

Clough Global Equity Fund
Form N-CSR
January 07, 2019

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

**CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED
MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

Investment Company Act file number: 811-21712

Clough Global Equity Fund

(exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

1290 Broadway, Suite 1100, Denver, Colorado 80203

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Karen S. Gilomen, Secretary

Clough Global Equity Fund

1290 Broadway, Suite 1100

Denver, Colorado 80203

(Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 303-623-2577

Date of fiscal year end: October 31

Date of reporting period: November 1, 2017 – October 31, 2018

Item 1. Reports to Stockholders.

Section 19(b) Disclosure

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund, Clough Global Equity Fund, and Clough Global Opportunities Fund (each a “Fund” and collectively, the “Funds”), acting pursuant to a Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) exemptive order and with the approval of each Fund’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”), have adopted a plan, consistent with each Fund’s investment objectives and policies to support a level distribution of income, capital gains and/or return of capital (the “Plan”). In accordance with the Plan, until July 2019, each Fund will pay monthly distributions in an annualized amount of not less than 10% of the respective Fund’s average monthly net asset value (“NAV”). From August 2019 to July 2021, each Fund will pay monthly distributions in an amount not less than the average distribution rate of a peer group of closed-end funds selected by the Board.

Under the Plan, each Fund will distribute all available investment income to its shareholders, consistent with each Fund’s primary investment objectives and as required by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”). If sufficient investment income is not available on a monthly basis, each Fund will distribute long-term capital gains and/or return of capital to shareholders in order to maintain a level distribution. Each monthly distribution to shareholders is expected to be at the fixed amount established by the Board, except for extraordinary distributions and potential distribution rate increases to enable each Fund to comply with the distribution requirements imposed by the Code.

Shareholders should not draw any conclusions about each Fund’s investment performance from the amount of these distributions or from the terms of the Plan. Each Fund’s total return performance on net asset value is presented in its financial highlights table.

Until July 2021, each Board may amend, suspend or terminate each Fund’s Plan without prior notice if the Board determines in good faith that continuation would constitute a breach of fiduciary duty or would violate the Investment Company Act of 1940. The suspension or termination of the Plan could have the effect of creating a trading discount (if a Fund’s stock is trading at or above net asset value) or widening an existing trading discount. Each Fund is subject to risks that could have an adverse impact on its ability to maintain level distributions. Examples of potential risks include, but are not limited to, economic downturns impacting the markets, increased market volatility, companies suspending or decreasing corporate dividend distributions and changes in the Code. Please refer to the Notes to Financial Statements in the Annual Report to Shareholders for a more complete description of its risks.

Please refer to Additional Information for a cumulative summary of the Section 19(a) notices for each Fund’s current fiscal period. Section 19(a) notices for each Fund, as applicable, are available on the Clough Global Closed-End Funds website www.cloughglobal.com.

Clough Global Funds Table of Contents

Shareholder Letter & Portfolio Allocation	
Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund	2
Clough Global Equity Fund	7
Clough Global Opportunities Fund	13
Statement of Investments	
Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund	20
Clough Global Equity Fund	25
Clough Global Opportunities Fund	29
Statements of Assets and Liabilities	34
Statements of Operations	35
Statements of Changes in Net Assets	36
Statements of Cash Flows	39
Financial Highlights	
Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund	40
Clough Global Equity Fund	41
Clough Global Opportunities Fund	42
Notes to Financial Statements	43
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	60
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	61
Additional Information	
Fund Proxy Voting Policies & Procedures	62
Portfolio Holdings	62
Notice	62
Shareholder Meeting	62
Section 19(A) Notices	62
Tax Designations	63
Trustees & Officers	64

Privacy Policy

69

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

For the fiscal year ending October 31, the Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund (GLV or the “Fund”) was down 5.18% on net asset value (“NAV”) and down 11.10% on market price. The Fund’s benchmark, 50% of the MSCI World Index and 50% of the Barclays US Aggregate index, was down -0.03% for the same time. Information Technology and Financials were the largest contributors by sector while Energy and Consumer Discretionary were the largest detractors. The Fund was held down all year by a rising rate environment and the negative sentiment toward income stocks in the United States as well as weakness in emerging markets in China and India.

First, we would like to address the recent spike in volatility on the markets. The spike in Treasury yields has been driven by real yields. Inflation expectations are falling, so rising bond yields are simply reflecting growth in the economy and in our view are likely close to peaking.

There are negatives. Equities are clearly discounting a peak in the profit cycle. Residential housing and auto sales are weak and forward-looking indicators of business cycle spending point to a slowdown. The Global Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) is falling, cyclicals are underperforming, and the global profit cycle is peaking. While the central banks focus on labor costs and headline consumer inflation, they are backward-looking at a time when private debt level is high, and a raft of high yield debt has been added to both corporate and financial sector balance sheets. Leveraged loans have mushroomed, having doubled over the past six years, and now stand at \$1.1 trillion. They enable private equity holders to load their companies with debt to fuel the mergers and acquisitions boom, but many of these loans have floating rates which leave them vulnerable to rising short term rates.

Nevertheless, we expect a recovery from October’s equity market selloff. At the first sign of stabilization, investors will face historically low yields and will be dependent on capital gains to capture returns. They will likely “buy the dip” for the simple reason that liquidity is still abundant. Financial market volatility is far more than trends in the underlying economy. High yield spreads are well within the range of quantitative easing experience, so the likelihood is that the Federal Reserve may cease tightening early in 2019.

TOP FIVE CONTRIBUTORS

Microsoft (MSFT) was a top contributor in the Fund. MSFT is one of the winners in cloud computing. MSFT Azure and Office 365 will continue to drive top line growth. This coupled with higher incremental margins as the cloud business scales and discipline on cost will drive strong earnings and free cash flow growth. Given these fundamentals, its valuation and return of capital profile, MSFT remains a core position in the Fund.

Pfizer (PFE), a leading global pharmaceutical company was a top contributor for the year. PFE was rewarded by the market for its best in class drug pipeline management. PFE also benefited as the go to defensive name in health care as the higher beta names in the market sold off with the pickup in volatility during the fall.

Ares Capital (ARCC) is a best in class Business Development Company (“BDC”). ARCC lends to domestic middle market companies. Ares has an excellent credit history through multiple cycles. ARCC trades near book value despite a consistent double digit return on equity and 9% dividend yield.

Ping An Insurance Group (2318 HK) was a top performer for the year. Ping An is the largest private life insurer in China. A combination of favorable industry reform as well as rising incomes has produced a leading platform for sustained growth at an attractive valuation. Ping An is also the second largest peer to peer lender in China.

Finally, Apple (AAPL) was a top contributor to the Fund. The debate around Apple focuses on near term iPhone units sold, but AAPL is starting to monetize its ecosystem through tremendous growth in its services business. We see a business which can potentially grow topline low to mid-single digits with margins going up and return of free cash flow through buybacks and dividends driving mid-teens earnings per share (“EPS”) growth. In our view, a strong consumer franchise with these characteristics deserves to trade at least at a market multiple. Applying a market multiple to AAPL’s earnings could lead to substantial upside from here.

TOP FIVE DETRACTORS

Baker Hughes (BHI) was a top detractor in GLV. The position has subsequently been sold. We purchased Baker Hughes thinking that margins would expand in the company’s key turbo machinery and process controls business. But operating problems continue to linger in that business, far longer than they should have, and we decided our investment was premature.

We wrote down a portion of the Fund’s private investment in Fairway Energy. Fairway is a crude oil storage company in the Houston area with a 10-million-barrel storage terminal capable of receiving crude from the Permian Basin, the Eagle Ford Shale basin, as well as Canada/Mid-continent production locations. The company’s utilization rates have been depressed by backwardation in the crude oil price curve, wherein deferred futures prices for crude are depressed relative to the price of near term deliveries. This discourages holding crude inventories and of course reduces demand for storage. In addition, the company currently faces intense competitive pressures and higher than expected transportation costs.

2 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Indiabulls Housing Finance (IHFL IN) and Housing Development Finance Corp (HDFC IN) were top detractors in the Fund for the year. We believe that currently, the best way to invest in housing in India is via private banks and mortgage lenders like HDFC and Indiabulls. Indiabulls is the lesser known of the two companies but it is anticipated to potentially grow significantly while sporting a price to earnings ratio of 12.5x forward earnings. The companies have avoided most of the lending pitfalls in India, hold higher quality assets and as a result enjoy lower funding costs. We think private financial companies can sell at much higher price to book ratios than they do today. They hold 50% of the low-cost deposits but make up only 25% of the total market capitalization for banks. Housing for All by 2022 is a major government goal. A strong dollar and rising rates caused these two names to give back recent gains. We have exited our positions but will look to retake a position once the space stabilizes at lower prices.

Finally, Bristol-Myers Squibb (BMY) was a top detractor in the Fund. BMY, a large pharmaceutical company, declined after competitor Merck announced positive data for its non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) treatment. This positive data puts Merck in a leadership position for the treatment and puts Bristol behind Merck as of the recent data for each company.

OTHER CURRENT INVESTMENT THEMES

U.S. MONEY CENTER BANKS

The number of shares outstanding for the U.S. money center banks keep falling and U.S. banks are returning ever larger portions of profits to shareholders in dividends and share repurchases. For example, JP Morgan Chase & Co.'s shares outstanding dropped 5% over the past year; Citigroup's dropped 8%. Citi's management is particularly incentivized to grow profits: its bonus pool pays out fully if Citi earns at least \$22.50 of cumulative EPS between 2018 and 2020. Regulators are satisfied with capital levels.

Money center banks reported strong earnings in the third quarter despite lower mortgage and investment banking activity along with weak trading and loan growth. Bank of America investment banking fees fell 18%, but total revenues were up 5% built upon strong credit card operations. Expenses were actually down 2%.

Citi, in particular, can potentially achieve much higher margins. Outside of its highly profitable credit card business, Citi's efficiency ratios (roughly, costs as a percentage of revenues) are still high compared to its peers. Management's target is to reduce them 200 basis points each year. An activist, ValueAct, is involved and we expect further restructuring moves and stock buybacks. Citi remains the last man standing in global banking, and we believe it is

well situated to potentially return more than its earnings. Deferred tax asset utilization will reduce its tax rate, and the bank will get a new chairman in early 2019.

We believe the environment for community and small regional banks is becoming more tenuous and the money centers will gain share in the more attractive market segments. For example, larger banks have limited their real estate lending in this cycle while banks with less than \$100 billion in assets have materially increased their commercial real estate loans to suburban developers and those assets may be becoming stressed. Bank OZK (the former Bank of the Ozarks) wrote down \$45 million in commercial real estate loans, which reportedly sported an 80% loan to value ratio when the loans were made.

YIELD SHORTAGE

Despite the recent rise in short term rates, investors are still faced with a dearth of income opportunities. We believe that BDCs and Commercial Mortgage real estate income trusts (“REIT”) that are managed by established management teams with solid credit history through multiple cycles are a very attractive income play in a world still starved for yield. The Fund holds a basket of higher quality BDCs and Commercial Mortgage REIT’s that trade cheap to their historical book multiples and pay between 7% and 10% dividends. Unlike traditional REITs, companies like Ares Capital and Starwood Property Trust write floating rate loans to their respective customers, so their profitability stands to benefit from a rise in real interest rates. We believe there is capital appreciation to be made in addition to the attractive dividends in this space.

WHAT ABOUT EMERGING ASIA?

Headlines about Asian markets are dominating sentiment and are at risk of masking some of the important changes going on within China and its capital markets. In India, we believe that what Prime Minister Modi and his administration have accomplished over the last four years has been unprecedented in India's recent history. That being said, emerging market stress finally reached the shores of the Indian market and sentiment, as opposed to underlying fundamentals, can drive performance.

We are traditionally very flexible in our exposure to these markets. At the moment, given the turbulence created by U.S. and China trade tensions, along with rising U.S. rates and higher oil prices which are causing havoc with India’s current account balance, it is at the lower end of our target.

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

CURRENT SHORT THEMES

SHORT SEMICONDUCTOR AND SMARTPHONE COMPONENT SUPPLIERS

The Fund currently has established short positions in two sectors: smartphone suppliers and select semiconductor manufacturers. Both industries face stagnant to declining demand and declining margins. While the semiconductor industry has been a key enabler of a data-driven economy and has become inherently less cyclical, the current demand cycle has led to pricing and profit margin levels which are unsustainable for certain suppliers. Many suppliers have responded by building capacity which is likely to ultimately exceed demand. We believe that pricing will come under pressure and that margins will follow.

The Fund currently remains long the stock of Apple while maintaining short positions in certain companies within the company's supply chain. Global unit sales of smartphones are flat, compressing profit margins for commodity suppliers, while Apple will benefit from a product mix shift which implies higher revenues per unit shipped and a growing services business. Companies manufacturing discrete capacitors for the phones are particularly vulnerable.

SHORT EUROPEAN BANKS

A sell-off in Italian bonds translated into lower bank stock prices across Europe, demonstrating the link between weak banks and weak government finances. The cost of credit is rising in response to aggressive fiscal stimulus plans. Falling bond prices weaken bank capital positions since the banks are a key source of government funding. Italian banks are particularly vulnerable. Italy's banks are hurt by rising bond yields and remain vulnerable to a \$290 billion pile of nonperforming loans. Moody's once again downgraded these banks.

Meanwhile, French banks have written down less than 6% of their loans and they likely remain insolvent. At least they are liquid, but the European Central Bank is gradually turning off the liquidity spigot. We think a new solvency crisis looms in Europe and what little capital Europe's banks have is fragile. At the same time, offshore dollar liquidity is tightening as U.S. corporations bring back their overseas cash hordes. U.S. policy is tight money and loose fiscal policy which draws more money to the U.S. Eventually, heavy subprime borrowing in the U.S. may reverse and force deleveraging, but that is not yet predictable.

FIXED INCOME

We continue to keep our duration low in the Fund. With rates moving higher, we are positioned in the less volatile front end of the yield curve in investment grade corporate bonds as well as investment grade floating rate bonds. The Fund sold almost all of its agency mortgage backed securities. In a rising rate environment, these bonds will extend in duration and fall in price. We still believe in a low rate environment in the long term and are patiently waiting for buying opportunities amidst the repricing in the bond market.

FUND DISCOUNT MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

The Fund has taken several steps in the last year to shrink the price discount to net asset value. Throughout the past two years, we have made a number of changes to reduce the expense ratios of the Fund. Last fall, the Fund's Board of Trustees agreed to a managed distribution rate of 10% for the next two years. History has shown that funds with higher distribution rates trade at more attractive valuations relative to net asset value. Finally, the Board of Trustees also implemented a significant tender offer in November 2017 at 98.5% of net asset value. Clough and the Board will continue to look for other opportunities to take shareholder friendly actions that will also shrink the Fund's price discount to net asset value.

If you have any questions about your investment, please call 1-877-256-8445.

Sincerely,

Chuck Clough

Robert Zdunczyk

4 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

This letter is provided for informational purposes only and is not an offer to purchase or sell shares. Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund, Clough Global Equity Fund and Clough Opportunities Fund (the "Funds") are closed-end funds, which are traded on the NYSE American LLC, and does not continuously issue shares for sale as open-end mutual funds do. The market price of a closed-end Fund is based on the market's value.

The information in this letter represents the opinions of the individual Portfolio Managers and is not intended to be a forecast of future events, a guarantee of future results, or investment advice. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

MSCI World Index: a stock market index of world stocks. It is maintained by MSCI Inc. and is often used as a common benchmark for world or global stock funds. The index includes a collection of stocks of all the developed markets in the world as defined by MSCI.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index: Measures the performance of the U.S. investment grade bond market. The index invests in a wide spectrum of public, investment-grade, taxable, fixed income securities in the United States, including government, corporate, and international dollar denominated bonds, as well as mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, all with maturities of more than 1 year.

The net asset value (NAV) of a closed-end fund is the market price of the underlying investments (i.e., stocks and bonds) in the fund's portfolio, minus liabilities, divided by the total number of fund shares outstanding. However, the fund also has a market price; the value of which it trades on an exchange. This market price can be more or less than its NAV.

It is not possible to invest directly in an Index.

RISKS

An investor should consider investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing. To obtain an annual report or semiannual report which contains this and other information visit www.cloughglobal.com or call 1-877-256-8445. Read them carefully before investing.

A Fund's distribution policy will, under certain circumstances, have certain adverse consequences to the Fund and its shareholders because it may result in a return of capital resulting in less of a shareholder's assets being invested in the Fund and, over time, increase the Fund's expense ratio.

Distributions may be paid from sources of income other than ordinary income, such as net realized short-term capital gains, net realized long-term capital gains and return of capital. Based on current estimates, we anticipate the most recent distribution has been paid from short-term and long-term capital gains. The actual amounts and sources of the amounts for tax reporting purposes will depend upon a Fund's investment experience during the remainder of its fiscal year and may be subject to changes based on tax regulations. If a distribution includes anything other than net investment income, the Fund provides a Section 19(a) notice of the best estimate of its distribution sources at that time. These estimates may not match the final tax characterization (for the full year's distributions) contained in shareholders' 1099-DIV forms after the end of the year.

A Fund's investments in securities of foreign issuers are subject to risks not usually associated with owning securities of U.S. issuers. These risks can include fluctuations in foreign currencies, foreign currency exchange controls, social, political and economic instability, differences in securities regulation and trading, expropriation or nationalization of assets, and foreign taxation issues.

A Fund's investments in preferred stocks and bonds of below investment grade quality (commonly referred to as "high yield" or "junk bonds"), if any, are predominately speculative because of the credit risk of their issuers.

An investment by a Fund in REITs will subject it to various risks. The first, real estate industry risk, is the risk that the REIT share prices will decline because of adverse developments affecting the real estate industry and real property values. In general, real estate values can be affected by a variety of factors, including supply and demand for properties, the economic health of the country or of different regions, and the strength of specific industries that rent properties. The second, investment style risk, is the risk that returns from REITs—which typically are small or medium capitalization stocks—will trail returns from the overall stock market. The third, interest rate risk, is the risk that changes in interest rates may hurt real estate values or make REIT shares less attractive than other income-producing investments. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a preferred or debt security will become unable to meet its obligation to make dividend, interest and principal payments.

Interest rate risk is the risk that preferred stocks paying fixed dividend rates and fixed-rate debt securities will decline in value because of changes in market interest rates. When interest rates rise the value of such securities generally will fall. Derivative transactions (such as futures contracts and options thereon, options, swaps, and short sales) subject a Fund to increased risk of principal loss due to imperfect correlation or unexpected price or interest rate movements. Compared to investment companies that focus only on large companies, the Fund's share price may be more volatile because it also invests in small and medium capitalization companies.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 5

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Portfolio Allocation

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Top 10 Equity Holdings^{^^}	% of Total Portfolio
1. Microsoft Corp.	3.66%
2. Starwood Property Trust, Inc.	3.20%
3. Ares Capital Corp.	2.99%
4. Citigroup, Inc.	2.97%
5. Johnson & Johnson	2.63%
6. Pfizer, Inc.	2.55%
7. Apple, Inc.	2.48%
8. Blackstone Mortgage Trust, Inc.	2.31%
9. JPMorgan Chase & Co.	2.29%
10. Community Healthcare Trust, Inc.	2.15%

Global Securities Holdings[^]	% of Total Portfolio
United States	85.85%
U.S. Multinationals [†]	9.04%
United Kingdom	3.07%
China	2.48%
India	1.98%
Germany	0.84%
Japan	0.17%
Canada	0.00%
Mexico	0.00%
Other	-3.43%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	100.00%
Asset Allocation*	% of Total Portfolio
Common Stock - US	31.16%
Common Stock - Foreign	7.95%
Exchange Traded Funds	-0.25%
Total Return Swap Contracts	-0.06%
Total Equities	38.80%

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Corporate Debt	32.71%
Government L/T	9.57%
Preferred Stock	5.43%
Asset/ Mortgage Backed	2.42%
Total Fixed Income	50.13%
Other (Cash)	6.55%
Short-Term Investments	4.52%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	100.00%

Country Allocation**	Long Exposure %TNA	Short Exposure %TNA	Gross Exposure %TNA	Net Exposure %TNA
United States	132.0%	-4.1%	136.1%	127.9%
U.S. Multinationals [†]	15.3%	-1.8%	17.1%	13.5%
United Kingdom	4.6%	0.0%	4.6%	4.6%
China	3.7%	0.0%	3.7%	3.7%
India	3.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Germany	2.7%	-1.4%	4.1%	1.3%
Japan	1.1%	-0.8%	1.9%	0.3%
Canada	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Mexico	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	0.0%	-5.1%	5.1%	-5.1%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	162.4%	-13.3%	175.6%	149.2%

*Percentages are based on total investments, including securities sold short and derivative contracts. Holdings are subject to change.

