LA JOLLA PHARMACEUTICAL CO Form 424B5 May 07, 2008

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The information in this preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses is not complete and may be changed. Registration statements relating to these securities have been declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission. This preliminary prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses are not an offer to sell these securities and we are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5) File Nos. 333-101499 333-145009

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUBJECT TO COMPLETION (To Prospectuses dated December 12, 2002 and August 23, 2007)

May 6, 2008

Units

#### **Consisting of Common Stock and Warrants**

We are offering units, with each unit consisting of one share of common stock and a warrant to buy shares of common stock. Each warrant has an exercise price of \$ per share, has a term of five years and is exercisable beginning on the date of issue. The shares of common stock and warrants comprising the units are immediately separable and will be issued separately.

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol LJPC. The last reported sale price of our common stock on May 5, 2008 was \$1.95 per share. We do not intend to list the warrants for trading on any recognized securities exchange.

We have received indications from certain of our principal stockholders of their intent to offer to purchase, either directly or through one or more of their affiliated investment funds, approximately \$ million, or %, of the units offered hereby.

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. Before buying any securities, you should read the discussion of material risks of investing in our securities in Risk factors beginning on page S-5 of this prospectus supplement.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectuses are truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per unit	Total
Public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discounts and commissions	\$	\$

Proceeds, before expenses, to us

The above summary of offering proceeds to us does not give effect to any exercise of the warrants being issued in this offering.

The underwriters may also purchase up to an additional units from us at the public offering price, less underwriting discounts and commissions payable by us to cover over-allotments, if any, within 30 days from the date of this prospectus supplement. If the underwriters exercise the option in full, the total underwriting discounts and commissions will be \$ , and the total proceeds, before expenses, to us will be \$ .

The underwriters are offering the securities as set forth under Underwriting. Delivery of the units will be made on or about , 2008.

### **UBS Investment Bank**

**Canaccord Adams** 

\$

\$

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You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, shares of our common stock and warrants only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses, as well as the information that we have previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and incorporated by reference, is accurate only as of the date of the applicable document, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus supplement or of any sale of our common stock or warrants. The descriptions set forth in this prospectus supplement replace and supplement, where inconsistent, the description of the general terms and provisions set forth in the accompanying prospectuses.

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### AUGUST 23, 2007 PROSPECTUS

Forward-looking statements

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About this prospectus supplement

This prospectus supplement contains the terms of this offering. A description of our capital stock is contained in this prospectus supplement. This prospectus supplement, with the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses, may add, update or change information in the accompanying prospectuses. If information in this prospectus supplement, or the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectuses, this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses, is inconsistent with the accompanying prospectuses, this prospectus supplement, or the documents incorporated by reference in the accompanying prospectuses, this prospectus supplement, or the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses, is inconsistent with the accompanying prospectuses, this prospectus supplement, or the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement in this prospectus supplement.

On December 21, 2005, we completed a one-for-five reverse stock split. The reverse stock split caused every five shares of our outstanding common stock to convert automatically into one share of common stock. All share and share related information set forth in this prospectus supplement and the August 23, 2007 accompanying prospectus is presented on a post-reverse stock split basis. Because we completed this reverse stock split subsequent to the date of the December 12, 2002 accompanying prospectus, all share and share related information set forth in the December 12, 2002 accompanying prospectus remains presented on a pre-reverse stock split basis.

Please read and consider all information contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectuses and the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 17, 2008, together with the additional information described under the section entitled Where you can find more information and incorporation by reference in this prospectus supplement and the section entitled Risk factors in this prospectus supplement before you make an investment decision.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses do not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making an offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make an offer or solicitation.

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### Summary

This is only a summary of the offering. It may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. To fully understand the investment you are contemplating, you should read this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectuses and the detailed information incorporated into them by reference before you decide to make an investment. Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms we, us and our refer to La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company, a Delaware corporation and our wholly owned subsidiary.

### THE COMPANY

We are a biopharmaceutical company dedicated to improving and preserving human life by developing innovative pharmaceutical products. Our leading product in development, Riquent, is designed to treat lupus renal (kidney) disease by preventing or delaying renal flares. Lupus renal disease is a life-threatening, antibody-mediated disease in which disease-causing antibodies damage the kidneys. Renal flares are periods of extreme, acute kidney inflammation in patients suffering from lupus renal disease. Riquent is currently in a Phase 3 clinical trial under a Special Protocol Assessment and has been granted Fast Track designation by the FDA.

Lupus renal disease is a chronic illness that can lead to irreversible renal damage, renal failure and the need for dialysis, and is a leading cause of death in lupus patients. Lupus is an antibody-mediated disease caused by autoantibodies, of which antibodies to double-stranded DNA ( dsDNA ) are an important subgroup. Riquent is designed to prevent or delay renal flares by lowering the levels of circulating antibodies to dsDNA, which are believed to cause lupus renal disease. Current treatments for this autoimmune disorder often address only symptoms of the disease, or nonspecifically suppress the entire immune system, which can result in severe, negative side effects and hospitalization. We believe that Riquent has the potential to treat lupus renal disease without these severe, negative side effects. The Lupus Foundation estimates that there are approximately one million lupus patients in the United States. We believe that 40% to 45% of these lupus patients will develop renal disease.

We have also developed novel, orally-active, small-molecule SSAO inhibitors for the treatment of autoimmune diseases and acute and chronic inflammatory disorders. Preclinical studies have shown that these inhibitors reduce disease activity in animal models of multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, stroke, systemic inflammation and acute inflammation.

### **RECENT DEVELOPMENTS**

We recently announced positive 12-month interim antibody data from our ongoing double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomized Phase 3 study of Riquent referred to as the Phase 3 ASPEN study (Abetimus Sodium in Patients with a History of Lupus Nephritis). Analyses of 12-month interim antibody data in the first 125 patients randomized in the study indicate that for all patients treated with 900 mg, 300 mg or 100 mg of Riquent per week compared with placebo, there were significantly greater reductions in antibodies to dsDNA (p < 0.0001).

The data show a dose-response curve for antibody reduction and also show that the 300 mg and 900 mg doses appear to be near the top of the antibody-related dose-response curve, thus supporting the choice of doses for this study. Antibody levels in the placebo-treated group remained around baseline levels throughout the 12 months. The rate at which antibody levels were maximally reduced appeared to be more rapid in the 900 mg dose group than in the 300 mg or the 100 mg dose groups. Each individual dose group was significantly different from placebo (p < 0.0001). An area under the curve (AUC) analysis, which reflects the effect of the drug on antibody levels over time, showed significantly greater antibody-lowering effects for the 300 mg and 900 mg dose groups compared with the placebo

group (decreases of 26.9% for 100 mg, 35.5% for 300 mg and 37.7% for 900 mg, compared with an increase of 7.5% for placebo). The AUC analysis provides additional evidence that the higher doses of Riquent suppressed antibodies further than the 100 mg dose group. The proportion of patients achieving a 50% or greater AUC reduction was 0.0% in the placebo and 100 mg groups, 23% in the 300 mg group, and 30% in the 900 mg group. The 12-month antibody analysis assessed the impact of treatment with

Riquent or placebo on antibodies to dsDNA. Antibody levels were measured every two weeks for the first 16 weeks of the study and then monthly for the remaining 36 weeks. All demographics and baseline characteristics were comparable across dosing groups.

We also recently announced that our Phase 3 ASPEN study of Riquent appears to be progressing well, in that more than 140 clinical trial sites are active and more than 670 patients have been enrolled. Compliance with weekly visits has been high and the drop-out rate remains low. The Independent Data Monitoring Board (DMB) has completed three reviews of the safety data and has not indicated any safety issues. The study is an event-driven trial designed to be completed when 128 renal flares have occurred. The current overall renal flare rate is lower than the original trial assumption. As a result, in an effort to shorten the time to achieve the required number of renal flares, we will continue enrollment beyond the initially targeted 740 patients and extend the treatment period beyond 12 months until the required number of renal flares is achieved. We now estimate that at least 800 patients will be enrolled in the study. Based on these changes, we expect the trial to complete in the second half of 2009.

The Phase 3 ASPEN study includes two interim efficacy analyses, each with target p values of p < 0.001 and a final p value of p < 0.05 at the end of the study. We have added a futility analysis to each interim efficacy analysis. The interim efficacy analyses have been moved to occur later in the study when a greater number of renal flares will have been observed. As a result, the first interim efficacy analysis is expected to occur around the fourth quarter of 2008, and the second interim efficacy analysis is expected to occur about midway between the first analysis and the expected end of the study.

These modifications to the trial have been discussed with the FDA, and the trial continues to be conducted under the FDA s Special Protocol Assessment.

On May 1, 2008, we announced preliminary financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2008. We reported that for this period we had a net loss of \$13.6 million, or \$0.34 per share, and that at March 31, 2008, we had cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$25.4 million. Until completion of a review and issuance of financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2008, any amounts related to this period are subject to change.

### AMENDMENT TO RIGHTS PLAN

We have received indications from certain of our principal stockholders Essex Woodlands Health Ventures Fund VI, L.P., Frazier Healthcare V, L.P. and Alejandro Gonzalez of their intent to offer to purchase, either directly or through one or more of their affiliated investment funds, approximately \$ million, or %, of the units in this offering. If these stockholders offer to purchase these units, we expect that the underwriters will confirm orders to them in such an amount, and that immediately after the completion of this offering, Essex Woodlands Health Ventures Fund VI, L.P. (and its affiliates), Frazier Healthcare V, L.P. (and its affiliates) and Alejandro Gonzalez (and his affiliates) will beneficially own approximately %, % and %, respectively, of our outstanding common stock, including the shares issuable to these stockholders under the warrants to be sold in this offering.

Under the terms of our rights agreement with American Stock Transfer & Trust Co., dated December 3, 1998, as amended, if Essex Woodlands Health Ventures Fund VI, L.P. (and its affiliates), Frazier Healthcare V, L.P. (and its affiliates) and Alejandro Gonzalez (and his affiliates) purchase units in this offering in the amounts described above, each such stockholder would become an acquiring person under the rights agreement and would trigger the rights issued thereunder. In order to avoid triggering the rights issued under the rights plan in connection with this offering, we expect to amend the rights agreement upon the completion of this offering to allow Essex Woodlands Health Ventures Fund VI, L.P. (and its affiliates), Frazier Healthcare V, L.P. (and its affiliates) and Alejandro Gonzalez (and his affiliates) to beneficially own up to %, % and %, respectively, of our outstanding common stock, in each case, without becoming an acquiring person under the agreement. See Description of capital stock La Jolla

Pharmaceutical Company Rights Plan.

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### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

We were incorporated in the State of Delaware in 1989. Our principal executive offices are located at 6455 Nancy Ridge Drive, San Diego, California 92121 and our telephone number is (858) 452-6600. Our website is located at *www.ljpc.com*. We have not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement the information on our website, and you should not consider our website to be a part of this document. For more complete information please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 17, 2008.

The offering

Common stock we are offering	shares, plus offered hereby	shares of common stock underlying the warrants
Common stock warrants we are offering	Warrants to purchase	shares of common stock
Common stock to be outstanding after this offering	shares, or exercised in full	shares if the warrants sold in this offering are
Purchases by principal stockholders	We have received indications from certain of our principal stockholders of their intent to offer to purchase, either directly or through one or more of their affiliated investment funds, up to \$ million, or %, of the units offered hereby. If these stockholders offer to purchase these units, we expect that the underwriters will confirm orders to them in such an amount.	
Use of proceeds after expenses	approximately \$ commissions and estim proceeds from this off general corporate purp	net proceeds from this offering will be million after deducting underwriting discounts and mated offering expenses. We intend to use the net fering to fund the development of Riquent and other poses, as further described in this prospectus heading Use of proceeds.
Risk factors	prospectus supplement	section and other information included in this nt, the accompanying prospectuses and incorporated cussion of factors you should carefully consider yest in our securities.
NASDAQ Global Market Symbol	LJPC	

The number of shares outstanding after the offering is based on 39,671,491 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2008 and excludes:

- $\emptyset$  shares of common stock that are a part of the units that the underwriters have a right to purchase from us to cover over-allotments, if any.
- Ø 4,399,992 shares of common stock that may be issued on the exercise of outstanding warrants at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share.
- $\emptyset$  5,443,354 shares of common stock that may be issued on the exercise of outstanding stock options granted under our various stock option plans at a weighted average exercise price of \$7.80 per share.
- Ø Approximately 351,765 shares of common stock reserved for future issuance under our equity incentive and employee stock purchase plans.

Unless otherwise indicated, this prospectus supplement does not assume that any of the warrants issued hereunder will be exercised.

### Risk factors

The shares of our common stock and warrants offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses are speculative and involve a high degree of risk of loss. Before making an investment, you should carefully read this entire prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectuses and the information incorporated by reference in them and consider the following risks and speculative factors. Some of these factors have affected our financial condition and operating results in the past or are currently affecting us. All of these factors could affect our future financial condition or operating results. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business could be very significantly harmed. If that happens, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

### RISK FACTORS RELATING TO LA JOLLA PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY AND THE INDUSTRY IN WHICH WE OPERATE

### We do not have sufficient financial resources to complete the current Phase 3 ASPEN study of Riquent and may not have sufficient resources to continue to operate unless we are able to raise sufficient additional capital.

We will need to successfully complete the current Phase 3 ASPEN study prior to any FDA or any foreign regulatory approvals. The current Phase 3 ASPEN study is an event-driven trial requiring us to accrue a specified number of renal flares to complete the study. We currently target enrolling at least 800 patients to achieve the required number of renal flares and the trial could take several years to complete. We expect that the actual costs of completing the current Phase 3 ASPEN study will exceed our current cash resources; we expect that the net proceeds from this offering, together with our other cash resources, excluding the value of our currently illiquid auction rate securities, will enable us to continue our operations as currently planned through December 31, 2008. If we expend all of the funds that we have raised and do not receive funding from a collaborative agreement with a corporate partner or obtain other equity or debt financing, we would not have the financial resources to complete the current Phase 3 ASPEN study or to continue the development of Riquent, and we may not be able to continue to operate.

### We may need to sell stock or assets, enter into collaborative agreements, significantly reduce our operations, or merge with another entity to continue operations.

Our business is highly cash-intensive and we will need a significant amount of additional cash to continue our operations. There can be no guarantee that additional financing will be available to us on favorable terms, or at all, whether through issuance of additional securities, entry into collaborative arrangements, or otherwise. If adequate funds are not available, we may halt the current Phase 3 ASPEN study, significantly reduce the size of our workforce, sell or license our technologies or obtain funds through other arrangements with collaborative partners or others that require us to relinquish rights to our technologies or potential products. We also may merge with another entity to continue our operations. Any one of these outcomes could have a negative impact on our ability to develop products or achieve profitability if our products are brought to market. If, and to the extent, we obtain additional funding through sales of securities, any previous investment in us will be diluted, and dilution can be particularly substantial when the price of our common stock is low. Moreover, capital markets have experienced a period of instability recently and this instability may make it harder for us to raise capital within the time periods needed or on terms we consider acceptable, if at all. In the current economic environment, our need for additional capital and limited capital resources may force us to accept financing terms that could be significantly more dilutive than if we were raising capital when the capital markets were more stable.

### Negative conditions in the global credit markets may further impair the liquidity of a portion of our investment portfolio.

As of March 31, 2008, our investment securities consist primarily of money market funds and AAA rated asset-backed student loan auction rate securities. As of December 31, 2007, our short-term investments included \$28.0 million of AAA rated asset-backed student loan auction rate securities issued primarily by state governments. Subsequent to December 31, 2007, we sold \$18.0 million of these asset-backed auction rate securities at par value.

The recent negative conditions in the global credit markets have prevented some investors from liquidating their holdings, including their holdings of student loan auction rate securities. As of March 31, 2008, there was insufficient demand at auction for each of our remaining four AAA rated asset-backed student loan auction rate securities, representing the entire \$10.0 million we currently hold in asset-backed auction rate securities. As a result of the insufficient demand, these four securities are currently not liquid and unless a future auction (which occurs approximately every 28 to 91 days) for these investments is successful, we could be required to hold them until they are redeemed by the issuer or to maturity, which ranges between 20-30 years. Based on our current capital resources and projected needs, we will not be able to hold these securities until maturity.

In the event we need to access the funds that are in an illiquid state, we will not be able to do so without a loss of principal, until a future auction on these investments is successful, the securities are redeemed by the issuer or they mature. As of March 31, 2008, management has determined that our student loan auction rate securities are impaired and accordingly we have recorded realized impairment losses of \$0.8 million on these investments. The impairment losses on these investments were determined to be other-than-temporary as we may be required to liquidate these auction rate securities in the short term in order to continue our operations. If the credit ratings of the security issuers deteriorate and/or if there is any further decline in market value that is determined to be other-than-temporary, we would be required to further adjust the carrying value of these investments through an impairment charge.

### Our independent registered public accounting firm has issued an unqualified opinion with an explanatory paragraph, to the effect that there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Our independent registered public accounting firm has issued an unqualified opinion with an explanatory paragraph, to the effect that there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. This unqualified opinion with an explanatory paragraph could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. See Liquidity and Capital Resources, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and note 1 to our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

We have no committed sources of capital and do not know whether additional financing will be available when needed on terms that are acceptable, if at all. Our current lack of resources is exacerbated by our inability to liquidate holdings of certain student loan auction rate securities. The addition of this going concern statement from our independent registered public accounting firm may discourage some investors from purchasing our stock or providing alternative capital financing. The failure to satisfy our capital requirements will adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Unless we raise additional funds, including through the sale of equity securities and through one or more collaborative arrangements, we will need to halt the Phase 3 ASPEN study and significantly reduce our workforce and our operating expenses. If we do not take these actions, we will not have sufficient funds to continue operations. Even if we take these actions, they may be insufficient, particularly if our costs are higher than projected or unforeseen expenses arise. Halting our Phase 3

ASPEN study or significantly reducing our workforce or operating expenses will adversely affect our business and prospects.

# In order to complete our current Phase 3 ASPEN study, we will need to accrue a sufficient number of renal flares by enrolling a sufficient number of patients who meet the trial criteria. If we are unable to successfully complete the trial, our business will be adversely affected and it may be difficult or impossible for us to continue to operate.

The current Phase 3 ASPEN study is an event-driven trial requiring us to accrue a specified number of renal flares to complete the study. We currently target enrolling at least 800 patients to achieve the required number of renal flares. We may need to enroll more patients in order to reach the required number of renal flares. We may have difficulty enrolling patients because, among other matters, there are specific limitations on the medications that a patient may be taking upon entry into the trial and intense competition for available lupus patients. If we are unable to accrue a sufficient number of renal flares or to timely enroll a sufficient number of patients, we will not be able to successfully complete the current Phase 3 ASPEN study. As a result, it may be difficult or impossible for us to continue to operate.

### Results from our clinical trials may not be sufficient to obtain regulatory approvals to market Riquent or our other drug candidates in the United States or other countries on a timely basis, if at all.

Our drug candidates are subject to extensive government regulations related to development, clinical trials, manufacturing and commercialization. In order to sell any product that is under development, we must first receive regulatory approval. To obtain regulatory approval, we must conduct clinical trials and toxicology studies that demonstrate that our drug candidates are safe and effective. The process of obtaining FDA and foreign regulatory approvals is costly, time consuming, uncertain and subject to unanticipated delays.

The FDA and foreign regulatory authorities have substantial discretion in the approval process and may not agree that we have demonstrated that Riquent is safe and effective. If Riquent is ultimately not found to be safe and effective, we would be unable to obtain regulatory approval to manufacture, market and sell Riquent. Although we have received an approvable letter from the FDA, the analysis of the data from our previous Phase 3 trial of Riquent showed that the trial did not reach statistical significance with respect to its primary endpoint, time to renal flare, or with respect to its secondary endpoint, time to treatment with high-dose corticosteroids or cyclophosphamide. In a preliminary assessment of the MAA submitted in March 2006, the EMEA reviewers indicated that additional clinical data would be needed prior to potential approval. Based on our review of the EMEA assessment, we believe that the current Phase 3 ASPEN study should provide the necessary data; however, since the data would not be available within the timeframe that the EMEA regulations allow for review of the Riquent application we submitted, we withdrew the application. We plan to refile the MAA after the completion of the current Phase 3 ASPEN study, if it is successful. We can provide no assurances that the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities will ultimately approve Riquent or, if approved, what the indication for Riquent will be.

As designed, our current Phase 3 ASPEN study contains multiple dosing levels. Even if the Phase 3 ASPEN study is successful, the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities may require additional studies to define dosing recommendations before we can obtain approval to market Riquent.

Because substantially all of our resources are currently being devoted to Riquent, our inability to obtain any regulatory approval of Riquent as a result of the current Phase 3 ASPEN study would have a severe negative effect on our business, and, in the future, we may not have the financial resources to continue the development of Riquent or any other potential drug candidates.

### We are currently devoting nearly all of our resources to the development and approval of Riquent. Accordingly, our efforts with respect to other drug candidates have significantly diminished.

Future development of our small molecules for the treatment of autoimmune diseases and acute and chronic inflammatory disorders depends on our ability to obtain third-party financing for this program through a joint venture, partnership or other collaborative arrangement. As a result, progress with respect to drug candidates other than Riquent, if any, will be significantly delayed and our success and ability to continue to operate depends on whether we obtain regulatory approval to market Riquent.

### Current and future clinical trials may be delayed or halted.

Current and future clinical trials of Riquent, trials of drugs related to Riquent, or clinical trials of other drug candidates may be delayed or halted. For example, in 2005, for a period of time we limited patient enrollment in our Phase 3 ASPEN trial in an effort to reduce costs. In addition, our Phase 2/3 clinical trial of Riquent was terminated before planned patient enrollment was completed. Current and future trials may be delayed or halted for various reasons, including:

- $\emptyset$  we do not have sufficient financial resources;
- $\emptyset$  supplies of drug product are not sufficient to treat the patients in the studies;
- $\emptyset$  patients do not enroll in the studies at the rate we expect;
- $\emptyset$  the observed renal flare rate is lower than we expect;
- $\emptyset$  the products are not effective;
- Ø patients experience negative side effects or other safety concerns are raised during treatment;
- $\emptyset$  the trials are not conducted in accordance with applicable clinical practices; or
- $\emptyset$  there is political unrest at foreign clinical sites; or
- $\emptyset$  there are natural disasters at any of our clinical sites.

If any current or future trials are delayed or halted, we may incur significant additional expenses, and our potential approval of Riquent may be delayed, which could have a severe negative effect on our business.

### We may be required to design and conduct additional trials for Riquent.

We may be required to design and conduct additional studies to further demonstrate the safety and efficacy of Riquent, either before or after a potential approval, which may result in significant expense and delay. The FDA and foreign regulatory authorities may require new or additional clinical trials because of inconclusive results from current or earlier clinical trials (including the previous Phase 2/3 and Phase 3 trials of Riquent), a possible failure to conduct clinical trials in complete adherence to FDA good clinical practice standards and similar standards of foreign regulatory authorities, the identification of new clinical trial endpoints, or the need for additional data regarding safety or efficacy. It is possible that the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities may not ultimately approve Riquent or our other drug candidates for commercial sale in any jurisdiction, even if we believe future clinical results are positive.

### We may experience shortages of Riquent for use in our clinical studies.

We may experience shortages of Riquent for use in our clinical studies. We are implementing a commercial scale manufacturing process for Riquent, but we have manufactured only a limited number of lots of Riquent at this commercial scale. In addition, the drug supply needed for our current Phase 3 ASPEN study may require us to manufacture significant quantities of Riquent in a compressed time frame. If we are unable to manufacture Riquent in accordance with applicable FDA good manufacturing practices at this commercial scale, or if we incur production delays our ability to timely complete clinical trials of Riquent will be negatively affected.

## If we encounter delays or difficulties in establishing or maintaining relationships with manufacturing or distribution contractors, our ability to timely complete necessary clinical trials and potentially deliver commercial products may be negatively affected.

We may enter into arrangements with contract manufacturing companies to expand our own production capacity in order to meet demand for our products or to attempt to improve manufacturing efficiency. If we choose to contract for manufacturing services, the FDA and comparable foreign regulators would have to approve the contract manufacturers prior to our use, and these contractors would be required to comply with strictly enforced manufacturing standards. We may also enter into agreements with contractors to prepare and distribute our drug candidates for use by patients in clinical trials or commercially. If we encounter delays or difficulties in establishing or maintaining relationships with contractors to produce, package or distribute our drug candidates, if they are unable to meet our needs, if they are not approved by the regulatory authorities, or if they fail to adhere to applicable manufacturing standards, our ability to timely complete necessary clinical trials and to introduce our products into the market would be negatively affected.

### Our limited manufacturing capabilities and experience could result in shortages of drugs for future sale, and our revenues and profit margin could be negatively affected.

We have never operated a commercial manufacturing facility and we will be required to manufacture Riquent pursuant to applicable FDA good manufacturing practices. Our inexperience could result in manufacturing delays or interruptions and higher manufacturing costs. This could negatively affect our ability to supply the market on a timely and competitive basis. The sales of our products, if any, and our profit margins may also be negatively affected. In addition, substantial capital investment in the expansion and build-out of our manufacturing facilities and/or the engagement of third party contract manufacturers will be required to enable us to manufacture Riquent, if approved, in sufficient commercial quantities. We have limited manufacturing experience, and we may be unable to successfully transition to commercial production.

### Our suppliers may not be able to provide us with sufficient quantities of materials that we need to manufacture our products.

We rely on outside suppliers to provide us with specialized chemicals and reagents that we use to manufacture our drugs. In order to manufacture Riquent and our other drug candidates in sufficient quantities for our clinical trials and possible commercialization, our suppliers will be required to provide us with an adequate supply of chemicals and reagents. Our ability to obtain these chemicals and reagents is subject to the following risks:

- $\emptyset$  our suppliers may not be able to increase their own manufacturing capabilities in order to provide us with a sufficient amount of material for our use;
- $\emptyset$  some of our suppliers may be required to pass FDA inspections or validations or to obtain other regulatory approvals of their manufacturing facilities or processes, and they may be delayed or unable to do so;
- $\emptyset$  the materials that our suppliers use to manufacture the chemicals and reagents that they provide us may be costly or in short supply; and
- $\emptyset$  there are a limited number of suppliers that are able to provide us with the chemicals or reagents that we use to manufacture our drugs.

If we are unable to obtain sufficient quantities of chemicals or reagents, our ability to produce products for clinical studies and, therefore, to introduce products into the market on a timely and competitive basis, will be impeded. The

subsequent sales of our products, if any, and our profit margins may also be negatively affected.

### An interruption in the operation of our sole manufacturing facility could disrupt our operations.

We have only one drug manufacturing facility. A significant interruption in the operation of this facility, whether as a result of a natural disaster or other causes, could significantly impair our ability to manufacture drugs for our clinical trials or possible commercialization.

### Retaining our current personnel and recruiting additional personnel will be critical to our success.

We are highly dependent on the principal members of our clinical development, manufacturing and management staff, the loss of whose services may delay the achievement of our research and development objectives. Retaining our current key personnel to perform clinical development, manufacturing, regulatory, and business development activities will be critical to our near term success. We expect that recruiting additional qualified personnel to conduct clinical development, manufacturing, regulatory, and marketing and sales activities will be required to successfully further develop Riquent and any additional drug candidates. Because competition for experienced clinical, manufacturing, regulatory, business development and marketing and sales personnel among numerous pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies and research and academic institutions is intense, we may not be able to attract and retain these people. If we cannot attract and retain qualified people, our ability to conduct necessary clinical trials, manufacturing or sales of our products may be delayed. In addition, we rely on consultants and advisors to assist us in formulating our clinical, manufacturing, regulatory, business development, and marketing and sales strategies. All of our consultants and advisors have outside employment and may have commitments or consulting or advisory contracts with other entities that may limit their ability to contribute to our business.

#### We will need additional funds to support our operations.

Our operations to date have consumed substantial capital resources. Before we can obtain FDA or foreign regulatory approval for Riquent, we will need to successfully complete the current Phase 3 ASPEN study and possibly additional trials. Therefore, we expect to expend substantial amounts of capital resources for additional product development and clinical trials of Riquent. We may also devote substantial additional capital resources to establish commercial-scale manufacturing capabilities and to market and sell potential products. These expenses may be incurred prior to or after any regulatory approvals that we may receive. Even with the net proceeds of approximately \$ million from this offering, we will need additional funds to finance our future operations. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including:

- Ø the scope and results of our clinical trials;
- $\emptyset$  our ability to manufacture sufficient quantities of drug to support clinical trials;
- Ø our ability to obtain regulatory approval for Riquent;
- $\emptyset$  the time and costs involved in applying for regulatory approvals;
- Ø continued scientific progress in our development programs;
- $\emptyset$  the size and complexity of our development programs;
- Ø the costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining and enforcing patent claims;

- Ø competing technological and market developments;
- Ø our ability to establish and maintain collaborative research and development arrangements;
- $\emptyset$  our need to establish commercial manufacturing capabilities; and
- $\emptyset$  our ability to develop effective marketing and sales programs.

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We expect to incur substantial losses each year for at least the next several years as we continue our planned clinical trial, manufacturing, regulatory, and development activities. If we receive regulatory approval for Riquent, or any of our other drug candidates, our manufacturing, marketing and sales activities are likely to substantially increase our expenses and our need for additional working capital. In the future, it is possible that we will not be able to obtain additional funds and thus not have adequate resources to support continuation of our business activities.

### Our freedom to operate our business or profit fully from sales of our products may be limited if we enter into collaborative agreements.

We may need to collaborate with other pharmaceutical companies to gain access to their financial, research, drug development, manufacturing, or marketing and sales resources. However, we may not be able to negotiate arrangements with any collaborative partners on favorable terms, if at all. Any collaborative relationships that we enter into may include restrictions on our freedom to operate our business or may limit our revenues from potential products. If a collaborative arrangement is established, the collaborative partner may discontinue funding any particular program or may, either alone or with others, pursue alternative technologies or develop alternative drug candidates for the diseases we are targeting. Competing products, developed by a collaborative partner or to which a collaborative partner has rights, may result in the collaborative partner withdrawing support as to all or a portion of our technology.

Without collaborative arrangements, we must fund our own clinical development, manufacturing, and marketing and sales activities, which accelerates the depletion of our cash and requires us to develop our own manufacturing and marketing and sales capabilities. Therefore, if we are unable to establish and maintain collaborative arrangements and if other sources of cash are not available, we will experience a severe adverse effect on our ability to develop products and, if developed and approved, to manufacture, market and sell them successfully.

### Any regulatory approvals that we may obtain for our product candidates may be limited and subsequent issues regarding safety or efficacy could cause us to remove products from the market.

If the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities grant approval of Riquent or any of our other drug candidates, the approval may be limited to specific conditions or patient populations, or limited with respect to its distribution, including to specified facilities or physicians with special training or experience. The imposition of any of these restrictions or other restrictions on the marketing and use of Riquent could adversely affect any future sales of Riquent. Furthermore, even if a drug candidate is approved, it is possible that a subsequent issue regarding its safety or efficacy would require us to remove the drug from the market.

### Even if we receive regulatory approval for our product candidates, we will be subject to ongoing regulatory obligations and review, including validation of our manufacturing facilities and processes.

Following any regulatory approval of our product candidates, we will be subject to continuing regulatory obligations such as safety reporting requirements and additional post-marketing obligations, including regulatory oversight of the promotion and marketing of our products. In addition, we, and any third-party manufacturers, will be required to adhere to regulations setting forth cGMPs. These regulations cover all aspects of the manufacturing, testing, quality control and record keeping relating to our product candidates. Furthermore, we, and any third-party manufacturers, will be subject to periodic inspection by regulatory authorities. These inspections may result in compliance issues that would require the expenditure of significant financial or other resources to address. If we, or any third-party manufacturers that we may engage, fail to comply with applicable regulatory requirements, we may be subject to fines, suspension or withdrawal of regulatory approvals, product recalls, seizure of products, operating restrictions and criminal prosecution.

Although a successful pre-approval inspection was conducted by the FDA in July 2004, we have never operated a commercial manufacturing facility. If we are unable to maintain validated conditions at our manufacturing facilities or fail to successfully validate our manufacturing processes to the satisfaction of the regulatory authorities, they will not approve Riquent for commercial use.

### The size of the market for our potential products is uncertain.

We estimate that the number of people who suffer from lupus in the United States and Europe is potentially more than 1,000,000 and those with renal impairment, which Riquent is designed to treat, is approximately 300,000. However, there is limited and differing information available regarding the actual size of these patient populations. In addition, it is uncertain whether the results from previous or future clinical trials of Riquent will be observed in broader patient populations, and the number of patients who may benefit from Riquent may be significantly smaller than the estimated patient populations. Furthermore, management of patients with renal disease by specialists other than nephrologists and rheumatologists is likely to reduce our ability to access patients who may benefit from Riquent.

### Our drugs may not achieve market acceptance.

Even if Riquent or our other drug candidates receive regulatory approval, patients and physicians may not readily or quickly accept our proposed methods of treatment. In order for Riquent or our other drug candidates to be commercially successful, we will need to increase the awareness and acceptance of our drug candidates among physicians, patients and the medical community. Riquent is designed to be administered weekly by intravenous injection. It is possible that providers and patients may resist an intravenously administered therapeutic. It is also possible that physician treatment practices may change and that the use of other drugs, either newly approved or currently on the market for other conditions, may become widely utilized by clinicians for the treatment of patients with lupus and reduce the potential use of Riquent in this patient population. In addition, if we are unable to manufacture drugs at an acceptable cost, physicians may not readily prescribe drugs that we may manufacture due to cost-benefit considerations when compared to other methods of treatment. If we are unable to achieve market acceptance for approved products, our revenues and potential for profitability will be negatively affected.

### We lack experience in marketing products for commercial sale.

In order to commercialize any drug candidate approved by the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities, we must either develop marketing and sales programs or enter into marketing arrangements with others. If we cannot do either of these successfully, we will not generate meaningful sales of any products that may be approved. If we develop our own marketing and sales capabilities, we will be required to employ a sales force, establish and staff a customer service department, and create or identify distribution channels for our drugs. We will compete with other companies that have experienced and well-funded marketing and sales operations. In addition, if we establish our own sales and distribution capabilities, we will incur material expenses and may experience delays or have difficulty in gaining market acceptance for our drug candidates. We currently have no marketing agreements with others. There can be no guarantee that, if we desire to, we will be able to enter into any marketing agreements on favorable terms, if at all, or that any such agreements will result in payments to us. If we enter into co-promotion or other marketing and sales arrangements with other companies, any revenues that we may receive will be dependent on the efforts of others. There can be no guarantee that these efforts will be successful.

### We may not earn as much revenue as we hope due to possible changes in healthcare reimbursement policies.

The continuing efforts of government and healthcare insurance companies to reduce the costs of healthcare may reduce the amount of revenue that we can generate from sales of future products, if any.

For example, in certain foreign markets, pricing and profitability of prescription drugs are subject to government control. In the United States, we expect that there will continue to be a number of federal and state proposals to implement similar government controls. In addition, an increasing emphasis on managed care in the United States will continue to put pressure on drug manufacturers to reduce prices. Price control initiatives could reduce the revenue that we receive for any products we may develop and sell in the future. Moreover, even if Riquent were approved we cannot predict what the dosage requirements or degree of efficacy would be and therefore whether or not healthcare reimbursement policies would enable a sales price that allows us to be profitable.

### We have a history of losses and may not become profitable.

We have incurred operating losses each year since our inception in 1989 and had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$352.8 million as of December 31, 2007. We expect to incur substantial losses each year for at least the next several years as we conduct clinical trials of our drug candidates, seek regulatory approval and continue our clinical development, manufacturing, and regulatory activities. In addition, assuming we ultimately receive approval from the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities for Riquent or our other drug candidates, we will be required to establish commercial manufacturing capabilities and marketing and sales programs, which may result in substantial additional losses. To achieve profitability we must, among other matters, complete the development of our products, obtain all necessary regulatory approvals and establish commercial manufacturing, marketing and sales capabilities. The amount of losses and the time required by us to reach sustained profitability are highly uncertain and we may never achieve profitability. We do not expect to generate revenues from the sale of Riquent, if approved, or our other products, if any, in the near term, and we may never generate product revenues.

## Our success in developing and marketing our drug candidates depends significantly on our ability to obtain patent protection for Riquent and any other developed products. In addition, we will need to successfully preserve our trade secrets and operate without infringing on the rights of others.

We depend on patents and other unpatented intellectual property to prevent others from improperly benefiting from products or technologies that we may have developed. At April 15, 2008, we owned 136 issued patents and have 37 pending patent applications in the United States and in foreign countries. These patents and patent applications cover various technologies and drug candidates, including Riquent. There can be no assurance, however, that any additional patents will be issued, that the scope of any patent protection will be sufficient to protect us or our technology, or that any current or future issued patent will be held valid if subsequently challenged. We are currently involved in an opposition proceeding in Europe challenging the validity of certain claims in our European patent relating to our antibody-mediated thrombosis drug technology. There is a substantial backlog of biotechnology patent applications at the United States Patent and Trademark Office that may delay the review and issuance of any patents. The patent position of biotechnology firms like ours is highly uncertain and involves complex legal and factual questions, and no consistent policy has emerged regarding the breadth of claims covered in biotechnology patents or the protection afforded by these patents. We intend to continue to file patent applications as believed appropriate for patents covering both our products and processes. There can be no assurance that patents will be issued from any of these applications, or that the scope of any issued patents will protect our technology.

We do not necessarily know if others, including competitors, have patents or patent applications pending that relate to compounds or processes that overlap or compete with our intellectual property or which may affect our freedom to operate. We are aware of certain families of patents and patent applications that contain claims covering subject matter that may affect our ability to develop, manufacture and sell our products in the future. We have conducted investigations into these patent families to determine what impact, if any, the patent families could have on our continued development, manufacture and, if approved by the FDA, sale of our drug candidates, including Riquent. Based on our

investigations to date, we currently do not believe that these patent families are likely to impede the advancement of our drug candidates, including Riquent.

However, there can be no assurance that upon our further investigation, these patent families or other patents will not ultimately be found to impact the advancement of our drug candidates, including Riquent. If the United States Patent and Trademark Office or any foreign counterpart issues or has issued patents containing competitive or conflicting claims, and if these claims are valid, the protection provided by our existing patents or any future patents that may be issued could be significantly reduced, and our ability to prevent competitors from developing products or technologies identical or similar to ours could be negatively affected. In addition, there can be no guarantee that we would be able to obtain licenses to these patents on commercially reasonable terms, if at all, or that we would be able to develop or obtain alternative technology. Our failure to obtain a license to a technology or process that may be required to develop or commercialize one or more of our drug candidates may have a material adverse effect on our business. In addition, we may have to incur significant expenses and management time in defending or enforcing our patents.

We also rely on unpatented intellectual property such as trade secrets and improvements, know-how, and continuing technological innovation. While we seek to protect these rights, it is possible that:

- $\emptyset$  others, including competitors, will develop inventions relevant to our business;
- $\emptyset$  our confidentiality agreements will be breached, and we may not have, or be successful in obtaining, adequate remedies for such a breach; or
- $\emptyset$  our trade secrets will otherwise become known or be independently discovered by competitors.

We could incur substantial costs and devote substantial management time in defending suits that others might bring against us for infringement of intellectual property rights or in prosecuting suits that we might bring against others to protect our intellectual property rights.

### The technology underlying our products is uncertain and unproven.

All of our product development efforts are based on unproven technologies and therapeutic approaches that have not been widely tested or used. To date, no pharmaceutical products that use our technology have been commercialized. The FDA has not determined that we have proven Riquent to be safe and effective in humans, and the technology on which it is based has been used only in our pre-clinical tests and clinical trials. Clinical trials of Riquent may be viewed as a test of our entire approach to developing therapies for antibody-mediated diseases. If Riquent does not work as intended, or if the data from our clinical trials indicates that Riquent is not safe and effective, the applicability of our technology for successfully treating antibody-mediated diseases will be highly uncertain. As a result, there is a significant risk that our therapeutic approaches will not prove to be successful, and there can be no guarantee that our drug discovery technologies will result in any commercially successful products.

## Because a number of companies compete with us, many of which have greater resources than we do, and because we face rapid changes in technology in our industry, we cannot be certain that our products will be accepted in the marketplace or capture market share.

Competition from domestic and foreign biotechnology companies, large pharmaceutical companies and other institutions is intense and is expected to increase. A number of companies and institutions are pursuing the development of pharmaceuticals in our targeted areas. Many of these companies are very large, and have financial, technical, sales and distribution and other resources substantially greater than ours. The greater resources of these competitors could enable them to develop competing products more quickly than we are able to, and to market any

competing product more quickly or effectively so as to make it extremely difficult for us to develop a share of the market for our products. These competitors also include companies that are conducting clinical trials and pre-clinical studies for the treatment of lupus. Our competitors may develop or obtain regulatory approval for products more rapidly than we do. If the FDA were to approve a drug that is significantly similar in structure to Riquent for the same

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indication that Riquent is designed to treat, and such drug received marketing exclusivity under the Orphan Drug Act, the FDA may be prevented from approving Riquent. Also, the biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries are subject to rapid changes in technology. Our competitors may develop and market technologies and products that are more effective or less costly than those we are developing, or that would render our technology and proposed products obsolete or noncompetitive.

### We may not be able to take advantage of the orphan drug designation for Riquent.

In September 2000, the FDA granted us orphan drug designation for Riquent for the treatment of lupus nephritis. The Orphan Drug Act potentially enables us to obtain research funding and tax credits for certain research expenses. In addition, the Orphan Drug Act allows for seven years of exclusive marketing rights to a specific drug for a specific orphan indication. Exclusivity is conferred upon receipt of marketing approval from the FDA to the first sponsor who obtains such approval for a designated drug. The marketing exclusivity prevents FDA approval during the seven-year period of the same drug, as defined in the FDA regulations, from another company for the same orphan indication. Whether we will be able to take advantage of some of the benefits afforded by the orphan drug designation will ultimately be determined by the FDA only after further review of our NDA.

### The use of Riquent or other potential products in clinical trials, as well as the sale of any approved products, may expose us to lawsuits resulting from the use of these products.

The use and possible sale of Riquent or other potential products may expose us to legal liability and negative publicity if we are subject to claims that our products harmed people. These claims might be made directly by patients, pharmaceutical companies, or others. We currently maintain \$10.0 million of product liability insurance for claims arising from the use of our products in clinical trials. However, product liability insurance is becoming increasingly expensive. In addition, in the event of any commercialization of any of our products, we will likely need to obtain additional insurance, which will increase our insurance expenses. There can be no guarantee that we will be able to maintain insurance or that insurance can be acquired at a reasonable cost, in sufficient amounts, or with broad enough coverage to protect us against possible losses. Furthermore, it is possible that our financial resources would be insufficient to satisfy potential product liability or other claims. A successful product liability claim or series of claims brought against us could negatively impact our business and financial condition.

### We face environmental liabilities related to certain hazardous materials used in our operations.

Due to the nature of our manufacturing processes, we are subject to stringent federal, state and local laws governing the use, handling and disposal of certain materials and wastes. We may have to incur significant costs to comply with environmental regulations if and when our manufacturing increases to commercial volumes. Current or future environmental laws may significantly affect our operations because, for instance, our production process may be required to be altered, thereby increasing our production costs. In our research and manufacturing activities, we use radioactive and other materials that could be hazardous to human health, safety or the environment. These materials and various wastes resulting from their use are stored at our facility pending ultimate use and disposal. The risk of accidental injury or contamination from these materials cannot be eliminated. In the event of such an accident, we could be held liable for any resulting damages, and any such liability could exceed our resources. Although we maintain general liability insurance, we do not specifically insure against environmental liabilities.

### We may have experienced an ownership change that could result in a significant reduction in our available net operating loss and research tax credit carryforwards.

At December 31, 2007, we had federal and California income tax net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$316.1 million and \$169.4 million, respectively. In addition, we had federal and California research and development

tax credit carryforwards of \$15.3 million and \$8.9 million,

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respectively. The federal net operating loss and research tax credit carryforwards will begin to expire in 2008 unless previously utilized. The California net operating loss carryforwards will begin to expire in 2009 unless previously utilized. The California research and development credit carryforwards will carry forward indefinitely until utilized.

Our ability to use these net operating loss and research tax credit carryforwards to offset future taxable income will be limited under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, if it is determined that we have experienced, or if we in the future experience, an ownership change. We are currently analyzing whether such an ownership change has occurred in the past. We expect this analysis to be completed within the next twelve months. If it is determined that we have experienced an ownership change in the past, or if such a change occurs as a result of this offering, we may not be able to utilize a significant portion of these net operating loss and research tax credit carryforwards to offset future income. Our inability to fully utilize our net operating loss and research tax credit carryforwards could have a negative impact on our tax assets, financial position and future results of operations.

### **RISK FACTORS RELATED SPECIFICALLY TO OUR STOCK**

#### The ownership of our common stock is concentrated.

As of March 31, 2008, our three largest stockholders beneficially owned approximately 48% of our currently outstanding shares of common stock. If these stockholders or any of their affiliated investment funds purchase set million of stock and warrants in this offering as they have indicated, after this offering they will beneficially own % of our shares. Investors who purchase our common stock may be subject to certain risks due to the concentrated ownership of our common stock. For example, the sale by any of our large stockholders of a significant portion of that stockholder s holdings could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock. In addition, two of these stockholders have the ability, either alone or jointly, to appoint four members of our board of directors. Accordingly, these two stockholders, either directly or indirectly, have the ability to significantly influence the outcome of all matters submitted to a vote of our stockholders.

### Our common stock price is volatile and may decline even if our business is doing well.

The market price of our common stock has been and is likely to continue to be highly volatile. Market prices for securities of biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies, including ours, have historically been highly volatile, and the market has from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that are unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. The following factors, among others, can have a significant effect on the market price of our securities:

- Ø limited financial resources;
- Ø our clinical trial results;
- $\emptyset$  future sales of significant amounts of our common stock by us or our stockholders;
- $\emptyset$  actions or decisions by the FDA and other comparable agencies;
- $\emptyset$  announcements of technological innovations or new therapeutic products by us or others;
- Ø developments in patent or other proprietary rights;
- $\emptyset$  public concern as to the safety of drugs discovered or developed by us or others;

- Ø developments concerning potential agreements with collaborators;
- $\emptyset$  comments by securities analysts and general market conditions; and
- $\emptyset$  government regulation, including any legislation that may impact the price of any commercial products that we may seek to sell.

The realization of any of the risks described in these Risk factors could have a negative effect on the market price of our common stock.

#### Future sales of our stock by our stockholders could negatively affect the market price of our stock.

Sales of our common stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales could occur, could result in a drop in the market price of our securities. As of March 31, 2008, there were:

- Ø Approximately 39,660,730 shares of common stock that have been issued in registered offerings or were otherwise freely tradable in the public markets.
- Ø Approximately 10,761 shares of common stock eligible for resale in the public market pursuant to SEC Rule 144.
- Ø 4,399,992 shares of common stock underlying warrants that have been registered for resale under a Registration Statement on Form S-3.
- $\emptyset$  5,443,354 shares of common stock that may be issued on the exercise of outstanding stock options granted under our various stock option plans at a weighted average exercise price of \$7.80 per share.
- Ø Approximately 351,765 shares of common stock reserved for future issuance pursuant to awards granted under our equity incentive and employee stock purchase plans, which shares are covered by effective registration statements under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act ).
- Ø Pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-3 filed on December 10, 2002, we registered an aggregate amount of \$125,000,000 of our common stock for issuance from time to time. As of February 29, 2008, there was \$13,917,500 of our common stock available for future issuance under this registration statement, which expires on December 1, 2008. We expect to use the entire amount remaining for future issuance under this registration statement in connection with this offering.
- Ø Pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-3 filed on August 20, 2007, we registered an aggregate amount of \$77,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock and warrants for issuance from time to time. After this offering, approximately \$ million of our common stock, preferred stock and warrants will be available for sale under this registration statement, which expires on August 23, 2010.

We cannot estimate the number of shares of common stock that may actually be sold in the public market because this will depend on the market price for our common stock, the individual circumstances of the sellers and other factors. We also have a number of stockholders that own significant blocks of our common stock. If these stockholders sell significant portions of their holdings in a relatively short time, for liquidity or other reasons, the market price of our common stock could drop significantly.

# Our stock may be removed from listing on the Nasdaq Global Market and may not qualify for listing on any stock exchange, in which case it may be difficult to maintain a market in our stock.

In 2005, we received a notice from the Nasdaq Stock Market that our stock price fell below the required minimum bid price. We have since regained compliance with the minimum bid price rule, but we are required to maintain compliance in order to maintain our listing. In addition to the minimum bid price rule, the Nasdaq Global Market has several other continued listing requirements. Failure to maintain compliance with any Nasdaq listing requirement could cause our stock to be removed from listing on Nasdaq. If this were to happen, we may not be able to secure listing on other exchanges or quotation systems. If our stock is no longer traded on an exchange or quotation system, it may be difficult for our stockholders to sell the shares that they own. This would have a negative effect on the price and liquidity of our stock.

# Failure to achieve and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act could have a material adverse effect on our business and stock price.

Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires us to evaluate annually the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting as of the end of each fiscal year beginning in 2004 and to include a management report assessing the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting in all future annual reports beginning with the annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. Section 404 also requires our independent registered public accounting firm to report on our internal control over financial reporting. We evaluated our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007 in order to comply with Section 404 and concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of such date. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal controls, as such standards are modified, supplemented or amended from time to time, we cannot provide any assurances that we will be able to conclude in the future that we have effective internal control over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404. If we fail to achieve and maintain a system of effective internal control over financial reporting, it could have a material adverse effect on our business and stock price.

## There is no public market for the warrants to purchase common stock in this offering.

There is no established public trading market for the warrants being offered in this offering, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for listing the warrants on any securities exchange. Without an active market, the liquidity of the warrants will be limited.

## Anti-takeover devices may prevent changes in our board of directors and management.

We have in place several anti-takeover devices, including a stockholder rights plan, which may have the effect of delaying or preventing changes in our management or deterring third parties from seeking to acquire significant positions in our common stock. For example, one anti-takeover device provides for a board of directors that is separated into three classes, with their terms in office staggered over three-year periods. This has the effect of delaying a change in control of our board of directors without the cooperation of the incumbent board. In addition, our bylaws require stockholders to give us written notice of any proposal or director nomination within a specified period of time prior to the annual stockholder meeting, establish certain qualifications for a person to be elected or appointed to the board of directors during the pendency of certain business combination transactions, and do not allow stockholders to call a special meeting of stockholders.

We may also issue shares of preferred stock without further stockholder approval and upon terms that our board of directors may determine in the future. The issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire a majority of our outstanding stock, and the holders of such preferred stock could have voting, dividend, liquidation and other rights superior to those of holders of our common stock.

## Use of proceeds

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from the sale of our securities offered by this prospectus supplement will be approximately \$ million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses. We intend to use the net proceeds we receive to fund the ongoing clinical trials of Riquent, including the production of drug for the clinical trials, to expand and validate our existing facilities, processes and infrastructures, and for other general corporate purposes. The amounts and timing of expenditures may vary significantly depending on several factors, including the results of our clinical trials, the progress of our research and development efforts and the time and costs of obtaining regulatory approvals, our future capital expenditures, our need to develop commercial marketing and sales capabilities, and our ability to generate revenues in the future.

We expect that the net proceeds to us from this offering, together with our other cash resources, excluding the value of our currently illiquid auction rate securities, will enable us to continue our operations through December 31, 2008, based on our current estimates of the costs of conducting the Phase 3 ASPEN study and otherwise operating our business. This is well before we would be able to commercialize Riquent, even if the Phase 3 ASPEN study is successful. Because we will therefore not generate product revenue from Riquent prior to exhausting our cash resources after this offering, we will need to obtain additional external financing, through the sale of equity or debt securities, through a collaboration or licensing agreement with a third party or otherwise, to continue our operations. We may seek to complete any such financing at any time in 2008, depending largely on market conditions, partnering opportunities and other factors not under our control. If we cannot raise additional financing, we would need to either halt operations or sell or license our assets, including our Riquent program, to one or more third parties. See Risk factors for more information on our cash needs.

## Dilution

The net tangible book value of our common stock on December 31, 2007 was \$30.9 million, or approximately \$0.78 per share, based on 39,629,660 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2007. Net tangible book value per share represents the amount of our total tangible assets, less our total liabilities, divided by the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding. Dilution in net tangible book value per share to new investors represents the difference between the amount per share paid by purchasers of units in this offering and the net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately afterwards. Without taking into account any other changes in net tangible book value after December 31, 2007, other than to give effect to the sale of shares of common stock being sold by us in this offering and after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, our net tangible book value would have been \$ million. or approximately \$ per share based shares outstanding. This represents an immediate increase in net tangible book value of \$ on per share to existing stockholders and an immediate dilution in net tangible book value of \$ per share to new investors.

Public offering price per unit	\$
Net tangible book value per share as of December 31, 2007\$ 0.78	
Increase per share attributable to new investors \$	
As adjusted net tangible book value per share after the offering	\$
Dilution in net tangible book value per share to new investors	\$

This table excludes 4,809,576 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2007 at a weighted average exercise price of \$8.56 per share (2,808,588 were exercisable as of December 31, 2007 and the balance becomes exercisable in the future based upon continued employment), 4,399,992 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants outstanding as of December 31, 2007 at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share and any shares that we may issue in the future pursuant to the registration statement of which this prospectus supplement forms a part.

The foregoing dilution information does not give effect to the exercise of the warrants that are being offered with the units.

Selected consolidated financial data

The consolidated statements of operations and balance sheet data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2006 and 2007 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement. The historical results presented are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected from any future period. The following selected financial data should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, Risk factors included in this prospectus supplement and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our consolidated

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our consolidated financial statements and related notes which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2005	2006			2007
	(in thousands, except per share data)					
<b>Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:</b>						
Expenses:						
Research and development	\$	22,598	\$	32,938	\$	46,635
General and administrative		5,405		9,287		9,058
Loss from operations		(28,003)		(42,225)		(55,693)
Interest expense		(116)		(46)		(82)
Interest income		756		2,826		2,699
Net loss	\$	(27,363)	\$	(39,445)	\$	(53,076)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$	(1.77)	\$	(1.21)	\$	(1.40)
Shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share		15,446		32,588		37,818
Balance Sheet Data:						
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$	72,877	\$	42,909	\$	39,359
Working capital	\$	70,124	\$	37,673	\$	29,881
Total assets	\$	80,928	\$	49,525	\$	44,405
Noncurrent portion of obligations under capital leases and notes payable	\$	142	\$	196	\$	388
Stockholders equity	\$	77,130	\$	43,089	\$	33,521

Description of capital stock

The following is a description of our capital stock. The following summary of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, amended and restated bylaws, and rights plan does not describe the certificate, the bylaws, or the rights plan entirely. We urge you to read our certificate, bylaws, and rights plan, which are incorporated by reference herein. See Where you can find more information and incorporation by reference on page S-31. On the date of this prospectus supplement, our authorized capital stock consists of 225,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, and 8,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share.

## **COMMON STOCK**

*Voting Rights.* Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted upon by our stockholders. The vote of the holders of a majority of the stock represented at a meeting at which a quorum is present is generally required to take stockholder action, unless a greater vote is required by law or specifically required by our certificate of incorporation or bylaws. Special stockholder meetings may be called only by the board of directors, the chairman of the board or the president. Our certificate of incorporation provides that our stockholders may not act by written consent. In addition, our bylaws include an advance notice procedure with regard to the nomination, other than by or at the direction of the board of directors, of candidates for election as directors and with regard to matters to be brought before an annual meeting or special meeting of stockholders.

*Dividends and Other Rights.* Holders of our common stock are entitled to receive, as when and if declared by the board of directors from time to time, such dividends and other distributions in cash, stock or property from our assets or funds legally available for such purposes subject to any dividend preferences that may be attributable to preferred stock that may be authorized. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, after all liabilities and the holders of each series of preferred stock, if any, have been paid in full, the holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in all remaining assets available for distribution. Our common stock has no preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. There are no sinking fund provisions applicable to our common stock. All outstanding shares of our common stock are, and all shares of our common stock outstanding on the closing of this offering will be, fully paid and non-assessable.

*Classified Board of Directors.* Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide for a classified board of directors. Our board is classified into three classes, each as nearly equal in number as possible. At each annual meeting, the successors to the class of directors whose term expire at that meeting are elected for a term of office to expire at the third succeeding annual meeting after their election or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Delaware law provides that, unless the certificate of incorporation provides otherwise, directors serving on a classified board of directors may be removed only for cause. Our certificate of incorporation does not provide otherwise. Therefore, our directors may only be removed for cause. The affirmative vote of the holders of 75% or more of the total voting power of all outstanding shares of voting stock would be required to amend our certificate of incorporation or bylaws to remove the classified board provisions.

*Rights Plan.* Each outstanding share of our common stock is accompanied by a right to purchase our preferred stock, our common stock or the common stock of a successor company pursuant to the terms of a rights agreement. Please refer to the discussion entitled La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company Rights Plan below.

*Delaware Takeover Statute.* We are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. In general, the statute prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became

an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. For purposes of Section 203, a business combination includes a merger, asset sale or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. An interested stockholder is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns (or within three

years prior, did own) 15% or more of the corporation s voting stock. Delaware law, the existence of our rights agreement, and the provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws may have the effect of deterring hostile takeovers or delaying changes in control of our management, which could depress the market price of our common stock.

*Transfer Agent.* American Stock Transfer & Trust Company is the Transfer Agent and Registrar for the shares of our common stock.

## PREFERRED STOCK

Our board of directors has the authority, without further action by stockholders, to issue up to 8,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the powers, designations, rights, preferences, privileges, qualifications, and restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption, liquidation preferences and sinking fund terms, any or all of which may be greater than the rights of our common stock. Our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, can issue preferred stock with voting, conversion, and other rights that could adversely affect the voting power and other rights of the holders of common stock. The issuance of preferred stock in certain circumstances may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company, may discourage bids for our common stock at a premium over the market price of the common stock, and may adversely affect the market price of our common stock. As of the date of this prospectus supplement, there are no shares of our preferred stock outstanding.

We have filed a certificate of designation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, which designates 100,000 shares of preferred stock as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock in connection with our stockholder rights plan, as described below. We refer to our Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock as our Series A Preferred Shares. Except to the extent that a right to purchase our Series A Preferred Shares accompanies each share of our common stock, no shares of our preferred stock are covered by this prospectus supplement.

# LA JOLLA PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY RIGHTS PLAN

On November 19, 1998, our board of directors authorized and declared a dividend of one right for each share of our common stock. On December 3, 1998, we entered into a rights agreement with American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as rights agent, and filed a Certificate of Designation with the State of Delaware regarding our Series A Preferred Shares. The Company paid the rights dividend to the holders of record of common stock as of the close of business on December 18, 1998. Common stock certificates issued after December 18, 1998, and prior to the Distribution Date (as defined in the rights agreement), contain a notation incorporating the rights agreement by reference. The rights agreement was subsequently amended to eliminate the concept of continuing directors in response to a clarification of Delaware law and to permit certain stockholders to acquire more than 15% of our outstanding common stock without triggering the rights agreement by amending the definition of an acquiring person. Currently, there are no separate rights certificates. Each right is attached to each share of our common stock and trades automatically with the common stock. Rights will not be separable from common stock or exercisable, unless specified events described in the rights agreement occur. Upon the occurrence of the events described in the rights agreement occur. Upon the occurrence of the events described in the rights agreement additional securities.

We have received indications from certain of our principal stockholders Essex Woodlands Health Ventures Fund VI, L.P., Frazier Healthcare V, L.P. and Alejandro Gonzalez of their intent to offer to purchase, either directly or through one or more of their affiliated investment funds, approximately \$ million, or %, of the units in this offering. If these stockholders offer to purchase these units, we expect that the underwriters will confirm orders to them in such an amount, and that immediately after the completion of this offering, Essex Woodlands Health Ventures Fund VI, L.P.

(and its affiliates), Frazier Healthcare V, L.P. (and its affiliates) and Alejandro Gonzalez (and his affiliates) will beneficially own approximately %, % and %, respectively, of our outstanding

common stock, including the shares issuable to these stockholders under the warrants to be sold in this offering.

Under the terms of the rights agreement, if Essex Woodlands Health Ventures Fund VI, L.P. (and its affiliates), Frazier Healthcare V, L.P. (and its affiliates) and Alejandro Gonzalez (and his affiliates) purchase units in this offering in the amounts described above, each such stockholder would become an acquiring person under the rights agreement and would trigger the rights issued thereunder. In order to avoid triggering the rights issued under the rights plan in connection with this offering, we expect to amend the rights agreement upon the completion of this offering to allow Essex Woodlands Health Ventures Fund VI, L.P. (and its affiliates), Frazier Healthcare V, L.P. (and its affiliates) and Alejandro Gonzalez (and his affiliates) to beneficially own up to %, % and %, respectively, of our outstanding common stock, in each case, without becoming an acquiring person under the agreement.

## Description of warrants

The material terms and provisions of the warrants being offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses are summarized below. This summary is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the form of warrant, which will be provided to each purchaser in this offering and will be filed on a Current Report on Form 8-K in connection with this offering.

The warrants will be exercisable at any time and from time to time for a period of five years from issuance. The warrants will be exercisable, at the option of each holder, upon the surrender of the warrants to us and at an exercise price equal to \$ per share, which, except as described below, must be paid in cash at the time of exercise. The exercise price is subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of stock dividends, stock splits, reorganizations or similar events affecting our common stock. The warrant holders must surrender payment in cash of the exercise price of the shares being acquired upon exercise of the warrants; provided, however, that if the Company is unable to offer and sell the shares underlying these warrants pursuant to this prospectus supplement due to the ineffectiveness of the registration statements of which this prospectus supplement is a part, then the warrants may only be exercised on a net or cashless basis. In no event is the warrant holder entitled to a cash settlement from the Company upon exercise. The warrants will be freely transferable by their holders. However, there is no established public trading market for the warrants and we do not intend to apply for listing of the warrants on any securities exchange.

In the event that the trading price of our common stock closes above 200% of the exercise price of the warrant for 10 days in any 30-day period during the warrant term, we can then send a redemption notice to the warrant holders. This redemption notice will provide the warrant holders with at least 30 days to exercise outstanding warrants, after which time we may redeem and cancel any unexercised warrants for nominal consideration.

No warrant agent will be engaged in connection with the issuance of the warrants. The warrants will not be issued under a separate warrant agreement between us and any warrant agent. The warrants will settle on or after May , 2008 by physical delivery. The warrants may be exercised as described above at the principal executive offices of the Company. Upon receipt of payment and the warrant certificate properly completed and duly executed at our principal executive offices, we will, as soon as practicable, forward the shares of common stock to be issued upon exercise. If less than all of the warrants represented by the warrant certificate are exercised, a new warrant certificate will be issued for the remaining warrants.

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## Underwriting

We are offering the units described in this prospectus supplement through the underwriters named below with each unit consisting of one share of our common stock and one warrant to purchase shares of our common stock. UBS Securities LLC and Canaccord Adams Inc. are the representatives of the underwriters and are joint book-running managers of this offering.

We have entered into an underwriting agreement with the underwriters. Subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, each of the underwriters has severally agreed to purchase the number of units listed next to its name in the following table:

#### Underwriters

Number of Units

## **UBS Securities LLC**

## **Canaccord Adams Inc.**

Total

The underwriting agreement provides that the underwriters must buy all of the units if they buy any of them. However, the underwriters are not required to take or pay for the units covered by the underwriters over-allotment option described below.

The units are offered subject to a number of conditions, including:

- $\emptyset$  receipt and acceptance of the units by the underwriters, and
- $\emptyset$  the underwriters right to reject orders in whole or in part.

In connection with this offering, certain of the underwriters or securities dealers may distribute prospectuses electronically.

## **OVER-ALLOTMENT OPTION**

We have granted the underwriters an option to buy up to an aggregate of additional units. The underwriters may exercise this option solely for the purpose of covering over-allotments, if any, made in connection with this offering. The underwriters have 30 days from the date of this prospectus supplement to exercise this option. If the underwriters exercise this option, they will each purchase additional units approximately in proportion to the amounts specified in the table above.

The following table shows the per unit and total underwriting discounts and commissions we will pay to the underwriters assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters option to purchase up to an additional units.

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		No exercise		Full exercise		
	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>			
Per unit	\$		\$			
Total	\$		\$			

In connection with this offering, we have granted to each of the underwriters certain rights to participate in future transactions with us. In accordance with the Conduct Rules of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, FINRA deems each of these rights to represent 1% in underwriting compensation for this offering.

We estimate that the total expenses of this offering payable by us, not including the underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$ .

## NO SALES OF SIMILAR SECURITIES

We, our executive officers and our directors have entered into lock-up agreements with the underwriters. Under these agreements, subject to certain exceptions, including our right to issue common stock or other equity securities in connection with a corporate partnership for Riquent, we

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may not, without the prior written approval of UBS Securities LLC and Canaccord Adams Inc., and our executive officers and directors may not, without the prior written approval of UBS Securities LLC, offer, sell, contract to sell or otherwise dispose of, directly or indirectly, or hedge our common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for our common stock. These restrictions will be in effect for a period of 90 days after the date of this prospectus supplement. At any time and without public notice, UBS Securities LLC and Canaccord Adams Inc., as applicable, may in their sole discretion, release some or all of the securities from these lock-up agreements.

## **INDEMNIFICATION**

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the Securities Act. If we are unable to provide this indemnification, we have agreed to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

## NASDAQ GLOBAL MARKET QUOTATION

Our common stock is quoted on The Nasdaq Global Market under the trading symbol LJPC.

## PRICE STABILIZATION, SHORT POSITIONS PASSIVE MARKET MAKING

In connection with this offering, the underwriters may engage in activities that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of our common stock, including:

- Ø stabilizing transactions;
- Ø short sales;
- Ø purchases to cover positions created by short sales;
- Ø imposition of penalty bids;
- Ø syndicate covering transactions; and
- Ø passive market making.

Stabilizing transactions consist of bids or purchases made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our common stock while this offering is in progress. These transactions may also include making short sales of our common stock, which involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of units than they are required to purchase in this offering, and purchasing shares of common stock on the open market to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales may be covered short sales, which are short positions in an amount not greater than the underwriters over-allotment option referred to above, or may be naked short sales, which are short positions in excess of that amount.

The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their over-allotment option, in whole or in part, or by purchasing securities in the open market. In making this determination, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of securities available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase securities through the over-allotment option.

Naked short sales are in excess of the over-allotment option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing securities in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are

concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of our common stock in the open market that could adversely affect investors who purchased in this offering.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased securities sold by or for the account of that underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

As a result of these activities, the price of our securities may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued by the underwriters at any time. The underwriters may carry out these transactions on The Nasdaq Global Market, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

In addition, in connection with this offering, certain of the underwriters (and selling group members) may engage in passive market making transactions in our common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market prior to the pricing and completion of this offering. Passive market making consists of displaying bids on the Nasdaq Global Market no higher than the bid prices of independent market makers and making purchases at prices no higher than these independent bids and effected in response to order flow. Net purchases by a passive market maker on each day are generally limited to a specified percentage of the passive market maker s average daily trading volume in the common stock during a specified period and must be discontinued when such limit is reached. Passive market making may cause the price of our common stock to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of these transactions. If passive market making is commenced, it may be discontinued at any time.

#### **AFFILIATIONS**

Certain of the underwriters and their affiliates may from time to time provide certain commercial banking, financial advisory, investment banking and other services for us for which they were and will be entitled to receive separate fees. The underwriters and their affiliates may from time to time in the future engage in transactions with us and perform services for us in the ordinary course of their business.

Notice to investors

## EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area, or EEA, which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a Relevant Member State), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State, or the Relevant Implementation Date, our common stock will not be offered to the public in that Relevant Member State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to our common stock that has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, except that, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, our common stock may be offered to the public in that Relevant Member State at any time:

- $\emptyset$  to legal entities which are authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorized or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;
- Ø to any legal entity which has two or more of (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than 43,000,000 and (3) an annual net turnover of more than 50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts; or
- Ø in any other circumstances which do not require the publication by us of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

As used above, the expression offered to the public in relation to any of our common stock in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and our common stock to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for our common stock, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State and the expression Prospectus Directive means Directive 2003/71/ EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

The EEA selling restriction is in addition to any other selling restrictions set out below.

## UNITED KINGDOM

Our common stock may not be offered or sold and will not be offered or sold to any persons in the United Kingdom other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses and in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, or the FSMA, with respect to anything done in relation to our common stock in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom. In addition, each underwriter has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of our common stock in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to us. Without limitation to the other restrictions referred to herein, this prospectus is directed only at (1) persons outside the United Kingdom, (2) persons having professional experience in matters relating to investments who fall within the definition of investment professionals in Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005; or (3) high net worth bodies corporate, unincorporated associations and partnerships and trustees of high value trusts as described in Article 49(2) of the Financial Services and Markets Act

2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005. Without limitation to the other restrictions referred to herein, investment or investment activity to which this prospectus relates is available only to, and will be engaged in only with, such persons, and persons within the United Kingdom who receive this communication (other than persons who fall within (2) or (3) above) should not rely or act upon this communication.

## FRANCE

No prospectus (including any amendment, supplement or replacement thereto) has been prepared in connection with the offering of our common stock that has been approved by the Autorité des marchés financiers or by the competent authority of another State that is a contracting party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area and notified to the Autorité des marchés financiers; no common stock has been offered or sold and will be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to the public in France except to permitted investors, consisting of persons licensed to provide the investment service of portfolio management for the account of third parties, qualified investors (investisseurs qualifiés) acting for their own account and/or corporate investors meeting one of the four criteria provided in Article 1 of Decree N7 2004-1019 of September 28, 2004 and belonging to a limited circle of investors (cercle restreint d investisseurs) acting for their own account, with qualified investors and limited circle of investors having the meaning ascribed to them in Article L. 411-2 of the French Code Monétaire et Financier and applicable regulations thereunder; none of this prospectus or any other materials related to the offer or information contained therein relating to our common stock has been released, issued or distributed to the public in France except to Permitted Investors; and the direct or indirect resale to the public in France of any common stock acquired by any Permitted Investors may be made only as provided by articles L. 412-1 and L. 621-8 of the French Code Monétaire et Financier and applicable regulations thereunder.

## ITALY

The offering of shares of our common stock has not been cleared by the Italian Securities Exchange Commission (Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa, or the CONSOB) pursuant to Italian securities legislation and, accordingly, shares of our common stock may not and will not be offered, sold or delivered, nor may or will copies of this prospectus or any other documents relating to shares of our common stock or the offering be distributed in Italy other than to professional investors (operatori qualificati), as defined in Article 31, paragraph 2 of CONSOB Regulation No. 11522 of July 1, 1998, as amended, or Regulation No. 11522.

Any offer, sale or delivery of shares of our common stock or distribution of copies of this prospectus or any other document relating to shares of our common stock or the offering in Italy may and will be effected in accordance with all Italian securities, tax, exchange control and other applicable laws and regulations, and, in particular, will be: (i) made by an investment firm, bank or financial intermediary permitted to conduct such activities in Italy in accordance with the Legislative Decree No. 385 of September 1, 1993, as amended, or the Italian Banking Law, Legislative Decree No. 58 of February 24, 1998, as amended, Regulation No. 11522, and any other applicable laws and regulations; (ii) in compliance with Article 129 of the Italian Banking Law and the implementing guidelines of the Bank of Italy; and (iii) in compliance with any other applicable notification requirement or limitation which may be imposed by CONSOB or the Bank of Italy.

Any investor purchasing shares of our common stock in the offering is solely responsible for ensuring that any offer or resale of shares of common stock it purchased in the offering occurs in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

This prospectus and the information contained herein are intended only for the use of its recipient and are not to be distributed to any third party resident or located in Italy for any reason. No person resident or located in Italy other than the original recipients of this document may rely on it or its content.

In addition to the above (which shall continue to apply to the extent not inconsistent with the implementing measures of the Prospective Directive in Italy), after the implementation of the Prospectus Directive in Italy, the restrictions, warranties and representations set out under the heading European Economic Area above shall apply to Italy.

## GERMANY

Shares of our common stock may not be offered or sold or publicly promoted or advertised by any underwriter in the Federal Republic of Germany other than in compliance with the provisions of the German Securities Prospectus Act (Wertpapierprospektgestz WpPG) of June 22, 2005, as amended, or of any other laws applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany governing the issue, offering and sale of securities.

## SPAIN

Neither the common stock nor this prospectus have been approved or registered in the administrative registries of the Spanish National Securities Exchange Commission (Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores). Accordingly, our common stock may not be offered in Spain except in circumstances which do not constitute a public offer of securities in Spain within the meaning of articles 30bis of the Spanish Securities Markets Law of 28 July 1988 (Ley 24/1988, de 28 de Julio, del Mercado de Valores), as amended and restated, and supplemental rules enacted thereunder.

## **SWEDEN**

This is not a prospectus under, and has not been prepared in accordance with the prospectus requirements provided for in, the Swedish Financial Instruments Trading Act [lagen (1991:980) om handel med finasiella instrument] nor any other Swedish enactment. Neither the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority nor any other Swedish public body has examined, approved, or registered this document.

## SWITZERLAND

The common stock may not and will not be publicly offered, distributed or re-distributed on a professional basis in or from Switzerland and neither this prospectus nor any other solicitation for investments in our common stock may be communicated or distributed in Switzerland in any way that could constitute a public offering within the meaning of Articles 1156 or 652a of the Swiss Code of Obligations or of Article 2 of the Federal Act on Investment Funds of March 18, 1994. This prospectus may not be copied, reproduced, distributed or passed on to others without the underwriters prior written consent. This prospectus is not a prospectus within the meaning of Articles 1156 and 652a of the Swiss Code of Obligations or a listing prospectus according to article 32 of the Listing Rules of the Swiss Exchange and may not comply with the information standards required thereunder. We will not apply for a listing of our common stock on any Swiss stock exchange or other Swiss regulated market and this prospectus may not comply with the information radius required thereby has not and will not be registered with the Swiss Federal Banking Commission and has not and will not be authorized under the Federal Act on Investment Funds of March 18, 1994. The investor protection afforded to acquirers of investment fund certificates by the Federal Act on Investment Funds of March 18, 1994. The investor protection afforded to acquirers of our common stock.

## Legal matters

Goodwin Procter LLP of San Diego, California will issue an opinion with respect to the validity of the issuance of the securities being offered hereby. Dewey & Leboeuf LLP of New York, New York is counsel to the underwriters in connection with this offering.

## Experts

Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, has audited our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, and the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007, as set forth in their reports, which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and elsewhere in the registration statement. Our financial statements and our management s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007 are incorporated by reference in reliance on Ernst & Young LLP s reports, given on their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

Where you can find more information and incorporation by reference

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. You may read and copy any document we file at the SEC s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C., 20549. You may also obtain copies from the SEC s public reference room by mail at prescribed rates. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the operation of the public reference room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC s web site at www.sec.gov. Information about La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company is also available to the public from our website at www.ljpc.com. No portion of our website is incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information that we file with it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede information in this prospectus supplement. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any future filings we make with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, until this offering is completed:

- Ø Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007;
- Ø Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 4, 2008, April 23, 2008 and May 2, 2008; and
- Ø The description of our capital stock contained in our Registration Statements on Form 8-A, filed on June 2, 1994 and on December 4, 1998, and the post-effective amendments thereto, filed on January 26, 2001, December 16, 2005 and March 1, 2006.

Each person to whom a copy of this prospectus supplement is delivered may request a copy of any or all of the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, including the exhibits to

any filings incorporated by reference herein, at no cost by writing or telephoning us at the following address or telephone number:

Corporate Secretary La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company 6455 Nancy Ridge Drive San Diego, California 92121 (858) 452-6600

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectuses. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this prospectus supplement.

## Forward-looking statements

We have made forward-looking statements in this prospectus supplement that are based on our management s beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Forward-looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations and statements preceded by, followed by, or that include the words believes, expects, anticipates, intends, plans, estimates or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. You are cautioned not to put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements made in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectuses, as well as the information that we have previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and incorporated by reference, is accurate only as of the date of the applicable document. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. These forward-looking statements appear in a number of places in this prospectus supplement and include statements regarding our intentions, plans, strategies, beliefs or current expectations and those of our directors or our officers. You should understand that a number of factors could cause our results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. The information incorporated by reference or provided in this prospectus supplement identifies important factors that could cause such differences. Those factors include, among others, the high cost and uncertainty of technology and drug development, as well as regulatory approvals, which can result in loss of profitability and long delays in getting products to market, and other factors discussed in Risk factors and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectuses and the documents incorporated by reference.

### **PROSPECTUS**

## \$125,000,000

#### La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company

## **Common Stock**

This prospectus is a part of a registration statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission utilizing a shelf registration process. Under this shelf registration process, we may sell our common stock described in this prospectus in one or more offerings. Each time we sell securities, we will provide specific terms of the offering in a supplement to this prospectus. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in any of our securities. This prospectus may not be used to consummate a sale of securities unless accompanied by the applicable prospectus supplement.

The aggregate public offering price of all securities sold under this prospectus will not exceed \$125,000,000.

Our common stock is traded on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol LJPC.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See Risk Factors beginning on page 2.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is December 12, 2002

No person is authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than the securities described in this prospectus or an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy such securities in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is unlawful. Neither the delivery of this prospectus, nor any sale made hereunder, shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs since the date hereof or that the information contained or incorporated by reference herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date of such information.

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## About this prospectus

This prospectus is part of a registration statement we filed with the SEC pursuant to a shelf registration process. Under this shelf registration process, we may sell the securities described in this prospectus up to a total dollar amount of \$125,000,000. Each time we sell securities, we will describe in a prospectus supplement, which we will deliver with this prospectus, specific information about the offering. In each prospectus supplement we will include the following information:

- $\emptyset$  the amount of common stock which we propose to sell,
- $\emptyset$  the public offering price of the common stock,
- $\emptyset$  the names of the underwriters or agents, if any, through or to which we will sell the common stock,
- Ø any compensation of those underwriters or agents,
- $\emptyset$  information about any securities exchanges or automated quotation systems on which the common stock will be listed or traded, and
- $\emptyset$  any other material information about the offering and sale of the common stock.

In addition, the prospectus supplement may add, update or change the information contained in this prospectus.

## The Company

La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company is a biopharmaceutical company focused on the research and development of highly specific therapeutic products for the treatment of certain life-threatening antibody-mediated diseases. These diseases, including autoimmune conditions such as lupus erythematosus ( lupus ) and antibody-mediated thrombosis, are caused by abnormal B cell production of antibodies that attack healthy tissues. Current treatments for these autoimmune disorders address only symptoms of the disease, or nonspecifically suppress the normal operation of the immune system, which often results in severe, negative side effects and hospitalization. We believe that our drug candidates, called Toleragens<sup>®</sup>, will treat the underlying cause of many antibody-mediated diseases without these severe, negative side effects.

We are incorporated in the State of Delaware. Our principal executive offices are located at 6455 Nancy Ridge Drive, San Diego, California 92121 and our telephone number is (858) 452-6600.

## Recent developments

We completed enrollment in our Phase III clinical trial of LJP 394 for the treatment of lupus renal disease on November 11, 2002. Our study physicians are currently conducting final patient visits, which we expect to be completed in December 2002. After the completion of the patient visits, our Phase III trial of LJP 394 will be finished and we will collect and audit final data from the trial sites prior to unblinding and analysis. We currently plan to report initial results from the Phase III trial in early 2003, which could be as early as February.

On October 27, 2002, we announced the preliminary results from our first clinical trial evaluating our experimental drug candidate, LJP 1082, for the treatment of antibody-mediated stroke, heart attack, deep-vein thrombosis and

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recurrent miscarriage. The Phase I/II trial was a randomized, placebo-controlled study that was designed to evaluate the safety and activity of a single dose of LJP 1082. Based on an initial assessment of the trial data, the drug was well tolerated at all five dose levels. Following treatment with a single 50 or 200 mg dose, antibodies to LJP 1082 were reduced in some patients. This study is the first of several that may be required to establish, among other matters, appropriate dose regimes.

## **Risk** factors

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following risk factors related to our common stock offered by this prospectus and to our business and operations. You should also carefully consider the other information in this prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference before you decide to purchase our securities. Some of these factors have affected our financial condition and operating results in the past or are currently affecting us. All of these factors could affect our future financial condition or operating results. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business could be harmed. If that happens, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

# I. RISK FACTORS RELATING TO LA JOLLA PHARMACEUTICAL AND THE INDUSTRY IN WHICH WE OPERATE

# Our drug candidates may not perform well in clinical trials. Without successful clinical trials, we will not be able to market or sell any products.

In order to sell our products that are under development, we must first receive regulatory approval. To obtain regulatory approval, we must conduct clinical trials and toxicology studies that demonstrate that our products are safe and effective. Although we believe LJP 394 and LJP 1082 are promising, they may not be found to be safe or effective in ongoing or future clinical trials and studies and results from previous trials and studies may not be observed in current or future trials and studies.

If LJP 394 and LJP 1082 are ultimately not found to be safe and effective, we would be unable to obtain regulatory approval to manufacture, market and sell these drugs. Because LJP 394 is our only drug candidate that has advanced to Phase III clinical trials, and because there is no guarantee that we would be able to develop an alternate drug candidate, our inability to commercialize LJP 394 would have a severe negative effect on our business, and we may not have the financial resources to continue research and development of LJP 394, LJP 1082 or any other potential drug candidates.

# Results from our clinical trials may not be sufficient to obtain clearance to market LJP 394 or our other drug candidates in the United States or Europe on a timely basis, or at all.

Our drug candidates are subject to extensive government regulations related to development, clinical trials, manufacturing and commercialization. The process of obtaining United States Food and Drug Administration and other regulatory approvals is costly, time consuming, uncertain and subject to unanticipated delays. The FDA and foreign regulatory authorities have substantial discretion in the approval process. The FDA may refuse to approve an application for approval of a drug candidate if it believes that applicable regulatory criteria are not satisfied. The FDA and foreign regulatory authorities may not agree that we have demonstrated that LJP 394 or LJP 1082 are safe and effective after we complete our clinical trials.

Even if the results of clinical trials are positive, the FDA and foreign regulatory authorities may require us to design and conduct additional studies to further demonstrate the safety and efficacy of our drugs, which may result in significant expense and delay. The FDA and foreign regulatory authorities may require new or additional clinical trials because of inconclusive results from earlier clinical trials, a possible failure to conduct clinical trials in complete adherence to FDA good clinical practice standards and similar standards of foreign regulatory authorities, the identification of new clinical trial endpoints, or the need for additional data regarding the safety or efficacy of our drug candidates. Moreover, if the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities grant regulatory approval of a product, the approval

may be limited to specific indications or patient populations, or limited with respect to its distribution. It is possible that the FDA or foreign regulatory authorities may not ultimately approve LJP 394, LJP 1082 or our other drug candidates for commercial sale in any jurisdiction, even if clinical results are positive. In addition, even if a drug candidate is approved, it is possible that a subsequent issue regarding its safety or efficacy would require us to remove the drug from the market.

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Because LJP 394 is our only drug candidate that has advanced to Phase III clinical trials, and because there is no guarantee that we would be able to develop an alternate drug candidate, our inability to obtain regulatory approval of LJP 394 would have a severe negative effect on our business, and we may not have the financial resources to continue research and development of LJP 394, LJP 1082 or any other potential drug candidates.

#### To obtain regulatory approval of LJP 394, the FDA must approve our manufacturing facilities and processes.

In addition to demonstrating the safety and efficacy of LJP 394, we must obtain FDA approval of our manufacturing facilities in order to obtain FDA approval for the commercial use of LJP 394. As part of the approval process, we must also validate our manufacturing facility and processes to the satisfaction of the FDA. Although we have initiated the process of validating and obtaining FDA approval for our facilities and processes, we have never operated an FDA-approved manufacturing facility. If we are unable to obtain the necessary approvals, the FDA will not approve LJP 394 for commercial use.

# Our blood test to measure the binding affinity for LJP 394 has not been validated by independent laboratories and will likely require regulatory approval as part of the LJP 394 approval process.

In 1998, we developed a blood test that we believe can identify the lupus patients who are most likely to respond to LJP 394. The blood test is designed to measure the strength of the binding between LJP 394 and a patient s antibodies. This affinity assay was used to identify the patients who will be included in the efficacy analysis of the Phase III trial of LJP 394. The assay has not been validated by independent laboratories, and the results of the affinity assay observed in our clinical trials of LJP 394 may not be observed in the broader lupus patient population. In addition, regulatory agencies will likely require that the assay be reviewed and approved as part of the approval process of LJP 394. Furthermore, the testing laboratory conducting the assay may require additional regulatory approval. If additional regulatory approval of the testing laboratory is required, the approval and possible commercialization of LJP 394 may be delayed.

## The technology underlying our products is uncertain and unproven.

All of our product development efforts are based on unproven technologies and therapeutic approaches that have not been widely tested or used. To date, no products that use our technology have been commercialized. LJP 394 and LJP 1082 have not been proven to be safe and effective in humans, and the technology on which they are based has been used only in our pre-clinical tests and clinical trials. Application of our technology to antibody-mediated diseases other than lupus and antibody-mediated thrombosis is in earlier research stages. Clinical trials of LJP 394 and LJP 1082 may be viewed as a test of our entire approach to developing therapies for antibody-mediated diseases. If LJP 394 or LJP 1082 does not work as intended, or if the data from our clinical trials indicates that LJP 394 or LJP 1082 is not safe and effective, the applicability of our technology for treating antibody-mediated diseases will be highly uncertain. As a result, there is a significant risk that our therapeutic approaches will not prove to be successful, and there can be no guarantee that our drug discovery technologies will result in any commercially successful products.

## Future clinical trials may be delayed or halted.

Future clinical trials of LJP 394 or LJP 1082, trials of drugs related to these drugs, or clinical trials of other drug candidates may be delayed or halted. During the development of LJP 394, our Phase II/III clinical study, in collaboration with Abbott Laboratories, was terminated before planned patient enrollment was completed. Future trials may be delayed or halted for various reasons, including:

Ø the products are not effective,

Ø patients experience severe side effects during treatment,

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- $\emptyset$  patients do not enroll in the studies at the rate we expect, or
- $\emptyset$  supplies of drug product are not sufficient to treat the patients in the studies.

If any future trials are delayed or halted we may incur significant additional expenses, which could have a severe negative effect on our business.

## We have a history of losses and may not become profitable.

We have incurred operating losses each year since our inception in 1989 and had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$140.4 million as of September 30, 2002. Our future losses are likely to exceed those experienced in prior years due to our continued clinical development of drug candidates, increased manufacturing activities, which may include the production of LJP 394 for an open-label follow-on study and the production of LJP 1082 for clinical and toxicology studies, and continued research and development efforts. In addition, assuming we receive favorable clinical results and FDA approval for LJP 394, we will be required to develop commercial manufacturing capabilities and sales and marketing programs. To achieve profitability we must, among other matters, complete the development of our products, obtain all necessary regulatory approvals and establish commercial manufacturing, marketing and sales capabilities. We expect to incur significant losses each year for at least the next several years as our clinical trial, research, development, manufacturing, marketing and sales activities increase. The amount of losses and the time required by us to reach sustained profitability are highly uncertain and we may never achieve profitability. We do not expect to generate revenues from the sale of LJP 394, if approved, until at least 2004, or our other products, if any, for several years, and we may never generate product revenues.

# We will need additional funds to support our operations and may need to reduce operations, sell stock or assets, enter into collaborative agreements or merge with another entity to continue operations.

Our operations to date have consumed substantial capital resources, and we will continue to expend substantial and increasing amounts of capital for research, product development, pre-clinical testing and clinical trials of drug candidates. Assuming that we receive favorable clinical results and regulatory approval for our drug candidates, we may also devote substantial capital resources to establish commercial-scale manufacturing capabilities and to market and sell potential products. We will need to raise additional funds to finance our future operations. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including:

- $\emptyset$  continued scientific progress in our research and development programs,
- $\emptyset$  the size and complexity of our research and development programs,
- $\emptyset$  the scope and results of pre-clinical testing and clinical trials,
- $\emptyset$  the time and costs involved in applying for regulatory approvals,
- Ø the costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining and enforcing patent claims,
- Ø competing technological and market developments,
- Ø our ability to establish and maintain collaborative research and development arrangements,
- $\emptyset$  our need to establish commercial manufacturing capabilities, and

## $\emptyset$ our ability to develop marketing and sales programs.

We expect to incur substantial and increasing losses each year for at least the next several years as our clinical trial, research, development and manufacturing activities increase. If we receive regulatory approval for LJP 394, LJP 1082 or our other drug candidates, our manufacturing, marketing and sales activities are likely to substantially increase our expenses and our need for working capital. We anticipate that our existing cash, investments and interest earned thereon will be sufficient to fund our operations as currently planned into the fourth quarter of 2003, assuming that we do not undertake significant commercialization activities for LJP 394 such as building inventory for launch or hiring a

sales force. However, the amounts expended by us may vary significantly, and it is possible that our cash requirements will exceed current projections and that we will therefore need additional financing sooner than currently expected. In the future, it is possible that we will not have adequate resources to support our business activities.

We actively seek additional funding, including through public and private financings and collaborative arrangements. Our choice of financing alternatives may vary from time to time depending on various factors, including the market price of our securities, conditions in the financial markets and the interest of other entities in strategic transactions with us. There can be no guarantee that additional financing will be available on favorable terms, if at all, whether through issuance of securities, collaborative arrangement, or otherwise. If adequate funds are not available, we may be required to delay, scale back or eliminate one or more of our research and development programs or obtain funds through arrangements with collaborative partners or others that require us to relinquish rights to certain technologies or potential products. We also may be required to merge with another entity to continue our operations. Any one of these outcomes could have a negative impact on our ability to develop products or achieve profitability if our products are brought to market. If, and to the extent, we obtain additional funding through sales of securities, your investment in us will be diluted.

## The size of the market for our potential products is uncertain.

We estimate that the number of people who suffer from lupus in the United States and Europe is approximately 1,000,000 and that those with renal impairment, which LJP 394 is designed to treat, is approximately 300,000. With respect to antibody-mediated thrombosis, which LJP 1082 is designed to treat, we estimate that there are approximately 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 patients in the United States and Europe. However, there is limited information available regarding the actual size of these patient populations. In addition, it is uncertain whether the results from previous or current clinical trials of our drug candidates will be observed in broader patient populations, and the number of patients who may benefit from our drug candidates may be significantly smaller than the estimated patient populations. Furthermore, management of patients with renal disease by specialists other than nephrologists and immunologists is likely to reduce our ability to access patients who may benefit from LJP 394.

## Our drugs may not achieve market acceptance.

Even if our drug treatment for lupus, LJP 394, or our other drugs candidates receive regulatory approval, patients and physicians may not readily accept our proposed methods of treatment. In order for LJP 394 or our other drug candidates to be commercially successful, we will need to increase the awareness and acceptance of our drugs among physicians, patients and the medical community. LJP 394 is designed to be administered intravenously. It is possible that providers and patients may resist an intravenously administered therapeutic. In addition, if we are unable to manufacture drugs at an acceptable cost, physicians may not readily prescribe our drugs due to cost-benefit considerations when compared to other methods of treatment. If we are unable to achieve market acceptance for our approved products, our revenues and profitability will be negatively affected.

## We lack experience in marketing products for commercial sale.

In order to commercialize any drug candidate approved by the FDA, we must either develop marketing and sales programs or enter into marketing arrangements with others. If we cannot do either of these successfully, we will not generate meaningful sales of our products. If we develop our own marketing and sales capabilities, we will be required to employ a sales force, establish and staff a customer service department, and create or identify distribution channels for our drugs. We will compete with other companies that have experienced and well-funded marketing and sales operations. In addition, if we establish our own sales and distribution capabilities, we may experience delays and expenditures and have difficulty in gaining market acceptance for our drug candidates. We currently have no marketing arrangements with others. There can be no guarantee that, if we desire to, we will be able to enter into

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any marketing agreements on favorable terms, if at all, or that any such agreements will result in payments to us. If we enter into co-promotion or other marketing and sales arrangements with other companies, any revenues that we may receive will be dependent on the efforts of others. There can be no guarantee that these efforts will be successful.

# Our limited manufacturing capabilities and experience could result in shortages of products for testing and future sale, and our revenues and profit margin could be negatively affected.

Substantial capital investment in the expansion and build-out of our manufacturing facilities will be required to enable us to manufacture LJP 394 in significant commercial quantities. We have limited manufacturing experience, and we may be unable to successfully transition to commercial production. In addition, we have never operated an FDA-approved manufacturing facility, and we will be required to manufacture LJP 394 pursuant to applicable FDA good manufacturing practices. Our inexperience could result in manufacturing delays or interruptions and higher manufacturing costs. This could negatively affect our ability to introduce products into the market on a timely and competitive basis. In addition, the subsequent sales of our products and our profit margins may be negatively affected.

We may enter into arrangements with contract manufacturing companies to expand our own production capacity in order to meet demand for our products, or to attempt to improve manufacturing efficiency. If we choose to contract for manufacturing services and encounter delays or difficulties in establishing relationships with manufacturers to produce, package or distribute our finished products, or the contract manufacturers are unable to meet our needs, the introduction of our products into the market and the subsequent sales of these products would be negatively affected, and our profit margins and our ability to develop and deliver products on a timely and competitive basis may be negatively affected.

# Our suppliers may not be able to provide us with sufficient quantities of materials that we may need to manufacture our products.

We rely on outside suppliers to provide us with specialized chemicals and reagents that we use to manufacture our drugs. In order to manufacture LJP 394, LJP 1082 and our other drug candidates in sufficient quantities for our clinical trials and possible commercialization, our suppliers will be required to provide us with an adequate supply of chemicals and reagents. Our ability to obtain these chemicals and reagents is subject to the following risks:

- $\emptyset$  our suppliers may not be able to increase their own manufacturing capabilities in order to provide us with a sufficient amount of material for our use,
- $\emptyset$  some of our suppliers may be required to obtain FDA or other regulatory approvals of their manufacturing facilities or processes, and they may be delayed or unable to do so,
- $\emptyset$  the materials that our suppliers use to manufacture the chemicals and reagents which they provide us may be costly or in short supply, and
- $\emptyset$  there may be a limited number of suppliers which are able to provide us with the chemicals or reagents that we use to manufacture our drugs.

If we are unable to obtain sufficient quantities of chemicals or reagents, the introduction of our products into the market and the subsequent sales of these products would be negatively affected, and our profit margins and our ability to develop and deliver products on a timely and competitive basis may be negatively affected.

We may not earn as much income as we hope due to possible changes in healthcare reimbursement policies.

The continuing efforts of government and healthcare insurance companies to reduce the costs of healthcare may reduce the amount of income we can generate from our products. For example, in certain foreign markets, pricing and profitability of prescription drugs are subject to government

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control. In the United States, we expect that there will continue to be a number of federal and state proposals to implement similar government controls. In addition, increasing emphasis on managed care in the United States will continue to put pressure on drug manufacturers to reduce prices. Cost control initiatives could reduce the revenue that we receive for any products we may develop and sell in the future.

# Our success in developing and marketing our products depends significantly on our ability to obtain patent protection for LJP 394, LJP 1082 and any other developed products. In addition, we will need to successfully preserve our trade secrets and operate without infringing on the rights of others.

We depend on patents and other unpatented intellectual property to prevent others from improperly benefiting from products or technologies that we may have developed. As of December 31, 2001, we owned 96 issued patents and 82 pending patent applications covering various technologies and drug candidates including LJP 394 and LJP 1082. However, there can be no assurance that any additional patents will be issued, that the scope of any patent protection will be sufficient, or that any current or future issued patent will be held valid if subsequently challenged. There is a substantial backlog of biotechnology patent applications at the United States Patent and Trademark Office that may delay the review and issuance of any patents. The patent position of biotechnology firms like ours is highly uncertain and involves complex legal and factual questions, and no consistent policy has emerged regarding the breadth of claims covered in biotechnology patents or the protection afforded by these patents. Currently, we have a number of patent applications pending in the United States relating to our technology, as well as foreign counterparts to some of our United States patent applications. We intend to continue to file applications as believed appropriate for patents covering both our products and processes. There can be no assurance that patents will be issued from any of these applications, or that the scope of any issued patents will protect our technology.

We do not necessarily know if others, including competitors, have patents or patent applications pending that relate to compounds or processes that overlap or compete with our intellectual property. We are aware of one United States patent grant that contains claims covering subject matter that may conflict with some of our key patents and patent applications, and that may affect our ability to manufacture and sell our products. If the United States Patent and Trademark Office or any foreign counterpart issues or has issued patents containing competitive or conflicting claims, and if these claims are valid, the protection provided by our existing patents or any future patents that may be issued could be significantly reduced, and our ability to prevent competitors from developing products or technologies identical or similar to ours could be negatively affected. In addition, there can be no guarantee that we would be able to obtain licenses to these patents on commercially reasonable terms, if at all, or that we would be able to develop or obtain alternative technology. Our failure to obtain a license to a technology or process that may be required to develop or commercialize one or more of our product candidates may have a material adverse effect on our business. In addition, we may have to incur significant expenses in defending or enforcing our patents.

We also rely on unpatented intellectual property such as trade secrets and improvements, know-how, and continuing technological innovation. While we seek to protect these rights, it is possible that:

- $\emptyset$  inventions relevant to our business will be developed by others, including competitors,
- $\emptyset$  our binding confidentiality agreements will be breached, and we will not have adequate remedies for such a breach, or
- $\emptyset$  our trade secrets will otherwise become known or be independently discovered by competitors.

We could incur substantial costs in defending suits brought against us by others for infringement of intellectual property rights or in prosecuting suits that we might bring against others to protect our intellectual property rights.

# Our research and development and operations depend in part on certain key employees. Losing these employees would have a negative effect on our product development and operations.

We are highly dependent on the principal members of our scientific and management staff, the loss of whose services would delay the achievement of our research and development objectives. This is because our key personnel, including Steven Engle, Dr. Matthew Linnik, Dr. Paul Jenn and Dr. Andrew Wiseman, have been involved in the development of LJP 394, LJP 1082 and other drug candidates for several years and have unique knowledge of our drug candidates and of the technology on which they are based. In addition, we will be required to rely on key members of our senior management team, including Bruce Bennett, William Welch, Karen Church, and Dr. Kenneth Heilbrunn, to assist us with our anticipated growth and expansion into areas requiring additional expertise, such as clinical trials, regulatory approvals, manufacturing, marketing and sales. We expect that we will continue to require additional management personnel, and that our existing management personnel will be required to develop additional expertise.

# Retaining our current personnel and recruiting additional personnel will be critical to our success.

Retaining our current key personnel and recruiting additional qualified personnel to perform research and development, clinical development, manufacturing, marketing and sales will be critical to our success. Because competition for experienced scientific, clinical, sales, manufacturing, marketing and sales personnel among numerous pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies and research and academic institutions is intense, we may not be able to attract and retain these people. If we cannot attract and retain qualified people, our ability to conduct necessary clinical trials and to develop and sell our products may be negatively affected because, for instance, the trials may not be conducted properly, or the manufacturing or sales of our products may be delayed. In addition, we rely upon consultants and advisors to assist us in formulating our research and development, clinical, regulatory, manufacturing, marketing and sales strategies. All of our consultants and advisors have outside employment and may have commitments or consulting or advisory contracts with other entities that may affect their ability to contribute to our business.

# Our freedom to operate our business or profit fully from sales of our products may be limited if we enter into collaborative agreements.

We may seek to collaborate with pharmaceutical companies to gain access to their research, drug development, manufacturing, marketing, sales and financial resources. However, we may not be able to negotiate arrangements with any collaborative partners on favorable terms, if at all. Any collaborative relationships that we enter into may include restrictions on our freedom to operate our business or may limit the sales of our products. If a collaborative arrangement is established, the collaborative partner may discontinue funding any particular program or may, either alone or with others, pursue alternative technologies or develop alternative drug candidates for the diseases we are targeting. Competing products, developed by a collaborative partner or to which a collaborative partner has rights, may result in the collaborative partner withdrawing support as to all or a portion of our technology.

Without collaborative arrangements, we must fund our own research, development, manufacturing, marketing and sales activities which would accelerate the depletion of our cash and require us to develop our own manufacturing, marketing and sales capabilities. Therefore, if we are unable to establish and maintain collaborative arrangements and if other sources of cash are not available, we could experience a material adverse effect on our ability to develop products and, if developed, to manufacture, market and sell them successfully.

# Because a number of companies compete with us, many of which have greater resources than we do, and because we face rapid changes in technology in our industry, we cannot be certain that our products will be accepted in the marketplace or capture market share.

Competition from domestic and foreign biotechnology companies, large pharmaceutical companies and other institutions is intense and is expected to increase. A number of companies and institutions are pursuing the development of pharmaceuticals in our targeted areas, many of which are very large, and have financial, technical, sales and distribution and other resources substantially greater than ours. The greater resources of these competings could enable them to develop competing products more quickly than we are able to, and to market any competing product more quickly or effectively so as to make it extremely difficult for us to develop a share of the market for our products. These competitors also include companies that are conducting clinical trials and pre-clinical studies for the treatment of lupus and thrombosis. Our competitors may develop or obtain regulatory approval for products more rapidly than we do. Also, the biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries are subject to rapid changes in technology. Our competitors may develop and market technologies and products that are more effective or less costly than those being developed by us, or that would render our technology and proposed products obsolete or noncompetitive.

# An interruption in the operation of our sole manufacturing facility could disrupt our operations.

We have only one drug manufacturing facility. A significant interruption in the operation of this facility, whether as a result of a natural disaster or other causes, could significantly impair our ability to manufacture drugs for our clinical trials or possible commercialization.

# The use of LJP 394, LJP 1082 and other potential products in clinical trials, as well as the sale of any approved products, may expose us to lawsuits resulting from the use of these products.

The use and possible sale of LJP 394, LJP 1082 and other potential products may expose us to legal liability and generate negative publicity if we are subject to claims that people were harmed by our products. These claims might be made directly by patients, pharmaceutical companies, or others. We currently maintain \$10.0 million of product liability insurance for claims arising from the use of our products in clinical trials. However, coverage is becoming increasingly expensive, and there can be no guarantee that we will be able to maintain insurance or that insurance can be acquired at a reasonable cost or in sufficient amounts to protect us against possible losses. Furthermore, it is possible that our financial resources would be insufficient to satisfy potential product liability claims. A successful product liability claim or series of claims brought against us could negatively impact our business and financial condition.

## We face environmental liabilities related to certain hazardous materials used in our operations.

Due to the nature of our manufacturing processes, we are subject to stringent federal, state and local laws governing the use, handling and disposal of certain materials and wastes. We may have to incur significant costs to comply with environmental regulations if and when our manufacturing increases to commercial volumes. Our operations may be significantly affected by current or future environmental laws because, for instance, our production process may be required to be altered, thereby increasing our production costs. In our research activities, we use radioactive and other materials that could be hazardous to human health, safety or the environment. These materials and various wastes resulting from their use are stored at our facility pending ultimate use and disposal. The risk of accidental injury or contamination from these materials cannot be eliminated. In the event of such an accident, we could be held liable for any resulting damages, and any such liability could exceed our resources. Although we maintain general liability insurance, we do not specifically insure against environmental liabilities.

# II. RISK FACTORS RELATED SPECIFICALLY TO OUR STOCK

# Our common stock price is volatile and may decline even if our business is doing well.

The market price of our common stock has been and is likely to continue to be highly volatile. Market prices for securities of biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies, including ours, have historically been highly volatile, and the market has from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that are unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. The following factors, among others, can have a significant effect on the market price of our securities:

- Ø our clinical trial results,
- $\emptyset$  announcements of technological innovations or new therapeutic products by us or others,
- Ø developments in patent or other proprietary rights,
- $\emptyset$  public concern as to the safety of drugs discovered or developed by us or others,
- $\emptyset$  future sales of significant amounts of our common stock by existing stockholders,
- Ø developments concerning potential agreements with collaborators,
- $\emptyset$  comments by securities analysts and general market conditions, and
- Ø government regulation.

The realization of any of the risks described in these Risk Factors could have a negative effect on the market price of our common stock.

# In the future, our stock may be removed from listing on the Nasdaq quotation system and may not qualify for listing on any stock exchange, in which case it may be difficult to find a market in our stock.

If our stock is no longer traded on a national trading market, it may be more difficult for you to sell shares that you own, and the price of the stock may be negatively affected. Currently, our securities are traded on the Nasdaq National Market. Nasdaq has several continued listing requirements, including a minimum trading price. Previously, we have received notice from Nasdaq that our stock price fell below this minimum trading price. Although we have since come back into compliance with this Nasdaq requirement, it is possible that we will fall out of compliance with this and/or other Nasdaq continued listing criteria at some point in the future. Failure to comply with any one of several Nasdaq requirements may cause our stock to be removed from listing on Nasdaq. Should this happen, we may not be able to secure listing on other exchanges or quotation systems. This would have a negative effect on the price and liquidity of our stock.

# Future sales of our stock by existing stockholders could negatively affect the market price of our stock and make it more difficult for us to sell stock in the future.

Sales of our common stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales could occur, could result in a drop in the market price of our securities and make it more difficult for us to complete future equity financings on acceptable terms, if at all. We have outstanding the following shares of common stock:

- Ø Approximately 42,354,328 shares of common stock that have been issued in registered offerings or are otherwise freely tradable in the public markets.
- Ø Approximately 72,473 shares of common stock currently eligible for resale in the public market pursuant to SEC Rule 144.
- Ø As of November 20, 2002, there are an aggregate of 5,673,355 shares of common stock that may be issued on the exercise of outstanding stock options granted under our various stock option plans at a weighted average exercise price of \$4.82 per share.
- Ø We have in effect registration statements under the Securities Act registering approximately 8,100,000 shares of common stock reserved under our incentive stock option and employee stock

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purchase plans. Approximately 147,600 shares of common stock that may be issued on the exercise of outstanding stock options will be available for public resale under SEC Rule 144 pursuant to Rule 701 under the Securities Act.

 $\emptyset$  Pursuant to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, we may issue up to \$125,000,000 aggregate amount of common stock.

We cannot estimate the number of shares of common stock that may actually be resold in the public market because this will depend on the market price for our common stock, the individual circumstances of the sellers and other factors. We also have a number of institutional stockholders that own significant blocks of our common stock. If these stockholders sell significant portions of their holdings in a relatively short time, for liquidity or other reasons, the market price of our common stock could drop significantly.

# Anti-takeover devices may prevent changes in our management.

We have in place several anti-takeover devices, including a stockholder rights plan, that may have the effect of delaying or preventing changes in our management. For example, one anti-takeover device provides for a board of directors that is separated into three classes, with their terms in office staggered over three year periods. This has the effect of delaying a change in control of our board of directors without the cooperation of the incumbent board. In addition, our bylaws require stockholders to give us written notice of any proposal or director nomination within a specified period of time prior to the annual stockholder meeting, establish certain qualifications for a person to be elected or appointed to the board of directors during the pendency of certain business combination transactions, and do not allow stockholders to call a special meeting of stockholders.

We may also issue shares of preferred stock without further stockholder approval and upon terms that our board of directors may determine in the future. The issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire a majority of our outstanding stock, and the holders of such preferred stock could have voting, dividend, liquidation and other rights superior to those of holders of our common stock.

# We do not pay dividends and this may negatively affect the price of our stock.

We have not paid any cash dividends since our inception and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. The future price of our common stock may be depressed by the fact that we have not paid dividends.

## Description of capital stock

The following description of our capital stock sets forth general terms and provisions of our common stock to which a prospectus supplement may relate. The following summary of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws does not describe the certificate and bylaws entirely. We urge you to read our certificate and bylaws which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. See Where You Can Find More Information on page 18. On the date of this prospectus, our authorized capital stock consists of 100,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, and 8,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share.

# **COMMON STOCK**

*Voting Rights.* Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted upon by our stockholders. The vote of the holders of a majority of the stock represented at a meeting at which a quorum is present is generally required to take stockholder action, unless a greater vote is required by law or specifically required by our

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certificate of incorporation or bylaws. Special stockholder meetings may be called only by the board of directors, the chairman of the board or the

president. Our certificate provides that our stockholders may not act by written consent. In addition, our bylaws include an advance notice procedure with regard to the nomination, other than by or at the direction of the board of directors, of candidates for election as directors and with regard to matters to be brought before an annual meeting or special meeting of stockholders.

*Dividends and Other Rights.* Holders of our common stock are entitled to receive, as when and if declared by the board of directors from time to time, such dividends and other distributions in cash, stock or property from our assets or funds legally available for such purposes subject to any dividend preferences that may be attributable to preferred stock that may be authorized. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, after all liabilities and the holders of each series of preferred stock, if any, have been paid in full, the holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in all remaining assets available for distribution. Our common stock has no preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. There are no sinking fund provisions applicable to our common stock.

*Classified Board of Directors.* Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide for a classified board of directors. Our board is classified into three classes, each as nearly equal in number as possible. At each annual meeting, the successors to the class of directors whose term expire at that meeting are elected for a term of office to expire at the third succeeding annual meeting after their election or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Delaware law provides that, unless the certificate of incorporation provides otherwise, directors serving on a classified board of directors may be removed only for cause. Our certificate of incorporation does not provide otherwise. Therefore, our directors may only be removed for cause. The affirmative vote of the holders of 75% or more of the total voting power of all outstanding shares of voting stock would be required to amend our certificate or bylaws to remove the classified board provisions.

*Rights Plan.* Each outstanding share of our common stock is accompanied by a right to purchase our preferred stock, our common stock or the common stock of a successor company pursuant to the terms of a rights agreement. Please refer to the discussion entitled La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company Rights Plan below.

*Delaware Takeover Statute.* We are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. In general, the statute prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. For purposes of Section 203, a business combination includes a merger, asset sale or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. An interested stockholder is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns (or within three years prior, did own) 15% or more of the corporation s voting stock. Delaware law, the existence of our Rights Agreement, and the provisions of our certificate and bylaws may have the effect of deterring hostile takeovers or delaying changes in control of our management, which could depress the market price of our common stock.

*Transfer Agent.* American Stock Transfer & Trust Company is the Transfer Agent and Registrar for the shares of our common stock.

# PREFERRED STOCK

Our board of directors has the authority, without further action by stockholders, to issue up to 8,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the powers, designations, rights, preferences, privileges, qualifications, and restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption, liquidation preferences and sinking fund terms, any or all of which may be greater than the rights of our common stock. Our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, can issue preferred stock with voting, conversion, and other rights that could adversely affect the voting power and other rights of the holders of common stock. The issuance of preferred stock in certain circumstances may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change

in control of La Jolla Pharmaceutical, may discourage bids for our common stock

at a premium over the market price of the common stock, and may adversely affect the market price of our common stock. As of the date of this prospectus, there are no shares of our preferred stock outstanding.

We have filed a certificate of designation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware which designates 100,000 shares of preferred stock as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock in connection with our stockholder rights plan, as described below. We refer to our Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock as our Series A Preferred Shares. Except to the extent that a right to purchase our Series A Preferred Shares accompanies each share of our common stock, no shares of our preferred stock are covered by this prospectus.

# LA JOLLA PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY RIGHTS PLAN

On November 19, 1998, our board of directors authorized and declared a dividend of one right for each share of our common stock. On December 3, 1998, we entered into a Rights Agreement with American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as Rights Agent, and filed a Certificate of Designation with the State of Delaware regarding our Series A Preferred Shares. The Company paid the rights dividend to the holders of record of common stock as of the close of business on December 18, 1998. Common stock certificates issued after December 18, 1998, and prior to the Distribution Date (as defined in the Rights Agreement), contain a notation incorporating the Rights Agreement by reference. Currently, there are no separate rights certificates. Each right is attached to each share of our common stock and trades automatically with the common stock. Rights will not be separable from common stock or exercisable, unless specified events described in the Rights Agreement occur. Upon the occurrence of the events described in the Rights Agreement, as amended, can be found in the documents that are incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. See Where You Can Find More Information on page 13.

## Use of proceeds

We intend to use the net proceeds we receive from the sale of the securities offered by this prospectus to fund the continued research and development of our potential products, including the funding of our current and future trials of LJP 394 and LJP 1082 and any related regulatory submissions, to expand and validate our existing facilities, processes and infrastructures, for other general corporate purposes, or for any other purposes that may be described in an accompanying prospectus supplement.

We will retain broad discretion over the use of the net proceeds from any sale of our common stock offered hereby. The amounts and timing of expenditures may vary significantly depending on several factors, including the progress of our research and development efforts, the results of our clinical trials, the time and costs of obtaining regulatory approvals, our future capital expenditures, our need to develop commercial marketing and sales capabilities, and our ability to generate revenues in the future.

# Plan of distribution

The securities that may be offered pursuant to this prospectus and any prospectus supplement may be offered by us to one or more underwriters for public offering and sale by them, to investors directly (through a specific bidding or auction process, or otherwise) or through agents. Any such underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of such securities will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. Sales of such securities may be effected from time to time in one or more types of transactions, which may include block transactions, on the Nasdaq National Market or other securities exchange, in the over-the-counter market, in negotiated transactions, through put or call options transactions relating to the securities, through short sales of the securities, or a combination of such methods of sale. Such transactions may or may not involve brokers or dealers.

Underwriters may offer and sell the securities at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. The consideration may be cash or another form negotiated by the parties.

In connection with the sale of the securities, underwriters may receive compensation from us in the form of underwriting discounts, concessions or commissions and may also receive commissions from purchasers of the securities for whom they may act as agent. Underwriters may sell the securities to or through dealers who may receive compensation from the underwriters in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the purchasers for whom they may act as agents.

Direct sales of securities may be made on a national securities exchange or otherwise.

Dealers and agents participating in the distribution of the securities may be deemed to be underwriters, and any discounts and commissions received by them and any profit realized by them on resale of the securities may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Underwriters, dealers, agents and remarketing firms described below may be entitled, under agreements entered into with us, to indemnification against and contribution toward certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Certain of the underwriters, dealers, agents and remarketing firms and their associates may engage in transactions with, and perform services for, us in the ordinary course of business.

We may directly solicit offers to purchase the securities and we may make sales of securities directly to institutional investors or others. These persons may be deemed to be underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to any resales of the securities. To the extent required, the prospectus supplement will describe the terms of any such sales, include the terms of any bidding or auction process, if used.

Under the securities laws of some states, the securities offered by the prospectus may be sold in those states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers.

It is possible that one or more underwriters may make a market in our common stock, but the underwriters will not be obligated to do so and may discontinue any market making at any time without notice. We cannot give any assurance as to the liquidity of the trading market for our common stock.

Offered securities may also be offered and sold, if so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, in connection with a remarketing upon their purchase, in accordance with a redemption or repayment pursuant to their terms, or

otherwise, by one or more remarketing firms acting as principals for their own accounts or as agents for us. Any remarketing firm will be identified and the terms of its agreements, if any, with us and its compensation will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. Remarketing firms may be deemed to be underwriters, as that term is defined in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in connection with the securities marketed by them.

If we so indicate in the prospectus supplement, we may authorize agents, underwriters or dealers to solicit offers from certain purchasers to purchase securities from us at the public offering price set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement pursuant to delayed delivery contracts providing for payment

and delivery on a specified date in the future. The contracts would be subject only to those conditions described in the applicable prospectus supplement will describe the commission payable for solicitation of those contracts.

Certain persons participating in the offering may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing transactions, short-covering transactions and penalty bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Over-allotment involves sales in excess of the offering size, which create a short position. Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum. Short-covering transactions involve purchases of the securities in the open market after the distribution is completed to cover short positions. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a dealer when the securities originally sold by the dealer are purchased in a covering transaction to cover short positions. Those activities may cause the price of the securities to be higher than it would otherwise be. The persons engaging in these activities may discontinue any of these activities at any time.

# Legal matters

Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP has rendered an opinion with respect to the validity of the securities being offered by this prospectus. If counsel for any underwriters passes on legal matters in connection with an offering of the securities described in this prospectus, we will name that counsel in the prospectus supplement relating to that offering.

## Experts

Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, have audited our financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001, as set forth in their report, which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement. Our financial statements are incorporated by reference in reliance on Ernst & Young LLP s report, given on their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

# Forward-looking statements

We have made forward-looking statements in this prospectus that are based on our management s beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Forward-looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations and statements preceded by, followed by, or that include the words believes, expects, anticipates, intends, plans, estimates or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. You are cautioned not to put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Except as may be required by law, we do not have any intention or obligation to update forward-looking statements after we distribute this prospectus. These statements appear in a number of places in this prospectus and include statements regarding our intentions, plans, strategies, beliefs or current expectations and those of our directors or our officers with respect to, among other matters:

- $\emptyset$  the results of our clinical trials;
- Ø our financial prospects;
- Ø our financing plans;
- Ø trends affecting our financial condition or operating results;

- $\emptyset$  our strategies for growth, operations, and product development and commercialization; and
- $\emptyset$  conditions or trends in or factors affecting the biotech industry.

You should understand that a number of factors could cause our results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. The information incorporated by reference or provided in

this prospectus identifies important factors that could cause such differences. Those factors include, among others, the high cost and uncertainty of technology and drug development, which can result in loss of profitability and long delays in getting products to market.

Where you can find more information

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). You may read and copy any document we file at the SEC s public reference room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may also obtain copies from the SECs public reference room by mail at prescribed rates. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the operation of the public reference room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC s web site at http://www.sec.gov. Information about La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company is also available to the public from our website at http://www.ljpc.com.

We have filed a registration statement on Form S-3 with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement. You should read the registration statement for further information about us and the securities. You may inspect the registration statement and its exhibits without charge at the office of the SEC at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549, and you may obtain copies from the SEC at prescribed rates.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information that we file with it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, except for any information that is superseded by information that is included directly in this prospectus. The information we file with the SEC in the future will update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any future filings we make with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, until we sell all of the securities offered by this prospectus:

1. Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001;

2. Our Proxy Statement filed on April 11, 2002 for our 2002 Annual Meeting of Stockholders;

3. Our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2002, June 30, 2002 and September 30, 2002;

4. Our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on November 26, 2002;

5. The description of our common stock contained in our Registration Statements on Form 8-A, filed on June 2, 1994, December 4, 1998 and January 26, 2001; and

6. All documents we file with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering of the shares offered by this prospectus.

You may request a copy of any or all of the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus at no cost by writing or telephoning us at the following address or telephone number:

Corporate Secretary La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company 6455 Nancy Ridge Drive

## San Diego, California 92121 (858) 452-6600

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this prospectus.

# \$125,000,000

La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company

**Common Stock** 

PROSPECTUS

December 12, 2002

# **PROSPECTUS**

# \$77,000,000 Common Stock Preferred Stock Warrants

This prospectus relates to common stock, preferred stock and warrants that we may sell from time to time in one or more offerings up to a total public offering price of \$77,000,000 (or its equivalent in foreign or composite currencies) on terms to be determined at the time of sale. We will provide specific terms of these securities in supplements to this prospectus. You should read this prospectus and any supplement carefully before you invest. This prospectus may not be used to offer and sell securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement for those securities.

Our common stock is traded on The NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol LJPC. On August 17, 2007, the closing price for our common stock, as reported on The NASDAQ Global Market, was \$4.37 per share. Each prospectus supplement to this prospectus will contain information, where applicable, as to any other listing on any national securities exchange or The NASDAQ Global Market of the securities covered by such prospectus supplement.

These securities may be sold directly by us, through dealers or agents designated from time to time, to or through underwriters or through a combination of these methods. See Plan of Distribution in this prospectus. We may also describe the plan of distribution for any particular offering of these securities in any applicable prospectus supplement. If any agents, underwriters or dealers are involved in the sale of any securities in respect of which this prospectus is being delivered, we will disclose their names and the nature of our arrangements with them in a prospectus supplement. The net proceeds we expect to receive from any such sale will also be included in a prospectus supplement.

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. See Risk Factors on page 23 of this prospectus. We may include updated or additional risk factors in an applicable prospectus supplement under the heading Risk Factors. You should review that section of the prospectus supplement for a discussion of matters that investors in our securities should consider.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus or any accompanying prospectus supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is August 23, 2007.

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YOU SHOULD RELY ONLY ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS, ANY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT OR ANY DOCUMENT TO WHICH WE HAVE REFERRED YOU. WE HAVE NOT AUTHORIZED ANYONE ELSE TO PROVIDE YOU WITH INFORMATION THAT IS DIFFERENT. THIS PROSPECTUS AND ANY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT MAY BE USED ONLY WHERE IT IS LEGAL TO SELL THESE SECURITIES. THE INFORMATION IN THIS PROSPECTUS OR ANY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT IS CURRENT ONLY AS OF THE DATE ON THE FRONT OF THESE DOCUMENTS.

# About this prospectus

This prospectus is part of a Registration Statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, using a shelf registration process. Under this shelf process, we may sell any combination of the securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings up to a total public offering price of \$77,000,000 (or its equivalent in foreign or composite currencies). This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we sell securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the securities being offered and the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add to, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with the additional information described under the heading Where You Can Find More Information carefully before making an investment decision.

Unless the context otherwise requires, in this prospectus, LJPC, the Company, we, us, our and similar names ref La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company and its subsidiary.

# About La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company

We are a biopharmaceutical company focused on developing innovative pharmaceutical products to improve human health by addressing unmet medical needs. Our lead product candidate, Riquent, is designed to treat lupus renal disease by preventing or delaying renal flares. Riquent is currently in a Phase 3 clinical trial under a Special Protocol Assessment and has been granted Fast Track designation by the FDA.

Lupus renal disease is a chronic illness that can lead to irreversible renal damage, renal failure and the need for dialysis, and is a leading cause of death in lupus patients. Lupus is an antibody-mediated disease caused by autoantibodies, of which antibodies to double-stranded DNA, or dsDNA, are an important subgroup. Riquent is designed to prevent or delay renal flares by lowering the levels of circulating antibodies to dsDNA, which are believed to cause lupus renal disease. Current treatments for this autoimmune disorder often address only symptoms of the disease, or nonspecifically suppress the normal operation of the immune system, which can result in severe, negative side effects and hospitalization. We believe that Riquent has the potential to treat lupus renal disease without these severe, negative side effects. The Lupus Foundation estimates that there are approximately one million lupus patients in the United States. We believe that 30% to 50% of these lupus patients have renal disease.

We have also developed novel, orally-active, small-molecule SSAO inhibitors for the treatment of autoimmune diseases and acute and chronic inflammatory disorders. Preclinical studies have shown that these inhibitors reduce disease activity in animal models of multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, stroke, systemic inflammation and acute inflammation.

## Corporate information

We were incorporated in the State of Delaware in 1989. Our principal executive offices are located at 6455 Nancy Ridge Drive, San Diego, California 92121 and our telephone number is (858) 452-6600. Our website is located at www.ljpc.com. We make available on our website, free of charge, a link to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports as soon as practicable after we electronically file such material with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. The information contained on our website is not part of this prospectus.

# **Risk factors**

Investing in our securities involves risk. The prospectus supplement applicable to each type or series of securities we offer will contain a discussion of the risks applicable to an investment in La Jolla

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Pharmaceutical Company and to the particular types of securities that we are offering under that prospectus supplement. Prior to making a decision about investing in our securities, you should carefully consider the specific factors discussed under the heading Risk Factors in the applicable prospectus supplement, together with all of the other information contained or incorporated by reference in the prospectus supplement or appearing or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. You should also consider the risks, uncertainties and assumptions discussed under the heading Risk Factors included in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K, as revised or supplemented by our most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, each of which are on file with the SEC and are incorporated herein by reference, and which may be amended, supplemented or superseded from time to time by other reports we file with the SEC in the future.

Description of capital stock

On the date of this prospectus, our authorized capital stock consists of 225,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, and 8,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share. The following is a description of our capital stock. The following summary of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, amended and restated bylaws, and rights plan does not describe the certificate, the bylaws, or the rights plan entirely. We urge you to read our certificate, bylaws, and rights plan which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. See Where You Can Find More Information and Incorporation by Reference on page 28.

# **COMMON STOCK**

As further described in our other filings with the SEC and our certificate, bylaws, and rights plan, the holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted upon by our stockholders. Holders of our common stock are entitled to receive, when and if declared by the board of directors from time to time, such dividends and other distributions in cash, stock or property from our assets or funds legally available for such purposes subject to any dividend preferences that may be attributable to preferred stock that may be authorized. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, after all liabilities and the holders of each series of preferred stock, if any, have been paid in full, the holders of our common stock are entitled to share ratably in all remaining assets available for distribution. American Stock Transfer & Trust Company is the Transfer Agent and Registrar for the shares of our common stock.

Each outstanding share of our common stock is accompanied by a right to purchase our preferred stock, our common stock or the common stock of a successor company pursuant to the terms of a rights agreement. Please refer to the discussion entitled La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company Rights Plan below.

# PREFERRED STOCK

Our board of directors has the authority, without further action by stockholders, to issue up to 8,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the powers, designations, rights, preferences, privileges, qualifications, and restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption, liquidation preferences and sinking fund terms, any or all of which may be greater than the rights of our common stock. Our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, can issue preferred stock with voting, conversion, and other rights that could adversely affect the voting power and other rights of the holders of common stock. The issuance of preferred stock in certain circumstances may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company, may discourage bids for our common stock at a premium over the market price of the common stock, and may adversely affect the market price of our common stock. As of the date of this prospectus, there are no shares of our preferred stock outstanding. If we offer any shares of preferred stock under this prospectus, the specific

rights, preferences and privileges of that series of preferred stock will be described in the prospectus supplement for that offering.

We have filed a certificate of designation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, which designates 100,000 shares of preferred stock as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock in connection with our stockholder rights plan, as described below. We refer to our Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock as our Series A Preferred Shares. Except to the extent that a right to purchase our Series A Preferred Shares accompanies each share of our common stock, no shares of our Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock are covered by this prospectus.

# LA JOLLA PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY RIGHTS PLAN

On November 19, 1998, our board of directors authorized and declared a dividend of one right for each share of our common stock. On December 3, 1998, we entered into a rights agreement with American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as rights agent, and filed a Certificate of Designation with the State of Delaware regarding our Series A Preferred Shares. The Company paid the rights dividend to the holders of record of common stock as of the close of business on December 18, 1998. Common stock certificates issued after December 18, 1998, and prior to the Distribution Date (as defined in the rights agreement), contain a notation incorporating the rights agreement by reference. The rights agreement was subsequently amended to eliminate the concept of continuing directors in response to a clarification of Delaware law and to permit certain stockholders to acquire more than 15% of our outstanding common stock without triggering the rights agreement by amending the definition of an acquiring person. Currently, there are no separate rights certificates. Each right is attached to each share of our common stock and trades automatically with the common stock. Rights will not be separable from common stock or exercisable, unless specified events described in the rights agreement occur. Upon the occurrence of the events described in the rights agreement occur. Upon the occurrence of the events described in the rights agreement occur. Upon the occurrence of the events described in the rights agreement occur.

## Description of warrants

We may issue securities warrants for the purchase of preferred stock or common stock. Securities warrants may be issued independently or together with preferred stock or common stock and may be attached to or separate from any offered securities. Each series of securities warrants will be issued under a separate warrant agreement to be entered into between us and a warrant agent. The securities warrant agent will act solely as our agent in connection with the securities warrants and will not assume any obligation or relationship of agency or trust for or with any registered holders of securities warrants or beneficial owners of securities warrants. This summary of some provisions of the securities warrants is not complete. You should refer to the applicable prospectus supplement and the securities warrant agreement, including the forms of securities warrant certificate representing the securities warrants, relating to the specific securities warrants being offered for the complete terms of the securities warrant agreement and the securities warrant agreement, together with the terms of securities warrant certificate and securities warrant securities warrants, will be filed with the SEC in connection with the offering of the specific securities warrants.

The particular terms of any issue of securities warrants will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to the issue. Those terms may include:

- Ø the title of such warrants;
- $\emptyset$  the aggregate number of such warrants;
- $\emptyset$  the price or prices at which such warrants will be issued;

- Ø the currency or currencies (including composite currencies) in which the price of such warrants may be payable;
- $\emptyset$  the terms of the securities purchasable upon exercise of such warrants and the procedures and conditions relating to the exercise of such warrants;

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- $\emptyset$  the price at which the securities purchasable upon exercise of such warrants may be purchased;
- Ø the date on which the right to exercise such warrants will commence and the date on which such right shall expire;
- $\emptyset$  any provisions for adjustment of the number or amount of securities receivable upon exercise of the warrants or the exercise price of the warrants;
- $\emptyset$  if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of such warrants that may be exercised at any one time;
- $\emptyset$  if applicable, the designation and terms of the securities with which such warrants are issued and the number of such warrants issued with each such security;
- Ø if applicable, the date on and after which such warrants and the related securities will be separately transferable;
- $\emptyset$  information with respect to book-entry procedures, if any; and
- $\emptyset$  any other terms of such warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange or exercise of such warrants.

The prospectus supplement relating to any warrants to purchase equity securities may also include, if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax and ERISA considerations.

Securities warrants for the purchase of preferred stock and common stock will be offered and exercisable for U.S. dollars only. Securities warrants will be issued in registered form only.

Each securities warrant will entitle its holder to purchase the number of shares of preferred stock or common stock at the exercise price set forth in, or calculable as set forth in, the applicable prospectus supplement.

After the close of business on the expiration date, unexercised securities warrants will become void. We will specify the place or places where, and the manner in which, securities warrants may be exercised in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Upon receipt of payment and the warrant certificate properly completed and duly executed at the corporate trust office of the warrant agent or any other office indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will, as soon as practicable, forward the purchased securities. If less than all of the warrants represented by the warrant certificate are exercised, a new warrant certificate will be issued for the remaining warrants.

Prior to the exercise of any securities warrants to purchase preferred stock or common stock, holders of the securities warrants will not have any of the rights of holders of preferred stock or common stock purchasable upon exercise, including the right to vote or to receive any payments of dividends on the preferred stock or common stock purchasable upon exercise.

## Use of proceeds

Unless we tell you otherwise in a prospectus supplement, we will use the net proceeds from the sale of these securities for general corporate purposes, which may include funding clinical trials, research and development, regulatory activities and product marketing, including acquisitions of companies, products, intellectual property or other technology, repayment or refinancing of existing indebtedness, investments, capital expenditures, repurchase of our capital stock and for any other purposes that we may specify in any prospectus supplement. We may also invest the

net proceeds temporarily in short-term or marketable securities until we use them for their stated purpose.

Plan of distribution

The securities that may be offered pursuant to this prospectus and any prospectus supplement may be offered by us to one or more underwriters for public offering and sale by them, to investors directly

(through a specific bidding or auction process, or otherwise) or through agents. Any such underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of such securities will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. Sales of such securities may be effected from time to time in one or more types of transactions, which may include block transactions, on the NASDAQ Global Market or other securities exchange, in the over-the-counter market, in negotiated transactions, through put or call options transactions relating to the securities, through short sales of the securities, or a combination of such methods of sale. Such transactions may or may not involve brokers or dealers. The prospectus supplement with respect to the securities being offered will set forth the terms of the offering of those securities, including the names of the underwriters, dealers or agents, if any, the purchase price, the net proceeds to us, any underwriting discounts and other items constituting underwriters compensation, the public offering price, any discounts or concessions allowed or paid to dealers and any securities exchanges on which such securities may be listed.

Underwriters may offer and sell the securities at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. The consideration may be cash or another form negotiated by the parties. If underwriters are used in an offering, we will execute an underwriting agreement with such underwriters and will specify the name of each underwriter and the terms of the transaction (including any underwriting discounts and other terms constituting compensation of the underwriters and any dealers) in a prospectus supplement. The securities may be offered to the public either through underwriting syndicates represented by managing underwriters or directly by one or more investment banking firms or others, as designated. If an underwriting syndicate is used, the managing underwriter(s) will be specified on the cover of the prospectus supplement. If underwriters are used in the sale, the offered securities will be acquired by the underwriters for their own accounts and may be resold from time to time in one or more transactions, including negotiated transactions, at a fixed public offering price or at varying prices determined at the time of sale. Any public offering price and any discounts or concessions allowed or reallowed or paid to dealers may be changed from time to time. Unless otherwise set forth in the prospectus supplement, the obligations of the underwriters to purchase the offered securities will be subject to conditions precedent and the underwriters will be obligated to purchase all of the offered securities if any are purchased.

In connection with the sale of the securities, we may grant to the underwriters options to purchase additional securities to cover over-allotments, if any, at the public offering price, with additional underwriting commissions or discounts, as may be set forth in a related prospectus supplement. The terms of any over-allotment option will be set forth in the prospectus supplement for those securities. Underwriters may also receive compensation from us in the form of underwriting discounts, concessions or commissions and may also receive commissions from purchasers of the securities for whom they may act as agent. Underwriters may sell the securities to or through dealers who may receive compensation from the underwriters in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the purchasers for whom they may act as agents.

If any underwriters are involved in the offer and sale, they will be permitted to engage in transactions that maintain or otherwise affect the price of the securities. These transactions may include over-allotment transactions, purchases to cover short positions created by the underwriter in connection with the offering and the imposition of penalty bids. If an underwriter creates a short position in the securities in connection with the offering, i.e., if it sells more securities than set forth on the cover page of the applicable prospectus supplement, the underwriter may reduce that short position by purchasing the securities in the open market. In general, purchases of a security to reduce a short position could cause the price of the security to be higher than it might be in the absence of such purchases. As noted above, underwriters may also choose to impose penalty bids on other underwriters and/or selling group members. This means that if underwriters purchase securities on the open market to reduce their short position or to stabilize the price of the securities as part of the selling concession from those underwriters and/or selling group members who sold such securities as part of the offering.

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Neither we nor any underwriter make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of such securities. In addition, neither we nor any underwriter make any representation that such underwriter will engage in such transactions or that such transactions, once commenced, will be discontinued without notice.

Direct sales of securities may be made on a national securities exchange or otherwise.

Dealers and agents participating in the distribution of the securities may be deemed to be underwriters, and any discounts and commissions received by them and any profit realized by them on resale of the securities may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Underwriters, dealers, agents and remarketing firms described below may be entitled, under agreements entered into with us, to indemnification against and contribution toward certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The terms of any indemnification provisions will be set forth in a prospectus supplement.

Certain of the underwriters, dealers, agents and remarketing firms and their associates may engage in transactions with, and perform services for, us in the ordinary course of business.

We may directly solicit offers to purchase the securities and we may make sales of securities directly to institutional investors or others. These persons may be deemed to be underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to any resales of the securities. To the extent required, the prospectus supplement will describe the terms of any such sales, including the terms of any bidding or auction process, if used.

Under the securities laws of some states, the securities offered by the prospectus may be sold in those states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers.

It is possible that one or more underwriters may make a market in our common stock, but the underwriters will not be obligated to do so and may discontinue any market making at any time without notice. We cannot give any assurance as to the liquidity of the trading market for our common stock.

If dealers are used in an offering, we will sell the securities to the dealers as principals. The dealers then may resell the securities to the public at varying prices, which they determine at the time of resale. The names of the dealers and the terms of the transaction will be specified in a prospectus supplement.

The securities may be sold directly by us or through agents we designate from time to time at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, or at varying prices determined at the time of sale. If agents are used in an offering, the names of the agents and the terms of the agency will be specified in a prospectus supplement. Unless otherwise indicated in a prospectus supplement, the agents will act on a best-efforts basis for the period of their appointment.

Offered securities may also be offered and sold, if so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, in connection with a remarketing upon their purchase, in accordance with a redemption or repayment pursuant to their terms, or otherwise, by one or more remarketing firms acting as principals for their own accounts or as agents for us. Any remarketing firm will be identified and the terms of its agreements, if any, with us, and its compensation will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. Remarketing firms may be deemed to be underwriters, as that term is defined in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in connection with the securities marketed by them.

If we so indicate in the prospectus supplement, we may authorize agents, underwriters or dealers to solicit offers from certain purchasers to purchase securities from us at the public offering price set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement pursuant to delivery contracts providing for payment and delivery on a future date.

Each series of securities will be a new issue of securities and will have no established trading market (other than our common stock). Any common stock sold pursuant to a prospectus supplement will be listed on NASDAQ, subject to official notice of issuance. Any underwriters to whom securities are sold by us for public offering and sale may make a market in the securities, but such underwriters will not

be obligated to do so and may discontinue any market making at any time without notice. The securities, other than the common stock, may or may not be listed on a national securities exchange or eligible for quotation on any other trading or quotation system.

# Legal matters

The validity of the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Goodwin Procter LLP, San Diego, California. If counsel for any underwriters passes on legal matters in connection with an offering of the securities described in this prospectus, we will name that counsel in the prospectus supplement relating to that offering.

## Experts

Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, has audited our consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, as set forth in their report, which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement. Our financial statements are incorporated by reference in reliance on Ernst & Young LLP s report, given on their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

Where you can find more information and incorporation by reference

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. You may read and copy any document we file at the SEC s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C., 20549. You may also obtain copies from the SEC s public reference room by mail at prescribed rates. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the operation of the public reference room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC s web site at http://www.sec.gov. Information about La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company is also available to the public from our website at http://www.ljpc.com.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information that we file with it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede information in this prospectus. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any future filings we make with the SEC pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, until this offering is completed:

- Ø Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.
- Ø Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007.
- Ø Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.
- Ø Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 1, 2007, February 9, 2007, March 8, 2007, March 20, 2007, March 30, 2007, April 27, 2007 (excluding the matters in Item 7.01 and Exhibit 99.1, therein, which are not incorporated by reference into this Registration Statement), May 10, 2007 (excluding the matters in Item 7.01 and Exhibit 99.1, therein, which are not incorporated by reference into this Registration Statement) and August 1, 2007.
- Ø The description of our capital stock contained in our Registration Statements on Form 8-A, filed on June 2, 1994 and on December 4, 1998, and the post-effective amendments thereto, filed on January 26, 2001, December 12,

2005 and March 1, 2006.

Each person to whom a copy of this prospectus is delivered may request a copy of any or all of the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus, including the exhibits to any filings

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incorporated by reference herein, at no cost by writing or telephoning us at the following address or telephone number:

Corporate Secretary La Jolla Pharmaceutical Company 6455 Nancy Ridge Drive San Diego, California 92121 (858) 452-6600

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this prospectus.

#### Forward-looking statements

We have made forward-looking statements in this prospectus that are based on our management s beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Forward-looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations and statements preceded by, followed by, or that include the words believes, expects, anticipates, intends, plans, estimates or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. You are cautioned not to put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements made in this prospectus, as well as the information that we have previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and incorporated by reference, is accurate only as of the date of the applicable document. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. These forward-looking statements appear in a number of places in this prospectus and include statements regarding our intentions, plans, strategies, beliefs or current expectations and those of our directors or our officers. You should understand that a number of factors could cause our results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. The information incorporated by reference or provided in this prospectus identifies important factors that could cause such differences. Those factors include, among others, the high cost and uncertainty of technology and drug development, as well as regulatory approvals, which can result in loss of profitability and long delays in getting products to market, and other factors discussed in Risk Factors and elsewhere in this prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference.