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NOBLE ROMANS INC
Form 10-K
March 12, 2008

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-K

(Mark one)

X Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
--- Securities Exchange Act of 1934
for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

--- Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the
--- Securities Exchange Act of 1934
for the transition period from ____ to____.

Commission file number 0-11104

NOBLE ROMAN'S, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Indiana
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

35-1281154
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

One Virginia Avenue, Suite 800
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number: (317) 634-3377
Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act: None
Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Yes No X
--- ---

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.
Yes No X
--- ---

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes X No
--- ---

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. X

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

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PART 1

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

General Information

Noble Roman's, Inc., an Indiana corporation incorporated in 1972 (the "Company"), sells and services franchises for non-traditional and co-branded foodservice operations under the trade names "Noble Roman's Pizza" and "Tuscano's Italian Style Subs." The concepts' hallmarks include high quality pizza and sub sandwiches, along with other related menu items, simple operating systems, fast service times, labor-minimizing operations, attractive food costs and overall affordability. Since 1997, the Company has focused its efforts and resources primarily on franchising for non-traditional and co-branded locations and now has awarded franchises in 45 states plus Washington, D.C., Puerto Rico, Guam, Italy and Canada. In 2005 the Company began selling franchises for its dual-branded concept in traditional locations. In August 2006 the Company began selling development territories to Area Developers in an attempt to accelerate growth in the dual-branded traditional concept. Prior to focusing its efforts on franchising for non-traditional and co-branded foodservice operations, the Company had approximately 25 years' experience operating full-service pizza restaurants, giving it unique expertise in the design and support of foodservice systems for franchisees. Royalties and franchise fees from the Company's franchise operations were \$7,269,868, \$8,084,175 and \$10,411,326 for 2005, 2006 and 2007, respectively. Royalties and fees from franchise operations accounted for 86.2%, 85.2% and 90.0% of total revenue for 2005, 2006 and 2007, respectively. Other financial information about the Company's business, including revenue, profit and loss and total assets, is detailed in Item 8 - Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Products & Systems

Noble Roman's Pizza

Superior quality that our customers can taste - that is the hallmark of Noble Roman's Pizza. Every ingredient and process has been designed with a view to produce superior results. We believe the following make our product unique:

- o Crust made with only specially milled flour with above average protein and yeast.
- o Fresh packed, uncondensed sauce made with secret spices, parmesan cheese and vine-ripened tomatoes.

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- o 100% real cheese blended from mozzarella and muenster, with no soy additives or extenders.
- o 100% real meat toppings, again with no additives or extenders - a real departure from many pizza concepts.
- o Vegetable and mushroom toppings that are sliced and delivered fresh, never canned.
- o An extended product line that includes breadsticks with dip, pasta, baked sandwiches, salads, wings and a line of breakfast products.
- o A fully-prepared pizza crust that captures the made-from-scratch pizzeria flavor which gets delivered to the franchise location shelf-stable so that dough handling is no longer an impediment to a consistent product.

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The Company carefully developed all of its menu items to be delivered in a ready-to-use form requiring only on-site assembly and baking. These menu items are manufactured by third party vendors and distributed by unrelated distributors who deliver throughout all 48 contiguous states. We believe this process results in products that are great tasting, quality consistent, easy to assemble, relatively low in food cost and require relatively low amounts of labor.

Tuscano's Italian Style Subs

Tuscano's Italian Style Subs is a separate restaurant concept that focuses on sub sandwich menu items. Tuscano's was designed to be comfortably familiar from a customer's perspective but with many distinctive features that include an Italian themed menu. The franchise fee and ongoing royalty for a Tuscano's is identical to that charged for a Noble Roman's Pizza franchise. For the most part, the Company awards Tuscano's franchises for the same facilities as Noble Roman's Pizza franchises, although Tuscano's franchises are also available for locations that do not have a Noble Roman's Pizza franchise.

With its Italian theme, Tuscano's offers a distinctive yet recognizable format. Like most other brand name sub concepts, customers select menu items at the start of the counter line then choose toppings and sauces according to their preference until they reach the check out point. Yet Tuscano's has many unique competitive features, including its Tuscan theme, the extra rich yeast content of its fresh baked bread, the thematic menu selections and serving options, high quality meats, and generous yet cost-effective quality sauces and spreads. Tuscano's was designed to be premium quality, simple to operate and cost-effective.

Business Strategy

The Company's business strategy can be summarized as follows:

Continue Focus on Sales of Non-Traditional Franchises. The Company plans to continue its focus on awarding franchise agreements for both Noble Roman's Pizza and Tuscano's Italian Style Subs in non-traditional venues such as hospitals, military bases, universities, convenience stores, attractions, entertainment facilities, casinos, airports, travel plazas, office complexes and hotels. The Company has pursued this focus for the past several years.

Growth of our Traditional Dual-Branded Concept. In order to seek more rapid

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growth, the Company initiated a strategy to sell dual-branded franchises and to sell development territories to Area Developers for additional growth of its dual-branded concept of Noble Roman's/Tuscano's for stand-alone traditional locations. Area Developers have the exclusive right to develop the dual-branded traditional concept in their areas. Area Developers generally pay a development fee of \$.05 per capita in their development area and will receive 30% of the initial franchise fee and 2/7ths of the royalty from the franchise locations developed pursuant to those Development Agreements. The Company retains all training and supervision responsibilities and must approve all franchisees and all locations. In order to maintain the rights to develop the territories, each Developer has to meet the minimum development schedule stipulated in the Area Development Agreement.

Maintain Superior Product Quality. The Company believes that the quality of its products will contribute to the growth of both its non-traditional and traditional dual-branded concept. Every ingredient and process was designed with a view to producing superior results. All of its menu items were carefully developed to be delivered in a ready-to-use form requiring only on-site assembly and baking. The Company believes this process results in

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products that are great tasting, quality consistent, easy to assemble, relatively low in food cost and require relatively low amounts of labor and allows for a significant competitive advantage due to the speed at which its products can be prepared, baked and served to customers.

The Company recently announced initiatives that it believes will enhance the operations of its traditional co-brand franchise program. These enhancements include: more rigorous franchisee selection criteria; a longer, more robust training period for new franchisees; more direct franchisee involvement in the construction and marketing processes; and intensified monitoring and enforcement of operating standards and unit performance. Recognizing that these steps could slow the speed of franchise development within territories covered by existing Area Development agreements, the Company intends to offer reasonable accommodations to the exclusive development time frames specified in those agreements so as to align the interests of Area Developers and the Company in sustainable growth of the traditional franchise program.

Competition

The restaurant industry in general is very competitive with respect to convenience, price, product quality and service. In addition, the Company competes for franchise sales on the basis of product engineering and quality, investment cost, cost of sales, distribution, simplicity of operation and labor requirements. A change in the business strategy of one or more of the Company's competitors could have an adverse effect on the Company's ability to sell additional franchises, maintain and renew existing franchises or sell its products through its franchise system. Many of the Company's competitors are very large, internationally established companies.

Within the competitive environment of the non-traditional franchise segment of the restaurant industry, management has defined what it believes to be certain competitive advantages for the Company. First, several of the Company's competitors in the non-traditional segment are also large chains operating thousands of franchised, traditional restaurants. Because of the contractual relationships with many of their franchisees, some competitors may be unable to offer wide-scale site availability for potential non-traditional franchisees. The Company is not faced with any significant geographic restrictions.

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Within the competitive environment of the traditional franchise segment of the restaurant industry, management has identified what it believes to be certain competitive advantages for the Company. One of these advantages is that using the fully-prepared crust, developed by the Company, pizzas can be prepared and baked in approximately five minutes, which the Company believes is significant especially in the delivery segment of the business.

Several of the Company's competitors in the non-traditional segment were established with little or no organizational history in owning and operating traditional foodservice locations. This lack of operating experience may be a limitation for them in attracting and maintaining non-traditional franchisees who, by the nature of the segment, often have little exposure to foodservice operations themselves. The Company's background in traditional restaurant operations has provided it experience in structuring, planning, marketing, and cost controlling franchise unit operations which may be of material benefit to franchisees.

Seasonality of Sales

Direct sales of non-traditional franchises may be affected in minor ways by certain seasonalities and holiday periods. Franchise sales to certain non-traditional venues may be slower around major holidays such as

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Thanksgiving and Christmas, and during the first quarter of the year. Franchise sales to other non-traditional venues show less or no seasonality. Additionally, in middle and northern climates where adverse winter weather conditions may hamper outdoor travel or activities, foodservice sales by franchisees may be sensitive to sudden drops in temperature or precipitation which would in turn affect Company royalties.

Employees

As of March 3, 2008, the Company employed approximately 46 persons full-time and 128 persons on a part-time, hourly basis. No employees are covered under collective bargaining agreements, and the Company believes that relations with its employees are good.

Trademarks and Service Marks

The Company owns and protects several trademarks and service marks. Many of these, including NOBLE ROMAN'S (R), Noble Roman's Pizza(R), THE BETTER PIZZA PEOPLE (R) and Tuscano's Italian Style Subs(R) are registered with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office as well as with the corresponding agencies of certain other foreign governments. The Company believes that its trademarks and service marks have significant value and are important to its sales and marketing efforts.

Government Regulation

The Company and its franchisees are subject to various federal, state and local laws affecting the operation of our respective businesses. Each franchise location is subject to licensing and regulation by a number of governmental authorities, which include health, safety, sanitation, building and other agencies and ordinances in the state or municipality in which the facility is located. The process of obtaining and maintaining required licenses or approvals

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can delay or prevent the opening of a franchise location. Vendors, such as our third party production and distribution services, are also licensed and subject to regulation by state and local health and fire codes, and U. S. Department of Transportation regulations. The Company, its franchisees and its vendors are also subject to federal and state environmental regulations.

The Company is subject to regulation by the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") and various state agencies pursuant to federal and state laws regulating the offer and sale of franchises. Several states also regulate aspects of the franchisor-franchisee relationship. The FTC requires us to furnish to prospective franchisees a disclosure document containing certain specified information. Some states also regulate the sale of franchises and require registration of a franchise offering circular with state authorities. Substantive state laws that regulate the franchisor-franchisee relationship presently exist in a substantial number of states, and bills have been introduced in Congress from time to time that would provide for additional federal regulation of the franchisor-franchisee relationship in certain respects. State laws often limit, among other things, the duration and scope of non-competition provisions and the ability of a franchisor to terminate or refuse to renew a franchise. Some foreign countries also have disclosure requirements and other laws regulating franchising and the franchisor-franchisee relationship, and the Company would be subject to applicable laws in each jurisdiction where it seeks to market additional franchised units.

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Available Information

We make available, free of charge through our Internet website (<http://www.nobleromans.com>), our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to these reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file these reports with, or furnish them to, the Securities and Exchange Commission. The information on our website is not incorporated into this annual report.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

All phases of the Company's operations are subject to a number of uncertainties, risks and other influences, many of which are outside of its control and any one of which, or a combination of which, could materially affect its results of operations. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the Company's expectations are discussed below. Prospective investors should carefully consider these factors before investing in our securities. These risks and uncertainties include:

Competition from larger companies.

The Company competes for franchise sales with large national companies and numerous regional and local companies. Many of its competitors have greater financial and other resources than the Company. The restaurant industry in general is intensely competitive with respect to convenience, price, product quality and service. In addition, the Company competes for franchise sales on the basis of several factors, including product engineering and quality, investment cost, cost of sales, distribution, simplicity of operation and labor requirements. A change in the business strategy of one or more of its competitors could have an adverse effect on the Company's ability to sell additional franchises or maintain and renew existing franchises or operating

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results of the Company's franchise system. As a result of these factors, the Company may have difficulty competing effectively from time to time or in certain markets.

Dependence on growth strategy.

A significant component of the Company's growth strategy is selling new franchises and assisting franchisees in opening new restaurants. The opening and success of new restaurants will depend upon various factors, including the franchisee's ability to find suitable sites, the ability to negotiate leases for the new restaurants on acceptable terms, the ability to comply with applicable regulatory requirements, the ability to meet construction schedules, the ability of the franchisees to manage their operations and to hire and train personnel, the ability of the franchisees to obtain acceptable financing and the effect of competition and general economic and business conditions including food and labor costs. Many of the foregoing factors are not within the Company's control. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to achieve its plans with respect to the opening or operation of new franchise units.

Dependence on success of franchisees.

A significant portion of the Company's earnings comes from royalties generated by its franchises. Franchisees are independent operators, and their employees are not the Company's employees. The Company provides training and support to franchisees, but the quality of franchise store operations may be diminished by any number of factors beyond the Company's control. Consequently, franchisees may not successfully operate stores in a manner consistent with the Company's standards and requirements, or may not hire and train qualified managers

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and other store personnel. If they do not, the Company's image and reputation may suffer, and its revenues and stock price could decline. While the Company attempts to ensure that its franchisees maintain the quality of its brand and branded products, franchisees may take actions that adversely affect the value of the Company's intellectual property or reputation.

Dependence on success of Area Developers.

One of the Company's growth strategies is selling dual-branded franchise agreements for traditional locations and selling development territories to Area Developers to spur the growth of stand-alone traditional locations. The Company has entered into 24 Area Development Agreements calling for the development of a minimum of 868 franchise units over the next few years. However, four of those Area Development Agreements are considered terminated for lack of performance. That leaves Area Development Agreements for 20 territories still active calling for 631 franchise units to be developed pursuant to those remaining contracts. Area Developers are independent contractors. There is no assurance that we will be able to add additional Area Developers or that the remaining Area Developers will be successful in generating additional new franchises.

Dependence on consumer preferences and perceptions.

The restaurant industry is often affected by changes in consumer tastes, national, regional and local economic conditions, demographic trends, traffic patterns and the type, number and location of competing restaurants. The Company can be substantially adversely affected by publicity resulting from food quality, illness, injury, or other health concerns or operating issues stemming from one restaurant or a limited number of restaurants.

Interruptions in supply or delivery of fresh food products.

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Dependence on frequent deliveries of fresh product also subjects the Company to the risks that shortages or interruptions in the supply caused by inclement weather or other conditions could adversely affect the availability, quality and cost of ingredients. In addition, factors such as inflation, market conditions for cheese, wheat, food, paper and labor may also adversely affect the franchisees and, as a result, adversely affect the Company's ability to add new franchised restaurants.

Dependence on key executives.

The Company's business has been and will continue to be dependent upon the efforts and abilities of certain members of its management, particularly Paul Mobley, our Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and A. Scott Mobley, our President and Chief Operating Officer. The loss of either of their services could have a material adverse effect on the Company.

The Company is subject to Indiana law with regard to purchases of our stock.

Certain provisions of Indiana law applicable to the Company could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or of discouraging a third party from attempting to acquire, control of the Company. Such provisions could also limit the price that certain investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of its common stock. These provisions include prohibitions against certain business combinations with persons that become "interested shareholders" (persons owning or controlling shares with voting power equal to 10% or

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more) unless the board of directors approves either the business combination or the acquisition of stock before the person becomes an "interested shareholder."

The Company and its franchisees are subject to various federal, state and local laws with regard to the operation of the businesses.

The Company is subject to regulation by the FTC and various state agencies pursuant to federal and state laws regulating the offer and sale of franchises. Several states also regulate aspects of the franchisor-franchisee relationship. The FTC requires the Company to furnish to prospective franchisees a disclosure document containing certain specified information. Some states also regulate the sale of franchises and require registration of a franchise offering circular with state authorities. Substantive state laws that regulate the franchisor-franchisee relationship presently exist in a substantial number of states, and bills have been introduced in Congress from time to time that would provide for federal regulation of the franchisor-franchisee relationship in certain respects. The state laws often limit, among other things, the duration and scope of non-competition provisions and the ability of a franchisor to terminate or refuse to renew a franchise. Some foreign countries also have disclosure requirements and other laws regulating franchising and the franchisor-franchisee relationship, and the Company would be subject to applicable laws in each jurisdiction where it seeks to market additional franchise units.

Each franchise location is subject to licensing and regulation by a number of governmental authorities, which include health, safety, sanitation, building and other agencies and ordinances in the state or municipality in which the facility is located. The process of obtaining and maintaining required licenses or approvals can delay or prevent the opening of a franchise location. Vendors, such as the Company's third party production and distribution services, are also licensed and subject to regulation by state and local health and fire codes, and

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U. S. Department of Transportation regulations. The Company, its franchisees and its vendors are also subject to federal and state environmental regulations.

The Company's stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board and, accordingly, we are not subject to the same corporate governance standards that would apply if our shares were listed on a national exchange or quoted on the Nasdaq Stock Market, which limits the liquidity and price of our securities more than if our securities were quoted or listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market or a national exchange.

Our stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board, an NASD-sponsored and operated inter-dealer automated quotation system for equity securities not included on the Nasdaq Stock Market. We are not subject to the same corporate governance requirements that apply to exchange-listed companies. These requirements include having: a majority of independent directors; an audit committee of independent directors; and shareholder approval of certain equity compensation plans. As a result, quotation of our stock on the OTC Bulletin Board limits the liquidity and price of our stock more than if our stock was quoted or listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market or a national exchange. There is no assurance that the Company's stock will be continue to be authorized for quotation by the OTC Bulletin Board or any other market in the future.

Compliance with external assurance requirements of of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 will require substantial financial and management resources.

The Company will be required to comply with the external assurance requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 beginning with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2009. Section 404 requires us to evaluate and report on our system of internal controls over financial reporting, however, the

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Company is not currently required to have its auditor report on management's evaluation of our system of internal controls or certify its compliance with the rules related to its system of internal controls. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal controls, we could be subject to various sanctions. Any inability to provide reliable financial reports could harm our business. Any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or difficulties encountered in the implementation of adequate controls over our financial processes and reporting in the future, could harm our operating results or cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations. Inferior internal controls could also cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, which could have a negative effect on the trading price of our stock.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The Company's headquarters are located in 8,000 square feet of leased office space in Indianapolis, Indiana. The lease for this property expires in December 2008.

The Company also leases space for the Company-owned dual-branded restaurant in Indianapolis, Indiana which is used as a demonstration and test restaurant. The lease for this property expires December 31, 2010. The Company has the option to extend the term of this lease for two additional five-year periods.

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The Company leases space for operating an additional dual-branded restaurant in Indianapolis, Indiana which it intends to sell when an appropriate franchisee can be identified. The lease for this property expires December 5, 2010. The Company has the option to extend the term of this lease for two additional five-year periods. This lease also provides for the Company to assign the lease to a franchisee when it is franchised.

The Company leases space for operating an additional dual-branded restaurant in Noblesville, Indiana which it intends to sell when an appropriate franchisee can be identified. The lease for this property expires July 31, 2016. The Company has the option to extend the term of this lease for two additional five-year periods. This lease also provides for the Company to assign the lease to a franchisee when it is franchised.

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ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company, from time to time, is involved in various litigation relating to claims arising out of its normal business operations.

The Company is not involved in any litigation, which would have any material effect upon the Company.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

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PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Market Information

The Company's common stock is included on Nasdaq "Electronic Bulletin Board" and trades under the symbol "NROM."

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The following table sets forth for the periods indicated, the high and low bid prices per share of common stock as reported by Nasdaq. The quotations reflect inter-dealer prices without retail mark-up, mark-down or commissions and may not represent actual transactions.

Quarter Ended: -----	2006		2007	
	High	Low	High	Low
March 31	\$1.20	\$.91	4.50	3.60
June 30	\$1.42	\$.70	7.40	4.05
September 30	\$3.30	\$1.35	7.80	5.05
December 31	\$4.10	\$2.60	6.20	1.40

----- Holders of Record

As of February 27, 2008, there were approximately 324 holders of record of the Company's common stock. This excludes persons whose shares are held of record by a bank, brokerage house or clearing agency.

----- Dividends

The Company has never declared or paid dividends on its common stock. The Company intends to retain earnings to fund the development and growth of its business and does not expect to pay any dividends on its common stock within the foreseeable future.

----- Sale of Unregistered Securities

None.

----- Equity Compensation Plan Benefit Information

Information about the Company's equity compensation plan is detailed in Item 12

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

(In thousands except per share data)

Statement of Operations Data:	Year Ended December 31,			
	2003	2004	2005	2006
Royalties and fees	\$ 6,701	\$ 6,789	\$ 7,270	\$ 8,000
Administrative fees and other	199	125	72	1,300
Restaurant revenue	882	998	1,089	1,300
Total revenue	7,782	7,912	8,431	9,400
Operating expenses	2,328	2,522	2,627	2,900
Restaurant operating expenses	867	962	1,059	1,200
Depreciation and amortization	68	50	70	1,000
General and administrative	1,259	1,403	1,491	1,500

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Operating income	3,260	2,975	3,184	3,6
Interest and other	1,047	946	817	7
Other income	-	-	2,801	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income before income taxes from continuing operations	2,213	2,029	5,168	2,8
Income taxes	752	690	1,757	9
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income from continuing operations	1,461	1,339	3,411	1,8
Loss from discontinued operations	(167)	(404)	(560)	
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income	\$ 1,294	\$ 935	\$ 2,851	\$ 1,8
Cumulative preferred dividends	-	-	(16)	1
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 1,294	\$ 935	\$ 2,835	\$ 1,7
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Weighted average number of common shares	16,169	16,280	16,849	16,4
Net income per share	\$.08	\$.06	\$.17	\$.
Net income available to common stockholders	\$.08	\$.06	\$.17	\$.

Balance Sheet Data (at year end):

Working capital	\$ 2,220	\$ 2,107	\$ 2,793	\$ 3,4
Total assets	14,284	15,249	15,523	16,1
Long-term obligations, net of current portion	10,099	9,740	7,125	5,6
Stockholders' equity	\$ 2,462	\$ 4,256	\$ 6,513	\$ 8,6

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Introduction

The Company sells and services franchises for non-traditional, co-branded and stand-alone foodservice operations under the trade names "Noble Roman's Pizza" and "Tuscano's Italian Style Subs." Both concepts' hallmarks include high quality products, simple operating systems, labor minimizing operations, attractive food costs and overall affordability.

There were 995 franchised outlets in operation on December 31, 2006 and 1,056 on December 31, 2007. During that twelve-month period there were 97 new franchised outlets opened and 36 franchised outlets left the

system, 23 of which reached the end of their franchise agreement term and 13 of which ceased operation for other reasons.

Financial Summary

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the

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consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The Company evaluates the carrying values of its assets, including property, equipment and related costs, accounts receivable and deferred tax asset, periodically to assess whether any impairment indications are present due to (among other factors) recurring operating losses, significant adverse legal developments, competition, changes in demand for the Company's products or changes in the business climate that affect the recovery of recorded value. If any impairment of an individual asset is evident, a charge will be provided to reduce the carrying value to its estimated fair value.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Data Noble Roman's, Inc. and Subsidiaries

	Years Ended December 31,				
	2005		2006		
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Royalties and fees	\$ 7,269,868	86.2%	\$ 8,084,175	85.2%	10,411
Administrative fees and other	72,177	.9	63,072	.7	67
Restaurant revenue	1,088,783	12.9	1,339,555	14.1	1,088
	-----		-----		-----
Total revenue	8,430,828	100.0	9,486,802	100.0	11,566
Franchise-related operating expenses:					
Salaries and wages	1,139,502	13.5	1,278,319	13.5	1,642
Trade show expense	474,555	5.6	447,303	4.7	554
Travel expense	333,617	4.0	380,763	4.0	527
Sales commissions	-	-	72,343	.8	621
Other operating expense	678,231	8.0	742,104	7.8	1,024
Restaurant expenses	1,059,396	12.6	1,283,702	13.5	1,011
Depreciation	69,964	.8	84,353	.9	96
General and administrative	1,491,243	17.7	1,550,030	16.3	1,680
	-----		-----		-----
Operating income	3,184,320	37.8	3,647,887	38.5	4,407
Interest expense	817,357	9.7	776,028	8.2	650
Other income	2,800,830	33.2	-	-	-
	-----		-----		-----
Income before income taxes	5,167,793	61.3	2,871,859	30.3	3,757
Income taxes	1,757,051	20.8	976,432	10.3	1,268
	-----		-----		-----
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 3,410,742	40.5%	\$ 1,895,427	20.0%	\$ 2,488
	-----		-----		-----

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2007 Compared with 2006

Total revenue increased from \$9.5 million in 2006 to \$11.6 million in 2007. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in royalties and fees from the addition of new franchises. Royalties and fees increased from approximately \$8.1 million in 2006 to approximately \$10.4 million in 2007. Included in royalties and fees were approximately \$963,000 in 2006 and \$1,211,500 in 2007 for initial

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franchise fees. In addition, royalties and fees included approximately \$707,000 in 2006 and \$1,547,000 in 2007, for the sale of Area Development Agreements. Royalty and fee income, less initial franchise fees and area development fees, were \$6.4 million in 2006 and \$7.7 million in 2007.

Company has active Area Development Agreements for 20 territories requiring the development of 631 franchise locations over the next five to eight years. There is no assurance that we will be able to add additional Area Developers or that the Area Developers will be successful in generating additional new franchises. If an Area Developer does not meet the required development schedule, the Developer loses its rights to the development area and its share of the royalty fee income on any units that were previously developed. There can be no assurance that all of the Area Developers will meet their required schedules.

Restaurant revenues decreased from \$1.3 million in 2006 to \$1.1 million in 2007. The Company only intends to operate two restaurants to be used for testing and demonstration purposes but from time to time temporarily operates others until a suitable franchisee is located. As of December 31, 2007, the Company operated six restaurants on a temporary basis.

Salaries and wages remained increased from 13.5% of revenue in 2006 to 14.2% of revenue in 2007. This increase was primarily the result of adding additional supervisors to cover a larger base of units.

Trade show expenses increased from 4.7% of revenue in 2006 to 4.8% of revenue in 2007. The increase in the level of expense from participating in more franchise shows, was mostly offset by the increased revenue.

Travel expenses increased from 4.0% of revenue in 2006 to 4.6% in 2007. This increase was primarily the result of having more supervisors to support the franchisees.

Sales commission expense increased from 0.8% of revenue in 2006 to 5.4% of revenue in 2007. This increase was primarily the result of selling more Area Development Agreements in 2007 and more franchises sold by Area Developers.

Other operating expenses increased from 7.8% of revenue in 2006 to 8.9% of revenue in 2007. This increase was primarily the result of additional advertising and an increase in group insurance, payroll taxes and auto expense resulting from the increase in the number of supervisors who support the franchisees.

Restaurant expenses decreased from 13.5% of revenue in 2006 to 8.7% of revenue in 2007. This decrease resulted primarily from the Company operating fewer restaurants on a temporary basis in 2007 and the increase in royalty and fee revenue. The Company only intends to operate two restaurants to be used for testing and demonstration purposes on a long-term basis but from time to time temporarily operates others until a suitable franchisee is located.

General and administrative expenses decreased from 16.3% of revenue in 2006 to 14.5% of revenue in 2007. This decrease was a result of administrative expense increasing at a slower rate compared to the growth in revenue.

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Operating income increased from \$3.6 million in 2006 to \$4.4 million in 2007. This was primarily the result of additional revenue from growth in the number of franchise locations while the Company controlled operating expenses.

Interest expense decreased from 8.2% of revenue in 2006 to 5.6% of revenue in 2007. This was a result of a decrease in interest expense due to a reduction in

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the average amount of debt outstanding and, additionally, the result of an increase in revenue.

Net income increased from \$1.9 million in 2006 to \$2.5 million in 2007. This increase was primarily the result of additional revenue from growth in the number of franchise locations while maintaining control of the operating expenses.

Net income per share increased from \$.12 per share on 16.4 million weighted average shares outstanding in 2006 to \$.14 per share on 17.7 million weighted average shares outstanding in 2007. The diluted net income per share increased from \$.10 on 19.7 million weighted average shares outstanding in 2006 to \$.13 per share on 19.0 million weighted average shares outstanding in 2007.

2006 Compared with 2005

Total revenue increased from \$8.4 million in 2005 to \$9.5 million in 2006. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in royalties and fees from the addition of new franchises. Royalties and fees increased from approximately \$7.3 million in 2005 to approximately \$8.1 million in 2006. Included in royalties and fees were approximately \$700,000 in 2005 and \$963,000 in 2006 for initial franchise fees. In addition, royalties and fees included approximately \$707,000, in 2006, for the sale of Area Development Agreements.

Restaurant revenues increased from \$1.1 million in 2005 to \$1.3 million in 2006. The Company only intends to operate two restaurants to be used for testing and demonstration purposes but from time to time temporarily operates others until a suitable franchisee is located. As of December 31, 2006, the Company operated four restaurants on a temporary basis.

Salaries and wages remained constant at 13.5% of revenue in 2006 compared to 2005.

Trade show expenses decreased from 5.6% of revenue in 2005 to 4.7% of revenue in 2006. This decrease was the result of actual trade show expense decreasing slightly while revenue increased.

Travel expenses remained constant at 4.0% of revenue in 2006 compared to 2005.

Sales commission expense was 0.8% of revenue in 2006. The Company recorded no sales commission expense in prior years. This increase was the result of hiring a sales person to support the growth of traditional locations and payment to the Area Developers for their share of franchise fee revenue.

Other operating expenses decreased from 8.0% of revenue in 2005 to 7.8% of revenue in 2006. This decrease was primarily the result of actual operating expenses increasing slower than the revenue increase primarily from the growth in franchise locations.

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Restaurant expenses increased from 12.6% of revenue in 2005 to 13.5% of revenue in 2006. This increase resulted primarily from the Company operating more restaurants on a temporary basis in 2006. The Company only intends to operate two restaurants to be used for testing and demonstration purposes on a long-term basis but from time to time temporarily operates others until a suitable franchisee is located.

General and administrative expenses decreased from 17.7% of revenue in 2005 compared to 16.3% of revenue in 2006. This decrease was a result of a small

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increase in administrative expense compared to the growth in revenue.

Operating income increased from \$3.2 million in 2005 to \$3.6 million in 2006. This was primarily the result of additional revenue from growth in the number of franchise locations while the Company maintained control of the operating expenses.

Interest expense decreased from 9.7% of revenue in 2005 to 8.2% of revenue in 2006. This was a result of a decrease in interest expense due to a reduction in the average amount of debt outstanding and, additionally, the result of an increase in revenue.

Other income was \$2.8 million in 2005 compared to none in 2006. The \$2.8 million revenue in 2005 was a one-time gain that resulted from the Company consummating a settlement agreement with SummitBridge National Investments, LLC and related entities. See Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

Net income from continuing operations decreased from \$3.4 million in 2005 to \$1.9 million in 2006. This decrease was the result of the other income in 2005 as described in the previous paragraph. Without the effect of the one-time gain in 2005, as previously discussed, net income from continuing operations increased from \$1.6 million in 2005 to \$1.9 million in 2006.

Impact of Inflation

The primary inflation factors affecting the Company's operations are food and labor costs to the franchisee. To date, the Company has been able to offset the effects of inflation in food costs without significantly increasing prices through effective cost control methods and greater purchasing power as a result of additional growth. The competition for labor has resulted in higher salaries and wages for the franchisees, however, that effect is largely minimized by the relatively low labor requirements of the Company's franchise concepts.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash provided by operating activities in 2007 was \$2.1 million compared to \$2.0 million in 2006.

As a result of the Company's strategy, cash flow generated from operations, the Company's current rate of entering into new franchises and the anticipated growth in franchise agreements and Area Development Agreements in the future, the Company believes it will have sufficient cash flow to meet its obligations and to carry out its current business plan.

On August 25, 2005, the Company consummated a Settlement Agreement with SummitBridge National Investments, LLC and related entities. As a result of the Settlement Agreement, the Company acquired all of SummitBridge's debt and equity interests in the Company, except for 2,400,000 shares of common stock, all of

which SummitBridge subsequently sold to various other investors, for a purchase price of \$8.3 million. These interests consisted of a senior secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$7.7 million, interest accrued on the note of \$927,756, 3,214,748 shares of the Company's common stock, \$4.9 million stated amount of the Company's no-yield preferred stock which was convertible into 1,643,092 shares of common stock, and a warrant to purchase 385,000 shares of the Company's common stock with an exercise price of \$.01 per share.

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In order to fund its obligations under the Settlement Agreement, the Company obtained a new six-year term loan in the principal amount of \$9.0 million with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. ("Wells Fargo"). As of December 31, 2007 the principal balance had been reduced to \$5.6 million. The note called for monthly principal payments of \$125,000 plus interest at the rate of LIBOR plus 4% per annum adjusted on a monthly basis. The Company's obligations under the loan are secured by the grant of a security interest in its personal property. The Company elected to purchase a swap contract fixing the rate on 50% of the principal balance for the first two years and then \$3 million of the principal amount for the following two years at an annual interest rate of 8.83% per annum.

On February 4, 2008, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, entered into a First Amendment to Loan Agreement (the "Amendment") with Wells Fargo that amended the existing Loan Agreement dated August 25, 2005, between the Company and Wells Fargo (the "Loan Agreement"). The Amendment provided for Wells Fargo to loan an additional \$3.0 million to the Company. The Amendment also reduced the interest rate applicable to amounts borrowed under the Loan Agreement from LIBOR plus 4% per annum to LIBOR plus 3.75% per annum and extends the maturity date for borrowings under the loan from August 31, 2011 to August 31, 2013. Finally, the Amendment provides that the Company may repurchase shares of its common stock in such amounts and on such terms as are approved by the Company's board of directors from time to time, provided the aggregate purchase price of such repurchased shares shall not exceed \$3.0 million. The Board has not yet approved any such share repurchases.

On February 6, 2008, the Company elected to trade its previous swap contract for a new swap contract fixing the rate on 50% of the principal balance under the Loan Agreement, as amended by the Amendment (approximately \$4.2 million as of February 6, 2008), at an annual interest rate of 8.20%. This swap contract replaces the previously existing swap contract that fixed the interest rate on \$3,000,000 of the outstanding principal balance under the Loan Agreement at an annual interest rate of 8.83% at the time it was replaced.

In September 2003 the Company completed a private placement of \$2.0 million principal amount of subordinated notes to certain individual investors. At the request of the lender under the six-year term loan, the Company negotiated with these investors to exchange the subordinated notes for equity in the Company. As a result of these negotiations, the Company issued convertible preferred stock with a conversion price of \$2.25 per share to these investors in exchange for the outstanding subordinated notes. This transaction was a dollar-for-dollar exchange of the principal amount of the notes for a like amount of the stated value (i.e., liquidation preference) of the preferred stock. The convertible feature provided that each individual investor could convert his or her preferred stock into common stock at the \$2.25 per share conversion rate at any time, at their option, after December 31, 2006. Holders of the preferred stock have no right to cause the Company to redeem such shares, however, the Company has the right, at its option, to redeem any outstanding preferred stock, at any time after December 31, 2008 for its liquidation value. During 2007, conversions of shares of the Company's preferred stock, representing \$1.2 million of the stated value, resulted in the issuance of 539,994 shares of the Company's common stock. At December 31, 2007, 20,625 shares of the preferred stock representing \$825,000 in stated value remained outstanding which may be converted to 366,666 shares of common stock, at the holders option.

The Company does not anticipate that any of the recently issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards will have a material impact on its Statement of Operations or its Balance Sheet.

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Contractual Obligations

The following table sets forth the contractual obligations of the Company as of December 31, 2007:

	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 Years	More than 3-5 Years	More than 5 years
Long-term debt	\$5,625,000	\$1,500,000	\$3,000,000	\$1,125,000	\$ -
Operating leases	655,884	210,004	221,330	77,250	147,300
Total	\$6,280,884	\$1,710,004	\$3,221,330	\$1,202,250	\$ 147,300

On February 4, 2008, the Company increased its bank loan by \$3.0 million, however, the monthly payments of principal remain the same.

Forward-Looking Statements

The statements contained above in Management's Discussion and Analysis concerning the Company's future revenues, profitability, financial resources, market demand and product development are forward-looking statements (as such term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) relating to the Company that are based on the beliefs of the management of the Company, as well as assumptions and estimates made by and information currently available to the Company's management. The Company's actual results in the future may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements due to risks and uncertainties that exist including, but not limited to, competitive factors and pricing pressures, shifts in market demand, general economic conditions, changes in demand for the Company's products or franchises, success of Area Developers, the impact of competitors' actions and changes in prices or supplies of food ingredients and labor as well as the factors discussed above under "Risk Factors." Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions or estimates prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated, expected or intended.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its variable-rate debt. As of December 31, 2007, the Company had outstanding interest-bearing debt in the aggregate principal amount of \$5.6 million. However, the Company, on February 4, 2008, entered into a First Amendment to the Loan Agreement adding \$3.0 million to the principal amount of the loan. The Company's current borrowings are at a monthly variable rate tied to the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 3.75% per annum adjusted on a monthly basis. To mitigate interest rate risk, the Company traded its previous swap contract for a new swap contract fixing the rate on 50% of the principal balance outstanding at 8.2%. Based upon the principal balance outstanding as of March 1, 2008 of \$8.25 million for each 1.0% increase in LIBOR, the Company would incur increased interest expense of approximately \$37,500 over the succeeding twelve-month period.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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Consolidated Balance Sheets Noble Roman's, Inc. and Subsidiaries

	Assets	December ----- 2006 -----
Current assets:		
Cash		\$ 920,590
Accounts and notes receivable (net of allowances of \$136,462 as of December 31, 2006 and \$106,712 as of December 31, 2007)		1,505,444
Inventories		215,557
Assets held for resale		381,768
Prepaid expenses		136,167
Current portion of long-term notes receivable		187,898
Deferred tax asset - current portion		1,971,875

Total current assets		5,319,299

Property and equipment:		
Equipment		1,183,655
Leasehold improvements		105,928

		1,289,583
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		653,336

Net property and equipment		636,247
Deferred tax asset (net of current portion)		8,300,244
Other assets including long-term portion of notes receivable less a valuation allowance of \$500,000 and \$550,000 at December 31, 2006 and 2007		1,882,173

Total assets		\$16,137,963
		=====
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		\$ 396,046
Current portion of long-term note payable		1,500,000

Total current liabilities		1,896,046

Long-term obligations:		
Note payable to bank (net of current portion)		5,625,000

Total long-term liabilities		5,625,000

Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock - no par value (25,000,000 shares authorized, 16,602,601 issued and outstanding at December 31, 2006 and 19,187,449 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2007)		21,393,360
Preferred stock (5,000,000 shares authorized and 51,000 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2006 and 20,625 issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2007)		1,978,800
Accumulated deficit		(14,755,243)

Total stockholders' equity		8,616,917

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Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$16,137,963
=====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statements of Operations Noble Roman's, Inc. and Subsidiaries

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2005	2006	2007
Royalties and fees	\$ 7,269,868	\$ 8,084,175	\$ 10,411,
Administrative fees and other	72,177	63,072	67,
Restaurant revenue	1,088,783	1,339,555	1,088,
Total revenue	8,430,828	9,486,802	11,566,
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and wages	1,139,502	1,278,319	1,642,
Trade show expense	474,555	447,303	554,
Travel expense	333,617	380,763	527,
Sales commissions	-	72,343	621,
Other operating expenses	678,231	742,104	1,024,
Restaurant expenses	1,059,396	1,283,702	1,011,
Depreciation and amortization	69,964	84,353	96,
General and administrative	1,491,243	1,550,030	1,680,
Operating income	3,184,320	3,647,887	4,407,
Interest and other expense	817,357	776,028	650,
Other income	2,800,830	-	-
Income before income taxes from continuing operations	5,167,793	2,871,859	3,757,
Income tax expense	1,757,051	976,432	1,268,
Net income from continuing operations	3,410,742	1,895,427	2,488,
Loss from discontinued operations net of tax benefit of \$387,603 for 2005	(560,153)	-	-
Net income	2,850,589	1,895,427	2,488,
Cumulative preferred dividends	16,096	163,200	127,
Net income available to common stockholders	\$2,834,493	\$1,732,227	\$2,361,
Earnings per share - basic:			
Net income	\$.17	\$.12	\$.11
Net income available to common stockholders	.17	.11	.11
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	16,848,932	16,405,995	17,675,
Diluted earnings per share:			
Net income	\$.16	\$.10	\$.10

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Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	18,313,035	19,702,988	18,973,
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Noble Roman's, Inc. and Subsidiaries

	Preferred Stock	Common Shares	Stock Amount	Accumulated Deficit	
Balance at December 31, 2004	4,929,274	17,136,884	18,648,512	(19,321,963)	4,
2005 net income				2,850,589	2,
Cumulative preferred dividends				(16,096)	
Conversion of long-term subordinated debentures to preferred stock less issuance cost	1,978,800				1,
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	(4,929,274)	1,643,092	4,929,274		
Purchase of SummitBridge shares	-	(2,457,840)	(2,556,154)	-	(2,
Balance at December 31, 2005	1,978,800	16,322,136	21,021,632	(16,487,470)	6,
2006 net income				1,895,427	1,
Cumulative preferred dividends				(163,200)	(
Exercise of employee stock options		46,250	67,807		
Amortization of value of employee stock options			11,077		
Exercise of warrants from previous debt holders		234,275	292,844		
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$1,978,800	16,602,661	\$21,393,360	\$(14,755,243)	\$8,
2007 net income				2,488,527	2,
Cumulative preferred dividends				(127,116)	(
Exercise of employee stock options		130,750	143,358		
Amortization of value of employee stock options			26,631		

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Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	(1,178,550)	539,994	1,178,550		
Exercise of warrants from previous debt holders		130,975	163,719		
Cashless exercise of warrants		1,783,119			
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$ 800,250	19,187,449	\$22,905,618	\$ (12,393,830)	\$11,511,788

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Noble Roman's, Inc. and Subsidiaries

	Year ended December	
	2005	2006
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 2,850,589	\$ 1,895,427
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	134,403	162,543
Interest accrued not paid	354,533	-
Non-cash gain from purchase of SummitBridge's interest	(2,800,830)	-
Deferred income taxes	1,449,303	976,433
Loss from discontinued segment	560,153	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts and notes receivable	(308,559)	(536,577)
Inventories	(34,868)	6,155
Assets held for resale	(449,564)	15,532
Prepaid expenses	163,985	(234,506)
Other assets	21,397	(93,200)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	(253,187)	(173,275)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,687,355	2,018,532
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	(98,402)	(33,362)
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(98,402)	(33,362)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payment of obligations from discontinued operations	(1,190,795)	(676,469)
Payment of cumulative preferred dividends	(16,096)	(163,200)
Payment of principal on outstanding debt	(375,000)	(1,500,000)
Payment received on long-term notes receivable	235,201	173,498
Purchase of all of SummitBridge's interest in the company except 2.4 million shares of common stock	(8,300,000)	-
Issuance cost of the new preferred stock	(61,200)	-

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Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of debt	8,599,852	-
issue costs		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants	-	360,651
	(1,108,038)	(1,805,520)
NET CASH USED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in cash	480,915	179,650
Cash at beginning of year	260,025	740,940
Cash at end of year	\$ 740,940	\$ 920,590
	=====	=====

Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:

The holders of 1,215,000 in liquidation value of preferred stock exchanged their preferred stock for 539,994 shares of common stock. The holders of warrants to purchase 2,000,000 shares of stock exercised the cashless exercise provisions of the warrants and were issued 1,783,119 shares of common stock.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Noble Roman's, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization: The Company sells and services franchises for non-traditional and co-branded foodservice operations under the trade names "Noble Roman's Pizza" and "Tuscano's Italian Style Subs."

Principles of Consolidation: The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Noble Roman's, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Pizzaco, Inc. and N.R. Realty, Inc. (collectively, the "Company"). Inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Inventories: Inventories consist of food, beverage, restaurant supplies, restaurant equipment and marketing materials and are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.

Property and Equipment: Equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives ranging from 5 years to 12 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of estimated useful life or the term of the lease.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Includes actual cash balance plus cash invested overnight pursuant to agreement with bank. Neither the cash or cash equivalents are pledged nor are there any withdrawal restrictions.

Advertising Costs: The Company records advertising costs consistent with Statement of Position 93-7 "Reporting on Advertising Costs." This statement requires the Company to expense advertising production costs the first time the production material is used.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments: The Company's current borrowings are at a monthly variable rate tied to LIBOR. However, the Company elected to purchase a swap contract fixing the rate on 50% of the principal balance for the first two years and then \$3 million of the principal amount for the following two years at an annual interest rate of 8.83% per annum. Subsequent to year-end, in

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conjunction with an Amendment to the Loan Agreement, the Company elected to trade its previous swap contract for a new swap contract fixing the rate on 50% of the principal balance under Loan Agreement, as amended by the Amendment, at an annual interest rate of 8.2%.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company records a valuation allowance in a sufficient amount to adjust the total notes and accounts receivables value, in its best judgment, to reflect the amount that the Company estimates will be collected from its total receivables. As any accounts are determined to be uncollectible, they are charged off against the valuation allowance. The Company evaluates its assets held for resale, property and equipment and related costs periodically to assess whether any impairment indications are present, including recurring operating losses and significant adverse changes in legal factors or business climate that affect the recovery of recorded value. If any impairment of an individual asset is evident, a loss would be provided to reduce the carrying value to its estimated fair value.

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Intangible Assets: Debt issue costs are amortized to interest expense ratably over the term of the applicable debt. The debt issue cost being amortized is \$402,691 with accumulated amortization at December 31, 2005 of \$22,371, December 31, 2006 of \$89,487 and December 31, 2007 of \$156,603.

Royalties, Administrative and Franchise Fees: Royalties are recognized as income monthly and are based on a percentage of monthly sales of franchised restaurants. Administrative fees are recognized as income monthly as earned. Initial franchise fees are recognized as income when the services for the franchised restaurant are substantially completed. Area development fees, since they are fully earned and non-refundable when received, are recognized as income when received.

Income Taxes: The Company provides for current and deferred income tax liabilities and assets utilizing an asset and liability approach along with a valuation allowance as appropriate. The Company concluded that it did not need a valuation allowance because it is more likely than not that the Company will earn sufficient income before the expiration of its net operating loss carry forwards to fully realize the value of the recorded deferred tax asset. As of December 31, 2007, the net operating loss carry-forward was approximately \$26 million which expires between the years 2012 and 2016. Management made the determination that no valuation allowance was necessary after reviewing the Company's business plans, all known facts to date, recent trends, current performance and analysis of the backlog of franchises sold but not yet open.

Basic and Diluted Net Income Per Share: Net income per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the respective year. When dilutive, stock options and warrants are included as share equivalents using the treasury stock method.

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2005:

Income ----- (Numerator)	Shares ----- (Denominator)	Per-Share ----- Amount
--------------------------------	----------------------------------	------------------------------

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Net income	\$2,850,589		
Less preferred stock dividends	(16,096)		
Earnings per share - basic			
Income available to common stockholders	2,834,493	16,848,932	\$.17
Effect of dilutive securities			
Warrants	-	529,412	
Options	-	28,024	
Convertible preferred stock	16,096	906,667	
	-----	-----	
Diluted earnings per share			
Income available to common stockholders and assumed conversions	\$2,850,589	18,313,035	\$.16

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The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2006:

	Income ----- (Numerator)	Shares ----- (Denominator)	Per-Share ----- Amount
Net income	\$1,895,427		
Less preferred stock dividends	(163,200)		
Earnings per share - basic			
Income available to common stockholders	1,732,227	16,405,995	\$.11
Effect of dilutive securities			
Warrants	-	2,251,653	
Options	-	138,673	
Convertible preferred stock	163,200	906,667	
	-----	-----	
Diluted earnings per share			
Income available to common stockholders and assumed conversions	\$1,895,427	19,702,988	\$.10

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2007

	Income ----- (Numerator)	Shares ----- (Denominator)	Per-Share ----- Amount
Net income	\$2,488,527		
Less preferred stock dividends	(127,116)		
Earnings per share - basic			
Income available to common stockholders	2,361,411	17,675,834	\$.13

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Effect of dilutive securities			
Warrants	-	858,333	
Options	-	72,458	
Convertible preferred stock	127,116	366,666	
	-----	-----	
Diluted earnings per share			
Income available to common stockholders and assumed conversions	\$2,488,527	18,973,291	\$.13

Note 2: Notes Payable

On August 25, 2005, the Company consummated a Settlement Agreement with SummitBridge National Investments, LLC and related entities. As of a result of the Settlement Agreement, Noble Roman's acquired all of SummitBridge's debt and equity interests in Noble Roman's, except for 2,400,000 shares of common stock, for a purchase price of \$8,300,000. These interests consisted of a senior secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$7,700,000, interest accrued on the note of \$927,756, 3,214,748 shares of Noble Roman's common stock, \$4,929,274 stated amount of Noble Roman's no-yield preferred stock which was convertible into

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1,643,092 shares of common stock, and a warrant to purchase 385,000 shares of Noble Roman's common stock with an exercise price of \$.01 per share.

Simultaneous with the closing on the Settlement Agreement, Noble Roman's obtained a new six-year term loan in the principal amount of \$9,000,000, with an unpaid balance as of December 31, 2007 of \$5,625,000. Interest paid on this Note was \$600,200 in 2007, \$721,930 in 2006 and \$426,154 in 2005. The Note called for monthly principal payments of \$125,000 plus interest at the rate of LIBOR plus 4% per annum adjusted on a monthly basis. The Note's principal amortization is as follows: \$1.5 million in 2008, \$1.5 million in 2009, \$1.5 million 2010 and \$1.125 million in 2011. The Company's obligations under the loan are secured by the grant of a security interest in its personal property and certain restrictions apply such as prohibiting the payment of dividends, all as defined in the loan agreement. The Company elected to purchase a swap contract fixing the rate on 50% of the principal balance for the first two years and then \$3 million of the principal amount for the following two years at an annual interest rate of 8.83% per annum. The cumulative difference between interest from the swap contract compared to interest expense on the term loan was an immaterial amount for the periods ended December 31, 2005, 2006 and 2007.

On February 4, 2008, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, entered into a First Amendment to Loan Agreement (the "Amendment") with Wells Fargo that amended the existing Loan Agreement dated August 25, 2005, between the Company and Wells Fargo (the "Loan Agreement"). The Amendment provided for Wells Fargo to loan an additional \$3,000,000 to the Company. The Amendment also reduced the interest rate applicable to amounts borrowed under the Loan Agreement from LIBOR plus 4% per annum to LIBOR plus 3.75% per annum and extends the maturity date for borrowings under the loan from August 31, 2011 to August 31, 2013.

On February 6, 2008, the Company elected to trade its previous swap contract for a new swap contract fixing the rate on 50% of the principal balance under the Loan Agreement, as amended by the Amendment at an annual interest rate of 8.20%.

On December 31, 2006 and 2007, the Company had issued and outstanding convertible preferred stock with a liquidation value of \$2,040,000 and \$825,000,

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respectively, which provides for cumulative dividends of 8% per annum on the liquidation value. The preferred stock is convertible after December 31, 2006 into Noble Roman's common stock at a conversion price of \$2.25 per share. At any time after December 31, 2008, the Company shall have the right, but not the obligation, to redeem all preferred shares for a purchase price equal to the liquidation value. During 2007, the holders of preferred stock representing \$1,215,000 in liquidation value converted their preferred stock to common stock.

Note 3: Royalties and Fees

Approximately \$700,000, \$963,000 and \$1,211,500 are included in the 2005, 2006 and 2007 royalties and fees in Consolidated Statement of Operations for initial franchise fees. In addition, approximately \$707,000 and \$1,547,000 are included in the 2006 and 2007 royalties and fees in Consolidated Statement of Operations for the sale of Area Development agreements. Most of the cost for the services required to be performed by the Company are incurred prior to the franchise fee income being recorded which is based on contractual liability for the franchisee. For the most part, the Company's ongoing royalty income is paid electronically by the Company initiating a draft on the franchisee's account by electronic withdrawal. As such, the Company has no material amount of past due royalties.

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In conjunction with the development of Noble Roman's Pizza and Tuscano's Italian Style Subs, the Company has devised its own recipes for many of the ingredients that go into the making of its products ("Proprietary Products"). The Company contracts with various manufacturers to manufacture its Proprietary Products in accordance with the Company's recipes and formulas and to sell those products to authorized distributors at a contract price which includes an allowance for use of the Company's recipes. The manufacturing contracts also require the manufacturers to remit those allowances to the Company on a periodic basis, usually monthly. The Company recognizes those allowances in revenue as earned based on sales reports from the distributors.

There were 995 franchised outlets in operation on December 31, 2006 and 1,056 on December 31, 2007. During that twelve-month period there were 97 new franchised outlets opened and 36 franchised outlets left the system, 23 of which reached the end of their franchise agreement term and 13 of which ceased operation for other reasons.

Note 4: Contingent Liabilities for Leased Facilities

The Company formerly leased its restaurant facilities under non-cancelable lease agreements which generally had initial terms ranging from five to 20 years with extended renewal terms. All of these leases have been terminated or assigned to franchisees who operate them pursuant to a Noble Roman's, Inc. Franchise Agreement. The assignment passes all liability for future lease payments to the assignees, however, the Company remains contingently liable on a portion of the leases to the landlords in the event of default by the assignees. The leases generally required the Company or its assignees to pay all real estate taxes, insurance and maintenance costs. The leases provided for a specified annual rental, and some leases called for additional rental based on sales volume over specified levels at that particular location. At December 31, 2007, contingent obligations under non-cancelable operating leases for 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012 and after 2012 were approximately \$171,528, \$134,288, \$107,688, \$107,688, \$107,688 and \$244,943 respectively.

The Company has future obligations under current operating leases of \$655,884 as follows: due in less than one year \$210,004, due in one to three years \$221,330, due in three to five years \$77,250 and due in more than five years \$147,300.

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Note 5: Income Taxes

The Company had a deferred tax asset, as a result of prior operating losses, of \$10,272,119 at December 31, 2006 and \$11,077,883 at December 31, 2007, most of which expires between the years 2012 and 2016. In 2005, 2006 and 2007, the Company used deferred benefits to offset its tax expense of \$1,757,051, \$976,432 and \$1,268,489, respectively, and tax benefits from loss on discontinued operations of \$387,603 in 2005. The Company reduced its valuation allowance in 2007 by \$2,074,253 and reflected that reduction in the discontinued operations. At December 31, 2007, the Company had a Federal tax credit of \$8.9 million, a state tax credit of \$2.2 million for net tax credit carrying value of \$11.1 million. As a result of the tax credits, the Company did not pay any income taxes for the years 2005, 2006 and 2007. There are no material differences between reported income tax expense and the income tax expense that would result from applying the Federal statutory tax rates.

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Note 6: Common Stock

During 2005, the Company purchased all of the common stock owned by SummitBridge National Investments, LLC except for 2,400,000 shares after the conversion of its preferred stock with a stated value of \$4,929,274 to common stock at the conversion price of \$3.00 per share.

During 2006, certain warrant holders exercised their warrants to purchase 234,275 shares of common stock and various employees exercised stock options for 45,250 shares of common stock.

During 2007, certain warrant holders exercised their warrants to purchase 130,975 shares of common stock and various employees exercised stock options for 130,750 shares of common stock. In addition, certain warrant holders with warrants for the purchase of 2,000,000 shares exercised, pursuant to the cashless exercise provision of the warrants, those warrants and received 1,783,119 shares of common stock.

At December 31, 2007 the Company had outstanding warrants to purchase common stock as follows:

# Common Shares Represented	Exercise Price	Warrant Expiration Date
10,000	\$ 1.25	1/15/2008
100,000	\$.75	6/2/2009
1,000,000	\$.93	1/7/2010
50,000	\$.95	9/26/2010
600,000	\$.93	1/24/2011

The Company has an incentive stock option plan for key employees and officers. The options are generally exercisable three years after the date of grant and expire ten years after the date of grant. The option prices are the fair market value of the stock at the date of grant. Options granted and remaining outstanding at December 31, 2007 are: 750 common shares at \$1.46 per share, 20,000 common shares at \$1.45 per share, 40,000 common shares at \$.55 per share, 61,000 common shares at \$.83 per share, 20,000 common shares at \$1.10 per share and 58,500 common shares at \$2.30 per share. As of December 31, 2007 options for 121,750 shares are exercisable.

The Company had issued and outstanding, on December 31, 2006, Series B Preferred Stock with a liquidation value of \$2,040,000 which was convertible, after December 31, 2006, at the option of the holder to common stock at a conversion

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price of \$2.25 per share. During 2007, the holders representing \$1,215,000 in liquidation value of the Series B Preferred Stock converted to 539,994 shares of common stock. On December 31, 2007, the Company had issued and outstanding Series B Preferred Stock with a liquidation value of \$825,000. The Company, at its option, may redeem the Series B Preferred Stock after December 31, 2008 at the liquidation value.

The Company adopted SFAS No. 123R using the modified prospective method of adoption, which does not require restatement of prior periods. Under the modified prospective method, the Company is required to record compensation expense for all awards granted after the date of adoption and for the unvested portion of previously granted awards that remain outstanding at the date of adoption, net of an estimate of expected forfeitures. Under SFAS No. 123R, compensation expense is based on the estimated fair values of stock options determined on the date of grant and is recognized over the related vesting period, net of an estimate of expected forfeitures.

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The Company estimates the fair value of its option awards on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The risk-free interest rate is based on external data while all other assumptions are determined based on the Company's historical experience with stock options. No options were granted in 2007. The following assumptions were used for grants in 2006:

Expected volatility	50%
Expected dividend yield	None
Expected term (in years)	5
Risk-free interest rate	4.66%

The following table sets forth the number of options outstanding as of December 31, 2005, 2006 and 2007 and the number of options granted, exercised or forfeited during the year ended December 31, 2006 and the year ended December 31, 2007:

Balance of employee stock options outstanding as of 12/31/2005	303,750
Stock options granted during the year ended 12/31/2006	99,000
Stock options exercised during the year ended 12/31/2006	(46,250)
Stock options forfeited during the year ended 12/31/2006	(5,000)
Balance of employee stock options outstanding as of 12/31/2006	351,500
Stock options granted during the year ended 12/31/07	0
Stock options exercised during the year ended 12/31/07	(130,750)
Stock options forfeited during the year ended 12/31/07	(20,500)
Balance of employee stock options outstanding as of 12/31/07	200,250

Note 7: Statement of Financial Accounting Standards

The Company does not believe that the recently issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards will have any material impact on the Company's Statement of Operations or its Balance Sheet.

Note 8: Loss from Discontinued Operations

Pursuant to the Company's strategic decision in 1999 to refocus its business on its non-traditional and co-branding franchising opportunities, the Company closed or franchised all of its formerly owned full-service restaurants. A loss on these discontinued operations was recognized as follows: an expense of \$560,153 after a tax benefit of \$387,603 in 2005, none in 2006 and none in 2007. Losses from discontinued operations of \$1.5 million in 2006 and \$2.0 million in 2007 were offset by decreasing the valuation allowance for its deferred tax

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credit. The loss from discontinued operations was primarily the result of settling disputes on lease agreements related to restaurants closed in 1999 and 2000 and for legal fees related to the discontinued operations.

Note 9: Contingencies

The Company, from time to time, is involved in various litigation relating to claims arising out of its normal business operations.

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The Company is not involved in any litigation currently, which would have any material effect upon the Company.

All phases of the Company's operations are subject to a number of uncertainties, risks and other influences, many of which are outside of its control and any one of which, or a combination of which, could materially affect its results of operations. These risks and uncertainties include competition from larger companies, dependence on growth strategy, dependence on success of franchisees, dependence on success of Area Developers, dependence on consumer preferences and perceptions, interruption of supply or delivery of fresh food products and dependence on a few individuals.

Note 10: Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The following is a summary of transactions to which the Company and certain officers and directors of the Company are a party or have a financial interest. The Board of Directors of the Company has adopted a policy that all transactions between the Company and its officers, directors, principal shareholders and other affiliates must be approved by a majority of the Company's disinterested directors, and be conducted on terms no less favorable to the Company than could be obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

Douglas Coape-Arnold was paid \$72,000 in consulting fees and \$2,800 of interest on Participating Income Notes in 2005, \$79,200 in consulting fees in 2006 and \$79,200 in consulting fees in 2007.

Geovest Capital Partners, LP, whose managing partner is Douglas Coape-Arnold, was paid \$77,379 in interest in participating income notes in 2005.

On August 25, 2005, the Company consummated a Settlement Agreement with SummitBridge National Investments, LLC and related entities. As a result of the Settlement Agreement, the Company acquired all of SummitBridge's debt and equity interests in the Company, except for 2,400,000 shares of common stock, all of which SummitBridge subsequently sold to various other investors, for a purchase price of \$8,300,000. These interests consisted of a senior secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$7,700,000, interest accrued on the note of \$927,756, 3,214,748 shares of the Company's common stock, \$4,929,274 stated amount of the Company's no-yield preferred stock which was convertible into 1,643,092 shares of common stock, and a warrant to purchase 385,000 shares of the Company's common stock with an exercise price of \$.01 per share.

Note 11: Unaudited Quarterly Financial Information

	Quarter Ended			
2007	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31
	(in thousands, except per share data)			
Total revenue	\$ 2,673	\$ 2,959	\$ 3,080	\$ 2,855
Operating income	738	1,198	1,233	1,239

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Income before income taxes	591	1,035	1,066	1,065
Net income	389	693	704	703
Net income per common share				
Basic	.02	.04	.04	.04
Diluted	.02	.03	.04	.04

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2006	Quarter Ended			
	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31
	(in thousands, except per share data)			
Total revenue	\$ 2,503	\$ 2,372	\$ 2,316	\$ 2,296
Operating income	1,047	933	858	810
Income before income taxes	861	738	660	613
Net income	567	487	436	405
Net income per common share				
Basic	.04	.03	.03	.02
Diluted	.03	.03	.03	.02

Note 12: SummitBridge Settlement Transactions

The accounting for the various transactions associated with the Settlement Agreement with SummitBridge National Investments, LLC in August 2005 is as follows:

In October 2003, SummitBridge acquired the following from Provident Bank: (1) a warrant to purchase 385,000 shares of the Company's common stock with an exercise price of \$.01 per share; (2) a promissory note made by the Company in the original amount of \$8,000,000; (3) the Company's preferred stock with a stated value of \$4,929,274, which was convertible at any time into the Company's common stock at \$3.00 per share; and (4) 3,214,748 shares of the Company's common stock. This transaction violated the Indiana Control Share Acquisition Act and the Indiana Business Combination Law. In 2004, the Company filed a lawsuit against SummitBridge asserting various claims under these statutes.

On August 25, 2005, the Company consummated a Settlement Agreement with SummitBridge and related entities. As a result of the Settlement Agreement, Noble Roman's acquired all of SummitBridge's debt and equity interests in Noble Roman's, except for 2,400,000 shares of common stock, for a purchase price of \$8,300,000. These interests consisted of a senior secured promissory note in the principal amount of \$7,700,000, interest accrued on the note of \$927,756, 3,214,748 shares of Noble Roman's common stock, \$4,929,274 stated amount of Noble Roman's no-yield preferred stock which was convertible into 1,643,092 shares of common stock, and a warrant to purchase 385,000 shares of Noble Roman's common stock with an exercise price of \$.01 per share. Simultaneous with the closing on the Settlement Agreement, Noble Roman's obtained a new six-year term loan in the principal amount of \$9,000,000 from Wells Fargo Bank.

After the Company filed suit, it ceased paying interest on the note. However, the Company continued to accrue interest on the note from that time through the date of the Settlement Agreement. At the date of settlement, the Company had accrued unpaid interest in the amount of \$927,756, and the unpaid principal balance of the note payable to Provident Bank which it had transferred to SummitBridge was \$7,700,000.

The \$3.00 per share conversion price at which the preferred shares could be converted into common shares was determined in an arms' length negotiation and was

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not a beneficial conversion feature. These negotiations occurred in January and February 2000 during a major restructuring of the Company's debt obligations, which restructuring was a major step to avoid liquidation. Consequently, at that time the stock had very little or no market value.

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On the Nasdaq OTC electronic bulletin board, the Company's common stock traded 12,670 shares on August 25, 2005 with the closing bid price of \$1.04 and the ask price of \$1.05. The last trade on that date was at \$1.04. Since the preferred stock was convertible into common stock at any time and there was a viable public reported market for the underlying common stock (while none existed for the privately placed preferred stock), the preferred stock was valued for financial reporting purposes as if it were converted into 1,643,092 shares of common. Those shares, plus the common stock owned by SummitBridge at the time of settlement totalled 4,857,840 shares. By the terms of the Settlement Agreement, the Company acquired all but 2,400,000 of the SummitBridge shares. Accordingly, in the settlement the Company acquired 2,457,840 shares of common stock valued at \$1.04 per share, or \$2,556,154.

The warrant to purchase 385,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.01 per share originally was issued to Provident Bank in August 1998. That warrant was assigned no value at the time of issuance as the Company's senior debt obligations far exceeded its financing resources and foreseeable cash flows. The terms of the warrant allowed it to be exercised anytime from and after the original issue date until December 31, 2001. Accordingly, this warrant had expired before Provident Bank transferred it to SummitBridge in October 2003. Since the warrant had expired and no longer was exercisable, the Company assigned no value to that instrument in the August 25, 2005 settlement with SummitBridge.

The Company determined that the various transactions associated with the Settlement Agreement were not capital transactions with a principal shareholder because at the time the Settlement Agreement was executed, SummitBridge lacked voting rights with respect to the shares it held and was prohibited from entering into transactions with the Company prescribed by the Indiana Business Combination Law.

The Company paid \$8,300,000 in cash to SummitBridge as part of the settlement. The Company also incurred \$83,079.37 in various costs associated with the settlement transaction.

Therefore, the entry to record the transaction was as follows:

Debit notes payable	\$7,700,000.00
Debit accrued interest	927,755.51
Debit capital stock (the value of the shares acquired)	2,556,153.60
Credit cash for expenses paid	(83,079.37)
Credit cash for amount paid to SummitBridge	(8,300,000.00)

Gain on the transaction	\$2,800,829.74

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In September 2003 we privately placed \$2,040,000 principal amount of subordinated notes to 28 different individuals. Representatives of these individuals negotiated the terms of the subordinated notes with the Company in an arms' length process. In connection with the loan to fund the payment under

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the Settlement Agreement, Wells Fargo Bank required as a condition of its financing, that the subordinated notes be converted into some form of equity. The Company, in an arms' length transaction, negotiated the terms of the convertible preferred stock to replace the subordinated notes. After that negotiation, an offer of exchange of the preferred stock for the subordinated notes was sent to each individual investor, along with a term sheet showing the comparison of the terms of the preferred stock and the subordinated notes. All of the holders of the subordinated notes agreed to the exchange. This transaction was a dollar-for-dollar exchange of the principal amount of the notes for a like amount of the stated value (i.e., liquidation preference) of the preferred stock and, therefore, no gain or loss was recognized in connection with the exchange.

The \$2.25 per share price at which the convertible preferred was convertible into common stock was determined as a part of the arms' length negotiations between the Company and representatives of the investors. On the date of the exchange, the closing price of the common stock was \$1.04 per share, as reported by the Nasdaq OTC electronic bulletin board. The exchange did not result in a beneficial conversion feature. The convertible feature provided that each individual investor could convert his or her preferred stock into common stock at the \$2.25 per share conversion rate at any time, at their option, after December 31, 2006. Holders of the preferred stock had no right to cause the Company to redeem such shares, however, the Company had the right, at its option, to redeem any outstanding preferred stock, at any time after December 31, 2008 for its liquidation value.

Prior to August 25, 2005 (the date of issue), the Company's stock had been trading in a very close range. For two years prior to this transaction, the Company's stock traded the majority of the time around \$1.00 per share, but at times traded as low as approximately \$.60 per share and as high as approximately \$1.40 per share. Using the Black-Scholes method to calculate the value of a \$2.25 conversion right with a 50% volatility, a risk-free rate of 3.7% (U.S. Treasury rate at the time) and a three-year term (a term which extends slightly past the Company's redemption time), the value would be \$.84 which is well below the market value at the time of \$1.04. Accordingly, the \$2.25 conversion right was not a beneficial conversion feature.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of
Noble Roman's, Inc.
Indianapolis, Indiana

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Noble Roman's, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal

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control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Noble Roman's, Inc. and Subsidiaries at December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Somerset CPAs, P.C.

Indianapolis, Indiana
March 11, 2008

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To the Board of Directors and
Stockholders of Noble Roman's, Inc.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Noble Roman's, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2005 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Noble Roman's, Inc. and subsidiaries at December 31, 2005, and the results of their operations, and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ Larry E. Nunn & Associates, LLC

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Columbus, Indiana

March 11, 2008

As updated from original issue date of March 22, 2006

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Our management, including Paul W. Mobley, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the Company's board of directors, management, and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Public Company Accounting Oversight Board's Auditing Standard No. 2 defines a material weakness as a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in there being a more than remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of

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control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Company's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report external financial data reliably in accordance with GAAP such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected.

Based on his evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report, Paul W. Mobley, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and

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procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) are effective.

There have been no changes in internal controls over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The executive officers and directors of the Company are:

Name	Age	Positions with the Company
----	---	-----
Paul W. Mobley	67	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer
A. Scott Mobley	44	President, Secretary and Director
Douglas H. Coape-Arnold	62	Director
Troy Branson	44	Executive Vice President of Franchising
Mitchell Grunat	55	Vice President of Franchise Services
Michael B. Novak	50	Vice President of Product Development, Purchasing and Distribution
James D. Bales	38	Vice President of Construction
Dennis Grocholski	60	Vice President of Franchise Operations

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The executive officers of the Company serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors and are elected at the annual meeting of the Board. Directors serve one-year terms or until their successors are elected and qualified. The following is a brief description of the previous business background of the executive officers and directors:

Paul W. Mobley has been Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer since December 1991 and a Director since 1974. Mr. Mobley was President of the Company from 1981 to 1997. From 1975 to 1987, Mr. Mobley was a significant shareholder and president of a company which owned and operated 17 Arby's franchise restaurants. From 1974 to 1978, he also served as Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company and from 1978 to 1981 as Senior Vice President. He is the father of A. Scott Mobley. Mr. Mobley has a B.S. in Business Administration from Indiana University and is a CPA. Mr. Mobley is also a Director of Monroe Bancorp.

A. Scott Mobley has been President since October 1997 and a Director since January 1992, and Secretary since February 1993. Mr. Mobley was Vice President from November 1988 to October 1997 and from August 1987 until November 1988 served as Director of Marketing for the Company. Prior to joining the Company Mr. Mobley was a strategic planning analyst with a division of Lithonia Lighting Company. Mr. Mobley has a B.S. in Business Administration from Georgetown University and an MBA from Indiana University. He is the son of Paul W. Mobley.

Douglas H. Coape-Arnold was appointed a Director of the Company in May 1999. Mr. Coape-Arnold has been Managing General Partner of Geovest Capital Partners, L.P. since January 1997, and was Managing Director of TradeCo Global Securities, Inc. from May 1994 to December 2002. Mr. Coape-Arnold is a Chartered Financial Analyst.

Troy Branson, has been Executive Vice President of Franchising for the Company since November 1997 and from 1992 to 1997, he was Director of Business Development. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Branson was

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an owner of Branson-Yoder Marketing Group from 1987 to 1992, after graduating from Indiana University where he received a B.S. in Business.

Mitchell Grunat, has been Vice President of Franchise Services for the Company since August 2002. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Grunat was Chief Operating Officer of Lanter Eye Care from 2001 to 2002. Mr. Grunat has B.A. degree in English and Philosophy from Muskingum College.

Michael B. Novak has been Vice President of Product Development, Purchasing and Distribution since March 2006. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Novak was employed by Delco Foods, a regional food distributor from 2001 to 2006. Prior to Mr. Novak being employed by Delco Foods, he was employed by the Company from 1984 to 2001 as a restaurant General Manager, Area Director of Operations and Director of Product Development and Distribution.

Dennis Grocholski has been Vice President of Operations since March 2007. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Grocholski had over 20 years experience in the pizza industry. In 2005 and 2006 Mr. Grocholski was Franchise Business Director for Papa Johns International. Prior to his employment with Papa Johns International, Mr. Grocholski was employed by Figaro's Italian Pizza, Inc. as Director of Operations since 1998. Mr. Grocholski attended Macomb Community College and W.S.U. College of Law.

James D. Bales has been Vice President of Construction since June 2007. Prior to

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becoming Vice President of Construction, Mr. Bales held various positions with the Company beginning in March 2004. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Bales had 15 years management experience in operations and marketing where he held various positions with TCBY starting in 1989 as a General Manager of 17 TCBY stores owned by a franchisee of TCBY. Mr. Bales joined the parent company of TCBY in 1996 and held various positions before leaving that Company at the end of 2003. The last position was with Mrs. Fields Famous Brands, the parent company of TCBY, as Vice President of Operations, Eastern U.S. Region, Western U.S. Region and National Accounts. Mr. Bales attended Northern Kentucky University for Graphic Design and Inver Hills Community College for Business Management.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Based solely on a review of the copies of reports of ownership and changes in ownership of the Company's common stock, furnished to the Company, the Company believes that during 2007 all filing requirements under Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 were complied with.

Corporate Governance

Because no separate Audit Committee has been established, the Board of Directors, as a whole, acts as the Audit Committee. Mr. Coape-Arnold is qualified as an "Audit Committee Financial Expert."

The Company has adopted a code of ethics for its senior executive and financial officers. The code of ethics can be obtained without charge by contacting the Company's executive office at the address set forth on the cover page of this report.

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to the Company's board of directors during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

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ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Objectives of the Company's Compensation Program:

The Company's compensation policies, goals and objectives are designed to provide competitive levels of compensation to the executive officers and to reward certain officers, who can more directly affect the net income of the Company, with incentives to increase net income. It is also believed that total executive compensation generally should be higher for individuals with greater responsibility and greater ability to influence the Company's achievements.

The Company has long-term employment contracts with the Chairman/CEO and with the President of the Company, which guides the compensation level for those individuals. These contracts were established a number of years ago in connection with negotiations for financing transactions and with certain significant shareholders at the time. They were established in such a way that the compensation level increases over time.

The Company's President receives an incentive compensation to reward him for the increase in net income over the previous year. The Company's Executive Vice President-Franchising receives incentive compensation that rewards him based on the net income from franchising activities of the Company.

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The Company uses employee stock options to align certain employees with the interest of its shareholders. In addition, the employee stock options add additional incentive for longevity.

Oversight of Compensation Program:

The compensation program is supervised by the Board of Directors. The compensation of the Chairman/CEO and the President of the Company has been set by long-term contracts with those individuals. The compensation of other executive officers of the Company is determined by the Chairman/CEO and President and approved by the Company's Board of Directors. Other than the Chairman/CEO and President, no other executive officer participates in the compensation process.

Elements of Compensation and How Those Elements Are Designed:

Base Salary - The base salary is the essential element of the Company's executive compensation. It is established to match the individual's responsibilities and their ability to influence the Company's achievements and to be competitive. The Company establishes an executive's initial base salary with based upon a general knowledge of the base salaries paid to officers in similar positions at companies that we believe compete with us for executive talent. There is no set group of companies that has consistently been considered by us in setting initial base salaries nor are there any formal guidelines as to the relationship that the initial base salary of a newly hired executive should have to the base salaries of similar executives in any other company or group of companies.

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Incentive Compensation - The Company does not have a formal non-equity incentive compensation program. However, the Company enters into individual incentive compensation arrangements with key employees from time to time. These arrangements are intended to incentivize these employees and can be based on a variety of different performance factors. We currently have these types of arrangements with our President and with our Executive Vice President-Franchising. These arrangements are designed to give the President and Executive Vice President-Franchising additional incentive to increase the net income of the Company and to reward them for that increase.

Employee Stock Options - The Company maintains an employee stock option plan for our employees and officers that is designed to motivate the executive officers to increase shareholder value and to allow executive officers to benefit from increased shareholder value. Any employees or officers of the company are eligible to be awarded options under the plan. The employee stock option plan provides that any options issued pursuant to the plan will have a three-year vesting period and will expire ten years after the date of grant. The vesting period for exercising is intended to provide additional incentive for longevity with the Company. Awards under the plan are periodically made at the recommendation of the Chairman/CEO and President and approved by the Board of Directors. The employee stock option plan does not have a limit on the number of shares that may be issued under the plan.

How the Company Determines the Amount of Each Element of Compensation:

The base salary of the Chairman/CEO and President of the Company is determined by long-term contracts which provide for a 6% annual increase. The base salary of other executive officers is determined by the Chairman/CEO and President based on recent performance of each of the other executive officers. For fiscal 2007, our Chairman/CEO received a pay increase of \$21,000, to \$425,000 from his

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base salary of \$404,000 for fiscal 2006. The Chairman/CEO elected not to take the full amount of base salary increase that was provided for in his employment contract. Our President received a pay increase in 2007 of \$19,512, to \$288,842 from his base salary of \$269,330 for fiscal 2006. Neither Messrs. Branson or Grunat received any base salary increase for fiscal 2007. Mr. Branson's base salary was \$100,000 in both 2006 and 2007. Mr. Grunat's base salary was \$156,000 in both 2006 and 2007.

Employee stock options are granted to executive officers based on recent performance of those executive officers as recommended by the Chairman/CEO and President, and approved by the Board of Directors. The amount of gain realized from prior compensation awards is not considered in setting current compensation awards. In fiscal 2007, no employee stock options were granted.

The Company currently has a non-equity incentive arrangement with our President under which he may earn additional compensation if the Company's net income increases for a given fiscal year as compared to the immediately prior fiscal year. For the purposes of this calculation we exclude any one-time gains or gains or losses from discontinued operations. For fiscal 2007 our net income increased from \$1,895,427 to \$2,488,527 under this calculation and our President was paid \$95,875 of additional compensation during fiscal 2007.

The Company also currently has a non-equity incentive arrangement with our Executive Vice President of Franchising under which he may earn additional compensation. His compensation is based on 2.5% of all royalty and fee revenue associated with franchising less the direct expenses of those activities excluding any administrative cost. The net revenue for this activity under this calculation in 2007 was \$5,318,600, therefore, our Executive Vice President of Franchising earned \$132,965 of additional compensation for fiscal 2007.

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How Does Each Element of the Company's Decisions Regarding Compensation Fit Into the Company's Overall Compensation Objectives:

The Company is relatively small and, accordingly, has determined that it has not yet been necessary to establish a formal policy for allocating compensation between long-term and current, or to establish a policy for allocating total compensation between cash and non-cash. The only long-term compensation plan that the Company has is the employee stock option plan.

Company Policies and Decisions Regarding the Adjustment or Recovery of the Awards or Payments If the Relevant Company Performance Measures Upon Which They are Based are Re-Stated or Otherwise Adjusted in a Manner that Would Reduce the Size of an Award or Payment:

The Company has no policy providing for any recovery of awards or payments based on performance.

Summary Compensation Table for 2007

The following table sets forth the cash and non-cash compensation awarded to or earned by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer and the three other highest paid executive officers of the Company, the only executive officers whose total compensation exceeded \$100,000 for 2007.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Non-Equity Incentive Compensation	Option Awards (1)	T Comp
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Paul Mobley	2007	\$ 425,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Chairman of the Board	2006	\$ 404,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$
A. Scott Mobley	2007	\$ 288,842	\$ 95,875	\$ 11,610	\$
President and Secretary	2006	\$ 269,330	\$ 33,323	\$ 11,610	\$
Troy Branson	2007	\$ 100,000	\$ 132,965	\$ 4,644	\$
Executive Vice President of Franchising	2006	\$ 100,000	\$ 107,606	\$ 4,644	\$
Mitchell Grunat	2007	\$ 156,000	\$ -	\$ 4,644	\$
Vice President of Franchise Services	2006	\$ 156,000	\$ -	\$ 4,644	\$

(1) These amounts represent the dollar amounts recognized for financial statement reporting purposes in 2007 with respect to the option awards included in the Company's consolidated financial statements for 2006 per SFAS 123(R).

The Summary Compensation Table includes the grant date fair value for fiscal 2007 for stock options granted to the named executive officers under the Company's employee stock option plan. The Company determines the grant date fair value of stock options based on the principles described in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004) "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123(R)").

The Company adopted SFAS 123(R) using the modified prospective method of adoption, which does not require restatement of prior periods. Under the modified prospective method, the Company is required to record compensation expense for all awards granted after the date of adoption and for the unvested portion of previously

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granted awards that remain outstanding at the date of adoption, net of an estimate of expected forfeitures. Under SFAS 123(R), compensation expense is based on the estimated fair values of stock options determined on the date of grant and is recognized over the related vesting period, net of an estimate of expected forfeitures. The amounts reported in the Summary Compensation Table disregard adjustments based on any estimate of expected forfeitures.

The Company estimates the fair value of its option awards on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The risk-free interest rate is based on external data while all other assumptions are determined based on the Company's historical experience with stock options. The following assumptions were used for grants in fiscal year 2006:

Expected volatility	50%
Expected dividend yield	None
Expected term (in years)	5
Risk-free interest rate	4.66%

The Company expects all stock options outstanding at December 31, 2007, to vest.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards for 2007

Estimated Future Payouts under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities	Exerc Base Option
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Name	Grant Date	Threshold	Target	Maximum	Under-lying Options (#)	(\$/
None						

Employment Agreements

Mr. Paul Mobley has an employment agreement with the Company which fixes his base compensation at \$439,000 per year for 2008, provides for reimbursement of travel and other expenses incurred in connection with his employment, including the furnishing of an automobile, health and accident insurance similar to that provided other employees, and life insurance in an amount related to his base salary. The initial term of the agreement is seven years and automatically renews each year for a seven-year period unless the Board takes specific action to not renew. The agreement is terminable by the Company for just cause as defined in the agreement.

Mr. A. Scott Mobley has an employment agreement with the Company which fixes his base compensation at \$306,800 per year for 2008, provides for reimbursement of travel and other expenses incurred in connection with his employment, including the furnishing of an automobile, health and accident insurance similar to that provided other employees, and life insurance in an amount related to his base salary. The initial term of the agreement is five years and automatically renews each year for a five-year period unless the Board takes specific action to not renew. The agreement is terminable by the Company for just cause as defined in the agreement.

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Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth information concerning the number of outstanding equity awards of the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table as of December 31, 2007.

Name	Option Awards		Option Exercise Price (\$)	Op
	Number of Securities Under-lying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable		
Paul W. Mobley	20,000		\$.55	
A. Scott Mobley	20,000		\$ 1.45	
	20,000		\$.55	
	20,000		\$.83	
		25,000	\$ 2.30	
Troy Branson	15,000		\$.83	

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		10,000	\$ 2.30
Mitchell Grunat	10,000		\$.83
		10,000	\$ 2.30

All options listed above vested or will vest three years after the date of the grant, and expire ten years after the grant date.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested

Option Awards		
Name	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$)
Paul W. Mobley	10,000	\$37,200
A. Scott Mobley	10,000	37,200
Troy Branson	55,000	225,950
Mitchell Grunat	10,000	44,200

Director Compensation

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Douglas H. Coape-Arnold	-	-	\$79,200	\$79,200

The Company has engaged Mr. Coape-Arnold as a consultant and does not separately compensate him for his service as a director. Mr. Coape-Arnold was paid \$72,000 in consulting fees in 2005, \$79,200 in consulting fees in 2006 and \$79,200 in consulting fees in 2007.

The Company does not pay any separate compensation for Directors that are also employees of the Company.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

Because no separate Compensation Committee has been established, the Board of Directors, as a whole, acts as the Compensation Committee. Paul W. Mobley, A. Scott Mobley and Douglas H. Coape-Arnold participate in executive compensation decisions.

Compensation Committee Report

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The Board of Directors has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis with management. Based on the review and discussions, the Board of Directors approved the inclusion of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

The Board of Directors of Noble Roman's, Inc.

Paul W. Mobley
A. Scott Mobley
Douglas H. Coape-Arnold

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

As of March 3, 2008 there were 19,197,499 shares of the Company's common stock outstanding and 25,000,000 shares are authorized. The following table sets forth the amount and percent of the Company's voting common stock beneficially owned on March 3, 2008 by (i) each director and named executive officer individually, (ii) each beneficial owner of more than five percent of the Company's outstanding common stock and (iii) all executive officers and directors as a group:

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner -----	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership (1) -----	Percent of Outsta Voting Common Sto -----
Paul W. Mobley One Virginia Avenue, Suite 800 Indianapolis, IN 46204	3,156,035 (3)	15.7%
A. Scott Mobley One Virginia Avenue, Suite 800 Indianapolis, IN 46204	1,116,103 (4)	5.6
Geovest Capital Partners, L.P. 750 Lexington Avenue, 25th Floor New York, N.Y. 10022	685,000 (5)	3.6
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James W. Lewis 335 Madison Ave., Suite 1702 New York, N.Y. 10017	1,709,580 (6)	8.9
Douglas H. Coape-Arnold 750 Lexington Avenue, 25th Floor New York, N.Y. 10022	250,000 (7)	1.3
Troy Branson One Virginia Avenue, #800 Indianapolis, IN 46204	80,100 (8)	-
Mitchell Grunat One Virginia Avenue, #800		

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Indianapolis, IN 46204	10,000 (9)	-
Zyville E. Lewis 456 N. Maple Street Greenwich, CT 06830	1,145,396	6.0
Special Situations Fund III QP, L.P. 527 Madison Avenue, Suite 2600 New York, NY 10023	1,341,850 (10)	7.0
Robert P. Stiller 33 Coffee Lane Waterbury, VT 05676	2,215,000 (11)	11.5
All Executive Officers and Directors as a Group (5 Persons) -----	4,602,238	22.0

- (1) All shares owned directly with sole investment and voting power, unless otherwise noted.
- (2) The percentage calculations are based upon 19,197,499 shares of the Company's common stock, eligible to vote, issued and outstanding as of March 3, 2008 and, for each officer or director of the group, the number of shares subject to options, warrants or conversion rights exercisable currently or within 60 days of March 1, 2008.
- (3) The total includes a warrant to purchase 600,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.93 per share which expires January 7, 2010, a warrant to purchase 300,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.93 which expires January 24, 2011 and 20,000 shares of common stock subject to options granted under an employee stock option plan which are currently exercisable at \$.55 per share.
- (4) The total includes 60,000 shares of common stock subject to options granted under an employee stock option plan which are currently exercisable at \$1.45 per share for 20,000 shares, \$.55 per

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share for 20,000 shares and \$.83 per share for 20,000 shares. Also includes a warrant to purchase 300,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.93 per share which expires January 7, 2010, and a warrant to purchase 200,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.93 per share which expires January 24, 2011.

- (5) Based on a Form 4 filed June 20, 2007, by Geovest Capital Partners, LP. Douglas H. Coape- Arnold is Managing Partner of Geovest Capital Partners, LP, however, Mr. Coape-Arnold disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares beyond his interest in Geovest Capital Partners.
- (6) This total includes 138,580 shares of common stock owned by James Lewis Family Investments LP and 220,000 shares of our common stock owned by James W. Lewis MPPP.
- (7) This total includes a warrant to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.93 per share which expires January 7, 2010 and a warrant to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.93 per share which expires January 24, 2011.

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- (8) This total includes 15,000 shares of common stock subject to options granted under an employee stock option plan which are currently exercisable at \$.83 per share.
- (9) This total includes 10,000 shares of common stock subject to options granted under an employee stock option plan which are currently exercisable at \$.83 per share for 10,000 shares.
- (10) Based on a Schedule 13G filed February 13, 2008, by Austin W. Marxe and David M. Greenhouse as Investment Managers of Special Situations Fund III QP, L.P.
- (11) Based on a Schedule 13G filed February 12, 2008, by Robert P. Stiller.

Equity Compensation Plan Benefit Information

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2007 with respect to the shares of our common stock that may be issued under our existing equity compensation plans.

Plan Category -----	Number of Securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a) -----	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b) -----	Number of s remaining av future issu equity com plans (ex securities column
Equity compensation plans approved by stockholders	-	\$ -	
Equity compensation plans not approved by stockholders	200,250	\$ 1.295	
Total	200,250	\$ 1.295	

- (1) The Company may grant additional options under the employee stock option plan. There is no maximum number of shares available for issuance under the employee stock option plan.

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The Company maintains an employee stock option plan for our employees and officers. Any employees or officers of the Company are eligible to be awarded options under the plan. The employee stock option plan provides that any options issued pursuant to the plan will have a three-year vesting period and will expire ten years after the date of grant. Awards under the plan are periodically made at the recommendation of the Chairman/CEO and President and approved by the Board of Directors. The employee stock option plan does not have a limit on the number of shares that may be issued under the plan.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

The Company has reviewed all transactions to which the Company and certain

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officers and directors of the Company are a party or have a financial interest. The Board of Directors of the Company has adopted a policy that all transactions between the Company and its officers, directors, principal shareholders and other affiliates must be approved by a majority of the Company's disinterested directors, and be conducted on terms no less favorable to the Company than could be obtained from unaffiliated third parties. The Board of Directors has determined that there were no transactions since January 1, 2006 that are required to be disclosed under this item. In making this determination the Board of Directors examined consulting fees and interest on Participating Income Notes paid to directors and determined that these items were not required to be disclosed due to the amount of the payments.

The Company's Board of Directors is currently comprised of Paul W. Mobley, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, A. Scott Mobley, our President, and Douglas H. Coape-Arnold. For the purpose of determining director independence for this Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Company has adopted the New York Stock Exchange definition of independence. The Board of Directors has determined that Mr. Coape-Arnold is an independent director under that definition.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The following table presents fees for professional audit services rendered by Somerset CPAs for the audit of our annual financial statements and review of our quarterly financial statements, and fees billed for other services rendered by Somerset CPAs during the year 2007, and audit fees for services rendered by Larry E. Nunn & Associates for 2006.

	Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2007 -----	Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2006 -----
Audit Fees and Review Fees(1)	\$71,000	\$35,500

- (1) Audit Fees consist of fees rendered for (i) professional services rendered by Larry E. Nunn & Associates, LLC for the audit of our financial statements included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, review of the unaudited financial statements included in our quarterly reports during 2006, and other services that were normally provided by Larry E. Nunn & Associates, LLC during 2006; and (ii) professional services rendered by Somerset CPAs for the audit of our financial statements included in our Forms 10-K for

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the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 and the review of the unaudited financial statements included in our quarterly reports during 2007.

The engagement of Somerset CPAs, P.C., Certified Public Accountants, for conducting the audit of the Company's financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 and for the review of its financial statements included in its Form 10-Q's during the year 2007, was pre-approved by the Company's Board of Directors. Somerset CPAs, P.C. has not been engaged by the Company to perform any services other than audits of the Company's financial statements and reviews of its Form 10-Qs. The Board of Directors does not have a pre-approval policy with respect to work performed by the Company's independent auditor.

PART IV

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ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

The following consolidated financial statements of Noble Roman's, Inc. and subsidiaries are included in Item 8:	Page ----
Consolidated Balance Sheets - December 31, 2006 and 2007	21
Consolidated Statements of Operations - years ended December 31, 2005, 2006 and 2007	22
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity - years ended December 31, 2005, 2006 and 2007	23
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - years ended December 31, 2005, 2006 and 2007	24
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	25
Report of Independent Registered Accounting Firm. - Somerset CPAs, P.C.	36
Report of Independent Registered Accounting Firm - Larry E. Nunn & Associates, LLC	37
Exhibits	

Exhibit Number -----	Description -----
3.1	Amended Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant, filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to the Post Effective Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed July 1, 1985 (SEC File No.2-84150), is incorporated herein by reference.
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Registrant, as currently in effect, filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-18 filed October 22, 1982 and ordered effective on December 14, 1982 (SEC File No. 2-79963C), is incorporated herein by reference.
3.3	Articles of Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant effective February 18, 1992 filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 (SEC File No. 33- 66850), ordered effective on October 26, 1993, is incorporated herein by reference.
3.4	Articles of Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant effective May 11, 2000, filed as Annex A and Annex B to the Registrant's Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed March 28, 2000, is incorporated herein by reference.
3.5	Articles of Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant effective April 16, 2001 filed as Exhibit 3.4 to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, is incorporated herein by reference.

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- 3.6 Articles of Amendment of the Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant effective August 23, 2005, filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed August 29, 2005, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 4.1 Specimen Common Stock Certificates filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-18 filed October 22, 1982 and ordered effective on December 14, 1982 (SEC File No. 2-79963C), is incorporated herein by reference.
- 4.2 Form of Warrant Agreement filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed August 29, 2005, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.1 Employment Agreement with Paul W. Mobley dated November 15, 1994 filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.2 Employment Agreement with A. Scott Mobley dated November 15, 1994 filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.3 1984 Stock Option Plan filed with the Registrant's Form S-8 filed November 29, 1994 (SEC File No. 33-86804), is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.4 Noble Roman's, Inc. Form of Stock Option Agreement filed with the Registrant's Form S-8 filed November 29, 1994 (SEC File No. 33-86804), is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.5 Settlement Agreement with SummitBridge dated August 1, 2005, filed as Exhibit 99.2 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed August 5, 2005, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.6 Loan Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. dated August 25, 2005 filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed August 29, 2005, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.7 First Amendment to Loan Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. dated February 4, 2008, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed February 8, 2008, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.8 Registration Rights Agreement dated August 1, 2005 between the Company and SummitBridge National Investments filed as an Exhibit to the Registrant's Form S-1 filed on April 19, 2006, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 21.1 Subsidiaries of the Registrant filed in the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 (SEC File No. 33-66850) ordered effective on October 26, 1993, is incorporated herein by reference.
- 31.1 C.E.O. and C.F.O. Certification under Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 32.1 C.E.O. and C.F.O. Certification under Section 1350

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NOBLE ROMAN'S, INC.

Date: March 11, 2008

By: /s/ Paul W. Mobley

Paul W. Mobley, Chief Executive Officer and
Chief Financial Officer

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Date: March 11, 2008

/s/ Paul W. Mobley

Paul W. Mobley
Chairman of the Board and Director

Date: March 11, 2008

/s/ A. Scott Mobley

A. Scott Mobley
President and Director

Date: March 11, 2008

/s/ Douglas H. Coape-Arnold

Douglas H. Coape-Arnold
Director

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