[^]Includes securities sold short, derivative contracts and foreign cash balances.

[†]US Multinational Corporations – has more than 50% of revenues derived outside of the U.S.

** Calculated as percent of total net assets using value of cash traded securities and foreign cash balances, and notional value of derivative contracts.

^{^^}Only long positions are listed.

6 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Equity Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

For the fiscal year ending October 31, the Clough Global Equity Fund (“GLQ” or the “Fund”) was up 3.99% on net asset value (“NAV”) and up 7.62% on market price. The Fund’s benchmark, the MSCI World Index, was up 1.71% for the same time. Health Care and Financials were the largest contributors by sector while Energy and Communication Services were the largest detractors. We will discuss individual names below.

First, we would like to address the recent spike in volatility on the markets. The spike in Treasury yields has been driven by real yields. Inflation expectations are falling, so rising bond yields are simply reflecting growth in the economy and in our view are likely close to peaking.

There are negatives. Equities are clearly discounting a peak in the profit cycle. Residential housing and auto sales are weak and forward-looking indicators of business cycle spending point to a slow down. The Global Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) is falling, cyclicals are underperforming, and the global profit cycle is peaking. While the central banks focus on labor costs and headline consumer inflation, they are backward looking at a time private debt level is high, and a raft of high yield debt has been added to both corporate and financial sector balance sheets. Leveraged loans have mushroomed, having doubled over the past six years and now stand at \$1.1 trillion. They enable private equity holders to load their companies with debt to fuel the mergers and acquisitions boom, many of these loans have floating rates which leave them vulnerable to rising short rates.

Nevertheless, we expect a recovery from October’s equity market selloff. At the first sign of stabilization, investors will face historically low yields and are dependent on capital gains to capture returns. They will likely “buy the dip” for the simple reason liquidity is still abundant. Financial market volatility is far more than trends in the underlying economy. High yield spreads are well within the range of quantitative easing experience, so the likelihood is that the Federal Reserve may cease tightening early in 2019.

TOP FIVE CONTRIBUTORS

Carvana (CVNA) was a top contributor in GLQ. A good example of the digital disruption theme is Carvana, an online company disrupting the used car retailing industry. The stock was GLQ’s largest gainer. It exemplifies the type of investments we seek as disruptive technologies migrate to large and more traditional industries. The company has been growing revenues more than 100% annually.

Automotive marketing, particularly for used cars, has not changed in over a century and is ripe for disruption. The traditional used car dealer commits millions of investment dollars in inventory, bricks and mortar, and selling, general and administrative expenses at individual dealerships yet offers only a limited inventory of vehicles. The market is extremely fragmented. The largest used car retailer, Carmax, has only a 1.7% market share. Carvana Corp. stepped into this market only five years ago yet today reaches 40% of the U.S. market for used vehicles. It accomplished this by developing a capital-light growth strategy which involves building large centralized inspection and reconditioning centers, each of which serves a wide geographical region. With pooled inventories of over 10,000 vehicles, the company offers the buyer a huge choice via an online platform where they can find, finance and purchase a vehicle in less than 10 minutes at prices that average \$1,500 less than Kelly Blue Book values. In short, the company benefits from great economies of scale and provides a huge growth opportunity, a great product offering, and highly scale-able economics.

Carvana is led by a talented founder-CEO with a significant ownership stake in the business. We think the company may see continued triple-digit growth for a number of years and because the business is so scalable, this could have a substantial impact on its profit margins.

Teladoc Health (TDOC) was also a top contributor for GLQ. Teladoc is an innovative health care company that replaces the traditional visit to the doctor's office with phone and video consultations. Teladoc rallied on strong quarterly earnings

CRISPR Therapeutics (CRSP) a top performer for the year. CRISPR, a gene editing company, gained after it was the first company of its kind to file a clinical trial authorization in Europe, and gained on merger and acquisition ("M&A") activity in the cancer therapy area as highlighted by Celgene's takeout bid for Juno Therapeutics. This offer led to higher value being ascribed to CRISPR, which has retained all rights to its immune oncology platform.

Amazon.com (AMZN) was a top performer in GLQ for the year. We believe Amazon's dominance in retail services as well as its Web Services business makes it a long-term winner in the global technology sector. The recent acquisition of Whole Foods can also help drive earnings going forward.

Finally, Microsoft (MSFT) was a top contributor in the Fund. MSFT is one of the winners in cloud computing. MSFT Azure and Office 365 will continue to drive top line growth. This coupled with higher incremental margins as the cloud business scales and discipline on cost will drive strong earnings and free cash flow ("FCF") growth. Given these fundamentals, its valuation and return of capital profile, MSFT remains a core position in the Fund.

Clough Global Equity Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

TOP FIVE DETRACTORS

Baker Hughes (BHI) was a top detractor in GLQ. The position has subsequently been sold. We purchased Baker Hughes thinking that margins would expand in the company's key turbo machinery and process controls business. But operating problems continue to linger in that business, far longer than they should have, and we decided our investment was premature.

We wrote down a portion of the private investment in Fairway Energy. Fairway is a crude oil storage company in the Houston area with a 10-million-barrel storage terminal capable of receiving crude from the Permian Basin, the Eagle Ford Shale basin, as well as Canada/Mid-continent production locations. The company's utilization rates have been depressed by backwardation in the crude oil price curve, wherein deferred futures prices for crude are depressed relative to the price of near term deliveries. This discourages holding crude inventories and of course reduces demand for storage. In addition, the company currently faces intense competitive pressures and higher than expected transportation costs.

GCI Liberty is an entity through which we own Charter Communications (CHTR) shares at a discount to their NAV. Charter is the 2nd largest cable company in the country run by what we believe is the best management team in the industry. The company has been investing heavily in its high-speed data product to increase speeds and capacity, while repositioning its product packaging to result in sustainable growth at lower churn, higher margins and lower capital intensity. The position was a negative contributor during the year as the company reported temporarily weak Q1 subscriber results due to the integration of the Time Warner and Bright House Networks assets. The negative performance was also compounded by concerns around competition from emerging technologies such as 5G. Subscriber trends have since improved as the company completes its integration efforts and we believe they will continue to improve over the next few quarters and converge towards the kind of growth that CHTR experienced after the current management team repositioned the company's legacy assets. Furthermore, we believe that the concern around competition from 5G will also fade, and that 5G will come to be regarded similarly to Verizon Fios, Google Fiber, etc.; a competitive last mile solution that is highly manageable in the context of a well-positioned footprint like CHTR's.

GTT Communications (GTT) was a top detractor for the year. GTT is a tier-1 global enterprise network services provider that is uniquely asset-light; much of its network is comprised of capacity leased from other asset-intensive internet service providers. This business model allows the company to compete against incumbents favorably based on customization, service and price. The asset-light business model also generates significant free cash flow with which the company has compiled an impressive merger & acquisition ("M&A") track record. Most recently the company has acquired European peer Interoute. While the Interoute deal looks financially and strategically attractive,

nuances around how the equity funding for the deal took place caused the stock to decline during the quarter. We believe this is a temporary phenomenon and that the company has a long runway in front of them of both M&A and taking share from the large industry incumbents.

OTHER CURRENT INVESTMENT THEMES

BIOTECHNOLOGY

We continue to monitor the Trump administration's actions and rhetoric on drug costs. Importantly, the administration, through the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and the Food & Drug Administration ("FDA"), continues to be focused on innovation within biotech and has stated that it is supportive of the high risk, high innovation approach in biotech. Our longer-term outlook for small and mid-cap biotech companies currently remains bullish. As shown in the chart below, biotech has seen its share of new medicine development increase significantly since 2001, whereas big pharma has seen its share of innovation decrease.

We believe these smaller, more prolific drug developers are likely to continue to be rewarded through premium priced M&A, as the largest companies continue to look outside their own labs for products.

8 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Equity Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

**Revenues in BioPharma By New Medicine Originator -
Biotech Has Been Gaining Share at the Expense of Big Pharma**

Source: EvaluatePharma; Pharmaprojects; McKinsey analysis

Among other holdings, the Fund also has exposure to companies engaged in a variety of promising areas across the biotechnology sector, including genomic sequencing, telemedicine, and specialty pharma that uses genetically modified cannabis plants for the treatment of pediatric seizures.

We are particularly bullish on the M&A landscape in biotech. We have positioned the Fund with what we believe are several attractive strategic assets and have used the drawdown in October 2018 to selectively add to some of our favorite names within the space. As we have mentioned in the past, we are currently bullish, based on starving pipelines, tax repatriation, and the need for innovation at the large biopharma companies.

U.S. MONEY CENTER BANKS

The number of shares outstanding for the U.S. money center banks keep falling and U.S. banks are returning ever larger portions of profits to shareholders in dividends and share repurchases. For example, JP Morgan Chase & Co.'s shares outstanding dropped 5% over the past year; Citigroup's dropped 8%. Citi's management is particularly incentivized to grow profits: its bonus pool pays out fully if Citi earns at least \$22.50 of cumulative earnings per share between 2018 and 2020. Regulators are satisfied with capital levels.

Money center banks reported strong earnings in the third quarter despite lower mortgage and investment banking activity, weak trading and loan growth. Bank of America Corp.'s investment banking fees fell 18%, but total revenues were up 5% built upon strong credit card operations. Expenses were actually down 2%.

Citi, in particular, can achieve much higher margins. Outside of its highly profitable credit card business, Citi's efficiency ratios (roughly costs as a percentage of revenues) are still high compared to peers. Management's target is to reduce them 200 basis points each year. An activist, ValueAct, is involved and we expect further restructuring moves and stock buybacks. Citi remains the last man standing in global banking, and we believe it is well situated to potentially return more than its earnings. Deferred tax asset utilization will reduce its tax rate, and the bank will get a new chairman in early 2019.

We believe the environment for community and small regional banks is becoming more tenuous and the money centers will gain share in the more attractive market segments. For example, larger banks have limited their real estate lending in this cycle while banks with less than \$100 billion in assets have materially increased their commercial real estate loans to suburban developers and those assets may be becoming stressed. Bank OZK (the former Bank of the Ozarks) wrote down \$45 million in commercial real estate loans, which reportedly sported an 80% loan to value ratio when the loans were made.

Clough Global Equity Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

WHAT ABOUT EMERGING ASIA?

Headlines about Asian markets are dominating sentiment and are at risk of masking some of the important changes going on within China and its capital markets. In India, we believe that what Prime Minister Modi and his administration have accomplished over the last four years has been unprecedented in India's recent history. That being said, emerging market stress finally reached the shores of the Indian market and sentiment as opposed to underlying fundamentals can drive performance.

We are traditionally very flexible in our exposure to these markets. At the moment, given the turbulence created by U.S. and China trade tensions, along with rising U.S. rates and higher oil prices which are causing havoc with India's current account balance, it is at the lower end of our target.

SHORT THEMES

SHORT SEMICONDUCTOR AND SMARTPHONE COMPONENT SUPPLIERS

The Fund currently has established short positions in two sectors: smartphone suppliers and select semiconductor manufacturers. Both industries face stagnant to declining demand and declining margins. While the semiconductor industry has been a key enabler of a data-driven economy and has become inherently less cyclical, the current demand cycle has led to pricing and profit margin levels which are unsustainable for certain suppliers. Many suppliers have responded by building capacity which is likely to ultimately exceed demand. We believe that pricing will come under pressure and that margins will follow.

The Fund currently remains long the stock of Apple Inc. while maintaining short positions in the company's supply chain. Global unit sales of smartphones are flat, compressing profit margins for commodity suppliers, while Apple will benefit from a product mix shift which implies higher revenues per unit shipped and a growing services business. Companies manufacturing discrete capacitors for the phones are particularly vulnerable.

SHORT EUROPEAN BANKS

A sell-off in Italian bonds translated into lower bank stock prices across Europe, demonstrating the link between weak banks and weak government finances. The cost of credit is rising in response to aggressive fiscal stimulus plans.

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Falling bond prices weaken bank capital positions since the banks are a key source of government funding. Italian banks are particularly vulnerable. Italy's banks are hurt by rising bond yields and remain vulnerable to a \$290 billion pile of nonperforming loans. Moody's once again downgraded these banks.

Meanwhile, French banks have written down less than 6% of their loans and they likely remain insolvent. At least they are liquid, but the European Central Bank is gradually turning off the liquidity spigot. We think a new solvency crisis looms in Europe and what little capital Europe's banks have is fragile. At the same time, offshore dollar liquidity is tightening as U.S. corporations bring back their overseas cash hordes. U.S. policy is tight money and loose fiscal policy which draws more money to the U.S. Eventually, heavy subprime borrowing in the U.S. may reverse and force deleveraging, but that is not yet predictable.

FUND DISCOUNT MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

The Fund has taken several steps in the last year to shrink the price discount to net asset value. Throughout the past two years, Clough made a number of changes to reduce the expense ratios of the fund. Last fall, the Fund's Board of Trustees agreed to a managed distribution rate of 10% for the next two years. History has shown that funds with higher distribution rates trade at more attractive valuations relative to net asset value. Finally, the Board of Trustees also implemented a significant tender offer in November 2017 at 98.5% of net asset value. Clough and the Board will continue to look for other opportunities to take shareholder friendly actions that will also shrink the Fund's price discount to net asset value.

If you have any question, please contact Kevin McNally at 617-204-3411.

Sincerely,

Chuck Clough

Robert Zdunczyk

10 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Equity Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

This letter is provided for informational purposes only and is not an offer to purchase or sell shares. Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund, Clough Global Equity Fund and Clough Opportunities Fund (the "Funds") are closed-end funds, which are traded on the NYSE American LLC, and does not continuously issue shares for sale as open-end mutual funds do. The market price of a closed-end Fund is based on the market's value.

The information in this letter represents the opinions of the individual Portfolio Managers and is not intended to be a forecast of future events, a guarantee of future results, or investment advice. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

MSCI World Index: a stock market index of world stocks. It is maintained by MSCI Inc. and is often used as a common benchmark for world or global stock funds. The index includes a collection of stocks of all the developed markets in the world as defined by MSCI.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index: Measures the performance of the U.S. investment grade bond market. The index invests in a wide spectrum of public, investment-grade, taxable, fixed income securities in the United States, including government, corporate, and international dollar denominated bonds, as well as mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, all with maturities of more than 1 year.

The net asset value (NAV) of a closed-end fund is the market price of the underlying investments (i.e., stocks and bonds) in the fund's portfolio, minus liabilities, divided by the total number of fund shares outstanding. However, the fund also has a market price; the value of which it trades on an exchange. This market price can be more or less than its NAV.

It is not possible to invest directly in an Index.

RISKS

An investor should consider investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing. To obtain an annual report or semiannual report which contains this and other information visit www.cloughglobal.com or call 1-877-256-8445. Read them carefully before investing.

A Fund's distribution policy will, under certain circumstances, have certain adverse consequences to the Fund and its shareholders because it may result in a return of capital resulting in less of a shareholder's assets being invested in the Fund and, over time, increase the Fund's expense ratio.

Distributions may be paid from sources of income other than ordinary income, such as net realized short-term capital gains, net realized long-term capital gains and return of capital. Based on current estimates, we anticipate the most recent distribution has been paid from short-term and long-term capital gains. The actual amounts and sources of the amounts for tax reporting purposes will depend upon a Fund's investment experience during the remainder of its fiscal year and may be subject to changes based on tax regulations. If a distribution includes anything other than net investment income, the Fund provides a Section 19(a) notice of the best estimate of its distribution sources at that time. These estimates may not match the final tax characterization (for the full year's distributions) contained in shareholders' 1099-DIV forms after the end of the year.

A Fund's investments in securities of foreign issuers are subject to risks not usually associated with owning securities of U.S. issuers. These risks can include fluctuations in foreign currencies, foreign currency exchange controls, social, political and economic instability, differences in securities regulation and trading, expropriation or nationalization of assets, and foreign taxation issues.

A Fund's investments in preferred stocks and bonds of below investment grade quality (commonly referred to as "high yield" or "junk bonds"), if any, are predominately speculative because of the credit risk of their issuers.

An investment by a Fund in REITs will subject it to various risks. The first, real estate industry risk, is the risk that the REIT share prices will decline because of adverse developments affecting the real estate industry and real property values. In general, real estate values can be affected by a variety of factors, including supply and demand for properties, the economic health of the country or of different regions, and the strength of specific industries that rent properties. The second, investment style risk, is the risk that returns from REITs—which typically are small or medium capitalization stocks—will trail returns from the overall stock market. The third, interest rate risk, is the risk that changes in interest rates may hurt real estate values or make REIT shares less attractive than other income-producing investments. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a preferred or debt security will become unable to meet its obligation to make dividend, interest and principal payments.

Interest rate risk is the risk that preferred stocks paying fixed dividend rates and fixed-rate debt securities will decline in value because of changes in market interest rates. When interest rates rise the value of such securities generally will fall. Derivative transactions (such as futures contracts and options thereon, options, swaps, and short sales) subject a Fund to increased risk of principal loss due to imperfect correlation or unexpected price or interest rate movements. Compared to investment companies that focus only on large companies, the Fund's share price may be more volatile because it also invests in small and medium capitalization companies.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 11

Clough Global Equity Fund Portfolio Allocation

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Top 10 Equity Holdings^{^^} **% of Total Portfolio**

1. Starwood Property Trust, Inc.	3.96%
2. Blackstone Mortgage Trust, Inc.	3.61%
3. Ares Capital Corp.	3.38%
4. GCI Liberty, Inc.	3.18%
5. Citigroup, Inc.	3.12%
6. Apple, Inc.	2.59%
7. JPMorgan Chase & Co.	2.41%
8. Microsoft Corp.	2.27%
9. Amazon.com, Inc.	2.16%
10. Bank of America Corp.	2.13%

Global Securities Holdings[^] **% of Total Portfolio**

United States	88.65%
U.S. Multinationals [†]	8.01%
India	3.16%
United Kingdom	1.27%
Canada	1.26%
Switzerland	1.22%
China	1.11%
Japan	0.35%
Belgium	0.29%
Mexico	0.00%
Other	-5.32%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	100.00%

Asset Allocation^{*} **% of Total Portfolio**

Common Stock - US	53.22%
Common Stock - Foreign	11.81%
Exchange Traded Funds	-0.28%

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Total Return Swap Contracts	-0.47%
Total Equities	64.28%
Government L/T	6.91%
Preferred Stock	3.91%
Corporate Debt	2.96%
Total Fixed Income	13.78%
Short-Term Investments	18.34%
Other (Cash)	3.60%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	100.00%

Country Allocation**	Long Exposure %TNA	Short Exposure %TNA	Gross Exposure %TNA	Net Exposure %TNA
United States	126.7%	-4.3%	131.0%	122.4%
U.S. Multinationals [†]	12.9%	-1.8%	14.7%	11.1%
India	4.4%	0.0%	4.4%	4.4%
United Kingdom	1.8%	0.0%	1.8%	1.8%
Canada	1.7%	0.0%	1.7%	1.7%
Switzerland	1.7%	0.0%	1.7%	1.7%
China	1.5%	0.0%	1.5%	1.5%
Japan	1.5%	-1.0%	2.5%	0.5%
Belgium	0.4%	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%
Mexico	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	0.0%	-7.3%	7.3%	-7.3%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	152.6%	-14.4%	167.0%	138.2%

*Percentages are based on total investments, including securities sold short and derivative contracts. Holdings are subject to change.

[^]Includes securities sold short, derivative contracts and foreign cash balances.

[†]US Multinational Corporations – has more than 50% of revenues derived outside of the U.S.

** Calculated as percent of total net assets using value of cash traded securities and foreign cash balances, and notional value of derivative contracts.

^{^^}Only long positions are listed.

12 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

For the fiscal year ending October 31, the Clough Global Opportunities Fund (“GLO” or the “Fund”) was down 1.78% on net asset value (“NAV”) and down 6.48% on market price. The Fund’s benchmark, 75% of the MSCI World Index and 25% of the Barclays US Aggregate index, was up 0.87% for the same time. Health Care and Financials were the largest contributors by sector while Energy and Consumer Discretionary were the largest detractors. We will discuss individual names below.

