation and amortization	2,195		1,428		Increase due to the additional amortization of intangibles from the acquisition of RenWeb referred to above. Amortization of intangible assets for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$2.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively.			
Other expenses	3,802		2,647		Increase due primarily to the acquisition of RenWeb referred to above.			
Intersegment expenses, net Total operating expenses	2,614 21,932		1,420 15,522					
Income before income taxes and corporate overhead allocation	12,750		9,713					
Corporate overhead allocation Income before income taxes Income tax expense	(862 11,888 (4,518)	(620 9,093 (3,455)				
Net income	\$7,370		5,638					
Before tax operating margin	34.3	%	36.0	%	Excluding the amortization of intangibles, before tax operating margin was 40.5% and 40.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.			

ASSET GENERATION AND MANAGEMENT OPERATING SEGMENT – RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Student Loan Portfolio

As of March 31, 2015, the Company had a \$27.9 billion student loan portfolio that will amortize over the next approximately 25 years. For a summary of the Company's student loan portfolio as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, see note 2 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this report.

Loan Activity

The following table sets forth the activity of loans:

Tillee months ene	icu maich 31,
2015	2014
\$28,223,908	26,121,306
836,112	387,258
(628,360)	(548,705)
(320,576)	(145,664)
(3,996)	-
\$28,107,088	25,814,195
	2015 \$28,223,908 836,112 (628,360 (320,576 (3,996))

Three months ended March 31

Allowance for Loan Losses and Loan Delinquencies

The Company maintains an allowance appropriate to absorb losses, net of recoveries, inherent in the portfolio of student loans, which results in periodic expense provisions for loan losses. Delinquencies have the potential to adversely impact the Company's earnings through increased servicing and collection costs and account charge-offs.

For a summary of the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and a summary of the Company's student loan delinquency amounts as of March 31, 2015, December 31, 2014, and March 31, 2014, see note 2 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this report.

The Company's provision for loan losses and charge-offs of federally insured loans has decreased during the first three months of 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. The Company's primary driver for loan growth has been acquiring student loan portfolios. The Company records loans acquired net of any credit exposure through a credit discount, separate from the allowance for loan losses. This credit discount is non-accretable to interest income. The Company continues to evaluate credit losses associated with purchased loans based on current information and changes in expectations to determine the need for any additional allowance for loan losses. The recent purchases of large loan portfolios have resulted in an increase in the non-accretable discount balance, but no additional allowance for loan losses associated with these recent loan portfolios has been necessary. In addition, as the Company's overall federally insured student loan portfolio continues to season with the length of time that loans are in active repayment, credit performance continues to improve.

Student Loan Spread Analysis

The following table analyzes the student loan spread on the Company's portfolio of student loans, which represents the spread between the yield earned on student loan assets and the costs of the liabilities and derivative instruments used to fund the assets.

	Three months ended					
	March 31,		December 3	1,	March 31,	
	2015		2014		2014	
Variable student loan yield, gross	2.53	%	2.56	%	2.50	%
Consolidation rebate fees	(0.84)	(0.84)	(0.80))
Discount accretion, net of premium and deferred origination costs amortization	0.04		0.05		0.05	
Variable student loan yield, net	1.73		1.77		1.75	
Student loan cost of funds - interest expense	(0.98))	(0.97)	(0.92)
Student loan cost of funds - derivative settlements	_		0.01		0.02	
Variable student loan spread	0.75		0.81		0.85	
Fixed rate floor income, net of settlements on derivatives	0.66		0.68		0.59	
Core student loan spread	1.41	%	1.49	%	1.44	%
Average balance of student loans	\$28,289,420		28,738,887		25,915,053	
Average balance of debt outstanding	28,460,627		28,877,939		25,826,656	

A trend analysis of the Company's core and variable student loan spreads is summarized below.

The interest earned on a large portion of the Company's FFELP student loan assets is indexed to the one-month LIBOR rate. The Company funds the majority of its assets with three-month LIBOR indexed floating rate

Variable student loan spread decreased during the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 as a result of recent acquisitions of consolidation loans, which have lower margins but longer terms.

⁽a) securities. The relationship between the indices in which the Company earns interest on its loans and funds such loans has a significant impact on student loan spread. This table (the right axis) shows the difference between the Company's liability base rate and the one-month LIBOR rate by quarter.

The primary difference between variable student loan spread and core student loan spread is fixed rate floor income. A summary of fixed rate floor income and its contribution to core student loan spread follows:

Three months ended

	Tince months chaca			
	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	March 31, 2014	
Fixed rate floor income, gross	\$51,259	54,248	44,794	
Derivative settlements (a)	(5,015)	(5,035)	(6,950)	
Fixed rate floor income, net	\$46,244	49,213	37,844	
Fixed rate floor income contribution to spread, net	0.66 %	0.68 %	0.59 %	

(a) Includes settlement payments on derivatives used to hedge student loans earning fixed rate floor income.

