REGIONS FINANCIAL CORP Form 10-Q May 07, 2014 <u>Table of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

ý Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

or

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-34034

Regions Financial Corporation (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	63-0589368 (IRS Employer Identification No.)
1900 Fifth Avenue North Birmingham, Alabama	35203
(Address of principal executive offices) (800) 734-4667	(Zip Code)
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
NOT APPLICABLE	
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if change	ged since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  $\circ$  Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).  $\circ$  Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer  $\checkmark$  Accelerated filer"

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes  $\circ$  No

The number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock was 1,379,007,243 shares of common stock, par value \$.01, outstanding as of May 2, 2014.

#### REGIONS FINANCIAL CORPORATION FORM 10-Q INDEX

		Page
Part I. Finance	tial Information	
Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets—March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013	<u>5</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Income—Three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	<u>6</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)-Three months ended Marc	сhj
	<u>31, 2014 and 2013</u>	<u>/</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity-Three months ended	0
	March 31, 2014 and 2013	<u>8</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows-Three months ended March 31, 2014 and 20	1 <u>9</u>
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>10</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of	51
nem 2.	Operations	<u>51</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	<u>82</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>82</u>
Part II. Other	Information	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	<u>83</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	83
Item 6.	Exhibits	<u>85</u>
<u>Signatures</u>		<u>86</u>

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, other periodic reports filed by Regions Financial Corporation under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any other written or oral statements made by or on behalf may include forward-looking statements as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The terms "Regions," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" mean Regions Financial Corporation, a Delaware corporation, and its subsidiaries when appropriate. The words "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "seeks," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "target "projects," "outlook," "forecast," "will," "may," "could," "should," "can," and similar expressions often signify forward-lookin statements. Forward-looking statements are not based on historical information, but rather are related to future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments. Forward-looking statements are based on management is expectations as well as certain assumptions and estimates made by, and information available to, management at the time the statements are made. Those statements are based on general assumptions and are subject to various risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from the views, beliefs and projections expressed in such statements. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to, those described below:

Current and future economic and market conditions in the United States generally or in the communities we serve, including the effects of declines in property values, unemployment rates and potential reduction of economic growth. Possible changes in trade, monetary and fiscal policies of, and other activities undertaken by, governments, agencies, central banks and similar organizations.

The effects of a possible downgrade in the U.S. government's sovereign credit rating or outlook.

Possible changes in market interest rates.

Any impairment of our goodwill or other intangibles, or any adjustment of valuation allowances on our deferred tax assets due to adverse changes in the economic environment, declining operations of the reporting unit, or other factors.

Possible changes in the creditworthiness of customers and the possible impairment of the collectability of loans. Changes in the speed of loan prepayments, loan origination and sale volumes, charge-offs, loan loss provisions or actual loan losses.

Possible acceleration of prepayments on mortgage-backed securities due to low interest rates, and the related acceleration of premium amortization on those securities.

Our ability to effectively compete with other financial services companies, some of whom possess greater financial resources than we do and are subject to different regulatory standards than we are.

Loss of customer checking and savings account deposits as customers pursue other, higher-yield investments.

Our ability to develop and gain acceptance from current and prospective customers for new products and services in a timely manner.

Changes in laws and regulations affecting our businesses, including changes in the enforcement and interpretation of such laws and regulations by applicable governmental and self-regulatory agencies.

Our ability to obtain regulatory approval (as part of the CCAR process or otherwise) to take certain capital actions, including paying dividends and any plans to increase common stock dividends, repurchase common stock under current or future programs, or issue or redeem preferred stock or other regulatory capital instruments.

Our ability to comply with applicable capital and liquidity requirements (including finalized Basel III capital standards), including our ability to generate capital internally or raise capital on favorable terms.

The costs and other effects (including reputational harm) of any adverse judicial, administrative, or arbitral rulings or proceedings, regulatory enforcement actions, or other legal actions to which we or any of our subsidiaries are a party. Any adverse change to our ability to collect interchange fees in a profitable manner, whether such change is the result of regulation, litigation, legislation, or other governmental action.

Our ability to manage fluctuations in the value of assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet exposure so as to maintain sufficient capital and liquidity to support our business.

Possible changes in consumer and business spending and saving habits and the related effect on our ability to increase assets and to attract deposits.

Any inaccurate or incomplete information provided to us by our customers or counterparties.

Inability of our framework to manage risks associated with our business, including operational risk and credit risk.

- The inability of our internal disclosure controls and procedures to prevent, detect or mitigate any material errors or fraudulent acts.
  - The effects of geopolitical instability, including wars, conflicts and terrorist
- attacks.

The effects of man-made and natural disasters, including fires, floods, droughts, tornadoes, hurricanes and environmental damage.

Our ability to keep pace with technological changes.

Our ability to identify and address cyber-security risks such as data security breaches, "denial of service" attacks, "hacking" and identity theft.

Possible downgrades in our credit ratings or outlook.

The effects of problems encountered by other financial institutions that adversely affect us or the banking industry generally.

The effects of the failure of any component of our business infrastructure which is provided by a third party. Our ability to receive dividends from our subsidiaries.

Changes in accounting policies or procedures as may be required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other regulatory agencies.

•The effects of any damage to our reputation resulting from developments related to any of the items identified above. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. We assume no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements that are made from time to time.