First, we would like to address the recent spike in volatility on the markets. The spike in Treasury yields has been driven by real yields. Inflation expectations are falling, so rising bond yields are simply reflecting growth in the economy and in our view are likely close to peaking.

There are negatives. Equities are clearly discounting a peak in the profit cycle. Residential housing and auto sales are weak and forward-looking indicators of business cycle spending point to a slowdown. The Global Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) is falling, cyclicals are underperforming, and the global profit cycle is peaking. While the central banks focus on labor costs and headline consumer inflation, they are backward-looking at a time when private debt level is high, and a raft of high yield debt has been added to both corporate and financial sector balance sheets. Leveraged loans have mushroomed, having doubled over the past six years, and now stand at \$1.1 trillion. They enable private equity holders to load their companies with debt to fuel the mergers and acquisitions (“M&A”) boom, but many of these loans have floating rates which leave them vulnerable to rising short term rates.

Nevertheless, we expect a recovery from October’s equity market selloff. At the first sign of stabilization, investors will face historically low yields and will be dependent on capital gains to capture returns. They will likely “buy the dip” for the simple reason that liquidity is still abundant. Financial market volatility is far more than trends in the underlying economy. High yield spreads are well within the range of quantitative easing experience, so the likelihood is that the Federal Reserve may cease tightening early in 2019.

TOP FIVE CONTRIBUTORS

CRISPR Therapeutics (CRSP) was a top performer for the year. CRISPR, a gene editing company, gained after it was the first company of its kind to file a clinical trial authorization in Europe, and gained on M&A activity in the cancer therapy area as highlighted by Celgene’s takeout bid for Juno Therapeutics. This offer led to higher value being ascribed to CRISPR, which has retained all rights to its immune oncology platform.

Amazon (AMZN) was a top performer in GLO for the year. We believe Amazon's dominance in retail services as well as its web services business makes it a long-term winner in the global technology sector. The recent acquisition of Whole Foods can also help drive earnings going forward.

Microsoft (MSFT) was a top contributor in the Fund. MSFT is one of the winners in cloud computing. MSFT Azure and Office 365 will continue to drive top line growth. This coupled with higher incremental margins as the cloud business scales and discipline on cost will drive strong earnings and free cash flow growth. Given these fundamentals, its valuation and return of capital profile, MSFT remains a core position in the Fund.

Credit Acceptance (CACC) is an indirect auto lender that caters to the very large and underserved deep subprime population. The company's data, processes, and dealer relationships provide it with formidable competitive advantages that have allowed it to grow steadily and at attractive returns on capital for a decade. More recently the company's fundamentals have accelerated on the back of sales force investments that the company has made. We believe that both the company's fundamentals and valuation remain attractive and continue to hold the position.

Correio Pharma (CORV), formerly Cardiome Pharma, is a cardiovascular pharmaceutical company and was a top performer for the year in GLO. CORV improved its business mix by selling its loss leading Canadian business. They also received multiple drug approvals outside the United States. Correio also benefited from the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") lifting a key clinical hold in the U.S.

TOP FIVE DETRACTORS

Baker Hughes Corp (BHI) was a top detractor in GLO. The position has subsequently been sold. We purchased Baker Hughes thinking that margins would expand in the company's key Turbo Machinery and Process Controls business. But operating problems continue to linger in that business, far longer than they should have, and we decided our investment was premature.

We wrote down a portion of the private investment in Fairway Energy. Fairway is a crude oil storage company in the Houston area with a 10-million-barrel storage terminal capable of receiving crude from the Permian Basin, the Eagle Ford Shale basin, as well as Canada/Mid-continent production locations. The company's utilization rates have been depressed by backwardation in the crude oil price curve, wherein deferred futures prices for crude are depressed relative to the price of near term deliveries. This discourages holding crude inventories and of course reduces demand for storage. In addition, the company currently faces intense competitive pressures and higher than expected transportation costs.

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 13

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

GCI Liberty is an entity through which we own Charter Communications (CHTR) shares at a discount to their NAV. Charter is the 2nd largest cable company in the country run by what we believe is the best management team in the industry. The company has been investing heavily in its high-speed data product to increase speeds and capacity, while repositioning its product packaging to result in sustainable growth at lower churn, higher margins and lower capital intensity. The position was a negative contributor during the year as the company reported temporarily weak Q1 subscriber results due to the integration of the Time Warner and Bright House Networks assets. The negative performance was also compounded by concerns around competition from emerging technologies such as 5G. Subscriber trends have since improved as the company completes its integration efforts and we believe they will continue to improve over the next few quarters and converge towards the kind of growth that CHTR experienced after the current management team repositioned the company's legacy assets. Furthermore, we believe that the concern around competition from 5G will also fade, and that 5G will come to be regarded similarly to Verizon Fios, Google Fiber, etc.; a competitive last mile solution that is highly manageable in the context of a well-positioned footprint like CHTR's.

A good example of the digital disruption theme is Carvana (CVNA), an online company disrupting the used car retailing industry. It exemplifies the type of investments we seek as disruptive technologies migrate to large and more traditional industries. The company has been growing revenues more than 100% annually.

Automotive marketing, particularly for used cars, has not changed in over a century and is ripe for disruption. The traditional used car dealer commits millions of investment dollars in inventory, bricks and mortar, and selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") at individual dealerships yet offers only a limited inventory of vehicles. The market is extremely fragmented. The largest used car retailer, Carmax, has only a 1.7% market share. Carvana Corp. stepped into this market only five years ago yet today reaches 40% of the U.S. market for used vehicles. It accomplished this by developing a capital-light growth strategy which involves building large centralized inspection and reconditioning centers, each of which serves a wide geographical region. With pooled inventories of over 10,000 vehicles, the company offers the buyer a huge choice via an online platform where they can find, finance and purchase a vehicle in less than 10 minutes at prices that average \$1,500 less than Kelly Blue Book values. In short, the company benefits from great economies of scale and provides a huge growth opportunity, a great product offering, and highly scaleable economics.

Carvana is led by a talented founder-CEO with a significant ownership stake in the business. We think the company may see continued triple-digit growth for a number of years and because the business is so scalable, this could have a substantial impact on its profit margins.

As Carvana's market capitalization grew in the last year, we decided to add it to the Fund on the market pull back. Unfortunately, the October pull back was severe leading to CVNA being a detractor for GLO. We continue to hold the position and will look to add once we feel the name and market have stabilized.

OTHER CURRENT INVESTMENT THEMES:

BIOTECHNOLOGY

We continue to monitor the Trump administration's actions and rhetoric on drug costs. Importantly, the administration, through the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and the FDA, continues to be focused on innovation within biotech and has stated that it is supportive of the high risk, high innovation approach in biotech. Our longer-term outlook for small and mid-cap biotech companies currently remains bullish. As shown in the chart below, biotech has seen its share of new medicine development increase significantly since 2001, whereas big pharma has seen its share of innovation decrease.

We believe these smaller, more prolific drug developers are likely to continue to be rewarded through premium priced mergers and acquisitions ("M&A"), as the largest companies continue to look outside their own labs for products.

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Source: EvaluatePharma; Pharmaprojects; McKinsey analysis

Among other holdings, the Fund also has exposure to companies engaged in a variety of promising areas across the biotechnology sector, including genomic sequencing, telemedicine, and specialty pharma that uses genetically modified cannabis plants for the treatment of pediatric seizures.

We are particularly bullish on the M&A landscape in biotech. We have positioned the Fund with what we believe are several attractive strategic assets and have used the drawdown in October 2018 to selectively add to some of our favorite names within the space. As we have mentioned in the past, we are currently bullish, based on starving pipelines, tax repatriation, and the need for innovation at the large biopharma companies.

U.S. MONEY CENTER BANKS

The number of shares outstanding for the U.S. money center banks keep falling and U.S. banks are returning ever larger portions of profits to shareholders in dividends and share repurchases. For example, JP Morgan Chase & Co.'s shares outstanding dropped 5% over the past year; Citigroup's dropped 8%. Citi's management is particularly incentivized to grow profits: its bonus pool pays out fully if Citi earns at least \$22.50 of cumulative earnings per share between 2018 and 2020. Regulators are satisfied with capital levels.

Money center banks reported strong earnings in the third quarter despite lower mortgage and investment banking activity along with weak trading and loan growth. Bank of America Corp.'s investment banking fees fell 18%, but total revenues were up 5% built upon strong credit card operations. Expenses were actually down 2%.

Citi, in particular, can potentially achieve much higher margins. Outside of its highly profitable credit card business, Citi's efficiency ratios (roughly, costs as a percentage of revenues) are still high compared to its peers. Management's target is to reduce them 200 basis points each year. An activist, ValueAct, is involved and we expect further restructuring moves and stock buybacks. Citi remains the last man standing in global banking, and we believe it is well situated to potentially return more than its earnings. Deferred tax asset utilization will reduce its tax rate, and the bank will get a new chairman in early 2019.

We believe the environment for community and small regional banks is becoming more tenuous and the money centers will gain share in the more attractive market segments. For example, larger banks have limited their real estate lending in this cycle while banks with less than \$100 billion in assets have materially increased their commercial real estate loans to suburban developers and those assets may be becoming stressed. Bank OZK (the former Bank of the Ozarks) wrote down \$45 million in commercial real estate loans, which reportedly sported an 80% loan to value ratio when the loans were made.

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 15

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

WHAT ABOUT EMERGING ASIA?

Headlines about Asian markets are dominating sentiment and are at risk of masking some of the important changes going on within China and its capital markets. In India, we believe that what Prime Minister Modi and his administration have accomplished over the last four years has been unprecedented in India's recent history. That being said, emerging market stress finally reached the shores of the Indian market and sentiment as opposed to underlying fundamentals can drive performance.

We are traditionally very flexible in our exposure to these markets. At the moment, given the turbulence created by U.S. and China trade tensions, along with rising U.S. rates and higher oil prices which are causing havoc with India's current account balance, it is at the lower end of our target.

CURRENT SHORT THEMES

SHORT SEMICONDUCTOR AND SMARTPHONE COMPONENT SUPPLIERS

The Fund currently has established short positions in two sectors: smartphone suppliers and select semiconductor manufacturers. Both industries face stagnant to declining demand and declining margins. While the semiconductor industry has been a key enabler of a data-driven economy and has become inherently less cyclical, the current demand cycle has led to pricing and profit margin levels which are unsustainable for certain suppliers. Many suppliers have responded by building capacity which is likely to ultimately exceed demand. We believe that pricing will come under pressure and that margins will follow.

The Fund currently remains long the stock of Apple Inc. while maintaining short positions in certain companies within the company's supply chain. Global unit sales of smartphones are flat, compressing profit margins for commodity suppliers, while Apple will benefit from a product mix shift which implies higher revenues per unit shipped and a growing services business. Companies manufacturing discrete capacitors for the phones are particularly vulnerable.

SHORT EUROPEAN BANKS

A sell-off in Italian bonds translated into lower bank stock prices across Europe, demonstrating the link between weak banks and weak government finances. The cost of credit is rising in response to aggressive fiscal stimulus plans. Falling bond prices weaken bank capital positions since the banks are a key source of government funding. Italian

banks are particularly vulnerable. Italy's banks are hurt by rising bond yields and remain vulnerable to a \$290 billion pile of nonperforming loans. Moody's once again downgraded these banks.

Meanwhile, French banks have written down less than 6% of their loans and they likely remain insolvent. At least they are liquid, but the European Central Bank is gradually turning off the liquidity spigot. We think a new solvency crisis looms in Europe and what little capital Europe's banks have is fragile. At the same time, offshore dollar liquidity is tightening as U.S. corporations bring back their overseas cash hordes. U.S. policy is tight money and loose fiscal policy which draws more money to the U.S. Eventually, heavy subprime borrowing in the U.S. may reverse and force deleveraging, but that is not yet predictable.

FIXED INCOME

We continue to keep our duration low in the Fund. With rates moving higher, we are positioned in the less volatile front end of the yield curve in investment grade corporate bonds as well as investment grade floating rate bonds. The Fund has sold almost all of its agency mortgage backed securities. In a rising rate environment, these bonds will extend in duration and fall in price. We still believe in a low rate environment in the long term and are patiently waiting for buying opportunities amidst the repricing in the bond market.

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

FUND DISCOUNT MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

The Fund has taken several steps in the last year to shrink the price discount to net asset value. Throughout the past two years, we have made a number of changes to reduce the expense ratios of the Fund. Last fall, the Fund's Board of Trustees agreed to a managed distribution rate of 10% for the next two years. History has shown that funds with higher distribution rates trade at more attractive valuations relative to net asset value. Finally, the Board of Trustees also implemented a significant tender offer in November 2017 at 98.5% of net asset value. Clough and the Board will continue to look for other opportunities to take shareholder friendly actions that will also shrink the Fund's price discount to net asset value.

If you have any questions about your investment, please call 1-877-256-8445.

Sincerely,

Chuck Clough

Robert Zdunczyk

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 17

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Shareholder Letter

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

This letter is provided for informational purposes only and is not an offer to purchase or sell shares. Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund, Clough Global Equity Fund and Clough Opportunities Fund (the "Funds") are closed-end funds, which are traded on the NYSE American LLC, and does not continuously issue shares for sale as open-end mutual funds do. The market price of a closed-end Fund is based on the market's value.

The information in this letter represents the opinions of the individual Portfolio Managers and is not intended to be a forecast of future events, a guarantee of future results, or investment advice. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

MSCI World Index: a stock market index of world stocks. It is maintained by MSCI Inc. and is often used as a common benchmark for world or global stock funds. The index includes a collection of stocks of all the developed markets in the world as defined by MSCI.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index: Measures the performance of the U.S. investment grade bond market. The index invests in a wide spectrum of public, investment-grade, taxable, fixed income securities in the United States, including government, corporate, and international dollar denominated bonds, as well as mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, all with maturities of more than 1 year.

The net asset value (NAV) of a closed-end fund is the market price of the underlying investments (i.e., stocks and bonds) in the fund's portfolio, minus liabilities, divided by the total number of fund shares outstanding. However, the fund also has a market price; the value of which it trades on an exchange. This market price can be more or less than its NAV.

It is not possible to invest directly in an Index.

RISKS

An investor should consider investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing. To obtain an annual report or semiannual report which contains this and other information visit www.cloughglobal.com or call 1-877-256-8445. Read them carefully before investing.

A Fund's distribution policy will, under certain circumstances, have certain adverse consequences to the Fund and its shareholders because it may result in a return of capital resulting in less of a shareholder's assets being invested in the Fund and, over time, increase the Fund's expense ratio.

Distributions may be paid from sources of income other than ordinary income, such as net realized short-term capital gains, net realized long-term capital gains and return of capital. Based on current estimates, we anticipate the most recent distribution has been paid from short-term and long-term capital gains. The actual amounts and sources of the amounts for tax reporting purposes will depend upon a Fund's investment experience during the remainder of its fiscal year and may be subject to changes based on tax regulations. If a distribution includes anything other than net investment income, the Fund provides a Section 19(a) notice of the best estimate of its distribution sources at that time. These estimates may not match the final tax characterization (for the full year's distributions) contained in shareholders' 1099-DIV forms after the end of the year.

A Fund's investments in securities of foreign issuers are subject to risks not usually associated with owning securities of U.S. issuers. These risks can include fluctuations in foreign currencies, foreign currency exchange controls, social, political and economic instability, differences in securities regulation and trading, expropriation or nationalization of assets, and foreign taxation issues.

A Fund's investments in preferred stocks and bonds of below investment grade quality (commonly referred to as "high yield" or "junk bonds"), if any, are predominately speculative because of the credit risk of their issuers.

An investment by a Fund in REITs will subject it to various risks. The first, real estate industry risk, is the risk that the REIT share prices will decline because of adverse developments affecting the real estate industry and real property values. In general, real estate values can be affected by a variety of factors, including supply and demand for properties, the economic health of the country or of different regions, and the strength of specific industries that rent properties. The second, investment style risk, is the risk that returns from REITs—which typically are small or medium capitalization stocks—will trail returns from the overall stock market. The third, interest rate risk, is the risk that changes in interest rates may hurt real estate values or make REIT shares less attractive than other income-producing investments. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a preferred or debt security will become unable to meet its obligation to make dividend, interest and principal payments.

Interest rate risk is the risk that preferred stocks paying fixed dividend rates and fixed-rate debt securities will decline in value because of changes in market interest rates. When interest rates rise the value of such securities generally will fall. Derivative transactions (such as futures contracts and options thereon, options, swaps, and short sales) subject a Fund to increased risk of principal loss due to imperfect correlation or unexpected price or interest rate movements. Compared to investment companies that focus only on large companies, the Fund's share price may be more volatile because it also invests in small and medium capitalization companies.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

18 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Portfolio Allocation

October 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

Top 10 Equity Holdings^{^^} % of Total Portfolio

1. Starwood Property Trust, Inc.	3.45%
2. Citigroup, Inc.	3.11%
3. GCI Liberty, Inc.	3.10%
4. Ares Capital Corp.	2.68%
5. Apple, Inc.	2.53%
6. Blackstone Mortgage Trust, Inc.	2.48%
7. JPMorgan Chase & Co.	2.47%
8. Bank of America Corp.	2.13%
9. Amazon.com, Inc.	2.08%
10. Yelp, Inc.	1.85%

Global Securities Holdings[^] % of Total Portfolio

United States	86.12%
U.S. Multinationals [†]	9.42%
India	2.84%
United Kingdom	2.43%
Canada	1.92%
China	1.10%
Switzerland	0.94%
Japan	0.39%
South Korea	-0.12%
Chile	-0.33%
Other	-4.71%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	100.00%

Asset Allocation* % of Total Portfolio

Common Stock - US	41.08%
Common Stock - Foreign	10.83%
Exchange Traded Funds	-0.27%
Total Return Swap Contracts	-0.75%

Total Equities	50.89%
Corporate Debt	23.72%
Government L/T	12.03%
Preferred Stock	2.87%
Asset/ Mortgage Backed	1.67%
Total Fixed Income	40.29%
Short-Term Investments	4.87%
Other (Cash)	3.95%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	100.00%

Country Allocation**	Long Exposure % TNA	Short Exposure % TNA	Gross Exposure % TNA	Net Exposure % TNA
United States	128.7%	-4.2%	132.9%	124.5%
U.S. Multinationals [†]	15.5%	-1.9%	17.4%	13.6%
India	4.1%	0.0%	4.1%	4.1%
United Kingdom	3.5%	0.0%	3.5%	3.5%
Canada	2.8%	0.0%	2.8%	2.8%
China	1.6%	0.0%	1.6%	1.6%
Switzerland	1.4%	0.0%	1.4%	1.4%
Japan	1.6%	-1.0%	2.6%	0.6%
South Korea	0.0%	-0.2%	0.2%	-0.2%
Chile	0.0%	-0.5%	0.5%	-0.5%
Other	0.0%	-6.8%	6.8%	-6.8%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	159.2%	-14.6%	173.8%	144.6%

*Percentages are based on total investments, including securities sold short and derivative contracts. Holdings are subject to change.

[^]Includes securities sold short, derivative contracts and foreign cash balances.

[†]US Multinational Corporations – has more than 50% of revenues derived outside of the U.S.

** Calculated as percent of total net assets using value of cash traded securities and foreign cash balances, and notional value of derivative contracts.

^{^^}Only long positions are listed.