The high levels of fixed rate floor income earned during 2015 and 2014 are due to historically low interest rates. If interest rates remain low, the Company anticipates continuing to earn significant fixed rate floor income in future periods. See Item 3, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," which provides additional detail on the Company's portfolio earning fixed rate floor income and the derivatives used by the Company to hedge these loans.

Fixed rate floor income increased during the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to the same period in 2014, due to purchases of loans earning fixed rate floor income. In addition, as derivative instruments used to hedge student loans earning fixed rate floor income continue to expire, the Company is paying less in derivative settlements.

Summary and Comparison of Operating Results			
	Three mon March 31, 2015	ths ended 2014	Additional information
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	\$99,883	95,027	See table below for additional analysis. The primary component of other income is borrower late fees, which
Other income	4,576	4,164	were \$4.1 million and \$3.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.
Gain on sale of loans and debt repurchases	351	39	and 2011, respectively.
Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments, net	3,590	3,477	Includes (i) the unrealized gains and losses that are caused by changes in fair values of derivatives which do not qualify for "hedge treatment" under GAAP; and (ii) the foreign currency transaction gains or losses caused by the re-measurement of the Company's Euro-denominated bonds to U.S. dollars. The Company maintains an overall risk
Derivative settlements, net	(4,963)	(5,977	management strategy that incorporates the use of derivative instruments to reduce the economic effect of interest rate volatility. Derivative settlements for each applicable period should be evaluated with the Company's net interest income as reflected in the table below.
Total other income	3,554	1,703	
Salaries and benefits	541	609	Third party servicing fees have
Loan servicing fees	7,685	5,421	increased due to recent purchases of a significant amount of loans serviced at third parties.
Other expenses	1,068	1,725	1
Intersegment expenses, net	13,040	14,371	Amount includes fees paid to the LGS operating segment for the servicing of the Company's student loan portfolio. Decrease due to run off of the portfolio serviced by LGS.
Total operating expenses	22,334	22,126	501.1304 ey 200.
Income before income taxes and corporate overhead allocation	81,103	74,604	
Corporate overhead allocation		(1,329)
Income before income taxes Income tax expense	80,025 (30,409)	73,275 (27,844	
Net income	\$49,616	45,431	,

Additional information: Net income Derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments, net	,	45,431 (3,477	The Company provides non-GAAP information that reflects specific items management believes to be important in
Tax effect	1,364	1,321	the evaluation of its operating results. The Company believes the point-in-time estimates of asset and liability values related to its derivatives and Euro-denominated bonds that are
Net income, excluding derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments	\$47,390	43,275	subject to interest and currency rate fluctuations affect the period-to-period comparability of the results of operations. These items are excluded here for comparability purposes.

The following table summarizes the components of "net interest income after provision for loan losses" and "derivative settlements, net."

•	Three mon March 31,	ths ended	Additional information
	2015	2014	
Variable interest income, net of settlements on derivatives	\$176,477	160,949	Increase due to an increase in the average student loan portfolio and an increase in the gross yield earned on student loans, net of settlements on derivatives.
Consolidation rebate fees	(58,871)	(51,323)	Increase due to an increase in the average consolidation loan balance.
Discount accretion, net of premium and deferred origination costs amortization	3,131	3,449	
Interest on bonds and notes payable	(70,104)	(58,679)	Increase due to an increase in the average debt outstanding and increase in cost of funds.
Variable student loan interest margin, net of settlements on derivatives	50,633	54,396	
Fixed rate floor income, net of settlements on derivatives	46,244	37,844	The high levels of fixed rate floor income earned are due to historically low interest rates. Fixed rate floor income has increased year over year due to recent purchases of loans earning fixed rate floor income.
Investment interest	479	107	
Intercompany interest	(436)	(797)	
Provision for loan losses - federally insured	(2,000)	(3,000)	
Recovery of loan losses - private education loans	_	500	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses (no of settlements on derivatives)	et\$94,920	89,050	

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's fee generating businesses are non-capital intensive and all produce positive operating cash flows. As such, a minimal amount of debt and equity capital is allocated to the fee-based segments and any liquidity or capital needs are satisfied using cash flow from operations. Therefore, the Liquidity and Capital Resources discussion is concentrated on the Company's liquidity and capital needs to meet existing debt obligations in the Asset Generation and Management operating segment.

Sources of Liquidity Currently Available

The Company has historically generated positive cash flow from operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company's net cash provided by operating activities was \$129.3 million and \$357.4 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2015, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$100.0 million. The Company also had a portfolio of available-for-sale and trading investments, consisting primarily of student loan asset-backed securities, with a fair value of \$146.8 million as of March 31, 2015.

In addition, the Company has a \$350.0 million unsecured line of credit that matures on June 30, 2019. As of March 31, 2015, nothing was outstanding on the unsecured line of credit and \$350.0 million was available for future use.

