FIRST MID ILLINOIS BANCSHARES INC Form 10-Q November 09, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SE	CTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2011	
Oi	r
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC	CTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the transition period from to _	
Commission file	number 0-13368
FIRST MID-ILLINOIS	RANCSHARES INC
(Exact name of Registrant	•
(Exact name of Registrant)	as specified in its charter)
Delaware	37-1103704
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. employer identification no.)
incorporation or organization)	
1401 (1 1 4 4	
1421 Charleston Avenue,	(1000
Mattoon, Illinois	61938
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip code)
(217) 23	4-7454
(Registrant's telephone nun	
(6	
1515 Charleston Avenue,	
Mattoon, Illinois	
(Former address—changed since last report)	

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

PART I

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	(Unaudited)	
Condensed Consolidated Butainee Sheets	September	December
(In thousands, except share data)	30,	31,
(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2011	2010
Assets		
Cash and due from banks:		
Non-interest bearing	\$28,052	\$21,008
Interest bearing	40,419	130,485
Federal funds sold	80,968	80,000
Cash and cash equivalents	149,439	231,493
Certificates of deposit investments	12,781	10,000
Investment securities:		
Available-for-sale, at fair value	449,749	342,816
Held-to-maturity, at amortized cost (estimated fair value of \$51		
at September 30, 2011 and \$53 at December 31, 2010)	50	50
Loans held for sale	1,458	114
Loans	814,033	804,467
Less allowance for loan losses	(10,429)	(10,393)
Net loans	803,604	794,074
Interest receivable	6,685	6,390
Other real estate owned	4,858	6,127
Premises and equipment, net	30,851	28,544
Goodwill, net	25,753	25,753
Intangible assets, net	4,210	5,068
Other assets	14,515	17,816
Total assets	\$1,503,953	\$1,468,245
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Deposits:		
Non-interest bearing	\$203,415	\$183,932
Interest bearing	995,474	1,028,778
Total deposits	1,198,889	1,212,710
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	116,395	94,057
Interest payable	492	701
FHLB borrowings	19,750	22,750
Junior subordinated debentures	20,620	20,620
Other liabilities	6,815	5,142
Total liabilities	1,362,961	1,355,980
Stockholders' Equity		
Convertible preferred stock, no par value; authorized 1,000,000 shares;		
issued 8,777 shares in 2011 and 4,927 shares in 2010	43,885	24,635
Common stock, \$4 par value; authorized 18,000,000 shares;		
issued 7,537,363 shares in 2011 and 7,477,132 shares in 2010	30,149	29,909
Additional paid-in capital	29,172	28,223
Retained earnings	70,669	66,356
Deferred compensation	2,879	2,929
Accumulated other comprehensive gain (loss)	4,043	(2,066)

Less treasury stock at cost, 1,526,662 shares in 2011		
and 1,418,456 shares in 2010	(39,805)	(37,721)
Total stockholders' equity	140,992	112,265
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,503,953	\$1,468,245

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)								
(In thousands, except per share data)								
		Three months ended September 30,			Nine months end September 30,			
		emb				temt	·	
Interest income:	2011		2010		2011		2010	
Interest and fees on loans	\$11,204		\$10,208		\$33,947		\$29,944	
Interest and rees on roams Interest on investment securities	2,891	,	2,173		8,063		6,589	
Interest on certificates of deposit investments	20		26		60		88	
Interest on federal funds sold	15		21		55		58	
Interest on deposits with other financial institutions	38		36		194		66	
Total interest income	14,168		12,464		42,319		36,745	
Interest expense:								
Interest on deposits	1,663		2,141		5,260		6,412	
Interest on securities sold under agreements to repurchase	47		36		122		97	
Interest on FHLB borrowings	185		234		579		859	
Interest on other borrowings	-		7		-		8	
Interest on subordinated debentures	131		268		632		790	
Total interest expense	2,026		2,686		6,593		8,166	
Net interest income	12,142		9,778		35,726		28,579	
Provision for loan losses	728		884		2,584		2,727	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses Other income:	11,414		8,894		33,142		25,852	
Trust revenues	661		619		2,181		1,838	
Brokerage commissions	178		130		485		395	
Insurance commissions	385		365		1,503		1,453	
Service charges	1,286		1,190		3,583		3,447	
Securities gains, net	35		297		412		543	
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses	(338)	(1,047)	(584)	(1,599)
Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive loss	_		622		-		196	
Other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in								
earnings	(338)	(425)	(584)	(1,403)
Mortgage banking revenue, net	189		231		428		432	
ATM / debit card revenue	882		703		2,603		2,013	
Other	422		542		1,153		1,045	
Total other income	3,700		3,652		11,764		9,763	
Other expense:	5 40 4		4 422		16.402		12.050	
Salaries and employee benefits	5,424		4,423		16,483		13,078	
Net occupancy and equipment expense	2,058		1,483		6,008		4,046	
Net other real estate owned expense FDIC insurance	455 217		573 374		1,052 937		720	
Amortization of intangible assets	286		176		858		1,036 528	
Stationery and supplies	143		168		432		417	
Legal and professional	586		711		1,666		1,842	
Marketing and donations	320		212		779		622	
Other	1,375		1,416		3,952		3,745	
Total other expense	10,864		9,536		32,167		26,034	
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Income before income taxes	4,250	3,010	12,739	9,581
Income taxes	1,571	998	4,637	3,239
Net income	2,679	2,012	8,102	6,342
Dividends on preferred shares	919	554	2,637	1,685
Net income available to common stockholders	\$1,760	\$1,458	\$5,465	\$4,657
Per share data:				
Basic net income per common share available to common				
stockholders	\$0.29	\$0.24	\$0.90	\$0.76
Diluted net income per common share available to common				
stockholders	\$0.29	\$0.24	\$0.90	\$0.76
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$-	\$-	\$0.19	\$0.19

