HANMI FINANCIAL CORP Form 10-O May 10, 2018

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF $^{\rm x}$ 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2018

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period From To

Commission File Number: 000-30421

HANMI FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter) 95-4788120 Delaware (I.R.S. Employer (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

3660 Wilshire Boulevard, Penthouse Suite A

Los Angeles, California

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(213) 382-2200

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Not Applicable

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, If Changed Since Last Report)

90010

(Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90

days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer x Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer " (Do Not Check if a Smaller Reporting Company) Smaller Reporting Company"

Emerging Growth Company "

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the

Exchange Act. "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes "No x

As of May 7, 2018, there were 32,496,604 outstanding shares of the Registrant's Common Stock.

Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 Table of Contents

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Part I — Financial Information Item 1. Financial Statements Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except share data)

Accepte	(Unaudited) March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Assets Cash and due from banks	\$151,611	\$153,826	
Securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$581,874 as of March 31, 2018 and \$581,992 as of December 31, 2017)	570,351	578,804	
Loans held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value	6,008	6,394	
Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses of \$31,777 as of	4,381,780	4,273,415	
March 31, 2018 and \$31,043 as of December 31, 2017			
Accrued interest receivable	12,751	12,770	
Premises and equipment, net	26,465	26,655	
Customers' liability on acceptances	870	803	
Servicing assets	9,867	10,218	
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	12,454	12,544	
Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") stock, at cost	16,385	16,385	
Bank-owned life insurance	50,831	50,554	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	66,268	68,117	
Total assets Liabilities and steekholders' aguity	\$5,305,641	\$5,210,485	
Liabilities and stockholders' equity Liabilities:			
Deposits:			
Noninterest-bearing	\$1,352,162	\$1 312 274	
Interest-bearing	3,025,939	3,036,380	
Total deposits	4,378,101	4,348,654	
Accrued interest payable	5,931	5,309	
Bank's liability on acceptances	870	803	
Borrowings	220,000	150,000	
Subordinated debentures	117,400	117,270	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	19,061	25,972	
Total liabilities	4,741,363	4,648,008	
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized 62,500,000 shares; issued 33,167,768 shares (32,502,658 shares outstanding) as of March 31, 2018 and issued 33,083,133 shares (32,431,627 shares outstanding) as of December 31, 2017	33	33	
Additional paid-in capital	567,081	565,627	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax benefit of \$3,316 as of March 31, 2018			
and \$1,319 as of December 31, 2017	(8,207)	(1,869)	
Retained earnings	77,691	70,575	
Less: treasury stock, at cost; 665,110 shares as of March 31, 2018 and 651,506 shares as of December 31, 2017	(72,320)	(71,889)	
Total stockholders' equity Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	564,278 \$5,305,641	562,477 \$5,210,485	

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) (in thousands, except share and per share data)

		onths Ended
	March 31	,
	2018	2017
Interest and dividend income:		
Interest and fees on loans and leases	\$51,574	\$ 45,378
Interest on securities	3,105	2,520
Dividends on FHLB stock	289	374
Interest on deposits in other banks	114	77
Total interest and dividend income	55,082	48,349
Interest expense:		
Interest on deposits	7,785	5,154
Interest on borrowings	679	468
Interest on subordinated debentures	1,694	373
Total interest expense	10,158	5,995
Net interest income before provision for loan and lease losses	44,924	42,354
Loan and lease loss provision (income)	649	(80)
Net interest income after provision for loan and lease losses	44,275	42,434
Noninterest income:		
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,511	2,528
Trade finance and other service charges and fees	1,173	1,047
Gain on sales of Small Business Administration ("SBA") loans	1,448	1,464
Disposition gains on Purchased Credit Impaired ("PCI") loans	133	183
Net (loss) gain on sales of securities	(428)	269
Other operating income	1,224	1,726
Total noninterest income	6,061	7,217
Noninterest expense:		
Salaries and employee benefits	18,702	17,104
Occupancy and equipment	4,072	3,982
Data processing	1,678	1,631
Professional fees	1,369	1,148
Supplies and communications	708	635
Advertising and promotion	876	802
Other operating expenses	2,352	1,938
Total noninterest expense	29,757	27,240
Income before income tax expense	20,579	22,411
Income tax expense	5,724	8,628
Net income	\$14,855	\$ 13,783
Basic earnings per share	\$0.46	\$ 0.43
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.46	\$ 0.43
Weighted-average shares outstanding:	ψ0.10	Ψ 0.15
Basic	32 145 21	42,001,766
Diluted		9 3 2,191,458
Diluicu	52,501,05	.w2,171, 1 30

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) (in thousands)

	Three M	onths	
	Ended M	farch 31,	
	2018	2017	
Net income	\$14,855	\$13,783	3
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:			
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities:			
Unrealized holding (loss) gain arising during period	(8,864	1,620	
Less: reclassification adjustment for net loss (gain) included in net income	_	(269)
Income tax benefit (expense) related to items of other comprehensive income	2,543	(560)
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(6,321	791	
Comprehensive income	\$8,534	\$14,574	4

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) (in thousands, except share data)

Common Stock - Number of Shares Stockholders' Equity

	Common 3	tock - Ivuili	dei di Shares	Sioc	Kilolucis I					
	Shares Issued	Treasury Shares	Shares Outstanding	Com	Additiona mon Paid-in Capital	Accumulat l Other Compreher Income (Loss)	Retained nsive Earnings	Treasury Stock, at Cost	Total Stockhold Equity	ers'
Balance at January 1, 2017	32,946,197	(615,450)	32,330,747	\$33	\$562,446	\$ (2,394	\$41,726	\$(70,786)	\$531,025	
Stock options exercised	1,000	_	1,000	_	13	_	_	_	13	
Restricted stock awards, net of forfeitures Share-based	81,411	_	81,411	_	_	_	_	_	_	
compensation expense Restricted stock	_	_	_	_	692	_	_	_	692	
surrendered due to employee tax liability	_	(20,578)	(20,578)	_	_	_	_	(648)	(648)
Cash dividends declared	_	_	_	_	_	_	(6,114)	_	(6,114)
Net income Change in unrealized gain	_	_	_		_	_	13,783	_	13,783	
(loss) on securities available for sale, net of income taxes	_	_	_	_	_	791	_	_	791	
Balance at March 31, 2017	33,028,608	(636,028)	32,392,580	\$33	\$563,151	\$ (1,603) \$49,395	\$(71,434)	\$539,542	
Balance at January 1, 2018 Adjustments related to adoption of new accounting standards: ASU 2016-01	33,083,133	(651,506)	32,431,627	\$33	\$565,627	\$ (1,869) \$70,575	\$(71,889)	\$ 562,477	
(See Notes 1 and 2) ASU 2018-02	_	_	_	_	_	382	(382)	_	_	
(See Notes 1 and 5)	_	_	_		_	(399) 399	_	_	

Adjusted balance at January 1, 2018	33,083,133	(651,506)	32,431,627	\$33	\$565,627	\$ (1,886)	\$70,592	\$(71,889)	\$ 562,477	
Stock options exercised	25,750		25,750	_	570	_		_	_	570	
Restricted stock awards, net of forfeitures	58,885	_	58,885	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Share-based compensation expense	_	_	_	_	884	_		_	_	884	
Restricted stock surrendered due to employee tax liability	_	(13,604)	(13,604)	· —	_	_		_	(431)	(431)
Cash dividends declared	_	_	_	_	_	_		(7,756)	_	(7,756)
Net income Change in unrealized gain	_	_	_	_	_	_		14,855	_	14,855	
(loss) on securities available for sale, net of income	_	_	_		_	(6,321)	_	_	(6,321)
taxes Balance at March 31, 2018 See Accompanyir			32,502,658 d Financial S)	\$77,691	\$(72,320)	\$ 564,278	
6											

Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (in thousands)

		nths Ended
	March 31,	
	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		4.12 7 02
Net income	\$14,855	\$13,783
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		2 00 7
Depreciation and amortization	1,757	3,885
Share-based compensation expense	884	692
Loan and lease loss provision (income)	649	(80)
Gain (loss) on sales of securities	428	(269)
Gain on sales of SBA loans		(1,464)
Disposition gains on PCI loans		(183)
Origination of SBA loans held for sale		(19,192)
Proceeds from sales of SBA loans	20,981	21,414
Change in accrued interest receivable	19	213
Change in bank-owned life insurance		(282)
Change in prepaid expenses and other assets	5,192	5,117
Change in accrued interest payable	622	52
Change in accrued expenses and other liabilities		(3,569)
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,367	20,117
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from matured, called and repayment of securities	22,495	17,404
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	21,958	12,573
Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned ("OREO")		3,349
Change in loans and leases receivable, excluding purchases	(70,838)	(66,556)
Purchases of securities	(46,641)	(60,960)
Purchases of premises and equipment	(481	(411)
Purchases of loans receivable	(38,905)	(33,573)
Net cash used in investing activities	(112,412)	(128,174)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Change in deposits	29,447	273,428
Change in overnight FHLB borrowings	70,000	(265,000)
Issuance of subordinated debentures		97,735
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	570	13
Cash paid for treasury shares acquired in respect of share-based compensation	(431	(648)
Cash dividends paid	(7,756)	(6,114)
Net cash provided by financing activities	91,830	99,414
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,215	(8,643)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	153,826	147,235
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$151,611	\$138,592
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid (received) during the period for:		
Interest	\$9,536	\$5,943
Income taxes	\$39	\$(101)
Non-cash activities:		

Income tax benefit (expense) related to items in other comprehensive income	\$2,543	\$(560)
Change in unrealized loss (gain) in accumulated other comprehensive income	\$8,864	\$(1,620)
Cash dividends declared	\$(7,756)	\$(6,114))
See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)			

Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 Note 1 — Organization and Basis of Presentation

Hanmi Financial Corporation ("Hanmi Financial," the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") is a bank holding company whose subsidiary is Hanmi Bank (the "Bank"). Our primary operations are related to traditional banking activities, including the acceptance of deposits and the lending and investing of money through the operation of the Bank.

In management's opinion, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Hanmi Financial and its subsidiaries reflect all adjustments of a normal and recurring nature that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period ended March 31, 2018, but are not necessarily indicative of the results that will be reported for the entire year or any other interim period. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. The aforementioned unaudited consolidated financial statements are in conformity with GAAP. Such interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The interim information should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 (the "2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K").

The preparation of interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Material estimates subject to change include, among other items, the determination of allowance for loan and lease losses and various other assets and liabilities measured at fair value. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Descriptions of our significant accounting policies are included in Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Topic 825) and ASU 2018-02, Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Topic 220). Summaries of ASU 2016-01 and 2018-02 and the impact of their adoption are included in Notes 2 and 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, respectively. In addition to other provisions, ASU 2016-01 requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes. Beginning with the current quarter ended March 31, 2018, the Company measured the fair value of certain financial instruments, included in Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, using an exit price notion.

The Company also adopted ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), as of January 1, 2018, as required. ASU 2014-09 replaces existing revenue recognition guidance for contracts to provide goods or services to customers and amends existing guidance related to recognition of gains and losses on the sale of certain nonfinancial assets such as real estate. See Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the impact of the adoption of this new standard on the Company's consolidated financial statement.

Note 2 — Securities

The following is a summary of securities available for sale as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Amortized	Gross	Gross	Estimated
	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gain	Loss	Value
	(in thousa	nds)		
March 31, 2018				
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	\$322,186	\$ 6	\$ 7,223	\$314,969
Collateralized mortgage obligations (1)	127,125	8	2,945	124,188
U.S. government agency securities	7,499		131	7,368
Municipal bonds-tax exempt	125,064	219	1,457	123,826
Total securities available for sale	\$581,874	\$ 233	\$ 11,756	\$570,351
December 31, 2017				
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	\$306,166	\$ 145	\$ 2,702	\$303,609
Collateralized mortgage obligations (1)	119,658	8	1,898	117,768
U.S. government agency securities	7,499		85	7,414
Municipal bonds-tax exempt	125,601	1,943	69	127,475
U.S. treasury securities	152		_	152
Mutual funds	22,916		530	22,386
Total securities available for sale	\$581,992	\$ 2,096	\$ 5,284	\$578,804

⁽¹⁾ Collateralized by residential mortgages and guaranteed by U.S. government sponsored entities.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities as of March 31, 2018, by contractual or expected maturity, are shown below. Collateralized mortgage obligations are included in the table shown below based on their expected maturities. All other securities are included based on their contractual maturities.

	Available	for Sale
	Amortized	Estimated
	Cost	[*] Fair
	Cost	Value
	(in thousa	nds)
Within one year	\$12,847	\$12,801
Over one year through five years	77,973	76,519
Over five years through ten years	251,941	247,151
Over ten years	239,113	233,880
Total	\$581,874	\$570,351

Gross unrealized losses on securities available for sale, the estimated fair value of the related securities and the number of securities aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, were as follows as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Holding Period								
	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or More			Total			
	Gross	Estimated	Number	Gross	Estimated	Number	Gross	Estimated	Number
	Unreali	z le atir	of	Unreali	zl ea lir	of	Unrealiz	e H air	of
	Loss	Value	Securities	sLoss	Value	Securitie	sLoss	Value	Securities
	(in thou	sands, exc	ept numbe	er of secu	ırities)				
March 31, 2018									
Mortgage-backed securities	\$5,777	\$243,061	83	\$1,446	\$54,871	28	\$7,223	\$297,932	111
Collateralized mortgage obligations	1,388	65,798	18	1,557	51,314	36	2,945	117,112	54
U.S. government agency securities	36	1,464	1	95	5,905	2	131	7,369	3
Municipal bonds-tax exempt	1,331	89,320	40	126	2,632	2	1,457	91,952	42
Total	\$8,532	\$399,643	142	\$3,224	\$114,722	68	\$11,756	\$514,365	210
December 31, 2017									
Mortgage-backed securities	\$1,855	\$197,621	66	\$847	\$56,998	25	\$2,702	\$254,619	91
Collateralized mortgage obligations	773	65,726	20	1,125	49,986	32	1,898	115,712	52
U.S. government agency securities	15	1,484	1	70	5,930	2	85	7,414	3
Municipal bonds-tax exempt	48	11,541	6	21	2,737	2	69	14,278	8
Municipal bonds-taxable									
Mutual funds				530	22,382	6	530	22,382	6
Total	\$2,691	\$276,372	93	\$2,593	\$138,033	67	\$5,284	\$414,405	160

All individual securities that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for 12 months or longer as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 included securities with issuers which have not established any cause for default on these securities. These securities have fluctuated in value since their purchase dates as market interest rates have fluctuated.

The Company does not intend to sell these securities and it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell the securities before the recovery of their amortized cost basis. Interest payments have been made as scheduled, and management believes this will continue in the future and that the bonds will be repaid in full as scheduled. Therefore, in management's opinion, all securities that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the past 12 months or longer as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were not other-than-temporarily impaired, and therefore, no impairment charges as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were warranted.

