AMERICAN NATIONAL BANKSHARES INC Form 10-Q November 08, 2007

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

#### **FORM 10-Q**

xQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT of 1934 FOR THE OUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED September 30, 2007.

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_ TO\_\_\_\_.

Commission file number 0-12820

#### **AMERICAN NATIONAL BANKSHARES INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

VIRGINIA 54-1284688
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

628 Main Street
Danville, Virginia
(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

#### (434) 792-5111

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer b Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes "No b

At November 7, 2007, the Company had 6,115,125 shares Common Stock outstanding, \$1 par value.

## AMERICAN NATIONAL BANKSHARES INC.

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## American National Bankshares Inc. and Subsidiary Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Dollars in thousands)

	•	(Unaudited) September 30		Audited) cember 31
ASSETS	φ.	2007	Φ.	2006
Cash and due from banks	\$	20,016	\$	24,375
Interest bearing deposits in other banks		24		1,749
Securities available for sale, at fair value		136,270		148,748
Securities held to maturity (fair value of		120,270		110,710
\$12,220				
in 2007 and \$14,131 in 2006)		12,009		13,873
Total securities		148,279		162,621
Loans held for sale		375		1,662
Loans, net of unearned income		554,002		542,228
Less allowance for loan losses		(7,334)		(7,264)
Net loans		546,668		534,964
Bank premises and equipment, at cost,				
less accumulated				
depreciation of \$15,592 in 2007 and				
\$14,755 in 2006		13,197		12,438
Goodwill		22,468		22,468
Core deposit intangibles, net		2,546		2,829
Accrued interest receivable and other				
assets		13,981		14,614
Total assets	\$	767,554	\$	777,720
LIABILITIES and SHAREHOLDERS'				
EQUITY				
Liabilities:			_	10500
Demand deposits noninterest bearing	\$	105,014	\$	106,885
Demand deposits interest bearing		105,004		107,170
Money market deposits		52,271		50,948
Savings deposits		63,565		69,517
Time deposits		260,300		274,008
Total deposits		586,154		608,528
Repurchase agreements		48,665		33,368
FHLB borrowings		8,975		15,087
Trust preferred capital notes Accrued interest payable and other		20,619		20,619
liabilities		3,807		5,126
Total liabilities		668,220		682,728
1 Otal Haulillies		000,220		002,720

Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$5 par, 200,000 shares		
authorized,		
none outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$1 par, 10,000,000 shares		
authorized,		
6,121,325 shares outstanding at		
September 30, 2007 and		
6,161,865 shares outstanding at December		
31, 2006	6,121	6,162
Capital in excess of par value	26,364	26,414
Retained earnings	68,188	64,584
Accumulated other comprehensive		
income (loss), net	(1,339)	(2,168)
Total shareholders' equity	99,334	94,992
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 767,554	\$ 777,720

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## American National Bankshares Inc. and Subsidiary Consolidated Statements of Income

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

## Three Months Ended September 30

	Septem	JC1 JU	
	2007		2006
<b>Interest Income:</b>			
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 10,506	\$	10,210
Interest and dividends on securities:			
Taxable	1,060		1,314
Tax-exempt	416		432
Dividends	75		84
Other interest income	236		111
Total interest income	12,293		12,151
Interest Expense:			
Interest on deposits	4,004		3,699
Interest on repurchase agreements	478		376
Interest on trust preferred capital notes	343		344
Interest on other borrowings	122		226
Total interest expense	4,947		4,645
Net Interest Income	7,346		7,506
Provision for loan losses	-		125
<b>Net Interest Income After Provision</b>			
for Loan Losses	7,346		7,381
<b>Noninterest Income:</b>			
Trust fees	861		843
Service charges on deposit accounts	631		696
Mortgage banking income	240		172
Brokerage fees	191		93
Other fees and commissions	193		194
Securities gains, net	45		9
Other	115		131
Total noninterest income	2,276		2,138
<b>Noninterest Expense:</b>			
Salaries	2,380		2,355
Pension and other employee benefits	779		649
Occupancy and equipment	881		775
Bank franchise tax	165		171
Other	1,174		1,167
Total noninterest expense	5,379		5,117
Income Before Income Tax Provision	4,243		4,402
Income Tax Provision	1,309		1,301
Net Income	\$ 2,934	\$	3,101
<b>Net Income Per Common Share:</b>			
Basic	\$ 0.48	\$	0.50

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Diluted	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.50
<b>Average Common Shares Outstanding:</b>		
Basic	6,132,288	6,165,268
Diluted	6,151,750	6,195,972

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## American National Bankshares Inc. and Subsidiary Consolidated Statements of Income

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

## Nine Months Ended September 30

		2007	optonio or o o	2006
Interest Income:		2007		2000
Interest and fees on loans	\$	30,993	\$	27,255
Interest and dividends on securities:	T	2 2,2 2 2	*	_,,
Taxable		3,224		3,824
Tax-exempt		1,259		1,313
Dividends		246		219
Other interest income		575		534
Total interest income		36,297		33,145
<b>Interest Expense:</b>		,		
Interest on deposits		11,647		9,544
Interest on repurchase agreements		1,353		1,020
Interest on trust preferred capital notes		1,030		664
Interest on other borrowings		498		681
Total interest expense		14,528		11,909
Net Interest Income		21,769		21,236
Provision for loan losses		303		605
<b>Net Interest Income After Provision</b>				
for Loan Losses		21,466		20,631
		,		-,
Noninterest Income:				
Trust fees		2,664		2,483
Service charges on deposit accounts		1,878		2,004
Mortgage banking income		759		508
Brokerage fees		439		327
Other fees and commissions		591		561
Securities gains, net		134		47
Other		454		376
Total noninterest income		6,919		6,306
Noninterest Expense:				
Salaries		7,284		6,866
Pension and other employee benefits		2,164		1,971
Occupancy and equipment		2,560		2,165
Bank franchise tax		498		481
Other		3,491		3,373
Total noninterest expense		15,997		14,856
Income Before Income Tax Provision		12,388		12,081
Income Tax Provision		3,719		3,572
Net Income	\$	8,669	\$	8,509
<b>Net Income Per Common Share:</b>				
Basic	\$	1.41	\$	1.44

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Diluted	\$ 1.40	\$ 1.43
<b>Average Common Shares Outstanding:</b>		
Basic	6,146,349	5,926,599
Diluted	6,171,243	5,960,556

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## American National Bankshares Inc. and Subsidiary Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

					Accumulated			
	Commo	n Stock Amount	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	Income	Total iv <b>&amp;</b> hareholders' Equity		
B 1 B 1 21						1 5		
Balance, December 31, 2005	5,441,758	\$ 5,442	\$ 9,588	\$ 59,109	\$ (720)	\$ 73,419		
Net income				8,509		8,509		
Net income	-	<del>-</del>	-	0,309	-	0,309		
Change in unrealized losses on securities available for sale, net of								
tax of \$ (53)	-	-	-	-	(65)			
Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains on securities available for								
sale, net of								
tax of \$ (16)	-	-	-	-	(31)			
Other comprehensive income (loss)					(96)	(96)		
Total comprehensive income						8,413		
Merger acquisition	746,944	747	16,799			17,546		
Stock repurchased and retired	(34,200)	(34)	(111)	(652)	-	(797)		
Stock options exercised	11,548	11	150	-	-	161		
Cash dividends declared (\$ .65 per share)	-	-	-	(3,854)	-	(3,854)		
Balance, September 30, 2006	6,166,050	\$ 6,166	\$ 26,426	\$ 63,112	\$ (816)	\$ 94,888		
	6,161,865	\$ 6,162	\$ 26,414	\$ 64,584	\$ (2,168)	94,992		

