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Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc.
Form 10-Q
November 01, 2018
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-32433

PRESTIGE CONSUMER HEALTHCARE INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 20-1297589

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

660 White Plains Road

Tarrytown, New York 10591

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(914) 524-6800

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Prestige Brands Holdings, Inc.

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the

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Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

As of October 26, 2018, there were 51,737,977 shares of common stock outstanding.

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Trademarks and Trade Names

Trademarks and trade names used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are the property of Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. or its subsidiaries, as the case may be. We have italicized our trademarks or trade names when they appear in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
(In thousands, except per share data)	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues				
Net sales	\$239,354	\$257,930	\$493,308	\$514,417
Other revenues	3	96	29	182
Total revenues	239,357	258,026	493,337	514,599
Cost of Sales				
Cost of sales excluding depreciation	100,647	112,580	212,716	224,337
Cost of sales depreciation	1,238	1,348	2,526	2,688
Cost of sales	101,885	113,928	215,242	227,025
Gross profit	137,472	144,098	278,095	287,574
Operating Expenses				
Advertising and promotion	37,042	39,188	74,153	76,132
General and administrative	24,034	21,999	47,975	42,409
Depreciation and amortization	6,756	7,186	13,840	14,353
Gain on divestiture	(1,284)	) —	(1,284)) —
Total operating expenses	66,548	68,373	134,684	132,894
Operating income	70,924	75,725	143,411	154,680
Other (income) expense				
Interest income	(33)	) (85)	) (133)	) (154)
Interest expense	27,103	26,921	53,143	53,331
Other expense (income), net	335	(432)	) 422	(506)
Total other expense	27,405	26,404	53,432	52,671
Income before income taxes	43,519	49,321	89,979	102,009
Provision for income taxes	12,678	18,616	24,672	37,545
Net income	\$30,841	\$30,705	\$65,307	\$64,464
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.59	\$0.58	\$1.25	\$1.21
Diluted	\$0.59	\$0.57	\$1.24	\$1.20
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	51,841	53,098	52,238	53,068
Diluted	52,153	53,539	52,545	53,524
Comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Currency translation adjustments	(2,145)) 2,716	(5,119)) 3,835
Unrecognized net gain on pension plans	—	—	—	1

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Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(2,145) 2,716	(5,119) 3,836
Comprehensive income	\$28,696	\$33,421	\$60,188	\$68,300

See accompanying notes.

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Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,910	\$32,548
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$14,433 and \$12,734, respectively	153,849	140,881
Inventories	113,569	118,547
Deferred income tax assets	—	26
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	10,172	11,475
Total current assets	314,500	303,477
Property, plant and equipment, net	52,321	52,552
Goodwill	612,444	620,098
Intangible assets, net	2,715,070	2,780,916
Other long-term assets	3,360	3,569
Total Assets	\$ 3,697,695	\$3,760,612
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 66,251	\$61,390
Accrued interest payable	9,665	9,708
Other accrued liabilities	70,057	52,101
Total current liabilities	145,973	123,199
Long-term debt, net	1,895,835	1,992,952
Deferred income tax liabilities	440,853	442,518
Other long-term liabilities	21,796	23,333
Total Liabilities	2,504,457	2,582,002
Commitments and Contingencies — Note 16		
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock - \$0.01 par value		
Authorized - 5,000 shares		
Issued and outstanding - None	—	—
Common stock - \$0.01 par value		
Authorized - 250,000 shares		
Issued - 53,609 shares at September 30, 2018 and 53,396 shares at March 31, 2018	536	534
Additional paid-in capital	474,137	468,783
Treasury stock, at cost - 1,871 shares at September 30, 2018 and 353 shares at March 31, 2018	(59,928)	(7,669)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(24,434)	(19,315)
Retained earnings	802,927	736,277

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Total Stockholders' Equity	1,193,238	1,178,610
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 3,697,695	\$ 3,760,612
See accompanying notes.		

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Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended September 30,	
(In thousands)	2018	2017
Operating Activities		
Net income	\$65,307	\$64,464
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	16,366	17,041
Gain on divestiture	(1,284)	—
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	37	1,461
Deferred income taxes	339	16,321
Amortization of debt origination costs	3,021	3,494
Excess tax benefits from share-based awards	—	470
Stock-based compensation costs	4,328	4,726
Other	247	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(7,718)	(9,345)
Inventories	(4,145)	(3,409)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,302	17,123
Accounts payable	4,187	8,008
Accrued liabilities	14,339	(11,869)
Other	(1,219)	55
Net cash provided by operating activities	95,107	108,540
Investing Activities		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(5,074)	(4,785)
Acquisition of Fleet escrow receipt	—	970
Proceeds from divestiture	65,912	—
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	60,838	(3,815)
Financing Activities		
Term loan repayments	(100,000)	(105,000)
Borrowings under revolving credit agreement	30,000	—
Repayments under revolving credit agreement	(30,000)	—
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,028	1,466
Fair value of shares surrendered as payment of tax withholding	(2,281)	(1,075)
Repurchase of common stock	(49,978)	—
Net cash used in financing activities	(151,231)	(104,609)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(352)	1,006
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,362	1,122
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	32,548	41,855
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$36,910	\$42,977
Interest paid	\$49,147	\$49,404

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Income taxes paid	\$2,444	\$9,037
See accompanying notes.		

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Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Business and Basis of Presentation

Nature of Business

Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. (referred to herein as the “Company” or “we,” which reference shall, unless the context requires otherwise, be deemed to refer to Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. and all of its direct and indirect 100% owned subsidiaries on a consolidated basis) is engaged in the development, manufacturing, marketing, sales and distribution of over-the-counter (“OTC”) healthcare and household cleaning products (prior to the sale of our Household Cleaning segment, as discussed in Note 3) to mass merchandisers and drug, food, dollar, convenience and club stores and e-commerce channels in North America (the United States and Canada), and in Australia and certain other international markets. Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. is a holding company with no operations and is also the parent guarantor of the senior credit facility and the senior notes described in Note 8.

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements presented herein have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) for interim financial reporting and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. In the opinion of management, these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, that are considered necessary for a fair statement of our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. Our fiscal year ends on March 31st of each year. References in these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements or related notes to a year (e.g., “2019”) mean our fiscal year ending or ended on March 31st of that year. Operating results for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. These unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with our audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on our knowledge of current events and actions that we may undertake in the future, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassification

In accordance with Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2017-07, we have reclassified net periodic benefit costs related to our pension plans from general and administrative expense to other (income) expense. The impact of this reclassification on our financial statements was less than \$1.0 million.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers - Topic 606, including new FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 606, which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in FASB ASC 605. Along with amendments issued in 2015 and 2016, the new guidance eliminates industry-specific revenue recognition guidance under current GAAP and replaces it with a principle-based approach for determining revenue. The core principle of the new guidance is that an entity should

recognize revenue for the transfer of goods and services equal to an amount it expects to be entitled to receive for those goods and services. The new standard also requires additional disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts. The new guidance permits two methods of adoption: retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented (full retrospective method), or retrospectively by recognizing the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance to all contracts existing at the date of initial application (the modified retrospective method). The ASU, as amended, is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We adopted this guidance effective April 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective transition method and applied it to contracts that were not completed at the adoption date. See Note 2 for our revenue recognition policy.