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

	Shares	Value
COMMON STOCKS 68.31%		
Communication Services 2.92%		
China Mobile, Ltd. - Sponsored ADR ^(a)	16,400	\$763,420
China Mobile, Ltd.	89,000	831,898
Nintendo Co., Ltd.	3,106	967,846
		2,563,164
Consumer Discretionary 3.90%		
DR Horton, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	25,226	907,127
Home Depot, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	2,800	492,464
Lennar Corp. - Class A ^{(a)(b)}	31,800	1,366,764
Mahindra & Mahindra, Ltd.	63,712	659,953
		3,426,308
Energy 0.30%		
Fairway Energy LP ^{(c)(d)(e)(f)(g)(k)}	130,700	264,929
Financials 32.17%		
Ares Capital Corp. ^(a)	228,300	3,917,628
Bank of America Corp. ^{(a)(b)}	96,791	2,661,752
Blackstone Mortgage Trust, Inc. - Class A ^(a)	89,700	3,026,478
Citigroup, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	59,330	3,883,742
Golub Capital BDC, Inc. ^(a)	89,700	1,654,965
Granite Point Mortgage Trust, Inc. ^(a)	52,100	969,581
JPMorgan Chase & Co. ^{(a)(b)}	27,500	2,998,050
Ladder Capital Corp. ^(a)	49,218	828,831
Ping An Insurance Group Co. of China, Ltd. - Class H	89,000	838,140
Solar Capital, Ltd. ^(a)	93,900	1,934,340
Starwood Property Trust, Inc. ^(a)	192,800	4,187,616
TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. ^(a)	68,300	1,371,464
		28,272,587
Health Care 11.57%		
Amgen, Inc. ^(a)	9,800	1,889,342
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. ^{(a)(b)}	29,841	1,508,164
Johnson & Johnson ^{(a)(b)}	24,550	3,436,755
Pfizer, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	77,400	3,332,844
		10,167,105
Industrials 4.21%		
Ashtead Group PLC	47,357	1,171,592

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Larsen & Toubro, Ltd.	36,586	641,968
TransDigm Group, Inc. ^{(a)(c)}	5,700	1,882,425
		3,695,985

Information Technology 10.03%

Apple, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	14,830	3,245,694
Cisco Systems, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	17,200	786,900

Shares Value

Information Technology (continued)

Microsoft Corp. ^{(a)(b)}	44,800	\$4,785,088
		8,817,682

Real Estate 3.21%

Community Healthcare Trust, Inc. ^(a)	94,900	2,820,428
---	--------	-----------

TOTAL COMMON STOCKS

(Cost \$57,307,698)		60,028,188
---------------------	--	------------

CLOSED-END FUNDS 0.41%

KKR Income Opportunities Fund ^(a)	19,800	312,246
Wells Fargo Multi-Sector Income Fund ^(a)	4,300	49,751

TOTAL CLOSED-END FUNDS

(Cost \$376,150)		361,997
------------------	--	---------

PREFERRED STOCKS 8.09%

Annaly Capital Management, Inc.

Series H, 8.125% ^(a)	10,640	273,288
Series G, 6.500% ^(a)	37,476	892,678

Ares Management LP

Series A, 7.000% ^(a)	35,000	909,650
---------------------------------	--------	---------

First Republic Bank

Series D, 5.500% ^{(a)(b)}	35,000	836,500
------------------------------------	--------	---------

Global Medical REIT, Inc.

Series A, 7.500% ^(a)	10,900	268,903
---------------------------------	--------	---------

New Mountain Finance Corp., 5.750% ^{(a)(b)}	40,000	996,000
--	--------	---------

PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust

Series A, 3M US L + 5.831% ^{(a)(h)}	22,000	545,600
--	--------	---------

Series B, 3M US L + 5.99% ^{(a)(h)}	10,000	245,710
---	--------	---------

Summit Hotel Properties, Inc.

Series E, 6.250% ^(a)	40,000	918,000
---------------------------------	--------	---------

Two Harbors Investment Corp.

Series A, 3M US L + 5.66% ^{(a)(h)}	28,500	735,585
---	--------	---------

Series C, 3M US L + 5.011% ^{(a)(h)}	20,000	485,200
--	--------	---------

TOTAL PREFERRED STOCKS

(Cost \$7,228,348)		7,107,114
--------------------	--	-----------

Description and Maturity Date **Principal** Value

	Amount	
CORPORATE BONDS 48.73%		
Ares Capital Corp.		
11/30/2018, 4.875%	\$ 500,000	500,715
03/01/2025, 4.250% ^(a)	1,000,000	952,182

20 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

Description and Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Value
CORPORATE BONDS (continued)		
Ashtead Capital, Inc. 10/01/2024, 5.625%(a)(d)	\$1,148,000	\$1,181,005
Bank of America Corp. 10/21/2022, 2.503%(a)(b)	1,000,000	950,607
Series FF, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 2.931%(a)(b)(h)(i)	1,000,000	971,250
Series V, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.387%(a)(h)(i)	1,000,000	998,750
Bayer US Finance II LLC 07/15/2022, 2.200%(a)(d)	1,000,000	931,404
BMW US Capital LLC 09/15/2021, 1.850%(a)(b)(d)	1,000,000	957,072
Series REGS, 09/15/2021, 1.850%	500,000	478,518
BP Capital Markets PLC 05/10/2019, 2.237%(a)(b)	1,000,000	997,178
09/19/2022, 2.520%(a)	700,000	672,229
Citigroup, Inc. Series N, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 4.0932%(a)(b)(h)(i)	1,500,000	1,526,250
Citizens Financial Group, Inc. 09/28/2022, 4.150%(a)(b)(d)	1,325,000	1,316,794
Dominion Energy, Inc. 07/01/2020, 2.579%(a)	1,000,000	985,097
DR Horton, Inc. 12/01/2020, 2.550%(a)(b)	1,000,000	977,143
Fifth Third Bancorp Series J, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.129%(a)(b)(h)(i)	1,000,000	988,750
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. Series P, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 2.874%(a)(b)(h)(i)	1,000,000	924,800
Hercules Capital, Inc. 10/23/2022, 4.625%(a)(b)	1,000,000	961,966
Huntington Ingalls Industries, Inc. 11/15/2025, 5.000%(a)(d)	750,000	777,375
Interpublic Group of Cos., Inc. 04/15/2024, 4.200%(a)(b)	1,000,000	994,854
Jackson National Life Global Funding 06/27/2022, 2.500%(a)(d)	1,000,000	961,112
JPMorgan Chase & Co. Series I, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.47%(a)(b)(h)(i)	1,429,000	1,436,145
Series Z, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.80%(a)(b)(h)(i)	1,250,000	1,271,875
Lennar Corp. 01/15/2022, 4.125%(a)(b)	2,000,000	1,960,100

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Lockheed Martin Corp. 11/23/2020, 2.500% ^{(a)(b)}	1,000,000	982,437
Main Street Capital Corp. 12/01/2019, 4.500% ^{(a)(b)}	1,000,000	1,000,099
12/01/2022, 4.500% ^(a)	500,000	497,026
	Principal	
Description and Maturity Date	Amount	Value
CORPORATE BONDS (continued)		
Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co. 05/18/2022, 2.500% ^{(a)(b)}	\$1,000,000	\$964,167
Masco Corp. 04/01/2021, 3.500% ^{(a)(b)}	1,000,000	995,369
Morgan Stanley Series H, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.61% ^{(a)(b)(h)(i)}	1,500,000	1,515,195
New York Life Global Funding 06/10/2022, 3M US L + 0.52% ^{(a)(d)(h)}	1,000,000	1,006,065
Penske Truck Leasing Co. LP / PTL Finance Corp. 03/14/2023, 2.700% ^{(a)(d)}	1,000,000	945,617
People's United Bank National Association 07/15/2024, 4.000% ^(a)	1,000,000	985,149
Philip Morris International, Inc. 08/22/2022, 2.500% ^(a)	750,000	720,505
PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. 08/11/2020, 4.375% ^(a)	1,000,000	1,016,594
Solar Capital, Ltd. 01/20/2023, 4.500% ^(a)	500,000	478,510
Southwest Airlines Co. 11/16/2022, 2.750% ^(a)	1,000,000	968,061
Starwood Property Trust, Inc. 02/01/2021, 3.625% ^{(a)(d)}	750,000	730,313
Towne Bank/Portsmouth VA 07/30/2027, 3M US L + 2.55% ^{(a)(h)}	600,000	592,640
TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. 01/22/2023, 4.500%	750,000	737,637
Visa, Inc. 12/14/2022, 2.800% ^(a)	750,000	731,472
Wells Fargo & Co. Series MTN, 07/22/2022, 2.625% ^{(a)(b)}	1,000,000	960,800
Series K, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.77% ^{(a)(b)(h)(i)}	1,307,000	1,318,436
Welltower, Inc. 04/01/2019, 4.125% ^{(a)(b)}	1,000,000	1,002,117
TOTAL CORPORATE BONDS (Cost \$43,679,816)		42,821,380
ASSET/MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES 3.60%		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. - REMICS Series 2017-4707, Class AD, 07/15/2047, 2.500% ^(a)	896,200	868,004
Federal National Mortgage Association - REMICS Series 2017-16, Class NA, 03/25/2047, 3.000%	683,572	646,398

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 21

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

Description and Maturity Date	Principal	Value
	Amount	
ASSET/MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES (continued)		
SBA Small Business Investment Companies		
Series 2013-10B, Class 1, 09/10/2023, 3.644%	\$370,093	\$371,453
Series 2016-10A, Class 1, 03/10/2026, 2.507%	473,565	454,996
Series 2018-10A, Class 1, 03/10/2028, 3.187%	736,851	722,269
United States Small Business Administration		
Series 2008-20L, Class 1, 12/01/2028, 6.220%	99,997	106,383
TOTAL ASSET/MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES (Cost \$3,260,686)		3,169,503
GOVERNMENT & AGENCY OBLIGATIONS 14.26%		
U.S. Treasury Bonds		
12/31/2019, 1.625%(a)	1,000,000	987,168
08/15/2026, 6.750%(a)	750,000	940,137
11/15/2026, 6.500%(a)	1,600,000	1,987,000
08/15/2029, 6.125%(a)	1,250,000	1,586,035
05/15/2030, 6.250%(a)	1,000,000	1,296,133
02/15/2038, 4.375%(a)	1,000,000	1,156,953
05/15/2040, 4.375%(a)	1,000,000	1,159,375
02/15/2041, 4.750%(a)	1,000,000	1,219,688
05/15/2041, 4.375%(a)	1,000,000	1,160,664
08/15/2043, 3.625%(a)	1,000,000	1,039,824
TOTAL GOVERNMENT & AGENCY OBLIGATIONS (Cost \$13,255,320)		12,532,977

Description and Maturity Date	Shares/Principal	Value
	Amount	
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS 6.73%		
Money Market Funds 6.73%		
BlackRock Liquidity Funds, T-Fund Portfolio - Institutional Class (2.061% 7-day yield)	5,741,244	5,741,244
Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds - Treasury Securities Portfolio (2.010% 7-day yield)(a)	173,722	173,722
TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (Cost \$5,914,966)		5,914,966

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

	Value
Total Investments - 150.13% (Cost \$131,022,984)	\$131,936,125
Liabilities in Excess of Other Assets - (50.13%)(i)	(44,056,308)
NET ASSETS - 100.00%	\$87,879,817

SCHEDULE OF SECURITIES SOLD SHORT (c)	Shares	Value
COMMON STOCKS (10.48%)		
Communication Services (0.45%)		
Cars.com, Inc.	(15,300)	(399,483)
Consumer Staples (0.35%)		
Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.	(3,800)	(303,126)
Financials (3.71%)		
Deutsche Bank AG	(98,000)	(957,460)
Mediobanca Banca di Credito Finanziario SpA	(93,961)	(825,006)
Societe Generale S.A.	(20,658)	(759,977)
UniCredit SpA	(56,186)	(720,140)
		(3,262,583)
Health Care (0.45%)		
McKesson Corp.	(3,200)	(399,232)
Industrials (1.31%)		
MasTec, Inc.	(9,500)	(413,345)
Stericycle, Inc.	(7,300)	(364,781)
Triumph Group, Inc.	(20,200)	(368,650)
		(1,146,776)
Information Technology (4.21%)		
Diodes, Inc.	(12,800)	(386,432)
F5 Networks, Inc.	(1,000)	(175,280)
International Business Machines Corp.	(6,200)	(715,666)
Juniper Networks, Inc.	(14,300)	(418,561)
KEMET Corp.	(23,400)	(509,652)
Manhattan Associates, Inc.	(9,200)	(439,208)
Siltronic AG	(3,415)	(313,617)
Sumco Corp.	(26,300)	(355,686)
Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd.	(19,000)	(383,755)
		(3,697,857)
TOTAL COMMON STOCKS (Proceeds \$9,959,081)		(9,209,057)

22 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

SCHEDULE OF SECURITIES SOLD SHORT ^(c) (continued)	Shares	Value
EXCHANGE TRADED FUNDS (0.37%)		
United States Natural Gas Fund LP	(12,350)	\$(329,745)
TOTAL EXCHANGE TRADED FUNDS (Proceeds \$373,486)		(329,745)
TOTAL SECURITIES SOLD SHORT (Proceeds \$10,332,567)		\$(9,538,802)

Investment Abbreviations:*1D FEDEF - Federal Funds Effective Rate (Daily)**LIBOR - London Interbank Offered Rate***Libor Rates:***3M US L - 3 Month LIBOR as of October 31, 2018 was 2.56%*

Pledged security; a portion or all of the security is pledged as collateral for securities sold short or borrowings. As of October 31, 2018, the aggregate value of those securities was \$106,859,875, representing 121.60% of net assets. (See Note 1 and Note 6).

(b) Loaned security; a portion or all of the security is on loan as of October 31, 2018.

(c) Non-income producing security.

Security exempt from registration of the Securities Act of 1933. These securities may be resold in transactions exempt from registration under Rule 144A, normally to qualified institutional buyers. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had an aggregate value of \$9,071,686 or 10.32% of net assets. These securities have been deemed liquid by the Adviser based on procedures approved by the Board. (See Note 1).

Private Placement; these securities may only be resold in transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had an aggregate of \$264,929 or 0.30% of net assets and have been deemed illiquid by the Adviser based on procedures approved by the Board. (See Note 1).

(f) Fair valued security; valued by management in accordance with procedures approved by the Board. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had an aggregate value of \$264,929 or 0.30% of total net assets.

(g) As a result of the use of significant unobservable inputs to determine fair value, these investments have been classified as Level 3 assets. (See Note 1).

(h) Variable rate investment. Interest rates reset periodically. Interest rate shown reflects the rate in effect at October 31, 2018. For securities based on a published reference rate and spread, the reference rate and spread are

indicated in the description above.

(i) This security has no contractual maturity date, is not redeemable and contractually pays an indefinite stream of interest.

(j) Includes cash which is being held as collateral for total return swap contracts and securities sold short.

(k) Security filed for bankruptcy subsequent to October 31, 2018.

For Fund compliance purposes, the Fund's sector classifications refer to any one of the sector sub-classifications used by one or more widely recognized market indexes, and/or as defined by Fund management. This definition may not apply for purposes of this report, which may combine sector sub-classifications for reporting ease. Sectors are shown as a percent of net assets. These sector classifications are unaudited.

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

TOTAL RETURN SWAP CONTRACTS

Counter Party	Reference Entity/Obligation	Notional Amount	Floating Rate Paid by the Fund	Floating Rate Index	Termination Date	Value	Net Unrealized Appreciation
Credit Suisse	Larsen & Toubro, Ltd.	\$465,849	1M LIBOR + 217 bps	1 M LIBOR	12/31/2020	\$1,296,289	\$ 830,440
Morgan Stanley	Walsin Technology Corp.	(688,107)	1D FEDEF -904 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/08/2020	(497,303)	190,804
		\$ (222,258)				\$798,986	\$ 1,021,244

Counter Party	Reference Entity/Obligation	Notional Amount	Floating Rate Paid by the Fund	Floating Rate Index	Termination Date	Value	Net Unrealized Depreciation
Morgan Stanley	Banco Santander SA	\$(826,703)	1D FEDEF -50 bps	1 D FEDEF	05/20/2020	\$(828,556)	\$(1,853)
Morgan Stanley	Globalwafers Co., Ltd.	(269,110)	1D FEDEF -412.50 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/08/2020	(311,010)	(41,900)
Morgan Stanley	Jiangsu Yanghe Brewery Joint	1,149,453	1D FEDEF + 255 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/01/2020	817,475	(331,978)
Morgan Stanley	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	(149,148)	1D FEDEF - 650 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/29/2020	(160,709)	(11,561)
Morgan Stanley	Sociedad Quimica	(377,655)	1D FEDEF -487 bps	1 D FEDEF	02/05/2020	(394,290)	(16,635)
		\$(473,163)				\$(877,090)	\$(403,927)
		\$(695,421)				\$(78,104)	\$ 617,317

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Clough Global Equity Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

	Shares	Value
COMMON STOCKS 100.86%		
Communication Services 11.56%		
GCI Liberty, Inc. - Class A ^{(a)(b)(c)}	138,421	\$6,551,466
Nintendo Co., Ltd.	7,019	2,187,159
T-Mobile US, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	19,300	1,323,015
TrueCar, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	172,363	1,961,491
Vonage Holdings Corp. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	96,500	1,279,590
Yelp, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	92,700	3,969,414
		17,272,135
Consumer Discretionary 9.64%		
Amazon.com, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	2,790	4,458,448
Carvana Co. ^{(a)(b)}	63,000	2,441,250
DR Horton, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	45,221	1,626,147
Home Depot, Inc. ^(b)	4,600	809,048
Lennar Corp. - Class A ^{(b)(c)}	55,000	2,363,900
Mahindra & Mahindra, Ltd.	141,114	1,461,712
Wayfair, Inc. - Class A ^{(a)(b)(c)}	11,250	1,240,762
		14,401,267
Energy 0.30%		
Fairway Energy LP ^{(a)(d)(e)(f)(g)(l)}	217,600	441,075
Financials 37.72%		
Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. ^(b)	86,300	1,042,504
Ares Capital Corp. ^(b)	405,800	6,963,528
Bank of America Corp. ^{(b)(c)}	159,705	4,391,888
Blackstone Mortgage Trust, Inc. - Class A ^(b)	220,900	7,453,166
Citigroup, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	98,319	6,435,962
Credit Acceptance Corp. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	5,290	2,245,182
Golub Capital BDC, Inc. ^(b)	193,109	3,562,861
Granite Point Mortgage Trust, Inc. ^(b)	156,800	2,918,048
JPMorgan Chase & Co. ^{(b)(c)}	45,500	4,960,410
Ladder Capital Corp. ^(b)	117,779	1,983,398
Ping An Insurance Group Co. of China, Ltd. - Class H	145,200	1,367,392
Solar Capital, Ltd. ^(b)	145,000	2,987,000
Starwood Property Trust, Inc. ^(b)	376,300	8,173,236
TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. ^(b)	92,500	1,857,400
		56,341,975
Health Care 17.77%		

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Align Technology, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	2,645	585,074
Amgen, Inc. ^(b)	8,540	1,646,427
Apellis Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	97,397	1,362,584
Avanos Medical, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	16,700	945,220
BioMarin Pharmaceutical, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	10,400	958,568
Boston Scientific Corp. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	54,000	1,951,560
Centrexion Therapeutics ^{(a)(d)(e)(f)(g)}	416,666	749,999

Shares Value

Health Care (continued)		
Correvio Pharma Corp. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	355,500	\$ 1,201,590
CRISPR Therapeutics AG ^{(a)(b)(c)}	60,767	1,991,335
Equillium, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	37,600	526,400
Galapagos NV - Sponsored ADR ^{(a)(b)(c)}	5,900	606,107
Gossamer Biosciences ^{(a)(d)(e)(f)(g)}	264,246	850,000
GW Pharmaceuticals PLC - ADR ^{(a)(b)}	4,890	672,326
Idorsia, Ltd. ^{(a)(d)}	27,100	524,967
Illumina, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	5,320	1,655,318
Intra-Cellular Therapies, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	82,100	1,394,058
Johnson & Johnson ^{(b)(c)}	14,050	1,966,859
Pfizer, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	46,900	2,019,514
Sienna Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	27,631	255,034
Teladoc Health, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	29,000	2,010,860
Veracyte, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	95,300	1,415,205
Vertex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	7,410	1,255,699
		26,544,704

Industrials 3.45%

Ashtead Group PLC	78,814	1,949,825
Larsen & Toubro, Ltd.	58,326	1,023,436
TransDigm Group, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	6,610	2,182,953
		5,156,214

Information Technology 19.51%

Apple, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	24,390	5,337,995
GTT Communications, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	38,900	1,396,510
Guidewire Software, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	13,300	1,183,301
Luxoft Holding, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	32,100	1,323,483
Microsoft Corp. ^{(b)(c)}	43,800	4,678,278
Mimecast, Ltd. ^{(a)(b)}	55,300	1,927,758
RealPage, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	22,200	1,176,600
salesforce.com, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	26,220	3,598,433
ServiceNow, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	7,800	1,412,112
Shopify, Inc. - Class A ^{(a)(b)}	10,100	1,395,315
Talend SA - ADR ^{(a)(b)}	20,300	1,257,585
ViaSat, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	21,442	1,367,142
WNS Holdings, Ltd. - ADR ^{(a)(b)(c)}	40,100	2,012,619
Zendesk, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	19,600	1,077,412
		29,144,543