Realized gains and losses on sales of securities and proceeds from sales of securities were as follows for the periods indicated:

Three Months
Ended
March 31,
2018 2017
(in thousands)
\$— \$269

Gross realized gains on sales of securities

Gross realized losses on sales of securities (957) —
Net realized (losses) gains on sales of securities \$(957) \$269
Proceeds from sales of securities \$21,958 \$12,573

In January 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Topic 825). This new guidance, among other provisions, amends accounting related to the classification and measurement of investments in equity securities. We adopted this guidance, as required, in the first quarter of 2018. ASU 2016-01 requires the amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income

for equity securities that exist as of the date of adoption previously classified as available-for-sale to be reclassified to retained earnings. The Company reduced the balance of securities by \$529,000 as of January 1, 2018, representing the loss related to all of our mutual fund equity securities, which resulted in a net reduction of retained earnings of \$382,000 and an increase of \$147,000 in net deferred tax assets based on the transition requirements of this standard.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we sold all of our mutual fund equity securities with gross realized losses of \$957,000. The Company recorded a \$428,000 net loss in earnings resulting from the sale these securities. The remaining loss of \$529,000 related to these sold securities was recorded as a transition adjustment upon adoption of ASU 2016-01 as of the beginning of the period as described in the preceding paragraph. There was a \$269,000 net gain in earnings resulting from sales of securities during the three months ended March 31, 2017, that had previously been recorded as net unrealized gains of \$319,000 in comprehensive income.

Securities available for sale with market values of \$130.8 million and \$130.1 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits and for other purposes as required or permitted by law.

December 31,

Note 3 — Loans and leases

Loans and Leases Receivable, Net

Loans and leases receivable consisted of the following as of the dates indicated:

March 31,

	march 51,	December 51,
	2018	2017
	(in thousands	s)
Real estate loans:		
Commercial property		
Retail	\$909,414	\$915,273
Hospitality	731,531	681,325
Other (1)	1,423,903	1,417,273
Total commercial property loans	3,064,848	3,013,871
Construction	57,896	55,190
Residential property	545,053	521,853
Total real estate loans	3,667,797	3,590,914
Commercial and industrial loans:		
Commercial term	184,083	182,685
Commercial lines of credit	190,255	181,894
International loans	35,042	34,622
Total commercial and industrial loans	409,380	399,201
Leases receivable	321,481	297,284
Consumer loans (2)	14,899	17,059
Loans and leases receivable	4,413,557	4,304,458
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(31,777)	(31,043)
Loans and leases receivable, net	\$4,381,780	\$4,273,415

- (1) Includes, among other types, mixed-use, apartment, office, industrial, gas stations, faith-based facilities and warehouse; all other property types represent less than one percent of total loans and leases receivable.
- (2) Consumer loans include home equity lines of credit of \$12.7 million and \$14.2 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Accrued interest on loans and leases receivable was \$10.3 million and \$10.2 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, loans receivable of \$1.1 billion were pledged to secure borrowing facilities from the FHLB.

Loans Held for Sale

The following is the activity for SBA loans held for sale for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017:

	SDA Loans neid for Sale						
	Real Estate	Commercial and Industrial		Total			
	(in thous	sands)					
March 31, 2018							
Balance at beginning of period	\$3,746	\$ 2,648		\$6,394			
Originations	10,433	8,372		18,805			
Sales	(12,028)	(7,159)	(19,187)			
Principal payoffs and amortization	_	(4)	(4)			
Balance at end of period	\$2,151	\$ 3,857		\$6,008			
March 31, 2017							
Balance at beginning of period	\$7,410	\$ 1,906		\$9,316			
Originations	12,633	6,559		19,192			
Sales	(12,254)	(7,389)	(19,643)			
Principal payoffs and amortization		(16)	(16)			
Balance at end of period	\$7,789	\$ 1,060		\$8,849			

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

Allowance for loan and lease losses:

Activity in the allowance for loan and lease losses was as follows for the periods indicated:

As of and for the Three Months
Ended
March 31, March 31,
2018 2017
(in thousands)

\$31,043 \$32,429
(1,632) (186)

Balance at beginning of period \$31,043 \$32,429 Charge-offs (1,632) (186)
Recoveries on loans and leases previously charged off 1,717 989
Net recoveries 85 803
Loan and lease loss provision (income) 649 (80)
Balance at end of period \$31,777 \$33,152

Management believes the allowance for loan and lease losses is appropriate to provide for probable losses inherent in the loan and lease portfolio. However, the allowance is an estimate that is inherently uncertain and depends on the outcome of future events. Management's estimates are based on previous loss experience; volume, growth and composition of the loan and lease portfolio; the value of collateral; and current economic conditions. Our lending is concentrated generally in real estate, commercial, SBA and trade finance lending to small and middle market businesses primarily in California, Texas, Illinois, Virginia, New Jersey, New York, Colorado, Georgia and Washington State.

The following table details the information on the allowance for loan and lease losses by portfolio segment as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017:

for the three months ended March 31, 201	8 and 20)1/:												
	Real Estate Commercial Leases and Industrial Receivable Consumer UnallocatedTotal													
	(In tho	usand	ls)											
As of and for the Three Months Ended														
March 31, 2018														
Allowance for loan and lease losses on														
loans and leases:														
Beginning balance	\$17,01	2	\$7,	400)	(6,279)	\$ 12	22	\$ 23	30	\$31,043	
Charge-offs	(989		(27)	9)) ((364)	_		_		(1,632)
Recoveries on loans and leases previously charged off	885		736			9	95		1		_		1,717	
Loan and lease loss provision (income)	732		(96	7))	1,100)	2		(218)	649	
Ending balance	\$17,64	0	\$6,	890)	9	\$7,1	10	\$ 12	25	\$ 12	2	\$31,777	
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$1,549		\$ 35	57			\$1,1	10	\$ <i>—</i>	-	\$ —	-	\$3,016	
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$16,09	1	\$6,	533		9	\$6,00	00	\$ 12	25	\$ 12	2	\$28,761	
Loans and leases receivable	\$3,667	,797	\$ 40)9,3	80	9	\$321	,481	\$ 14	,899	\$ —	_	\$4,413,5	57
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$18,51	3	\$ 2,	843		9	\$4,20	00	\$ 89	94	\$ —	-	\$26,450	
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$3,649	,284	\$ 40	06,5	37	9	\$317	,281	\$ 14	,005	\$ —	-	\$4,387,1	07
As of and for the Three Months Ended Ma 2017	arch 31,													
Allowance for loan and lease losses on loa	ns and													
leases:														
Beginning balance		\$26	.134		\$5,6	23	3	307		\$19	9	\$166	\$32,429	
Charge-offs		(104)	(40			(42		· —		_	(186)
Recoveries on loans and leases previously off	charged	712		ĺ	277		,	_	,				989	
		(1,1	40	`	95			715		(69	`	319	(80	`
Loan and lease loss provision (income)			,602)	\$5,9.	55	=	\$980		\$13			\$33,152)
Ending balance		\$3,7			\$791)	\$980		\$13 \$—		\$463 \$—		
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment					\$5,1		1	\$ 		\$ \$1 3			\$28,605	
Conectively evaluated for impairment		Φ21	,846		\$3,1	04	+	\$ 900		φ φ 13	00	Φ40 3	\$20,003	
Loans and leases receivable		\$3,3	48,8	75	\$317	7,6	582	\$259,	591	\$17	,803	\$ —	\$3,943,9	51
Individually evaluated for impairment		\$20	,795		\$3,8	28	3	\$—		\$32	21	\$—	\$24,944	
Collectively evaluated for impairment		\$3,3	28,0	80	\$313	3,8	354	\$259,	591	\$17	,482	\$—	\$3,919,0	07

Loan and Lease Quality Indicators

As part of the on-going monitoring of the credit quality of our loan and lease portfolio, we utilize an internal loan and lease grading system to identify credit risk and assign an appropriate grade, from 0 to 8, for each loan or lease in our loan and lease portfolio. Third party loan reviews are performed throughout the year. Additional adjustments are made when determined to be necessary. The loan and lease grade definitions are as follows:

Pass and Pass-Watch: Pass and pass-watch loans and leases, grades 0-4, are in compliance in all respects with the Bank's credit policy and regulatory requirements, and do not exhibit any potential or defined weaknesses as defined under Special Mention, Substandard or Doubtful. This category is the strongest level of the Bank's loan and lease grading system. It incorporates all performing loans and leases with no credit weaknesses. It includes cash and stock/security secured loans or other investment grade loans.