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Balance, December 31, 2006						
Net income	-	-	-	8,669	-	8,669
Change in unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of tax of \$ 494		-	-	-	916	
Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains on securities available for sale, net of tax of \$ (47)	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(87)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)					829	829
Total comprehensive income						9,498
Stock repurchased and retired	(53,200)	(53)	(228)	(887)	-	(1,168)
Stock options exercised	12,660	12	178	-	-	190
Cash dividends declared (\$ .68 per share)	-	-	-	(4,178)	-	(4,178)
Balance, September 30, 2007	6,121,325	\$ 6,121	\$ 26,364	\$ 68,188	\$ (1,339)	\$ 99,334

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## American National Bankshares Inc. and Subsidiary Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	2007	2006
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 8,669	\$ 8,509
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	303	605
Depreciation	855	709
Core deposit intangible amortization	283	307
Accretion of purchase accounting adjustments	-	(200)
Net (accretion) of bond premiums and discounts	(118)	(7)
Net gain on sale or call of securities	(134)	(47)
Gain on loans held for sale	(583)	(306)
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	28,202	12,264
Originations of loans held for sale	(26,332)	(12,402)
Net gain on foreclosed real estate	(6)	(10)
Change in valuation allowance for foreclosed real		
estate	-	9
Gain on sale of premises and equipment	(9)	-
Deferred income tax expense	52	19
Change in interest receivable	(257)	(904)
Change in other assets	924	(938)
Change in interest payable	(51)	337
Change in other liabilities	(1,268)	(1,452)
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,530	6,493
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	1,061	460
Proceeds from maturities and calls of securities	1,001	.00
available for sale	39,934	43,828
Proceeds from maturities and calls of securities		.0,020
held to maturity	1,864	4,162
Purchases of securities available for sale	(26,989)	(44,531)
Net change in loans	(12,505)	3,676
Proceeds from sale of bank property and equipment	25	-
Purchases of bank property and equipment	(1,630)	(634)
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed real estate	30	212
Increase in foreclosed real estate	(59)	_
Net cash paid in merger acquisition	-	(14,634)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,731	(7,461)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Net change in demand, money market, and		
savings deposits	(8,666)	(9,235)
Net change in time deposits	(3,000) $(13,708)$	(9,233) $(21,134)$
rice change in time deposits	(13,708)	(21,134)

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Net change in repurchase agreements		15,297	(51)
Net change in borrowings		(6,112)	33,381
Cash dividends paid		(4,178)	(3,854)
Repurchase of stock		(1,168)	(797)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		190	161
Net cash used in financing activities		(18,345)	(1,529)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(6,084)	(2,497)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of l	Period	26,124	27,354
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	20,040	\$ 24,857
Supplemental Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash and due from banks	\$	20,016	\$ 24,390
Interest bearing deposits in other banks		24	467
	\$	20,040	\$ 24,857
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:			
Interest paid	\$	14,578	\$ 10,589
Income taxes paid		2,379	2,651
Transfer of loans to other real estate owned		498	115
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities available	e for		
sale		1,276	(165)
Merger acquisition			
Fair value of assets acquired		-	175,423
Fair value of common stock issued		-	(17,546)
Cash paid		-	(17,087)
Liabilities assumed		-	140,790

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# AMERICAN NATIONAL BANKSHARES INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the amounts and results of operations of American National Bankshares Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, American National Bank and Trust Company (collectively referred to as the "Company").

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of September 30, 2007; the consolidated statements of income for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006; the consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006; and the consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. Operating results for the nine month period ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2007. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period balances to conform to the current period presentation. The statements should be read in conjunction with the Notes to Financial Statements included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

#### Note 2 - Securities

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investments in debt and equity securities at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 were as follows:

	September 30, 2007							
(in thousands)	Ar	Amortized		UnrealizedUnrealized				
		Cost	(	Gains	Lo	sses	Fa	ir Value
Securities available for								
sale:								
Debt securities:								
Federal agencies	\$	67,898	\$	401	\$	147	\$	68,152
Mortgage-backed		27,034		215		173		27,076
State and municipal		34,569		152		336		34,385
Corporate		1,485		-		54		1,431
Equity securities:								
FHLB stock – restricted		1,851		-		-		1,851
Federal Reserve stock -								
restricted		1,429		-		-		1,429
FNMA and FHLMC								
preferred stock		1,716		136		-		1,852
Other		94		-		-		94
Total securities available								
for sale		136,076		904		710		136,270
Securities held to								
maturity:								
Mortgage-backed		328		8		-		336
State and municipal		11,681		224		21		11,884

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Total securities held to								
maturity		12,009		232		21		12,220
Total securities	\$	148,085	\$	1,136	\$	731	\$	148,490
(in thousands)	٨	mortized				31, 200		estimated
,	A	Cost			_	Losses		air Value
Securities available for sale:								
Debt securities:								
Federal agencies	\$	88,106	\$	40	\$	819	\$	87,327
Mortgage-backed		19,225		104		353		18,976
State and municipal		33,608		168		423		33,353
Corporate		2,490		3		56		2,437
Equity securities:								
FHLB stock - restricted		2,248		-		-		2,248
Federal Reserve stock -								
restricted		1,429		-		-		1,429
FNMA and FHLMC								
preferred stock		2,643		254		-		2,897
Other		81		-		-		81
Total securities available								
for sale		149,830		569		1,651		148,748
Securities held to								
maturity:								
Federal agencies		1,001		-		12		989
Mortgage-backed		385		9		-		394
State and municipal		12,487		291		30		12,748
Total securities held to		·						•
maturity		13,873		300		42		14,131
•								
Total securities	\$	163,703	\$	869	\$	1,693	\$	162,879

The following table shows gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at September 30, 2007.

				Less t	han 12		12 Months or		
	Total			Mor	nths		More		
	Fair	Fair Unrealized			Unrealiz	zed	Fair	Unr	ealized
(in thousands)	Value	I	Loss	Value	Loss		Value	]	Loss
Federal agencies \$	29,826	\$	147	\$ 4,994	\$	- \$	24,832	\$	147
Mortgage-backed	8,206	)	173	60	1	l	8,146	)	172
State and									
municipal	25,827	'	357	1,581	8	3	24,246	)	349
Corporate	1,431		54	-		-	1,431		54
Total \$	65,290	\$	731	\$ 6,635	\$ 9	\$	58,655	\$	722

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment quarterly, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. The unrealized losses are attributable to interest rate changes and not credit concerns of the issuer. The Company has the intent and ability to hold these securities for the time necessary to recover the amortized cost. As of September 30, 2007, the Company held 110 securities that had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for twelve months or more.

The table below shows gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position at December 31, 2006.