As part of the Company's asset-backed securitizations, the Company has purchased certain of the Class B subordinated note tranches. In addition, the Company has repurchased certain of its own asset-backed securities (bonds and notes payable) in the secondary market. For accounting purposes, these notes are effectively retired and are not included on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. However, these securities are legally outstanding at the trust level and the Company could sell these notes to third parties or redeem the notes at par as cash is generated by the trust estate. Upon a sale of these notes to third parties, the Company would obtain cash proceeds equal to the market value of the notes on the date of such sale. As of March 31, 2015, the Company holds \$61.1 million (par value) of its own asset-backed securities that are not included in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company intends to use its liquidity position to capitalize on market opportunities, including FFELP and private education loan acquisitions; strategic acquisitions and investments; and capital management initiatives, including stock repurchases, debt repurchases, and dividend distributions. Dependent upon the timing and size of the opportunities, the Company may continue to accumulate additional cash and investments.

Cash Flows

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company generated \$129.3 million from operating activities, compared to \$88.6 million for the same period in 2014. The increase in cash provided by operating activities reflects changes in the adjustments to net income for non-cash depreciation and amortization, non-cash fair value adjustments for derivatives, proceeds from terminating certain derivative instrument contracts, and an increase in other liabilities during the three months ended March 31, 2015. These factors were partially offset by the non-cash foreign currency transaction adjustment related to the Company's Euro denominated bonds payable. Accrued interest on loans purchased is included in cash flows from operating activities in the respective period. Net purchased accrued interest was \$24.1 million and \$3.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The primary items included in the statement of cash flows for investing activities are the purchase and repayment of student loans. The primary items included in financing activities are the proceeds from the issuance of and payments on bonds and notes payable used to fund student loans. Cash provided by investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$31.8 million and \$340.5 million, respectively, and cash used in financing activities was \$191.6 million and \$385.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Investing and financing activities are further addressed in the discussion that follows.

Liquidity Needs and Sources of Liquidity Available to Satisfy Debt Obligations Secured by Student Loan Assets and Related Collateral

The following table shows the Company's debt obligations outstanding that are secured by student loan assets and related collateral.

As of March 31, 2015

	Carrying amount	Final maturity
Bonds and notes issued in asset-backed securitizations	\$27,047,703	8/26/19 - 8/26/52
FFELP warehouse facilities	1,010,258	1/17/16 - 12/17/17
Other borrowings	82,305	11/11/15 - 12/31/18
	\$28,140,266	

Bonds and Notes Issued in Asset-backed Securitizations

The majority of the Company's portfolio of student loans is funded in asset-backed securitizations that are structured to substantially match the maturity of the funded assets, thereby minimizing liquidity risk. In addition, due to (i) the difference between the yield the Company receives on the loans and cost of financing within these transactions, and (ii) the servicing and administration fees the Company earns from these transactions, the Company has created a portfolio that will generate earnings and significant cash flow over the life of these transactions.

As of March 31, 2015, based on cash flow models developed to reflect management's current estimate of, among other factors, prepayments, defaults, deferment, forbearance, and interest rates, the Company currently expects future undiscounted cash flows from its portfolio to be approximately \$2.27 billion as detailed below. The \$2.27 billion includes approximately \$588.5 million (as of March 31, 2015) of overcollateralization included in the asset-backed

securitizations. These excess net asset positions are reflected variously in the following balances in the consolidated balance sheet: "student loans receivable," "restricted cash and investments," and "accrued interest receivable."

The forecasted cash flow presented below includes all loans funded in asset-backed securitizations as of March 31, 2015. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had \$26.9 billion of loans included in asset-backed securitizations, which represented 96.3 percent of its total FFELP student loan portfolio. The forecasted cash flow does not include cash flows that the Company expects to receive related to loans funded in its warehouse facilities as of March 31, 2015 or loans acquired subsequent to March 31, 2015.

FFELP Asset-backed Securitization Cash Flow Forecast \$2.27 billion (dollars below in millions)

The Company uses various assumptions, including prepayments and future interest rates, when preparing its cash flow forecast. These assumptions are further discussed below.

Prepayments: The primary variable in establishing a life of loan estimate is the level and timing of prepayments. Prepayment rates equal the amount of loans that prepay annually as a percentage of the beginning of period balance, net of scheduled principal payments. A number of factors can affect estimated prepayment rates, including the level of consolidation activity and default rates. Should any of these factors change, management may revise its assumptions, which in turn would impact the projected future cash flow. The Company's cash flow forecast above assumes prepayment rates that are generally consistent with those utilized in the Company's recent asset-backed securitization transactions. If management used a prepayment rate assumption two times greater than what was used to forecast the cash flow, the cash flow forecast would be reduced by approximately \$250 million to \$310 million.

Interest rates: The Company funds a large portion of its student loans with three-month LIBOR indexed floating rate securities. Meanwhile, the interest earned on the Company's student loan assets is indexed primarily to a one-month LIBOR rate. The different interest rate characteristics of the Company's loan assets and liabilities funding these assets result in basis risk. The Company's cash flow forecast assumes three-month LIBOR will exceed one-month LIBOR by 12 basis points for the life of the portfolio, which approximates the historical relationship between these indices. If the forecast is computed assuming a spread of 24 basis points between three-month and one-month LIBOR for the life of the portfolio, the cash flow forecast would be reduced by approximately \$120 million to \$160 million.