Special Mention: A special mention credit, grade 5, has potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If not corrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects of the debt and result in a Substandard classification. Loans and leases that have significant actual, not potential, weaknesses are considered more severely classified.

Substandard: A substandard credit, grade 6, has a well-defined weakness that jeopardizes the liquidation of the debt. A credit graded Substandard is not protected by the sound worth and paying capacity of the borrower, or of the value and type of collateral pledged. With a Substandard loan or lease, there is a distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the weaknesses or deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful: A doubtful credit, grade 7, is one that has critical weaknesses that would make the collection or liquidation of the full amount due improbable. However, there may be pending events which may work to strengthen the credit, and therefore the amount or timing of a possible loss cannot be determined at the current time.

Loss: A loan or lease classified as loss, grade 8, is considered uncollectible and of such little value that its continuance as an active bank asset is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the loan or lease has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off this asset even though partial recovery may be possible in the future. Loans and leases classified as loss are charged off in a timely manner.

Under regulatory guidance, loans and leases graded special mention or worse are considered criticized loans and leases, and loans and leases graded substandard or worse are considered classified loans and leases.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, pass/pass-watch, special mention and classified loans and leases, disaggregated by loan class, were as follows:

	Pass/Pass-Watch Mention		Classified	Total
	(in thousand	ds)		
March 31, 2018				
Real estate loans:				
Commercial property				
Retail	\$903,510	\$375	\$ 5,529	\$909,414
Hospitality	717,252	4,220	10,059	731,531
Other	1,407,438	9,040	7,425	1,423,903
Construction	57,896			57,896
Residential property	544,516	301	236	545,053
Total real estate loans	3,630,612	13,936	23,249	3,667,797
Commercial and industrial loans:				
Commercial term	180,355	757	2,971	184,083
Commercial lines of credit	189,514	741		190,255
International loans	35,042	_	_	35,042
Total commercial and industrial loans	404,911	1,498	2,971	409,380
Leases receivable	317,281	_	4,200	321,481
Consumer loans	13,864	202	833	14,899
Total loans and leases	\$4,366,668	\$15,636	\$ 31,253	\$4,413,557
December 31, 2017				
Real estate loans:				
Commercial property				
Retail	\$909,682	\$454	\$ 5,137	\$915,273
Hospitality	667,254	4,976	9,095	681,325
Other	1,397,658	11,045	8,570	1,417,273
Construction	55,190			55,190
Residential property	521,261	305	287	521,853
Total real estate loans	3,551,045	16,780	23,089	3,590,914
Commercial and industrial loans:				
Commercial term	179,835	439	2,411	182,685
Commercial lines of credit	181,462	250	182	181,894
International loans	34,622	_		34,622
Total commercial and industrial loans	395,919	689	2,593	399,201
Leases receivable	292,832		4,452	297,284
Consumer loans	15,995		1,064	17,059
Total loans and leases	\$4,255,791	\$17,469	\$ 31,198	\$4,304,458

The following is an aging analysis of loans and leases, disaggregated by loan class, as of the dates indicated:

	Due	oo-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due Current		Total
	(in thous	ands)				
March 31, 2018						
Real estate loans:						
Commercial property		•	.	.		***
Retail	\$295	\$ —	\$ 689	\$ 984	\$908,430	\$909,414
Hospitality	5,585	_	819	6,404	725,127	731,531
Other	348	_	683	1,031	1,422,872	1,423,903
Construction	_				57,896	57,896
Residential property	1,715	_		1,715	543,338	545,053
Total real estate loans	7,943	_	2,191	10,134	3,657,663	3,667,797
Commercial and industrial loans:						
Commercial term	496	406	259	1,161	182,922	184,083
Commercial lines of credit	—	_	_	_	190,255	190,255
International loans	_		_		35,042	35,042
Total commercial and industrial loans		406	259	1,161	408,219	409,380
Leases receivable	2,211	816	3,089	6,116	315,365	321,481
Consumer loans	6	2		8	14,891	14,899
Total loans and leases	\$10,656	\$ 1,224	\$ 5,539	\$ 17,419	\$4,396,138	\$4,413,557
December 31, 2017						
Real estate loans:						
Commercial property						
Retail	\$96	\$ 15	\$ 630	\$ 741	\$914,532	\$915,273
Hospitality	3,421	168	398	3,987	677,338	681,325
Other	1,245	1,333	563	3,141	1,414,132	1,417,273
Construction	_	_	_		55,190	55,190
Residential property	609		_	609	521,244	521,853
Total real estate loans	5,371	1,516	1,591	8,478	3,582,436	3,590,914
Commercial and industrial loans:						
Commercial term	430	567	829	1,826	180,859	182,685
Commercial lines of credit	250		182	432	181,462	181,894
International loans	_		_	_	34,622	34,622
Total commercial and industrial loans	680	567	1,011	2,258	396,943	399,201
Leases receivable	2,295	944	3,554	6,793	290,491	297,284
Consumer loans	_	_			17,059	17,059
Total loans and leases	\$8,346	\$ 3,027	\$ 6,156	\$ 17,529	•	\$4,304,458

There was \$17,000 of loans that were 90 days or more past due and accruing interest as of March 31, 2018 and no loans that were 90 days or more past due and accruing interest as of December 31, 2017.

Impaired Loans and Leases

Loans and leases are considered impaired when the Bank will be unable to collect all interest and principal payments per the contractual terms of the loan and lease agreement, unless the loan is well-collateralized and in the process of collection; or they are classified as Troubled Debt Restructurings ("TDRs") because, due to the financial difficulties of

the borrowers, we have granted concessions to the borrowers we would not otherwise consider; or when current information or events make it unlikely to collect in full according to the contractual terms of the loan or lease agreements; or there is a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition that raises uncertainty as to timely collection of either principal or interest; or full payment of both interest and principal is in doubt according to the original contractual terms.

We evaluate loan and lease impairment in accordance with applicable GAAP. Impaired loans and leases are measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the receivable's effective interest rate or, as a practical

expedient, at the receivable's observable market price or the fair value of the collateral if the loan or lease is collateral dependent, less estimated costs to sell. If the measure of the impaired loan or lease is less than the recorded investment in the loan or lease, the deficiency is either charged off against the allowance for loan and lease losses or we establish a specific allocation in the allowance for loan and lease losses. Additionally, loans and leases that are considered impaired are specifically excluded from the quarterly migration analysis when determining the amount of the allowance for loan and lease losses required for the period.

The allowance for collateral-dependent loans is determined by calculating the difference between the outstanding loan balance and the value of the collateral as determined by recent appraisals. The allowance for collateral-dependent loans varies from loan to loan based on the collateral coverage of the loan at the time of designation as nonperforming. We continue to monitor the collateral coverage, using recent appraisals, on these loans on a quarterly basis and adjust the allowance accordingly.

The following tables provide information on impaired loans and leases, disaggregated by loan class, as of the dates indicated:

	Recorded Investme	Dringing	With No Related Allowance Recorded	With an Allowance Recorded	Related Allowance
	(in thous	ands)			
March 31, 2018					
Real estate loans:					
Commercial property					
Retail	\$1,394	\$1,417	\$ 1,336	\$ 58	\$ 5
Hospitality	7,413	8,962	3,671	3,742	1,543
Other	7,255	7,778	7,140	116	1
Residential property	2,450	2,596	2,450		
Total real estate loans	18,512	20,753	14,597	3,916	1,549
Commercial and industrial loans	2,843	2,934	1,344	1,499	357
Leases receivable	4,200	4,324	934	3,265	1,110
Consumer loans	894	1,087	895		
Total loans and leases	\$26,449	\$29,098	\$ 17,770	\$ 8,680	\$ 3,016
December 31, 2017					
Real estate loans:					
Commercial property					
Retail	\$1,403	\$1,423	\$ 1,246	\$ 157	\$ 1
Hospitality	6,184	7,220	2,144	4,040	1,677
Other	8,513	9,330	7,569	944	394
Residential property	2,563	2,728	824	1,739	21
Total real estate loans	18,663	20,701	11,783	6,880	2,093
Commercial and industrial loans	-	3,081	1,068	1,971	441
Leases receivable	4,452	4,626	455	3,997	3,334
Consumer loans	1,029	1,215	919	110	10
Total loans and leases	\$27,183		\$ 14,225	\$ 12,958	\$ 5,878
	,	,	. ,	. ,	,

	Three Months Ended
	Average Interest
	RecordedIncome
	Investme R tecognized
	(in thousands)
2018	
1	

March 31, 2018
Real estate loans:
Commercial property
Retail
Hospitality

Retail	\$1,409	\$ 22
Hospitality	8,105	141
Other	7,843	110
Residential property	2,580	30
Total real estate loans	19,937	303
Commercial and industrial loans	2,914	40
Leases receivable	4,603	10
Consumer loans	1,048	14
Total loans and leases	\$28,502	\$ 367

March 31, 2017 Real estate loans: Commercial property

Commercial property		
Retail	\$1,667	\$ 31
Hospitality	6,254	67
Other	10,160	183
Residential property	2,773	33
Total real estate loans	20,854	314
Commercial and industrial loans	3,892	59
Consumer loans	324	3
Total loans and leases	\$25,070	\$ 376

The following is a summary of interest foregone on impaired loans and leases for the periods indicated:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 2017 (in thousands)

Interest income that would have been recognized had impaired loans and leases performed in accordance \$654 \$591 with their original terms

(367) (376) \$287 \$215

Less: Interest income recognized on impaired loans and leases Interest foregone on impaired loans and leases

There were no commitments to lend additional funds to borrowers whose loans are included in the table above.

Nonaccrual Loans and Leases and Nonperforming Assets

Loans and leases are placed on nonaccrual status when, in the opinion of management, the full timely collection of principal or interest is in doubt. Generally, the accrual of interest is discontinued when principal or interest payments become more than 90 days past due, unless management believes the receivable is adequately collateralized and in the process of collection. However, in certain instances, we may place a particular loan or lease receivable on nonaccrual status earlier, depending upon the individual circumstances surrounding the delinquency. When a receivable is placed on nonaccrual status,

previously accrued but unpaid interest is reversed against current income. Subsequent collections of cash are applied as principal reductions when received, except when the ultimate collectability of principal is probable, in which case interest payments are credited to income. Nonaccrual loans and leases may be restored to accrual status when principal and interest payments become current and full repayment is expected.

The following table details nonaccrual loans and leases, excluding nonaccrual PCI loans of \$1.0 million and \$0.9 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, disaggregated by loan class, as of the dates indicated:

	March 31December			
	2018	2017		
	(in thousands)			
Real estate loans:				
Commercial property				
Retail	\$237	\$ 224		
Hospitality	6,495	5,263		
Other	1,292	2,462		
Residential property	451	591		
Total real estate loans	8,475	8,540		
Commercial and industrial loans:				
Commercial term	1,881	1,710		
Commercial lines of credit	_	182		
Total commercial and industrial loans	1,881	1,892		
Leases receivable	4,200	4,452		
Consumer loans	789	921		
Total nonaccrual loans and leases	\$15,345	\$ 15,805		

The following table details nonperforming assets as of the dates indicated:

	March 31December 31,
	2018 2017
	(in thousands)
Nonaccrual loans and leases	\$15,345 \$ 15,805
Loans and leases 90 days or more past due and still accruing	17 —
Total nonperforming loans and leases	15,362 15,805
Other real estate owned ("OREO")	1,660 1,946
Total nonperforming assets	\$17,022 \$ 17,751

OREO is included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

The following table details TDRs as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

C					Accrual TDRs								
		Deferral Reduction					Deferral Reduction						
	Deferra	lof	of	Extension	n	Deferra	Deferralof of			Extension			
	of	Principal	Principal	of	Total	of	Principa	lPrincipal	of	Total			
	Principa	aland	and	Maturity		Principaland		and	Maturity				
		Interest	Interest				Interest	Interest					
	(in thou	ısands)											
March 31, 2018													
Real estate loans	\$1,479	\$ 3,709	\$ 15	\$ —	\$5,203	\$3,408	\$ —	\$ 1,356	\$ 1,230	5,994			
Commercial and industrial loans	128	107	740	484	1,459		177	471	369	1,017			
Consumer loans	789		_		789			104		104			
Total TDR loans	\$2,396	\$ 3,816	\$ 755	\$ 484	\$7,451	\$3,408	\$ 177	\$ 1,931	\$ 1,599	\$7,115			
December 31, 2017													
Real estate loans	\$1,935	\$ 3,761	\$ 64	\$ —	\$5,760	\$3,409	\$ —	\$ 1,387	\$ 1,237	\$6,033			
Commercial and industrial loans	131	123	1,173	102	1,529	6	182	503	427	1,118			
Consumer loans	811	_		_	811	_		108		108			
Total TDR loans	\$2,877	\$ 3,884	\$ 1,237	\$ 102	\$8,100	\$3,415	\$ 182	\$ 1,998	\$ 1,664	\$7,259			

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, total TDRs were \$14.6 million and \$15.4 million, respectively. A debt restructuring is considered a TDR if we grant a concession, that we would not have otherwise considered, to the borrower for economic or legal reasons related to the borrower's financial difficulties. Loans are considered to be TDRs if they were restructured through payment structure modifications such as reducing the amount of principal and interest due monthly and/or allowing for interest only monthly payments for three months or more. All TDRs are impaired and are individually evaluated for specific impairment using one of these three criteria: (1) the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate; (2) the loan's observable market price; or (3) the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$1.7 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, of allowance relating to these loans were included in the allowance for loan and lease losses.

For the restructured loans on accrual status, we determined that, based on the financial capabilities of the borrowers at the time of the loan restructuring and the borrowers' past performance in the payment of debt service under the previous loan terms, performance and collection under the revised terms are probable.

Note 4 — Servicing Assets and Liabilities

The changes in servicing assets and liabilities for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	2018 (in thousa	2017 ands)
Servicing assets:		ŕ
Balance at beginning of period	\$10,218	\$10,564
Addition related to sale of SBA loans	435	442
Amortization	(786)	(727)
Reversal of allowance		330
Balance at end of period	\$9,867	\$10,609
Servicing liabilities:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$2,217	\$3,143
Amortization	(195)	(300)
Reversal of allowance		(67)
Balance at end of period	\$2,022	\$2,776

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we serviced loans sold to unaffiliated parties in the amounts of \$471.9 million and \$476.5 million, respectively. These represented loans that have been sold for which the Bank continues to provide servicing. These loans are maintained off balance sheet and are not included in the loans receivable balance. All of the loans serviced were SBA loans.

The Company recorded servicing fee income of \$1.1 million and \$1.2 million for three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Servicing fee income, net of the amortization of servicing assets and liabilities, is included in other operating income in the consolidated statements of income. Net amortization expense was \$591,000 and \$427,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Note 5 — Income Taxes

The Company's income tax expense was \$5.7 million and \$8.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The effective income tax rate was 27.8 percent and 38.5 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Management concluded that as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, a valuation allowance of \$2.8 million was appropriate against certain state net operating losses and certain tax credits. For all other deferred tax assets, management believes it was more likely than not that these deferred tax assets will be realized principally through future taxable income and reversal of existing taxable temporary differences. A net deferred tax asset of \$35.6 million and \$38.3 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, is included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Topic 220). This ASU eliminates the stranded tax effects in other comprehensive income resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). Because the amendments only relate to the reclassification of the income tax effects of the Tax Act, the underlying guidance that requires that the effect of a change in tax laws or rates be included in income from continuing operations was not affected. ASU 2018-02 allows a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Act. The Company adopted this standard as of January 1, 2018, and recorded the impact as an adjustment which increased

retained earnings by \$399,000 as of the date of adoption.

The Tax Act was enacted into U.S. tax law on December 22, 2017. The Tax Act makes numerous changes to the U.S. tax code, including (although not limited to) reducing the U.S. federal corporate tax rate to 21 percent, eliminating the corporate alternative minimum tax (AMT), limiting deductible interest expense, increasing limitations on certain executive

compensation, and enhancing bonus depreciation to provide for full expensing of qualified property. On that same date, the SEC staff also issued SAB 118, which provided guidance regarding financial statement accounting of the tax effects of the Tax Act. SAB 118 provides for the completion of the accounting related effects of the Tax Act in accordance with a measurement period of one year from the Tax Act enactment date. Those aspects of the Tax Act for which the accounting under ASC 740 is complete is to be reflected in the financial statements under SAB 118. To the extent that the company's accounting for certain income taxes effects of the Tax Act is incomplete, however where a reasonable estimate is determinable, SAB 118 provides that a provisional estimate should be included in the financial statements. Finally, if a provisional estimate cannot be determined, a company should continue to apply ASC 740 based on the tax laws that were in effect immediately before the enactment of the Tax Act.

During the period ended December 31, 2017 the Company made a provisional estimate of the impact of the Tax Act, which was discussed in Note 11 to our Consolidated Financial Statement included in our Form 10-K filed for that period. The Company is continuing to evaluate the impact of the Tax Act on its financial statements, and has not made any adjustments to this estimate during the period ended March 31, 2018.

The Company is subject to examination by various federal and state tax authorities for certain years ended December 31, 2008 through 2016. As of March 31, 2018, the Company was subject to audit or examination by the Internal Revenue Service for the 2014 tax year and the California Franchise Tax Board for the 2008 and 2009 tax years. Management does not anticipate any material changes in our financial statements as a result of these audits or examinations.

Note 6 — Borrowings and Subordinated Debentures

Borrowings

The Bank had advances from the FHLB of \$220.0 million and \$150.0 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The FHLB advances were all overnight borrowings at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, interest expense on FHLB advances was \$679,000 and \$468,000, respectively, and the weighted-average interest rate was 1.54 percent and 0.70 percent, respectively.

The Bank maintains a secured credit facility with the FHLB, allowing the Bank to borrow on an overnight and term basis. The Bank had \$1.1 billion of loans pledged as collateral with the FHLB, which provides \$871.0 million in borrowing capacity, of which \$651.0 million remained available at March 31, 2018.

The Bank also has securities with market values of \$8.1 million pledged with the Federal Reserve Bank ("FRB"), which provides \$8.0 million in available borrowing capacity through the Fed Discount Window. There were no outstanding borrowings with the FRB as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

Subordinated Debentures

The Company issued Fixed-to-Floating Subordinated Notes (the "Notes") of \$100 million on March 21, 2017, with a final maturity on March 30, 2027. The Notes have an initial fixed interest rate of 5.45% per annum, payable semi-monthly on March 30 and September 30 of each year. From and including March 30, 2022 and thereafter, the Notes bear interest at a floating rate equal to the then current three-month LIBOR, as calculated on each applicable date of determination, plus 3.315% payable quarterly. If the then current three-month LIBOR is less than zero, three-month LIBOR will be deemed to be zero. Debt issuance cost was \$2.3 million, which is being amortized through the Notes' maturity date. At March 31, 2018, the balance of Notes included in the Company's consolidated balance sheet, net of debt issuance cost, was \$98.0 million. The amortization of debt issuance cost was \$45,000 and \$4,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The Company assumed Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures ("Subordinated Debentures") as a result of the acquisition of Central Bancorp Inc. ("CBI") in 2014 with an unpaid principal balance of \$26.8 million and an

estimated fair value of \$18.5 million. The \$8.3 million discount is being amortized to interest expense through the debentures' maturity date of March 15, 2036. CBI formed a trust in 2005 and issued \$26.0 million of Trust Preferred Securities ("TPS") at 6.26 percent fixed rate for the first five years and a variable rate at the 3 month LIBOR plus 140 basis points thereafter and invested the proceeds in the Subordinated Debentures. The Company may redeem the Subordinated Debentures at an earlier date if certain conditions are met. The TPS will be subject to mandatory redemption if the Subordinated Debentures are repaid by the Company. Interest is payable quarterly, and the Company has the option to defer interest payments on the Subordinated Debentures from time to time for a period not to exceed five consecutive years. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the balance of Subordinated Debentures included in the Company's consolidated balance sheets, net of discount of \$7.6 million and \$7.7 million, was \$19.4 million and \$19.0 million, respectively. The amortization of discount was \$86,000 and \$77,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2018, and 2017, respectively.

Note 7 — Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated on both a basic and a diluted basis. Basic EPS excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted from the issuance of common stock that then shared in earnings, excluding common shares in treasury.

For diluted EPS, weighted-average number of common shares included the impact of unvested restricted stock under the treasury method. Unvested restricted stock containing rights to non-forfeitable dividends are considered participating securities prior to vesting and have been included in the earnings allocation in computing basic and diluted EPS under the two-class method. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income, net of income allocated to participating securities, by the weighted-average number of common shares. For diluted EPS, weighted-average number of common shares include the diluted effect of stock options.

The following table is a reconciliation of the components used to derive basic and diluted EPS for the periods indicated:

Three Months
Ended
March 31,
2018 2017
(in thousands,
except for share and
per share data)

Basic EPS:

Net income\$14,855\$13,783Less: income allocated to unvested restricted shares8984Income allocated to common shares\$14,766\$13,699Weighted-average shares for basic EPS32,145,2132,001,766Basic EPS\$0.46\$0.43

Effect of dilutive securities - options and unvested restricted stock 155,881 189,692

Diluted EPS:

Income allocated to common shares \$14,766 \$ 13,699
Weighted-average shares for diluted EPS 32,301,0952,191,458
Diluted EPS \$0.46 \$ 0.43

There were no stock options with an anti-dilutive effect for the three months ended March 31, 2018 or 2017.

Note 8 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Activity in accumulated other comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

Tollows.	Unrealized and Losses on Available for Sale Securities (in thousand	Tax Bene (Expense)	fit)	Total	
March 31, 2018					
Balance at beginning of period	\$(3,188)	\$ 1,319		\$(1,869))
Other comprehensive loss before reclassification	(8,864)	2,543		(6,321)
Adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income related to adoption of ASU 2016-01 and 2018-02 (see Notes 2 and 5)	529	(546)	(17)
Period change	(8,335)	1,997		(6,338)
Balance at end of period	\$(11,523)	\$ 3,316		\$(8,207))
March 31, 2017	, , ,	·			
Balance at beginning of period	\$(4,089)	-		\$(2,394))
Other comprehensive income before reclassification	1,620	(560		1,060	
Reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income				(269)
Period change	1,351	(560)	791	
Balance at end of period	\$(2,738)	\$ 1,135		\$(1,603))

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, there was a net \$17,000 adjustment related to adoption of two new accounting standards (ASU 2016-01 and ASU 2018-02) effective January 1, 2018. The \$17,000 includes a \$529,000 reduction of unrealized losses related to all of the Company's mutual funds equity securities upon adoption of ASU 2016-01 and a \$546,000 reduction in tax benefits upon adoption of ASU 2016-01 and ASU 2018-02.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, there was a \$269,000 reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to gains in earnings resulting from the sale of available-for-sale securities. The \$269,000 reclassification adjustment out of accumulated other comprehensive income was included in net gain on sales of securities under noninterest income. Net unrealized gains of \$319,000 related to these sold securities had previously been recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income as of the beginning of the period.

Note 9 — Regulatory Matters

In July 2013, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and the FDIC approved the Basel III regulatory capital framework and related changes under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. The rules revise minimum capital requirements and adjust prompt corrective action thresholds. The rules also revise the regulatory capital elements, add a new common equity Tier I capital ratio, and increase the minimum Tier I capital ratio requirement. The revisions permit banking organizations to retain, through a one-time election, the existing treatment for accumulated other comprehensive income. Basel III rules, including certain transitional provisions, became effective January 1, 2015, and its requirements are included in the capital ratios presented in the table shown below.

In addition, a new capital conservation buffer of 2.5% began to be phased in effective January 1, 2016 through January 1, 2019, and must be met to avoid limitations on the ability of the Bank to pay dividends, repurchase shares or pay discretionary bonuses. In January 2016, the new capital conservation buffer requirement was 0.625% of risk-weighted assets and will increase each year until fully implemented in January 2019. The Company and the Bank's capital conservation buffer was 6.52% and 7.13%, respectively, as of March 31, 2018, and 6.55% and 7.20%, respectively, as of December 31, 2017.

The capital ratios of Hanmi Financial and the Bank as of	March 31,	2018 and	d Decembe	r 31, 20	17 were as	follows:
			Minimum		Minimum to Be	
	Actual		Regulatory		Categoriz	ed as
			Requirement		"Well Capitalized"	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount		Amount	
	(dollars in	thousand	ds)			
March 31, 2018						
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets):						
Hanmi Financial	\$695,483	15.43%	\$360,582	8.00%	N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$681,539	15.13%	\$360,395	8.00%	\$450,494	10.00%
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets):						
Hanmi Financial	\$564,376	12.52%	\$270,436	6.00%	N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$648,439	14.39%	\$270,296	6.00%	\$360,395	8.00 %
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets):						
Hanmi Financial	\$544,983	12.09%	\$202,827	4.50%	N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$648,439	14.39%	\$202,722	4.50%	\$292,821	6.50 %
Tier 1 capital (to average assets):						
Hanmi Financial	\$564,376	10.88%	\$207,452	4.00%	N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$648,439	12.51%	\$207,361	4.00%	\$259,201	5.00 %
December 31, 2017						
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets):						
Hanmi Financial	\$684.272	15.50%	\$353,171	8.00%	N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	•				\$441,364	
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets):	,,		, ,		, ,	
Hanmi Financial	\$553,970	12.55%	\$264,878	6.00%	N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$638,557	14.47%	\$264,818	6.00%	\$353,091	8.00 %
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets):	•				•	
Hanmi Financial	\$537,950	12.19%	\$198,658	4.50%	N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$638,557	14.47%	\$198,614	4.50%	\$286,886	6.50 %
Tier 1 capital (to average assets):						
Hanmi Financial	\$553,970	10.79%	\$205,344	4.00%	N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$638,557	12.44%	\$205,385	4.00%	\$256,731	5.00 %

Note 10 — Fair Value Measurements

Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value including a three-level valuation hierarchy, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The three-level fair value hierarchy requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are defined as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2 - Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or \{\)iabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

Fair value is used on a recurring basis for certain assets and liabilities in which fair value is the primary basis of accounting. Additionally, fair value is used on a non-recurring basis to evaluate assets or liabilities for impairment or for disclosure purposes.

We record securities available for sale at fair value on a recurring basis. Certain other assets, such as loans held for sale, impaired loans, OREO, and core deposit intangible, are recorded at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Non-recurring fair value measurements typically involve assets that are periodically evaluated for impairment and for which any impairment is recorded in the period in which the re-measurement is performed.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument below:

Securities available for sale - The fair values of securities available for sale are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are measured using matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities, or other model-based valuation techniques requiring observable inputs other than quoted prices such as yield curve, prepayment speeds, and default rates. Level 1 securities include U.S. treasury securities and mutual funds that are traded on an active exchange or by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets. The fair value of these securities is determined by quoted prices on an active exchange or over-the-counter market. Level 2 securities primarily include mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, U.S. government agency securities, SBA loan pool securities, municipal bonds and corporate bonds in markets that are active. In determining the fair value of the securities categorized as Level 2, we obtain reports from nationally recognized broker-dealers detailing the fair value of each investment security held as of each reporting date. The broker-dealers use prices obtained from nationally recognized pricing services to value our fixed income securities. The fair value of the municipal securities is determined based on pricing data provided by nationally recognized pricing services. We review the prices obtained for reasonableness based on our understanding of the marketplace, and also consider any credit issues related to the bonds. As we have not made any adjustments to the market quotes provided to us and as they are based on observable market data, they have been categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. Level 3 securities are instruments that are not traded in the market. As such, no observable market data for the instrument is available, which necessitates the use of significant unobservable inputs.

Loans held for sale - Loans held for sale are all SBA loans and carried at the lower of cost or fair value. Management obtains quotes, bids or pricing indication sheets on all or part of these loans directly from the purchasing financial institutions. Premiums received or to be received on the quotes, bids or pricing indication sheets are indicative of the fact that cost is lower than fair value. At March 31, 2018, the entire balance of SBA loans held for sale was recorded at its cost. We record SBA loans held for sale on a nonrecurring basis with Level 2 inputs.

Impaired loans - Nonaccrual loans and performing restructured loans are considered impaired for reporting purposes and are measured and recorded at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Nonaccrual loans with an unpaid principal balance over \$100,000 and all performing restructured loans are reviewed individually for the amount of impairment, if any. Nonaccrual loans with an unpaid principal balance of \$100,000 or less are evaluated for impairment collectively. The Company does not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis. However, from time to time,

nonrecurring fair value adjustments to collateral dependent impaired loans are recorded based on either the current appraised value of the collateral, a Level 2 measurement, or management's judgment and estimation of value reported on older appraisals that are then adjusted based on recent market trends, a Level 3 measurement.

OREO - Fair value of OREO is based primarily on third party appraisals, less costs to sell and result in a Level 2 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Appraisals are required annually and may be updated more frequently as circumstances require and the fair value adjustments are made to OREO based on the updated appraised value of the property.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2 Significant	Level 3	
	Active Markets for	Observable Inputs with No Active Market with Identical Characteristics	Significant Unobservabl Inputs	le Balance
March 31, 2018	(in thous	ands)		
Assets:				
Securities available for sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	\$ 314,969	\$	- \$314,969
Collateralized mortgage obligations	· —	124,188		124,188
U.S. government agency securities		7,368	_	7,368
Municipal bonds-tax exempt		123,826	_	123,826
Total securities available for sale	\$ —	\$ 570,351	\$	- \$570,351
December 31, 2017 Assets:				
Securities available for sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$—	\$ 303,609	\$	-\$303,609
Collateralized mortgage obligations	· —	117,768		117,768
U.S. government agency securities	_	7,414		7,414
Municipal bonds-tax exempt		127,475	_	127,475
U.S. treasury securities	152	_		152
Mutual funds	22,386	_		22,386
Total securities available for sale	\$22,538	\$ 556,266	\$	\$578,804
28				

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are as follows:

- (1) Consist of real estate loans of \$4.7 million and commercial and industrial loans of \$1.1 million.
- (2) Consist of real estate loans of \$6.7 million, commercial and industrial loans of \$1.7 million.

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including those financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis. The methodologies for estimating the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis are discussed above.

The estimated fair value of financial instruments has been determined by using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required to interpret market data in order to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, as required, the Company adopted ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Topic 825). This standard, among other provisions, requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for

disclosure purposes. Other than certain financial instruments for which we have concluded that the carrying amounts approximate fair value, the fair value estimates shown below have are based on an exit price notion as of March 31, 2018, as required by ASU 2016-01. The financial instruments for which we have concluded that the carrying amounts approximate fair value include, cash and due from banks, accrued interest receivable and payable, FHLB stock, and noninterest-bearing deposits. The fair values of off-balance sheet items are based upon the difference between the current value of similar loans and the price at which the Bank has committed to make the loans.

П	ne	estimated	tair va	llues of	t 1	tinancial	ınst	rument	s we	ere a	as fo	llows	:

The estimated fair values of financial instruments were as follows.				
	March 31	, 2018		
	Carrying	Fair Val	ue	
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(in thousa	nds)		
Financial assets:	(
Cash and due from banks	151,611	151,611		
Securities available for sale	570,351		570,351	
	•		· ·	4 202 880
Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses	4,381,780	, — —		4,392,889
Loans held for sale	6,008		6,461	_
Accrued interest receivable	12,751	12,/51		
FHLB stock	16,385	_	16,385	_
Financial liabilities:				
Noninterest-bearing deposits			1,352,162	_
Interest-bearing deposits	3,025,939		_	2,905,169
Borrowings and subordinated debentures	337,400		_	337,822
Accrued interest payable	5,931	5,931	_	_
Off-balance sheet items:				
Commitments to extend credit	324,528		_	324,528
Standby letters of credit	22,288			22,288
Commercial letters of credit	11,560		_	11,560
	11,000			11,000
	December	r 31 2017	7	
	December			
	Carrying	Fair Val	ue	Laval 2
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value Level 1		Level 3
	Carrying	Fair Value Level 1	ue	Level 3
Financial assets:	Carrying Amount (in thousa	Fair Valu Level 1 ands)	ue Level 2	
Cash and due from banks	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826	Fair Value Level 1 ands) \$153,82	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804	Fair Value Level 1 ands) \$153,820 22,538	ue Level 2	—\$ —
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415	Fair Value Level 1 ands) \$153,820 22,538	Level 2 6 \$ 556,266	
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394	Fair Value Level 1 (mds) \$153,820 (22,538) (Level 2	—\$ —
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415	Fair Value Level 1 (mds) \$153,820 (22,538) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266	—\$ —
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394	Fair Value Level 1 (mds) \$153,820 (22,538) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266	—\$ —
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 —	—\$ —
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities:	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385	Fair Value Level 1 (ands) \$153,82 (22,538) (42,770) (43,770)	Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 16,385	\$ 4,213,689
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385 1,312,274	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 —	-\$ - 4,213,689 - - - 4 -
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385 1,312,274 3,036,380	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 16,385	-\$ - 4,213,689 - - - 4 - 2,973,139
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits Borrowings and subordinated debentures	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385 1,312,274 3,036,380 267,270	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 16,385	-\$ - 4,213,689 - - - 4 -
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits Borrowings and subordinated debentures Accrued interest payable	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385 1,312,274 3,036,380	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 16,385	-\$ - 4,213,689 - - - 4 - 2,973,139
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits Borrowings and subordinated debentures Accrued interest payable Off-balance sheet items:	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385 1,312,274 3,036,380 267,270 5,309	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 16,385	-\$ - 4,213,689 - - - 4 - 2,973,139 267,270
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits Borrowings and subordinated debentures Accrued interest payable Off-balance sheet items: Commitments to extend credit	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385 1,312,274 3,036,380 267,270 5,309 318,634	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 16,385	-\$ - 4,213,689 - - - 4 - 2,973,139 267,270 - 318,634
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits Borrowings and subordinated debentures Accrued interest payable Off-balance sheet items: Commitments to extend credit Standby letters of credit	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385 1,312,274 3,036,380 267,270 5,309 318,634 19,294	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 16,385	-\$ 4,213,689 4 2,973,139 267,270 318,634 19,294
Cash and due from banks Securities available for sale Loans and leases receivable, net of allowance for loan and lease losses Loans held for sale Accrued interest receivable FHLB stock Financial liabilities: Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits Borrowings and subordinated debentures Accrued interest payable Off-balance sheet items: Commitments to extend credit	Carrying Amount (in thousa \$153,826 578,804 4,273,415 6,394 12,770 16,385 1,312,274 3,036,380 267,270 5,309 318,634	Fair Value Level 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Level 2 6 \$ 556,266 6,394 16,385	-\$ - 4,213,689 - - - 4 - 2,973,139 267,270 - 318,634

Note 11 — Share-Based Compensation

Share-Based Compensation Expense

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, share-based compensation expenses were \$884,000 and \$692,000, respectively, and net tax benefits recognized from stock option and restricted stock awards were \$247,000 and \$276,000, respectively. Excess tax benefits related to the Company's share-based compensation are recognized as income tax expense in the consolidated statement of income.

Unrecognized Share-Based Compensation Expense

As of March 31, 2018, unrecognized share-based compensation expense was as follows:

	Unrecognized Expense	Average Expected Recognition Period
	(in thousands)	
Stock option awards	\$ 4	0.2 years
Restricted stock awards	6,073	2.0 years
Total unrecognized share-based compensation expense	\$ 6,077	2.2 years

Stock Option Awards

The table below provides stock option information for the three months ended March 31, 2018:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value of In-the- Money Options (in thousands)	
Options outstanding at beginning of period	364,088	\$ 17.86	5.9 years	\$ 4,548	(1)
Options exercised	(25,750)	\$ 22.06	5.9 years		
Options outstanding at end of period	338,338	\$ 17.54	5.5 years	\$ 4,469	(2)
Options exercisable at end of period	329,003	\$ 17.37	5.4 years	\$ 4,625	(2)

- (1) Intrinsic value represents the excess of the closing stock price on the last trading day of the period, which was \$30.35 as of December 31, 2017, over the exercise price, multiplied by the number of options.
- (2) Intrinsic value represents the excess of the closing stock price on the last trading day of the period, which was \$30.75 as of March 31, 2018, over the exercise price, multiplied by the number of options.

There were 25,750 and 1,000 stock options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Restricted Stock Awards

Restricted stock awards under the Company's 2007 and 2013 Equity Compensation Plans typically vest over three years and are subject to forfeiture if employment terminates prior to the lapse of restrictions. Hanni Financial

becomes entitled to an income tax deduction in an amount equal to the taxable income reported by the holders of the restricted shares when the restrictions are released and the shares are issued. Forfeited shares of restricted stock become available for future grants upon forfeiture.

The table below provides information for restricted stock awards for the three months ended March 31, 2018:

Three Months

Ended

March 31, 2018

Weighted-

Number of Grant Date
Shares Fair Value

Per Share

Restricted stock at beginning of period 317,783 \$ 21.09

Restricted stock granted 97,724 24.08 Restricted stock vested (52,913) 26.86 Restricted stock forfeited (38,498) 9.97 Restricted stock at end of period 324,096 22.38

Note 12 — Off-Balance Sheet Commitments

The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of our customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk similar to the risk involved with on-balance sheet items recognized in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Bank's exposure to losses in the event of non-performance by the other party to commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual notional amount of those instruments. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for extending loan facilities to customers. The Bank evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Bank upon extension of credit, was based on management's credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral held varies but may include accounts receivable, inventory, premises and equipment, and income-producing or borrower-occupied properties.

The following table shows the distribution of undisbursed loan commitments as of the dates indicated:

March 31, December 31,

2018 2017 (in thousands)

Commitments to extend credit \$324,528 \$ 318,634 Standby letters of credit 22,288 19,294 Commercial letters of credit 11,560 9,308 Total undisbursed loan commitments \$358,376 \$ 347,236

The allowance for off-balance sheet items is maintained at a level believed to be sufficient to absorb probable losses related to these unfunded credit facilities. The determination of the allowance adequacy is based on periodic evaluations of the unfunded credit facilities including an assessment of the probability of commitment usage, credit risk factors for loans outstanding to these same customers, and the terms and expiration dates of the unfunded credit facilities. Net adjustments to the allowance for off-balance sheet items are included in other operating expenses. Activity in the allowance for loan off-balance sheet items was as follows for the periods indicated:

Three Months

Ended

March 31.

Balance at beginning of period \$1,296 \$1,184
Provision (income) 27 —