The effects of this recently adopted accounting pronouncement to our consolidated balance sheet as of April 1, 2018 are as follows:

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(In thousands)	Balance March 31, 2018	New Revenue Standard Adjustment	Balance April 1, 2018
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 140,881	\$ 5,438	\$ 146,319
Inventories	118,547	(1,768)	116,779
Other accrued liabilities	52,101	1,925	54,026
Deferred income tax liabilities	442,518	401	442,919
Retained earnings	736,277	1,344	737,621

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-07, Compensation - Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost, which changes the presentation of net periodic benefit cost related to employer sponsored defined benefit plans and other postretirement benefits. Under this ASU, service cost should be included in the same income statement line item as other compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period, while other components of net periodic benefit pension cost should be presented separately outside of operating income. Additionally, only service costs may be capitalized in assets. Entities should apply the guidance on the presentation of the components of net periodic benefit cost in the income statement retrospectively. The guidance limiting the capitalization of net periodic benefit cost in assets to the service cost component should be applied prospectively. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The adoption of this standard in the first quarter of 2019 required us to reclassify certain pension costs out of operating income and did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-05, Income Taxes (Topic 740). The amendments in this update reflect the income tax accounting implications of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("Tax Act"). See Note 14 for a discussion of the Tax Act, which was signed into law on December 22, 2017, and the impact it has had, and may have, on our business and financial results.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. The amendments in this update allow a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Act. See Note 14 for a discussion of the Tax Act, which was signed into law on December 22, 2017, and the impact it has had, and may have, on our business and financial results. The amendments in this update are effective for all entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We have early adopted ASU 2018-02, and the adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, Business Combinations (Topic 805); Clarifying the Definition of a Business. The amendments in this update clarify the definition of a business to help companies evaluate whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions or disposals of assets or businesses. The amendments in this update are effective for public companies for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those periods. We adopted this standard effective April 1, 2018, and the adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. The amendments in this update provide clarification and guidance on eight cash flow classification issues. For public companies, the amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We adopted this standard effective April 1, 2018, and the adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-14, Compensation - Retirement Benefits - Defined Benefit Plans - General (Topic 715-20): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans. The amendments in this update modify the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans and are effective for public companies for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020. We do not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. The amendments in this update modify the disclosure requirements in Topic 820 and are effective for all entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. We do not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350). The amendments in this update simplify the test for goodwill impairment by eliminating Step 2 from the impairment test, which required the entity to perform

procedures to determine the fair value at the impairment testing date of its assets and liabilities following the procedure that would be required in determining fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. The amendments in this update are effective for public companies for annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. We are evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on our consolidated financial statements and whether to early adopt this ASU.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326) - Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The amendments in this update provide financial statement users with more useful information about expected credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments to extend credit held by a reporting entity at each reporting date. The amendments to this update are effective for us for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. The amendments in this update include a new FASB ASC Topic 842, which supersedes Topic 840. The core principle of Topic 842 is that a lessee should recognize the assets and liabilities that arise from leases. For public companies, the amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early application is permitted for all entities as of the beginning of interim or annual reporting periods. In July 2018, further guidance on this topic was issued with ASU 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases, which affects narrow aspects of the guidance in ASU 2016-02, and with ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements, which provides an additional transition method to adopt the new lease standard as well as a practical expedient. The required effective dates for the amendments issued in July 2018 are the same as those for Topic 842. We plan to adopt the standard on April 1, 2019. We are in the process of aggregating and evaluating our lease arrangements. Adoption of this standard will result in a material increase in lease-related assets and liabilities recognized on our Consolidated Balance Sheet, but we are unable to quantify the impact at this time.

2. Revenue Recognition

Nature of Goods and Services

We recognize revenue from product sales. We primarily ship finished goods to our customers and operate in three segments: North American OTC Healthcare, International OTC Healthcare, and Household Cleaning (this segment was sold on July 2, 2018). The segments are based on differences in the nature of products and geographical area. The North America and International OTC Healthcare segments market a variety of personal care and over-the-counter products in the following product groups: Analgesics, Cough & Cold, Women's Health, Gastrointestinal, Eye & Ear Care, Dermatologicals, and Oral Care. Prior to its sale, the Household Cleaning segment focused on the sale of cleaning products. Our products are distinct and separately identifiable on customer contracts or invoices, with each product sale representing a separate performance obligation.

We sell consumer products under a variety of brands through a broad distribution platform that includes mass merchandisers and drug, food, dollar, convenience and club stores and e-commerce channels, all of which sell our products to consumers.

See Note 18 for disaggregated revenue information.

Satisfaction of Performance Obligations

Revenue is recognized when control of a promised good is transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to be entitled to receive in exchange for that good. This occurs either when finished goods are transferred to a common carrier for delivery to the customer or when product is picked up by the customer or the customer's carrier. This represents a change in the timing of revenue recognition for some sales. Refer to the

table above in Note 1 for disclosure of the adoption date impacts.

Once a product has transferred to the common carrier or been picked up by the customer, the customer is able to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the product. It is at this point that we have a right to payment and the customer has legal title.

Variable Consideration

Provisions for certain rebates, customer promotional programs, product returns, and discounts to customers are accounted for as variable consideration and recorded as a reduction in sales.

We record an estimate of future product returns concurrent with recording sales, which is made using the most likely amount method which incorporates (i) historical return rates, (ii) current economic trends, (iii) changes in customer demand, (iv) product

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acceptance, (v) seasonality of our product offerings, and (vi) the impact of changes in product formulation, packaging and advertising.

We participate in the promotional programs of our customers to enhance the sale of our products. These promotional programs consist of direct-to-consumer incentives, such as coupons and temporary price reductions, as well as incentives to our customers, such as allowances for new distribution, including slotting fees, and cooperative advertising. The costs of such activities are recorded as a reduction to revenue when the related sale takes place. Estimates of the costs of these promotional programs are derived using the most likely amount method, which incorporates (i) historical sales experience, (ii) the current promotional offering, (iii) forecasted data, (iv) current market conditions, and (v) communication with customer purchasing/marketing personnel. At the completion of the promotional program, the estimated amounts are adjusted to actual results.