				Less t	than	12	12 Months			
	Tot	tal		Mo	nths		or M	or More		
	Fair	Fair Unrealized			Unr	ealize	ed Fair	Unı	realized	
(in thousands)	Value		Loss	Value	I	LOSS	Value	J	Loss	
Federal agencies	\$ 72,091	\$	831	\$ 21,439	\$	113	\$ 50,652	\$	718	
Mortgage-backed	11,091		353	242	2	2	10,849		351	
State and										
municipal	25,310	)	453	3,784	ļ	51	21,526		402	
Corporate	1,429	)	56	-	-	-	1,429		56	
Total	\$ 109,921	\$	1,693	\$ 25,465	5 \$	166	\$ 84,456	\$	1,527	

#### Note 3 - Loans

Loans, excluding loans held for sale, were comprised of the following:

(in thousands)		eptember 60, 2007	_	ecember 1, 2006
Construction and lar	nd			
development	\$	69,476	\$	69,404
Commercial real				
estate		205,048		186,639

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Residential real estate	•	133,476	131,126
Home equity		46,671	52,531
Total real estate		454,671	439,700
Commercial and			
industrial		88,638	91,511
Consumer		10,693	11,017
Total loans	\$	554,002	\$ 542,228

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired and nonaccrual loans:

(in thousands)		eptember 0, 2007	 cember , 2006
Impaired loans			
without a valuation			
allowance	\$	1,301	\$ 472
Impaired loans with a	ı		
valuation allowance		1,754	904
Total impaired loans	\$	3,055	\$ 1,376
•			
Allowance provided			
for impaired loans,			
included in the			
allowance for loan			
losses	\$	1,159	\$ 241
Nonaccrual loans			
excluded from the			
impaired loan			
disclosure	\$	1,152	\$ 2,311

(in thousands)	t	As of and for the Three Months Ended September 30 2007		As of and for the Nine Months Ended September 30 2007		As of and for the Three Months Ended September 30 2006		As of and for the Nine Months Ended September 30 2006	
Average balance in									
impaired loans	\$	3,821	\$	2,566	\$	1,896	\$	2,871	
Interest income recognized									
on impaired loans	\$	64	\$	171	\$	5	\$	36	
Interest income recognized	ф		ф		ф		ф	40	
on nonaccrual loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	49	
Interest on nonaccrual loans	S								
had they been accruing	\$	28	\$	176	\$	-	\$	251	
Loans past due 90 days and		157	ф	157	ф	1.076	Φ	1.076	
still accruing interest	\$	157	\$	157	\$	1,276	\$	1,276	

No additional funds are committed to be advanced in connection with impaired loans.

Foreclosed real estate was \$632,000 at September 30, 2007 and \$99,000 at December 31, 2006, and is included in other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

## Note 4 - Allowance for Loan Losses and Reserve for Unfunded Lending Commitments

Changes in the allowance for loan losses and the reserve for unfunded lending commitments for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, and for the year ended December 31, 2006 are presented below:

(in thousands)  Allowance for Loan	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007		Year Ended December 31, 2006		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006	
Losses						
Balance, beginning of						
period	\$	7,264	\$	6,109	\$	6,109
Allowance acquired in						
merger		-		1,598		1,598
Provision for loan losses		303		58		605
Charge-offs		(431)		(913)		(465)
Recoveries		198		412		323
Balance, end of period	\$ 7,334		\$	7,264	\$	8,170

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Reserve for unfunded			
lending commitments			
Balance, beginning of			
period	\$ 128	-	\$ -
Provision for unfunded			
commitments	(20)	123	-
Balance, end of period	\$ 108 \$	123	\$ -

The reserve for unfunded loan commitments in included in other liabilities.

#### Note 5 - Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

In January 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*. Accordingly, goodwill is no longer subject to amortization, but is subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair value-based test. A fair value-based test was performed during the third quarter of 2007 that determined the market value of the company shares exceeds the consolidated carrying value, including goodwill; therefore there has been no impairment recognized in the value of goodwill.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the quarter ended September 30, 2007, are as follows (in thousands):

3
-
_
3

Core deposit intangibles resulting from the acquisition of Community First Financial Corporation on April 1, 2006 were \$3,112,000 and are being amortized over 99 months.

#### Note 6- Trust Preferred Securities

On April 7, 2006, AMNB Statutory Trust I, a Delaware statutory trust (the "Trust") and a newly formed, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, issued \$20,000,000 of preferred securities (the "Trust Preferred Securities") in a private placement pursuant to an applicable exemption from registration. The Trust Preferred Securities mature on June 30, 2036, but may be redeemed at the Company's option beginning on June 30, 2011. The Trust Preferred Securities require quarterly distributions by the Trust to the holder of the Trust Preferred Securities at a fixed rate of 6.66%. Effective June 30, 2011, the rate will reset quarterly at the three-month LIBOR plus 1.35%. Distributions are cumulative and will accrue from the date of original issuance, but may be deferred by the Company from time to time for up to twenty consecutive quarterly periods. The Company has guaranteed the payment of all required distributions on the Trust Preferred Securities.

The proceeds of the Trust Preferred Securities received by the Trust, along with proceeds of \$619,000 received by the Trust from the issuance of common securities (the "Trust Common Securities") by the Trust to the Company, were used to purchase \$20,619,000 of the Company's junior subordinated debt securities (the "Trust Preferred Capital Notes"), issued pursuant to a Junior Subordinated Indenture (the "Indenture") entered into between the Company and Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee. The proceeds of the Trust Preferred Capital Notes were used to fund the cash portion of the merger consideration to the former shareholders of Community First Financial Corporation in connection with the Company's acquisition of that company, and for general corporate purposes.

#### Note 7 - Stock Based Compensation

The Company maintained a stock option plan until its expiration on December 31, 2006, which provided for the granting of incentive and non-statutory options to employees on a periodic basis. The existing stock options are still covered by the plan although the plan expired at the end of 2006. The Company's stock options had an exercise price equal to the fair value of the stock on the date of grant. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS 123R, *Share Based Payment*, using the modified prospective method and as such, results for prior periods have not been restated. SFAS 123R requires public companies to recognize compensation expense related to stock based compensation awards, such as stock options and restricted stock, in their income statements over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for such award. SFAS 123R eliminated the choice to account for employee stock options under Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*.

Prior to the implementation of SFAS 123R, the Company applied APB 25 and related interpretations in accounting for stock options. Under APB 25, no stock based compensation expense was recorded, as all options granted had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. There have been no stock options granted since 2004 and all options were fully vested at December 31, 2004.

There were no tax benefits associated with stock option activity during the first nine months of 2007 or 2006. Under SFAS 123R, a company may only recognize tax benefits for stock options that ordinarily will result in a tax deduction when the option is exercised ("non-statutory" options). The Company has no non-statutory stock options.

Stock option plan activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 is summarized below:

Shares	Weighted	Average	Average
	Average	Remaining	Intrinsic
	Exercise	Contractual	Value
	Price	Life (in	

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			years)		(in
				tho	ousands)
Options outstanding,					
January 1	201,849	\$ 20.36			
Granted	-	-			
Exercised	(12,660)	15.00			
Forfeited	(8,226)	14.00			
Outstanding at					
September 30	180,963	\$ 21.02	4.5	\$	481
Exercisable					
September 30	180,963	21.02	4.5		481

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 was \$87,841 and \$195,991, respectively.

#### Note 8 – Earnings Per Share

The following shows the weighted average number of shares used in computing earnings per share and the effect on weighted average number of shares of potential dilutive common stock. Potential dilutive common stock had no effect on income available to common shareholders.