Real Estate 0.91%

Community Healthcare Trust, Inc. ^(b)	45,800	1,361,176
---	--------	-----------

TOTAL COMMON STOCKS
(Cost \$143,804,253)

150,663,089

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 25

Clough Global Equity Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

	Shares	Value
CLOSED-END FUNDS 0.39%		
KKR Income Opportunities Fund ^(b)	32,104	\$506,280
Wells Fargo Multi-Sector Income Fund ^(b)	6,900	79,833
TOTAL CLOSED-END FUNDS		
(Cost \$608,974)		586,113
PREFERRED STOCKS 5.40%		
Annaly Capital Management, Inc.		
Series G, 6.500% ^(b)	60,000	1,429,200
Ares Management LP		
Series A, 7.000% ^(b)	71,000	1,845,290
First Republic Bank		
Series D, 5.500% ^(b)	2,464	58,889
Global Medical REIT, Inc.		
Series A, 7.500% ^(b)	17,700	436,659
PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust		
Series A, 3M US L + 5.831% ^{(b)(h)}	48,692	1,207,562
Series B, 3M US L + 5.99% ^{(b)(h)}	10,000	245,710
Summit Hotel Properties, Inc.		
Series E, 6.250% ^(b)	40,000	918,000
Two Harbors Investment Corp.		
Series A, 3M US L + 5.66% ^{(b)(h)}	51,000	1,316,310
Series C, 3M US L + 5.011% ^{(b)(h)}	25,000	606,500
TOTAL PREFERRED STOCKS		
(Cost \$8,116,819)		8,064,120

Description and Maturity Date	Principal	Value
	Amount	
CORPORATE BONDS 4.08%		
Bank of America Corp.		
Series FF, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 2.931% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	\$1,000,000	971,250
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.		
Series P, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 2.874% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	2,000,000	1,849,600
Morgan Stanley		
Series H, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.61% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	1,250,000	1,262,662
Wells Fargo & Co.		
Series K, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.77% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	2,000,000	2,017,500

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

TOTAL CORPORATE BONDS

(Cost \$6,202,063) 6,101,012

Description and Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Value
-------------------------------	------------------	-------

GOVERNMENT & AGENCY OBLIGATIONS 9.53%

U.S. Treasury Bonds

02/28/2019, 0.695% ^(b)	\$2,250,000	\$2,242,793
04/30/2019, 0.508% ^(b)	2,250,000	2,240,640
08/15/2026, 6.750% ^(b)	2,000,000	2,507,031
11/15/2026, 6.500% ^(b)	1,600,000	1,987,000
08/15/2029, 6.125% ^(b)	2,500,000	3,172,070
08/15/2043, 3.625% ^(b)	2,000,000	2,079,649

TOTAL GOVERNMENT & AGENCY OBLIGATIONS

(Cost \$14,800,574) 14,229,183

Shares/Principal

Value

Amount

SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS 25.32%

Money Market Funds 18.88%

BlackRock Liquidity Funds, T-Fund Portfolio - Institutional Class (2.061% 7-day yield)	27,812,332	27,812,332
--	------------	------------

Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds - Treasury Securities Portfolio (2.010% 7-day yield) ^(a)	391,850	391,850
--	---------	---------

28,204,182

U.S. Treasury Bills 6.44%

U.S. Treasury Bills

12/06/2018, 1.844% ^{(b)(j)}	\$ 2,250,000	2,245,332
02/07/2019, 2.240% ^{(b)(j)}	2,500,000	2,484,398
07/18/2019, 2.488% ^(j)	2,000,000	1,964,028
09/12/2019, 2.538% ^(j)	2,000,000	1,955,572
10/10/2019, 2.578% ^(j)	1,000,000	975,395

9,624,725

TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

(Cost \$37,830,486) 37,828,907

Total Investments - 145.58%

(Cost \$211,363,169) 217,472,424

Liabilities in Excess of Other Assets - (45.58%)^(k)

(68,093,167)

NET ASSETS - 100.00%

\$ 149,379,257

SCHEDULE OF SECURITIES SOLD SHORT ^(a) Shares Value

COMMON STOCKS (11.48%)

Communication Services (0.45%)

Cars.com, Inc.	(25,500)	(665,805)
----------------	----------	-----------

Consumer Staples (0.35%)

Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.

(6,600) (526,482)

26 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Equity Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

SCHEDULE OF SECURITIES SOLD SHORT ^(a) (continued)	Shares	Value
Financials (4.40%)		
Deutsche Bank AG	(193,200)	\$(1,887,564)
Mediobanca Banca di Credito Finanziario SpA	(189,283)	(1,661,963)
Societe Generale S.A.	(42,032)	(1,546,293)
UniCredit SpA	(114,815)	(1,471,592)
		(6,567,412)
Health Care (0.46%)		
McKesson Corp.	(5,500)	(686,180)
Industrials (1.28%)		
MasTec, Inc.	(15,900)	(691,809)
Stericycle, Inc.	(12,200)	(609,634)
Triumph Group, Inc.	(33,700)	(615,025)
		(1,916,468)
Information Technology (4.54%)		
Diodes, Inc.	(21,400)	(646,066)
F5 Networks, Inc.	(3,390)	(594,199)
International Business Machines Corp.	(10,800)	(1,246,644)
Juniper Networks, Inc.	(24,600)	(720,042)
KEMET Corp.	(39,200)	(853,776)
Manhattan Associates, Inc.	(15,400)	(735,196)
Siltronic AG	(5,611)	(515,288)
Sumco Corp.	(43,200)	(584,244)
Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd.	(44,100)	(890,716)
		(6,786,171)
TOTAL COMMON STOCKS		
(Proceeds \$18,511,299)		(17,148,518)
EXCHANGE TRADED FUNDS (0.38%)		
United States Natural Gas Fund LP	(21,225)	(566,708)
TOTAL EXCHANGE TRADED FUNDS		
(Proceeds \$641,335)		(566,708)
TOTAL SECURITIES SOLD SHORT		
(Proceeds \$19,152,634)		\$(17,715,226)

Investment Abbreviations:

ID FEDEF - Federal Funds Effective Rate (Daily)

LIBOR - London Interbank Offered Rate

Libor Rates:

3M US L - 3 Month LIBOR as of October 31, 2018 was 2.56%

(a) Non-income producing security.

Pledged security; a portion or all of the security is pledged as collateral for securities sold short or borrowings. As of October 31, 2018, the aggregate value of those securities was \$169,838,171, representing 113.70% of net assets. (See Note 1 and Note 6).

(c) Loaned security; a portion or all of the security is on loan as of October 31, 2018.

Security exempt from registration of the Securities Act of 1933. These securities may be resold in transactions exempt from registration under Rule 144A, normally to qualified institutional buyers. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had an aggregate value of \$2,566,041 or 1.72% of net assets and have been deemed liquid by the Adviser based on procedures approved by the Board. (See Note 1).

(e) Private Placement; these securities may only be resold in transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had a total value of \$2,041,074 or 1.37% of net assets and have been deemed illiquid by the Adviser based on procedures approved by the Board. (See Note 1).

(f) Fair valued security; valued by management in accordance with procedures approved by the Board. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had an aggregate value of \$2,041,074 or 1.37% of total net assets.

(g) As a result of the use of significant unobservable inputs to determine fair value, these investments have been classified as Level 3 assets. (See Note 1).

(h) Variable rate investment. Interest rates reset periodically. Interest rate shown reflects the rate in effect at October 31, 2018. For securities based on a published reference rate and spread, the reference rate and spread are indicated in the description above.

(i) This security has no contractual maturity date, is not redeemable and contractually pays an indefinite stream of interest.

(j) Rate shown represents the bond equivalent yield to maturity at date of purchase.

(k) Includes cash which is being held as collateral for total return swap contracts and securities sold short.

(l) Security filed for bankruptcy subsequent to October 31, 2018.

For Fund compliance purposes, the Fund's sector classifications refer to any one of the sector sub-classifications used by one or more widely recognized market indexes, and/or as defined by Fund management. This definition may not apply for purposes of this report, which may combine sector sub-classifications for reporting ease. Sectors are shown as a percent of net assets. These sector classifications are unaudited.

Clough Global Equity Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

TOTAL RETURN SWAP CONTRACTS

Counter Party	Reference Entity/Obligation	Notional Amount	Floating Rate Paid by the Fund	Floating Rate Index	Termination Date	Value	Net Unrealized Appreciation
Credit Suisse	Larsen & Toubro, Ltd.	\$692,828	1M LIBOR + 217 bps	1 M LIBOR	12/31/2020	\$2,010,270	\$ 1,317,442
Morgan Stanley	Walsin Technology Corp.	(1,410,124)	1D FEDEF -893 bps	1 D FEDEF	09/24/2019	(1,035,852)	374,272
		\$ (717,296)				\$974,418	\$ 1,691,714
Counter Party	Reference Entity/Obligation	Notional Amount	Floating Rate Paid by the Fund	Floating Rate Index	Termination Date	Value	Net Unrealized Depreciation
Morgan Stanley	Banco Santander SA	\$(1,380,869)	1D FEDEF -50 bps	1 D FEDEF	05/20/2020	\$(1,383,928)	\$(3,059)
Morgan Stanley	Globalwafers Co., Ltd.	(442,806)	1D FEDEF -412.50 bps	1 D FEDEF	09/24/2019	(511,739)	(68,933)
Morgan Stanley	Jiangsu Yanghe Brewery Joint	1,308,039	1D FEDEF + 255 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/01/2020	930,274	(377,765)
Morgan Stanley	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	(243,134)	1D FEDEF - 650 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/29/2020	(261,981)	(18,847)
Morgan Stanley	Sociedad Quimica	(671,233)	1D FEDEF -487 bps	1 D FEDEF	02/05/2020	(700,960)	(29,727)
		\$(1,430,003)				\$(1,928,334)	\$(498,331)
		\$(2,147,299)				\$(953,916)	\$ 1,193,383

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

	Shares	Value
COMMON STOCKS 86.56%		
Communication Services 9.61%		
GCI Liberty, Inc. - Class A ^{(a)(b)(c)}	324,762	\$ 15,370,985
Nintendo Co., Ltd.	17,375	5,414,145
Vonage Holdings Corp. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	224,000	2,970,240
Yelp, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	214,400	9,180,608
		32,935,978
Consumer Discretionary 9.53%		
Amazon.com, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	6,444	10,297,576
Carvana Co. ^{(a)(b)}	147,820	5,728,025
DR Horton, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	103,801	3,732,684
Home Depot, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	11,100	1,952,268
Lennar Corp. - Class A ^{(b)(c)}	128,600	5,527,228
Mahindra & Mahindra, Ltd.	356,174	3,689,384
Wayfair, Inc. - Class A ^{(a)(b)(c)}	15,530	1,712,804
		32,639,969
Energy 0.32%		
Fairway Energy LP ^{(a)(d)(e)(f)(g)(k)}	536,000	1,086,472
Financials 31.85%		
Ares Capital Corp. ^(b)	773,900	13,280,124
Bank of America Corp. ^{(b)(c)}	383,810	10,554,775
Blackstone Mortgage Trust, Inc. - Class A ^(b)	364,700	12,304,978
Citigroup, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	235,727	15,430,689
Credit Acceptance Corp. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	12,830	5,445,308
Golub Capital BDC, Inc. ^(b)	313,957	5,792,507
JPMorgan Chase & Co. ^{(b)(c)}	112,300	12,242,946
Ladder Capital Corp. ^(b)	205,942	3,468,063
Ping An Insurance Group Co. of China, Ltd. - Class H	349,200	3,288,521
Solar Capital, Ltd. ^(b)	270,331	5,568,819
Starwood Property Trust, Inc. ^(b)	786,286	17,078,132
TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. ^(b)	232,783	4,674,283
		109,129,145
Health Care 13.87%		
Align Technology, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	6,230	1,378,076
Amgen, Inc. ^(b)	20,040	3,863,512
Apellis Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	238,201	3,332,432

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Avanos Medical, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	40,400	2,286,640
BioMarin Pharmaceutical, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	12,900	1,188,993
Boston Scientific Corp. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	41,300	1,492,582
Centrexion Therapeutics ^{(a)(d)(e)(f)(g)}	1,361,111	2,450,000
Correvio Pharma Corp. ^(a)	885,881	2,994,278
CRISPR Therapeutics AG ^{(a)(b)(c)}	142,010	4,653,668
Equillium, Inc. ^(a)	86,800	1,215,200

Shares Value

Health Care (continued)		
Gossamer Biosciences ^{(a)(d)(e)(f)(g)}	512,948	\$1,650,000
GW Pharmaceuticals PLC - ADR ^{(a)(b)(c)}	12,360	1,699,376
Illumina, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	12,400	3,858,260
Intra-Cellular Therapies, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	206,174	3,500,835
Johnson & Johnson ^{(b)(c)}	32,650	4,570,673
Pfizer, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	86,400	3,720,384
Sienna Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	65,306	602,774
Vertex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	18,090	3,065,531
		47,523,214

Industrials 3.60%

Ashtead Group PLC	182,426	4,513,143
Larsen & Toubro, Ltd.	145,804	2,558,397
TransDigm Group, Inc. ^{(a)(b)}	15,920	5,257,580
		12,329,120

Information Technology 17.78%

Apple, Inc. ^{(b)(c)}	57,380	12,558,187
Guidewire Software, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	30,600	2,722,482
Luxoft Holding, Inc. ^(a)	74,400	3,067,512
Microsoft Corp. ^{(b)(c)}	82,850	8,849,208
Mimecast, Ltd. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	128,830	4,491,014
RealPage, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	50,900	2,697,700
salesforce.com, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	66,550	9,133,322
ServiceNow, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	18,830	3,408,983
Shopify, Inc. - Class A ^(a)	23,400	3,232,710
Talend SA - ADR ^{(a)(b)}	47,500	2,942,625
ViaSat, Inc. ^{(a)(b)(c)}	50,235	3,202,984
WNS Holdings, Ltd. - ADR ^{(a)(b)}	91,447	4,589,725
		60,896,452

TOTAL COMMON STOCKS

(Cost \$290,264,781) 296,540,350

PREFERRED STOCKS 4.15%

Annaly Capital Management, Inc. Series G, 6.500% ^(b)	65,000	1,548,300
Ares Management LP Series A, 7.000% ^(b)	147,000	3,820,530
PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust Series B, 3M US L + 5.99% ^{(b)(h)}	70,000	1,719,970
Summit Hotel Properties, Inc.		

Series E, 6.250%^(b)

116,000 2,662,200

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 29

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

	Shares	Value
PREFERRED STOCKS (continued)		
Two Harbors Investment Corp.		
Series A, 3M US L + 5.66% ^{(b)(h)}	75,000	\$1,935,750
Series C, 3M US L + 5.011% ^{(b)(c)(h)}	105,000	2,547,300
TOTAL PREFERRED STOCKS		
(Cost \$14,481,050)		14,234,050

Description and	Principal	Value
Maturity Date	Amount	
CORPORATE BONDS 34.30%		
Ares Capital Corp.		
11/30/2018, 4.875%	\$500,000	500,715
01/19/2022, 3.625%	1,000,000	980,257
02/10/2023, 3.500%	1,000,000	955,461
Ashtead Capital, Inc.		
10/01/2024, 5.625% ^{(b)(c)(d)}	3,820,000	3,929,825
Bank of America Corp.		
10/21/2022, 2.503% ^{(b)(c)}	2,500,000	2,376,518
Series V, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.387% ^{(b)(c)(h)(i)}	5,000,000	4,993,750
Biogen, Inc.		
09/15/2020, 2.900% ^(b)	20,000	19,818
BP Capital Markets PLC		
09/19/2022, 2.520% ^(b)	2,000,000	1,920,654
Citigroup, Inc.		
Series N, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 4.0932% ^{(b)(c)(h)(i)}	8,000,000	8,140,000
Citizens Financial Group, Inc.		
Series B, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.003% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	2,000,000	1,985,000
Dominion Energy, Inc.		
07/01/2020, 2.579% ^(b)	3,000,000	2,955,290
DR Horton, Inc.		
12/01/2020, 2.550% ^(b)	3,000,000	2,931,428
Exelon Corp.		
12/01/2020, 5.150% ^{(b)(c)}	2,900,000	2,975,415
Fifth Third Bancorp		
Series J, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.129% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	4,000,000	3,955,000
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.		

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Series P, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 2.874% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	4,000,000	3,699,200
Hercules Capital, Inc. 10/23/2022, 4.625% ^(b)	3,000,000	2,885,896
Home Depot, Inc. 09/15/2025, 3.350% ^(b)	2,000,000	1,959,240
Huntington Ingalls Industries, Inc. 11/15/2025, 5.000% ^{(b)(d)}	2,250,000	2,332,125
Interpublic Group of Cos., Inc. 04/15/2024, 4.200% ^(b)	3,000,000	2,984,561

Description and	Principal	Value
Maturity Date	Amount	
CORPORATE BONDS (continued)		
JPMorgan Chase & Co. Series I, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.47% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	\$4,304,000	\$4,325,520
Series Z, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.80% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	4,750,000	4,833,125
Lennar Corp. 01/15/2022, 4.125% ^(b)	4,000,000	3,920,200
Main Street Capital Corp. 12/01/2022, 4.500% ^(b)	3,750,000	3,727,695
Morgan Stanley Series H, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.61% ^{(b)(c)(h)(i)}	5,750,000	5,808,247
New York Life Global Funding 06/10/2022, 3M US L + 0.52% ^{(b)(d)(h)}	4,000,000	4,024,262
People's United Bank National Association 07/15/2024, 4.000% ^(b)	4,000,000	3,940,597
Philip Morris International, Inc. 08/22/2022, 2.500% ^(b)	1,600,000	1,537,078
PNC Bank National Association 11/05/2020, 2.450% ^(b)	2,000,000	1,965,194
Solar Capital, Ltd. 01/20/2023, 4.500% ^(b)	2,500,000	2,392,547
Southwest Airlines Co. 11/16/2022, 2.750% ^(b)	3,000,000	2,904,183
Starwood Property Trust, Inc. 02/01/2021, 3.625% ^{(b)(c)(d)}	2,250,000	2,190,938
Toronto-Dominion Bank Series GMTN, 12/14/2020, 2.500% ^{(b)(c)}	3,332,000	3,281,697
Towne Bank/Portsmouth VA 07/30/2027, 3M US L + 2.55% ^{(b)(h)}	2,400,000	2,370,561
TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. 01/22/2023, 4.500% ^(b)	4,250,000	4,179,943
Wells Fargo & Co. Series MTN, 07/22/2022, 2.625% ^{(b)(c)}	5,000,000	4,804,001
Series K, Perpetual Maturity, 3M US L + 3.77% ^{(b)(h)(i)}	3,750,000	3,782,813
Welltower, Inc. 04/01/2019, 4.125% ^{(b)(c)}	5,033,000	5,043,657
TOTAL CORPORATE BONDS		117,512,411
(Cost \$119,631,942)		
ASSET/MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES 2.41%		

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Federal National Mortgage Association - REMICS
Series 2017-16, Class NA, 03/25/2047, 3.000%^(b)

2,050,716 1,939,195

30 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

Description and Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Value
ASSET/MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES (continued)		
SBA Small Business Investment Companies		
Series 2013-10B, Class 1, 09/10/2023, 3.644%	\$863,551	\$866,724
Series 2016-10A, Class 1, 03/10/2026, 2.507%	1,420,696	1,364,989
Series 2018-10A, Class 1, 03/10/2028, 3.187%	4,175,487	4,092,854
TOTAL ASSET/MORTGAGE BACKED SECURITIES (Cost \$8,495,253)		8,263,762
GOVERNMENT & AGENCY OBLIGATIONS 17.40%		
U.S. Treasury Bonds		
02/28/2019, 1.375% ^(b)	5,000,000	4,983,984
04/30/2019, 1.625% ^(b)	5,000,000	4,979,199
10/31/2019, 1.500% ^(b)	6,000,000	5,928,516
08/15/2026, 6.750% ^(b)	4,250,000	5,327,441
11/15/2026, 6.500% ^(b)	3,150,000	3,911,906
08/15/2029, 6.125% ^(b)	3,375,000	4,282,295
02/15/2038, 4.375% ^(b)	4,000,000	4,627,813
05/15/2040, 4.375%	3,000,000	3,478,125
02/15/2041, 4.750% ^(b)	3,000,000	3,659,063
05/15/2041, 4.375% ^(b)	3,000,000	3,481,992
08/15/2043, 3.625%	3,000,000	3,119,473
U.S. Treasury Notes		
07/31/2020, 2.000% ^(b)	6,000,000	5,912,578
01/31/2021, 2.125% ^(b)	6,000,000	5,900,508
TOTAL GOVERNMENT & AGENCY OBLIGATIONS (Cost \$61,563,083)		59,592,893

SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS 7.05%	Shares/Principal Amount	Value
Money Market Funds 7.05%		
BlackRock Liquidity Funds, T-Fund Portfolio - Institutional Class (2.061% 7-day yield)	22,243,011	22,243,011

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds - Treasury Securities Portfolio (2.010% 7-day yield) ^(a)	1,905,371	1,905,371
		24,148,382
TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (Cost \$24,148,382)		24,148,382

	Value
Total Investments - 151.87% (Cost \$518,584,491)	\$ 520,291,848
Liabilities in Excess of Other Assets - (51.87%) ⁽ⁱ⁾	(177,708,257)
NET ASSETS - 100.00%	\$ 342,583,591

SCHEDULE OF SECURITIES SOLD SHORT ^(a)	Shares	Value
COMMON STOCKS (11.49%)		
Communication Services (0.45%)		
Cars.com, Inc.	(59,500)	(1,553,545)
Consumer Staples (0.36%)		
Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.	(15,300)	(1,220,481)
Financials (4.47%)		
Deutsche Bank AG	(448,900)	(4,385,753)
Mediobanca Banca di Credito Finanziario SpA	(442,794)	(3,887,867)
Societe Generale S.A.	(97,761)	(3,596,479)
UniCredit SpA	(268,532)	(3,441,794)
		(15,311,893)
Health Care (0.46%)		
McKesson Corp.	(12,600)	(1,571,976)
Industrials (1.31%)		
MasTec, Inc.	(37,200)	(1,618,572)
Stericycle, Inc.	(28,500)	(1,424,145)
Triumph Group, Inc.	(78,925)	(1,440,381)
		(4,483,098)
Information Technology (4.44%)		
Diodes, Inc.	(50,000)	(1,509,500)
F5 Networks, Inc.	(4,200)	(736,176)
International Business Machines Corp.	(25,100)	(2,897,293)
Juniper Networks, Inc.	(56,900)	(1,665,463)
KEMET Corp.	(91,300)	(1,988,514)
Manhattan Associates, Inc.	(36,600)	(1,747,284)
Siltronic AG	(13,213)	(1,213,420)
Sumco Corp.	(101,700)	(1,375,408)
Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd.	(103,100)	(2,082,376)
		(15,215,434)
TOTAL COMMON STOCKS		

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

(Proceeds \$42,540,847)

(39,356,427)

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 31

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

SCHEDULE OF SECURITIES SOLD SHORT ^(a) (continued)	Shares	Value
EXCHANGE TRADED FUNDS (0.38%)		
United States Natural Gas Fund LP	(49,200)	\$(1,313,640)
TOTAL EXCHANGE TRADED FUNDS (Proceeds \$1,487,850)		(1,313,640)
TOTAL SECURITIES SOLD SHORT (Proceeds \$44,028,697)		\$(40,670,067)

Investment Abbreviations:

1D FEDEF - Federal Funds Effective Rate (Daily) LIBOR - London Interbank Offered Rate

Libor Rates:

3M US L - 3 Month LIBOR as of October 31, 2018 was 2.56%

(a) *Non-income producing security.*

Pledged security; a portion or all of the security is pledged as collateral for securities sold short or borrowings. As of October 31, 2018, the aggregate value of those securities was \$416,584,296, representing 121.60% of net assets. (See Note 1 and Note 6).

(c) *Loaned security; a portion or all of the security is on loan as of October 31, 2018.*

Security exempt from registration of the Securities Act of 1933. These securities may be resold in transactions exempt from registration under Rule 144A, normally to qualified institutional buyers. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had an aggregate value of \$17,663,622 or 5.16% of net assets and have been deemed liquid by the Adviser based on procedures approved by the Board. (See Note 1).

Private Placement; these securities may only be resold in transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had a total value of \$5,186,472 or 1.51% of net assets and have been deemed illiquid by the Adviser based on procedures approved by the Board. (See Note 1).

(f) *Fair valued security; valued by management in accordance with procedures approved by the Board. As of October 31, 2018, these securities had an aggregate value of \$5,186,472 or 1.51% of total net assets.*

^(g) *As a result of the use of significant unobservable inputs to determine fair value, these investments have been classified as Level 3 assets. (See Note 1).*

^(h) *Variable rate investment. Interest rates reset periodically. Interest rate shown reflects the rate in effect at October 31, 2018. For securities based on a published reference rate and spread, the reference rate and spread are indicated in the description above.*

⁽ⁱ⁾ *This security has no contractual maturity date, is not redeemable and contractually pays an indefinite stream of interest.*

^(j) *Includes cash which is being held as collateral for total return swap contracts and securities sold short.*

^(k) *Security filed for bankruptcy subsequent to October 31, 2018.*

For Fund compliance purposes, the Fund's sector classifications refer to any one of the sector sub-classifications used by one or more widely recognized market indexes, and/or as defined by Fund management. This definition may not apply for purposes of this report, which may combine sector sub-classifications for reporting ease. Sectors are shown as a percent of net assets. These sector classifications are unaudited.

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Statement of Investments

October 31, 2018

TOTAL RETURN SWAP CONTRACTS

Counter Party	Reference Entity/Obligation	Notional Amount	Floating Rate Paid by the Fund	Floating Rate Index	Termination Date	Value	Net Unrealized Appreciation
Credit Suisse	Larsen & Toubro, Ltd.	\$510,067	1M LIBOR + 217 bps	1 M LIBOR	12/31/2020	\$3,227,387	\$ 2,717,320
Morgan Stanley	Walsin Technology Corp.	(3,280,243)	1D FEDEF - 893 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/08/2020	(2,410,279)	869,964
		\$(2,770,176)				\$817,108	\$ 3,587,284
Counter Party	Reference Entity/Obligation	Notional Amount	Floating Rate Paid by the Fund	Floating Rate Index	Termination Date	Value	Net Unrealized Depreciation
Morgan Stanley	Banco Santander SA	\$(3,230,001)	1D FEDEF - 50 bps	1 D FEDEF	05/20/2020	\$(3,237,266)	\$(7,265)
Morgan Stanley	Globalwafers Co., Ltd.	(1,042,859)	1D FEDEF - 412.50 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/08/2020	(1,205,166)	(162,307)
Morgan Stanley	Jiangsu Yanghe Brewery Joint	3,041,471	1D FEDEF + 255 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/01/2020	2,162,913	(878,558)
Morgan Stanley	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	(570,547)	1D FEDEF - 650 bps	1 D FEDEF	10/29/2020	(614,774)	(44,227)
Morgan Stanley	Sociedad Quimica	(1,548,023)	1D FEDEF - 487 bps	1 D FEDEF	02/05/2020	(1,616,589)	(68,566)
		\$(3,349,959)				\$(4,510,882)	\$(1,160,923)
		\$(6,120,135)				\$(3,693,774)	\$ 2,426,361

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 33

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Clough Global Funds Statements of Assets and Liabilities

October 31, 2018

	Clough Global	Clough Global	Clough Global
	Dividend and	Equity Fund	Opportunities Fund
	Income Fund		
ASSETS:			
Investments, at value (Cost - see below)*	\$ 131,936,125	\$ 217,472,424	\$ 520,291,848
Cash	7,651,833	9,867,003	16,752,798
Deposit with broker for securities sold short	10,404,003	19,622,635	45,044,594
Deposit with broker for total return swap contracts	2,860,947	6,181,541	10,741,023
Unrealized appreciation on total return swap contracts	1,021,244	1,691,714	3,587,284
Interest receivable - margin account	14,698	28,601	66,605
Dividends receivable	34,096	53,328	109,086
Interest receivable	632,413	268,769	2,000,154
Receivable for investments sold	946,962	2,231,799	4,440,368
Total return swap contracts payments receivable	-	251,083	237,208
Other assets	-	649	1,259
Total Assets	155,502,321	257,669,546	603,272,227
LIABILITIES:			
Loan payable	55,000,000	85,000,000	207,000,000
Interest due on loan payable	9,722	15,025	36,590
Securities sold short, at value (Proceeds \$10,332,567, \$19,152,634 and \$44,028,697)	9,538,802	17,715,226	40,670,067
Payable for investments purchased	2,105,820	4,080,233	9,467,483
Deferred capital gains tax payable	8,948	15,461	38,753
Unrealized depreciation on total return swap contracts	403,927	498,331	1,160,923
Payable for total return swap contracts payments	418,728	688,314	1,619,488
Accrued investment advisory fee	93,649	201,334	523,146
Accrued administration fee	39,063	72,520	168,341
Accrued trustees fee	3,845	3,845	3,845
Total Liabilities	67,622,504	108,290,289	260,688,636
Net Assets	\$ 87,879,817	\$ 149,379,257	\$ 342,583,591
Cost of Investments	\$ 131,022,984	\$ 211,363,169	\$ 518,584,491

COMPOSITION OF NET ASSETS:

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Paid-in capital	\$86,466,097	\$132,672,340	\$339,483,441
Distributable earnings	1,413,720	16,706,917	3,100,150
Net Assets	\$87,879,817	\$149,379,257	\$342,583,591
Shares of common stock outstanding of no par value, unlimited shares authorized	7,006,437	11,025,691	32,224,412
Net asset value per share	\$12.54	\$13.55	\$10.63
* Securities Loaned, at value	\$48,227,922	\$75,704,093	\$188,892,227

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

34 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Funds Statements of Operations

For the year ended October 31, 2018

	Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund	Clough Global Equity Fund	Clough Global Opportunities Fund
INVESTMENT INCOME:			
Dividends (net of foreign withholding taxes of \$40,791, \$56,572 and \$134,933)	\$3,083,592	\$5,465,087	\$9,357,095
Interest on investment securities	1,783,972	458,342	5,032,333
Interest income - margin account	90,785	193,744	438,069
Hypothecated securities income (See Note 6)	28,965	96,628	131,887
Total Income	4,987,314	6,213,801	14,959,384
EXPENSES:			
Investment advisory fee	1,169,021	2,506,283	6,617,936
Administration fee	479,709	894,917	2,121,603
Interest on loan	1,580,388	2,443,587	5,963,609
Trustees fee	137,927	137,927	137,927
Dividend expense - short sales	45,234	88,694	208,303
Legal fees	248	2,110	4,906
Shareholder proxy	-	-	44,344
Other expenses	39,490	42,818	52,183
Total Expenses	3,452,017	6,116,336	15,150,811
Net Investment Income/(Loss)	1,535,297	97,465	(191,427)
NET REALIZED GAIN/(LOSS) ON:			
Investment securities	10,932,400	39,477,685	75,405,998
Securities sold short	(1,105,430)	(1,617,795)	(2,960,872)
Total return swap contracts	(624,398)	(619,726)	(1,360,125)
Foreign currency transactions	(68,860)	(150,422)	(371,058)
Capital gains tax	(430)	(7,620)	(22,432)
Long-term capital gains distributions from other investment companies	57,563	99,956	56,398
Net realized gain	9,190,845	37,182,078	70,747,909
NET CHANGE IN UNREALIZED APPRECIATION/(DEPRECIATION) ON:			
Investment securities	(16,190,948)	(30,749,819)	(77,355,815)

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Securities sold short	1,326,596	1,996,791	4,803,024
Total return swap contracts	(1,945,873)	(3,109,843)	(7,424,075)
Translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	1,212	3,542	8,529
Deferred capital gains tax	(8,947)	(15,461)	(38,753)
Net change in unrealized depreciation	(16,817,960)	(31,874,790)	(80,007,090)
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss)	(7,627,115)	5,307,288	(9,259,181)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Common Shares from Operations	\$(6,091,818)	\$5,404,753	\$(9,450,608)

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 35

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	For the	For the
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	October 31,	October 31,
	2018	2017
COMMON SHAREHOLDERS OPERATIONS:		
Net investment income/(loss)	\$ 1,535,297	\$ 1,283,342
Net realized gain/(loss)	9,190,845	7,816,233
Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation)	(16,817,960)	14,405,648
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets From Operations	(6,091,818)	23,505,223
DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS:^(a)		
Total distributions to shareholders	(1,202,292)	(3,908,415)
Tax return of capital	(8,637,547)	(9,527,880)
Net Decrease in Net Assets from Distributions	(9,839,839)	(13,436,295)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS		
Repurchase of fund shares	–	(155,239)
Tender offer	(49,421,321)	–
Net Decrease in Net Assets From Share Transactions	(49,421,321)	(155,239)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Common Shares	(65,352,978)	9,913,689
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHARES:		
Beginning of year ^(a)	153,232,795	143,319,106
End of year	\$ 87,879,817	\$ 153,232,795

^(a) For the year ended October 31, 2017, Total distributions to shareholders consisted of Net Investment Income of \$3,908,415, and Net Realized Gains of \$-, and overdistributed Net Investment Loss was \$2,598,197.

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Clough Global Equity Fund Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	For the	For the
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	October 31,	October 31,
	2018	2017
COMMON SHAREHOLDERS OPERATIONS:		
Net investment income/(loss)	\$97,465	\$(340,915)
Net realized gain/(loss)	37,182,078	20,536,865
Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation)	(31,874,790)	33,570,472
Net Increase in Net Assets From Operations	5,404,753	53,766,422
DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS:^(a)		
Total distributions to shareholders	(16,501,049)	(2,298,935)
Tax return of capital	-	(19,645,484)
Net Decrease in Net Assets from Distributions	(16,501,049)	(21,944,419)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS		
Repurchase of fund shares	-	(139,566)
Tender offer	(95,394,270)	-
Net Decrease in Net Assets From Share Transactions	(95,394,270)	(139,566)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Common Shares	(106,490,566)	31,682,437
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHARES:		
Beginning of year ^(a)	255,869,823	224,187,386
End of year	\$149,379,257	\$255,869,823

^(a) For the year ended October 31, 2017, Total distributions to shareholders consisted of Net Investment Income of \$2,298,935, and Net Realized Gains of \$-, and overdistributed Net Investment Loss was \$5,441,158.

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	For the	For the
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	October 31,	October 31,
	2018	2017
COMMON SHAREHOLDERS OPERATIONS:		
Net investment income/(loss)	\$(191,427)	\$(957,505)
Net realized gain/(loss)	70,747,909	39,959,040
Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation)	(80,007,090)	68,778,091
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets From Operations	(9,450,608)	107,779,626
DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS:^(a)		
Total distributions to shareholders	(24,690,948)	(6,976,864)
Tax return of capital	(14,426,265)	(48,235,156)
Net Decrease in Net Assets from Distributions	(39,117,213)	(55,212,020)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS		
Repurchase of fund shares	-	(138,330)
Tender offer	(232,209,110)	-
Net Decrease in Net Assets From Share Transactions	(232,209,110)	(138,330)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Common Shares	(280,776,931)	52,429,276
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHARES:		
Beginning of year ^(a)	623,360,522	570,931,246
End of year	\$342,583,591	\$623,360,522

^(a) For the year ended October 31, 2017, Total distributions to shareholders consisted of Net Investment Income of \$6,976,864, and Net Realized Gains of \$-, and overdistributed Net Investment Loss was \$12,614,505.

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Clough Global Funds Statements of Cash Flows

For the year ended October 31, 2018

	Clough Global	Clough Global	Clough Global
	Dividend and Income Fund	Equity Fund	Opportunities Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net increase/(decrease) in net assets from operations	\$(6,091,818)	\$5,404,753	\$(9,450,608)
Adjustments to reconcile net increase/(decrease) in net assets from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Purchase of investment securities	(150,596,909)	(247,935,290)	(671,372,559)
Proceeds from disposition of investment securities	219,740,157	387,931,829	1,022,850,252
Proceeds from securities sold short transactions	39,368,187	77,401,369	174,540,070
Cover securities sold short transactions	(46,774,123)	(89,433,459)	(206,597,109)
Net proceeds from short-term investment securities	11,540,415	7,568,938	13,407,768
Net realized (gain)/loss on:			
Investment securities	(10,932,400)	(39,477,685)	(75,405,998)
Securities sold short	1,105,430	1,617,795	2,960,872
Total return swap contracts	624,398	619,726	1,360,125
Capital gains tax	430	7,620	22,432
Long-term capital gains distributions from other investment companies	(57,563)	(99,956)	(56,398)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation)/depreciation on:			
Investment securities	16,190,948	30,749,819	77,355,815
Securities sold short	(1,326,596)	(1,996,791)	(4,803,024)
Total return swap contracts	1,945,873	3,109,843	7,424,075
Deferred capital gains tax	8,947	15,461	38,753
Net amortization/(accretion) of premiums/discounts	218,091	79,766	473,104
(Increase)/Decrease in assets:			
Deposits with broker for securities sold short	4,313,496	7,212,161	20,669,252
Deposits with brokers for total return swap contracts	3,843,838	5,857,494	17,412,163
Interest receivable - margin account	(10,822)	(22,268)	(49,000)
Dividends receivable	9,730	30,936	71,332
Interest receivable	(27,705)	(108,614)	(62,902)
Total return swap contracts payments receivable	-	(251,083)	(237,208)
Other assets	-	(649)	(1,259)
Increase/(Decrease) in liabilities:			
Interest due on loan payable	1,408	1,976	2,871
Payable for total return swap contracts payments	242,027	358,455	820,990
Dividends payable - short sales	(7,620)	(12,444)	(30,720)
Accrued investment advisory fee	(50,804)	(103,362)	(318,022)
Accrued administration fee	(19,750)	(35,817)	(100,832)

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Accrued trustees fee	28	28	28
Other payables and accrued expenses	(42,755)	(43,105)	(63,772)
Net cash provided by operating activities	83,214,538	148,447,446	370,860,451
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Repayment of loan payable	(17,000,000)	(28,000,000)	(85,000,000)
Tender offer	(49,421,321)	(95,394,270)	(232,209,110)
Cash distributions paid	(9,839,839)	(16,501,049)	(39,117,213)
Net cash used in financing activities	(76,261,160)	(139,895,319)	(356,326,323)
Effect of exchange rates on cash	(1,212)	(3,542)	(8,529)
Net Change in Cash and Foreign Rates on Cash	6,952,166	8,548,585	14,525,599
Cash, beginning of year	\$699,667	\$1,318,418	\$2,227,199
Cash, end of year	\$7,651,833	\$9,867,003	\$16,752,798
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:			
Cash paid during the year for interest from loan payable:	\$1,578,980	\$2,441,611	\$5,960,738

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund Financial Highlights

For a share outstanding throughout the period/years indicated

	For the Year Ended October 31, 2018	For the Year Ended October 31, 2017	For the Year Ended October 31, 2016 ⁽¹⁾	For the Year Ended October 31, 2015	For the Period Ended October 31, 2014 ⁽²⁾	For the Year Ended March 31, 2014
PER COMMON SHARE OPERATING PERFORMANCE:						
Net asset value - beginning of period	\$14.76	\$13.79	\$15.65	\$16.96	\$17.51	\$17.38
Income from investment operations:						
Net investment income/(loss)*	0.22	0.12	(0.01)	(0.27)	(0.12)	(0.26)
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	(1.15)	2.14	(0.46)	0.38	0.31	1.90
Total Income/(Loss) from Investment Operations	(0.93)	2.26	(0.47)	0.11	0.19	1.64
DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS FROM:						
Net investment income	–	(0.37)	–	(0.07)	(0.14)	(0.24)
Net realized gains	(0.17)	–	(0.59)	(1.34)	(0.60)	(1.27)
Tax return of capital	(1.23)	(0.92)	(0.80)	–	–	–
Total Distributions to Common Shareholders	(1.40)	(1.29)	(1.39)	(1.41)	(0.74)	(1.51)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS:						
Accretive/(Dilutive) impact of capital share transactions*	0.11	(0.00) ⁽³⁾	–	(0.01)	–	–
Total Capital Share Transactions	0.11	(0.00) ⁽³⁾	–	(0.01)	–	–
Net asset value - end of period	\$12.54	\$14.76	\$13.79	\$15.65	\$16.96	\$17.51
Market price - end of period	\$11.28	\$14.16	\$11.62	\$13.60	\$14.60	\$15.18
Total Investment Return - Net Asset Value: ⁽⁴⁾	(5.18)%	17.89 %	(1.14)%	1.61 %	1.68 %	11.14 %
Total Investment Return - Market Price: ⁽⁴⁾	(11.10)%	34.22 %	(4.14)%	2.57 %	0.97 %	11.12 %
RATIOS AND SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:						
Net assets attributable to common shares, end of period (000s)	\$87,880	\$153,233	\$143,319	\$162,651	\$176,968	\$182,737

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Ratios to average net assets

attributable to common shareholders:

Total expenses	3.48	%	2.94	%	3.65	%	3.95	%	3.25	% ⁽⁵⁾	3.34	%
Total expenses excluding interest expense and dividends on short sales expense	1.84	%	1.99	%	2.09	%	2.17	%	2.00	% ⁽⁵⁾	1.94	%
Net investment income/(loss)	1.55	%	0.87	%	(0.08)	)%	(1.58)	)%	(1.15))% ⁽⁵⁾	(1.47))%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁶⁾	109	%	149	%	205	%	172	%	110	%	179	%

Borrowings at End of Period

Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000s)	\$55,000	\$72,000	\$72,000	\$93,300	\$93,300	\$93,300
Asset Coverage Per \$1,000 (000s)	\$2,598	\$3,128	\$2,991	\$2,743	\$2,897	\$2,959

*Based on average shares outstanding.