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)			ns ended er 30,	
(In thousands)	2011	21110	2010	
Cash flows from operating activities:			2010	
Net income	\$8,102		\$6,342	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	+ -,		, -,- :-	
Provision for loan losses	2,584		2,727	
Depreciation, amortization and accretion, net	3,958		2,562	
Stock-based compensation expense	106		39	
Gains on investment securities, net	(412)	(543)
Other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings	584		1,403	
(Gains) losses on sales of other real property owned, net	712		(158)
Loss on write down of fixed assets	1		2	,
Gains on sale of loans held for sale, net	(426)	(453)
Origination of loans held for sale	•)	(34,223)
Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	33,289		34,563	
Increase in other assets	(2,366)	(5,569)
Increase in other liabilities	3,136	,	2,564	
Net cash provided by operating activities	15,061		9,256	
Cash flows from investing activities:	- ,		.,	
Proceeds from maturities of certificates of deposit investments	8,611		9,066	
Purchases of certificates of deposit investments	(11,392)	(9,623)
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale	11,140		10,936	
Proceeds from maturities of securities available-for-sale	119,780		76,485	
Proceeds from maturities of securities held-to-maturity	-		995	
Purchases of securities available-for-sale	(229,276)	(144,002)
Net (increase) decrease in loans	•)	35,191	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(4,145)	(1,510)
Proceeds from sales of other real property owned	2,056		5,855	
Net cash acquired from acquisition	-		180,074	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(115,340)	163,467	
Cash flows from financing activities:	,	ĺ		
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	(13,821)	25,884	
Increase in repurchase agreements	22,338	ĺ	9,914	
Repayment of long term FHLB advances	(3,000)	(10,000)
Proceeds from short term debt	-		3,000	
Repayment of short term debt	-		(3,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	326		295	
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	19,250		-	
Purchase of treasury stock	(2,015)	(958)
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(3,156)	(1,062)
Dividends paid on common stock	(1,697)	(1,714)
Net cash provided by financing activities	18,225		22,359	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(82,054)	195,082	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	231,493		90,411	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$149,439		\$285,493	

	1 (1110 1111	onths ended ember 30,
	2011	2010
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$6,802	\$8,234
Income taxes	2,397	5,048
Supplemental disclosures of noncash investing and financing activities		
Loans transferred to other real estate owned	1,500	8,127
Dividends reinvested in common stock	641	645
Net tax benefit related to option and deferred compensation plans	31	46

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1 -- Basis of Accounting and Consolidation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of First Mid-Illinois Bancshares, Inc. ("Company") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: Mid-Illinois Data Services, Inc. ("MIDS"), First Mid-Illinois Bank & Trust, N.A. ("First Mid Bank") and The Checkley Agency, Inc. doing business as First Mid Insurance Group ("First Mid Insurance"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial information reflects all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Certain amounts in the prior year's consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the September 30, 2011 presentation and there was no impact on net income or stockholders' equity. The results of the interim period ended September 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year ending December 31, 2011. The Company operates as a one-segment entity for financial reporting purposes.

The 2010 year-end consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and do not include all of the information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for complete financial statements and related footnote disclosures although the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Website

The Company maintains a website at www.firstmid.com. All periodic and current reports of the Company and amendments to these reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") can be accessed, free of charge, through this website as soon as reasonably practicable after these materials are filed with the SEC.

Stock Plans

At the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held May 23, 2007, the stockholders approved the First Mid-Illinois Bancshares, Inc. 2007 Stock Incentive Plan ("SI Plan"). The SI Plan was implemented to succeed the Company's 1997 Stock Incentive Plan, which had a ten-year term that expired October 21, 2007. The SI Plan is intended to provide a means whereby directors, employees, consultants and advisors of the Company and its subsidiaries may sustain a sense of proprietorship and personal involvement in the continued development and financial success of the Company and its subsidiaries, thereby advancing the interests of the Company and its stockholders. Accordingly, directors and selected employees, consultants and advisors may be provided the opportunity to acquire shares of common stock of the Company on the terms and conditions established in the SI Plan.

On September 27, 2011, the Board of Directors passed a resolution relating to the SI Plan whereby they authorized and approved the Executive Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP"). The LTIP was implemented to provide methodology for granting Stock Awards and Stock Unit Awards to select senior executives of the Company or any Subsidiary.

A maximum of 300,000 shares of common stock may be issued under the SI Plan. As of December 31, 2010, the Company had awarded 59,500 shares as stock options under the SI plan. During the third quarter of 2011, the Company awarded 8,161 shares as 50% Stock Awards and 50% Stock Unit Awards under the SI plan. There were no stock options awarded during 2011.

Convertible Preferred Stock

Series B Convertible Preferred Stock. During 2009, the Company sold to certain accredited investors including directors, executive officers, and certain major customers and holders of the Company's common stock, \$24,635,000, in the aggregate, of a newly authorized series of its preferred stock designated as Series B 9% Non-Cumulative Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series B Preferred Stock"). The Series B Preferred Stock had an issue price of \$5,000 per share and no par value per share. The Series B Preferred Stock was issued in a private placement exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The Series B Preferred Stock pays non-cumulative dividends semiannually in arrears, when, as and if authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company, at a rate of 9% per year. Holders of the Series B Preferred Stock will have no voting rights, except with respect to certain fundamental changes in the terms of the Series B Preferred Stock and certain other matters. In addition, if dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock are not paid in full for four dividend periods, whether consecutive or not, the holders of the Series B Preferred Stock, acting as a class with any other of the Company's securities having similar voting rights, will have the right to elect two directors to the Company's Board of Directors. The terms of office of these directors will end when the Company has paid or set aside for payment full semi-annual dividends for four consecutive dividend periods.

Each share of the Series B Preferred Stock may be converted at any time at the option of the holder into shares of the Company's common stock. The number of shares of common stock into which each share of the Series B Preferred Stock is convertible is the \$5,000 liquidation preference per share divided by the Conversion Price initially set at \$21.94. The Conversion Price is subject to adjustment from time to time pursuant to the terms of the Certificate of Designation (the "Series B Certificate of Designation"). If at the time of conversion, there are any authorized, declared and unpaid dividends with respect to a converted share of Series B Preferred Stock, the holder will receive cash in lieu of the dividends, and a holder will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares of common stock following conversion.

After November 16, 2014, the Company may, at its option but subject to the Company's receipt of any required prior approvals from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or any other regulatory authority, redeem the Series B Preferred Stock. Any redemption will be in exchange for cash in the amount of \$5,000 per share, plus any authorized, declared and unpaid dividends, without accumulation of any undeclared dividends.

The Company also has the right at any time on or after November 16, 2014 to require the conversion of all (but not less than all) of the Series B Preferred Stock into shares of common stock if, on the date notice of mandatory conversion is given to holders, the book value of the Company's common stock equals or exceeds 115% of the book value of the Company's common stock at September 30, 2008. "Book value of the Company's common stock" at any date means the result of dividing the Company's total common stockholders' equity at that date, determined in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, by the number of shares of common stock then outstanding, net of any shares held in the treasury. The book value of the Company's common stock at September 30, 2008 was \$13.03, and 115% of this amount is approximately \$14.98. The book value of the Company's common stock at September 30, 2011 was \$16.16.