		Three	e Months E	Ended September 30					
	20	07		2006 Per Share					
		Per	Share						
	Shares	Amount		Shares	Aı	mount			
Basic earnings per									
share	6,132,288	\$	.48	6,165,268	\$	.50			
Effect of dilutive securities (stock									
options)	19,462		-	30,704		-			
Diluted earnings per									
share	6,151,750	\$	.48	6,195,972	\$	.50			

		Nine 1	ed September 30					
	200	7		2006	6			
		Pe	r Share		Per Share			
	Shares	A	mount	Shares	Amount			
Basic earnings per								
share	6,146,349	\$	1.41	5,926,599	\$	1.44		
Effect of dilutive securities (stock								
options)	24,894		(.01)	33,957		(.01)		
Diluted earnings per								
share	6,171,243	\$	1.40	5,960,556	\$	1.43		

Stock options on common stock which were not included in computing diluted earnings per share for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 because their effects were antidilutive averaged 88,027 and 88,227, respectively.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Plan

Components of Net									
Periodic Benefit Cost	;	Three Mon	ths End	ded	Nine Months Ended				
(in thousands)		Septem	ber 30			September 30			
		2007	2	2006	2007			2006	
Service cost	\$	164	\$	165	\$	492	\$	456	
Interest cost		104		88		314		264	
Expected return on									
plan assets		(141)		(130)		(424)		(391)	
		-		(6)		(1)		(18)	

Amortization of prior service cost

SCI TICC COST				
Recognized net				
actuarial loss	37	52	113	158
Net periodic benefit				
cost	\$ 164	\$ 169	\$ 494	\$ 469

The Company does not expect to make a cash contribution to the plan during 2007.

#### Note 10 - Segment and Related Information

In accordance with SFAS 131, *Disclosures About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*, reportable segments include community banking and trust and investment services.

Community banking involves making loans to and generating deposits from individuals and businesses. All assets and liabilities of the Company are allocated to community banking. Investment income from securities is also allocated to the community banking segment. Loan fee income, service charges from deposit accounts, and non-deposit fees such as automatic teller machine fees and insurance commissions generate additional income for community banking.

Trust and investment services include estate planning, trust account administration, and investment management. Investment management services include purchasing equity, fixed income, and mutual fund investments for customer accounts. The trust and investment services division receives fees for investment and administrative services. Fees are also received by this division for individual retirement accounts managed for the community banking segment.

Amounts shown in the "Other" column include activities of American National Bankshares Inc. and its subsidiary, AMNB Statutory Trust I, which issued \$20,000,000 of preferred securities in 2006. Refer to Note 6 for additional information on the preferred securities. The "Other" column also includes corporate items, results of insignificant operations and, as it relates to segment profit (loss), income and expense not allocated to reportable segments. Intersegment eliminations primarily consist of American National Bankshares Inc.'s investment in American National Bank and Trust Company and related equity earnings.

Segment information for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 is shown in the following table.

<b>Three Months</b>	Ended September 30, 2007
	Tweet and

	Community	Irust and Investment		Intersegment	
	Banking	Services	Other	Eliminations	Total
Interest income	\$ 12,293	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,293
Interest expense	4,604	-	343	-	4,947
Noninterest income	1,208	1,052	16	-	2,276
Operating income					
before income taxes	4,117	500	(374)	-	4,243
Depreciation and					
amortization	379	6	1	-	386
Total assets	766,786	-	768	-	767,554
Capital expenditures	614	-	-	-	614

## **Three Months Ended September 30, 2006**

		Trust and	·							
	Community	Investment		Intersegment						
	Banking	Services	Other	Eliminations	Total					
Interest income	\$ 12,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,151					
Interest expense	4,645	-	-	-	4,645					
Noninterest income	1,151	938	49	-	2,138					
Operating income										
before income taxes	4,287	494	(379)	-	4,402					
Depreciation and										
amortization	386	5	1	-	392					
Total assets	791,882	-	752	-	792,634					
Capital expenditures	229	-	-	-	229					
•										

## Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007										
	Tr	ust and								
Commun	ity Inv	estment		Interseg	ment					
Bankin	g Se	Services		er	Eliminations			Total		
\$ 36,2	97 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,297		
13,4	98	-	1	1,030		-		14,528		
3,7	45	3,103		71		-		6,919		
11,8	68	1,671	(1	1,151)		-		12,388		
1,1	19	17		2		-		1,138		
766,7	86	-		768		-		767,554		
1,6	14	16		-		-		1,630		
	Commun Bankin; \$ 36,2 13,4 3,7 11,8 1,1 766,7	Community Inv Banking So	Trust and Investment Banking Services \$ 36,297 \$ - 13,498 - 3,745 3,103  11,868 1,671  1,119 17 766,786 -	Trust and Investment  Banking Services Oth  \$ 36,297 \$ - \$ 13,498 - \$ 3,745 3,103  11,868 1,671 (1)  1,119 17 766,786 -	Community Banking         Investment Services         Other           \$ 36,297         \$ -         \$ -           13,498         -         1,030           3,745         3,103         71           11,868         1,671         (1,151)           1,119         17         2           766,786         -         768	Trust and Community Investment  Banking Services Other Eliminate \$ 36,297 \$ - \$ - \$ 13,498 - 1,030 3,745 3,103 71  11,868 1,671 (1,151)  1,119 17 2 766,786 - 768	Trust and Community         Investment         Intersegment           Banking         Services         Other         Eliminations           \$ 36,297         \$ -         \$ -           13,498         -         1,030         -           3,745         3,103         71         -           11,868         1,671         (1,151)         -           1,119         17         2         -           766,786         -         768         -	Trust and           Community         Investment         Intersegment           Banking         Services         Other         Eliminations           \$ 36,297         \$ -         \$ -         \$           13,498         -         1,030         -           3,745         3,103         71         -           11,868         1,671         (1,151)         -           1,119         17         2         -           766,786         -         768         -		

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

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		Trust and			
	Community	Investment		Intersegment	
	Banking	Services	Other	Eliminations	Total
Interest income	\$ 33,145	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,145
Interest expense	11,909	-	-	-	11,909
Noninterest income	3,459	2,810	37	-	6,306
Operating income					
before income taxes	11,443	1,429	(791)	-	12,081
Depreciation and					
amortization	998	16	2	-	1,016
Total assets	791,882	-	752	-	792,634
Capital expenditures	633	1	-	-	634

# ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The purpose of this discussion is to focus on important factors affecting the financial condition and results of operations of the Company. The discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements.

This report contains forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of the Company. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and are based on the beliefs and assumptions of management of the Company and on information available to management at the time these statements and disclosures were prepared. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expected include the following:

- General economic or business conditions, either nationally or in the market areas in which the Company does business, may be less favorable than expected, resulting in such things as deterioration in credit quality, reduced demand for credit, and reductions in depositors' account balances.
  - Changes in interest rates could increase or reduce income.
- Competition among financial institutions may increase and competitors may have greater financial resources and develop products and technology that enable those competitors to compete more successfully than the Company.
- Businesses that the Company is engaged in may be adversely affected by legislative or regulatory changes, including changes in accounting standards.
  - Adverse changes may occur in the securities markets.

#### **Reclassification**

In certain circumstances, reclassifications have been made to prior period information to conform to the 2007 presentation.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The Company's critical accounting policies are listed below. A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies is set forth in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The financial information contained within the statements is, to a significant extent, financial information that is based on measures of the financial effects of transactions and events that have already occurred. A variety of factors could affect the ultimate value that is obtained when earning income, recognizing an expense, recovering an asset or relieving a liability. In addition, GAAP itself may change from one previously acceptable method to another method.

