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GENERAL MOTORS CORP  
Form 8-K  
October 15, 2002

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549-1004

FORM 8-K  
CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report  
(Date of earliest event reported) October 14, 2002  
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GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION  
-----  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

STATE OF DELAWARE ----- (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	1-143 ----- (Commission File Number)	38-0572515 ----- (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
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300 Renaissance Center, Detroit, Michigan ----- (Address of principal executive offices)	48265-3000 ----- (Zip Code)
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Registrant's telephone number, including area code (313)-556-5000  
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### ITEM 5. OTHER EVENTS

On October 15, 2002, a news release was issued on the subject of third quarter consolidated earnings for General Motors Corporation (GM). The news release did not include certain financial statements, related footnotes and certain other financial information that will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as part of GM's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following is the third quarter earnings release for GM, and their subsidiary Hughes Electronics Corporation's (Hughes) earnings release dated October 14, 2002.

- GM EARNED \$696 MILLION, OR \$1.24 PER SHARE, EXCLUDING SPECIAL ITEMS AND HUGHES
- NET LOSS TOTALS \$804 MILLION, OR \$1.42 PER SHARE, INCLUDING HUGHES AND SPECIAL ITEMS
- STRONG CASH FLOW AND MARKET SHARE PERFORMANCE
- 2002 EARNINGS ESTIMATED AT \$6.75 PER SHARE, UP FROM \$6.50

DETROIT - General Motors Corp. (NYSE: GM, GMH) today reported that earnings in the third quarter of 2002, excluding special items and Hughes, totaled \$696 million, or \$1.24 diluted earnings per share of GM \$1-2/3 par value common stock, an improvement of more than 30 percent compared with the same period last year.

The increase was primarily driven by strong market performance and aggressive cost reductions at GM North America (GMNA), and continuing strength at General Motors Acceptance Corp. (GMAC). The results compare with income of \$527 million, or \$0.94 per share, in the third quarter of 2001, excluding Hughes and special items.

Including Hughes and special items, GM had a reported net loss of \$804 million, or \$1.42 diluted earnings per share, compared with a loss of \$368 million, or \$0.41 per share, in the third quarter of 2001.

The third-quarter-2002 results include special items totaling an unfavorable \$1.42 billion, or \$2.62 per share. This includes an unfavorable \$1.37 billion after-tax (\$2.2 billion pretax) non-cash impairment write-down of GM's investment in Fiat Auto Holdings, B.V., resulting from the completion of the previously announced study of GM's original \$2.4 billion carrying value for that investment; an unfavorable \$116 million after-tax (\$186 million pretax) net charge related to post-employment benefits and asset write-downs as a result of changes in GMNA's production footprint -- primarily costs associated with the transfer of commercial truck production from Janesville, Wis., to Flint, Mich.; and a favorable \$68 million after-tax (\$109 million pretax) net gain at Hughes primarily resulting from the sale of equity interests. Special items in the third quarter of 2001 totaled an unfavorable \$753 million, or \$1.26 per share.

GM financial results described throughout the remainder of this release exclude special items unless otherwise noted (see Highlights).

"The strong performance by GM North America and GMAC demonstrate our ability to produce improved results despite a difficult pricing environment," said GM Chairman Jack Smith.

"A steady stream of successful products and a rigorous cost focus continue to move us in the right direction," said GM President and Chief Executive Officer

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Rick Wagoner. "We're designing winning cars and trucks, producing them efficiently, and maintaining our leadership position in the market. Our operations in North America are running very well, and we're striving for the same level of performance in other regions. We continue to face challenges, but our strong operating performance is the key to addressing them."

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GM's net liquidity, excluding GMAC and Hughes, increased approximately \$700 million from June 30, 2002, to \$3.3 billion at Sept. 30, 2002. Automotive operations generated about \$600 million of cash flow during the quarter. On that same basis, cash, marketable securities, and assets of the Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association (VEBA) trust invested in short-term fixed-income securities increased to \$18.2 billion at Sept. 30, 2002, from \$17.6 billion at June 30, 2002. Debt, excluding GMAC and Hughes, decreased slightly to \$14.9 billion at the end of the third quarter of 2002, compared with \$15.0 billion at June 30, 2002.

Strong cash generation is vital to meet the challenges posed by weak returns in the equity markets and the increasing cost of employee benefits that continue to adversely affect GM's balance sheet. GM disclosed today that through the first nine months of 2002 the return on assets held in the U.S. hourly and salaried employee pension funds was approximately negative 10 percent. During this same period, the overall U.S. equities market declined more than 25 percent, as measured by the major stock indices. The fund performance year to date, combined with other factors, is expected to result in a significant increase in the unfunded status of the pension funds and an increase in 2003 pension expense.

### GM AUTOMOTIVE OPERATIONS

GM's global automotive operations earned \$345 million in the third quarter of 2002, an increase of more than 60 percent compared with the \$212 million earned in the prior-year period.

Income at GM North America (GMNA) increased more than 14 percent in the third quarter of 2002 to \$510 million, compared with \$445 million earned in the year-ago period. Production volume increased 5.6 percent. The pricing environment continued to be challenging, with net price retention totaling a negative 2.2 percent in the third quarter of 2002. Strong cost performance more than offset the pricing pressures.

Continuing the trend so far this year, GM's overall U.S. market share increased again in the third quarter of 2002, with this year's 28.0 percent share up 0.3 points versus the same quarter last year. Retail market share continued to show strong growth. Trucks accounted for about 57 percent of total sales in the third quarter, compared with 53 percent in the same period last year.

"The improved vehicle sales and increased share were the result of excellent consumer acceptance of our new cars and trucks, combined with a focus on being competitive in the marketplace," Wagoner said. "As we continue to leverage our global resources and bring out more new and exciting products, we plan to remain the market leader globally and in North America, and improve our position in other regions."

Major product enhancements introduced in the third quarter include the restyled Chevrolet Silverado and GMC Sierra, and updated versions of Chevrolet Cavaliers, Pontiac Sunfires, and Saturn L series. They follow the introduction earlier this year of extended versions of the popular Chevy TrailBlazer and GMC Envoy, along with the all-new HUMMER H2. Coming to market later this year and in 2003 are the Saturn ION sedan and coupe, all-new versions of the Saab 9-3 sedan and convertible, the Chevy SSR, the Pontiac Grand Prix, the Chevy Malibu, the

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Cadillac XLR luxury high-performance roadster, the Cadillac SRX crossover vehicle, the Buick Rainier sport utility vehicle, and the Opel Vectra Signum, Vectra Wagon, and the new Meriva monocab in Europe.

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GM Europe (GME) reported a loss of \$180 million in the third quarter of 2002, an improvement from the \$287 million loss in the year-ago period. Compared with the same period last year, the significant progress in reducing material and structural costs more than offset a decline in vehicle sales and costs associated with the launch of the all-new Saab 9-3. GME continued to face weak market conditions, particularly in Germany, and a challenging pricing environment.

"GM Europe's turnaround remains a top priority. We've made very good progress on the cost side, and now the focus is on improving revenue growth," Wagoner said. "We expect that the strong products coming from Opel/Vauxhall and Saab will lead to improved sales."

GM Asia-Pacific reported a profit of \$76 million in the third quarter of 2002 compared with earnings of \$60 million a year ago, led by continued strong performance at Shanghai GM and GM's Australia-based Holden unit. GM Latin America/Africa/Mid-East (GMLAAM) reported a loss of \$61 million in the third quarter of 2002 compared with a loss of \$6 million a year ago. Results were negatively affected by unfavorable economic and market conditions in Brazil, Venezuela and Argentina. On the positive side, GM's market share in the region increased significantly to 18.2 percent in the third quarter of 2002, compared with 15.8 percent in the prior-year period.

### GMAC

GMAC earned \$476 million in the third quarter of 2002, an increase of nearly 9 percent from third-quarter earnings of \$437 million a year ago. The increase was more than accounted for by improvements in mortgage operations, resulting from increased volumes and fees.

"GMAC's capital position has strengthened significantly," Wagoner said. "Based on estimated asset and earnings growth next year, GMAC's leverage should remain stable without any need for incremental capital from GM."

### HUGHES

Hughes lost \$81 million in the third quarter of 2002, an improvement compared with the loss of \$142 million in the prior-year quarter, primarily because of stronger performance by DIRECTV U.S. Revenue totaled \$2.2 billion in the third quarter of 2002, up from \$2.1 billion in the same quarter last year, led by the growing subscriber base of DIRECTV. Total DIRECTV U.S. subscriptions increased approximately 206,000 from the second quarter of 2002 to 10.9 million.

Despite the unfavorable initial review by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) GM, Hughes and EchoStar continue to work with the FCC and the U.S. Justice Department to resolve any concerns about the plan to split off Hughes and merge the company with EchoStar Communications Corp. GM believes this transaction is in the best interest of consumers, and all classes of shareholders, and will work aggressively to obtain approval.

### LOOKING AHEAD

General Motors expects total U.S. industry vehicle sales for 2002 will be

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approximately 17 million units. North American production is forecast at about 1.4 million vehicles in the fourth quarter of 2002, and more than 5.6 million vehicles in calendar year 2002.

For the fourth quarter of 2002, GM estimates its earnings, excluding Hughes and any special items, will be about \$1.50 per share, reflecting higher volume and solid results in North America and at GMAC, partially offset by continued losses in Europe and Latin America.

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GM expects 2002 earnings will be about \$6.75 per share, excluding special items and Hughes. Including Hughes, but excluding special items, GM expects to earn approximately \$1.40 per share in the fourth quarter of 2002 and \$6.35 per share for the calendar year.

For 2003, GM expects moderate economic growth and resulting U.S. industry sales in the mid-to-high-16 million-unit range.

General Motors, the world's largest vehicle manufacturer, designs, builds and markets cars and trucks worldwide, and has been the global automotive sales leader since 1931. More information on GM can be found at [www.gm.com](http://www.gm.com).

# # #

In this press release and related comments by General Motors management, our use of the words "outlook," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "likely," "objective," "plan," "designed," "goal," "target," and similar expressions is intended to identify forward looking statements. While these statements represent our current judgment on what the future may hold, and we believe these judgments are reasonable, actual results may differ materially due to numerous important factors that are described in GM's most recent report on SEC Form 10-K (at page II-15, 16) which may be revised or supplemented in subsequent reports on SEC Forms 10-Q and 8-K. Such factors include, among others, the following: changes in economic conditions, currency exchange rates or political stability; shortages of fuel or interruptions in transportation systems, labor strikes or work stoppages; market acceptance of the corporation's new products; significant changes in the competitive environment; changes in laws, regulations and tax rates; and the ability of the corporation to achieve reductions in cost and employment levels to realize production efficiencies and implement capital expenditures at levels and times planned by management.

In connection with the proposed transactions, General Motors Corporation ("GM"), HEC Holdings, Inc. ("Hughes Holdings") and EchoStar Communications Corporation ("EchoStar") have filed amended preliminary materials with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including a Registration Statement of Hughes Holdings on Form S-4 that contains a consent solicitation statement/information statement/prospectus. These materials are not yet final and will be further amended. Holders of GM \$1-2/3 and GM Class H common stock are urged to read the definitive versions of these materials, as well as any other relevant documents filed or that will be filed with the SEC, as they become available, because these documents contain or will contain important information. The preliminary materials, the definitive versions of these materials and other relevant materials (when they become available), and any other documents filed by GM, Hughes Electronics Corporation ("Hughes"), Hughes Holdings or EchoStar with the SEC may be obtained for free at the SEC's website, [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov), and GM stockholders will receive information at an appropriate time on how to obtain transaction-related documents for free from GM.

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GM and its directors and executive officers, Hughes and certain of its officers, and EchoStar and certain of its executive officers may be deemed to be participants in GM's solicitation of consents from the holders of GM \$1-2/3 common stock and GM Class H common stock in connection with the proposed transactions. Information regarding the participants and their interests in the solicitation was filed pursuant to Rule 425 with the SEC by EchoStar on November 1, 2001 and by each of GM and Hughes on November 16, 2001. Investors may obtain additional information regarding the interests of the participants by reading the amended preliminary consent solicitation statement/information statement/prospectus filed with the SEC and the definitive consent solicitation statement/information statement/prospectus when it becomes available.

This communication shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such jurisdiction. No offering of securities shall be made except by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of Section 10 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

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Materials included in this document contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results to be materially different from historical results or from any future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The factors that could cause actual results of GM, EchoStar, Hughes, or a combined EchoStar and Hughes, to differ materially, many of which are beyond the control of EchoStar, Hughes, Hughes Holdings or GM include, but are not limited to, the following: (1) the businesses of EchoStar and Hughes may not be integrated successfully or such integration may be more difficult, time-consuming or costly than expected; (2) expected benefits and synergies from the combination may not be realized within the expected time frame or at all; (3) revenues following the transaction may be lower than expected; (4) operating costs, customer loss and business disruption including, without limitation, difficulties in maintaining relationships with employees, customers, clients or suppliers, may be greater than expected following the transaction; (5) generating the incremental growth in the subscriber base of the combined company may be more costly or difficult than expected; (6) the regulatory approvals required for the transaction may not be obtained on the terms expected or on the anticipated schedule; (7) the effects of legislative and regulatory changes; (8) an inability to obtain certain retransmission consents; (9) an inability to retain necessary authorizations from the FCC; (10) an increase in competition from cable as a result of digital cable or otherwise, direct broadcast satellite, other satellite system operators, and other providers of subscription television services; (11) the introduction of new technologies and competitors into the subscription television business; (12) changes in labor, programming, equipment and capital costs; (13) future acquisitions, strategic partnership and divestitures; (14) general business and economic conditions; and (15) other risks described from time to time in periodic reports filed by EchoStar, Hughes or GM with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You are urged to consider statements that include the words "may," "will," "would," "could," "should," "believes," "estimates," "projects," "potential," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "intends," "continues," "forecast," "designed," "goal," or the negative of those words or other comparable words to be uncertain and forward-looking. This cautionary statement applies to all forward-looking statements included in this document.

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General Motors Corporation  
List of Special Items - After Tax  
(dollars in millions)

Third Quarter 2002

	GMNA	Hughes	Other ACO	Total GM	Diluted EPS
Reported Net Income (Loss)	\$394	\$ (13)	\$ (1,463)	\$ (804)	\$ (1.42)
Write-down of Fiat Investment (A)	-	-	1,371	1,371	2.44
GMNA Production Footprint (B)	116	-	-	116	0.21
Hughes Sale of Equity Interests (C)	-	(68)	-	(68)	(0.03)
Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	\$510	\$ (81)	\$ (92)	\$ 615	\$1.20

Year to Date 2002

	GMNA	GME	Hughes	Other ACO	Total GM	Diluted EPS
Reported Net Income (Loss)	\$2,267	\$ (882)	\$ (325)	\$ (1,604)	\$716	\$1.63
Write-down of Fiat Investment (A)	-	-	-	1,371	1,371	2.43
GMNA Production Footprint (B)	116	-	-	-	116	0.20
Hughes Sale of Equity Interests (C)	-	-	(68)	-	(68)	(0.04)

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GME End of Life Vehicle Charge (D)	-	55	-	-	55	0.10
GME Restructuring Charge (E)	-	407	-	-	407	0.73
Hughes Space Shuttle Settlement (F)	-	-	(59)	-	(59)	(0.04)
Hughes GECC Contractual Dispute (G)	-	-	51	-	51	0.03
Hughes Loan Guarantee Charge (H)	-	-	18	-	18	0.01
	-----	---	---	---	-----	-----
Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	\$2,383	\$(420)	\$(383)	\$(233)	\$2,607	\$5.05
	=====	===	===	===	=====	=====

See Notes on next page.

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### General Motors Corporation List of Special Items - After Tax

- (A) The Write-down of the Fiat Investment relates to the completion of the previously announced impairment study of the carrying value of Fiat Auto Holdings, B.V.. This charge reduced the value of the Fiat investment from \$2.4 billion to \$220 million.
- (B) The GMNA Production Footprint charge primarily relates to costs associated with the transfer of commercial truck production from Janesville, Wis., to Flint, Michigan.
- (C) The Hughes Sale of Equity Interests relates primarily to the investment in the multimedia company Thomson.
- (D) The GME End of Life Vehicle Charge relates to the European Union's directive requiring member states to enact legislation regarding end-of-life vehicles to the responsibility of manufacturers for dismantling and recycling vehicles they have sold. This charge of \$55 million relates to those member states that have passed national laws by June 30, 2002.
- (E) The GME Restructuring Charge relates to the initiative implemented in the first quarter of 2002 to improve the competitiveness of GM's automotive operations in Europe.
- (F) The Space Shuttle Settlement relates to the favorable resolution of a lawsuit that was filed against the U.S. government on March 22, 1991, based upon the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's (NASA) breach of contract to launch ten satellites on the Space Shuttle.
- (G) The GECC Contractual Dispute relates to an expected loss associated with a contractual dispute with General Electric Capital Corporation.
- (H) The Loan Guarantee Charge relates to a loan guarantee for a Hughes Network Systems' affiliate in India.