Pursuant to Section 3(j) of the Series B Certification of Designation, the conversion price for the Series B Preferred Stock, which was initially set at \$21.94, was required to be adjusted if, among other things, the initial conversion price of any subsequently issued series of preferred stock was lower than the then current conversion price of the Series B Preferred Stock. As a result of the Series C Preferred Stock (see below) having an initial conversion price of less than \$21.94, the conversion price of the Series B Preferred Stock was adjusted pursuant to the terms of the Series B Certificate of Designation based on the amount of Series C Preferred Stock sold on February 11, 2011, March 2, 2011 and May 13, 2011. The new conversion price of the Series B Preferred Stock, certified by the Company's accountant pursuant to Section 3(j) of the Series B Certificate of Designation, is \$21.71. If additional Series C Preferred Stock is sold following an Investor's receipt of applicable bank regulatory approval, subsequent adjustments will be made to the conversion price of the Series B Preferred Stock

Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. On February 11, 2011, the Company accepted from certain accredited investors, including directors, executive officers, and certain major customers and holders of the Company's common stock (collectively, the "Investors"), subscriptions for the purchase of \$27,500,000, in the aggregate, of a newly authorized series of preferred stock designated as Series C 8% Non-Cumulative Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series C Preferred Stock"). As of February 11, 2011, \$11,010,000 of the Series C Preferred Stock had been issued and sold by the Company to certain Investors. On March 2, 2011, three investors subsequently completed the required bank regulatory process and an additional \$2,750,000 of Series C Preferred Stock was issued and sold by the Company to these investors. On May 13, 2011, four additional investors received the required bank regulatory approval and an additional \$5,490,000 of Series C Preferred Stock was issued and sold by the Company to these investors. The balance of the Series C Preferred Stock will be issued to the remaining Investors upon the completion of the bank regulatory process applicable to their purchases.

The Series C Preferred Stock has an issue price of \$5,000 per share and no par value per share. The Series C Preferred Stock was issued in a private placement exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The Series C Preferred Stock pays non-cumulative dividends semiannually in arrears, when, as and if authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company, at a rate of 8% per year. Holders of the Series C Preferred Stock will have no voting rights, except with respect to certain fundamental changes in the terms of the Series C Preferred Stock and certain other matters. In addition, if dividends on the Series C Preferred Stock are not paid in full for four dividend periods, whether consecutive or not, the holders of the Series C Preferred Stock, acting as a class with any other of the Company's securities having similar voting rights, including the Company's Series B Preferred Stock, will have the right to elect two directors to the Company's Board of Directors. The terms of office of these directors will end when the Company has paid or set aside for payment full semi-annual dividends for four consecutive dividend periods.

Each share of the Series C Preferred Stock may be converted at any time at the option of the holder into shares of the Company's common stock. The number of shares of common stock into which each share of the Series C Preferred Stock is convertible is the \$5,000 liquidation preference per share divided by the Conversion Price of \$20.29. The Conversion Price is subject to adjustment from time to time pursuant to the terms of the Series C Certificate of Designation. If at the time of conversion, there are any authorized, declared and unpaid dividends with respect to a converted share of Series C Preferred Stock, the holder will receive cash in lieu of the dividends, and a holder will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares of common stock following conversion.

After May 13, 2016 the Company may, at its option but subject to the Company's receipt of any required prior approvals from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or any other regulatory authority, redeem the Series C Preferred Stock. Any redemption will be in exchange for cash in the amount of \$5,000 per share, plus any authorized, declared and unpaid dividends, without accumulation of any undeclared dividends.

The Company also has the right at any time after May 13, 2016 to require the conversion of all (but not less than all) of the Series C Preferred Stock into shares of common stock if, on the date notice of mandatory conversion is given to holders, (a) the tangible book value per share of the Company's common stock equals or exceeds 115% of the tangible book value per share of the Company's common stock at December 31, 2010, and (b) the NASDAQ Bank Index (denoted by CBNK:IND) equals or exceeds 115% of the NASDAQ Bank Index at December 31, 2010. "Tangible book value per share of our common stock" at any date means the result of dividing the Company's total common stockholders equity at that date, less the amount of goodwill and intangible assets, determined in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, by the number of shares of common stock then outstanding, net of any shares held in the treasury. The tangible book value of the Company's common stock at December 31, 2010 was \$9.38, and 115% of this amount is approximately \$10.79. The NASDAQ Bank Index value at December 31, 2010 was 1,847.35 and 115% of this amount is approximately 2,124.45. The tangible book value of the Company's common stock at September 30, 2011 was \$1.17 and the NASDAQ Bank Index value at September 30, 2011 was 1,388.07.

Comprehensive Income

The Company's comprehensive income for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 was as follows (in thousands):

	Three 1	months ended	Nine mon	ths ended
	Sep	September 30,		ber 30,
	20	11 2010	2011	2010
Net income	\$2,679	\$2,012	\$8,102	\$6,342
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gains on securities available-for-sale	3,048	676	9,839	3,412
Non-credit component of unrealized gains (losses) on				
securities available-for-sale for which a portion of an				
other-than-temporary impairment has been recognized in				
income	-	(1,047)	-	(1,599)
Other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in				
earnings	338	425	584	1,403
Reclassification adjustment for realized gains included in				
income	(35) (297)	(412)	(543)
Other comprehensive income before taxes	3,351	(243)	10,011	2,673
Tax expense	(1,306) 95	(3,902)	(1,041)
Total other comprehensive income	2,045	(148)	6,109	1,632
Comprehensive income	\$4,724	\$1,864	\$14,211	\$7,974

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income included in stockholders' equity are as follows:

	Unrealized	d			
	Gain				
	(Loss) on	l	Securities with		
	Available	;			
	for Sale	(Other-Than-Temporar	·y	
September 30, 2011	Securities		Impairment Losses	Tot	al
Net unrealized gains on securities available-for-sale	\$11,917		\$ -	\$11,91	7
Securities with other-than-temporary impairment losses	-		(5,291) (5,29	1)
Tax benefit (expense)	(4,645)	2,062	(2,58	3)
Balance at September 30, 2011	\$7,272		\$ (3,229) \$4,043	}
	Unrealized	d			
	Gain				
	(Loss) on	l	Securities with		
	Available	,			
	for Sale	(Other-Than-Temporar	·y	
December 31, 2010	Securities		Impairment Losses	Tot	al
Net unrealized gains on securities available-for-sale	\$2,629		\$ -	\$2,629)
Securities with other-than-temporary impairment losses	-		(6,014) (6,01	
Tax benefit (expense)	(1,025)	2,344	1,319	
\ 1 /	, ,		,	,	

Balance at December 31, 2010	\$1,604	\$	(3,670) \$(2,066)
See "Note 3 – Investment Securities" for more detailed inform securities.	ation regarding t	ınrealiz	ed losses or	n available-for-sale

Adoption of New Accounting Guidance

Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2010-20 — Receivables (Topic 310): Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses. In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-20. The ASU requires expanded disclosure about the credit quality of the loan portfolio in the notes to financial statements, such as aging information and credit quality indicators. Both new and existing disclosures must be disaggregated by portfolio segment or class. The disclosures related to period-end balances and the disclosures of activity that occurs during the reporting period were effective for annual or interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010. The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") elected to defer the disclosures related to troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") included within ASU No. 2010-20. These disclosures did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASU No. 2011-02 – A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring is a Troubled Debt Restructuring. In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-02. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-02 provide additional guidance related to determining whether a creditor has granted a concession, include factors and examples for creditors to consider in evaluating whether a restructuring results in a delay in payment that is insignificant, prohibit creditors from using the borrower's effective rate test to evaluate whether a concession has been granted to the borrower, and add factors for creditors to use in determining whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. A provision in ASU No. 2011-02 also ends the FASB's deferral of the additional disclosures about troubled debt restructurings as required by ASU No. 2010-20. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-02 are effective for reporting periods ending on or after September 30, 2011. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-02 guidance did not result in any additional loans being classified as TDRs and had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASU No. 2011-04 -- Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs. In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04. ASU 2011-04 changes the wording used to describe many of the requirements in U.S. GAAP for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements. Consequently, the amendments in this update result in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements in U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). ASU 2011-04 is effective prospectively during interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. Early application by public entities is not permitted. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-04 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASU No. 2011-05 – Presentation of Comprehensive Income. In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-05 allow an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. The statement(s) are required to be presented with equal prominence as the other primary financial statements. ASU No. 2011-05 eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in shareholders' equity but does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-05 are effective for the Company's interim reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2011, with retrospective application required. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-05 is expected to result in presentation changes to the Company's statements of income and the addition of a statement of comprehensive income. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-05 will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASU 2011-08 — Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment. In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-08. ASU 2011-08 amends Topic 350 to permit an entity the option to first assess qualitative

factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the two-step goodwill impairment test. Under the amendments in this guidance, an entity has the option to bypass the qualitative assessment for any reporting unit in any period and proceed directly to performing the first step of the two-step goodwill impairment test. An entity may resume performing the qualitative assessment in any subsequent period. The amendments do not change the current guidance for testing other indefinite lived intangible assets for impairment. The amendments are effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Note 2 -- Earnings Per Share

Basic net income per common share available to common stockholders is calculated as net income less preferred stock dividends divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net income per common share available to common stockholders is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, increased by the assumed conversion of the Company's convertible preferred stock and the Company's stock options, unless anti-dilutive.

The components of basic and diluted net income per common share available to common stockholders for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

	Three months ended		Nine mon	ths ended
	September 30,		Septem	ber 30,
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Basic Net Income per Common Share				
Available to Common Stockholders:				
Net income	\$2,679,000	\$2,012,000	\$8,102,000	\$6,342,000
Preferred stock dividends	(919,000)	(554,000)	(2,637,000)	(1,685,000)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$1,760,000	\$1,458,000	\$5,465,000	\$4,657,000
Weighted average common shares outstanding	6,023,521	6,096,090	6,051,481	6,098,631
Basic earnings per common share	\$.29	\$.24	\$.90	\$.76
Diluted Net Income per Common Share				
Available to Common Stockholders:				
Net income available to common stockholders	\$1,760,000	\$1,458,000	\$5,465,000	\$4,657,000
Effect of assumed preferred stock conversion	-	-	-	-
Net income applicable to diluted earnings per share	\$1,760,000	\$1,458,000	\$5,465,000	\$4,657,000
Weighted average common shares outstanding	6,023,521	6,096,090	6,051,481	6,098,631
Dilutive potential common shares:				
Assumed conversion of stock options	11,769	30,479	12,415	29,006
Restricted stock awarded	128	-	128	-
Assumed conversion of preferred stock	-	-	-	-
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	6,035,418	6,126,569	6,064,024	6,127,637
Diluted earnings per common share	\$.29	\$.24	\$.90	\$.76

The following shares were not considered in computing diluted earnings per share for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 because they were anti-dilutive:

	Three months ended		Nine mon	ths ended
	September 30,		Septem	ber 30,
	2011 2010		2011	2010
Stock options to purchase shares of common stock	202,970	202,970	202,970	202,970
Average dilutive potential common shares associated with				
convertible preferred stock	2,078,788	1,118,429	1,960,390	1,118,429

Note 3 -- Investment Securities

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and estimated fair values for available-for-sale and held-to-maturity securities by major security type at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were as follows (in thousands):

		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
September 30, 2011	Cost	Gains	(Losses)	Value
Available-for-sale:				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations				

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of U.S. government corporations & agencies	\$167,828	\$1,660	\$-	\$169,488
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	34,327	2,035	-	36,362
Mortgage-backed securities: GSE residential	225,439	8,595	-	234,034
Trust preferred securities	5,994	-	(5,291) 703
Other securities	9,535	-	(373) 9,162
Total available-for-sale	\$443,123	\$12,290	\$(5,664) \$449,749
Held-to-maturity:				
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$50	\$1	\$-	\$51

		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
December 31, 2010	Cost	Gains	(Losses)	Value
Available-for-sale:				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations				
of U.S. government corporations & agencies	\$152,086	\$1,319	\$(1,024) \$152,381
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	26,549	591	(226) 26,914
Mortgage-backed securities: GSE residential	158,936	3,477	(1,482) 160,931
Trust preferred securities	6,595	-	(6,014) 581
Other securities	2,035	-	(26) 2,009
Total available-for-sale	\$346,201	\$5,387	\$(8,772) \$342,816
Held-to-maturity:				
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$50	\$3	\$-	\$53

The trust preferred securities are four trust preferred pooled securities issued by First Tennessee Financial ("FTN"). The unrealized losses of these securities, which have maturities ranging from four years to twenty-nine years, are primarily due to their long-term nature, a lack of demand or inactive market for these securities, and concerns regarding the underlying financial institutions that have issued the trust preferred securities. See the heading "Trust Preferred Securities" for further information regarding these securities.

Realized gains and losses resulting from sales of securities were as follows during the periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 and the year ended December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	Septemb	er September	December
	3	0, 30,	31,
	20	11 2010	2010
Gross gains	\$412	\$543	\$543
Gross losses	-	-	-

The following table indicates the expected maturities of investment securities classified as available-for-sale and held-to-maturity, presented at fair value, at September 30, 2011 and the weighted average yield for each range of maturities (dollars in thousands).