See also the "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" sections of Regions' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) REGIONS FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2014 (In millions, exce	December 31, 2013 ept share data)	
Assets			
Cash and due from banks	\$2,072	\$1,661	
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks	3,114	3,612	
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell	10		
Trading account securities	117	111	
Securities held to maturity (estimated fair value of \$2,294 and \$2,307, respectively		2,353	
Securities available for sale	21,615	21,485	
Loans held for sale (includes \$344 and \$429 measured at fair value, respectively)	395	1,055	
Loans, net of unearned income	75,680	74,609	
Allowance for loan losses		(1,341	)
Net loans	74,419	73,268	
Other interest-earning assets	86	86	
Premises and equipment, net	2,194	2,216	
Interest receivable	316	313	
Goodwill	4,816	4,816	
	288	297	
Mortgage servicing rights at fair value	288	297	
Other identifiable intangible assets Other assets			
	5,880	5,828	
Total assets	\$117,933	\$117,396	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			
Deposits:	<b>\$ 21 151</b>	<b>* * * * * * *</b>	
Non-interest-bearing	\$31,154	\$30,083	
Interest-bearing	62,239	62,370	
Total deposits	93,393	92,453	
Borrowed funds:			
Short-term borrowings:			
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase	1,981	2,182	
Long-term borrowings	4,226	4,830	
Total borrowed funds	6,207	7,012	
Other liabilities	2,201	2,163	
Total liabilities	101,801	101,628	
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, authorized 10 million shares:			
Series A, non-cumulative perpetual, par value \$1.00 (liquidation preference			
\$1,000.00) per share, including related surplus, net of discount;	442	450	
Issued—500,000 shares			
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share:			
Authorized 3 billion shares			
	14	14	
	-	-	

)

Issued including treasury stock—1,419,451,253 and 1,419,006,360 shares, respectively Additional paid-in capital 19,179 19,216 Retained earnings (deficit) (1,897 ) (2,216 ) Treasury stock, at cost—41,264,356 and 41,285,676 shares, respectively ) (1,377 ) (1,377 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net (229 ) (319 ) Total stockholders' equity 16,132 15,768 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$117,933 \$117,396

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

5

# REGIONS FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	2014	2013 s, except per share
Interest income on:		
Loans, including fees	\$732	\$743
Securities - taxable	154	156
Loans held for sale	8	9
Trading account securities	2	1
Other interest-earning assets	2	2
Total interest income	898	911
Interest expense on:		
Deposits	27	42
Long-term borrowings	55	71
Total interest expense	82	113
Net interest income	816	798
Provision for loan losses	2	10
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	814	788
Non-interest income:		
Service charges on deposit accounts	173	184
Card and ATM fees	79	76
Mortgage income	40	72
Securities gains (losses), net	2	15
Other	144	154
Total non-interest income	438	501
Non-interest expense:		
Salaries and employee benefits	455	447
Net occupancy expense	93	90
Furniture and equipment expense	70	69
Other	199	236
Total non-interest expense	817	842
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	435	447
Income tax expense	128	114
Income from continuing operations	307	333
Discontinued operations:		
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	19	4
Income tax expense	7	2
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	12	2
Net income	\$319	\$335
Net income from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$299	\$325
Net income available to common shareholders	\$311	\$327
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding:		
Basic	1,378	1,413
Diluted	1,390	1,423
Earnings per common share from continuing operations:		
Basic	\$0.22	\$0.23

Diluted	0.21	0.23
Earnings per common share:		
Basic	\$0.23	\$0.23
Diluted	0.22	0.23
Cash dividends declared per common share	0.03	0.01
See notes to consolidated financial statements.		

# REGIONS FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three Months 2014	Ended Ma 2013	rch 31
	(In millions)	2013	
Net income	\$319	\$335	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Unrealized losses on securities transferred to held to maturity:			
Unrealized losses on securities transferred to held for maturity during the period (net			
of zero and zero tax effect, respectively)	—		
Less: reclassification adjustments for amortization of unrealized losses on securities	(2	)	
transferred to held to maturity (net of (\$1) and zero tax effect, respectively)	(2	) —	
Net change in unrealized losses on securities transferred to held to maturity	2		
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale:			
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period (net of \$49 and (\$43) tax	79	(68	)
effect, respectively)	17	(00)	)
Less: reclassification adjustments for securities gains (losses) realized in net income	1	10	
(net of \$1 and \$5 tax effect, respectively)			
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale, net of tax	78	(78	)
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges:			
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on derivatives arising during the period (net of \$14	23	1	
and \$1 tax effect, respectively)	-		
Less: reclassification adjustments for gains (losses) realized in net income (net of \$1	l 17	9	
and \$6 tax effect, respectively)	r.		ς.
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net of tax	6	(8	)
Defined benefit pension plans and other post employment benefits:			
Net actuarial gains (losses) arising during the period (net of zero and zero tax effect,		(1	)
respectively)			
Less: reclassification adjustments for amortization of actuarial loss and prior service	(4	) (10	)
cost realized in net income, and other (net of (\$2) and (\$6) tax effect, respectively)			
Net change from defined benefit pension plans, net of tax	4	9	``
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	90 ¢ 400	(77 ¢ 259	)
Comprehensive income	\$409	\$258	
See notes to consolidated financial statements.			

#### REGIONS FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Prefer Stock Share		Commo Stock		Additional Paid-In tCapital	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Stock,	Accumulat Other Comprehen Income (Loss), Net	nsiv	v€otal			
	(In m	(In millions, except share and per share data)											
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2013	1	\$482	1,413	\$15	\$ 19,652	\$(3,338)	\$(1,377)	\$ 65		\$15,49	9		
Net income						335				335			
Net change in unrealized													
gains and losses on securities available for sale, net of tax and reclassification adjustment		_	—		_	—	_	(78	)	(78	)		
Net change in unrealized gains and losses on derivative instruments, net of tax and reclassification adjustment	e	_	_	_	_	—		(8	)	(8	)		
Net change from defined benefit pension plans, net of tax					_	_	_	9		9			
Cash dividends declared—\$0.01 per share	_	_	_		(14)					(14	)		
Series A preferred stock dividends		(8)				_	_	_		(8	)		
Common stock transactions: Impact of stock transactions under compensation plans,		_	_	_	5	_	_	_		5			
net BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2013	1	\$ 474	1,413	\$ 15	\$ 19,643	\$(3,003)	\$(1,377)	\$ (12	)	\$15,74	0		
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2014	1	\$450	1,378	\$14	\$ 19,216	\$(2,216)	\$(1,377)	\$ (319	)	\$15,76	8		
Net income	_					319				319			
Amortization of unrealized losses on securities transferred to held to maturity, net of tax Net change in unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale, net of tax and reclassification adjustment		_			_	_	_	2		2			
		_	_	_	_	_		78		78			
					_		—	6		6			