Allowance for Loan Losses and Reserve for Unfunded Loan Commitments

The allowance for loan losses is an estimate of the losses inherent in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date. The allowance and reserve is based on two basic principles of accounting: (i) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") 5, Accounting for Contingencies, which requires that losses be accrued when they are probable of occurring and estimable and (ii) SFAS 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan, which requires that losses on impaired loans be accrued based on the differences between the value of collateral, present value of future cash flows, or values observable in the secondary market, and the loan balance.

The Company's allowance for loan losses has three basic components: the formula allowance, the specific allowance and the unallocated allowance. Each of these components is determined based upon estimates that can and do change. The formula allowance uses a historical loss view as an indicator of future losses along with various qualitative factors, including levels and trends in delinquencies, nonaccrual loans, charge-offs and recoveries; trends in volume and terms of loans; effects of changes in underwriting standards; experience of lending staff and economic conditions; and portfolio concentrations. In the formula allowance, the historical loss rate is combined with the qualitative factors, resulting in an adjusted loss factor for each risk-grade category of loans. The adjusted loss factor is multiplied by the period-end balances for each risk-grade category. The formula allowance is calculated for a range of outcomes. The specific allowance uses various techniques to arrive at an estimate of loss for specifically identified impaired loans. The unallocated allowance includes estimated losses whose impact on the portfolio has yet to be recognized in either the formula or specific allowance. The use of these values is inherently subjective and actual losses could be greater or less than the estimates.

The reserve for unfunded loan commitments is an estimate of the losses inherent in off-balance-sheet loan commitments at the balance sheet date. It is calculated by multiplying an estimated loss factor by an estimated probability of funding, and then by the period-end amounts for unfunded commitments. The reserve for unfunded loan commitments is included in other liabilities.

#### Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The Company adopted SFAS 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, effective January 1, 2002. Accordingly, goodwill is no longer subject to amortization over its estimated useful life, but is subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair value-based test. Additionally, under SFAS 142, acquired intangible assets (such as core deposit intangibles) are separately recognized if the benefit of the assets can be sold, transferred, licensed, rented, or exchanged, and amortized over their useful lives. Branch acquisition transactions were outside the scope of SFAS 142 and, accordingly, intangible assets related to such transactions continued to amortize upon the adoption of SFAS 142. The costs of purchased deposit relationships and other intangible assets, based on independent valuation by a qualified third party, are being amortized over their estimated lives. Core deposit intangible amortization expense charged to operations was \$94,000 for the third quarter of 2007 and \$134,000 for the same period of 2006, and \$283,000 and \$307,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### **Non-GAAP Presentations**

The Management's Discussion and Analysis may refer to the efficiency ratio, which is computed by dividing noninterest expense by the sum of net interest income on a taxable equivalent basis and noninterest income (excluding gains on sales of securities or other assets). This is a non-GAAP financial measure which management believes provides investors with important information regarding the Company's operational efficiency. Comparison of the Company's efficiency ratio with those of other companies may not be valid because other companies may calculate the efficiency ratio differently.

The analysis of net interest income in this document is performed on a taxable equivalent basis. Management believes the taxable equivalent presentation better reflects total return, as many financial assets have specific tax advantages that modify their effective yields. A reconcilement of taxable equivalent net interest income to net interest income is provided.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements but may change current practice for some entities. This Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those years. The Company does not expect the implementation of SFAS 157 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. This statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. The fair value option established by this statement permits all entities to choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates. A business entity shall report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The fair value option may be applied instrument by instrument and is irrevocable. SFAS 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007, provided the entity also elects to apply the provisions of SFAS 157. The Company has not yet adopted this standard and does not expect the implementation of SFAS 159 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Refer to the Company's December 31, 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K for previously announced accounting pronouncements.

#### **Internet Access to Corporate Documents**

The Company provides access to its SEC filings through a link on the Investors Relations page of the Company's web site at <a href="www.amnb.com">www.amnb.com</a>. Reports available include the annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after the reports are filed electronically with the SEC. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <a href="www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a>.

#### **EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW**

American National Bankshares Inc. is the holding company of American National Bank and Trust Company, a community bank serving Southern and Central Virginia and the northern portion of Central North Carolina with twenty banking offices and a loan production office.

American National Bank and Trust Company provides a full array of financial products and services, including commercial, mortgage, and consumer banking; trust and investment services; and insurance. Services are also provided through twenty-three ATMs, "AmeriLink" Internet banking, and 24-hour "Access American" telephone banking. Additional information is available on the Company's website at <a href="www.amnb.com">www.amnb.com</a>. The shares of American National Bankshares Inc. are traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "AMNB."

The Company specializes in providing financial services to businesses and consumers. Current priorities are to:

- continue to operate a highly profitable company
- increase the size of the loan portfolio without sacrificing credit quality or pricing,
- grow checking, savings and money market deposits,
- increase fee income, and
- continue to control costs.

#### ANALYSIS OF OPERATING RESULTS

#### **Net Interest Income**

Net interest income, the Company's largest source of revenue, is the excess of interest income over interest expense. Net interest income is influenced by a number of factors, including the volume and mix of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities, interest rates earned on earning assets, and interest rates paid on deposits and borrowed funds. For analytical purposes, net interest income is adjusted to a taxable equivalent basis to recognize the income tax savings on tax-exempt assets, such as state and municipal securities. A tax rate of 35% was used in adjusting interest on tax-exempt assets to a fully taxable equivalent ("FTE") basis. Net interest income divided by average earning assets is referred to as the net interest margin. The difference between the average rate earned on earning assets and the average rate paid on interest bearing liabilities is referred to as the net interest spread.

In comparison to the third quarter of 2006, net interest income on a taxable equivalent basis decreased \$200,000, or 2.6% in the third quarter of 2007 due primarily to an increase in rates paid on deposits and repurchase agreements, which caused interest expense to rise. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, net interest income increased \$488,000 or 2.2% as compared to the first nine months of 2006. Average interest earning assets increased \$6,926,000, or 1.0% for the first nine months of 2007 in comparison to the same period in 2006 due largely to the acquisition of Community First Financial Corporation in April 2006. The positive effect of this increase in earning assets was somewhat offset by the impact of paying higher rates on deposits and repurchase agreements. The Company's net interest margin, on a fully taxable equivalent basis, was 4.27% during the third quarter of 2007, compared to 4.26% during the same quarter of 2006. The net interest margin was 4.22% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, compared to 4.17% for the same period in 2006.

The following presentation is an analysis of net interest income and related yields and rates, on a taxable equivalent basis, for the third quarter 2007 and 2006. Nonaccrual loans are included in average balances. Interest income on nonaccrual loans, if recognized, is recorded on a cash basis or when the loan returns to accrual status.