⁽¹⁾ Effective July 31, 2016, the Clough Global Allocation Fund name changed to Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund.

⁽²⁾ The Board announced, on September 12, 2014, approval to change the fiscal year-end of the Fund from March 31 to October 31.

⁽³⁾ Less than \$0.005.

Total investment return is calculated assuming a purchase of a common share at the opening on the first day and a sale at the closing on the last day of each period reported. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for

⁽⁴⁾ purposes of this calculation to be reinvested at price obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan. Total investment returns do not reflect brokerage commissions on the purchase or sale of the Fund's common shares. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Total returns for the period indicated are not annualized.

⁽⁵⁾ Annualized.

⁽⁶⁾ Portfolio turnover rate for periods less than one full year have not been annualized.

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

40 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Equity Fund Financial Highlights

For a share outstanding throughout the period/years indicated

	For the Year Ended October 31, 2018	For the Year Ended October 31, 2017	For the Year Ended October 31, 2016	For the Year Ended October 31, 2015	For the Period Ended October 31, 2014 ⁽¹⁾	For the Year Ended March 31, 2014
PER COMMON SHARE OPERATING PERFORMANCE:						
Net asset value - beginning of period	\$14.50	\$12.70	\$15.10	\$16.47	\$17.15	\$16.63
Income from investment operations:						
Net investment income/(loss)*	0.01	(0.02)	(0.23)	(0.45)	(0.17)	(0.33)
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	0.41	3.06	(0.84)	0.46	0.23	2.33
Total Income/(Loss) from Investment Operations	0.42	3.04	(1.07)	0.01	0.06	2.00
DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS FROM:						
Net investment income	–	(0.13)	–	(0.04)	(0.08)	(0.38)
Net realized gains	(1.50)	–	(0.90)	(1.32)	(0.66)	(1.10)
Tax return of capital	–	(1.11)	(0.43)	–	–	–
Total Distributions to Common Shareholders	(1.50)	(1.24)	(1.33)	(1.36)	(0.74)	(1.48)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS:						
Accretive/(Dilutive) impact of capital share transactions*	0.13	(0.00) ⁽²⁾	–	(0.02)	–	–
Total Capital Share Transactions	0.13	(0.00) ⁽²⁾	–	(0.02)	–	–
Net asset value - end of period	\$13.55	\$14.50	\$12.70	\$15.10	\$16.47	\$17.15
Market price - end of period	\$13.21	\$13.66	\$10.69	\$12.92	\$14.34	\$15.42
Total Investment Return - Net Asset Value: ⁽³⁾	3.99	% 25.99	% (5.36) ⁽⁴⁾	0.76	% 0.86	% 13.57
Total Investment Return - Market Price: ⁽³⁾	7.62	% 41.01	% (6.90) ⁽⁴⁾	(0.98) ⁽⁴⁾	% (2.33) ⁽⁴⁾	% 15.52
RATIOS AND SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:						
	\$149,379	\$255,870	\$224,187	\$266,576	\$293,829	\$305,958

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Net assets attributable to common shares, end of period (000s)

Ratios to average net assets attributable to common shareholders:

Total expenses	3.63	%	3.14	%	4.21	%	4.56	%	3.68	% ⁽⁵⁾	3.76	%
Total expenses excluding interest expense and dividends on short sales expense	2.13	%	2.21	%	2.59	%	2.77	%	2.42	% ⁽⁵⁾	2.36	%
Net investment income/(loss)	0.06	%	(0.14)	)%	(1.70)	)%	(2.73)	)%	(1.68))% ⁽⁵⁾	(1.95))%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁶⁾	115	%	141	%	182	%	154	%	102	%	166	%

Borrowings at End of Period

Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000s)	\$85,000	\$113,000	\$113,000	\$156,000	\$156,000	\$156,000
Asset Coverage Per \$1,000 (000s)	\$2,757	\$3,264	\$2,984	\$2,709	\$2,884	\$2,961

**Based on average shares outstanding.*

(1) The Board announced, on September 12, 2014, approval to change the fiscal year-end of the Fund from March 31 to October 31.

(2) Less than \$0.005.

Total investment return is calculated assuming a purchase of a common share at the opening on the first day and a sale at the closing on the last day of each period reported. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation to be reinvested at price obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan. Total investment returns do not reflect brokerage commissions on the purchase or sale of the Fund's common shares. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Total returns for the period indicated are not annualized.

(3) In 2016, 0.07% of the total return consists of a reimbursement by the Adviser for a realized investment loss.

(4) Excluding this item, total return would have been (5.43)%.

(5) Annualized.

(6) Portfolio turnover rate for periods less than one full year have not been annualized.

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 41

Clough Global Opportunities Fund Financial Highlights

For a share outstanding throughout the period/years indicated

	For the Year Ended October 31, 2018	For the Year Ended October 31, 2017	For the Year Ended October 31, 2016	For the Year Ended October 31, 2015	For the Period Ended October 31, 2014⁽¹⁾	For the Year Ended March 31, 2014
PER COMMON SHARE OPERATING PERFORMANCE:						
Net asset value - beginning of period	\$12.09	\$11.07	\$12.92	\$14.11	\$14.67	\$14.64
Income from investment operations:						
Net investment loss*	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.15)	(0.35)	(0.15)	(0.32)
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	(0.35)	2.11	(0.54)	0.36	0.26	1.72
Total Income/(Loss) from Investment Operations	(0.36)	2.09	(0.69)	0.01	0.11	1.40
DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS FROM:						
Net investment income	–	(0.14)	–	–	–	(0.11)
Net realized gains	(0.76)	–	(0.18)	(1.19)	(0.67)	(1.26)
Tax return of capital	(0.45)	(0.93)	(0.98)	–	–	–
Total Distributions to Common Shareholders	(1.21)	(1.07)	(1.16)	(1.19)	(0.67)	(1.37)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS:						
Accretive/(Dilutive) impact of capital share transactions*	0.11	(0.00) ⁽²⁾	–	(0.01)	–	–
Total Capital Share Transactions	0.11	(0.00) ⁽²⁾	–	(0.01)	–	–
Net asset value - end of period	\$10.63	\$12.09	\$11.07	\$12.92	\$14.11	\$14.67
Market price - end of period	\$9.56	\$11.42	\$9.04	\$11.25	\$12.18	\$12.75
Total Investment Return - Net Asset Value: ⁽³⁾	(1.78)%	20.99 %	(3.48)%	1.13 %	1.39 %	11.26 %
Total Investment Return - Market Price: ⁽³⁾	(6.48)%	39.95 %	(9.49)%	1.93 %	0.70 %	9.99 %
RATIOS AND SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:						
	\$342,584	\$623,361	\$570,931	\$666,588	\$729,855	\$759,084

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Net assets attributable to common shares, end of period (000s)

Ratios to average net assets attributable to common shareholders:

Total expenses	3.81	%	3.23	%	4.32	%	4.62	%	3.86	% ⁽⁴⁾	3.97	%
Total expenses excluding interest expense and dividends on short sales expense	2.26	%	2.27	%	2.73	%	2.82	%	2.60	% ⁽⁴⁾	2.55	%
Net investment loss	(0.05)	)%	(0.16)	)%	(1.33)	)%	(2.47)	)%	(1.76))% ⁽⁴⁾	(2.15))%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁵⁾	120	%	165	%	191	%	176	%	111	%	178	%

Borrowings at End of Period

Aggregate Amount Outstanding (000s)	\$207,000	\$292,000	\$292,000	\$388,900	\$388,900	\$388,900
Asset Coverage Per \$1,000 (000s)	\$2,655	\$3,135	\$2,955	\$2,714	\$2,877	\$2,952

**Based on average shares outstanding.*

(1) The Board announced, on September 12, 2014, approval to change the fiscal year-end of the Fund from March 31 to October 31.

(2) Less than \$0.005.

Total investment return is calculated assuming a purchase of a common share at the opening on the first day and a sale at the closing on the last day of each period reported. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for

(3) purposes of this calculation to be reinvested at price obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan. Total investment returns do not reflect brokerage commissions on the purchase or sale of the Fund's common shares. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Total returns for the period indicated are not annualized.

(4) Annualized.

(5) Portfolio turnover rate for periods less than one full year have not been annualized.

See Notes to the Financial Statements.

42 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND OPERATING POLICIES

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund, Clough Global Equity Fund, and Clough Global Opportunities Fund (each a "Fund", collectively the "Funds"), are closed-end management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). The Funds were organized under the laws of the state of Delaware on April 27, 2004, January 25, 2005, and January 12, 2006, respectively for Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund, Clough Global Equity Fund, and Clough Global Opportunities Fund. The Funds were previously registered as non-diversified investment companies. As a result of ongoing operations, each of the Funds became a diversified company. The Funds may not resume operating in a non-diversified manner without first obtaining shareholder approval. Each Fund's investment objective is to provide a high level of total return. Each Declaration of Trust provides that the Board of Trustees (the "Board") may authorize separate classes of shares of beneficial interest. The common shares of Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund, Clough Global Equity Fund, and Clough Global Opportunities Fund are listed on the NYSE American LLC and trade under the ticker symbols "GLV", "GLQ" and "GLO" respectively.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Funds. These policies are in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements during the reporting period. Management believes the estimates and security valuations are appropriate; however, actual results may differ from those estimates, and the security valuations reflected in the financial statements may differ from the value the Funds ultimately realize upon sale of the securities. Each Fund is considered an investment company for financial reporting purposes under GAAP and follows the accounting and reporting guidance applicable to investment companies as codified in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 946 – Investment Companies.

The net asset value ("NAV") per share of each Fund is determined no less frequently than daily, on each day that the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE" or the "Exchange") is open for trading, as of the close of regular trading on the Exchange (normally 4:00 p.m. New York time). Trading may take place in foreign issues held by a Fund at times when the Fund is not open for business. As a result, each Fund's NAV may change at times when it is not possible to purchase or sell shares of that Fund.

Investment Valuation: Securities, held by each Fund, for which exchange quotations are readily available, are valued at the last sale price, or if no sale price or if traded on the over-the-counter market, at the mean of the bid and asked

prices on such day. Money market funds are valued based on the closing NAV. Most securities listed on a foreign exchange are valued at the last sale price at the close of the exchange on which the security is primarily traded. In certain countries market maker prices are used since they are the most representative of the daily trading activity. Market maker prices are usually the mean between the bid and ask prices. Certain markets are not closed at the time that the Funds price their portfolio securities. In these situations, snapshot prices are provided by the individual pricing services or other alternate sources at the close of the NYSE as appropriate. Securities not traded on a particular day are valued at the mean between the last reported bid and the asked quotes, or the last sale price when appropriate; otherwise fair value will be determined by the board-appointed fair valuation committee. Debt securities for which the over-the-counter market is the primary market are normally valued on the basis of prices furnished by one or more pricing services or dealers at the mean between the latest available bid and asked prices. As authorized by the Board, debt securities (including short-term obligations that will mature in 60 days or less) may be valued on the basis of valuations furnished by a pricing service which determines valuations based upon market transactions for normal, institutional-size trading units of securities or a matrix method which considers yield or price of comparable bonds provided by a pricing service. Over-the-counter options are valued at the mean between bid and asked prices provided by dealers. Exchange-traded options are valued at closing settlement prices. Total return swaps are priced based on valuations provided by a Board approved independent third party pricing agent. If a total return swap price cannot be obtained from an independent third party pricing agent the Fund shall seek to obtain a bid price from at least one independent and/or executing broker.

If the price of a security is unavailable in accordance with the aforementioned pricing procedures, or the price of a security is unreliable, e.g., due to the occurrence of a significant event, the security may be valued at its fair value determined by management pursuant to procedures adopted by the Board. For this purpose, fair value is the price that a Fund reasonably expects to receive on a current sale of the security. Due to the number of variables affecting the price of a security, however; it is possible that the fair value of a security may not accurately reflect the price that a Fund could actually receive on a sale of the security.

A three-tier hierarchy has been established to classify fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability that are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability that are developed based on the best information available.

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

Various inputs are used in determining the value of each Fund's investments as of the reporting period end. These inputs are categorized in the following hierarchy under applicable financial accounting standards:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities that a Fund has the ability to access at the measurement date;

Level 2 – Quoted prices which are not active, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable (either directly or indirectly) for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and

Level 3 – Significant unobservable prices or inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments) where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The following is a summary of the inputs used as of October 31, 2018, in valuing each Fund's investments carried at value.

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund

Investments in Securities at Value*	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Common Stocks				
Communication Services	\$2,563,164	\$–	\$–	\$2,563,164
Consumer Discretionary	3,426,308	–	–	3,426,308
Energy	–	–	264,929	264,929
Financials	28,272,587	–	–	28,272,587
Health Care	10,167,105	–	–	10,167,105
Industrials	3,695,985	–	–	3,695,985
Information Technology	8,817,682	–	–	8,817,682
Real Estate	2,820,428	–	–	2,820,428
Closed-End Funds	361,997	–	–	361,997
Preferred Stocks	7,107,114	–	–	7,107,114
Corporate Bonds	–	42,821,380	–	42,821,380
Asset/Mortgage Backed Securities	–	3,169,503	–	3,169,503
Government & Agency Obligations	–	12,532,977	–	12,532,977
Short-Term Investments				
Money Market Funds	5,914,966	–	–	5,914,966

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

TOTAL \$73,147,336 \$58,523,860 \$264,929 \$131,936,125

Other Financial Instruments	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Total Return Swap Contracts**	\$-	\$1,021,244	\$ -	\$1,021,244
Liabilities				
Securities Sold Short				
Common Stocks	(9,209,057)	-	-	(9,209,057)
Exchange Traded Funds	(329,745)	-	-	(329,745)
Total Return Swap Contracts**	-	(403,927)	-	(403,927)
TOTAL	\$(9,538,802)	\$617,317	\$ -	\$(8,921,485)

44 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

Clough Global Equity Fund

Investments in Securities at Value*	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Common Stocks				
Communication Services	\$17,272,135	\$–	\$–	\$17,272,135
Consumer Discretionary	14,401,267	–	–	14,401,267
Energy	–	–	441,075	441,075
Financials	56,341,975	–	–	56,341,975
Health Care	24,944,705	–	1,599,999	26,544,704
Industrials	5,156,214	–	–	5,156,214
Information Technology	29,144,543	–	–	29,144,543
Real Estate	1,361,176	–	–	1,361,176
Closed-End Funds	586,113	–	–	586,113
Preferred Stocks	8,064,120	–	–	8,064,120
Corporate Bonds	–	6,101,012	–	6,101,012
Government & Agency Obligations	–	14,229,183	–	14,229,183
Short-Term Investments				
Money Market Funds	28,204,182	–	–	28,204,182
U.S. Treasury Bills	–	9,624,725	–	9,624,725
TOTAL	\$185,476,430	\$29,954,920	\$2,041,074	\$217,472,424

Other Financial Instruments	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Total Return Swap Contracts**	\$–	\$1,691,714	\$–	\$1,691,714
Liabilities				
Securities Sold Short				
Common Stocks	(17,148,518)	–	–	(17,148,518)
Exchange Traded Funds	(566,708)	–	–	(566,708)
Total Return Swap Contracts**	–	(498,331)	–	(498,331)
TOTAL	\$(17,715,226)	\$1,193,383	\$–	\$(16,521,843)

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

Clough Global Opportunities Fund

Investments in Securities at Value*	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Common Stocks				
Communication Services	\$32,935,978	\$–	\$–	\$32,935,978
Consumer Discretionary	32,639,969	–	–	32,639,969
Energy	–	–	1,086,472	1,086,472
Financials	109,129,145	–	–	109,129,145
Health Care	43,423,214	–	4,100,000	47,523,214
Industrials	12,329,120	–	–	12,329,120
Information Technology	60,896,452	–	–	60,896,452
Preferred Stocks	14,234,050	–	–	14,234,050
Corporate Bonds	–	117,512,411	–	117,512,411
Asset/Mortgage Backed Securities	–	8,263,762	–	8,263,762
Government & Agency Obligations	–	59,592,893	–	59,592,893
Short-Term Investments				
Money Market Funds	24,148,382	–	–	24,148,382
TOTAL	\$329,736,310	\$185,369,066	\$5,186,472	\$520,291,848

Other Financial Instruments	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Total Return Swap Contracts**	\$–	\$3,587,284	\$–	\$3,587,284
Liabilities				
Securities Sold Short				
Common Stocks	(39,356,427)	–	–	(39,356,427)
Exchange Traded Funds	(1,313,640)	–	–	(1,313,640)
Total Return Swap Contracts**	–	(1,160,923)	–	(1,160,923)
TOTAL	\$(40,670,067)	\$2,426,361	\$–	\$(38,243,706)

*For detailed sector descriptions, see the accompanying Statements of Investments.

** Swap contracts are reported at their unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) at measurement date, which represents the change in the contract's value from trade date.

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

In the event a Board approved independent pricing service is unable to provide an evaluated price for a security or Clough Capital Partners L.P. (the "Adviser" or "Clough") believes the price provided is not reliable, securities of each Fund may be valued at fair value as described above. In these instances the Adviser may seek to find an alternative independent source, such as a broker/dealer to provide a price quote, or by using evaluated pricing models similar to the techniques and models used by the independent pricing service. These fair value measurement techniques may utilize unobservable inputs (Level 3).

On a monthly basis, the Fair Value Committee of each Fund meets and discusses securities that have been fair valued during the preceding month in accordance with the Funds' Fair Value Procedures and reports quarterly to the Board on the results of those meetings.