Practical Expedients

Due to the nature (short duration) of our contracts with customers, we apply the practical expedient related to remaining performance obligations disclosure. Remaining performance obligations relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year, in which we have the right to invoice the customer at the time the performance obligation is satisfied for the amount of revenue recognized at that time. Accordingly, we have elected the practical expedient available under ASC 606 not to disclose remaining performance obligations for our contracts. The period between when control of the promised products transfers to the customer and when the customer pays for the products is one year or less. As such, we do not adjust product consideration for the effects of a significant financing component. The amortization period of any asset resulting from incremental costs of obtaining a contract would be one year or less.

We expense incremental direct costs of obtaining a contract (broker commissions) when the related sale takes place.

We account for shipping and handling costs as fulfillment activities and therefore recognize them upon shipment of goods.

The impact of adopting ASC 606 on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income is as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018			Six Months Ended September 30, 2018		
	As Reported	Impact of Change	Without Adoption of ASC 606	As Reported	Impact of Change	Without Adoption of ASC 606
Total revenues	\$239,357	\$(16,165)	\$223,192	\$493,337	\$(22,110)	\$471,227
Cost of sales	\$101,885	\$(6,204)	\$95,681	\$215,242	\$(8,396)	\$206,846
Total operating expenses	\$66,548	\$(440)	\$66,108	\$134,684	\$(579)	\$134,105
Income before income taxes	\$43,519	\$(9,521)	\$33,998	\$89,979	\$(13,135)	\$76,844
Provision for income taxes	\$12,678	\$(2,771)	\$9,907	\$24,672	\$(3,752)	\$20,920
Net income	\$30,841	\$(6,750)	\$24,091	\$65,307	\$(9,383)	\$55,924

3. Divestiture

On July 2, 2018, we sold the Comet®, Spic and Span®, Chore Boy®, Chlorinol® and Cinch® brands, as well as associated inventory. These brands represented our Household Cleaning segment.

As a result of this transaction, we received proceeds of approximately \$65.9 million and recorded a pre-tax gain on sale of \$1.3 million. The net proceeds were used to repay debt.

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The following table sets forth the components of the assets sold and the pre-tax gain recognized on the sale in July 2018:

(In thousands)	July 2, 2018
Components of assets sold:	
Inventory	\$6,644
Property, plant and equipment, net	653
Goodwill	6,245
Intangible assets, net	49,315
Assets sold	62,857
Total purchase price received	65,912
	(3,055)
Costs to sell	1,771
Pre-tax gain on divestiture	\$(1,284)

4. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

(In thousands)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Components of Inventories		
Packaging and raw materials	\$ 13,704	\$ 13,112
Work in process	237	157
Finished goods	99,628	105,278
Inventories	\$ 113,569	\$ 118,547

Inventories are carried and depicted above at the lower of cost or net realizable value, which includes a reduction in inventory values of \$3.3 million and \$4.2 million at September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, respectively, related to obsolete and slow-moving inventory.

5. Goodwill

A reconciliation of the activity affecting goodwill by operating segment is as follows:

(In thousands)	North American OTC Healthcare	International OTC Healthcare	Household Cleaning	Consolidated
Balance - March 31, 2018				
Goodwill	\$711,104	\$ 32,919	\$ 71,405	\$ 815,428
Accumulated impairment loss	(130,170)	—	(65,160)	(195,330)
Balance - March 31, 2018	580,934	32,919	6,245	620,098
2019 Reductions	—	—	(6,245)	(6,245)
Effects of foreign currency exchange rates	—	(1,409)	—	(1,409)
Balance - September 30, 2018				
Goodwill	711,104	31,510	65,160	807,774
Accumulated impairment loss	(130,170)	—	(65,160)	(195,330)
Balance - September 30, 2018	\$580,934	\$ 31,510	\$ —	\$ 612,444

As discussed in Note 3, on July 2, 2018, we sold our Household Cleaning segment. As a result, we decreased goodwill by \$6.2 million.

Under accounting guidelines, goodwill is not amortized, but must be tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the reporting unit below the carrying amount.

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On an annual basis during the fourth quarter of each fiscal year, or more frequently if conditions indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable, management performs a review of the values assigned to goodwill and tests for impairment. At February 28, 2018, during our annual test for goodwill impairment, there were no indicators of impairment under the analysis. Accordingly, no impairment charge was recorded in fiscal 2018. We utilize the discounted cash flow method to estimate the fair value of our reporting units as part of the goodwill impairment test. We also considered our market capitalization at February 28, 2018, which was the date of our annual review, as compared to the aggregate fair values of our reporting units, to assess the reasonableness of our estimates pursuant to the discounted cash flow methodology. The estimates and assumptions made in assessing the fair value of our reporting units and the valuation of the underlying assets and liabilities are inherently subject to significant uncertainties. Consequently, changing rates of interest and inflation, declining sales or margins, increasing competition, changing consumer preferences, technical advances, or reductions in advertising and promotion may require an impairment charge to be recorded in the future. As of September 30, 2018, no events have occurred that would indicate potential impairment of goodwill.

6. Intangible Assets, net

A reconciliation of the activity affecting intangible assets, net is as follows:

(In thousands)	Indefinite- Lived Trademarks	Finite-Lived Trademarks and Customer Relationships	Totals
Gross Carrying Amounts			
Balance — March 31, 2018	\$2,490,303	\$ 441,314	\$2,931,617
Reductions	(30,562)	(34,889)	(65,451)
Effects of foreign currency exchange rates	(5,117)	(287)	(5,404)
Balance — September 30, 2018	2,454,624	406,138	2,860,762
Accumulated Amortization			
Balance — March 31, 2018	—	150,701	150,701
Additions	—	11,181	11,181
Reductions	—	(16,136)	(16,136)
Effects of foreign currency exchange rates	—	(54)	(54)
Balance — September 30, 2018	—	145,692	145,692
Intangible assets, net — September 30, 2018	\$2,454,624	\$ 260,446	\$2,715,070

As discussed in Note 3, on July 2, 2018, we sold our Household Cleaning segment. As a result, we decreased our indefinite-lived intangibles by \$30.5 million and our net finite-lived trademarks by \$18.8 million.

Amortization expense was \$5.4 million and \$11.2 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, and \$5.8 million and \$11.7 million for the three and six months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. Based on our amortizable intangible assets as of September 30, 2018, amortization expense is expected to be approximately \$10.7 million for the remainder of fiscal 2019, \$21.5 million in fiscal 2020, \$21.0 million in fiscal 2021 and \$20.6 million in each of fiscal 2022, 2023 and 2024.