## **Net Interest Income Analysis**

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands, except yields and rates)
(Unaudited)

	Interest								
	Average	Ba	lance		Income/	Ex;	pense	Yield/Ra	nte
	2007		2006		2007		2006	2007	2006
Loans:									
Commercial	\$ 89,531	\$	86,944	\$	1,774	\$	1,715	7.93%	7.89%
Real estate	449,172		445,943		8,496		8,221	7.57	7.37
Consumer	10,702		13,104		253		297	9.46	9.07
Total loans	549,405		545,991		10,523		10,233	7.66	7.50
Securities:									
Federal agencies	64,738		96,205		732		990	4.52	4.12
Mortgage-backed	24,489		21,426		304		252	4.97	4.70
State and municipal	45,414		46,749		624		667	5.50	5.71
Other	6,655		10,670		97		160	5.83	6.00
Total securities	141,296		175,050		1,757		2,069	4.97	4.73
Deposits in other banks	18,093		8,510		236		112	5.22	5.26
Total interest earning assets	708,794		729,551		12,516		12,414	7.06	6.81
Nonearning assets	63,266		66,895						
Total assets	\$ 772,060	\$	796,446						
Deposits:									
Demand	\$ 107,259	\$	109,868		405		445	1.51	1.62
Money market	54,203		49,211		379		321	2.80	2.61
Savings	65,162		77,597		220		267	1.35	1.38
Time	260,803		272,807		3,000		2,666	4.60	3.91
Total deposits	487,427		509,483		4,004		3,699	3.29	2.90
Repurchase agreements	48,427		42,670		478		376	3.95	3.52
Other borrowings	29,932		38,114		465		570	6.21	5.98
Total interest bearing liabilities	565,786		590,267		4,947		4,645	3.50	3.15
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	103,477		107,064						

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Other liabilities	4,870	5,468				
Shareholders' equity	97,927	93,647				
Total liabilities and						
shareholders' equity	\$ 772,060	\$ 796,446				
Interest rate spread					3.56%	3.66%
Net interest margin					4.27%	4.26%
Net interest income (taxabl	e equivalent					
basis)			7,569	7,769		
Less: Taxable equivalent						
adjustment			223	263		
Net interest income			\$ 7,346	\$ 7,506		

## **Net Interest Income Analysis**

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands, except yields and rates)
(Unaudited)

		Interest								
		Average	Ва	lance		Income/	Ex	pense	Yield/Ra	nte
		2007		2006		2007		2006	2007	2006
Loans:										
Commercial	\$	90,117	\$	86,946	\$	5,286	\$	4,749	7.82%	7.28%
Real estate		447,366		410,231		25,025		21,696	7.46	7.05
Consumer		10,495		12,689		742		871	9.43	9.15
Total loans		547,978		509,866		31,053		27,316	7.56	7.14
Securities:										
Federal agencies		71,931		97,630		2,337		2,832	4.33	3.87
Mortgage-backed		21,680		21,614		792		742	4.87	4.58
State and municipal		45,664		47,160		1,886		1,980	5.51	5.60
Other		7,794		11,523		342		473	5.85	5.47
Total securities		147,069		177,927		5,357		6,027	4.86	4.52
Deposits in other banks		14,760		15,088		575		535	5.19	4.73
Total interest earning										
assets		709,807		702,881		36,985		33,878	6.95	6.43
Nonearning assets		63,977		52,420						
Total assets	\$	773,784	\$	755,301						
Deposits:										
Demand	\$	109,469	\$	107,051		1,245		1,148	1.52	1.43
Money market		52,881		47,361		1,084		834	2.73	2.35
Savings		67,255		79,874		685		712	1.36	1.19
Time		259,891		252,420		8,633		6,850	4.43	3.62
Total deposits		489,496		486,706		11,647		9,544	3.17	2.61
Repurchase agreements		46,912		41,683		1,353		1,020	3.85	3.26
Other borrowings		33,487		31,476		1,528		1,345	6.08	5.70
Total interest bearing										
liabilities		569,895		559,865		14,528		11,909	3.40	2.84
Noninterest bearing deman	nd									
deposits		101,949		102,177						
Other liabilities		4,979		3,728						
Shareholders' equity		96,961		89,531						
Total liabilities and										
shareholders' equity	\$	773,784	\$	755,301						
				,						

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Interest rate spread			3.55%	3.59%
Net interest margin			4.22%	4.17%
Č				
Net interest income (taxable equivalent				
basis)	22,457	21,969		
Less: Taxable equivalent				
adjustment	688	733		
Net interest income	\$ 21,769	\$ 21,236		

#### Allowance and Provision for Loan Losses

The purpose of the allowance for loan losses is to provide for probable losses in the loan portfolio. The allowance is increased by the provision for loan losses and by recoveries of previously charged-off loans. Loan charge-offs decrease the allowance.

The Company's lenders are responsible for assigning risk ratings to loans using the parameters set forth in the Company's Credit Policy. The risk ratings are reviewed for accuracy, on a sample basis, by the Company's Loan Review department, which operates independently of loan production. These risk ratings are used in calculating the level of the allowance for loan losses.

The Credit Committee has responsibility for determining the level and adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. Among other factors, the Committee, on a quarterly basis, considers the Company's historical loss experience; the size and composition of the loan portfolio; individual risk ratings; nonperforming loans; impaired loans; other problem credits; the value and adequacy of collateral and guarantors; and national and local economic conditions. The Audit and Compliance Committee and the Board of Directors also review the allowance calculation quarterly.

No single statistic, formula or measurement determines the adequacy of the allowance. Management makes difficult, subjective, and complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain, and different amounts would be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. For analytical purposes, management allocates a portion of the allowance to specific loan categories and specific loans (the allocated allowance). The entire allowance is used to absorb credit losses inherent in the loan portfolio, including identified and unidentified losses.

The allowance is supplemented to adjust for imprecision (particularly in commercial, commercial real estate and construction lending) and to provide for a range of possible outcomes inherent in estimates used for the allocated allowance. This reflects the result of management's judgment of risks inherent in the portfolio, economic uncertainties and other qualitative factors, including economic trends in the Company's regions.

The relationships and ratios used in calculating the allowance, including the qualitative factors, may change from period to period. Furthermore, management cannot provide assurance that, in any particular period, the Company will not have sizeable credit losses in relation to the amount reserved. Management may find it necessary to significantly adjust the allowance, considering current factors at the time, including economic conditions, industry trends and ongoing internal and external examination processes.

The Southside Virginia market, in which the Company has a significant presence, is under economic pressure. The region's economic base has historically been weighted toward the manufacturing sector. Increased global competition has negatively impacted the local textile industry and several manufacturers have closed plants due to competitive pressures or the relocation of some operations to foreign countries. Other important industries include farming, tobacco processing and sales, food processing, furniture manufacturing and sales, specialty glass manufacturing, and packaging tape production. Additional declines in manufacturing production and unemployment could negatively impact the ability of certain borrowers to repay loans.

The allowance is subject to regulatory examinations and determinations as to adequacy, which may take into account such factors as the methodology used to calculate the allowance and the size of the allowance in comparison to peer banks.

The provision for loan losses decreased from \$125,000 in the third quarter of 2006 to \$0 in the third quarter of 2007, and decreased from \$605,000 during the first nine months of 2006 to \$303,000 for the first nine months of 2007.

The allowance for loan losses was \$7,334,000 at September 30, 2007, an increase of 1.0% over the \$7,264,000 recorded at December 31, 2006. The allowance represented 1.32% of loans at September 30, 2007, in comparison to 1.34% at December 31, 2006. Management believes the allowance for loan losses is adequate to absorb losses inherent in the Company's loan portfolio at September 30, 2007. The decrease in the provision for loan losses allowed management to maintain directional consistency of the allowance with the improvement in the performance of the loan portfolio. More information regarding loan quality is provided in the "Asset Quality, Credit Risk Management, and Nonperforming Assets" section.

#### Noninterest Income

Noninterest income rose 6.5% from \$2,138,000 in the third quarter of 2006 to \$2,276,000 in the third quarter of 2007. Noninterest income increased \$613,000, or 9.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the first nine months of 2006. The quarter and year-to-date increase was due in large part to growth in trust fees, mortgage banking revenue, brokerage fees, and gains on securities. The year-to-date increase was also due to a \$32,000 increase in income recognized from the cash value of bank owned life insurance and an increase in check charges of \$15,000 as compared to the same period in 2006.

Fees from the management of trusts, estates, and asset management accounts totaled \$861,000 in the third quarter of 2007, up 2.1% from \$843,000 for the same period in 2006. Trust fee income on a year-to-date basis increased \$181,000, or 7.3%, when compared to the same period in 2006. These increases were due primarily to new account activity and to fee schedule adjustments made in early 2007.

Mortgage banking income represents fees from originating, selling, and brokering residential mortgage loans. Mortgage banking income was \$240,000 for the third quarter of 2007, an increase of 39.5% from the third quarter of 2006. Mortgage banking income increased \$251,000, or 49.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006. Both quarter and year-to-date increase was due to an increase in volume.

Brokerage fees represent income earned from the sale of investment products. Brokerage fees were \$191,000 for the third quarter of 2007, an increase of 105.4% from the third quarter in 2006. Brokerage fees increased \$112,000, or 34.3% on a year-to-date basis in comparison to the same period in 2006. The quarterly and year-to-date increase was due to an increase in volume.

Gains on securities totaled \$45,000 in the third quarter of 2007, compared with \$9,000 in the third quarter of 2006. Gains on securities for the first nine months of 2007 were \$134,000, as compared to \$47,000 during the same period in 2006.

#### Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense increased \$262,000, or 5.1%, from the third quarter of 2006 to the same period in 2007. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, noninterest expense increased \$1,141,000 or 7.7%.

Salary expense increased \$25,000 or 1.1% in the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006, while employee benefit expense increased 20% or \$130,000 over the same period. Personnel expense associated with a new branch office located at Smith Mountain Lake, Virginia and higher health insurance claims was partially offset with reductions in profit sharing and incentive plan expense. Salary expense increased \$418,000 or 6.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period of 2006. Employee benefit expense increased \$193,000 or 9.7% over the same period. This increase was largely attributable to the new Smith Mountain Lake office, increased health insurance claims, and additional personnel acquired with Community First Bank in April 2006.

Occupancy and equipment expense increased \$106,000 in the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006. This increase is primarily due to depreciation expense on new technology and other capital purchases and the costs associated with new branch offices opened at Smith Mountain Lake, and Bedford, Virginia. Occupancy and equipment expense increased \$395,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period of 2006. This increase can be attributed to the four branches acquired from Community First in addition to the expenses for the Smith Mountain Lake and Bedford offices.

Bank franchise tax expense decreased \$6,000 during the third quarter of 2007 in comparison to the same period of 2006, but increased \$17,000 on a year-to-date basis when compared to the same period in 2006. The increase is due primarily to the acquisition of Community First in April 2006.

Other noninterest expense increased \$7,000 in the third quarter of 2007 in comparison to the same quarter of 2006, and increased \$118,000 for the first nine months of 2007 in comparison to the first nine months of 2006, due primarily to the additional branches acquired from Community First and the Smith Mountain Lake office. Expenses for advertising and public relations, ATM and Visa network fees, Internet banking fees, professional services, automobile, courier service, recruiting and hiring, and tuition and training were categories that reflected increases for the nine month period.

#### **Income Tax Provision**

The effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2007 was 30.9% compared to 29.55% for the same period of 2006. The effective tax rate is lower than the statutory rate primarily due to the effect of the Company's ownership of tax-exempt securities and loans.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY, AND CAPITAL

### **Securities**

Average securities decreased \$33,754,000, or 19.3% during the third quarter of 2007, as compared to the same period in 2006. Maturing investments were used to pay-down borrowings and to fund reductions in high-rate certificates of deposit acquired from Community First in 2006 and decreases in other deposits.

#### Loans

Average loans were \$549,405,000 during the third quarter of 2007, compared with \$545,991,000 in the third quarter of 2006, a 0.6% increase. Average loans increased \$38,112,000, or 7.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 from the same period in 2006, due in large part to the acquisition of Community First in 2006.

## Asset Quality, Credit Risk Management, and Nonperforming Assets

Management identifies specific credit risks through its periodic analysis of the loan portfolio and monitors general risks arising from economic trends, market values, and other external factors. The Company maintains an allowance for loan losses, which is available to absorb losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is determined on a quarterly basis. Various factors as defined in the section "Allowance and Provision for Loan Losses" are considered in determining the adequacy of the allowance.

The Company uses certain practices to manage its credit risk. These practices include (a) appropriate lending limits for loan officers, (b) a loan approval process, (c) careful underwriting of loan requests, including analysis of borrowers, collateral, and market risks, (d) regular monitoring of the portfolio, including diversification by type and geography, (e) review of loans by a Loan Review department which operates independently of loan production, (f) regular meetings of a Credit Committee to discuss portfolio and policy changes, and (g) regular meetings of an Asset Quality Committee which reviews the status of individual loans.

Nonperforming loans include loans on which interest is no longer accrued, accruing loans that are contractually past due 90 days or more as to principal and interest payments, and any loans classified as troubled debt restructurings. Nonperforming assets include nonperforming loans and foreclosed real estate. Nonperforming loans represented 0.47% of total loans at September 30, 2007, and 0.63% at December 31, 2006.

The following table summarizes nonperforming assets:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2007		December 31, 2006	
` '	30, 2007		31, 2000	
Loans 90 days or more				
past due	\$	157	\$	-
Nonaccrual loans		2,454		3,425
Nonperforming				
loans		2,611		3,425
Foreclosed real estate		632		99
Nonperforming assets	\$	3,243	\$	3,524

There were no troubled debt restructurings at September 30, 2007 or December 31, 2006.

#### Liquidity and FHLB Borrowings

Liquidity is the measure of the Company's ability to generate sufficient funds to meet cash needs such as customer demands for loans and the withdrawal of deposit balances. Liquidity sources include cash and amounts due from banks, deposits in other banks, loan repayments, increases in deposits, lines of credit from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta ("FHLB") and two correspondent banks, and maturities and sales of securities. Management believes that these sources provide sufficient and timely liquidity.

Management monitors and forecasts the liquidity position for future periods. Liquidity strategies are implemented and monitored by an Asset/Liability Investment Committee. The Committee uses a simulation and budget model to manage the future liquidity needs of the Company.

The Company has a line of credit with the FHLB equal to 30% of the Company's assets, subject to the amount of collateral pledged. Borrowings under the line were \$8,975,000 at September 30, 2007. Under the terms of its collateral agreement with the FHLB, the Company provides a blanket lien covering all of its residential first mortgage loans. In addition, the Company pledges as collateral its capital stock in and deposits with the FHLB.

The Company had fixed-rate term borrowing contracts with the FHLB as of September 30, 2007, with the following final maturities:

Amount (in thousands)	Expiration Date		
\$ 3,000	June 2008		
5,000	April 2009		
975	March 2014		
\$ 8.975			

The Company also has federal funds lines of credit established with two other banks in the amounts of \$15,000,000 and \$5,000,000, and has access to the Federal Reserve Bank's discount window. There were no amounts outstanding under these facilities at September 30, 2007.

#### **Deposits**

Average deposits were \$590,904,000 during the third quarter of 2007, down 4.2% from \$616,547,000 during the same quarter of 2006. The Company has allowed high-rate certificates of deposit issued by Community First to mature. Additionally, savings and demand deposits declined due primarily to intense competition for bank deposits.

#### **Off-Balance-Sheet Activities**

The Company enters into certain financial transactions in the ordinary course of performing traditional banking services that result in off-balance-sheet transactions. Other than AMNB Statutory Trust I, formed in 2006 to issue Trust Preferred Securities, the Company does not have any off-balance-sheet subsidiaries. Refer to Note 6 for discussion of AMNB Statutory Trust I. Off-balance-sheet transactions were as follows (in thousands):

	eptember 80, 2007	December 31, 2006	
Commitments to			
extend credit	\$ 146,747	\$	155,038
Standby letters of			
credit	7,183		3,125
Mortgage loan			
rate-lock			
commitments	1,823		2,246

Commitments to extend credit to customers represent legally binding agreements with fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being funded, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future funding requirements. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company guaranteeing the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements.

#### Shareholders' Equity

One measure of a financial institution's capital level is the ratio of shareholders' equity to assets. Average shareholders' equity was 12.68% of average assets at September 30, 2007 and 11.76% at September 30, 2006. In addition to this measurement, banking regulators have defined minimum regulatory capital ratios for financial institutions. These ratios take into account risk factors identified by those regulatory authorities associated with the assets and off-balance-sheet activities of financial institutions. The guidelines require percentages, or "risk weights," be applied to those assets and off-balance-sheet assets in relation to their perceived risk. Under the guidelines, capital strength is measured in two tiers. Tier I capital consists primarily of shareholders' equity, while Tier II capital consists of qualifying allowance for loan losses. "Total" capital is the total of Tier I and Tier II capital. Another indicator of capital adequacy is the leverage ratio, which is computed by dividing Tier I capital by average quarterly assets less intangible assets.

The regulatory guidelines require that minimum total capital (Tier I plus Tier II) of 8% be held against total risk-adjusted assets, at least half of which (4%) must be Tier I capital. At September 30, 2007, the Company's Tier I and total capital ratios were 16.79% and 18.05%, respectively. At December 31, 2006, these ratios were 16.18% and 17.45%, respectively. The ratios for both periods were in excess of the regulatory requirements. The Company's leverage ratios were 12.81% and 12.15% at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. The leverage ratio has a regulatory minimum of 4%, with most institutions required to maintain a ratio of 4-5%, depending upon risk profiles and other factors.

As mandated by bank regulations, the following five capital categories are identified for insured depository institutions: "well capitalized," "adequately capitalized," "undercapitalized," "significantly undercapitalized," and "critically undercapitalized." These regulations require the federal banking regulators to take prompt corrective action with respect to insured depository institutions that do not meet minimum capital requirements. Under the regulations, well capitalized institutions must have Tier I risk-based capital ratios of at least 6%, total risk-based capital ratios of at least 10%, and leverage ratios of at least 5%, and not be subject to capital directive orders. Management believes, as of September 30, 2007, that the Company met the requirements to be considered "well capitalized."

#### **Impact of Inflation and Changing Prices**

The majority of assets and liabilities of a financial institution are monetary in nature and therefore differ greatly from most commercial and industrial companies that have significant investments in fixed assets or inventories. The most significant effect of inflation is on other expenses that tend to rise during periods of inflation. Changes in interest rates have a greater impact on a financial institution's profitability than do the effects of higher costs for goods and services. Through its balance sheet management practices, the Company has the ability to react to those changes and measure and monitor its interest rate and liquidity risk.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### Market Risk Management

Effectively managing market risk is essential to achieving the Company's financial objectives. Market risk reflects the risk of economic loss resulting from adverse changes in interest rates and market prices. The Company is generally not subject to currency exchange risk or commodity price risk.

As a financial institution, interest rate risk and its impact on net interest income is the primary market risk exposure. The magnitude of the change in earnings resulting from interest rate changes is impacted by the time remaining to maturity on fixed-rate obligations, the contractual ability to adjust rates prior to maturity, competition, and the general level of interest rates.

The Company's Asset/Liability Investment Committee ("ALCO") is primarily responsible for establishing asset and liability strategies and for monitoring and controlling liquidity and interest rate risk within established policy guidelines. ALCO is also responsible for evaluating the competitive interest rate environment and reviewing investment securities transactions.

The Company uses simulation analysis to measure the sensitivity of projected earnings to changes in interest rates. Simulation takes into account current balance sheet volumes and the scheduled maturities and payments of assets and liabilities. It incorporates numerous assumptions including growth, changes in the mix of assets and liabilities, prepayments, and average rates earned and paid. Based on this information, the model projects net interest income under multiple interest rate scenarios.

Management cannot predict future interest rates or their exact effect on net interest income. Computations of future effects of hypothetical interest rate changes are based on numerous assumptions and should not be relied upon as indicative of actual results. Certain limitations are inherent in such computations. Assets and liabilities may react differently than projected to changes in market interest rates. The interest rates on certain types of assets and liabilities may fluctuate in advance of changes in market interest rates, while rates on other types of assets and liabilities may lag changes in market interest rates. Also, the methodology uses estimates of various rates of withdrawal for money market deposits, savings, and checking accounts, which may vary significantly from actual experience. The Company is subject to prepayment risk, particularly in falling interest rate environments or in environments where the slope of the yield curve is relatively flat or negative. Such changes in the interest rate environment can cause substantial changes in the amount of prepayments of loans and mortgage-backed securities, which may in turn affect the Company's interest rate sensitivity position. Additionally, credit risk may increase if an interest rate increase adversely affects the ability of borrowers to service their debt.

There have been no material changes to market risk as disclosed in the Company's 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Refer to those disclosures for further information.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), as amended (the "Exchange Act") as of September 30, 2007. Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms. There were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2007 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting. PART II

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item:

#### 1. Legal Proceedings

The nature of the business of the Company ordinarily results in a certain amount of litigation. The Company is involved in various legal proceedings, all of which are considered incidental to the normal conduct of business. Management believes that these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or consolidated results of operations of the Company.

#### 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Company's 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2007.

#### 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

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			Total Number of	Maximum Number
			Shares Purchased	of Shares that May
			as Part of Publicly	Yet Be Purchased
	Total Number of	Average Price	Announced	Under the Program
Dates	Shares Purchased	Paid Per Share	Program	
July 1–31	2,500	\$ 22.49	2,500	93,300
August 1-15	18,500	20.96	18,500	74,800
August 16-31	4,100	21.36	4,100	120,900
September 1-30	3,800	21.26	3,800	117,100
_				

On August 21, 2007, the Company's board of directors approved the extension of its stock repurchase plan, begun in 2000, to include the repurchase of up to 125,000 shares of the Company's common stock between August 22, 2007 and August 19, 2008. The stock may be purchased in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions as management determines to be in the best interest of the Company.

#### 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

#### None

- 5. Other Information
- (a) Required 8-K disclosures

None

(b) Changes in Nominating Process

None

6. Exhibits

- 11. Refer to EPS calculation in the Notes to Financial Statements
- 31.1 Section 302 Certification of Charles H. Majors, President and Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 Section 302 Certification of Neal A. Petrovich, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
  - 32.1 Section 906 Certification of Charles H. Majors, President and Chief Executive Officer
- 32.2 Section 906 Certification of Neal A. Petrovich, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### AMERICAN NATIONAL BANKSHARES INC.

/s/ Charles H. Majors Charles H. Majors

Date – November 8, 2007 President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Neal A. Petrovich Neal A. Petrovich

Senior Vice President and

Date – November 8, 2007 Chief Financial Officer