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General Motors Corporation  
List of Special Items - After Tax  
(dollars in millions)

	Third Quarter 2001				
	GMNA	Hughes	Other ACO	Total GM	Diluted EPS
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Reported Net Income (Loss)	\$251	\$ (227)	\$ (595)	\$ (368)	\$ (0.41)
Ste. Therese Charge (A)	194	-	-	194	0.35
Raytheon Settlement (B)	-	-	474	474	0.86
Gain on Sale of Thomson (C)	-	(67)	-	(67)	(0.04)
SkyPerfectTV! Writedown (D)	-	133	-	133	0.08
Severance Charge (E)	-	40	-	40	0.02
DirectTV Japan Adjustment (F)	-	(21)	-	(21)	(0.01)
	---	---	---	---	---
Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	\$445	\$ (142)	\$ (121)	\$ 385	\$ 0.85
	===	===	===	===	====

- (A) The Ste. Therese Charge relates to the closing of the Ste. Therese, Quebec assembly plant.
- (B) The Raytheon Settlement relates to Hughes' settlement with the Raytheon Company of a purchase price adjustment related to Raytheon's 1997 merger with Hughes Defense.
- (C) The Gain on Sale of Thomson relates to Hughes' sale of 4.1 million shares of Thomson Multimedia common stock.
- (D) The SkyPerfectTV! Writedown relates to Hughes' non-cash charge from the revaluation of its investment.
- (E) The Severance Charge relates to Hughes' 10% company-wide workforce reduction in the U.S.
- (F) The DirectTV Japan Adjustment relates to a favorable adjustment to the expected costs associated with the shutdown of Hughes' DirectTV Japan business.

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### List of Special Items - After Tax (dollars in millions)

	Year to Date 2001					
	GMNA	GME	GMLAAM	GMAP	Hughes	Other ACO
Reported Net Income (Loss)	\$878	\$(525)	\$30	\$(82)	\$(487)	\$(796)
Ste. Therese Charge (A)	194	-	-	-	-	-
Raytheon Settlement (B)	-	-	-	-	-	474
Gain on Sale of Thomson (C)	-	-	-	-	(67)	-
SkyPerfectTV! Writedown (D)	-	-	-	-	133	-
Severance Charge (E)	-	-	-	-	40	-
DirecTV Japan Adjustment (F)	-	-	-	-	(21)	-
Isuzu Restructuring (G)	-	-	-	133	-	-
SFAS 133 Adjustment (H)	14	(2)	1	1	8	-
Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	<u>\$1,086</u>	<u>\$(527)</u>	<u>\$31</u>	<u>\$52</u>	<u>\$(394)</u>	<u>\$(322)</u>

	Total ACO	GMAC	Other FIO	Total GM	Diluted EPS
Reported Net Income (Loss)	\$(982)	\$1,351	\$(23)	\$346	\$1.16
Ste. Therese Charge (A)	194	-	-	194	0.35
Raytheon Settlement (B)	474	-	-	474	0.86
Gain on Sale of Thomson (C)	(67)	-	-	(67)	(0.04)
SkyPerfectTV! Writedown (D)	133	-	-	133	0.08
Severance Charge (E)	40	-	-	40	0.02
DirecTV Japan Adjustment (F)	(21)	-	-	(21)	(0.01)
Isuzu Restructuring (G)	133	-	-	133	0.24
SFAS 133 Adjustment (H)	22	(34)	-	(12)	(0.03)
Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	<u>\$(74)</u>	<u>\$1,317</u>	<u>\$(23)</u>	<u>\$1,220</u>	<u>\$2.63</u>

See page 9 for footnotes (A) - (F).

G) The Isuzu Restructuring Charges include General Motors' portion of severance payments and asset impairments that were part of the second quarter restructuring of its affiliate Isuzu Motors Ltd.

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H) The SFAS 133 Adjustment represents the net impact during the first quarter 2001 from initially adopting SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivatives and Hedging Activities.

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General Motors Corporation  
Adjusted Corporate Financial Results

	Third Quarter		Year to Date	
	2002 (1)	2001 (1)	2002 (1)	2001 (1)
Total net sales and revenues (\$Mil's) (2)	\$43,603	\$42,475	\$138,161	\$131,318
Excluding Hughes	\$41,400	\$40,362	\$131,676	\$125,285
Consolidated net income (\$Mil's)	\$615	\$385	\$2,607	\$1,220
Excluding Hughes	\$696	\$527	\$2,990	\$1,614
Net margin from consolidated net income	1.4%	0.9%	1.9%	0.9%
Excluding Hughes	1.7%	1.3%	2.3%	1.3%
GM \$1-2/3 par value earnings per share				
Basic EPS	\$1.20	\$0.86	\$5.09	\$2.65
Diluted EPS	\$1.20	\$0.85	\$5.05	\$2.63
Diluted EPS excluding Hughes	\$1.24	\$0.94	\$5.29	\$2.90
GM Class H earnings per share				
Basic EPS	\$(0.06)	\$(0.13)	\$(0.32)	\$(0.36)
Diluted EPS	\$(0.06)	\$(0.13)	\$(0.32)	\$(0.36)
Earnings attributable to GM \$1-2/3 par value (\$Mil's)				
Consolidated net income	\$615	\$385	\$2,607	\$1,220
Preferred dividends	-	(25)	(47)	(76)
Losses attributable to GM Class H	57	113	293	314
Total earnings attributable to GM \$1-2/3 par value	\$672	\$473	\$2,853	\$1,458
GM \$1-2/3 par value average shares outstanding (Mil's)				
Basic shares	560	551	560	549
Diluted shares	561	558	565	556
Cash dividends per share of common stocks				
GM \$1-2/3 par value	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
GM Class H	-	-	-	-
Book value per share of common stocks at Sept. 30				

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GM \$1-2/3 par value	\$25.41	\$37.44		
GM Class H	\$5.08	\$7.49		
Total cash at Sept. 30				
Excluding Hughes (\$Bil's) (3)	\$18.2	\$11.0		
Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations (\$Mil's)				
Depreciation	\$1,108	\$1,071	\$3,293	\$3,239
Amortization of special tools	645	609	1,859	1,747
Amortization of intangible assets	10	80	22	238
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	\$1,763	\$1,760	\$5,174	\$5,224
	=====	=====	=====	=====

See footnotes on page 15.

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General Motors Corporation  
Adjusted Segment Financial Results

	Third Quarter		Year to Date	
	2002 (1)	2001 (1)	2002 (1)	2001 (1)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
(dollars in millions)				
Total net sales and revenues				
GMNA	\$26,355	\$26,269	\$85,580	\$79,492
GME	5,564	5,117	17,149	17,616
GMLAAM	1,161	1,312	3,768	4,446
GMAP	1,158	1,000	3,344	3,138
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total GMA	34,238	33,698	109,841	104,692
Hughes	2,203	2,113	6,485	6,033
Other	241	486	1,876	1,467
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total ACO	36,682	36,297	118,202	112,192
GMAC	6,799	6,116	19,727	18,915
Other Financing	122	62	232	211
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total FIO	6,921	6,178	19,959	19,126
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Consolidated net sales and revenues	\$43,603	\$42,475	\$138,161	\$131,318
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Pre-tax income (loss)				
GMNA	\$734	\$641	\$3,360	\$1,523
GME	(248)	(400)	(564)	(747)
GMLAAM	(96)	(11)	(234)	71
GMAP	9	9	(35)	44
	---	---	---	---
Total GMA	399	239	2,527	891
Hughes (4)	(104)	(173)	(548)	(573)
Other	(177)	(143)	(407)	(402)
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Total ACO	118	(77)	1,572	(84)
GMAC	789	710	2,223	2,142
Other Financing	(24)	(11)	(34)	(34)
	---	---	----	----
Total FIO	765	699	2,189	2,108
	---	---	----	----
Consolidated pre-tax income	\$883	\$622	\$3,761	\$2,024
	===	===	=====	=====
Net income (loss)				
GMNA	\$510	\$445	\$2,383	\$1,086
GME	(180)	(287)	(420)	(527)
GMLAAM	(61)	(6)	(174)	31
GMAP	76	60	122	52
	---	---	----	----
Total GMA	345	212	1,911	642
Hughes (4) (5)	(81)	(142)	(383)	(394)
Other	(92)	(121)	(233)	(322)
	---	---	----	----
Total ACO	172	(51)	1,295	(74)
GMAC	476	437	1,346	1,317
Other Financing	(33)	(1)	(34)	(23)
	---	---	----	----
Total FIO	443	436	1,312	1,294
	---	---	----	----
Consolidated net income	\$615	\$385	\$2,607	\$1,220
	===	===	=====	=====

See footnotes on page 15.