Under accounting guidelines, indefinite-lived assets are not amortized, but must be tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the asset below the carrying amount. The date of our annual impairment review was February 28, 2018, and we

recorded impairment charges in our March 31, 2018 financial statements. Additionally, at each reporting period, an evaluation must be made to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives and are also tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable and exceeds its fair value.

We utilize the excess earnings method to estimate the fair value of our individual indefinite-lived intangible assets. The discount rate utilized in the analyses, as well as future cash flows, may be influenced by such factors as changes in interest rates and rates of inflation. Additionally, should the related fair values of intangible assets be adversely affected as a result of declining sales or

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margins caused by competition, changing consumer preferences, technological advances or reductions in advertising and promotional expenses, we may be required to record impairment charges in the future.

As of September 30, 2018, no events have occurred that would indicate further potential impairment of intangible assets.

7. Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consist of the following:

(In thousands)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
Accrued marketing costs	\$ 28,457	\$ 21,473
Accrued compensation costs	6,523	10,591
Accrued broker commissions	2,113	1,487
Income taxes payable	12,735	1,901
Accrued professional fees	3,877	2,244
Accrued production costs	6,388	7,392
Other accrued liabilities	9,964	7,013
	\$ 70,057	\$ 52,101

8. Long-Term Debt

At September 30, 2018, we had \$75.0 million outstanding on the asset-based revolving credit facility entered into January 31, 2012, as amended (the "2012 ABL Revolver") and an additional borrowing capacity of \$85.0 million.

Long-term debt consists of the following, as of the dates indicated:

(In thousands, except percentages)	September 30, 2018	March 31, 2018
2016 Senior Notes bearing interest at 6.375%, with interest payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The 2016 Senior Notes mature on March 1, 2024.	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000
2013 Senior Notes bearing interest at 5.375%, with interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year. The 2013 Senior Notes mature on December 15, 2021.	400,000	400,000
2012 Term B-5 Loans bearing interest at the Borrower's option at either LIBOR plus a margin of 2.00%, with a LIBOR floor of 0.00%, or an alternate base rate plus a margin of 1.00%, with a floor of 1.00%, due on January 26, 2024.	838,000	938,000
2012 ABL Revolver bearing interest at the Borrower's option at either a base rate plus applicable margin or LIBOR plus applicable margin. Any unpaid balance is due on January 26, 2022.	75,000	75,000
Long-term debt	1,913,000	2,013,000
Less: unamortized debt costs	(17,165)	(20,048)
Long-term debt, net	\$ 1,895,835	\$ 1,992,952

As of September 30, 2018, aggregate future principal payments required in accordance with the terms of the 2012 Term B-5 Loans, 2012 ABL Revolver and the indentures governing the 6.375% senior unsecured notes due 2024 (the "2016 Senior Notes") and the 5.375% senior unsecured notes due 2021 (the "2013 Senior Notes") are as follows:

(In thousands)	
Year Ending March 31, 2019	
(remaining six months ending March 31, 2019)	
2020	—
2021	—
2022	475,000
2023	—
Thereof	438,000
	\$ 1,913,000

9. Fair Value Measurements

For certain of our financial instruments, including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other current liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate their respective fair values due to the relatively short maturity of these amounts.

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements, requires fair value to be determined based on the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market assuming an orderly transaction between market participants. ASC 820 established market (observable inputs) as the preferred source of fair value, to be followed by our assumptions of fair value based on hypothetical transactions (unobservable inputs) in the absence of observable market inputs. Based upon the above, the following fair value hierarchy was created:

Level 1 - Quoted market prices for identical instruments in active markets;

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, as well as quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not considered active; and

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs developed by us using estimates and assumptions reflective of those that would be utilized by a market participant.

The market values have been determined based on market values for similar instruments adjusted for certain factors. As such, the 2016 Senior Notes, the 2013 Senior Notes, the 2012 Term B-5 Loans, and the 2012 ABL Revolver are measured in Level 2 of the above hierarchy. See summary below detailing the carrying amounts and estimated fair

values of these borrowings at September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018.

(In thousands)	September 30, 2018		March 31, 2018	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
2016 Senior Notes	\$600,000	\$606,000	\$600,000	\$610,500
2013 Senior Notes	400,000	400,000	400,000	402,000
2012 Term B-5 Loans	838,000	838,000	938,000	939,173
2012 ABL Revolver	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000

At September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, we did not have any assets or liabilities measured in Level 1 or 3.

10. Stockholders' Equity

We are authorized to issue 250.0 million shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, and 5.0 million shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share. The Board of Directors may direct the issuance of the undesignated preferred stock in one or more series and determine preferences, privileges and restrictions thereof.

Each share of common stock has the right to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. The holders of common stock are also entitled to receive dividends whenever funds are legally available and when declared by the Board of Directors,

subject to prior rights of holders of all classes of outstanding stock having priority rights as to dividends. No dividends have been declared or paid on our common stock through September 30, 2018.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we made no repurchases of common stock. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we repurchased 933 shares of common stock from our employees pursuant to the provisions of various employee restricted stock awards. The repurchases for the three months ended September 30, 2017 were at an average price of \$51.60. During the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, we repurchased 68,939 shares and 20,549 shares, respectively, of common stock from our employees pursuant to the provisions of various employee restricted stock awards. The repurchases for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were at an average price of \$33.09 and \$52.33, respectively. All of the repurchased shares have been recorded as treasury stock.

During the six months ended September 30, 2018, we repurchased 1,449,750 shares of our common stock in conjunction with our share repurchase program. The repurchases were at an average price of \$34.47 per share, totaled \$50.0 million, and have been recorded as treasury stock.

11. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Accumulated other comprehensive loss consisted of the following at September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018:

(In thousands)	September 30, March 31,	
	2018	2018
Components of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		
Cumulative translation adjustment	\$ (25,517)	\$(20,398)
Unrecognized net gain on pension plans	1,083	1,083
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	\$ (24,434)	\$(19,315)

As of September 30, 2018 and March 31, 2018, no amounts were reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings.

12. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed based on income available to common stockholders and the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed based on income available to common stockholders and the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding plus the effect of potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method, which includes stock options and restricted stock units ("RSUs"). Potential common shares, composed of the incremental common shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options and nonvested RSUs, are included in the diluted earnings per share calculation to the extent that they are dilutive. In loss periods, the assumed exercise of in-the-money stock options and restricted stock units has an anti-dilutive effect, and therefore these instruments are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months		Six Months	
	Ended September		Ended September	
(In thousands, except per share data)	30,	30,	30,	30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Numerator				
Net income	\$30,841	\$30,705	\$65,307	\$64,464
Denominator				
Denominator for basic earnings per share — weighted average shares outstanding	51,841	53,098	52,238	53,068
Dilutive effect of nonvested restricted stock units and options issued to employees and directors	312	441	307	456
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	52,153	53,539	52,545	53,524
Earnings per Common Share:				
Basic earnings per share	\$0.59	\$0.58	\$1.25	\$1.21
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.59	\$0.57	\$1.24	\$1.20

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were 0.7 million and 0.4 million shares, respectively, attributable to outstanding stock-based awards that were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. For the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were 0.5 million and 0.4 million shares, respectively, attributable to outstanding stock-based awards that were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

13. Share-Based Compensation

In connection with our initial public offering, the Board of Directors adopted the 2005 Long-Term Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), which provides for grants of up to a maximum of 5.0 million shares of restricted stock, stock options, RSUs and other equity-based awards. In June 2014, the Board of Directors approved, and in July 2014, our stockholders ratified, an increase of an additional 1.8 million shares of our common stock for issuance under the Plan, an increase of the maximum number of shares subject to stock options that may be awarded to any one participant under the Plan during any fiscal 12-month period from 1.0 million to 2.5 million shares, and an extension of the term of the Plan by ten years, to February 2025. Directors, officers and other employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as others performing services for the Company, are eligible for grants under the Plan.

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2018, pre-tax share-based compensation costs charged against income were \$2.7 million and \$4.3 million, respectively, and the related income tax benefit recognized was \$0.5 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended September 30, 2017, pre-tax share-based compensation costs charged against income were \$3.0 million and \$4.7 million, respectively, and the related income tax benefit recognized was \$1.0 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

At September 30, 2018, there were \$9.4 million of unrecognized compensation costs related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements under the Plan, based on management's estimate of the shares that will ultimately vest. We expect to recognize such costs over a weighted-average period of 1.0 year. The total fair value of options and RSUs vested during the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$11.9 million and \$6.7 million, respectively. For the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, we received cash from the exercise of stock options of \$1.0 million and \$1.5 million, respectively. For the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, we

realized \$1.2 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, in tax benefits from the tax deductions resulting from RSU issuances and stock option exercises. At September 30, 2018, there were 1.8 million shares available for issuance under the Plan.

On May 7, 2018, the Compensation and Talent Management Committee of our Board of Directors granted 103,406 performance stock units, 100,399 RSUs and stock options to acquire 294,484 shares of our common stock to certain executive officers and

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employees under the Plan. The stock options were granted at an exercise price of \$29.46 per share, which was equal to the closing price for our common stock on the date of the grant.

Each of the independent members of the Board of Directors received a grant under the Plan of 3,779 RSUs on July 31, 2018.

Restricted Stock Units

RSUs granted to employees under the Plan generally vest in three years, primarily upon the attainment of certain time vesting thresholds, and, in the case of performance share units, may also be contingent on the attainment of certain performance goals of the Company, including revenue and earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization targets. The RSUs provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change of control, as defined in the Plan. The RSUs granted to employees generally vest either ratably over three years or in their entirety on the three-year anniversary of the date of the grant. Upon vesting, the units will be settled in shares of our common stock.

Termination of employment prior to vesting will result in forfeiture of the RSUs, unless otherwise accelerated by the Compensation and Talent Management Committee or, in the case of RSUs granted in May 2017 and 2018, subject to pro-rata vesting in the event of death, disability or retirement. The RSUs granted to directors vest immediately upon grant, and will be settled by delivery to the director of one share of our common stock for each vested RSU promptly following the earliest of the director's (i) death, (ii) disability or (iii) the six-month anniversary of the date on which the director's Board membership ceases for reasons other than death or disability.

The fair value of the RSUs is determined using the closing price of our common stock on the date of the grant.

A summary of the RSUs granted under the Plan is presented below:

	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Grant-Date Fair Value
RSUs		
Six Months Ended September 30, 2017		
Vested and nonvested at March 31, 2017	350.1	\$ 39.29
Granted	105.8	55.61
Vested and issued	(53.3)	34.30
Forfeited	(6.7)	49.30
Vested and nonvested at September 30, 2017	395.9	44.15
Vested at September 30, 2017	90.5	29.88
Six Months Ended September 30, 2018		
Vested and nonvested at March 31, 2018	393.5	\$ 44.13
Granted	226.4	30.09
Vested and issued	(175.8)	43.05
Forfeited	(31.1)	48.32
Vested and nonvested at September 30, 2018	413.0	36.58
Vested at September 30, 2018	113.2	31.05

Options

The Plan provides that the exercise price of options granted shall be no less than the fair market value of our common stock on the date the options are granted. Options granted have a term of no greater than ten years from the date of grant and vest in accordance with a schedule determined at the time the option is granted, generally three to five years. The option awards provide for accelerated vesting in the event of a change in control, as defined in the Plan.

Except in the case of death, disability or retirement, termination of employment prior to vesting will result in forfeiture of the nonvested stock options. Vested stock options will remain exercisable by the employee after termination of employment, subject to the terms in the Plan.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model that uses the assumptions noted in the table below. Expected volatilities are based on the historical volatility of our common stock and other factors, including the historical volatilities of comparable companies. We use appropriate historical data, as well as current data, to estimate option exercise and employee termination behaviors. Employees that are expected to exhibit similar exercise or termination behaviors are grouped together for the purposes of valuation. The expected terms of the options granted are derived

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from our historical experience, management's estimates, and consideration of information derived from the public filings of companies similar to us, and represent the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate represents the yield on U.S. Treasury bonds with a maturity equal to the expected term of the granted options.

The weighted-average grant-date fair values of the options granted during the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$10.22 and \$21.20, respectively.

	Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Expected volatility	29%	35%
Expected dividends	\$ —	\$ —
Expected term in years	6.0	6.0
Risk-free rate	2.9%	2.2%

A summary of option activity under the Plan is as follows:

Options	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Six Months Ended September 30, 2017				
Outstanding at March 31, 2017	772.3	\$ 37.70		
Granted	182.8	56.11		
Exercised	(51.0)	) 28.76		
Forfeited or expired	(19.0)	) 47.57		
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	885.1	41.80	7.5	\$ 9,768
Exercisable at September 30, 2017	498.4	32.34	6.3	\$ 9,305
Six Months Ended September 30, 2018				
Outstanding at March 31, 2018	873.2	\$ 41.79		
Granted	294.5	29.46		
Exercised	(37.2)	) 27.60		
Forfeited or expired	(125.4)	) 47.16		
Outstanding at September 30, 2018	1,005.1	38.03	7.3	\$ 6,271
Exercisable at September 30, 2018	555.2	37.08	6.4	\$ 3,890

The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended September 30, 2018 was \$0.3 million.