The Company uses the current forward interest rate yield curve to forecast cash flows. A change in the forward interest rate curve would impact the future cash flows generated from the portfolio. An increase in future interest rates will reduce the amount of fixed rate floor income the Company is currently receiving. The Company attempts to mitigate the impact of a rise in short-term rates by hedging interest rate risks. As of March 31, 2015, the net fair value of the Company's interest rate derivatives used to hedge loans earning fixed rate floor income was a net liability of \$4.7 million. See Item 3, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk — Interest Rate Risk."

FFELP Warehouse Facilities

The Company funds a portion of its FFELP loan acquisitions using its FFELP warehouse facilities. Student loan warehousing allows the Company to buy and manage student loans prior to transferring them into more permanent financing arrangements. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had three FFELP warehouse facilities with an aggregate maximum financing amount available of \$2.0 billion, of which \$1.0 billion was outstanding, and \$1.0 billion was available for future use. Of the three facilities, one facility provides for formula-based advance rates, depending on FFELP loan type, up to a maximum of the principal and interest of loans financed. The advance rate for collateral may increase or decrease based on market conditions. The other two FFELP warehouse facilities have static advance rates that require initial equity for loan funding, but do not require increased equity based on market movements. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had \$55.2 million advanced as equity support on its FFELP warehouse facilities. For further discussion of the Company's FFELP warehouse facilities outstanding at March 31, 2015, see note 3 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this report.

Upon termination or expiration of the warehouse facilities, the Company would expect to access the securitization market, obtain replacement warehouse facilities, use operating cash, consider the sale of assets, or transfer collateral to satisfy any remaining obligations.

Other Uses of Liquidity

Effective July 1, 2010, no new loan originations can be made under the FFEL Program and all new federal loan originations must be made through the Federal Direct Loan Program. As a result, the Company no longer originates new FFELP loans, but continues to acquire FFELP loan portfolios from third parties and believes additional loan purchase opportunities exist.

The Company plans to fund future FFELP student loan acquisitions using current cash and investments; using its Union Bank participation agreement (as described below); using its FFELP warehouse facilities (as described above); and continuing to access the asset-backed securitization market.

In addition, the Company has entered into an agreement in which it is committed to purchase private education loans. On February 5, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with CommonBond, Inc. ("CommonBond"), a student lending company that provides private education loans to graduate students, under which the Company committed to purchase up to \$150.0 million of private education loans. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had purchased \$15.2 million in private education loans from CommonBond pursuant to this agreement. The Company intends to use operating cash and its unsecured line of credit to initially fund these private education loans. The Company is currently forming a private education loan warehouse facility to be used to pool loans before financing them under more permanent securitization financing arrangements. If the Company is not successful in establishing specific financing facilities for private education loans, the Company's liquidity could be adversely affected and the Company's opportunities to purchase additional such loans could be limited.

Union Bank Participation Agreement

The Company maintains an agreement with Union Bank, as trustee for various grantor trusts, under which Union Bank has agreed to purchase from the Company participation interests in student loans. As of March 31, 2015, \$523.4 million of loans were subject to outstanding participation interests held by Union Bank, as trustee, under this agreement. The agreement automatically renews annually and is terminable by either party upon five business days notice. This agreement provides beneficiaries of Union Bank's grantor trusts with access to investments in interests in student loans, while providing liquidity to the Company. The Company can participate loans to Union Bank to the extent of availability under the grantor trusts, up to \$750 million or an amount in excess of \$750 million if mutually

agreed to by both parties. Loans participated under this agreement have been accounted for by the Company as loan sales. Accordingly, the participation interests sold are not included in the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

Asset-backed Securitization Transactions

During the first quarter of 2015, the Company completed two asset-backed securitizations totaling \$1.3 billion. Depending on market conditions, the Company anticipates continuing to access the asset-backed securitization market. Asset-backed securitization transactions would be used to refinance student loans included in the FFELP warehouse facilities, including additional purchased FFELP loans, and/or existing asset-backed securitizations.

Liquidity Impact Related to Hedging Activities

The Company utilizes derivative instruments to manage interest rate sensitivity. By using derivative instruments, the Company is exposed to market risk which could impact its liquidity. Based on the derivative portfolio outstanding as of March 31, 2015, the Company does not currently anticipate any movement in interest rates having a material impact on its capital or liquidity profile, nor does the Company expect that any movement in interest rates would have a material impact on its ability to meet potential collateral deposits with its counterparties. However, if interest rates move materially and negatively impact the fair value of the Company's derivative portfolio or if the Company enters into additional derivatives for which the fair value becomes negative, the Company could be required to deposit additional collateral with its derivative instrument counterparties and/or a third-party clearinghouse. The collateral deposits, if significant, could negatively impact the Company's liquidity and capital resources. As of March 31, 2015, the fair value of the Company's derivatives which were subject to collateral exposure with counterparties and/or a clearinghouse and had a negative fair value (a liability in the Company's balance sheet), was \$15.3 million. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had \$12.0 million of collateral deposited with counterparties or a clearinghouse related to its derivative portfolio.