	One year	After 1 through	After 5 through	After ten	
	or less	5 years	10 years	years	Total
Available-for-sale:					
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations	of				
U.S. government corporations and					
agencies	\$139,698	\$26,801	\$2,989	\$-	\$169,488
Obligations of state and					
political subdivisions	227	12,023	23,714	398	36,362
Mortgage-backed securities: GSE					
residential	9,132	214,449	10,453	-	234,034
Trust preferred securities	-	-	-	703	703
Other securities	-	5,713	3,417	32	9,162

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Total investments	\$149,057	\$258,986	\$258,986 \$40,573		\$449,749	
Weighted average yield	2.07	% 3.16	% 3.75	% 3.89	% 2.85	%
Full tax-equivalent yield	2.07	% 3.24	% 4.86	% 4.02	% 3.00	%
Held-to-maturity:						
Obligations of state and						
political subdivisions	\$-	\$51	\$-	\$-	\$51	
Weighted average yield	-	% 4.75	% -	% -	% 4.75	%
Full tax-equivalent yield	-	% 6.58	% -	% -	% 6.58	%

The weighted average yields are calculated on the basis of the amortized cost and effective yields weighted for the scheduled maturity of each security. Tax-equivalent yields have been calculated using a 34% tax rate. With the exception of obligations of the U.S. Treasury and other U.S. government agencies and corporations, there were no investment securities of any single issuer, the book value of which exceeded 10% of stockholders' equity at September 30, 2011.

Investment securities carried at approximately \$268,849,983 and \$240,838,000 at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits and repurchase agreements and for other purposes as permitted or required by law.

The following table presents the aging of gross unrealized losses and fair value by investment category as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	Less than	12 months	12 mo	nths or more	7	Total	
	Fair	Unrealized	l Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	1
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	
September 30, 2011							
U.S. Treasury securities and							
obligations of U.S.							
government corporations and							
agencies	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Obligations of states and							
political subdivisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mortgage-backed securities:							
GSE residential	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Trust preferred securities	-	-	703	(5,291) 703	(5,291)
Other securities	7,220	(315) 1,942	(58	9,162	(373)
Total	\$7,220	\$(315	\$2,645	\$(5,349	\$9,865	\$(5,664)
December 31, 2010:							
U.S. Treasury securities and							
obligations of U.S.							
government corporations and							
agencies	\$58,782	\$(1,024) \$-	\$-	\$58,782	\$(1,024)
Obligations of states and							
political subdivisions	7,263	(216) 252	(10	7,515	(226)
Mortgage-backed securities:							
GSE residential	62,171	(1,482) -	-	62,171	(1,482)
Trust preferred securities	-	-	581	(6,014) 581	(6,014)
Other securities	2,009	(26) -	-	2,009	(26)
Total	\$130,225	\$(2,748) \$833	\$(6,024	\$131,058	\$(8,772)

Trust Preferred Securities. At September 30, 2011, there were four trust preferred securities with a fair value of \$703,000 and unrealized losses of \$5,291,000 in a continuous unrealized loss position for twelve months or more. These unrealized losses were primarily due to the long-term nature of the trust preferred securities, a lack of demand or inactive market for these securities, and concerns regarding the underlying financial institutions that have issued the trust preferred securities. Cash flow analysis for these securities indicated an other-than-temporary-impairment (OTTI) and the Company performed further analysis to determine the portion of the

loss that was related to credit conditions of the underlying issuers. The credit loss was calculated by comparing expected discounted cash flows based on performance indicators of the underlying assets in the security to the carrying value of the investment. Based on this analysis, the Company recorded impairment charges of approximately \$338,000 for the credit portion of the unrealized loss of these trust preferred securities during the quarter ended September 30, 2011. This loss established a new, lower amortized cost basis for these securities and reduced non-interest income as of September 30, 2011. Because the Company does not intend to sell these securities and it is not more-likely-than-not that the Company will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their new, lower amortized cost basis, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider the remainder of the investment in these securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2011. However, future downgrades or additional deferrals and defaults in these securities, in particular the PreTSL XXVIII security which has the largest current book value, could result in additional OTTI and, consequently, have a material impact on future earnings.

Other securities. At September 30, 2011, there was one corporate bond with a fair value of \$1,942,000 and unrealized losses of \$58,000 in a continuous unrealized loss position for twelve months or more. Because the Company does not intend to sell these securities and it is not more-likely-than-not the Company will be required to sell this security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider this investment to be other than temporarily impaired at September 30, 2011.

Following are the details for each trust preferred security (in thousands):

				Other-than- temporary Impairment
	Book	Market	Unrealized	Recorded
	Value	Value	Loss	To-date
PreTSL I	\$813	\$297	\$(516)	\$691
PreTSL II	1,044	181	(863)	2,170
PreTSL VI	200	88	(112)	127
PreTSL XXVIII	3,937	137	(3,800)	826
Total	\$5,994	\$703	\$(5,291)	\$3,814

The Company does not believe any other individual unrealized loss as of September 30, 2011 represents OTTI. However, given the continued disruption in the financial markets, the Company may be required to recognize OTTI losses in future periods with respect to its available for sale investment securities portfolio. The amount and timing of any additional OTTI will depend on the decline in the underlying cash flows of the securities. Should the impairment of any of these securities become other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the investment will be reduced and the resulting loss recognized in the period the other-than-temporary impairment is identified.

Other-than-temporary Impairment. Upon acquisition of a security, the Company decides whether it is within the scope of the accounting guidance for beneficial interests in securitized financial assets or will be evaluated for impairment under the accounting guidance for investments in debt and equity securities.

The accounting guidance for beneficial interests in securitized financial assets provides incremental impairment guidance for a subset of the debt securities within the scope of the guidance for investments in debt and equity securities. For securities where the security is a beneficial interest in securitized financial assets, the Company uses the beneficial interests in securitized financial assets, the Company uses debt and equity securities impairment model.

The Company routinely conducts periodic reviews to identify and evaluate each investment security to determine whether OTTI has occurred. Economic models are used to determine whether OTTI has occurred on these securities. While all securities are considered, the securities primarily impacted by OTTI testing are pooled trust preferred securities. For each pooled trust preferred security in the investment portfolio (including but not limited to those whose fair value is less than their amortized cost basis), an extensive, regular review is conducted to determine if OTTI has occurred. Various inputs to the economic models are used to determine if an unrealized loss is other-than-temporary. The most significant inputs are the following:

- Prepayments
 - Defaults
- Loss severity

These pooled trust preferred securities relate to trust preferred securities issued by financial institutions. The pools typically consist of financial institutions throughout the United States. Other inputs to the economic models may include the actual collateral attributes, which include credit ratings and other performance indicators of the underlying financial institutions including profitability, capital ratios, and asset quality.