14. Income Taxes

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Act. The Tax Act represents significant U.S. federal tax reform legislation that includes a permanent reduction to the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate. The permanent reduction to the federal corporate income tax rate resulted in a one-time gain of \$267.0 million related to the value of our deferred tax liabilities and a gain of \$3.2 million related to

the lower blended tax rate on our earnings, in the year ended March 31, 2018, resulting in a net gain of \$270.2 million. Additionally, the Tax Act subjects certain of our cumulative foreign earnings and profits to U.S. income taxes through a deemed repatriation, which resulted in a charge of \$1.9 million in the year ended March 31, 2018.

The changes included in the Tax Act are broad and complex. The final transition impacts of the Tax Act may differ from the above estimates, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations of the Tax Act, any legislative action to address questions that arise because of the Tax Act, any changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations in response to the Tax Act, or any updates or changes to estimates we have utilized to calculate the transition impacts, including impacts from changes to current year earnings estimates and foreign exchange rates of foreign subsidiaries. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has issued rules that allow for a measurement period of up to one year after the enactment

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date of the Tax Act to finalize the recording of the related tax impacts. We currently anticipate finalizing and recording any resulting adjustment by the end of the measurement period.

Income taxes are recorded in our quarterly financial statements based on our estimated annual effective income tax rate, subject to adjustments for discrete events, should they occur. The effective rates used in the calculation of income taxes were 29.1% and 37.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The effective rates used in the calculation of income taxes were 27.4% and 36.8% for the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The decreases in the effective tax rates for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018 versus the respective prior year periods were primarily related to the Tax Act.

The balance in our uncertain tax liability was \$10.8 million at September 30, 2018 and at March 31, 2018. We recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as a component of income tax expense. We did not incur any material interest or penalties related to income taxes in any of the periods presented.

15. Employee Retirement Plans

The primary components of Net Periodic Benefits consist of the following:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
(In thousands)	2018	2017	2018	2017
Interest cost	\$610	\$634	1,220	\$1,263
Expected return on assets	(768)	(725)	(1,536)	(1,451)
Net periodic benefit income	\$(158)	\$(91)	\$(316)	\$(188)

During the six months ended September 30, 2018, we contributed \$0.2 million to our non-qualified defined benefit plan and \$1.0 million to the qualified defined benefit plan. During the remainder of fiscal 2019, we expect to contribute an additional \$0.2 million to our non-qualified plan and make no contributions to the qualified plan.

16. Commitments and Contingencies

We are involved from time to time in legal matters and other claims incidental to our business. We review outstanding claims and proceedings internally and with external counsel as necessary to assess the probability and amount of a potential loss. These assessments are re-evaluated at each reporting period and as new information becomes available to determine whether a reserve should be established or if any existing reserve should be adjusted. The actual cost of resolving a claim or proceeding ultimately may be substantially different than the amount of the recorded reserve. In addition, because it is not permissible under GAAP to establish a litigation reserve until the loss is both probable and estimable, in some cases there may be insufficient time to establish a reserve prior to the actual incurrence of the loss (upon verdict and judgment at trial, for example, or in the case of a quickly negotiated settlement). We believe the resolution of routine legal matters and other claims incidental to our business, taking our reserves into account, will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

17. Concentrations of Risk

Our revenues are concentrated in the areas of OTC Healthcare and Household Cleaning products (prior to the sale of our Household Cleaning segment, as discussed in Note 3). We sell our products to mass merchandisers and drug, food, dollar, convenience and club stores and e-commerce channels. During the three and six months ended September 30, 2018, approximately 44.7% and 43.5%, respectively, of our gross revenues were derived from our five

top selling brands. During the three and six months ended September 30, 2017, approximately 40.8% and 42.0%, respectively, of our gross revenues were derived from our five top selling brands. Two customers, Walmart and Walgreens, accounted for more than 10% of our gross revenues for certain periods presented. Walmart accounted for approximately 23.6% and 24.1%, respectively, of our gross revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018. Walgreens accounted for approximately 10.0% and 9.3%, respectively, of our gross revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2018. Walmart accounted for approximately 25.3% and 25.4%, respectively, of our gross revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2017. Walgreens accounted for approximately 8.7% and 8.9%, respectively, of our gross revenues for the three and six months ended September 30, 2017. The gross revenues for Walmart and Walgreens are included in our North American OTC Healthcare segment and Household Cleaning segment (prior to the sale of our Household Cleaning segment on July 2, 2018).

Our product distribution in the United States is managed by a third party through one primary distribution center near St. Louis, Missouri, and we operate one manufacturing facility located in Lynchburg, Virginia. A serious disruption, caused by performance or contractual issues with the third party distribution manager or by earthquake, flood, or fire, could damage our inventory and/or materially impair our ability to distribute our products to customers in a timely manner or at a reasonable cost. Any disruption as a result of third party performance at our distribution center could result in increased costs, expense, shipping times, customer fees and penalties. In addition, any serious disruption to our Lynchburg manufacturing facility could materially impair our ability to manufacture many of our products, which would also limit our ability to provide products to customers in a timely manner or at a reasonable cost. We could also incur significantly higher costs and experience longer lead times should we be required to reopen or replace our primary distribution center, the third party distribution manager or the manufacturing facility. As a result, any serious disruption could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

At September 30, 2018, we had relationships with 110 third-party manufacturers. Of those, we had long-term contracts with 34 manufacturers that produced items that accounted for approximately 60.0% of gross sales for the six months ended September 30, 2018. At September 30, 2017, we had relationships with 110 third-party manufacturers. Of those, we had long-term contracts with 45 manufacturers that produced items that accounted for approximately 79.5% of gross sales for the six months ended September 30, 2017. The fact that we do not have long-term contracts with certain manufacturers means that they could cease manufacturing our products at any time and for any reason or initiate arbitrary and costly price increases, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations. Although we are in the process of negotiating long-term contracts with certain key manufacturers, we may not be able to reach a timely agreement, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

18. Business Segments

Segment information has been prepared in accordance with the Segment Reporting topic of the FASB ASC 280. Our current reportable segments consist of (i) North American OTC Healthcare and (ii) International OTC Healthcare. We sold our Household Cleaning segment on July 2, 2018; see Note 3 for further information. We evaluate the performance of our operating segments and allocate resources to these segments based primarily on contribution margin, which we define as gross profit less advertising and promotional expenses.

The tables below summarize information about our reportable segments.

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018			
	North American OTC Healthcare	International OTC Healthcare	Household Cleaning	Consolidated
Total segment revenues*	\$215,950	\$ 23,407	\$	-\$ 239,357
Cost of sales	92,007	9,878	—	101,885
Gross profit	123,943	13,529	—	137,472
Advertising and promotion	33,325	3,717	—	37,042
Contribution margin	\$90,618	\$ 9,812	\$	—100,430
Other operating expenses				29,506
Operating income				70,924
Other expense				27,405
Income before income taxes				43,519
Provision for income taxes				12,678
Net income				\$ 30,841

* Intersegment revenues of \$1.6 million were eliminated from the North American OTC Healthcare segment.

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Six Months Ended September 30, 2018

(In thousands)	North American OTC Healthcare			Household Cleaning	Consolidated
	OTC Healthcare	International OTC Healthcare			
Total segment revenues*	\$430,725	\$ 42,801		\$ 19,811	\$ 493,337
Cost of sales	181,160	17,494		16,588	215,242
Gross profit	249,565	25,307		3,223	278,095
Advertising and promotion	66,583	7,140		430	74,153
Contribution margin	\$ 182,982	\$ 18,167		\$ 2,793	203,942
Other operating expenses					60,531
Operating income					143,411
Other expense					53,432
Income before income taxes					89,979
Provision for income taxes					24,672
Net income					\$ 65,307

* Intersegment revenues of \$4.3 million were eliminated from the North American OTC Healthcare segment.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

(In thousands)	North American OTC Healthcare			Household Cleaning	Consolidated
	OTC Healthcare	International OTC Healthcare			
Total segment revenues*	\$215,302	\$ 20,957		\$ 21,767	\$ 258,026
Cost of sales	87,184	9,296		17,448	113,928
Gross profit	128,118	11,661		4,319	144,098
Advertising and promotion	35,064	3,593		531	39,188
Contribution margin	\$93,054	\$ 8,068		\$ 3,788	104,910
Other operating expenses					29,185
Operating income					75,725
Other expense					26,404
Income before income taxes					49,321
Provision for income taxes					18,616
Net income					\$ 30,705

* Intersegment revenues of \$2.3 million were eliminated from the North American OTC Healthcare segment.

Six Months Ended September 30, 2017

(In thousands)	North American OTC Healthcare			Household Cleaning	Consolidated
	OTC Healthcare	International OTC Healthcare			
Total segment revenues*	\$431,117	\$ 41,855		\$ 41,627	\$ 514,599
Cost of sales	173,685	19,246		34,094	227,025
Gross profit	257,432	22,609		7,533	287,574
Advertising and promotion	67,872	7,283		977	76,132
Contribution margin	\$ 189,560	\$ 15,326		\$ 6,556	211,442
Other operating expenses					56,762
Operating income					154,680
Other expense					52,671

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Income before income taxes	102,009
Provision for income taxes	37,545
Net income	\$ 64,464

* Intersegment revenues of \$3.7 million were eliminated from the North American OTC Healthcare segment.

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The tables below summarize information about our segment revenues from similar product groups.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018				
(In thousands)	North	International	Household	Consolidated
	American	OTC			Cleaning
	OTC	Healthcare		
Analgesics	\$28,638	\$ 125	\$	—\$ 28,763
Cough & Cold	20,492	5,734	—	26,226
Women's Health	61,614	3,270	—	64,884
Gastrointestinal	30,529	7,950	—	38,479
Eye & Ear Care	24,845	2,995	—	27,840
Dermatologicals	25,338	605	—	25,943
Oral Care	23,142	2,727	—	25,869
Other OTC	1,352	1	—	1,353
Household Cleaning	—	—	—	—
Total segment revenues	\$215,950	\$ 23,407	\$	—\$ 239,357

Six Months Ended September 30, 2018				
(In thousands)	North	International	Household	Consolidated
	American	OTC			Cleaning
	OTC	Healthcare		
Analgesics	\$56,896	\$ 282	\$ —	\$ 57,178
Cough & Cold	36,706	10,905	—	47,611
Women's Health	125,091	5,527	—	130,618
Gastrointestinal	63,328	13,940	—	77,268
Eye & Ear Care	50,317	5,614	—	55,931
Dermatologicals	50,460	1,137	—	51,597
Oral Care	45,339	5,394	—	50,733
Other OTC	2,588	2	—	2,590
Household Cleaning	—	—	19,811	19,811
Total segment revenues	\$430,725	\$ 42,801	\$ 19,811	\$ 493,337

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017				
(In thousands)	North	International	Household	Consolidated
	American	OTC			Cleaning
	OTC	Healthcare		
Analgesics	\$29,348	\$ 40	\$ —	\$ 29,388
Cough & Cold	21,567	4,659	—	26,226
Women's Health	61,436	1,906	—	63,342
Gastrointestinal	28,323	8,139	—	36,462
Eye & Ear Care	22,535	2,590	—	25,125
Dermatologicals	25,821	524	—	26,345
Oral Care	24,990	3,097	—	28,087
Other OTC	1,282	2	—	1,284
Household Cleaning	—	—	21,767	21,767
Total segment revenues	\$215,302	\$ 20,957	\$ 21,767	\$ 258,026

Six Months Ended September 30, 2017

(In thousands)	North American OTC Healthcare	International OTC Healthcare	Household Cleaning	Consolidated
Analgesics	\$58,638	\$ 549	\$ —	\$ 59,187
Cough & Cold	38,977	9,272	—	48,249
Women's Health	124,581	5,500	—	130,081
Gastrointestinal	58,753	13,872	—	72,625
Eye & Ear Care	47,806	5,645	—	53,451
Dermatologicals	49,952	1,025	—	50,977
Oral Care	49,882	5,989	—	55,871
Other OTC	2,528	3	—	2,531
Household Cleaning	—	—	41,627	41,627
Total segment revenues	\$431,117	\$ 41,855	\$ 41,627	\$ 514,599

Our total segment revenues by geographic area are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Six Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
United States	\$203,763	\$225,351	\$427,240	\$450,345
Rest of world	35,594	32,675	66,097	64,254
Total	\$239,357	\$258,026	\$493,337	\$514,599

Our consolidated goodwill and intangible assets have been allocated to the reportable segments as follows:

September 30, 2018	North American OTC Healthcare	International OTC Healthcare	Household Cleaning	Consolidated
(In thousands)				
Goodwill	\$580,934	\$ 31,510	\$ —	—\$ 612,444
Intangible assets				
Indefinite-lived	2,375,737	78,887	—	2,454,624
Finite-lived, net	254,876	5,570	—	260,446
Intangible assets, net	2,630,613	84,457	—	2,715,070
Total	\$3,211,547	\$ 115,967	\$ —	—\$ 3,327,514

March 31, 2018	North American OTC Healthcare	International OTC Healthcare	Household Cleaning	Consolidated
(In thousands)				
Goodwill	\$580,934	\$ 32,919	\$ 6,245	\$ 620,098
Intangible assets				
Indefinite-lived	2,375,736	84,006	30,561	2,490,303
Finite-lived, net	265,356	6,068	19,189	290,613

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Intangible assets, net	2,641,092	90,074	49,750	2,780,916
Total	\$3,222,026	\$ 122,993	\$ 55,995	\$ 3,401,014

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read together with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018. This discussion and analysis may contain forward-looking statements that involve certain risks, assumptions and uncertainties. Future results could differ materially from the discussion that follows for many reasons, including the factors described in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018 and in future reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

See also "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" on page 32 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Unless otherwise indicated by the context, all references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "we," "us," "our," the "Company" or "Prestige" refer to Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. and our subsidiaries. Similarly, reference to a year (e.g., "2019") refers to our fiscal year ended March 31 of that year.