Other Debt Facilities

As previously discussed, the Company has a \$350.0 million unsecured line of credit with a maturity date of June 30, 2019. As of March 31, 2015, nothing was outstanding on the unsecured line of credit and \$350.0 million was available for future use.

The Company has issued Hybrid Securities that have a final maturity of September 15, 2061. The Hybrid Securities are unsecured obligations of the Company. As of March 31, 2015, \$59.8 million of Hybrid Securities were outstanding.

Debt Repurchases

Due to the Company's positive liquidity position and opportunities in the capital markets, the Company has repurchased its own debt over the last several years, and may continue to do so in the future. Gains recorded by the Company from the repurchase of debt are included in "gain on sale of loans and debt repurchases" on the Company's consolidated statements of income. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recognized a gain of approximately \$2.5 million from the repurchase of \$11.9 million (par value) of its own Hybrid Securities.

Stock Repurchases

The Board of Directors has authorized a stock repurchase program to repurchase up to a total of five million shares of the Company's Class A common stock during the three-year period ending May 24, 2015. Shares may be repurchased from time to time depending on various factors, including share prices and other potential uses of liquidity. Shares repurchased by the Company during the first three months of 2015 are shown below. For additional information on stock repurchases during the first quarter of 2015, see "Stock Repurchases" under Part II, Item 2 of this report.

	Total shares repurchased	Purchase price (in thousands)	shares repurchased (per share)
Quarter ended March 31, 2015	175,798	\$7,939	45.16

As of March 31, 2015, 3,370,612 shares remain authorized for repurchase under this stock repurchase program. In March 2015, the Board of Directors authorized a new stock repurchase program to repurchase up to a total of five million shares of the Company's Class A common stock during the three-year period ending May 24, 2018. The five

million shares authorized under the new program include the remaining un-repurchased shares from the current program, which the new program will replace.

Dividends

On March 13, 2015, the Company paid a first quarter 2015 cash dividend on the Company's Class A and Class B common stock of \$0.10 per share. In addition, the Company's Board of Directors has declared a second quarter 2015 cash dividend on the Company's outstanding shares of Class A and Class B common stock of \$0.10 per share. The second quarter cash dividend will be paid on June 15, 2015, to shareholders of record at the close of business on June 1, 2015.

The Company currently plans to continue making regular quarterly dividend payments, subject to future earnings, capital requirements, financial condition, and other factors. In addition, the payment of dividends is subject to the terms of the Company's

outstanding Hybrid Securities, which generally provide that if the Company defers interest payments on those securities it cannot pay dividends on its capital stock.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on its financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources that are material to investors.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2014, the FASB issued accounting guidance regarding the recognition of revenue from contracts with customers, which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. This guidance will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance once it becomes effective on January 1, 2017, subject to a proposal by the FASB in April 2015 to defer the effective date by one year. Early application is not permitted, and the standard allows the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Company is evaluating the impact this standard will have on its ongoing financial reporting, and has not yet selected a method of transition.

In February 2015, the FASB issued accounting guidance regarding consolidation analysis, which amends current guidance and changes the way reporting entities evaluate whether (i) the entity should consolidate limited partnerships and similar entities, (ii) fees paid to a decision maker or service provider are variable interests in a variable interest entity ("VIE"), and (iii) variable interests in a VIE held by related parties of the reporting entity require the reporting entity to consolidate the VIE. This guidance is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2016; however, early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact this standard will have on its ongoing financial reporting.

In April 2015, the FASB issued accounting guidance regarding the presentation of debt issuance costs, which are currently recognized as a separate asset on the Company's balance sheet. The new guidance requires that entities present debt issuance costs related to a debt liability as a direct deduction from that liability on the balance sheet. This guidance will be effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2016. Early adoption of the new standard is permitted for financial statements that have not yet been issued, and adoption should be applied retrospectively. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had \$71.5 million of debt issuance costs that is included in "other assets" on the consolidated balance sheet. This pronouncement will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK (All dollars are in thousands, except share amounts, unless otherwise noted)

Interest Rate Risk

The Company's primary market risk exposure arises from fluctuations in its borrowing and lending rates, the spread between which could impact the Company due to shifts in market interest rates.

The following table sets forth the Company's loan assets and debt instruments by interest rate characteristics:

	As of March 31, 2015		As of December 31, 2014			
	Dollars	Percent		Dollars	Percent	
Fixed-rate loan assets	\$12,398,756	44.1	%	\$12,700,494	45.0	%
Variable-rate loan assets	15,708,332	55.9		15,523,414	55.0	

Total	\$28,107,088	100.0	%	\$28,223,908	100.0	%
Fixed-rate debt instruments	\$ —	_	%	\$—	_	%
Variable-rate debt instruments	28,200,103	100.0		28,420,422	100.0	
Total	\$28,200,103	100.0	%	\$28,420,422	100.0	%

FFELP loans originated prior to April 1, 2006 generally earn interest at the higher of the borrower rate, which is fixed over a period of time, or a floating rate based on the Special Allowance Payments ("SAP") formula set by the Department. The SAP rate is based on an applicable index plus a fixed spread that depends on loan type, origination date, and repayment status. The Company generally finances its student loan portfolio with variable rate debt. In low and/or certain declining interest rate environments, when the fixed borrower rate is higher than the SAP rate, these student loans earn at a fixed rate while the interest on the variable

rate debt typically continues to reflect the low and/or declining interest rates. In these interest rate environments, the Company may earn additional spread income that it refers to as floor income.