To determine if the unrealized losses for pooled trust preferred securities is other-than-temporary, the Company considers the impact of each of these inputs. The Company considers the likelihood that issuers will prepay their securities. During the third quarter of 2010, the Dodd-Frank Act eliminated Tier 1 capital treatment for trust preferred securities issued by holding companies with consolidated assets greater than \$15 billon. As a result, issuers may prepay their securities which reduces the amount of expected cash flows. Additionally, the Company projects total estimated defaults of the underlying assets (financial institutions) and multiplies that calculated amount by an estimate of realizable value upon sale in the marketplace (severity) in order to determine the projected collateral loss. The Company also evaluates the current credit enhancement underlying the security to determine the impact on cash flows. If the Company determines that a given pooled trust preferred security position will be subject to a write-down or loss, the Company records the expected credit loss as a charge to earnings.

Credit Losses Recognized on Investments. As described above, some of the Company's investments in trust preferred securities have experienced fair value deterioration due to credit losses but are not otherwise other-than-temporarily impaired. The following table provides information about those trust preferred securities for which only a credit loss was recognized in income and other losses are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands).

	Accumulated	Accumulated
	Credit	Credit
	Losses	Losses
	September	September
	30, 2011	30, 2010
Credit losses on trust preferred securities held		
Beginning of period	\$ 3,230	\$ 1,812
Additions related to OTTI losses not previously recognized	-	-
Reductions due to sales	-	-
Reductions due to change in intent or likelihood of sale	-	-
Additions related to increases in previously recognized OTTI losses	584	1,403
Reductions due to increases in expected cash flows	-	-
End of period	\$ 3,814	\$ 3,215

Note 4 – Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans are stated at the principal amount outstanding net of unearned discounts, unearned income and allowance for loan losses. Unearned income includes deferred loan origination fees reduced by loan origination costs and is amortized to interest income over the life of the related loan using methods that approximated the effective interest rate method. Interest on substantially all loans is credited to income based on the principal amount outstanding. A summary of loans at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 follows (in thousands):

	September	December
	30, 2011	31, 2010
Construction and land development	\$25,085	\$20,382
Farm loans	66,384	65,036
1-4 Family residential properties	183,975	179,535
Multifamily residential properties	19,961	22,159
Commercial real estate	310,719	302,220
Loans secured by real estate	606,124	589,332
Agricultural loans	58,864	58,246
Commercial and industrial loans	122,975	126,391
Consumer loans	16,982	19,668
All other loans	11,349	12,464
Gross loans	816,294	806,101
Less:		
Net deferred loan fees, premiums and discounts	803	1,520
Allowance for loan losses	10,429	10,393
Net loans	\$805,062	\$794,188

Loans expected to be sold are classified as held for sale in the consolidated financial statements and are recorded at the lower of aggregate cost or market value, taking into consideration future commitments to sell the loans. The 1-4 family residential properties balance in the above table includes loans held for sale of \$1,458,000 and \$114,000 at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

The structure of the Company's loan approval process is based on progressively larger lending authorities granted to individual loan officers, loan committees, and ultimately the Board of Directors. Outstanding balances to one borrower or affiliated borrowers are limited by federal regulation; however, limits well below the regulatory thresholds are generally observed. The vast majority of the Company's loans are to businesses located in the geographic market areas served by the Company's branch bank system. Additionally, a significant portion of the collateral securing the loans in the portfolio is located within the Company's primary geographic footprint. In general, the Company adheres to loan underwriting standards consistent with industry guidelines for all loan segments.

Commercial Real Estate Loans

Commercial real estate loans are generally comprised of loans to small business entities to purchase or expand structures in which the business operations are housed, loans to owners of real estate who lease space to non-related commercial entities, loans for construction and land development, loans to hotel operators, and loans to owners of multi-family residential structures, such as apartment buildings. Commercial real estate loans are underwritten based on historical and projected cash flows of the borrower and secondarily on the underlying real estate pledged as collateral on the debt. For the various types of commercial real estate loans, minimum criteria have been established within the Company's loan policy regarding debt service coverage while maximum limits on loan-to-value and amortization periods have been defined. Maximum loan-to-value ratios range from 65% to 80% depending upon the type of real estate collateral, while the desired minimum debt coverage ratio is 1.20x. Amortization periods for commercial real estate loans are generally limited to twenty years. The Company's commercial real estate portfolio is well below the thresholds that would designate a concentration in commercial real estate lending, as established by the federal banking regulators.

Commercial and Industrial Loans

Commercial and industrial loans are primarily comprised of working capital loans used to purchase inventory and fund accounts receivable that are secured by business assets other than real estate. These loans are generally written for one year or less. Also, equipment financing is provided to businesses with these loans generally limited to 80% of the value of the collateral and amortization periods limited to seven years. Commercial loans are often accompanied by a personal guaranty of the principal owners of a business. Like commercial real estate loans, the underlying cash flow of the business is the primary consideration in the underwriting process. The financial condition of commercial borrowers is monitored at least annually with the type of financial information required determined by the size of the relationship. Measures employed by the Company for businesses with higher risk profiles include the use of government-assisted lending programs through the Small Business Administration and U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Agricultural and Agricultural Real Estate Loans

Agricultural loans are generally comprised of seasonal operating lines to cash grain farmers to plant and harvest corn and soybeans and term loans to fund the purchase of equipment. Agricultural real estate loans are primarily comprised of loans for the purchase of farmland. Specific underwriting standards have been established for agricultural-related loans including the establishment of projections for each operating year based on industry developed estimates of farm input costs and expected commodity yields and prices. Operating lines are typically written for one year and secured by the crop. Loan-to-value ratios on loans secured by farmland generally do not exceed 70% and have amortization periods limited to twenty five years. Federal government-assistance lending programs through the Farm Service Agency are used to mitigate the level of credit risk when deemed appropriate.

Residential Real Estate Loans

Residential real estate loans generally include loans for the purchase or refinance of residential real estate properties consisting of one-to-four units and home equity loans and lines of credit. The Company sells substantially all of its long-term fixed rate residential real estate loans to secondary market investors. The Company also releases the servicing of these loans upon sale. The Company retains all residential real estate loans with balloon payment features. Balloon periods are limited to five years. Residential real estate loans are typically underwritten to conform to industry standards including criteria for maximum debt-to-income and loan-to-value ratios as well as minimum credit scores. Loans secured by first liens on residential real estate held in the portfolio typically do not exceed 80% of the value of the collateral and have amortization periods of twenty five years or less. The Company does not originate subprime mortgage loans.

Consumer Loans

Consumer loans are primarily comprised of loans to individuals for personal and household purposes such as the purchase of an automobile or other living expenses. Minimum underwriting criteria have been established that consider credit score, debt-to-income ratio, employment history, and collateral coverage. Typically, consumer loans are set up on monthly payments with amortization periods based on the type and age of the collateral.