Net change in unrealized gains and losses on derivative instruments, net of tax and									
reclassification adjustment									
Net change from defined									
benefit pension plans, net of —	—	—	—			—	4	4	
tax									
Cash dividends				(41	)			(41	)
declared—\$0.03 per share	_			(41	) —			(41	)
Series A preferred stock	(8)		—				_	(8	)
Common stock transactions:									
Impact of share repurchase —		(1)		(8	) —			(8	)
Impact of stock transactions									
under compensation plans, —		1		12				12	
net									
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 1 2014	\$442	1,378	\$14	\$ 19,179	\$(1,897)	\$(1,377)	\$ (229 )	\$16,13	2

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

8

# REGIONS FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS			
	Three Mon	ths Ended March	n 31
	2014	2013	
	(In millions	s)	
Operating activities:			
Net income	\$319	\$335	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:			
Provision for loan losses	2	10	
Depreciation, amortization and accretion, net	122	171	
Provision for losses on other real estate, net		3	
Securities (gains) losses, net	(2	) (15	)
Deferred income tax expense	115	121	
Originations and purchases of loans held for sale	(511	) (1,247	)
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	640	1,567	
Gain on TDRs held for sale, net	(35	) —	
(Gain) loss on sale of loans, net	(7	) (43	)
Net change in operating assets and liabilities:			
Trading account securities	(6	) (5	)
Other interest-earning assets		798	
Interest receivable	(3	) (22	)
Other assets	(250	) 226	
Other liabilities	36	(758	)
Other	1	(11	)
Net cash from operating activities	421	1,130	
Investing activities:			
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	185	388	
Proceeds from maturities of securities held to maturity	36	2	
Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale	711	1,765	
Purchases of securities available for sale	(846	) (2,527	)
Proceeds from sales of loans	580	48	
Purchases of loans	(246	) (220	)
Net change in loans	(963	) (2	)
Net purchases of premises and equipment	(37	) (33	)
Net cash from investing activities	(580	) (579	)
Financing activities:			
Net change in deposits	940	(1,341	)
Net change in short-term borrowings	(201	) 256	
Payments on long-term borrowings	(600	) —	
Cash dividends on common stock	(41	) (14	)
Cash dividends on preferred stock	(8	) (8	)
Repurchase of common stock	(8	) —	
Net cash from financing activities	82	(1,107	)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(77	) (556	)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	5,273	5,489	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$5,196	\$4,933	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

#### REGIONS FINANCIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

#### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Regions Financial Corporation ("Regions" or the "Company") provides a full range of banking and bank-related services to individual and corporate customers through its subsidiaries and branch offices located primarily in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. The Company is subject to competition from other financial institutions, is subject to the regulations of certain government agencies and undergoes periodic examinations by certain of those regulatory authorities.

The accounting and reporting policies of Regions and the methods of applying those policies that materially affect the consolidated financial statements conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and with general financial services industry practices. The accompanying interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not include all information and notes to the consolidated financial statements necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income and cash flows in conformity with GAAP. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring items, necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements have been included. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in Regions' Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. Regions has evaluated all subsequent events for potential recognition and disclosure through the filing date of this Form 10-Q.

On January 11, 2012, Regions entered into an agreement to sell Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc. ("Morgan Keegan") and related affiliates. The transaction closed on April 2, 2012. See Note 2 and Note 14 for further details. Results of operations for the entities sold are presented separately as discontinued operations for all periods presented on the consolidated statements of income. This presentation is consistent with the consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Certain amounts in prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. For example, the "card and ATM fees" line item on the consolidated statements of income represents the combined amounts of credit card/bank card income and debit card and ATM related revenue. Debit card and ATM related revenue was previously included in the "service charges on deposit accounts" line item. Credit card/bank card income was previously included in the "other" non-interest income line item. These reclassifications are immaterial and have no effect on net income, comprehensive income, total assets or total stockholders' equity as previously reported.

#### NOTE 2. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On January 11, 2012, Regions entered into a stock purchase agreement to sell Morgan Keegan and related affiliates to Raymond James Financial, Inc. ("Raymond James"). The transaction closed on April 2, 2012. Regions Investment Management, Inc. (formerly known as Morgan Asset Management, Inc.) and Regions Trust were not included in the sale. In connection with the closing of the sale, Regions agreed to indemnify Raymond James for all litigation matters related to pre-closing activities. See Note 14 for related disclosure.

The following table represents the condensed results of operations for discontinued operations:

	Three Months Ended March 31 2014 2013 (In millions, except per share data)							
Non-interest expense:								
Professional and legal expenses	\$(19	) \$(5	)					
Other	—	1						
Total non-interest expense	(19	) (4	)					
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	19	4						
Income tax expense	7	2						
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$12	\$2						
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations:								
Basic	\$0.01	\$0.00						
Diluted	\$0.01	\$0.00						

#### NOTE 3. SECURITIES

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, and estimated fair value of securities held to maturity and securities available for sale are as follows:

March 31, 2014

						Not recognized in OCI			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealize Losses	d	Carrying Value	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealize Losses	ed	Estimated Fair Value
	(In millions	5)							
Securities held to maturity:									
U.S. Treasury securities	\$1	\$—	\$ —		\$1	\$—	\$—		\$1
Federal agency securities	351	_	(14	)	337				337
Mortgage-backed securities:									
Residential agency	1,840	_	(79	)	1,761		(17	)	1,744
Commercial agency	226	_	(8	)	218		(6	)	212
	\$2,418	\$—	\$(101	)	\$2,317	\$—	\$(23	)	\$2,294
Securities available for sale:									
U.S. Treasury securities	\$57	\$—	\$ —		\$57				\$57
Federal agency securities	81	1			82				82
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	4	_	_		4				4
Mortgage-backed securities:									
Residential agency	15,498	209	(121	)	15,586				15,586
Residential non-agency	8	1			9				9
Commercial agency	1,125	6	(13	)	1,118				1,118
Commercial non-agency	1,264	13	(23	)	1,254				1,254
Corporate and other debt securities	2,838	51	(44	)	2,845				2,845
Equity securities	648	12			660				660
	\$21,523	\$293	\$ (201	)	\$21,615				\$21,615

(1) The gross unrealized losses recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) on held to maturity securities resulted from a transfer of available for sale securities to held to maturity in the second quarter of 2013.

December 31, 2013

	2000000	Recognize	d in OCI (	1)		Not recognized in OCI				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealiz Losses	ed	Carrying Value	Gross	Gross 1 Unrealize Losses	ed	Estimated Fair Value	
	(In million	s)								
Securities held to maturity:	,									
U.S. Treasury securities	\$1	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>		\$1	\$—	\$—		\$1	
Federal agency securities	351	_	(15	)	336		(3	)	333	
Mortgage-backed securities:										
Residential agency	1,878	_	(81	)	1,797		(37	)	1,760	
Commercial agency	227	_	(8	)	219		(6	)	213	
	\$2,457	\$—	\$(104	)	\$2,353	\$—	\$(46	)	\$2,307	
Securities available for sale:										
U.S. Treasury securities	\$56	<b>\$</b> —	<u></u>		\$56				\$56	
Federal agency securities	88	1			89				89	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	5	_			5				5	
Mortgage-backed securities:										
Residential agency	15,664	183	(170	)	15,677				15,677	
Residential non-agency	8	1			9				9	
Commercial agency	947	4	(16	)	935				935	
Commercial non-agency	1,232	12	(33	)	1,211				1,211	
Corporate and other debt securities	s 2,855	44	(72	)	2,827				2,827	
Equity securities	664	12			676				676	
	\$21,519	\$257	\$ (291	)	\$21,485				\$21,485	

(1) The gross unrealized losses recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) on held to maturity securities resulted from a transfer of available for sale securities to held to maturity in the second quarter of 2013.

During the second quarter of 2013, Regions transferred securities with a fair value of \$2.4 billion from available for sale to held to maturity. Management determined it has both the positive intent and ability to hold these securities to maturity. The securities were reclassified at fair value at the time of transfer and represented a non-cash transaction. Accumulated other comprehensive income included net pre-tax unrealized losses of \$111 million on the securities at the date of transfer. These unrealized losses and the offsetting OCI components are being amortized into net interest income over the remaining life of the related securities as a yield adjustment, resulting in no impact on future net income.

Equity securities in the tables above included the following amortized cost related to Federal Reserve Bank stock and Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") stock. Shares in the Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB are accounted for at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(In millions)	
Federal Reserve Bank	\$472	\$472
Federal Home Loan Bank	34	67
Securities with carrying values of \$12.7 billion and \$12.5 billion at	March 31, 2014 and Decem	ber 31, 2013,

respectively, were pledged to secure public funds, trust deposits and certain borrowing arrangements.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities available for sale and securities held to maturity at March 31, 2014, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

12

	Amortized Cost (In millions)	Estimated Fair Value
Securities held to maturity:	ф <b>1</b>	ф <b>1</b>
Due in one year or less	\$1	\$1
Due after one year through five years	1	1
Due after five years through ten years	350	336
Mortgage-backed securities:		
Residential agency	1,840	1,744
Commercial agency	226	212
	\$2,418	\$2,294
Securities available for sale:		
Due in one year or less	\$74	\$75
Due after one year through five years	1,080	1,098
Due after five years through ten years	1,440	1,421
Due after ten years	386	394
Mortgage-backed securities:		
Residential agency	15,498	15,586
Residential non-agency	8	9
Commercial agency	1,125	1,118
Commercial non-agency	1,264	1,254
Equity securities	648	660
	\$21,523	\$21,615

The following tables present gross unrealized losses and the related estimated fair value of securities available for sale and held to maturity at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. For securities transferred to held to maturity from available for sale, the analysis in the tables below is comparing the securities' original amortized cost to its current estimated fair value. These securities are segregated between investments that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and twelve months or more.

	March 31, 2								
	Less Than T Months	Total	Total						
	Estimated	Gross		Estimated	Gross		Estimated	Gross	
	Fair	Unrealize	ed	Fair	Unrealize	ed	Fair	Unrealiz	ed
	Value	Losses		Value	Losses		Value	Losses	
	(In millions	)							
Securities held to maturity:									
Federal agency securities	\$192	\$(8	)	\$144	\$(6	)	\$336	\$(14	)
Mortgage-backed securities:									
Residential agency	941	(50	)	801	(45	)	1,742	(95	)
Commercial agency	165	(11	)	46	(4	)	211	(15	)
	\$1,298	\$(69	)	\$991	\$(55	)	\$2,289	\$(124	)
Securities available for sale:									
U.S. Treasury securities	\$11	\$—		\$4	\$—		\$15	<b>\$</b> —	
Federal agency securities				10			10		
Mortgage-backed securities:									
Residential agency	5,825	(114	)	291	(8	)	6,116	(122	)
Commercial agency	635	(12	)				635	(12	)

	Edgar Filing: REGIO	NS FINAN	ICIAL CORP	- Form 10	-Q		
Commercial non-agency All other securities	546 1,087 \$8,104	(17 (30 \$(173	) 146 ) 262 ) \$713	(6 (14 \$(28	) 692 ) 1,349 ) \$8,817	(23 (44 \$(201	) ) )

	December 3 Less Than 7 Months			Twelve Mo	nths or More	Total		
	Estimated	Gross		Estimated	Gross	Estimated	Gross	
	Fair	Unrealized	d	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealiz	ed
	Value	Losses		Value	Losses	Value	Losses	
	(In millions	3)						
Securities held to maturity:								
Federal agency securities	\$190	\$(9	)	\$142	\$(8	\$332	\$(17	)
Mortgage-backed securities:								
Residential agency	1,236	(77	)	521	(41	1,757	(118	)
Commercial agency	212	(15	)			212	(15	)
	\$1,638	\$(101	)	\$663	\$(49	\$2,301	\$(150	)
Securities available for sale:								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$15	\$—		\$1	\$—	\$16	\$—	
Federal agency securities	3	_		9		12		
Mortgage-backed securities:								
Residential agency	6,153	(161	)	270	(9	6,423	(170	)
Commercial agency	610	(17	)			610	(17	)
Commercial non-agency	711	(30	)	62	(3	773	(33	)
All other securities	1,422	(58	)	209	(13	1,631	(71	)
	\$8,914	\$(266	)	\$551	\$(25	\$9,465	\$(291	)

The number of individual securities in an unrealized loss position in the tables above decreased from 1,052 at December 31, 2013 to 936 at March 31, 2014. The decrease in the number of securities and the total amount of unrealized losses from year-end 2013 was primarily due to changes in interest rates. In the instances where an unrealized loss did occur, there was no indication of an adverse change in credit on any of the underlying securities in the tables above. Management believes no individual unrealized loss represented an other-than-temporary impairment as of those dates. The Company does not intend to sell, and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell, the securities before the recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be at maturity. Gross realized gains and gross realized losses on sales of securities available for sale are shown in the table below. The cost of securities sold is based on the specific identification method.

	Three Mor	nths Ended March	131
	2014	2013	
	(In million	ıs)	
Gross realized gains	\$3	\$16	
Gross realized losses	(1	) (1	)
Securities gains, net	\$2	\$15	

#### NOTE 4. LOANS AND THE ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

LOANS

The following table presents the distribution of Regions' loan portfolio by segment and class, net of unearned income:

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(In millions, net of	unearned income)
Commercial and industrial	\$30,466	\$29,413
Commercial real estate mortgage—owner-occupied	9,257	9,495
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occupied	375	310
Total commercial	40,098	39,218
Commercial investor real estate mortgage	5,338	5,318
Commercial investor real estate construction	1,654	1,432
Total investor real estate	6,992	6,750
Residential first mortgage	12,136	12,163
Home equity	11,148	11,294
Indirect	3,253	3,075
Consumer credit card	917	948
Other consumer	1,136	1,161
Total consumer	28,590	28,641
	\$75,680	\$74,609

During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, Regions purchased approximately \$246 million and \$220 million, respectively, in indirect loans from a third party.

At March 31, 2014, \$13.6 billion in loans held by Regions were pledged to secure borrowings from the FHLB. At March 31, 2014, an additional \$29.1 billion of loans held by Regions were pledged to the Federal Reserve Bank.

#### ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

Regions determines the appropriate level of the allowance on at least a quarterly basis. Refer to Note 1 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to the consolidated financial statements to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, for a description of the methodology.

#### ROLLFORWARD OF ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

The following tables present analyses of the allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. The total allowance for loan losses and the related loan portfolio ending balances as of March 31, 2014 and 2013 are disaggregated to detail the amounts derived through individual evaluation and collective evaluation for impairment. Prior to the second quarter of 2013, only impaired loans with the amount of impairment measured at a note-level (i.e. non-accrual commercial and investor real-estate loans greater than or equal to \$2.5 million) were reported as individually evaluated in the tables below. In the second quarter of 2013, Regions revised its presentation to also reflect all TDRs as individually evaluated for impairment. The allowance for loan losses and the loan portfolio ending balances related to collectively evaluated loans included the remainder of the portfolio. Prior period amounts were reclassified to conform to this presentation.

Beginning in the third quarter of 2013, Regions revised its estimation process for non-accrual commercial and investor real-estate loans less than \$2.5 million to utilize the same discounted cash flow analysis used for accruing and non-accruing TDRs less than \$2.5 million described in Note 1 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. This change in the estimation process did not have a material impact to the overall level of the allowance for loan losses or the provision for loan losses. As a result, the March 31, 2014 allowance for loan losses and the loan portfolio ending balances for loans individually evaluated for impairment reflect this revision in the tables below.

	Three Months	s E	Inded March	31,	2014			
	Commercial		Investor Rea Estate	ıl	Consumer		Total	
	(In millions)							
Allowance for loan losses, January 1, 2014	\$711		\$236		\$394		\$1,341	
Provision (credit) for loan losses	5		(27	)	24		2	
Loan losses:								
Charge-offs	(41	)	(9	)	(74	)	(124	)
Recoveries	17		8		17		42	
Net loan losses	(24	)	(1	)	(57	)	(82	)
Allowance for loan losses, March 31, 2014	692		208		361		1,261	
Reserve for unfunded credit commitments,	63		12		3		78	
January 1, 2014	03		12		3		78	
Provision (credit) for unfunded credit losses			(1	)	1			
Reserve for unfunded credit commitments,	63		11		4		78	
March 31, 2014	03		11		4		78	
Allowance for credit losses, March 31, 2014	\$755		\$219		\$365		\$1,339	
Portion of ending allowance for loan losses:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$223		\$98		\$90		\$411	
Collectively evaluated for impairment	469		110		271		850	
Total allowance for loan losses	\$692		\$208		\$361		\$1,261	
Portion of loan portfolio ending balance:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$1,006		\$676		\$869		\$2,551	
Collectively evaluated for impairment	39,092		6,316		27,721		73,129	
Total loans evaluated for impairment	\$40,098		\$6,992		\$28,590		\$75,680	

	Three Months	Er	nded March 31	, 2	013			
	Commercial		Investor Real Estate		Consumer		Total	
	(In millions)							
Allowance for loan losses, January 1, 2013	\$847		\$469		\$603		\$1,919	
Provision (credit) for loan losses	17		(31	)	24		10	
Loan losses:								
Charge-offs	(99	)	(23	)	(102	)	(224	)
Recoveries	17		9		18		44	
Net loan losses	(82	)	(14	)	(84	)	(180	)
Allowance for loan losses, March 31, 2013	782		424		543		1,749	
Reserve for unfunded credit commitments,	69		10		4		83	
January 1, 2013			10		+		05	
Provision for unfunded credit losses	5						5	
Reserve for unfunded credit commitments,	74		10		4		88	
March 31, 2013	/4		10		+		00	
Allowance for credit losses, March 31, 2013	\$856		\$434		\$547		\$1,837	
Portion of ending allowance for loan losses:								
Individually evaluated for impairment*	\$189		\$185		\$185		\$559	
Collectively evaluated for impairment*	593		239		358		1,190	
Total allowance for loan losses	\$782		\$424		\$543		\$1,749	
Portion of loan portfolio ending balance:								
Individually evaluated for impairment*	\$1,001		\$1,172		\$1,642		\$3,815	
Collectively evaluated for impairment*	36,738		6,150		27,233		70,121	
Total loans evaluated for impairment	\$37,739		\$7,322		\$28,875		\$73,936	
* A - 1:	· 1. · · · · · · 1. · · · · · · · · · ·	1	4 C	41.	• • •	. 1	· · · · · ·	

\*As discussed above, prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period classification. PORTFOLIO SEGMENT RISK FACTORS

The following describe the risk characteristics relevant to each of the portfolio segments.

Commercial—The commercial loan portfolio segment includes commercial and industrial loans to commercial customers for use in normal business operations to finance working capital needs, equipment purchases or other expansion projects. Commercial also includes owner-occupied commercial real estate loans to operating businesses, which are loans for long-term financing of land and buildings, and are repaid by cash flow generated by business operations. Owner-occupied construction loans are made to commercial businesses for the development of land or construction of a building where the repayment is derived from revenues generated from the business of the borrower. Collection risk in this portfolio is driven by the creditworthiness of underlying borrowers, particularly cash flow from customers' business operations.

Investor Real Estate—Loans for real estate development are repaid through cash flow related to the operation, sale or refinance of the property. This portfolio segment includes extensions of credit to real estate developers or investors where repayment is dependent on the sale of real estate or income generated from the real estate collateral. A portion of Regions' investor real estate portfolio segment is comprised of loans secured by residential product types (land, single-family and condominium loans) within Regions' markets. Additionally, these loans are made to finance income-producing properties such as apartment buildings, office and industrial buildings, and retail shopping centers. Loans in this portfolio segment are particularly sensitive to valuation of real estate.

Consumer—The consumer loan portfolio segment includes residential first mortgage, home equity, indirect, consumer credit card, and other consumer loans. Residential first mortgage loans represent loans to consumers to finance a residence. These loans are typically financed over a 15 to 30 year term and, in most cases, are extended to borrowers to finance their primary residence. Home equity lending includes both home equity loans and lines of credit. This type of lending, which is secured by a first or second mortgage on the borrower's residence, allows customers to borrow

against the equity in their home. Real estate market values as of the time the loan or line is secured directly affect the amount of credit extended and, in addition, changes in these values impact the depth of potential losses. Indirect lending, which is lending initiated through third-party business partners, is largely comprised of loans made through automotive dealerships. Consumer credit card includes Regions branded consumer credit card accounts.

Other consumer loans include direct consumer installment loans and overdrafts. Loans in this portfolio segment are sensitive to unemployment and other key consumer economic measures.

#### CREDIT QUALITY INDICATORS

The following tables present credit quality indicators for the loan portfolio segments and classes, excluding loans held for sale, as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. Commercial and investor real estate loan portfolio segments are detailed by categories related to underlying credit quality and probability of default. Regions assigns these categories at loan origination and reviews the relationship utilizing a risk-based approach on, at minimum, an annual basis or at any time management becomes aware of information affecting the borrowers' ability to fulfill their obligations. Both quantitative and qualitative factors are considered in this review process. These categories are utilized to develop the associated allowance for credit losses.

Pass—includes obligations where the probability of default is considered low;

Special Mention—includes obligations that have potential weakness which may, if not reversed or corrected, weaken the eredit or inadequately protect the Company's position at some future date. Obligations in this category may also be subject to economic or market conditions which may, in the future, have an adverse effect on debt service ability; Substandard Accrual—includes obligations that exhibit a well-defined weakness which presently jeopardizes debt repayment, even though they are currently performing. These obligations are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company may incur a loss in the future if these weaknesses are not corrected;

Non-accrual—includes obligations where management has determined that full payment of principal and interest is in doubt.

Substandard accrual and non-accrual loans are often collectively referred to as "classified." Special mention, substandard accrual, and non-accrual loans are often collectively referred to as "criticized and classified." Classes in the consumer portfolio segment are disaggregated by accrual status.

	March 31, 201	14			
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard Accrual	Non-accrual	Total
Commercial and industrial	(In millions) \$29,289	\$501	\$396	\$280	\$30,466
Commercial real estate mortgage—owner-occupied	8,356	237	357	307	9,257
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occupied	350	6	3	16	375
Total commercial	\$37,995	\$744	\$756	\$603	\$40,098
Commercial investor real estate mortgage	-	\$269	\$302	\$209	\$5,338
Commercial investor real estate construction	1,556	54	36	8	1,654
Total investor real estate	\$6,114	\$323	\$338	\$217	\$6,992
			Accrual (In millions)	Non-accrual	Total
Residential first mortgage			\$12,000	\$136	\$12,136
Home equity			11,034	114	11,148
Indirect			3,253		3,253
Consumer credit card			917		917
Other consumer			1,136		1,136
Total consumer			\$28,340	\$250	\$28,590 \$75,680

March 31, 2014

	December 31,	2013			
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard Accrual	Non-accrual	Total
	(In millions)				
Commercial and industrial	\$28,282	\$395	\$479	\$257	\$29,413
Commercial real estate mortgage—owner-occupied	8,593	191	408	303	9,495
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occupied	264	25	4	17	310
Total commercial	\$37,139	\$611	\$891	\$577	\$39,218
Commercial investor real estate mortgage	\$4,479	\$269	\$332	\$238	\$5,318
Commercial investor real estate construction	1,335	47	40	10	1,432
Total investor real estate	\$5,814	\$316	\$372	\$248	\$6,750
			Accrual (In millions)	Non-accrual	Total
Residential first mortgage			\$12,017	\$146	\$12,163
Home equity			11,183	111	11,294
Indirect			3,075		3,075
Consumer credit card			948		948
Other consumer			1,161	<u> </u>	1,161
Total consumer			\$28,384	\$257	\$28,641 \$74,609

## AGING ANALYSIS

The following tables include an aging analysis of days past due (DPD) for each portfolio segment and class as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013: March 31, 2014

Accrual Lo	ans					
30-59 DPD	60-89 DPD	90+ DPD	Total 30+ DPD	Total Accrual	Non-accrua	l Total
(In millions	;)					
\$17	\$10	\$7	\$34	\$30,186	\$280	\$30,466
1 22	15	3	40	8,950	307	9,257
pied	_	_	_	359	16	375
39	25	10	74	39,495	603	40,098
53	22	2	77	5,129	209	5,338
2		_	2	1,646	8	1,654
55	22	2	79	6,775	217	6,992
103	59	248	410	12,000	136	12,136
78	45	71	194	11,034	114	11,148
34	8	5	47	3,253		3,253
6	5	12	23	917		917
	30-59 DPD (In millions \$17 22 bied 39 53 2 55 103 78 34	$(In millions) \\ \$ 17 \\ \$ 10 \\ 22 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ \\ 39 \\ 25 \\ 53 \\ 22 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \\ 55 \\ 22 \\ 103 \\ 59 \\ 78 \\ 45 \\ 34 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Other consumer	13	3	3	19	1,136	_	1,136
Total consumer	234	120	339	693	28,340	250	28,590
	\$328	\$167	\$351	\$846	\$74,610	\$1,070	\$75,680

		December 31, 2013 Accrual Loans						
	30-59 DPD	60-89 DPD	90+ DPD	Total 30+ DPD	Total Accrual	Non-accrual	Total	
	(In millions)	)						
Commercial and industrial	\$29	\$14	\$6	\$49	\$29,156	\$257	\$29,413	
Commercial real estate mortgage—owner-occupied	30	26	6	62	9,192	303	9,495	
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occup	ied	_	_	_	293	17	310	
Total commercial	59	40	12	111	38,641	577	39,218	
Commercial investor real	29	6	6	41	5,080	238	5,318	
estate mortgage	_,	-	-		-,		-,	
Commercial investor real estate construction	4	1		5	1,422	10	1,432	
Total investor real estate	33	7	6	46	6,502	248	6,750	
Residential first mortgage	130	74	248	452	12,017	146	12,163	
Home equity	95	51	75	221	11,183	111	11,294	
Indirect	39	11	5	55	3,075		3,075	
Consumer credit card	8	5	12	25	948		948	
Other consumer	14	5	4	23	1,161		1,161	
Total consumer	286	146	344	776	28,384	257	28,641	
	\$378	\$193	\$362	\$933	\$73,527	\$1,082	\$74,609	

#### IMPAIRED LOANS

The following tables present details related to the Company's impaired loans as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. Loans deemed to be impaired include all non-accrual commercial and investor real estate loans (including those less than \$2.5 million), excluding leases, and all troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs"). Loans which have been fully charged-off do not appear in the tables below.

# Non-accrual Impaired Loans As of March 31, 2014

			Book Value	(3)				
	Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Charge-offs and Paymen Applied <sup>(2)</sup>	•	Status with			Coverage	%(4)
	(Dollars in r	nillions)						
Commercial and industrial	\$286	\$ 30	\$256	\$89	\$167	\$74	36.4	%
Commercial real estate mortgage—owner-occupied	346	39	307	42	265	93	38.2	
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occupi	17 ed	1	16	_	16	6	41.2	
Total commercial	649	70	579	131	448	173	37.4	
Commercial investor real estate mortgage	272	63	209	37	172	54	43.0	
Commercial investor real estate construction	11	3	8	—	8	3	54.5	
Total investor real estate	283	66	217	37	180	57	43.5	
Residential first mortgage	103	34	69		69	11	43.7	
Home equity	19		19		19	1	5.3	
Total consumer	122	34	88		88	12	37.7	
	\$1,054	\$170	\$884	\$168	\$716	\$242	39.1	%

	Accruing Imp	oaired Loans As o	of March 31, 20	14		
	Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>(1)</sup> (Dollars in mi	Applied <sup>(2)</sup>	Book Value <sup>(3)</sup>	Related Allowance for Loan Losses	Coverage %	,(4)
Commercial and industrial	\$203	\$3	\$200	\$27	14.8	%
Commercial real estate mortgage—owner-occupied	209	7	202	22	13.9	70
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occupied	25	_	25	1	4.0	
Total commercial	437	10	427	50	13.7	
Commercial investor real estate mortgage	394	10	384	34	11.2	
Commercial investor real estate construction	75	_	75	7	9.3	
Total investor real estate	469	10	459	41	10.9	
Residential first mortgage	395	7	388	59	16.7	
Home equity	367		367	19	5.2	
Indirect	1	_	1	_		
Consumer credit card	2	_	2	_		
Other consumer	23		23			
Total consumer	788	7	781	78	10.8	
	\$1,694	\$27	\$1,667	\$169	11.6	%

# Total Impaired Loans As of March 31, 2014

	Book Value <sup>(3)</sup>							
	Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Charge-offs and Paymen Applied <sup>(2)</sup>		Impaired Loans with N Related Allowance	Impaired NLoans with Related Allowance	for Loan	Coverage	% <sup>(4)</sup>
	(Dollars in	millions)						
Commercial and industrial	\$489	\$33	\$456	\$ 89	\$367	\$101	27.4	%
Commercial real estate								
mortgage-owner-	555	46	509	42	467	115	29.0	
occupied								
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occup	42	1	41	_	41	7	19.0	
Total commercial	1,086	80	1,006	131	875	223	27.9	
Commercial investor real	666	73	593	37	556	88	24.2	
estate mortgage	000	10	0,0	57	550	00	22	
Commercial investor real estate construction	86	3	83	_	83	10	15.1	
Total investor real estate	752	76	676	37	639	98	23.1	
Residential first mortgage	498	41	457		457	70	22.3	
Home equity	386		386		386	20	5.2	
Indirect	1		1	—	1			
Consumer credit card	2		2		2	_		
Other consumer	23	—	23		23			
								25

Edgar Filing: REGIONS FINANCIAL CORP - Form 10-Q								
Total consumer	910 \$2,748	41 \$ 197	869 \$2,551	 \$ 168	869 \$2,383	90 \$411	14.4 22.1	%
22								

(2) Charge-offs and payments applied represents cumulative partial charge-offs taken, as well as interest payments received that have been applied against the outstanding principal balance.

(3) Book value represents the unpaid principal balance less charge-offs and payments applied; it is shown before any allowance for loan losses.

(4) Coverage % represents charge-offs and payments applied plus the related allowance as a percent of the unpaid principal balance. Non-accrual Impaired Loans As of December 31, 2013

			Book Value	(3)				
	Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Charge-offs and Payment Applied <sup>(2)</sup>	•	Impaired Loans on Non-accrual Status with No Related Allowance	Impaired Loans on Non-accrua Status with Related Allowance	Related <sup>11</sup> Allowance for Loan Losses	Coverage	, % <sup>(4)</sup>
	(Dollars in r	,						
Commercial and industrial	\$280	\$48	\$232	\$45	\$187	\$72	42.9	%
Commercial real estate mortgage—owner-occupied	343	40	303	54	249	92	38.5	
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occupi	17 ed		17	_	17	8	47.1	
Total commercial	640	88	552	99	453	172	40.6	
Commercial investor real estate mortgage	306	68	238	17	221	68	44.4	
Commercial investor real estate construction	15	5	10		10	3	53.3	
Total investor real estate	321	73	248	17	231	71	44.9	
Residential first mortgage	112	37	75		75	12	43.8	
Home equity	17		17		17	1	5.9	
Total consumer	129	37	92		92	13	38.8	
	\$1,090	\$198	\$892	\$116	\$776	\$256	41.7	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Unpaid principal balance represents the contractual obligation due from the customer and includes the net book value plus charge-offs and payments applied.

	Accruing Imp Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>(1)</sup> (Dollars in mi	Applied <sup>(2)</sup>	of December 3 Book Value <sup>(3)</sup>	Related	Coverage 9	%(4)
Commercial and industrial	\$245	\$2	\$243	\$34	14.7	%
Commercial real estate mortgage—owner-occupied	209	7	202	23	14.4	
Commercial real estate construction—owner-occupied	25		25	1	4.0	
Total commercial	479	9	470	58	14.0	
Commercial investor real estate mortgage	e 435	11	424	39	11.5	
Commercial investor real estate construction	89	_	89	8	9.0	
Total investor real estate	524	11	513	47	11.1	
Residential first mortgage	397	8	389	60	17.1	
Home equity	373		373	24	6.4	
Indirect	1		1			
Consumer credit card	2		2			
Other consumer	26		26	1	3.8	
Total consumer	799	8	791	85	11.6	
	\$1,802	\$28	\$1,774	\$190	12.1	%

# Total Impaired Loans As of December 31, 2013

Book Value<sup>(3)</sup>

	Unpaid Principal Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Charge-offs and Paymer Applied <sup>(2)</sup>		Impaired Loans with Related Allowance	Impaired NoLoans with Related Allowance	Related Allowance f Loan Losses	for Coverage	e % <sup>(4)</sup>
	(Dollars in	millions)						
Commercial and industrial	\$525	\$ 50	\$475	\$ 45	\$430	\$ 106	29.7	%
Commercial real estate								
mortgage—owner-	552	47	505	54	451	115	29.3	
occupied								
Commercial real estate	. 42		42		42	9	21.4	
construction—owner-occup	led							
I otal commercial	1,119	97	1,022	99	923	230	29.2	
Commercial investor real	741	79	662	17	645	107	25.1	
estate mortgage								
Commercial investor real	104	5	99		99	11	15.4	
estate construction								
Total investor real estate	845	84	761	17	744	118	23.9	
Residential first mortgage	509	45	464		464	72	23.0	
Home equity	390		390		390	25	6.4	
Indirect	1		1		1		_	
Consumer credit card	2		2		2			
Other consumer	26		26		26	1	3.8	
Total consumer	928	45	883		883	98	15.4	

Edgar	Filing: REGI	ONS FINAN	CIAL CORF	P - Form 10-C	2		
\$2,892	2 \$226	\$2,666	\$ 116	\$2,550	\$ 446	23.2	%

The following table presents the average balances of total impaired loans and interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. Interest income recognized represents interest on accruing loans modified in a TDR. TDRs are considered impaired loans.

Three Months Ended March 31								
2014		2013						
Average Balance	Interest Income Recognized	Average Balance	Interest Income Recognized					
(In millions)								

Commercial and industrial

Unpaid principal balance represents the contractual obligation due from the customer and includes the net book (1)value plus charge-offs and payments applied.

<sup>(2)</sup> Charge-offs and payments applied represents cumulative partial charge-offs taken, as well as interest payments received that have been applied against the outstanding principal balance.

<sup>(3)</sup> Book value represents the unpaid principal balance less charge-offs and payments applied; it is shown before any allowance for loan losses.

<sup>(4)</sup> Coverage % represents charge-offs and payments applied plus the related allowance as a percent of the unpaid principal balance.