General

We are engaged in the development, manufacturing, marketing, sales and distribution of well-recognized, brand name over-the-counter ("OTC") healthcare and household cleaning products (prior to the sale of our Household Cleaning segment on July 2, 2018) to mass merchandisers and drug, food, dollar, convenience, and club stores and e-commerce channels in North America (the United States and Canada) and in Australia and certain other international markets. We use the strength of our brands, our established retail distribution network, a low-cost operating model and our experienced management team to our competitive advantage.

We have grown our brand portfolio both organically and through acquisitions. We develop our existing brands by investing in new product lines, brand extensions and strong advertising support. Acquisitions of OTC brands have also been an important part of our growth strategy. We have acquired strong and well-recognized brands from consumer products and pharmaceutical companies, as well as private equity firms. While many of these brands have long histories of brand development and investment, we believe that, at the time we acquired them, most were considered "non-core" by their previous owners. As a result, these acquired brands did not benefit from adequate management focus and marketing support during the period prior to their acquisition, which created opportunities for us to reinvigorate these brands and improve their performance post-acquisition. After adding a core brand to our portfolio, we seek to increase its sales, market share and distribution in both existing and new channels through our established retail distribution network. We pursue this growth through increased spending on advertising and promotional support, new sales and marketing strategies, improved packaging and formulations, and innovative development of brand extensions.

Divestiture

On July 2, 2018, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with KIK International LLC, pursuant to which we sold certain assets, including certain intellectual property rights, associated with our Household Cleaning segment. The assets sold represent our Household Cleaning segment. We received proceeds of \$65.9 million and used the net proceeds to repay long-term debt in July 2018. As a condition of the agreement, we entered into a Transitional Services Agreement on July 2, 2018, under which we will provide certain services to KIK International LLC related to the transition of the business for a specified period of time.

Tax Reform

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("Tax Act"). The Tax Act represents significant U.S. federal tax reform legislation that includes a permanent reduction to the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate. The permanent reduction to the federal corporate

income tax rate resulted in a one-time gain of \$267.0 million related to the value of our deferred tax liabilities and a gain of \$3.2 million related to the lower blended tax rate on our earnings, in the year ended March 31, 2018, resulting in a net gain of \$270.2 million. Additionally, the Tax Act subjects certain of our cumulative foreign earnings and profits to U.S. income taxes through a deemed repatriation, which resulted in a charge of \$1.9 million in the year ended March 31, 2018.

The changes included in the Tax Act are broad and complex. The final transition impacts of the Tax Act may differ from the above estimates, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations of the Tax Act, any legislative action to address questions that arise because of the Tax Act, any changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations in response to the Tax Act, or any updates or changes to estimates the Company has utilized to calculate the transition impacts, including impacts from changes to current year earnings estimates and foreign exchange rates of foreign subsidiaries. The SEC

has issued rules that allow for a measurement period of up to one year after the enactment date of the Tax Act to finalize the recording of the related tax impacts.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Total Segment Revenues

The following table represents total revenue by segment, including product groups, for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,				Increase (Decrease)	
	2018	%	2017	%	Amount	%
North American OTC Healthcare						
Analgesics	\$28,638	12.0	\$29,348	11.4	\$(710)	(2.4)
Cough & Cold	20,492	8.5	21,567	8.4	(1,075)	(5.0)
Women's Health	61,614	25.7	61,436	23.8	178	0.3
Gastrointestinal	30,529	12.7	28,323	11.0	2,206	7.8
Eye & Ear Care	24,845	10.4	22,535	8.7	2,310	10.3
Dermatologicals	25,338	10.6	25,821	10.0	(483)	(1.9)
Oral Care	23,142	9.7	24,990	9.7	(1,848)	(7.4)
Other OTC	1,352	0.6	1,282	0.5	70	5.5
Total North American OTC Healthcare	215,950	90.2	215,302	83.5	648	0.3
International OTC Healthcare						
Analgesics	125	0.1	40	—	85	212.5
Cough & Cold	5,734	2.4	4,659	1.8	1,075	23.1
Women's Health	3,270	1.4	1,906	0.7	1,364	71.6
Gastrointestinal	7,950	3.2	8,139	3.2	(189)	(2.3)
Eye & Ear Care	2,995	1.3	2,590	1.0	405	15.6
Dermatologicals	605	0.3	524	0.2	81	15.5
Oral Care	2,727	1.1	3,097	1.2	(370)	(11.9)
Other OTC	1	—	2	—	(1)	(50.0)
Total International OTC Healthcare	23,407	9.8	20,957	8.1	2,450	11.7
Total OTC Healthcare	239,357	100.0	236,259	91.6	3,098	1.3
Household Cleaning	—	—	21,767	8.4	(21,767)	(100.0)
Total Consolidated	\$239,357	100.0	\$258,026	100.0	\$(18,669)	(7.2)

Total segment revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2018 were \$239.4 million, a decrease of \$18.7 million, or 7.2%, versus the three months ended September 30, 2017. The \$18.7 million decrease was primarily related to the sale of our Household Cleaning segment on July 2, 2018.

North American OTC Healthcare Segment

Revenues for the North American OTC Healthcare segment were relatively flat, increasing \$0.6 million, or 0.3%, during the three months ended September 30, 2018 versus the three months ended September 30, 2017.

International OTC Healthcare Segment

Revenues for the International OTC Healthcare segment increased \$2.5 million, or 11.7%, during the three months ended September 30, 2018 versus the three months ended September 30, 2017. The increase was primarily attributable to timing of distributor orders.

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Household Cleaning Segment

Due to the sale of our Household Cleaning segment on July 2, 2018, there were no related revenues for the current period.

Gross Profit

The following table presents our gross profit and gross profit as a percentage of total segment revenues, by segment for each of the periods presented.

	Three Months Ended		
	September 30,		
(In thousands)		Increase	
		(Decrease)	
Gross Profit	2018	2017	% Amount