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General Motors Corporation  
Supplementary Adjusted Segment Financial Results

	Third Quarter		Year to Date	
	2002 (1)	2001 (1)	2002 (1)	2001 (1)
	----	----	----	----
(dollars in millions)				
Income tax expense (benefit)				
GMNA	\$232	\$179	\$987	\$387
GME	(63)	(112)	(110)	(212)
GMLAAM	(47)	(8)	(79)	21
GMAP	21	(12)	12	7
	--	--	---	---
Total GMA	\$143	\$47	\$810	\$203
	===	==	===	===
Equity income (loss) and minority interests				
GMNA	\$8	\$ (17)	\$10	\$ (50)
GME	5	1	34	8
GMLAAM	(12)	(3)	(19)	(19)
GMAP	88	39	169	15
	--	--	--	--

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Total GMA	\$89 ==	\$20 ==	\$194 ===	\$(46) ==
Effective income tax rate				
GMNA	31.6%	27.9%	29.4%	25.4%
GME	25.4%	28.0%	19.5%	28.4%
GMLAAM	49.0%	72.7%	33.8%	29.6%
GMAP	233.3%	(133.3%)	(34.3%)	15.9%
Total ACO	29.0%	33.8%	29.0%	31.0%
Net margins				
GMNA	1.9%	1.7%	2.8%	1.4%
GME	(3.2%)	(5.6%)	(2.4%)	(3.0%)
GMLAAM	(5.3%)	(0.5%)	(4.6%)	0.7%
GMAP	6.6%	6.0%	3.6%	1.7%
Total GMA	1.0%	0.6%	1.7%	0.6%
Hughes (4) (5)	(3.7%)	(6.7%)	(5.9%)	(6.5%)
Total ACO	0.5%	(0.1%)	1.1%	(0.1%)
GMAC	7.0%	7.1%	6.8%	7.0%
Consolidated net income	1.4%	0.9%	1.9%	0.9%

See footnotes on page 15.

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General Motors Corporation  
Operating Statistics

	Third Quarter		Year to Date	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	----	----	----	----
(units in thousands)				
Worldwide Wholesale Sales				
United States - Cars	482	513	1,555	1,572
United States - Trucks	639	597	2,056	1,815
	----	----	----	----
Total United States	1,121	1,110	3,611	3,387
Canada, Mexico, and Other	152	146	581	483
	----	----	----	----
Total GMNA	1,273	1,256	4,192	3,870
GME	364	396	1,225	1,359
GMLAAM	162	154	476	500
GMAP	119	121	313	360
	----	----	----	----
Total Worldwide	1,918	1,927	6,206	6,089
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Vehicle Unit Deliveries				
Chevrolet - Cars	187	179	585	637
Chevrolet - Trucks	485	432	1,431	1,321
Pontiac	132	138	401	419
GMC	151	123	415	392

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Buick	135	119	324	301
Oldsmobile	38	53	123	189
Saturn	66	49	212	200
Cadillac	56	46	145	125
Other	21	14	48	40
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total United States	1,271	1,153	3,684	3,624
Canada, Mexico, and Other	183	166	572	514
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total GMNA	1,454	1,319	4,256	4,138
GME	387	418	1,267	1,421
GMLAAM	169	159	483	498
GMAP	171	137	449	387
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total Worldwide	2,181	2,033	6,455	6,444
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Market Share				
United States - Cars	25.1%	26.6%	25.4%	27.2%
United States - Trucks	30.6%	28.6%	30.6%	28.4%
Total United States	28.0%	27.7%	28.1%	27.8%
Total North America	27.6%	27.2%	27.8%	27.4%
Total Europe	8.6%	9.0%	8.7%	9.3%
Latin America (6)	24.5%	22.3%	23.7%	22.1%
Asia and Pacific	4.7%	4.2%	4.2%	3.9%
Total Worldwide	15.2%	14.8%	14.8%	14.9%
U.S. Retail/Fleet Mix				
% Fleet Sales - Cars	31.0%	29.3%	28.6%	28.9%
% Fleet Sales - Trucks	10.9%	12.1%	11.6%	14.0%
Total Vehicles	19.6%	20.2%	19.0%	21.3%
Retail Lease as % of Retail Sales				
Total Smartlease and Smartbuy	8.6%	12.5%		
Days Supply of Inventory at Sept. 30				
United States - Cars	75	63		
United States - Trucks	96	95		
Capacity Utilization				
U.S. and Canada (2 shift rated)	86.8%	84.5%	85.6%	78.4%
GMNA Net Price				
	(2.2)%	(2.1)%		

See footnotes on page 15.

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General Motors Corporation  
Operating Statistics

	Third Quarter		Year to Date	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	----	----	----	----
GMAC's U.S. Cost of Borrowing	4.31%	5.04%		
Current Debt Spreads Over U.S. Treasuries				
2 Year	340 bp	205 bp		
5 Year	360 bp	230 bp		

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10 Year	380 bp	245 bp		
Worldwide Employment				
at Sept. 30 (in 000's)				
United States Hourly	120	126		
United States Salary	40	42		
	---	---		
Total United States	160	168		
Canada, Mexico, and Other	33	33		
	---	---		
GMNA	193	201		
GME	68	74		
GMLAAM	23	24		
GMAP	11	11		
Hughes	12	11		
GMAC	31	29		
Other	12	13		
	---	---		
Total	350	363		
	===	===		
Worldwide Payrolls (\$Bil's)	\$5.1	\$4.9	\$15.5	\$15.0

Footnotes:

-----

- (1) Adjusted amounts for all periods represent the reported amounts excluding the effects of special items as detailed on pages 7 and 8.
- (2) The reported total net sales and revenues totaled (\$Mil's): Q3 2002 - \$43,578, Year-to-Date 2002 - \$138,107, Q3 2001 - \$42,475, and Year-to-Date 2001 \$131,310.
- (3) Represents total cash for Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations, excluding Hughes, which includes cash and marketable securities, as well as \$3.0 billion invested in short-term fixed income securities of the Corporation's Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association Trust.
- (4) The Q3 2001 and Year-to-Date 2001 amounts exclude the effects of purchase accounting adjustments related to General Motors' acquisition of Hughes in 1985. This purchase accounting adjustment is not recorded in 2002 because the related goodwill is no longer being amortized effective January 1, 2002 in accordance with SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets.
- (5) Excludes Hughes Series A Preferred Stock dividends paid to General Motors.
- (6) Latin America excludes the Middle East and Africa.

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GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
September 30,	September 30,



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	----- 2002 -----	2001 -----	----- 2002 -----	2001 -----
	(dollars in millions except per share amounts)			
GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES				
Total net sales and revenues	\$43,578	\$42,475	\$138,107	\$131,310
Cost of sales and other expenses	36,774	34,946	113,517	106,757
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	6,173	5,926	17,944	17,171
Interest expense	2,036	1,888	5,916	6,238
Total costs and expenses	44,983	42,760	137,377	130,166
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests	(1,405)	(285)	730	1,144
Income tax expense	(551)	76	137	588
Equity income/(loss) and minority interests	50	(7)	123	(210)
Net income (loss)	(804)	(368)	716	346
Dividends on preference stocks	-	(25)	(47)	(76)
Earnings attributable to common stocks	\$ (804)	\$ (393)	\$ 669	\$ 270
	===	===	===	===
Basic earnings (losses) per share attributable to common stocks				
Earnings per share attributable to \$1-2/3 par value	\$ (1.42)	\$ (0.41)	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.18
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Earnings per share attributable to Class H	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.19)	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.43)
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Earnings (losses) per share attributable to common stocks assuming dilution				
Earnings per share attributable to \$1-2/3 par value	\$ (1.42)	\$ (0.41)	\$ 1.63	\$ 1.16
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Earnings per share attributable to Class H	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.19)	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.43)
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME - concluded  
(Unaudited)

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	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(dollars in millions)			
AUTOMOTIVE, COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES, AND OTHER OPERATIONS				
Total net sales and revenues	\$36,657	\$36,297	\$118,148	\$112,192
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Cost of sales and other expenses	34,868	32,861	107,540	100,537
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	3,645	4,107	11,153	11,837
Total costs and expenses	38,513	36,968	118,693	112,374
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Interest expense	242	216	706	529
Net expense from transactions with Financing and Insurance Operations	72	97	208	315
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests	(2,170)	(984)	(1,459)	(1,026)
Income tax expense (benefit)	(835)	(181)	(684)	(194)
Equity income/(loss) and minority interests	88	(1)	179	(150)
	-----	---	---	-----
Net (loss) - Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations	\$ (1,247)	\$ (804)	\$ (596)	\$ (982)
	=====	===	===	===
FINANCING AND INSURANCE OPERATIONS				
Total revenues	\$6,921	\$6,178	\$19,959	\$19,118
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Interest expense	1,794	1,672	5,210	5,709
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,395	1,477	4,109	4,429
Operating and other expenses	2,267	1,854	6,231	5,420
Provision for financing and insurance losses	772	573	2,428	1,705
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total costs and expenses	6,228	5,576	17,978	17,263
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income from transactions with Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations	(72)	(97)	(208)	(315)
	---	---	---	-----
Income before income taxes and minority interests	765	699	2,189	2,170
Income tax expense	284	257	821	782
Equity income/(loss) and minority interests	(38)	(6)	(56)	(60)
	---	---	-----	-----
Net income - Financing and Insurance Operations	\$443	\$436	\$1,312	\$1,328

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	Sept. 30, 2002	Dec. 31, 2001	Sept. 30, 2001
GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES	(Unaudited)	2001	(Unaudited)
	-----	----	-----
	(dollars in millions)		
ASSETS			
Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$14,670	\$8,432	\$7,899
Marketable securities	1,360	790	829
	-----	-----	-----
Total cash and marketable securities	16,030	9,222	8,728
Accounts and notes receivable			
(less allowances)	5,649	5,406	6,200
Inventories (less allowances)	10,673	10,034	10,508
Equipment on operating leases			
(less accumulated depreciation)	4,524	4,524	4,974
Deferred income taxes and other current assets	9,061	7,877	8,751
	-----	-----	-----
Total current assets	45,937	37,063	39,161
Equity in net assets of nonconsolidated associates	5,045	4,950	4,913
Property - net	35,071	34,908	34,555
Intangible assets - net	13,796	13,721	7,675
Deferred income taxes	22,884	22,294	15,930
Other assets	14,610	17,274	30,984
	-----	-----	-----
Total Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations assets	137,343	130,210	133,218
Financing and Insurance Operations			
Cash and cash equivalents	7,338	10,123	10,530
Investments in securities	12,828	10,669	9,598
Finance receivables - net	107,808	99,813	90,190
Investment in leases and other receivables	35,964	34,618	36,441
Other assets	46,395	36,979	33,624
Net receivable from Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations	529	1,557	1,243
	-----	-----	-----

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Total Financing and Insurance			
Operations assets	210,862	193,759	181,626
	-----	-----	-----
Total assets	\$348,205	\$323,969	\$314,844
	=====	=====	=====

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations			
Accounts payable (principally trade)	\$19,851	\$18,297	\$19,335
Loans payable	1,472	2,402	1,744
Accrued expenses	36,817	34,090	35,417
Net payable to Financing and Insurance Operations	529	1,557	1,243
	-----	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	58,669	56,346	57,739
Long-term debt	16,794	10,726	9,320
Postretirement benefits other than pensions	34,138	34,515	34,276
Pensions	9,742	10,790	3,443
Other liabilities and deferred income taxes	15,764	13,794	14,183
	-----	-----	-----
Total Automotive, Communications Services, and Other Operations liabilities	135,107	126,171	118,961
Financing and Insurance Operations			
Accounts payable	8,558	7,900	6,936
Debt	168,265	153,186	144,846
Other liabilities and deferred income taxes	16,326	16,259	14,577
	-----	-----	-----
Total Financing and Insurance Operations liabilities	193,149	177,345	166,359
	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities	328,256	303,516	285,320
Minority interests	817	746	700
Stockholders' equity			
\$1-2/3 par value common stock (issued, 561,337,257; 559,044,427; and 554,439,259 shares)	936	932	924
Class H common stock (issued, 958,110,735; 877,505,382; and 877,032,955 shares)	96	88	88
Capital surplus (principally additional paid-in capital)	21,561	21,519	21,330
Retained earnings	9,291	9,463	9,565
	-----	-----	-----
Subtotal	31,884	32,002	31,907
Accumulated foreign currency translation adjustments	(3,009)	(2,919)	(2,825)
Net unrealized loss on derivatives	(286)	(307)	(392)
Net unrealized gains on securities	141	512	179
Minimum pension liability adjustment	(9,598)	(9,581)	(45)
	-----	-----	-----
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(12,752)	(12,295)	(3,083)
	-----	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity	19,132	19,707	28,824
	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$348,205	\$323,969	\$314,844
	=====	=====	=====

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GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2002		2001	
	Automotive, Comm.Serv. and Other	Financing and Insurance	Automotive, Comm.Serv. and Other	Financing and Insurance
	(dollars in millions)			
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	\$7,931	\$7,706	\$5,509	\$902
Cash flows from investing activities				
Expenditures for property	(4,920)	(70)	(6,287)	(53)
Investments in marketable securities				
- acquisitions	(1,391)	(34,002)	(840)	(25,071)
Investments in marketable securities				
- liquidations	821	31,889	1,172	25,205
Mortgage loans held for investment - net	-	(8,812)	-	501
Mortgage servicing rights - acquisitions	-	206	-	(884)
Mortgage servicing rights - liquidations	-	1	-	17
Finance receivables - acquisitions	-	(181,246)	-	(166,597)
Finance receivables - liquidations	-	87,051	-	103,919
Proceeds from sales of finance receivables	-	85,684	-	63,798
Operating leases - acquisitions	(4,215)	(13,200)	(4,480)	(10,586)
Operating leases - liquidations	4,017	11,105	4,783	9,239
Investments in companies, net of				
cash acquired	(156)	(150)	(679)	(446)
Other	672	(169)	(146)	(391)
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,172)	(21,713)	(6,477)	(1,349)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net (decrease) increase in loans payable	(930)	8,437	(464)	(19,885)
Long-term debt - borrowings	9,697	19,582	4,533	42,791
Long-term debt - repayments	(3,731)	(17,826)	(2,673)	(13,817)
Repurchases of common and preference stocks	(97)	-	(264)	-
Proceeds from issuing common stocks	64	-	91	-
Proceeds from sales of treasury stocks	19	-	222	-
Cash dividends paid to stockholders	(887)	-	(900)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,135	10,193	545	9,089
Effect of exchange rate				
changes on cash and				

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cash equivalents	372	1	(69)	(5)
Net transactions with Automotive/ Financing Operations	(1,028)	1,028	(728)	728
	-----	-----	-----	---
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	6,238	(2,785)	(1,220)	9,365
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	8,432	10,123	9,119	1,165
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$14,670	\$7,338	\$7,899	\$10,530
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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HUGHES THIRD QUARTER 2002 RESULTS DRIVEN BY CONTINUED STRONG DIRECTV  
U.S. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

DIRECTV U.S. Revenues Increase 19% to 1,616 Million; EBITDA  
Increases Nearly Ten Fold to \$196 Million

El Segundo, Calif., October 14, 2002 - Hughes Electronics Corporation, a world-leading provider of digital television entertainment, broadband services, satellite-based private business networks, and global video and data broadcasting, today reported third quarter 2002 revenues increased 5.3% to \$2,214.2 million, compared with \$2,103.3 million in the third quarter of 2001. EBITDA for the quarter increased to \$243.5 million compared with \$76.5 million in the third quarter of last year. EBITDA margin was 11.0% in the quarter compared with an EBITDA margin of 3.6% last year. Included in the 2001 third quarter results were one time charges primarily related to severance of \$65.3 million. Excluding these charges, EBITDA was \$141.8 million and EBITDA margin was 6.7%. The operating loss for the third quarter of 2002 was \$23.0 million compared with an operating loss (excluding the severance charges) of \$138.4 million in the third quarter of 2001.

"The increases in HUGHES' third quarter revenues and EBITDA were driven mainly by superior operating performance at DIRECTV U.S.," said Jack A. Shaw, HUGHES' president and chief executive officer. "Over the past few quarters, we have implemented several changes at the DIRECTV U.S. business that were specifically designed to maximize subscriber returns and cash flow. For example, we have reduced our distribution costs while improving subscriber activation rates, changed the pricing on our programming packages to create better value for customers and improve our margins, and we continue to vigorously attack the pirates who are illegally receiving our service. As a result of these changes, we believe that we are attaining higher quality customers and achieving a better return on our subscriber investment-albeit sometimes at the expense of faster subscriber growth. Considering the 19% increase in DIRECTV U.S. quarterly revenues and a nearly ten-fold increase in EBITDA compared with last year, it is clear that these changes are generating the desired results."

Shaw continued, "In the third quarter, DIRECTV U.S added 206,000 net subscribers compared with our original estimate for the quarter of 250,000 - 300,000 subscribers. This shortfall was due to increased churn resulting from our decision to aggressively fight signal piracy by replacing customers' older

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generation conditional access cards as well as slightly lower than expected sales through our national distribution network. At the same time, consistent with our goal to maximize profitability, third quarter DIRECTV U.S. EBITDA of \$196 million was 31% higher than our original guidance."

Regarding the pending merger with EchoStar Communications, Shaw added, "We are disappointed that the Federal Communications Commission has designated the matter for administrative hearing. We will continue to work aggressively within the context of the FCC and Department of Justice processes to achieve approval of the merger."

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For the full year, HUGHES is reducing its consolidated revenue forecast to a range of \$8.9 billion to \$9.0 billion from a prior range of \$9.0 billion to \$9.2 billion and is updating its EBITDA guidance to approximately \$750 million from a range of \$750 million to \$850 million. The benefits from the increase in DIRECTV U.S.' full year revenue and EBITDA guidance due to its continued strong performance is more than offset by the negative effects from the devaluation impact on DIRECTV Latin America and the slumping telecommunications market on HNS. HUGHES is also improving its guidance for cash requirements to approximately \$700 million from a prior range of \$1.2 billion to \$1.4 billion. The improvement is mostly due to the cash provided from the sale of equity investments as well as ongoing efforts to conserve cash. Please see the table at the end of this press release for a complete listing of HUGHES' current guidance.

The improvements in DIRECTV U.S. revenues and EBITDA in the third quarter were partially offset by the further devaluation of several foreign currencies which has negatively impacted the DIRECTV business in Latin America, the absence of sales-type lease contracts at PanAmSat and lower sales in the Carrier businesses of Hughes Network Systems (HNS).

In the third quarter of 2002, HUGHES reported an operating loss of \$23.0 million compared with an operating loss of \$203.7 million in 2001. This lower operating loss was due to the higher EBITDA and the elimination of approximately \$70 million of amortization expense for goodwill and intangible assets in 2002 in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Number 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS 142). These changes were partially offset by higher depreciation expense, mostly at DIRECTV U.S. due to the launch of two new satellites and additional infrastructure expenditures made during the last year.

HUGHES had a third quarter 2002 net loss of \$13.6 million compared to a net loss of \$227.2 million in the same period of 2001. In addition to the lower operating loss, also impacting the results in the third quarter of 2002 was a pre-tax gain of \$158 million resulting from the sale of 8.8 million shares of Thomson Multimedia common stock, a \$32 million write-down of two equity investments, a pre-tax loss of \$25 million related to the sale of SkyPerfectTV! common stock and increased net interest expense. The third quarter 2001 net loss included a pre-tax charge of \$212 million from the write-down of HUGHES' SkyPerfectTV! investment, a pre-tax gain of \$108 million that resulted from the sale of 4.1 million shares of Thomson Multimedia common stock, and a favorable adjustment to the expected costs associated with the shutdown of the DIRECTV Japan business.

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For the first nine months of 2002, revenues increased 8.0% to \$6,462.1 million compared to \$5,981.4 million in the first nine months of 2001. This increase was primarily due to continued subscriber growth at DIRECTV in the United States partially offset by lower sales in the Carrier businesses of HNS and the absence of sales-type lease contracts at PanAmSat.

EBITDA through September of 2002 was \$500.8 million and EBITDA margin was 7.7%, compared to EBITDA of \$271.7 million and EBITDA margin of 4.5% in the first nine months of 2001. The 84.3% increase in EBITDA and the increase in EBITDA margin were primarily attributable to additional gross profit gained from the DIRECTV U.S. revenue growth and lower subscriber acquisition costs, a \$95 million one-time gain based on the favorable resolution of litigation related to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's (NASA) breach of contract to launch ten HUGHES' satellites, and the \$65 million charge primarily related to severance recorded in 2001. These improvements were partially offset by the devaluation of several foreign currencies and the costs associated with the 2002 World Cup in the DIRECTV Latin America business, and a one-time EBITDA charge of \$48 million related to losses associated with the final settlement of a contractual dispute with General Electric Capital Corporation (GECC).

HUGHES' operating loss for the first nine months of 2002 was \$289.3 million compared with an operating loss of \$579.2 million in the same period of 2001. The lower loss was due to the higher EBITDA and the elimination of approximately \$204 million of amortization expense for goodwill and intangible assets in 2002 in accordance with SFAS 142. These changes were partially offset by higher depreciation expense, particularly at DIRECTV U.S. due to the recent launch of two new satellites and additional infrastructure expenditures made during the last year.

For the first nine months of 2002, net losses totaled \$325.1 million compared to net losses of \$489.0 million in the same period of 2001. The lower net loss was principally due to the lower operating loss, the write-down of HUGHES' SkyPerfectTV! investment in 2001, the larger pre-tax gain on the sale of HUGHES' Thomson Multimedia common stock in 2002 compared to 2001, and an improved effective tax rate due to the favorable resolution of certain tax contingencies. These improvements were partially offset by an increase in net interest expense including a charge of \$74 million related to the GECC settlement in 2002 and the discontinuation of the minority interest adjustment related to DIRECTV Latin America.

### SEGMENT FINANCIAL REVIEW: THIRD QUARTER 2002

#### Direct-To-Home Broadcast

Third quarter 2002 revenues for the segment increased 13.3% to \$1,781.0 million from \$1,572.6 million in the third quarter of 2001. The segment had EBITDA of \$139.4 million compared with negative EBITDA of \$74.2 million in the third quarter of 2001. Operating loss was \$29.6 million in the third quarter of 2002 compared with an operating loss of \$245.4 million in the same period last year.

United States: Excluding subscribers in the National Rural Telecommunications Cooperative (NRTC) territories, DIRECTV's owned and operated gross subscriber additions in the quarter were 682,000 and after accounting for churn, DIRECTV added 206,000 net subscribers. DIRECTV owned and operated subscribers totaled 9.20 million as of September 30, 2002, 14% more than the 8.05 million cumulative subscribers attained as of September 30, 2001. For the third quarter of 2002, the total number of subscribers in NRTC territories fell by 31,000, reducing the total number of NRTC subscribers as of September 30, 2002, to 1.72 million. As a result, the DIRECTV platform ended the quarter with



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10.92 million total subscribers.

DIRECTV reported quarterly revenues of \$1,616 million, an increase of 19% from last year's third quarter revenues of \$1,363 million. The increase was due to continued subscriber growth and higher monthly revenue per subscriber.

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EBITDA for the third quarter of 2002 was \$196 million. Excluding a \$48 million one-time charge primarily related to severance, EBITDA in the same period of 2001 was \$20 million. The increased EBITDA was primarily due to the additional gross profit gained from DIRECTV's increased revenue, lower general and administrative expenses and lower subscriber acquisition costs. Operating profit in the current quarter increased to \$94 million compared with an operating loss, excluding the severance charge, of \$93 million in 2001 principally due to the improved EBITDA and reduced amortization expense in accordance with SFAS 142. These increases were partially offset by higher depreciation expense, mostly related to the launch of the DIRECTV 4S satellite in December 2001 and DIRECTV 5 in May 2002, as well as additional infrastructure expenditures made during the last year.

Please refer to the "Selected DIRECTV U.S. Financial Highlights" attachment for additional information on DIRECTV's subscribers and other important financial metrics.

DIRECTV DSL: In the third quarter of 2002, the DIRECTV DSL service added approximately 18,000 net customers. As of September 30, 2002, DIRECTV DSL had about 151,000 residential broadband customers in the United States compared with about 73,000 customers as of September 30, 2001, representing an increase of approximately 107%.

The DIRECTV DSL service had third quarter 2002 revenues of \$20 million compared with \$9 million reported in the third quarter of 2001. The increase was driven by the larger subscriber base and an increase in monthly revenue per subscriber.

DIRECTV DSL had negative EBITDA of \$27 million in the quarter compared with negative EBITDA of \$33 million in the same period last year. This improvement was driven by the additional gross profit gained from the revenue growth as well as improved operational efficiencies. DIRECTV DSL's operating loss in the third quarter of 2002 decreased to \$40 million compared with an operating loss of \$44 million in 2001 primarily due to the improved EBITDA.

Latin America: Due to extremely difficult economic conditions in several countries throughout the region, the DIRECTV service in Latin America lost 65,000 net subscribers in the third quarter of 2002. As a result, the total number of subscribers in Latin America as of the end of the quarter was approximately 1,604,000 compared with about 1,497,000 as of September 30, 2001.

Revenues for DIRECTV Latin America were \$146 million for the quarter compared with \$201 million in the third quarter of 2001. This decrease was due to the devaluation of several foreign currencies, the most significant of which was in Argentina.

DIRECTV Latin America had negative EBITDA of \$29 million in the quarter. Excluding a \$10 million one-time charge primarily related to severance, EBITDA in the same period of 2001 was negative \$7 million. The decrease in EBITDA was primarily due to the devaluation of several foreign currencies in the region. DIRECTV Latin America's operating loss increased to \$84 million in the quarter from an operating loss, excluding the severance charge, of \$53 million in the

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same period of 2001. The increased loss was due to the increased negative EBITDA and higher depreciation expense associated with additional infrastructure expenditures partially offset by reduced amortization expense in accordance with SFAS 142.

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### Satellite Services

PanAmSat, which is 81%-owned by HUGHES, generated third quarter 2002 revenues of \$199.1 million compared with \$252.9 million in the same period of the prior year. EBITDA for the quarter was \$145.4 million and EBITDA margin was 73.0%. Excluding an approximately \$7 million one-time charge primarily related to severance, EBITDA in the third quarter of 2001 was \$173.1 million and EBITDA margin was 68.5%. The decrease in revenues and EBITDA was primarily due to a \$46 million sales-type lease recorded in the third quarter of 2001. The increase in EBITDA margin was primarily due to the company's continued focus on reducing its operating costs. Operating profit for the quarter was \$66.4 million compared with operating profit, excluding the severance charge, of \$69.0 million in the third quarter of 2001. The decline was primarily due to the reduced EBITDA mostly offset by lower amortization expense in accordance with SFAS 142 and lower depreciation expense.

As of September 30, 2002, PanAmSat had contracts for satellite services representing future payments (backlog) of over \$5.50 billion compared to approximately \$5.55 billion at the end of the second quarter of 2002.

### Network Systems

Hughes Network Systems (HNS) generated third quarter 2002 revenues of \$300.2 million compared with \$339.7 million in the third quarter of 2001. The decline was due to lower sales in the Carrier businesses primarily related to the substantial completion of the XM Satellite Radio and Thuraya Satellite Telecommunications Company contracts partially offset by higher DIRECTV receiver shipments. HNS shipped 737,000 DIRECTV receiver systems in the third quarter of 2002 compared to 500,000 units in the same period last year.

Additionally, HNS added approximately 15,000 net DIRECWAY residential and small office/home office (SOHO) broadband customers in the quarter. As of September 30, 2002, DIRECWAY had approximately 138,000 residential and SOHO subscribers in North America compared to 87,000 one year ago, a 59% increase.

Excluding one-time adjustments of \$9 million for severance costs and an inventory provision, HNS reported negative EBITDA of \$16.5 million in the quarter compared to negative EBITDA of \$22.6 million in the third quarter of 2001. Improved margins in the Satellite Broadband and Set-Top Box businesses were partially offset by the lower EBITDA associated with the decline in sales in the Carrier businesses. HNS' operating loss of \$36.5 million, before the one-time adjustments, was slightly higher than the prior year's loss of \$35.1 million. The change in operating loss was attributable to the increased depreciation and amortization expense associated with additional infrastructure expenditures, partially offset by the improved EBITDA.

### BALANCE SHEET

From December 31, 2001 to September 30, 2002, the company's consolidated cash balance increased \$163.1 million to \$863.2 million and total debt increased \$728.7 million to \$3,376.0 million. The major uses of cash were \$1,030.7 million for satellite and capital expenditures, the payment of \$180 million to GECC and the final purchase price adjustment payment of \$134 million to the Raytheon

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Company. Additionally, in the first nine months of 2002 were receipts of \$215 million from an insurance claim on the PAS-7 satellite, \$211 million for the sale of Thomson Multimedia common stock and \$95 million from the resolution of the breach of contract lawsuit with NASA.

Hughes Electronics Corporation is a unit of General Motors Corporation. The earnings of Hughes Electronics are used to calculate the earnings attributable to the General Motors Class H common stock (NYSE:GMH).

A live webcast of HUGHES' third quarter 2002 earnings call will be available on the company's website at [www.hughes.com](http://www.hughes.com). The call will begin at 2:00 p.m. ET, today. The dial in number for the call is (913) 981-5572. The webcast will be archived on the Investor Relations portion of the HUGHES website and a replay will be available (dial in number: 719-457-0820, code: 278463) beginning at 2:00 p.m. ET on Wednesday, October 16.

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### Hughes Financial Guidance

	Fourth Quarter 2002	Prior Full Year 2002	Revised Full Year 2002
<b>HUGHES</b>			
Revenues	\$2.4 - \$2.5B	\$9.0 - 9.2B	\$8.9 - 9.0B
EBITDA	\$225 - \$275M	\$750 - 850M	~\$750M
Cash Requirements	~\$300M	\$1.2 - 1.4B	~\$700M
<b>DIRECTV U.S.</b>			
Revenues	~\$1.75B	~\$6.3B	~\$6.38B
EBITDA	~\$150M	\$525 - 545M#	~\$580M#
Net Subscriber Adds	250 - 300K##	~1.2M##	1.0 - 1.05M##
<b>DIRECTV DSL</b>			
Revenues	\$20 -25M	~\$75M	No Change
EBITDA	~\$(30)M	\$(110) - (120)M	No Change
Net Subscriber Adds	10 - 25K	70 - 85K	No Change
<b>DIRECTV Latin America</b>			
Revenues	\$130 - 160M	\$745-765M	\$670 - 700M
EBITDA	\$(10) - 10M	\$(135) - (155)M	\$(180) - (200)M
Net Subscriber Adds	~0	120 - 140K	~0

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### Hughes Network Systems

Revenues	~\$400M	~\$1.3B	~\$1.2B
EBITDA	\$ (5) - 5M	\$ (50) - (75)M	\$ (85) - (95)M
DIRECWAY Net Sub Adds	~35K	~100K	~75K

### PanAmSat

Revenues	\$190 - 200M	\$790 - 825M	\$805 - 815M
New Outright Sales and Sales-Type Leases	None	None	No Change
EBITDA Margin	~72%	70% or higher	72% or higher
EBITDA	\$135 - 150M	\$570 - 590M	\$580 - 595M

# Excludes \$56 million EBITDA charge for loss related to GECC lawsuit

## Excludes subscribers in NRTC territories

(1) EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) is the sum of operating profit (loss) and depreciation and amortization. EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing EBITDA by total revenues. EBITDA is not presented as an alternative measure of operating results or cash flow from operations, as determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. EBITDA does not reflect the funds available for investment in the business of HUGHES, dividends or other discretionary uses. EBITDA as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

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### Selected DIRECTV U.S. Financial Highlights

DIRECTV U.S. Key Performance Metrics	Quarters Ended				
	9/30/01	12/31/01	3/31/02	6/30/02	9/30/02
Average Revenue per User (ARPU), \$ (1)	\$57.30	\$61.35	\$56.70	\$58.10	\$59.20
Subscriber Acquisition Cost (SAC) \$ (2)	\$560	\$565	\$525	\$530	\$535
Churn, % (3)	1.9%	1.7%	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%
Pre-Marketing Cash Flow (PMCF), %	40%	38%	39%	40%	41%

### Subscriber Detail (in millions)

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DIRECTV - Owned & Operated					
Residential	7.55	7.88	8.27	8.46	8.68
Commercial	0.31	0.33	0.34	0.37	0.38
Suspended	0.19	0.23	0.18	0.16	0.14
Total DIRECTV - Owned & Operated (4)	8.05	8.44	8.79	8.99	9.20
NRTC, Total (5)	1.87	1.89	1.75	1.75	1.72
Grand Total	9.92	10.33	10.54	10.74	10.92

- (1) Total revenue divided by average period-end total DIRECTV Owned & Operated customers
- (2) Sales and marketing acquisition costs divided by DIRECTV Owned & Operated customer gross adds in the period; includes advanced and leased set-top boxes
- (3) Net customer disconnects divided by average period-end DIRECTV Owned and Operated customers
- (4) Excludes pending customers to reflect policy change effective 1/1/02
- (5) Reflects DIRECTV billing system data except Q1 and Q2 2002 which also reflect Pegasus Communications Corp. policy change and adjustments reported in Pegasus' Form 10Q filings

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND  
AVAILABLE SEPARATE CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME (LOSS)  
(Dollars in Millions)  
(Unaudited)

	Third Quarter		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Revenues				
Direct broadcast, leasing and other services	\$1,972.3	\$1,830.9	\$5,834.3	\$5,267.7
Product sales	241.9	272.4	627.8	713.7
Total Revenues	2,214.2	2,103.3	6,462.1	5,981.4
Operating Costs and Expenses, Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization Expense Shown Below				
Broadcast programming and other costs	957.2	830.1	2,939.3	2,355.4
Cost of products sold	209.5	246.7	567.2	590.4
Selling, general and administrative expenses	804.0	950.0	2,454.8	2,763.9
Depreciation and amortization	266.5	280.2	790.1	850.9
Total Operating Costs and Expenses	2,237.2	2,307.0	6,751.4	6,560.6
Operating Loss	(23.0)	(203.7)	(289.3)	(579.2)

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Interest income	5.4	9.4	17.1	52.2
Interest expense	(76.4)	(40.6)	(275.1)	(134.0)
Other, net	78.7	(86.3)	46.0	(90.0)
-----				
Loss Before Income Taxes, Minority Interests and Cumulative Effect of Accounting Change	(15.3)	(321.2)	(501.3)	(751.0)
Income tax benefit	5.8	93.1	190.5	217.8
Minority interests in net (earnings) losses of subsidiar	(4.1)	0.9	(14.3)	51.6
-----				
Loss before cumulative effect of accounting change	(13.6)	(227.2)	(325.1)	(481.6)
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of taxes	-	-	-	(7.4)
-----				
Net Loss	(13.6)	(227.2)	(325.1)	(489.0)
Adjustment to exclude the effect of GM purchase accounting	-	0.9	-	2.5
-----				
Loss excluding the effect of GM purchase accounting	(13.6)	(226.3)	(325.1)	(486.5)
Preferred stock dividends	-	(24.1)	(46.9)	(72.3)
-----				
Loss Used for Computation of Available Separate Consolidated Net Income (Loss)	\$ (13.6)	\$ (250.4)	\$ (372.0)	\$ (558.8)
=====				
Available Separate Consolidated Net Income (Loss)				
Average number of shares of General Motors Class H Common Stock outstanding (in millions) (Numerator)	958.1	876.8	906.6	876.0
Average Class H dividend base (in millions) (Denominator)	1,381.7	1,300.5	1,330.2	1,299.7
Available Separate Consolidated Net Income (Loss)	\$ (9.4)	\$ (168.8)	\$ (253.5)	\$ (376.6)
=====				

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(Dollars in Millions)

	September 30, 2002 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2001
-----		
ASSETS		
-----		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$863.2	\$700.1
Accounts and notes receivable	1,068.8	1,090.5
Contracts in process	142.8	153.1
Inventories	272.6	360.1
Deferred income taxes	143.6	118.9
Prepaid expenses and other	955.7	918.4
-----		

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Total Current Assets	3,446.7	3,341.1
Satellites, net	4,940.2	4,806.6
Property, net	2,138.6	2,197.8
Goodwill, net	6,715.3	6,496.6
Intangible Assets, net	445.9	660.2
Net Investment in Sales-type Leases	167.8	227.0
Investments and Other Assets	910.2	1,480.8

Total Assets	\$18,764.7	\$19,210.1
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LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$1,143.9	\$1,227.5
Deferred revenues	190.4	178.5
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	985.4	1,658.5
Accrued liabilities and other	1,230.9	1,342.0

Total Current Liabilities	3,550.6	4,406.5
Long-Term Debt	2,390.6	988.8
Other Liabilities and Deferred Credits	1,250.2	1,465.1
Deferred Income Taxes	560.5	746.5
Commitments and Contingencies		
Minority Interests	547.6	531.3
Stockholder's Equity	10,465.2	11,071.9

Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$18,764.7	\$19,210.1
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Holders of GM Class H common stock have no direct rights in the equity or assets of Hughes, but rather have rights in the equity and assets of General Motors (which includes 100% of the stock of Hughes).

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SELECTED SEGMENT DATA  
(Dollars in Millions)  
(Unaudited)

	Third Quarter		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
DIRECT-TO-HOME BROADCAST				
Total Revenues	\$1,781.0	\$ 1,572.6	\$ 5,218.5	\$ 4,590.2
EBITDA (1)	\$ 139.4	\$ (74.2)	\$ 97.4	\$ (69.5)
EBITDA Margin (1)	7.8%	N/A	1.9%	N/A
Operating Loss	\$ (29.6)	\$ (245.4)	\$ (381.5)	\$ (573.8)
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 169.0	\$ 171.2	\$ 478.9	\$ 504.3
Capital Expenditures	\$ 103.9	\$ 168.6	\$ 400.6	\$ 522.5

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SATELLITE SERVICES				
Total Revenues	\$ 199.1	\$ 252.9	\$ 615.5	\$ 666.4
EBITDA (1)	\$ 145.4	\$ 166.2	\$ 447.2	\$ 440.7
EBITDA Margin (1)	73.0%	65.7%	72.7%	66.1%
Operating Profit	\$ 66.4	\$ 62.1	\$ 184.5	\$ 136.0
Operating Profit Margin	33.4%	24.6%	30.0%	20.4%
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 79.0	\$ 104.1	\$ 262.7	\$ 304.7
Capital Expenditures	\$ 76.5	\$ 80.3	\$ 260.0	\$ 241.7
-----				
NETWORK SYSTEMS				
Total Revenues	\$ 300.2	\$ 339.7	\$ 797.4	\$ 890.1
EBITDA (1)	\$ (25.5)	\$ (22.6)	\$ (88.1)	\$ (97.7)
Operating Loss	\$ (45.5)	\$ (35.1)	\$ (142.7)	\$ (144.2)
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 20.0	\$ 12.5	\$ 54.6	\$ 46.5
Capital Expenditures	\$ 99.3	\$ 121.9	\$ 315.4	\$ 467.2
-----				
ELIMINATIONS and OTHER				
Total Revenues	\$ (66.1)	\$ (61.9)	\$ (169.3)	\$ (165.3)
EBITDA (1)	\$ (15.8)	\$ 7.1	\$ 44.3	\$ (1.8)
Operating Profit (Loss)	\$ (14.3)	\$ 14.7	\$ 50.4	\$ 2.8
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ (1.5)	\$ (7.6)	\$ (6.1)	\$ (4.6)
Capital Expenditures	\$ 22.6	\$ (4.8)	\$ 54.7	\$ (4.0)
-----				
TOTAL				
Total Revenues	\$2,214.2	\$ 2,103.3	\$ 6,462.1	\$ 5,981.4
EBITDA (1)	\$ 243.5	\$ 76.5	\$ 500.8	\$ 271.7
EBITDA Margin (1)	11.0%	3.6%	7.7%	4.5%
Operating Loss	\$ (23.0)	\$ (203.7)	\$ (289.3)	\$ (579.2)
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 266.5	\$ 280.2	\$ 790.1	\$ 850.9
Capital Expenditures	\$ 302.3	\$ 366.0	\$ 1,030.7	\$ 1,227.4
=====				

1 EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) is the sum of operating profit (loss) and depreciation and amortization. EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing EBITDA by total revenues. EBITDA is not presented as an alternative measure of operating results or cash flow from operations, as determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. EBITDA does not reflect the funds available for investment in the business of HUGHES, dividends or other discretionary uses. EBITDA as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION

-----  
(Registrant)

Date      October 15, 2002

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By

/s/Peter R. Bible

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(Peter R. Bible,  
Chief Accounting Officer)