Depending on the type of loan and when it was originated, the borrower rate is either fixed to term or is reset to an annual rate each July 1. As a result, for loans where the borrower rate is fixed to term, the Company may earn floor income for an extended period of time, which the Company refers to as fixed rate floor income, and for those loans where the borrower rate is reset annually on July 1, the Company may earn floor income to the next reset date, which the Company refers to as variable rate floor income. All FFELP loans first originated on or after April 1, 2006 effectively earn at the SAP rate, since lenders are required to rebate fixed rate floor income and variable rate floor income for those loans to the Department.

No variable-rate floor income was earned by the Company during 2014 and 2015. A summary of fixed rate floor income earned by the Company follows.

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2015	2014	
Fixed rate floor income, gross	\$51,259	44,794	
Derivative settlements (a)	(5,015) (6,950)
Fixed rate floor income, net	\$46,244	37,844	

(a) Includes settlement payments on derivatives used to hedge student loans earning fixed rate floor income.

The high levels of fixed rate floor income earned during 2015 and 2014 are due to historically low interest rates. If interest rates remain low, the Company anticipates continuing to earn significant fixed rate floor income in future periods.

Fixed rate floor income has increased during the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the same period in 2014 due to recent purchases of loans earning fixed rate floor income. In addition, as derivative instruments used to hedge student loans earning fixed rate floor income continue to expire, the Company is paying less in derivative settlements.

Absent the use of derivative instruments, a rise in interest rates may reduce the amount of floor income received and this may have an impact on earnings due to interest margin compression caused by increasing financing costs, until such time as the federally insured loans earn interest at a variable rate in accordance with their SAP formulas. In higher interest rate environments, where the interest rate rises above the borrower rate and fixed rate loans effectively become variable rate loans, the impact of the rate fluctuations is reduced.

The following graph depicts fixed rate floor income for a borrower with a fixed rate of 6.75% and a SAP rate of 2.64%:

The following table shows the Company's student loan assets that were earning fixed rate floor income as of March 31, 2015.

	Borrower/	Estimated	
Fixed	lender	variable	
interest	weighted	conversion	Loan
rate range	average yield	rate (a)	balance
< 3.0%	2.88%	0.24%	\$1,805,151
3.0 - 3.49%	3.19%	0.55%	2,266,800
3.5 - 3.99%	3.65%	1.01%	2,219,177
4.0 - 4.49%	4.20%	1.56%	1,696,214
4.5 - 4.99%	4.72%	2.08%	1,050,092
5.0 - 5.49%	5.22%	2.58%	661,683
5.5 - 5.99%	5.67%	3.03%	383,874
6.0 - 6.49%	6.18%	3.54%	447,053
6.5 - 6.99%	6.70%	4.06%	426,004
7.0 - 7.49%	7.17%	4.53%	178,772
7.5 - 7.99%	7.71%	5.07%	305,639
8.0 - 8.99%	8.18%	5.54%	689,526
> 9.0%	9.04%	6.40%	268,771
			\$12,398,756

The estimated variable conversion rate is the estimated short-term interest rate at which loans would convert to a (a) variable rate. As of March 31, 2015, the weighted average estimated variable conversion rate was 1.84% and the short-term interest rate was 17 basis points.

The following table summarizes the outstanding derivative instruments as of March 31, 2015 used by the Company to economically hedge loans earning fixed rate floor income.

Weighted average fixed rate paid by the

Maturity	Notional amount	Weighted average fixed rate paid by the		
Maturity	Notional amount	Company (a)		
2015	\$1,100,000	0.89	%	
2016	750,000	0.85		
2017	1,350,000	0.85		
2018	100,000	1.02		
2025	100,000	2.32		
2045	25,000	2.46		
	\$3,425,000	0.92	%	

(a) For all interest rate derivatives, the Company receives discrete three-month LIBOR.

The Company is also exposed to interest rate risk in the form of basis risk and repricing risk because the interest rate characteristics of the Company's assets do not match the interest rate characteristics of the funding for those assets. The following table presents the Company's FFELP student loan assets and related funding for those assets arranged by underlying indices as of March 31, 2015:

Index	Frequency of variable resets	Assets	Debt outstanding that funded student loan
	variable resets		assets
1 month LIBOR (a)	Daily	\$27,078,886	
3 month Treasury bill	Daily	896,689	
3 month LIBOR (a) (b)	Quarterly	_	15,715,523
1 month LIBOR	Monthly		10,672,120
Auction-rate (c)	Varies	_	1,197,065
Asset-backed commercial paper (d)	Varies	_	473,253
Other (e)		164,691	82,305
		\$28,140,266	28,140,266

The Company has certain basis swaps outstanding in which the Company receives three-month LIBOR and pays (a) one-month LIBOR plus or minus a spread as defined in the agreements (the "1:3 Basis Swaps"). The Company entered into these derivative instruments to better match the interest rate characteristics on its student loan assets and the debt funding such assets. The following table summarizes these derivatives as of March 31, 2015:

Maturity	Notional amount	
2016	\$1,000,000	
2022	1,900,000	
2023	2,400,000	
2026	800,000	
	\$6,100,000	(1)

(1) The weighted average rate paid by the Company on the 1:3 Basis Swaps as of March 31, 2015 was one-month LIBOR plus 6.0 basis points.