46 www.cloughglobal.com

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

The following is a reconciliation of the investments in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value:

Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund

	Balance as of	Realized	Change in Unrealized	Purchases	Sales Proceeds	Transfer into Level 3	Transfer out of Level 3	Balance as of	Net change in unrealized appreciation/ (depreciation) attributable to Level 3 investments held at October 31, 2018
Investments in Securities	October 31, 2017	Gain/(Loss)	Appreciation/ (Depreciation)					October 31, 2018	
Common Stocks	\$773,744	\$ -	\$ (508,815)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$264,929	\$ (508,815)
Total	\$773,744	\$ -	\$ (508,815)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$264,929	\$ (508,815)

Clough Global Equity Fund

Investments in	Balance as of	Realized	Change in Unrealized	Purchases	Sales Proceeds	Transfer into	Transfer out	Balance as of	Net change in
		Gain/(Loss)	Appreciation/ (Depreciation)						

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Securities	October 31, 2017	Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	Level of Level 3	October 31, 2018	unrealized appreciation/ (depreciation) attributable to Level 3 investments held at October 31, 2018
Common Stocks	\$ 1,596,923	\$ - \$ (368,253)	\$ 1,599,999	\$ - \$ - \$ (787,595)	\$ 2,041,074 \$ (847,117)
Total	\$ 1,596,923	\$ - \$ (368,253)	\$ 1,599,999	\$ - \$ - \$ (787,595)	\$ 2,041,074 \$ (847,117)

Clough Global Opportunities Fund

Investments in Securities	Balance as of October 31, 2017	Change in Realized Gain/(Loss) Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	Purchases	Sales Proceeds	Transfer into Level of Level 3	Transfer out	Balance as of October 31, 2018	Net change in unrealized appreciation/ (depreciation) attributable to Level 3 investments held at October 31, 2018
Common Stocks	\$ 3,939,237	\$ - \$ (898,348)	\$ 4,100,000	\$ - \$ -	\$ (1,954,417)	\$ 5,186,472	\$ (2,086,648)	

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

Total \$3,939,237 \$ – \$ (898,348) \$4,100,000 \$ – \$ – \$ (1,954,417) \$5,186,472 \$ (2,086,648)

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 47

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

The following is a summary of valuation techniques and quantitative information used in determining the fair value of each Fund's Level 3 investments at October 31, 2018:

Fund	Sector	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input^(a)	Range / Premium
Clough Global Dividend Income Fund	Energy	\$264,929	Comparable Company Approach / Net Asset Value Approach	Implied Premium	17.51%
				Projected EV/EBITDA Multiple	0.00x – 0.00x
				Projected EV/Revenue Multiple	0.00x – 1.33x
				Adjusted Net Asset Value	0.22x – 2.46x
Clough Global Equity Fund	Energy	\$441,075	Comparable Company Approach / Net Asset Value Approach	Implied Premium	17.51%
				Projected EV/EBITDA Multiple	0.00x – 0.00x
				Projected EV/Revenue Multiple	0.00x – 1.33x
				Adjusted Net Asset Value	0.22x – 2.46x
	Health Care	\$1,599,999	Recent Financings	Transaction Price	N/A
Clough Global Opportunities Fund	Energy	\$1,086,472	Comparable Company Approach / Net Asset Value Approach	Implied Premium	17.51%
				Projected EV/EBITDA Multiple	0.00x – 0.00x
				Projected EV/Revenue Multiple	0.00x – 1.33x
				Adjusted Net Asset Value	0.22x – 2.46x
	Health Care	\$4,100,000	Recent Financings	Transaction Price	N/A

(a) A change to the unobservable input may result in a significant change to the value of the investment as follows:

Unobservable Input	Impact to Value if Input Increases	Impact to Value if Input Decreases
Implied Premium	Increase	Decrease
Projected EV/EBITDA Multiple	Increase	Decrease
Projected EV/Revenue Multiple	Increase	Decrease
Adjusted Net Asset Value	Increase	Decrease
Transaction Price	Increase	Decrease

Foreign Securities: Each Fund may invest a portion of its assets in foreign securities. In the event that a Fund executes a foreign security transaction, the Fund will generally enter into a foreign currency spot contract to settle the foreign security transaction. Foreign securities may carry more risk than U.S. securities, such as political, market and currency risks.

The accounting records of each Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. Prices of securities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the closing rates of exchange at period end. Amounts related to the purchase and sale of foreign securities and investment income are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Although the net assets and the values are presented at the foreign exchange rates at market close, the Funds do not isolate the portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in prices of securities held.

The effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on investments is reported with investment securities realized and unrealized gains and losses in the Funds' Statements of Operations.

A foreign currency spot contract is a commitment to purchase or sell a foreign currency at a future date, at a negotiated rate. Each Fund may enter into foreign currency spot contracts to settle specific purchases or sales of securities denominated in a foreign currency and for protection from adverse exchange rate fluctuation. Risks to a Fund include the potential inability of the counterparty to meet the terms of the contract.

The net U.S. dollar value of foreign currency underlying all contractual commitments held by a Fund and the resulting unrealized appreciation or depreciation are determined using prevailing forward foreign currency exchange rates. Unrealized appreciation and depreciation on foreign currency spot contracts are reported in the Funds' Statements of Assets and Liabilities as a receivable for investments sold or a payable for investments purchased and in the Funds' Statements of Operations with the change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. These spot contracts are used by the broker to settle investments denominated in foreign currencies.

A Fund may realize a gain or loss upon the closing or settlement of the foreign transactions. Such realized gains and losses are reported with all other foreign currency gains and losses in the Statements of Operations.

Exchange Traded Funds: Each Fund may invest in Exchange Traded Funds (“ETFs”), which are funds whose shares are traded on a national exchange. ETFs may be based on underlying equity or fixed income securities, as well as commodities or currencies. ETFs do not sell individual shares directly to investors and only issue their shares in large blocks known as "creation units." The investor purchasing a creation unit then sells the individual shares on a secondary market. Although similar diversification benefits may be achieved through an investment in another investment company, ETFs generally offer greater liquidity and lower expenses. Because an ETF incurs its own fees and expenses, shareholders of a Fund investing in an ETF will indirectly bear those costs. Such Funds will also incur brokerage commissions and related charges when purchasing or selling shares of an ETF. Unlike typical investment company shares, which are valued once daily, shares in an ETF may be purchased or sold on a securities exchange throughout the trading day at market prices that are generally close to the NAV of the ETF.

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

Short Sales: Each Fund may sell a security it does not own in anticipation of a decline in the fair value of that security. When a Fund sells a security short, it must borrow the security sold short and deliver it to the broker-dealer through which it made the short sale. A gain, limited to the price at which a Fund sold the security short, or a loss, unlimited in size, will be recognized upon the termination of the short sale.

Each Fund's obligation to replace the borrowed security will be secured by collateral deposited with the broker-dealer, usually cash, U.S. government securities or other liquid securities. Each Fund will also be required to designate on its books and records similar collateral with its custodian to the extent, if any, necessary so that the aggregate collateral value is at all times at least equal to the current value of the security sold short. The cash amount is reported on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities as Deposit with broker for securities sold short which is held with one counterparty. Each Fund is obligated to pay interest to the broker for any debit balance of the margin account relating to short sales. The interest incurred by the Funds is reported on the Statements of Operations as Interest expense – margin account. Interest amounts payable, if any, are reported on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities as Interest payable – margin account.

Each Fund may also sell a security short if it owns at least an equal amount of the security sold short or another security convertible or exchangeable for an equal amount of the security sold short without payment of further compensation (a short sale against-the-box). In a short sale against-the-box, the short seller is exposed to the risk of being forced to deliver stock that it holds to close the position if the borrowed stock is called in by the lender, which would cause gain or loss to be recognized on the delivered stock. Each Fund expects normally to close its short sales against-the-box by delivering newly acquired stock. Since the Funds intend to hold securities sold short for the short term, these securities are excluded from the purchases and sales of investment securities in Note 4 and each Fund's Portfolio Turnover in the Financial Highlights.

Derivatives Instruments and Hedging Activities: The following discloses the Funds' use of derivative instruments and hedging activities.

The Funds' investment objectives not only permit the Funds to purchase investment securities, they also allow the Funds to enter into various types of derivative contracts, including, but not limited to, purchased and written options, swaps, futures and warrants. In doing so, the Funds will employ strategies in differing combinations to permit them to increase, decrease, or change the level or types of exposure to market factors. Central to those strategies are features inherent to derivatives that make them more attractive for this purpose than equity securities; they require little or no initial cash investment, they can focus exposure on only certain selected risk factors, and they may not require the ultimate receipt or delivery of the underlying security (or securities) to the contract. This may allow the Funds to

pursue their objectives more quickly and efficiently than if they were to make direct purchases or sales of securities capable of affecting a similar response to market factors.

Risk of Investing in Derivatives: The Funds' use of derivatives can result in losses due to unanticipated changes in the market risk factors and the overall market. In instances where the Funds are using derivatives to decrease or hedge exposures to market risk factors for securities held by the Funds, there are also risks that those derivatives may not perform as expected, resulting in losses for the combined or hedged positions.

Derivatives may have little or no initial cash investment relative to their market value exposure and therefore can produce significant gains or losses in excess of their cost. This use of embedded leverage allows the Funds to increase their market value exposure relative to their net assets and can substantially increase the volatility of the Funds' performance.

Additional associated risks from investing in derivatives also exist and potentially could have significant effects on the valuation of the derivative and the Funds. Typically, the associated risks are not the risks that the Funds are attempting to increase or decrease exposure to, per their investment objectives, but are the additional risks from investing in derivatives.

Examples of these associated risks are liquidity risk, which is the risk that the Funds will not be able to sell the derivative in the open market in a timely manner, and counterparty credit risk, which is the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its obligation to the Funds. Associated risks can be different for each type of derivative and are discussed by each derivative type in the notes that follow.

Each Fund may acquire put and call options and options on stock indices and enter into stock index futures contracts, certain credit derivatives transactions and short sales in connection with its equity investments. In connection with a Fund's investments in debt securities, it may enter into related derivatives transactions such as interest rate futures, swaps and options thereon and certain credit derivatives transactions. Derivatives transactions of the types described above subject a Fund to increased risk of principal loss due to imperfect correlation or unexpected price or interest rate movements. Each Fund also will be subject to credit risk with respect to the counterparties to the derivatives contracts purchased by a Fund. If a counterparty becomes bankrupt or otherwise fails to perform its obligations under a derivatives contract due to financial difficulties, each Fund may experience significant delays in obtaining any recovery under the derivatives contract in a bankruptcy or other reorganization proceeding. Each Fund may obtain only a limited recovery or may obtain no recovery in such circumstances.

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

Market Risk Factors: In addition, in pursuit of their investment objectives, certain Funds may seek to use derivatives, which may increase or decrease exposure to the following market risk factors:

Equity Risk: Equity risk relates to the change in value of equity securities as they relate to increases or decreases in the general market.

Foreign Exchange Rate Risk: Foreign exchange rate risk relates to the change in the U.S. dollar value of a security held that is denominated in a foreign currency. The value of a foreign currency denominated security will decrease as the dollar appreciates against the currency, while the value of the foreign currency denominated security will increase as the dollar depreciates against the currency.

Option Writing/Purchasing: Each Fund may purchase or write (sell) put and call options. One of the risks associated with purchasing an option among others, is that a Fund pays a premium whether or not the option is exercised. Additionally, a Fund bears the risk of loss of premium and change in value should the counterparty not perform under the contract. The cost of securities acquired through the exercise of call options is increased by premiums paid. The proceeds from securities sold through the exercise of put options are decreased by the premiums paid. Each Fund is obligated to pay interest to the broker for any debit balance of the margin account relating to options. Each Fund pledges cash or liquid assets as collateral to satisfy the current obligations with respect to written options. The interest incurred, if any, on the Funds is reported on the Statements of Operations as Interest expense – margin account. Interest amounts payable by the Funds, if any, are reported on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities as Interest payable – margin account.

When a Fund writes an option, an amount equal to the premium received by a Fund is recorded as a liability and is subsequently adjusted to the current value of the option written. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are treated by a Fund on the expiration date as realized gains. The difference between the premium received and the amount paid on effecting a closing purchase transaction, including brokerage commissions, is recorded as a realized gain or loss. If a call option is exercised, the premium is added to the proceeds from the sale of the underlying security or currency in determining whether a Fund has realized a gain or loss. If a put option is exercised, the premium reduces the cost basis of the securities purchased by a Fund. Each Fund, as writer of an option, bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the security underlying the written option.

There was no written option or purchased option activity for the year ended October 31, 2018.

Futures Contracts: Each Fund may enter into futures contracts. A futures contract is an agreement to buy or sell a security or currency (or to deliver a final cash settlement price in the case of a contract relating to an index or otherwise not calling for physical delivery at the end of trading in the contract) for a set price at a future date. If a Fund buys a security futures contract, the Fund enters into a contract to purchase the underlying security and is said to be "long" under the contract. If a Fund sells a security futures contract, the Fund enters into a contract to sell the underlying security and is said to be "short" under the contract. The price at which the contract trades (the "contract price") is determined by relative buying and selling interest on a regulated exchange. Futures contracts are marked to market daily and an appropriate payable or receivable for the change in value ("variation margin") is recorded by the Fund. Such payables or receivables, if any, are recorded for financial statement purposes as variation margin payable or variation margin receivable by each Fund. Each Fund pledges cash or liquid assets as collateral to satisfy the current obligations with respect to futures contracts. The cash amount, if any, is reported on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities as Deposit with broker for futures contracts which is held with one counterparty. Management has reviewed the futures agreement under which the futures contracts are traded and has determined that the Funds do not have the right to set-off, and therefore the futures contracts are not subject to enforceable netting arrangements.

The Funds enter into such transactions for hedging and other appropriate risk-management purposes or to increase return. While a Fund may enter into futures contracts for hedging purposes, the use of futures contracts might result in a poorer overall performance for the Fund than if it had not engaged in any such transactions. If, for example, the Fund had insufficient cash, it might have to sell a portion of its underlying portfolio of securities in order to meet daily variation margin requirements on its futures contracts or options on futures contracts at a time when it might be disadvantageous to do so. There may be an imperfect correlation between the Funds' portfolio holdings and futures contracts entered into by the Fund, which may prevent the Fund from achieving the intended hedge or expose the Fund to risk of loss.

Futures contract transactions may result in losses substantially in excess of the variation margin. There can be no guarantee that there will be a correlation between price movements in the hedging vehicle and in the portfolio securities being hedged. An incorrect correlation could result in a loss on both the hedged securities in a Fund and the hedging vehicle so that the portfolio return might have been greater had hedging not been attempted. There can be no assurance that a liquid market will exist at a time when the Fund seeks to close out a futures contract. Lack of a liquid market for any reason may prevent a Fund from liquidating an unfavorable position, and the Fund would remain obligated to meet margin requirements until the position is closed. In addition, the Fund could be exposed to risk if the counterparties to the contracts are unable to meet the terms of their contracts. With exchange-traded futures contracts, there is minimal counterparty credit risk to the Funds since futures contracts are exchange-traded and the exchange's clearinghouse, as counterparty to all exchange-traded futures contracts, guarantees the futures contracts against default.

During the year ended October 31, 2018, the Funds did not invest in futures contracts.

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

Swaps: During the year ended October 31, 2018, each Fund engaged in total return swaps. A swap is an agreement that obligates two parties to exchange a series of cash flows at specified intervals based upon or calculated by reference to changes in specified prices or rates for a specified amount of an underlying asset. Each Fund may utilize swap agreements as a means to gain exposure to certain assets and/or to “hedge” or protect the Fund from adverse movements in securities prices or interest rates. Each Fund is subject to equity risk and interest rate risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objective through investments in swap contracts. Swap agreements entail the risk that a party will default on its payment obligation to a Fund. If the other party to a swap defaults, a Fund would risk the loss of the net amount of the payments that it contractually is entitled to receive. If each Fund utilizes a swap at the wrong time or judges market conditions incorrectly, the swap may result in a loss to the Fund and reduce the Fund’s total return.

Total return swaps involve an exchange by two parties in which one party makes payments based on a set rate, either fixed or variable, while the other party makes payments based on the return of an underlying asset, which includes both the income it generates and any capital gains over the payment period. A Fund’s maximum risk of loss from counterparty risk or credit risk is the discounted value of the payments to be received from/paid to the counterparty over the contract’s remaining life, to the extent that the amount is positive. The risk is mitigated by having a netting arrangement between a Fund and the counterparty and by the posting of collateral to a Fund to cover the Fund’s exposure to the counterparty. Each Fund pledges cash or liquid assets as collateral to satisfy the current obligations with respect to swap contracts. The cash amount is reported on the Statements of Assets and Liabilities as Deposit with broker for total return swap contracts which is held with two counterparties.

International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreements (“ISDA Master Agreements”) govern OTC financial derivative transactions entered into by a Fund and those counterparties. The ISDA Master Agreements maintain provisions for general obligations, representations, agreements, collateral and events of default or termination. Events of termination include conditions that may entitle counterparties to elect to terminate early and cause settlement of all outstanding transactions under the applicable ISDA Master Agreement. Any election to early terminate could be material to the financial statements.

During the year ended October 31, 2018, the Funds invested in swap agreements consistent with the Funds’ investment strategies to gain exposure to certain markets or indices.

Warrants/Rights: Each Fund may purchase or otherwise receive warrants or rights. Warrants and rights generally give the holder the right to receive, upon exercise, a security of the issuer at a set price. Funds typically use warrants and rights in a manner similar to their use of purchased options on securities, as described in options above. Risks

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

associated with the use of warrants and rights are generally similar to risks associated with the use of purchased options. However, warrants and rights often do not have standardized terms, and may have longer maturities and may be less liquid than exchange-traded options. In addition, the terms of warrants or rights may limit each Fund's ability to exercise the warrants or rights at such times and in such quantities as each Fund would otherwise wish. As of and during the year ended October 31, 2018, each Fund held no warrants or rights.

The effect of derivatives instruments on each Fund's Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of October 31, 2018:

Risk Exposure	Asset Derivatives Statements of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value
Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund		
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)	Unrealized appreciation on total return swap contracts	\$ 1,021,244
		\$ 1,021,244
Clough Global Equity Fund		
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)	Unrealized appreciation on total return swap contracts	\$ 1,691,714
		\$ 1,691,714
Clough Global Opportunities Fund		
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)	Unrealized appreciation on total return swap contracts	\$ 3,587,284
		\$ 3,587,284
	Liability Derivatives Statements of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value
Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund		
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)	Unrealized depreciation on total return swap contracts	\$ 403,927
Total		\$ 403,927
Clough Global Equity Fund		
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)		\$ 498,331

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

	Unrealized depreciation on total return swap contracts		
Total Clough Global Opportunities Fund		\$	498,331
	Unrealized depreciation on total return swap contracts		
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)		\$	1,160,923
Total		\$	1,160,923

Annual Report | October 31, 2018 51

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

The effect of derivatives instruments on each Fund's Statement of Operations for the year ended October 31, 2018:

Risk Exposure	Statements of Operations Location	Realized Gain/(Loss) on Derivatives Recognized in Income	Change in Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) on Derivatives Recognized in Income
Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund			
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)	Net realized gain/(loss) on total return swap contracts/Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on total return swap contracts	(624,398)	(1,945,873)
Total		\$(624,398)	\$(1,945,873)
Clough Global Equity Fund			
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)	Net realized gain/(loss) on total return swap contracts/Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on total return swap contracts	(619,726)	(3,109,843)
Total		\$(619,726)	\$(3,109,843)
Clough Global Opportunities Fund			
Equity Contracts (Total Return Swap Contracts)	Net realized gain/(loss) on total return swap contracts/Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on total return swap contracts	(1,360,125)	(7,424,075)
Total		\$(1,360,125)	\$(7,424,075)

The average total return swap contracts notional amount during the year ended October 31, 2018, is noted below for each of the Funds.

Fund	Average Total Return Swap
------	---------------------------------

Edgar Filing: Clough Global Equity Fund - Form N-CSR

	Contracts Notional Amount
Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund	\$7,302,829
Clough Global Equity Fund	13,497,245
Clough Global Opportunities Fund	30,202,570

Certain derivative contracts are executed under either standardized netting agreements or, for exchange-traded derivatives, the relevant contracts for a particular exchange which contain enforceable netting provisions. A derivative netting arrangement creates an enforceable right of set-off that becomes effective, and affects the realization of settlement on individual assets, liabilities and collateral amounts, only following a specified event of default or early termination. Default events may include the failure to make payments or deliver securities timely, material adverse changes in financial condition or insolvency, the breach of minimum regulatory capital requirements, or loss of license, charter or other legal authorization necessary to perform under the contract.

Clough Global Funds Notes to Financial Statements

October 31, 2018

The following tables present derivative financial instruments that are subject to enforceable netting arrangements as of October 31, 2018.

Offsetting of Derivatives Assets

				Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statements of Assets and Liabilities		
	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statements of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amounts Presented in the Statements of Assets and Liabilities	Financial Instruments^(a)	Cash Collateral Received^(a)	Net Amount
Clough Global Dividend and Income Fund						
Total Return Swap Contracts	\$ 1,021,244	\$ –	\$ 1,021,244	\$(190,804)	\$ –	\$ 830,440
Total	\$ 1,021,244	\$ –	\$ 1,021,244	\$(190,804)	\$ –	\$ 830,440
Clough Global Equity Fund						
Total Return Swap Contracts	\$ 1,691,714	\$ –	\$ 1,691,714	\$(374,272)	\$ –	\$ 1,317,442
Total	\$ 1,691,714	\$ –	\$ 1,691,714	\$(374,272)	\$ –	\$ 1,317,442
Clough Global Opportunities Fund						
Total Return Swap Contracts	\$ 3,587,284	\$ –	\$ 3,587,284	\$(869,964)	\$ –	\$ 2,717,320
Total	\$ 3,587,284	\$ –	\$ 3,587,284	\$(869,964)	\$ –	\$ 2,717,320