Other Loans

Other loans consist primarily of loans to municipalities to support community projects such as infrastructure improvements or equipment purchases. Underwriting guidelines for these loans are consistent with those established for commercial loans with the additional repayment source of the taxing authority of the municipality.

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, collateral support, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis includes loans with an outstanding balance greater than \$100,000 and non-homogenous loans, such as commercial and commercial real estate loans. This analysis is performed on a continuous basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Watch. Loans classified as watch have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard. Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current sound-worthiness and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful. Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing factors, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered pass rated loans.

The following tables present the credit risk profile of the Company's loan portfolio based on rating category and payment activity as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

					1-4 Family		Multifamily	
	Constr	uction &			Resid	lential	Resi	dential
	Land De	velopment	Farm	Loans	Properties		Properties	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Pass	\$21,311	\$15,778	\$60,757	\$58,751	\$180,497	\$174,782	\$19,751	\$10,381
Watch	2,181	2,219	2,608	4,710	653	267	-	6,204
Substandard	1,593	1,494	3,009	1,531	2,872	4,478	210	5,561
Doubtful	-	888	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$25,085	\$20,379	\$66,374	\$64,992	\$184,022	\$179,527	\$19,961	\$22,146

	Commercial Real Estate				Commercial &			
	(Nonfarm/No	onresidential)	Agricultural Loans		Industrial Loans		Consumer Loans	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Pass	\$ 276,775	\$ 276,174	\$52,772	\$53,293	\$120,045	\$120,284	\$16,999	\$19,655
Watch	25,166	14,598	2,319	3,269	459	2,519	-	-
Substandard	7,801	10,053	3,849	1,745	2,532	3,516	-	-
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 309,742	\$ 300,825	\$58,940	\$58,307	\$123,036	\$126,319	\$16,999	\$19,655

	All Ot	All Other Loans		l Loans
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Pass	\$11,332	\$12,431	\$760,239	\$741,529
Watch	-	-	33,386	33,786
Substandard	-	-	21,866	28,378
Doubtful	-	-	-	888
Total	\$11,332	\$12,431	\$815,491	\$804,581

The following table presents the Company's loan portfolio aging analysis at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

G 1 . 20	20.50.1	(0.00.1	90 Days	m . 1		m . 11	Total Loans > 90
September 30,	30-59 days	60-89 days	or More	Total		Total Loans	days &
2011	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due	Current	Receivable	Accruing
Construction and							
land development	\$15	\$-	\$341	\$356	\$24,729	\$25,085	\$-
Farm loans	995	-	758	1,753	64,621	66,374	-
	1,014	412	1,329	2,755	181,267	184,022	-

1-4 Family residential properties

properties								
Multifamily								
residential								
properties	-	-	-	-	19,961	19,961	-	
Commercial real								
estate	929	261	695	1,885	307,857	309,742	-	
Loans secured								
by real estate	2,953	673	3,123	6,749	598,435	605,184	-	
Agricultural loans	186	-	695	881	58,059	58,940	-	
Commercial and								
industrial loans	156	126	757	1,039	121,997	123,036	-	
Consumer loans	98	19	5	122	16,877	16,999	-	
All other loans	-	-	-	-	11,332	11,332	-	
Total loans	\$3,393	\$818	\$4,580	\$8,791	\$806,700	\$815,491	\$-	

December 31, 2010	30-59 days Past Due	60-89 days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans Receivable	Total Loans > 90 days & Accruing
Construction and							
land development	\$5	\$-	\$150	\$155	\$20,224	\$20,379	\$-
Farm loans	5	-	761	766	64,226	64,992	-
1-4 Family							
residential	010	201	1.604	0.644	176.002	170.507	
properties	819	201	1,624	2,644	176,883	179,527	-
Multifamily							
residential							
properties	-	573	-	573	21,573	22,146	-
Commercial real							
estate	1,535	1,075	727	3,337	297,488	300,825	-
Loans secured							
by real estate	2,364	1,849	3,262	7,475	580,394	587,869	-
Agricultural loans	125	-	828	953	57,354	58,307	-
Commercial and							
industrial loans	473	64	259	796	125,523	126,319	-
Consumer loans	177	32	15	224	19,431	19,655	-
All other loans	-	-	-	-	12,431	12,431	-
Total loans	\$3,139	\$1,945	\$4,364	\$9,448	\$795,133	\$804,581	\$-

Within all loan portfolio segments, loans are considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due from the borrower in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan. The entire balance of a loan is considered delinquent if the minimum payment contractually required to be made is not received by the specified due date. Impaired loans, excluding certain troubled debt restructured loans, are placed on nonaccrual status. Impaired loans include nonaccrual loans and loans modified in troubled debt restructurings where concessions have been granted to borrowers experiencing financial difficulties. These concessions could include a reduction in the interest rate on the loan, payment extensions, forgiveness of principal, forbearance or other actions intended to maximize collection. It is the Company's policy to have any restructured loans which are on nonaccrual status prior to being modified remain on nonaccrual status until, in the opinion of management, the financial position of the borrower indicates there is no longer any reasonable doubt as to the timely collection of interest or principal. If the restructured loan is on accrual status prior to being modified, the loan is reviewed to determine if the modified loan should remain on accrual status.

The Company's policy is to discontinue the accrual of interest income on all loans for which principal or interest is ninety days past due. The accrual of interest is discontinued earlier when, in the opinion of management, there is reasonable doubt as to the timely collection of interest or principal. Once interest accruals are discontinued, accrued but uncollected interest is charged against current year income. Subsequent receipts on non-accrual loans are recorded as a reduction of principal, and interest income is recorded only after principal recovery is reasonably assured. Interest on loans determined to be troubled debt restructurings is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the restructured terms if the loan is in compliance with the modified terms. Nonaccrual loans are returned to accrual status when, in the opinion of management, the financial position of the borrower indicates there is no longer any reasonable doubt as to the timely collection of interest or principal. The Company requires a period of satisfactory performance of not less than six months before returning a nonaccrual loan to accrual status.

The following tables present impaired loans as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	September 30, 2011			December 31, 2010		
		Unpaid		Unpaid		
	Recorded	Principal	Specific	Recorded	Principal	Specific
	Balance	Balance	Allowance	Balance	Balance	Allowance
Loans with a specific						
allowance:						
Construction and land						
development	\$1,166	\$1,403	\$343	\$1,804	\$1,804	\$478
Farm loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
1-4 Family residential						
properties	763	763	198	917	917	273
Multifamily residential						
properties	-	-	-	573	669	69
Commercial real estate	1,503	1,782	213	1,120	1,120	79
Loans secured by real estate	3,432	3,948	754	4,414	4,510	899
Agricultural loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial and industrial loans	741	863	224	231	231	187
Consumer loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total loans	\$4,173	\$4,811	\$978	\$4,645	\$4,741	\$1,086

	September 30, 2011			December 31, 2010			
		Unpaid			Unpaid		
	Recorded	Principal	Specific	Recorded	Principal	Specific	
	Balance	Balance	Allowance	Balance	Balance	Allowance	
Loans without a specific							
allowance:							
Construction and land							
development	\$8	\$8	\$-	\$151	\$151	\$-	
Farm loans	533	533	-	540	540	-	
1-4 Family residential							
properties	1,446	1,905	-	1,648	1,678	-	
Multifamily residential							
properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Commercial real estate	2,445	3,794	-	1,916	3,095	-	
Loans secured by real estate	4,432	6,240	-	4,255	5,464	-	
Agricultural loans	695	733	-	828	828	-	
Commercial and industrial loans	499	740	-	692	804	-	
Consumer loans	5	5	-	14	14	-	
All other loans	-	-	-	0	-	-	
Total loans	\$5,631	\$7,718	\$-	\$5,789	\$7,110	\$-	
Total loans:							
Construction and land							
development	\$1,174	\$1,411	\$343	\$1,955	\$1,955	\$478	
Farm loans	533	533	-	540	540	-	
1-4 Family residential							
properties	2,209	2,668	198	2,565	2,595	273	
Multifamily residential							
properties	-	-	-	573	669	69	
Commercial real estate	3,948	5,576	213	3,036	4,215	79	
Loans secured by real estate	7,864	10,188	754	8,669	9,974	899	
Agricultural loans	695	733	-	828	828	-	
Commercial and industrial loans	1,240	1,603	224	923	1,035	187	
Consumer loans	5	5	-	14	14	-	
All other loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total loans	\$9,804	\$12,529	\$978	\$10,434	\$11,851	\$1,086	

The following tables present average recorded investment and interest income recognized on impaired loans for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands):

	For the three months ended				
	Septembe	September 30, 2011		r 30, 2010	
	Average		Average		
	Investment	Interest	Investment	Interest	
	in Impaired	Income	in Impaired	Income	
	Loans	Recognized	Loans	Recognized	
Construction and land development	\$1,174	\$ -	\$651	\$ -	
Farm loans	533	-	589	-	

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1-4 Family residential properties	2,231	-	2,603	-	
Multifamily residential properties	-	-	-	-	
Commercial real estate	3,934	7	5,936	14	
Loans secured by real estate	7,872	7	9,779	14	
Agricultural loans	695	-	855	-	
Commercial and industrial loans	1,242	3	994	7	
Consumer loans	5	-	18	-	
All other loans	-	-	-	-	
Total loans	\$9,814	\$ 10	\$11,646	\$ 21	

	For the nine months ended				
	September 30, 2011		Septembe	er 30, 2010	
	Average		Average		
	Investment	Interest	Investment	Interest	
	in Impaired	Income	in Impaired	Income	
	Loans	Recognized	Loans	Recognized	
Construction and land development	\$1,179	\$ -	\$651	\$ -	
Farm loans	534	-	1,124	-	
1-4 Family residential properties	2,242	-	2,617	-	
Multifamily residential properties	-	-	-	-	
Commercial real estate	3,968	15	5,945	42	
Loans secured by real estate	7,923	15	10,337	42	
Agricultural loans	695	-	1,007	-	
Commercial and industrial loans	1,382	11	1,095	14	
Consumer loans	5	-	19	-	
All other loans	-		-	-	
Total loans	\$10,005	\$ 26	\$12,458	\$ 56	

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the amount of interest income recognized by the Company within the period that the loans were impaired was due to loans modified in a troubled debt restructuring that remained on accrual status. The balance of loans modified in a troubled debt restructuring included in the impaired loans stated above that were still accruing was \$396,000 of commercial real estate and \$322,000 of commercial and industrial at September 30, 2011 and \$887,000 of commercial real estate and \$218,000 of commercial and industrial at September 30, 2010. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the amount of interest income recognized using a cash-basis method of accounting during the period that the loans were impaired was not material.

The following table presents the Company's recorded balance of nonaccrual loans at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands). This table excludes purchased impaired loans and performing troubled debt restructurings.

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Construction and land development	\$1,174	\$1,955
Farm loans	533	540
1-4 Family residential properties	2,209	2,565
Multifamily residential properties	-	573
Commercial real estate	3,552	2,149
Loans secured by real estate	7,468	7,782
Agricultural loans	695	828
Commercial and industrial loans	918	708
Consumer loans	5	14
All other loans	-	-
Total loans	\$9,086	\$9,332

Interest income which would have been recorded under the original terms of such nonaccrual loans totaled \$361,000 and \$409,000 for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company modified one commercial loan and one commercial real estate loan that were deemed to be troubled debt restructurings. Both loans were modified during the quarter ended September 30, 2011. As troubled debt restructurings, these loans are included in nonperforming loans and are classified as impaired which requires that they be individually measured for impairment. The modification of the commercial real estate loan involved charging down the loan to a level which is expected to be serviced by the on-going operations of the property at a market interest rate and amortization period. The loan was in non-accrual status at the time of the modification and will remain so until sustained performance occurs under the modified terms. The recorded investment of the loan at the time of the modification was \$286,000. The commercial loan was modified to interest-only payments for a six-month period with the maturity date extended for eighteen months. The interest rate remained unchanged. The recorded investment of the loan at the time of the modification was \$322,000. The loan is 75% guaranteed by the Small Business Administration. The total amount of impairment identified on the two loans determined to be troubled debt restructurings during the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and for which a specific reserve was established was \$68,000. No loans identified as troubled debt restructurings during the prior twelve months experienced defaults during the nine months ended September 30, 2011.

The following table presents the Company's recorded balance of troubled debt restructurings at of September 30, 2011 (in thousands).

	September 30,
Troubled debt restructurings:	2011
Construction and land development	\$-
Farm loans	-
1-4 Family residential properties	-
Multifamily residential properties	-
Commercial real estate	1,147
Loans secured by real estate	1,147
Agricultural loans	-
Commercial and industrial loans	217
Consumer loans	-
All other loans	-
Total	\$1,364
Performing troubled debt restructurings:	
Construction and land development	\$-
Farm loans	_
1-4 Family residential properties	-
Multifamily residential properties	-
Commercial real estate	396
Loans secured by real estate	396
Agricultural loans	-
Commercial and industrial loans	322
Consumer loans	-
All other loans	-
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