The Company has Euro-denominated notes that reprice on the EURIBOR index. The Company has entered into a

derivative instrument (cross-currency interest rate swap) that converts the EURIBOR index to three-month LIBOR. As a result, these notes are reflected in the three-month LIBOR category in the above table. See "Foreign Currency" Exchange Risk."

The interest rates on certain of the Company's asset-backed securities are set and periodically reset via a "dutch auction" ("Auction Rate Securities"). As of March 31, 2015, the Company was sponsor for \$1.2 billion of Auction Rate Securities. Since February 2008, problems in the auction rate securities market as a whole

- have led to failures of the auctions pursuant to which the Company's Auction Rate Securities' interest rates (c) are set. As a result, the Auction Rate Securities generally pay interest to the holder at a maximum rate as defined by the indenture. While these rates will vary, they will generally be based on a spread to LIBOR or Treasury Securities, or the Net Loan Rate as defined in the financing documents.
- The interest rates on certain of the Company's warehouse facilities are indexed to asset-backed commercial paper
- (e) Assets include restricted cash and investments and other assets. Debt outstanding includes other debt obligations secured by student loan assets and related collateral.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables summarize the effect on the Company's earnings, based upon a sensitivity analysis performed by the Company assuming hypothetical increases in interest rates of 100 basis points and 300 basis points while funding spreads remain constant. In addition, a sensitivity analysis was performed assuming the funding index increases 10 basis points and 30 basis points while holding the asset index constant, if the funding index is different than the asset index. The sensitivity analysis was performed on the Company's variable rate assets (including loans earning fixed rate floor income) and liabilities. The analysis includes the effects of the Company's interest rate and basis swaps in existence during these periods.

m emotence during mose p	Interest rates				Asset and funding index mismatches						
	Change from increase C of 100 basis points			Change from increase of 300 basis points		Increase of 10 basis points		points		18	
	Dollars	Percent		Dollars	Percen		Dollars	Percent	Dollars	Percen	ıt
				1arch 31, 20							
Effect on earnings:											
Decrease in pre-tax net											
income before impact of	\$(19,784)	(19.3)%	\$(34,067)	(33.3)%	\$(4,207)	(4.1)%	\$(12,622)	(12.3)%
derivative settlements											
Impact of derivative settlements	8,000	7.8		24,000	23.4		1,562	1.5	4,687	4.6	
Increase (decrease) in net	* (4.4 = 0.4)		. ~	4.40.05	(0.0	\ ~	* (* * * * * * * * * *	(2.6.)	* (= 00 7)		. ~
income before taxes	\$(11,784)	(11.5)%	\$(10,067)	(9.9)%	\$(2,645)	(2.6)%	\$(7,935)	(7.7)%
Increase (decrease) in basi	c										
and diluted earnings per	\$(0.16)			\$(0.13)			\$(0.04)		\$(0.11)		
share											
	Three mon	the ende	d N	March 31, 20	114						
Effect on earnings:	Tince mon	itiis ciide	u iv	1arch 51, 20	717						
Decrease in pre-tax net											
income before impact of	\$(16,934)	(14.7)%	\$(28,643)	(24.9)%	\$(4,076)	(3.5)%	\$(12,228)	(10.6)%
derivative settlements											
Impact of derivative	11,959	10.4		35,877	31.2		1,886	1.6	5,659	4.9	
settlements	,			,			•		,		
Increase (decrease) in net income before taxes	\$(4,975)	(4.3)%	\$7,234	6.3	%	\$(2,190)	(1.9)%	\$(6,569)	(5.7)%
Increase (decrease) in basi	c										
and diluted earnings per	\$(0.07)			\$0.10			\$(0.03)		\$(0.09)		
share									,		

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

The Company has issued €352.7 million Euro Notes with interest rates based on a spread to the EURIBOR index. As a result, the Company is exposed to the market risk related to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and Euro. The Company has entered into a cross-currency interest rate swap in connection with the issuance of the Euro Notes. See note 4 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information, including a summary of the terms of this derivative instrument agreement and the related financial statement impact.

Financial Statement Impact – Derivatives and Foreign Currency Transaction Adjustments

For a table summarizing the effect of derivative instruments in the consolidated statements of income, including the components of "derivative market value and foreign currency adjustments and derivative settlements, net" included in the consolidated statements of income, see note 4 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this report.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under supervision and with the participation of certain members of the Company's management, including the chief executive and chief financial officers, the Company completed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in SEC Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based on this evaluation, the Company's principal executive and principal financial officers concluded that the disclosure controls and

procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in reports the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the chief executive and chief financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the Company's last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the information set forth under "Legal Proceedings and Regulatory Matters - Legal Proceedings" in note 12 of the notes to consolidated financial statements included under Part I, Item 1 of this report.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 in response to Item 1A of Part I of such Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Stock Repurchases

The following table summarizes the repurchases of Class A common stock during the first quarter of 2015 by the Company or any "affiliated purchaser" of the Company, as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Certain share repurchases included in the table below were made pursuant to a trading plan adopted by the Company in accordance with Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Period	Total number of shares purchased (a)	Average price paid per share	shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (b)	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (b)
January 1 - January 31, 2015	84,676	\$44.30	83,613	3,437,353
February 1 - February 28, 2015	26,008	44.00	25,217	3,412,136
March 1 - March 31, 2015	65,114	46.73	41,524	3,370,612
Total	175,798	\$45.16	150,354	

The total number of shares includes: (i) shares repurchased pursuant to the stock repurchase program discussed in footnote (b) below; and (ii) shares owned and tendered by employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations upon the vesting of restricted shares. Shares of Class A common stock tendered by employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations included 1,063 shares, 791 shares, and 23,590 shares in January, February, and March 2015, respectively. Unless otherwise indicated, shares owned and tendered by employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations were purchased at the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of vesting.

On May 9, 2012, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had authorized a stock repurchase program to repurchase up to a total of five million shares of the Company's Class A common stock during the three-year period ending May 24, 2015. On May 7, 2015, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had authorized (b) a new stock repurchase program to repurchase up to a total of five million shares of the Company's Class A common stock during the three-year period ending May 24, 2018. The five million shares authorized under the new program include the remaining un-repurchased shares from the current program, which the new program will replace.

Working capital and dividend restrictions/limitations

The Company's credit facilities, including its revolving line of credit which is available through June 30, 2019, impose restrictions with respect to the Company's minimum consolidated net worth, the ratio of the Company's adjusted EBITDA to corporate debt interest, the indebtedness of the Company's subsidiaries, and the ratio of non-FFELP loans to all loans in the Company's portfolio. In addition, trust indentures and other financing agreements governing debt issued by the Company's education lending subsidiaries may have general limitations on the amounts of funds that can be transferred to the Company by its subsidiaries through cash dividends.

The supplemental indenture for the Company's Hybrid Securities issued in September 2006 provides that so long as any Hybrid Securities remain outstanding, if the Company gives notice of its election to defer interest payments but the related deferral period has not yet commenced or a deferral period is continuing, then the Company will not, and will not permit any of its subsidiaries to:

declare or pay any dividends or distributions on, or redeem, purchase, acquire or make a liquidation payment regarding, any of the Company's capital stock.

except as required in connection with the repayment of principal, and except for any partial payments of deferred interest that may be made through the alternative payment mechanism described in the Hybrid Securities indenture, make any payment of principal of, or interest or premium, if any, on, or repay, repurchase, or redeem any of the Company's debt securities that rank pari passu with or junior to the Hybrid Securities.

make any guarantee payments regarding any guarantee by the Company of the subordinated debt securities of any of the Company's subsidiaries if the guarantee ranks pari passu with or junior in interest to the Hybrid Securities.

In addition, if any deferral period lasts longer than one year, the limitation on the Company's ability to redeem or repurchase any of its securities that rank pari passu with or junior in interest to the Hybrid Securities will continue until the first anniversary of the date on which all deferred interest has been paid or canceled.

If the Company is involved in a business combination where immediately after its consummation more than 50% of the surviving entity's voting stock is owned by the shareholders of the other party to the business combination, then the immediately preceding sentence will not apply to any deferral period that is terminated on the next interest payment date following the date of consummation of the business combination.

However, at any time, including during a deferral period, the Company will be permitted to:

pay dividends or distributions in additional shares of the Company's capital stock.

declare or pay a dividend in connection with the implementation of a shareholders' rights plan, or issue stock under such a plan, or redeem or repurchase any rights distributed pursuant to such a plan.

purchase common stock for issuance pursuant to any employee benefit plans.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

10.1	Amendment No. 4 dated as of February 13, 2015 to Credit Agreement dated as of February 17, 2012, by and among Nelnet, Inc., U.S. Bank National Association, as Agent for the Lenders, and various lender parties thereto, filed as Exhibit 10.34 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and incorporated by reference herein.
31.1*	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Chief Executive Officer Jeffrey R. Noordhoek.
31.2*	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Chief Financial Officer James D. Kruger.
32**	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

^{*} Filed herewith

^{**} Furnished herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NELNET, INC.

Date: May 7, 2015 By: /s/ JEFFREY R. NOORDHOEK

Name: Jeffrey R. Noordhoek
Title: Chief Executive Officer
Principal Executive Officer

By: /s/ JAMES D. KRUGER

Date: May 7, 2015 Name: James D. Kruger

Title: Chief Financial Officer

Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer